



198 Kezhu Road, Sciencetech Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technology  
Development District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China 510663  
Telephone: +86 (0) 20 82155555  
Fax: +86 (0) 20 82075059  
Email: [sgs\\_internet\\_operations@sgs.com](mailto:sgs_internet_operations@sgs.com)  
**FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION**  
Registration number: 282399

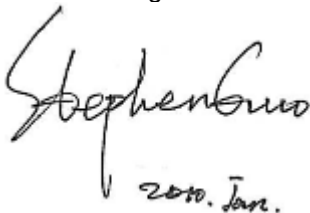
Report No.: GLEMO09120386301  
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FCC ID: TNBUNI21

## TEST REPORT

Application No.:	GLEMO091203863RF
Applicant:	LAYON International Electronic & Telecom Co., Ltd
Equipment under Test (EUT)	
Name:	Bluetooth Headset
Model No.:	U&I-21, BL21, BL22, BL23, U&I-22, U&I-23, U&I-21A, U&I-21B, U&I-21C, U&I-21D, U&I-21R, U&I-21T, U&I-22A, U&I-22B, U&I-22C, U&I-22D, U&I-22R, U&I-22T♣
FCC ID:	TNBUNI21
♣	Please refer to section 3 of this report which indicates which item was actually tested and which were <b>electrically</b> identical.
Trade Mark:	U&I
Radio Function:	Bluetooth
Standards:	FCC PART 15 Subpart C: 2008
Date of Test:	28 December to 30 December 2009
Date of Issue:	01 January 2010
Test Result :	<b>PASS *</b>

\* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above. Please refer to section 3 of this report for further detail.

Authorized Signature:



Stephen Guo  
Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. All test results in this report can be traceable to National or International Standards.

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## 2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
01	01 January 2010	Original

**Prepared By:** Celia Xiang **Date** 2010-01-01

**Project Engineer**

**Checked By:** Strong Yao **Date** 2010-01-01

**Reviewer**



### 3 Test Summary

Test	Test Requirement	Standard Paragraph	Result
Antenna Requirement	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.247 (c)	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.247 (a1)	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separated	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.247(a)(1)	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	PASS
Dwell Time	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	PASS
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.247(a)(1)	PASS
Maximum Peak Output Power	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.247(b)(1)	PASS
Conducted Spurious Emission (30MHz to 25GHz)	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.209 &15.247(d)	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz to 25GHz)	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.209 &15.247(d)	PASS
Band Edges Measurement	FCC PART 15 :2008	Section 15.247 (d) &15.205	PASS

Remark:

♣Item No.: U&I-21, BL21, BL22, BL23, U&I-22, U&I-23, U&I-21A, U&I-21B, U&I-21C, U&I-21D, U&I-21R, U&I-21T, U&I-22A, U&I-22B, U&I-22C, U&I-22D, U&I-22R, U&I-22T

Only the **U&I-21** Item was tested, since the electrical circuit design, PCB layout, components used and internal wiring were identical for the above items; only the outer and item numbers were different according to the conformation from the applicant (manufacturer).



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## 5 General Information

### 5.1 Client Information

Applicant: LAYON International Electronic & Telecom Co., Ltd  
Address of Applicant: No. 32, BaoHeRoad, NanZhou Street, GuangZhou, China  
Manufacturer: LAYON International Electronic & Telecom Co., Ltd  
Address of Manufacturer: No. 32, BaoHeRoad, NanZhou Street, GuangZhou, China  
Factory: LAYON International Electronic & Telecom Co., Ltd  
Address of Factory: No. 32, BaoHeRoad, NanZhou Street, GuangZhou, China

### 5.2 General Description of E.U.T.

Product Name: Bluetooth Headset  
Model: U&I-21, BL21, BL22, BL23, U&I-22, U&I-23, U&I-21A, U&I-21B, U&I-21C, U&I-21D, U&I-21R, U&I-21T, U&I-22A, U&I-22B, U&I-22C, U&I-22D, U&I-22R, U&I-22T  
Number of Channels: 79 Channels  
Channel Separation: 1 MHz  
Type of Modulation: GFSK, ( $\pi/4$ )QPSK, 8DPSK  
Dwell time: Per channel is less than 0.4s.  
Antenna Type: PCB layout  
Antenna gain: 0.5dBi  
Speciality: Bluetooth V2.0+EDR  
Power Supply: 3.7V /50mAH Li-polymer Rechargeable Battery



### **5.3 Description of Support Units**

The EUT has been tested with hardware and software for fixed frequency.

### **5.4 Standards Applicable for Testing**

The customer requested FCC tests for the EUT.

The standard used was FCC PART 15 Subpart C: 2008. ANSI C63.4:2003. DA 00-705.

### **5.5 Test Location**

All tests were performed at:

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Guangzhou EMC Laboratory,  
198 Kezhu Road, Sciencetech Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technology Development District,  
Guangzhou, China 510663

Tel: +86 20 82155555 Fax: +86 20 82075059

No tests were sub-contracted.



## 5.6 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- **NVLAP (Lab Code: 200611-0)**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Guangzhou EMC Laboratory is recognized under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP/NIST). NVLAP Code: 200611-0.

- **ACMA**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our NVLAP accreditation.

- **SGS UK(Certificate No.: 32), SGS-TUV SAARLAND and SGS-FIMKO**

Have approved SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory as a supplier of EMC TESTING SERVICES and SAFETY TESTING SERVICES.

- **CNAS (Lab Code: L0167)**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory has been assessed and in compliance with CNAS-CL01:2006 accreditation criteria for testing laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing Laboratories.

- **FCC (Registration No.: 282399)**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 282399, May 31, 2002.

- **Industry Canada (Registration No.: 4620B-1)**

The 3m/10m Alternate Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No. 4620B-1.

Date of Registration: February 18, 2009. Valid until February 18, 2011.

- **VCCI (Registration No.: R-2460 and C-2584)**

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: R-2460 and C-2584 respectively.

- **CBTL (Lab Code: TL129)**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., E&E Laboratory has been assessed and fully comply with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005, the Basic Rules, IEC 61010-1:2006-10 and Rules of procedure IEC 61010-2:2006-10, and the relevant IEC 61010-2 CB-Scheme Operational documents.

This certificate was issued Aug.6.2009 and valid until May.19.2012.



## **5.7 Deviation from Standards**

Biconical and log periodic antennas were used instead of dipole antennas.

## **5.8 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions**

None.

## **5.9 Other Information Requested by the Customer**

None.



## 6 Equipments Used during Test

RE in Chamber						
No:	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date (dd-mm-yy)	Cal.Due date (dd-mm-yy)
EMC0525	Compact Semi-Anechoic Chamber	ChangZhou ZhongYu	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
EMC0522	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB26	100249	19-02-2009	19-02-2010
EMC0056	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	10036	18-07-2009	18-07-2010
N/A	EMI Test Software	Audix	E3	N/A	N/A	N/A
EMC0514	Coaxial cable	SGS	N/A	N/A	09-12-2009	09-12-2010
EMC0524	Bi-log Type Antenna	Schaffner -Chase	CBL6112B	2966	20-12-2009	20-12-2010
EMC0519	Bilog Type Antenna	Schaffner -Chase	CBL6143	5070	20-12-2009	20-12-2010
EMC0517	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF906	100095	15-09-2009	15-09-2010
EMC0040	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	100324	05-12-2009	05-12-2010
EMC0521	1-26.5 GHz Pre-Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01649	24-02-2009	24-02-2010
EMC0075	310N Amplifier	Sonama	310N	272683	26-10-2009	26-10-2010
EMC0523	Active Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	00042963	17-11-2009	17-11-2010
EMC0530	10m Semi- Anechoic Chamber	ETS	N/A	N/A	02-06-2009	02-06-2010

General used equipment						
No:	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date (dd-mm-yy)	Cal.Due date (dd-mm-yy)
EMC0006	DMM	Fluke	73	70681569	16-12-2009	16-12-2010
EMC0007	DMM	Fluke	73	70671122	16-12-2009	16-12-2010



## 7 Test Results

### 7.1 E.U.T. test conditions

Power supply: DC 3.7V (full charged battery)

Requirements: **15.31(e)**: For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed

Type of antenna: Integral

Operating Environment:

Temperature: 20.0 -25.0 °C

Humidity: 38-50 % RH

Atmospheric Pressure: 1000 -1010 mbar

Test frequencies: According to the 15.31(m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers, other than TV broadcast receivers, shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table:

Frequency range over which device operates	Number of frequencies	Location in the range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

EUT channels and frequencies list:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	11	2413	22	2424
1	2403	12	2414	23	2425
2	2404	13	2415	24	2426
3	2405	14	2416	25	2427
4	2406	15	2417	26	2428
5	2407	16	2418	27	2429
6	2408	17	2419	28	2430
7	2409	18	2420	29	2431
8	2410	19	2421	30	2432
9	2411	20	2422	31	2433
10	2412	21	2423	32	2434



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Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
33	2435	49	2451	65	2467
34	2436	50	2452	66	2468
35	2437	51	2453	67	2469
36	2438	52	2454	68	2470
37	2439	53	2455	69	2471
38	2440	54	2456	70	2472
39	2441	55	2457	71	2473
40	2442	56	2458	72	2474
41	2443	57	2459	73	2475
42	2444	58	2460	74	2476
43	2445	59	2461	75	2477
44	2446	60	2462	76	2478
45	2447	61	2463	77	2479
46	2448	62	2464	78	2480
47	2449	63	2465		
48	2450	64	2466		

Test frequency is the lowest channel: 0 channel(2402MHz), middle channel: 39 channel(2441MHz) and highest channel: 78 channel(2480MHz)

## 7.2 Antenna Requirement

### 7.2.1 Standard requirement

15.203 requirement:

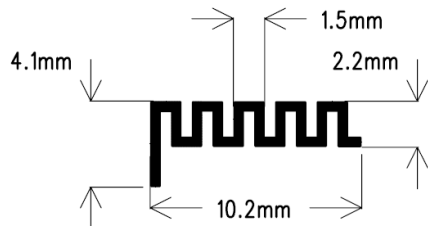
For intentional device. According to 15.203. an intentional radiator shall be designed to Ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### 7.2.2 EUT Antenna

The antenna is integrated on the main PCB and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is 0.5dBi.



**Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**



### 7.3 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C

Test Method: Based on FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 & DA 00-705

Test Status: Test in continuous transmitting mode at lowest, middle and highest channel.

Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20dB bandwidth, centring on a hopping channel;
3. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20dB bandwidth VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max Hold.
4. Mark the peak frequency and -20dB points bandwidth.

Test result:

Normal mode:

Test Channel	Bandwidth(MHz)	2/3 bandwidth(MHz)
Low	1.142	0.761
Middle	1.162	0.775
High	1.162	0.775

EDR mode:

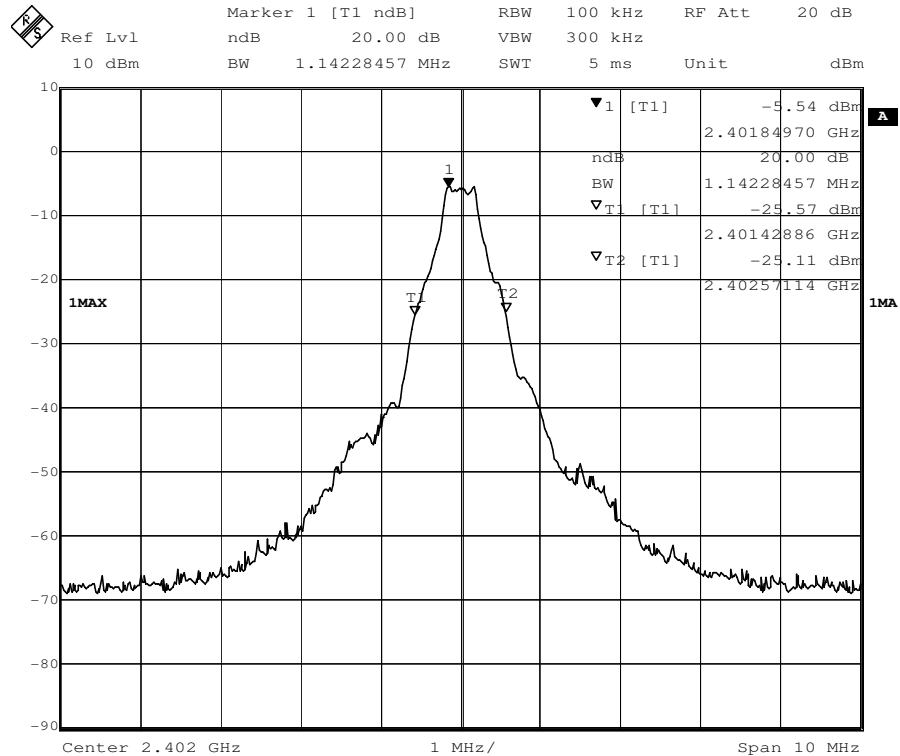
Test Channel	bandwidth	2/3 bandwidth
Low	1.363	0.909
Middle	1.363	0.909
High	1.363	0.909

Result plot as follows:

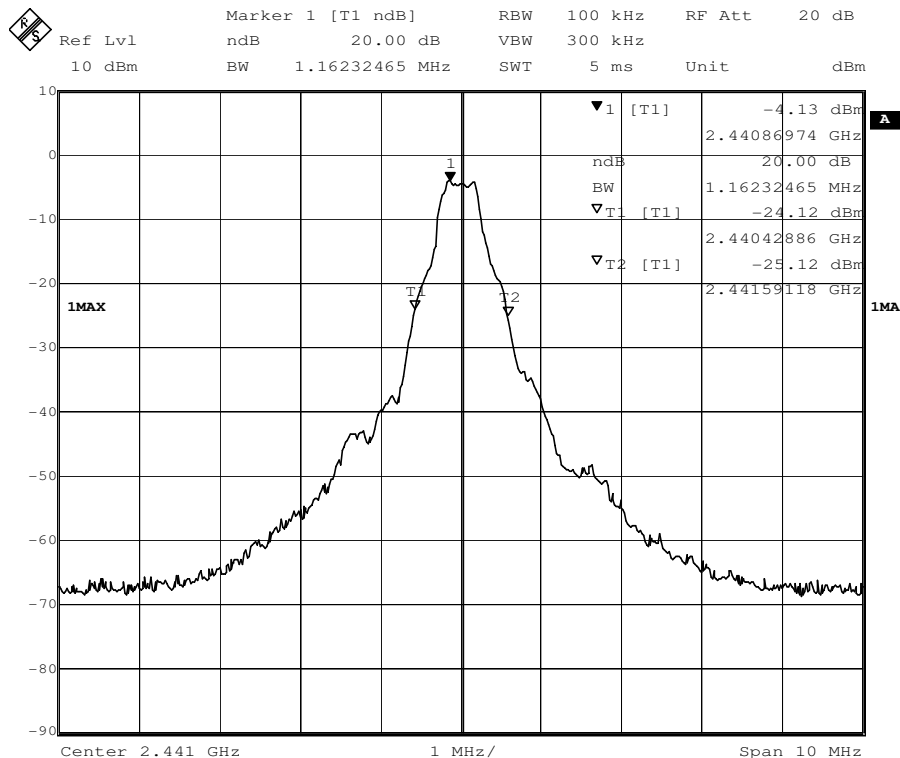


Normal mode:

Lowest Channel:

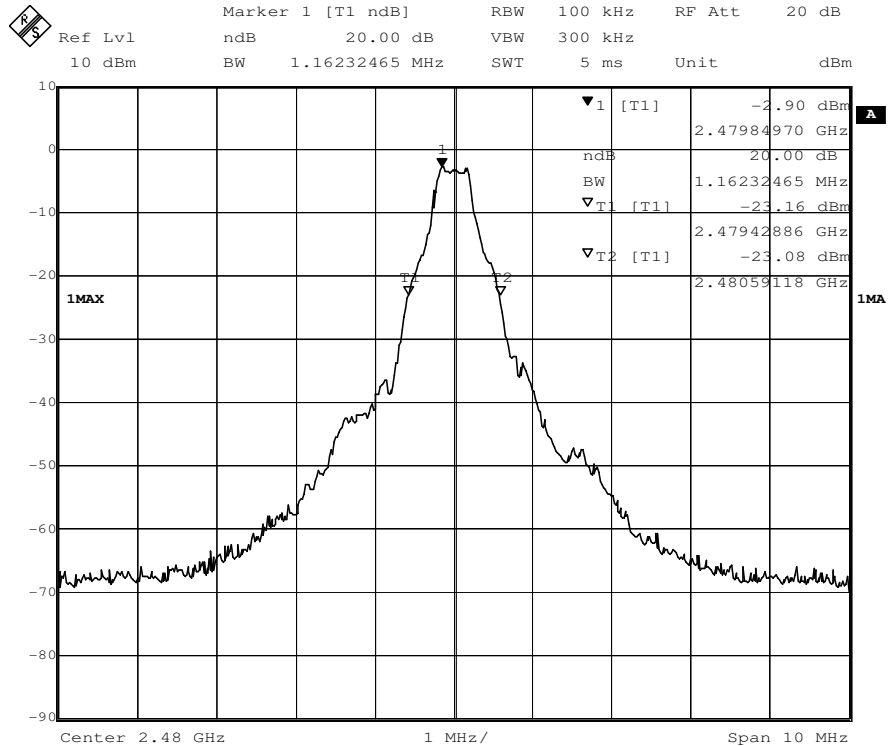


Middle Channel:



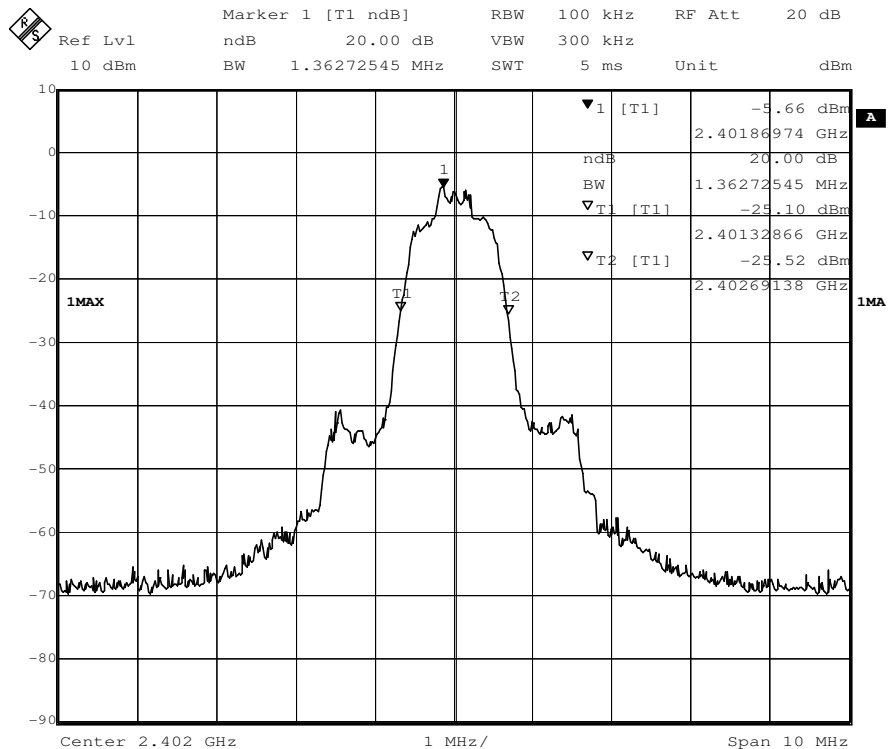


Highest Channel:



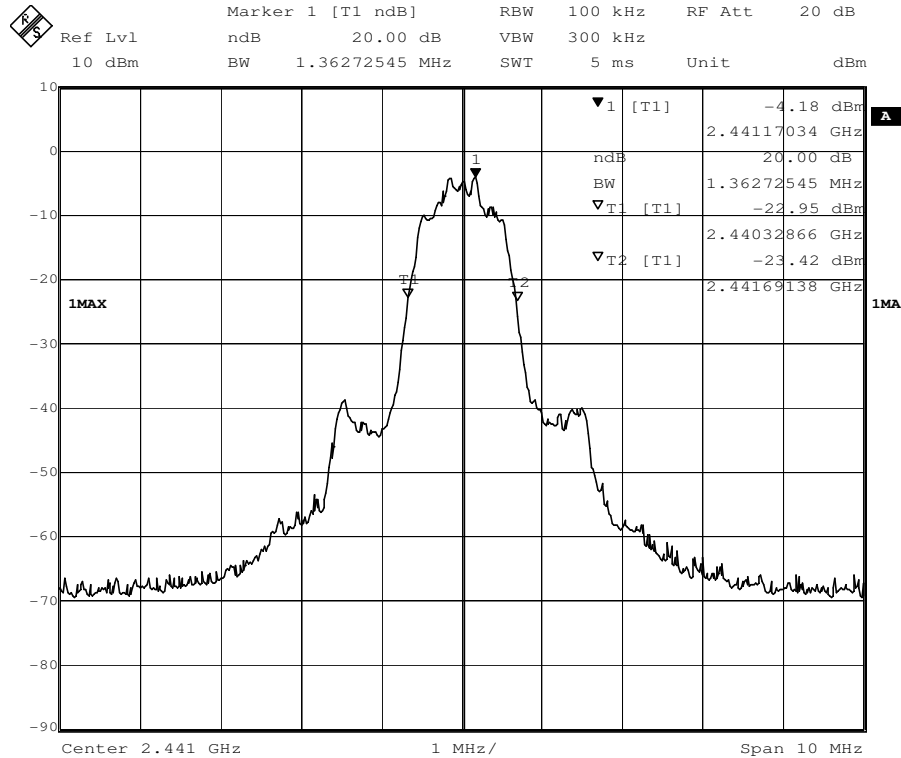
EDR mode:

Lowest channel:

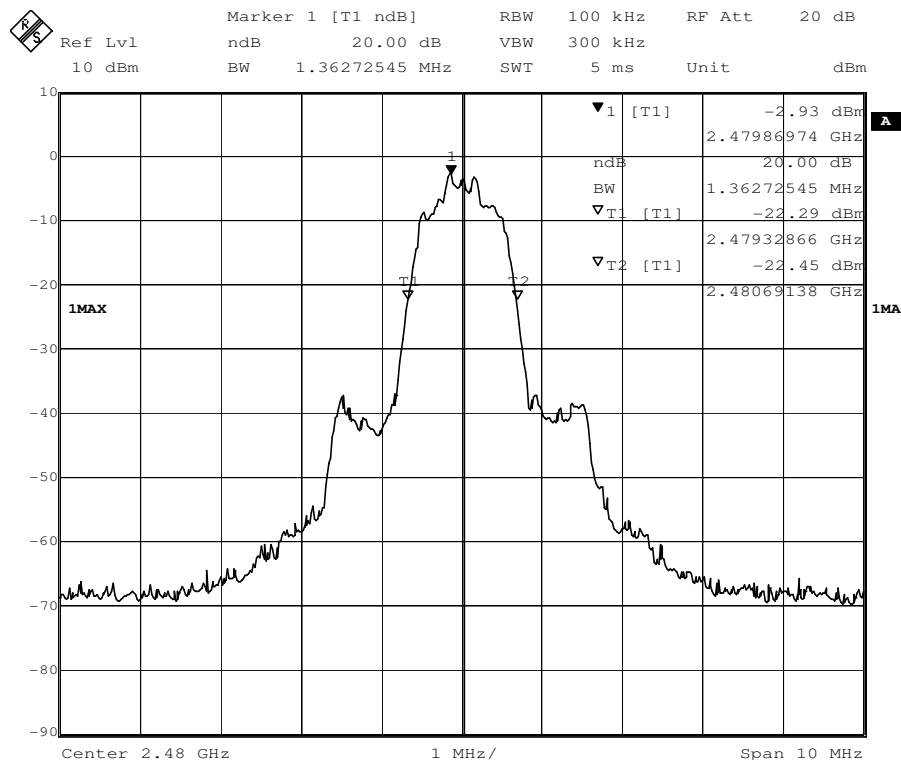




Middle channel:



Highest channel:





## 7.4 Carrier Frequencies Separated

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C

Test Method: Based on FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 & DA 00-705

Test requirements: Regulation 15.247(a),(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Status: Test in hopping transmitting operating mode.

Test Procedure:

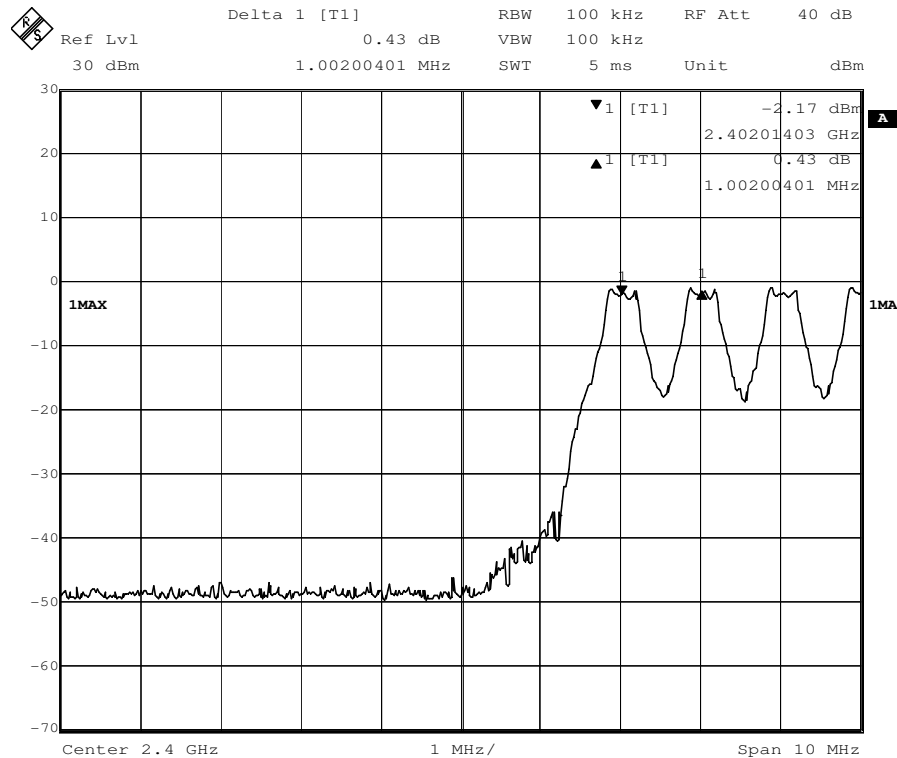
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max, hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

### Test result:

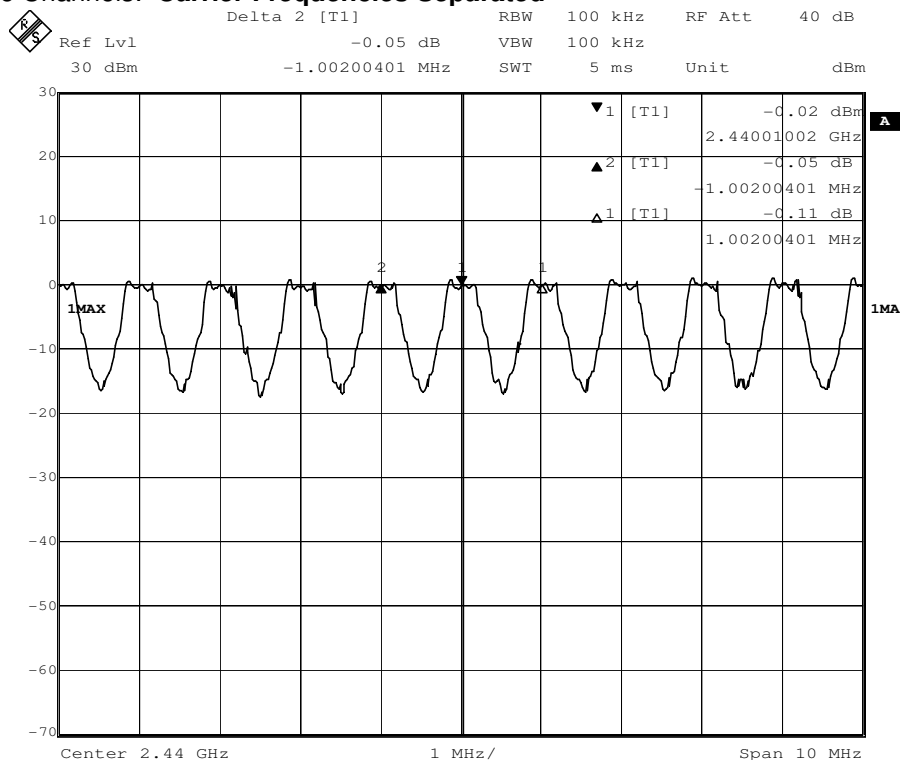
Test Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separated	PASS/FAIL
Lower Channels (channel 0 and channel 1)	1.002MHz	Pass
Middle Channels (channel 39 and channel 40)	1.002MHz	Pass
Upper Channels (channel 77 and channel 78)	1.002MHz	Pass
Remark: The limit is maximum two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth: 909KHz.		



## 1. Lowest Channels: Carrier Frequencies Separated

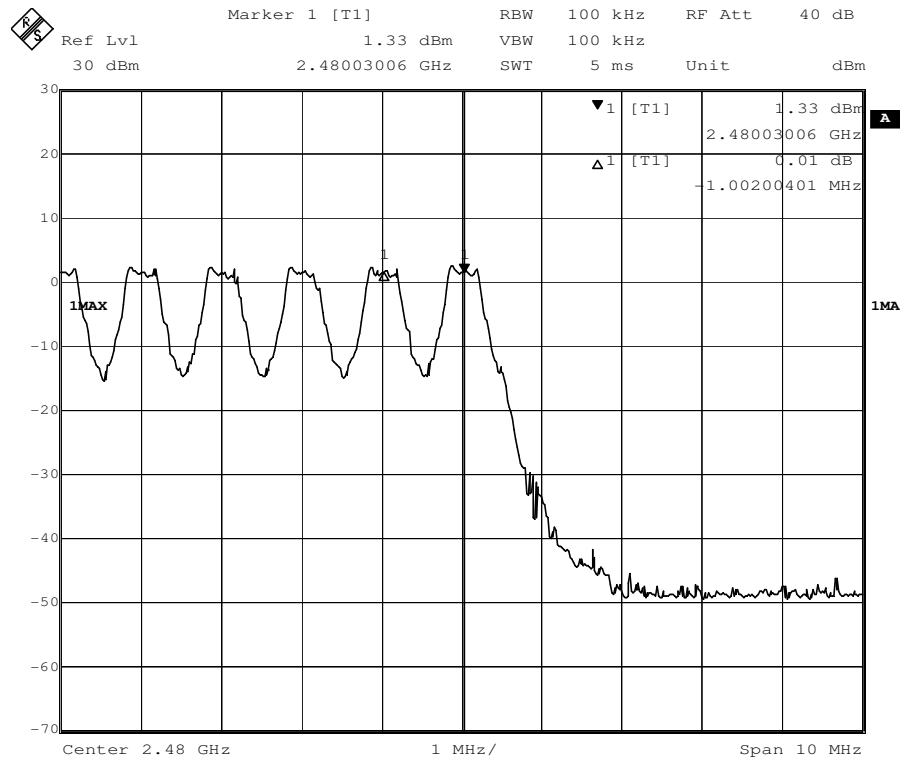


## 2. Middle Channels: Carrier Frequencies Separated





### 3. Highest Channels: Carrier Frequencies Separated



**Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**



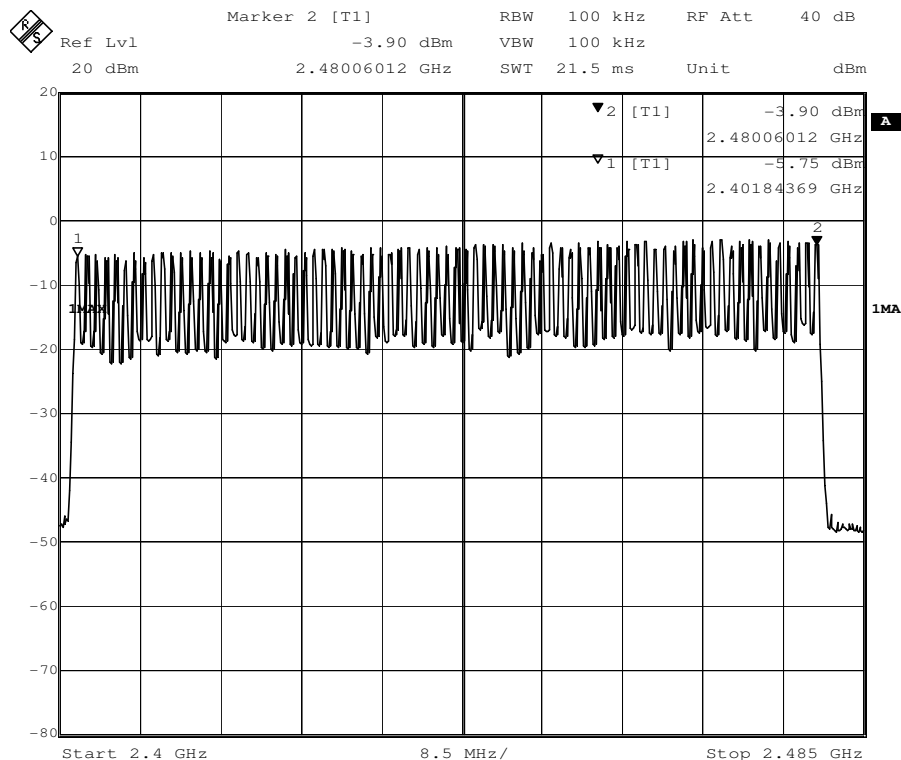
## 7.5 Hopping Channel Number

Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C  
Test Method: Based on FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 & DA 00-705  
Requirements: Regulation 15.247 (a) (1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.  
Test Status: Test the EUT in hopping on mode.

### Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW = 100 kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer: start frequency = 2400MHz. stop frequency = 2483.5MHz. Submit the test result graph.

**Test result:** Total channels are 79 channels.



**Test result:** The unit does meet the FCC requirements.



## 7.6 Dwell Time

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C  
Test Method: Based on FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 & DA 00-705  
Test requirements: Regulation 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.  
Test Status: Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402MHz), middle (2441MHz) and highest (2480MHz) channel with different packages, find the worst case is with DH5 in normal mode and 3DH5 in EDR mode.

### Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. centered on a hopping channel;
3. Set RBW = 1MHz and VBW = 1MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold;
4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.). Repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s). An oscilloscope may be used instead of a spectrum analyzer.

### Test Result:

The test period:  $T = 0.4 \text{ Second/Channel} \times 79 \text{ Channel} = 31.6 \text{ s}$

#### 1. Channel 0: 2.402GHz

DH5 time slot =  $2.846 \text{ (ms)} \times (1600/(6 \times 79)) \times 31.6 = 303.573 \text{ ms}$

3DH5 time slot =  $2.926 \text{ (ms)} \times (1600/(6 \times 79)) \times 31.6 = 312.107 \text{ ms}$

#### 2. Channel 39: 2.441GHz

DH5 time slot =  $2.886 \text{ (ms)} \times (1600/(6 \times 79)) \times 31.6 = 307.840 \text{ ms}$

3DH5 time slot =  $2.886 \text{ (ms)} \times (1600/(6 \times 79)) \times 31.6 = 307.840 \text{ ms}$

#### 3. Channel 78: 2.480GHz

DH5 time slot =  $2.926 \text{ (ms)} \times (1600/(6 \times 79)) \times 31.6 = 312.107 \text{ ms}$

3DH5 time slot =  $3.126 \text{ (ms)} \times (1600/(6 \times 79)) \times 31.6 = 333.440 \text{ ms}$

The results are not greater than 0.4 seconds.

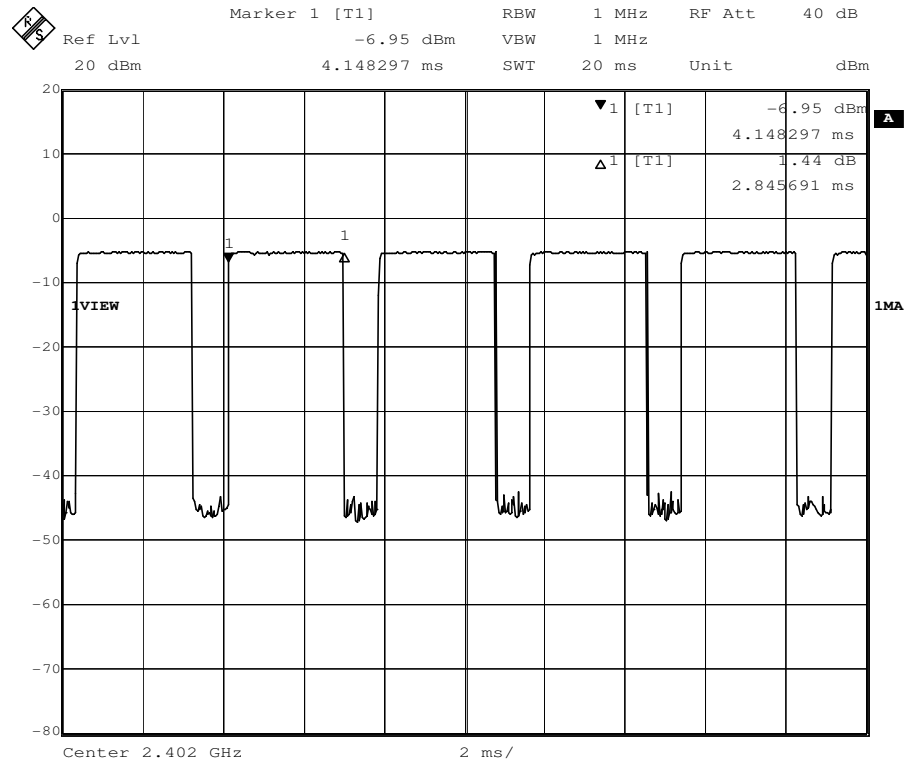
**The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**



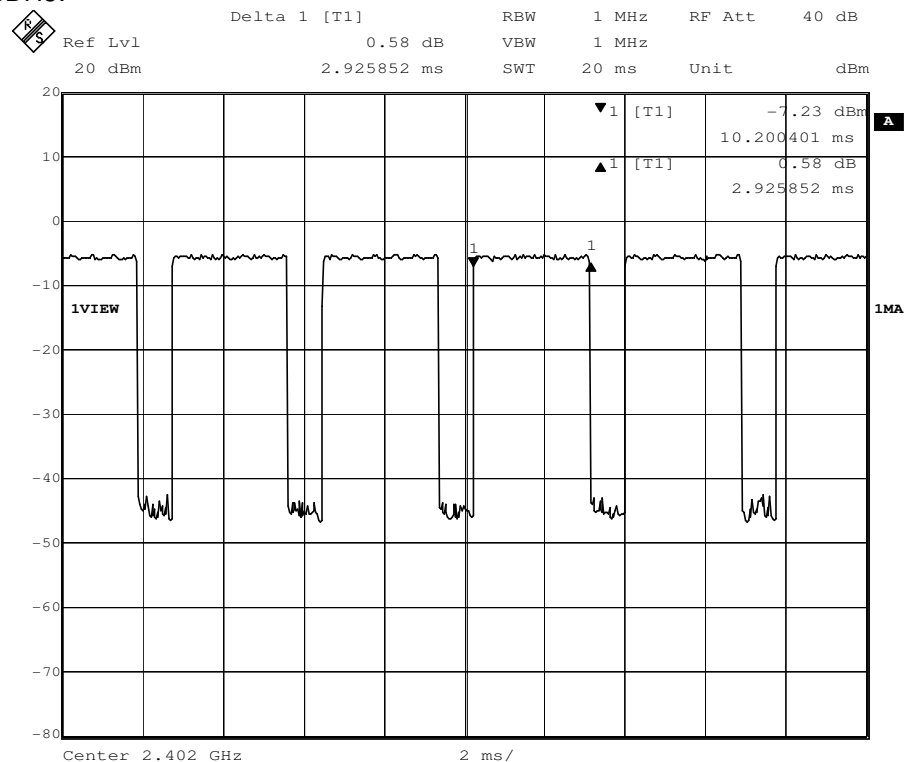
Please refer the graph as below:

1. Lowest channel (2.402 GHz):

(1). DH5



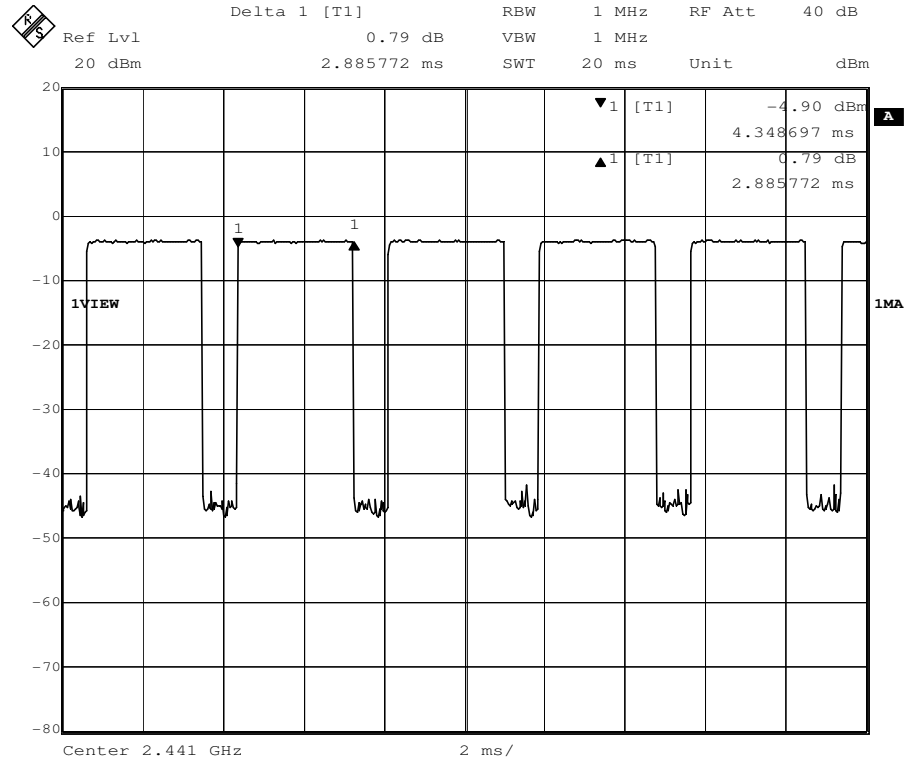
(2) 3DH5:



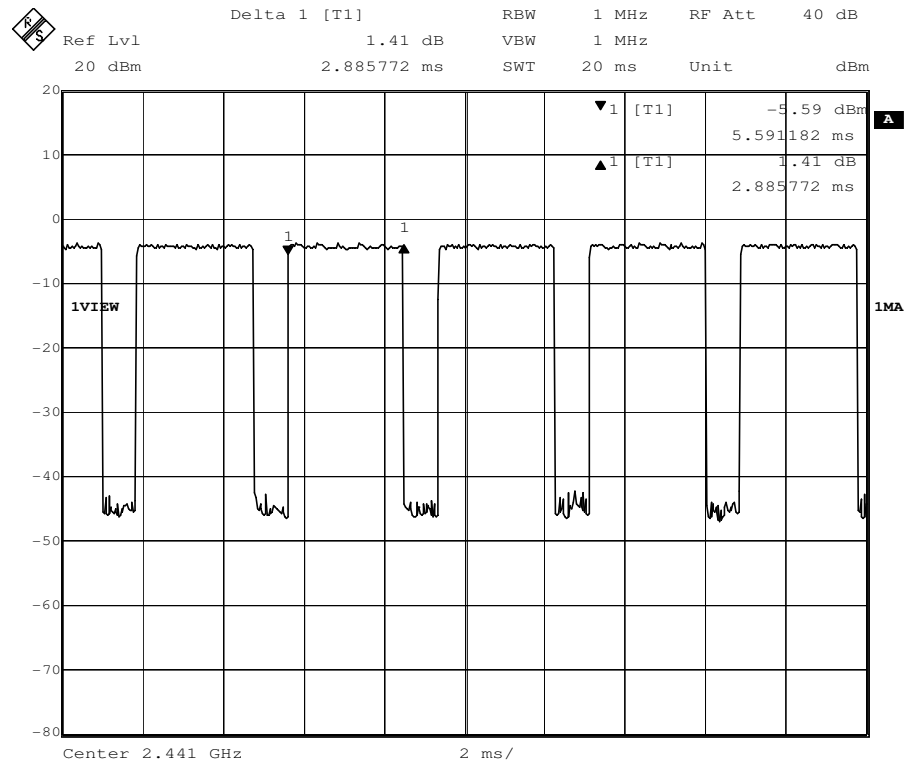


## 2. Middle Channel (2.441GHz)

### (1) DH5



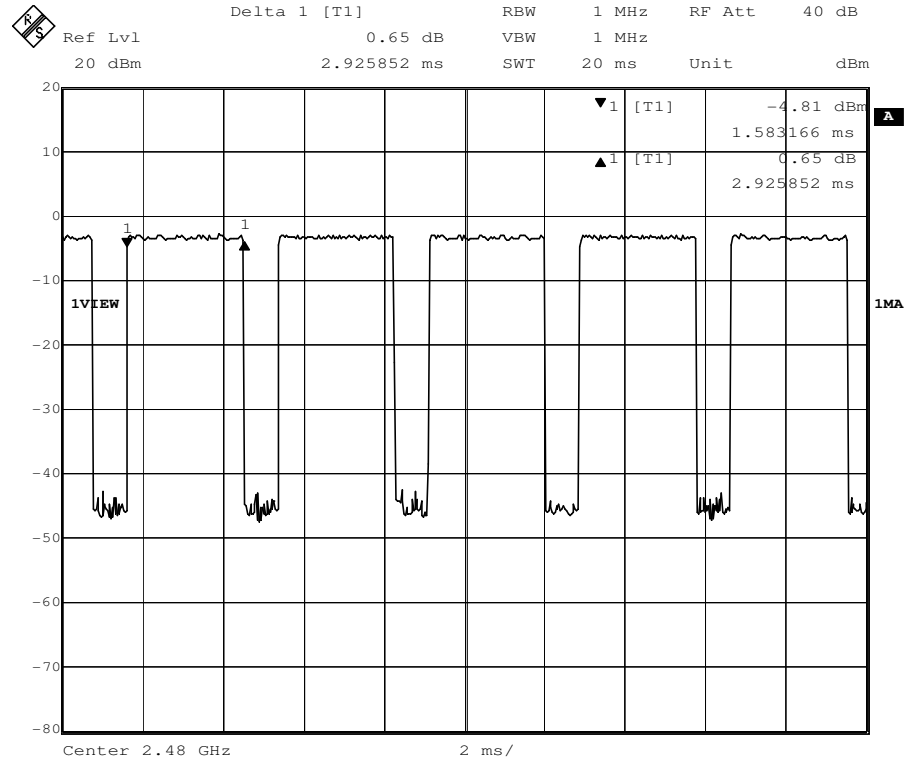
### (2) 3DH5



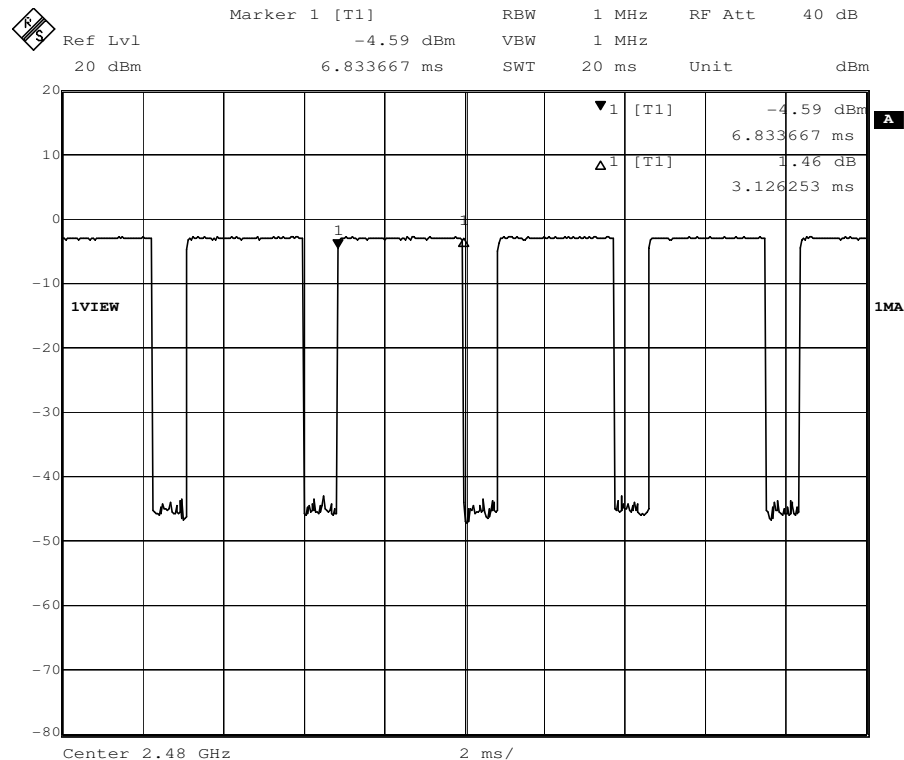


## 2. Highest Channel (2.480GHz)

### (1) DH5



### (2) 3DH5



Remark:

In communication data link mode (except inquiry or page mode) the hopping rate is 1600 per second, the 79 channels will be randomly selected for RF channel, and each channel have equal probability to be selected. The hop selection scheme is defined in Clause 2.6 of Part B of Volume 2 of core specification of Bluetooth.

The Dwell time must be calculated via following formula:

**Dwell time = Pulse wide x (Hopping rate / Number of channels) x Period**

**Period = 0.4 (seconds/ channel) x 79 (channel) = 31.6 seconds**

So

Dwell time DH1= slot time \* (1600/2/79) \* 31.6

Dwell time DH3= slot time \* (1600/4/79) \* 31.6

Dwell time DH5= slot time \* (1600/6/79) \* 31.6

The **RF channel will remain fixed for duration of a packet**, that means for DH3 packet the RF frequency will remain unchanged during 3 slots (1 slot=1/1600=625us), and for DH5 packet the RF frequency will remain unchanged during 5 slots, illustrated the principle as below:

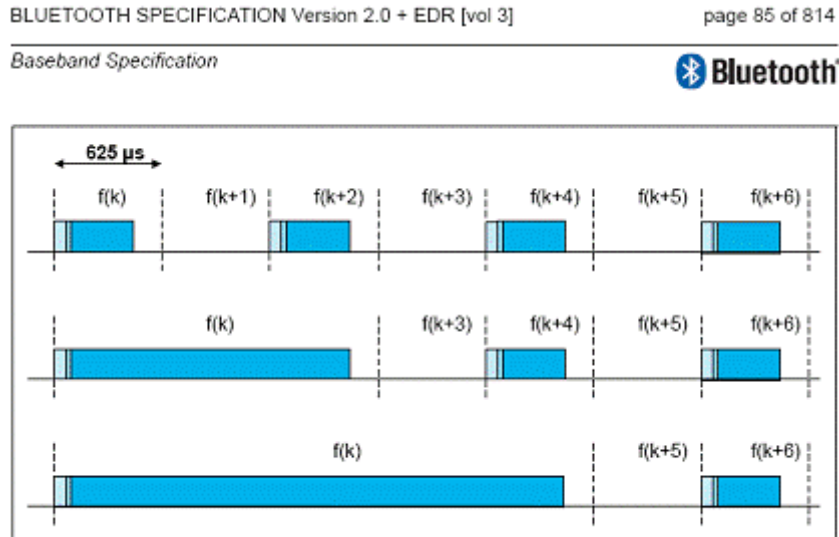


Figure 2.14: Single- and multi-slot packets.

Therefore, in a certain period for different packet types, the quantities of hops (**not hopping rate 1600**) are different, accurately, the quantity of hops for DH1 is double of DH3's and triple of DH5's. "for DH1 packet, 1 hop in 1 slot; for DH3 packet, 1/2 hop in 1 slot; for DH5 packet, 1/3 hop in 1 slot.", explained as below:



From the illustrated hopping scheme:

For DH1, in two slots, there are two hops, i.e.  $f(k)$  in Slot(k),  $f(k+1)$  in Slot(k+1), means DH1 1 hop in 1 slot;

For DH3, in four slots, there are two hops, i.e.  $f(k)$  in Slot(k) & Slot(k+1) & Slot(k+2),  $f(k+3)$  in Slot(k+3), means DH3 2 hops in four slots  $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$  hop in 1 slot;

For DH5, in six slots, there are two hops, i.e.  $f(k)$  in Slot(k) & Slot(k+1) & Slot(k+2) & Slot(k+3) & Slot(k+4),  $f(k+5)$  in Slot(k+5), means DH3 2 hops in six slots  $\rightarrow \frac{1}{3}$  hop in 1 slot.

The **Hopping rate** in the formula should **not** be fixed value, for DH1, it is 1600/2; for DH3, it is 1600/4; for DH5, it is 1600/6.

To calculate Dwell time of data transmission of Bluetooth system, the worst case is for Bluetooth PICONET that contains two devices only (although Bluetooth PICONET can support up to eight devices), and for Bluetooth data transmission, after device A sending a packet to device B, device A must get response packet from device B to continue data transmission;

For DH1 packet: assume device A is EUT, the worst case is after device A sending a DH1 packet to device B, device A gets a DH1 response packet from device B, that means device A needs 1 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving, therefore, the actual hopping rate of device A is half of 1600, i.e. 800 hops per second for EUT;

For DH3 packet: assume device A is EUT, the worst case is after device A sending a DH3 packet to device B, device A gets a DH1 response packet from device B, that means device A needs 3 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving, therefore, the actual hopping rate of device A is quarter of 1600, i.e. 400 hops per second for EUT;

For DH5 packet: assume device A is EUT, the worst case is after device A sending a DH5 packet to device B, device A gets a DH1 response packet from device B, that means device A needs 5 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving, therefore, the actual hopping rate of device A is sixth of 1600, i.e.  $1600/6=266.7$  hops per second for EUT;

## 7.7 Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

### 7.7.1 Standard requirement

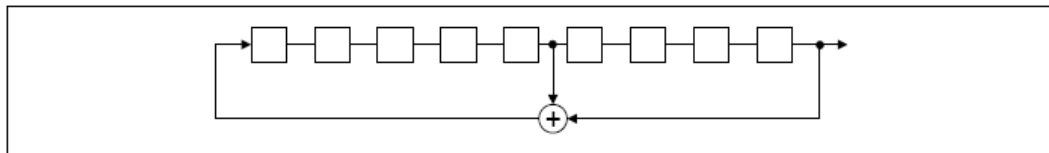
15.247(a)(1) requirement:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 7.7.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

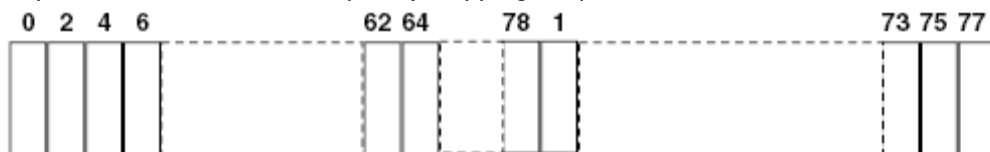
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:  $2^9 - 1 = 511$  bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



*Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence*

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:

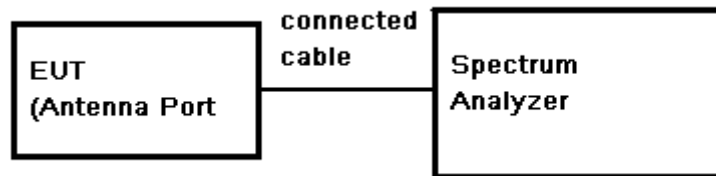


Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

## 7.8 Maximum Peak Output Power

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15.247 & DA 00-705
Test Method:	Base on ANSI 63.4.
Test Limit:	Regulation 15.247 (b)(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts. Refer to the result "Hopping channel number" of this document. The 1 watt (30.0dBm) limit applies.
Test mode:	Pre-test the EUT in transmitting mode in different modulation types with different data packages reported the worst case.
Test Configuration:	



### Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 2 MHz. VBW = 2 MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak.
3. Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, medium and highest channel individually. Record the max value.



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### Test Result:

#### Normal mode:

Test Channel	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Reading Power (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2.402	-4.68	0.20	-4.48	30.0	Pass
Middle	2.441	-3.34	0.20	-3.14	30.0	Pass
Highest	2.480	-2.32	0.20	-2.12	30.0	Pass

#### EDR mode:

Test Channel	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Reading Power (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2.402	-4.63	0.20	-4.43	30.0	Pass
Middle	2.441	-3.10	0.20	-2.90	30.0	Pass
Highest	2.480	-1.95	0.20	-1.75	30.0	Pass

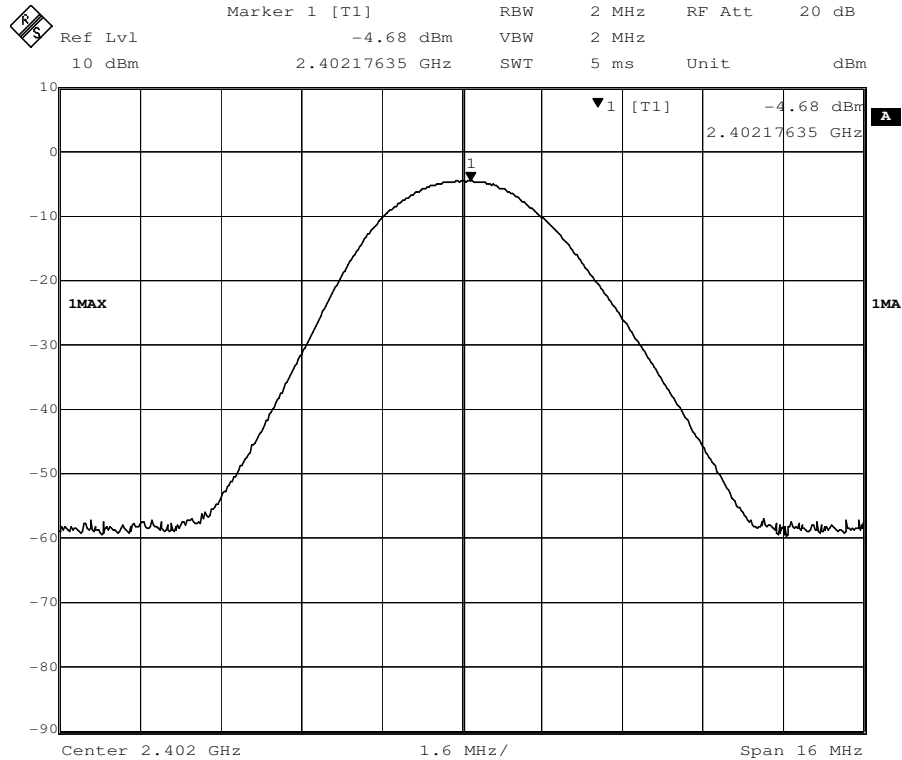
**Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**

**Test result plot as follows:**

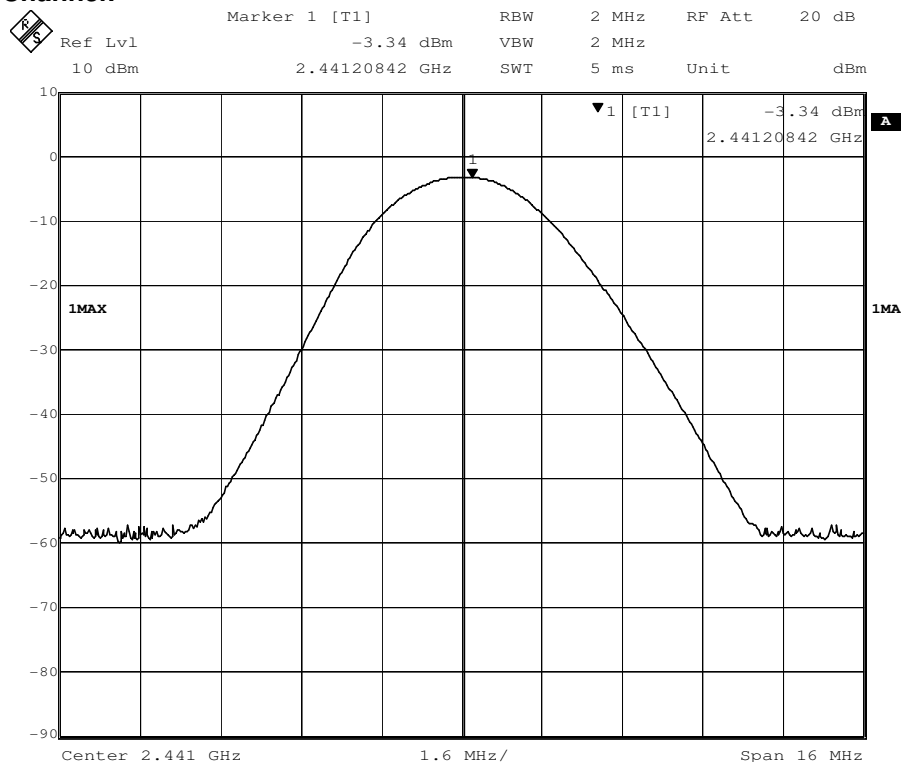


Normal mode:

Lowest Channel:

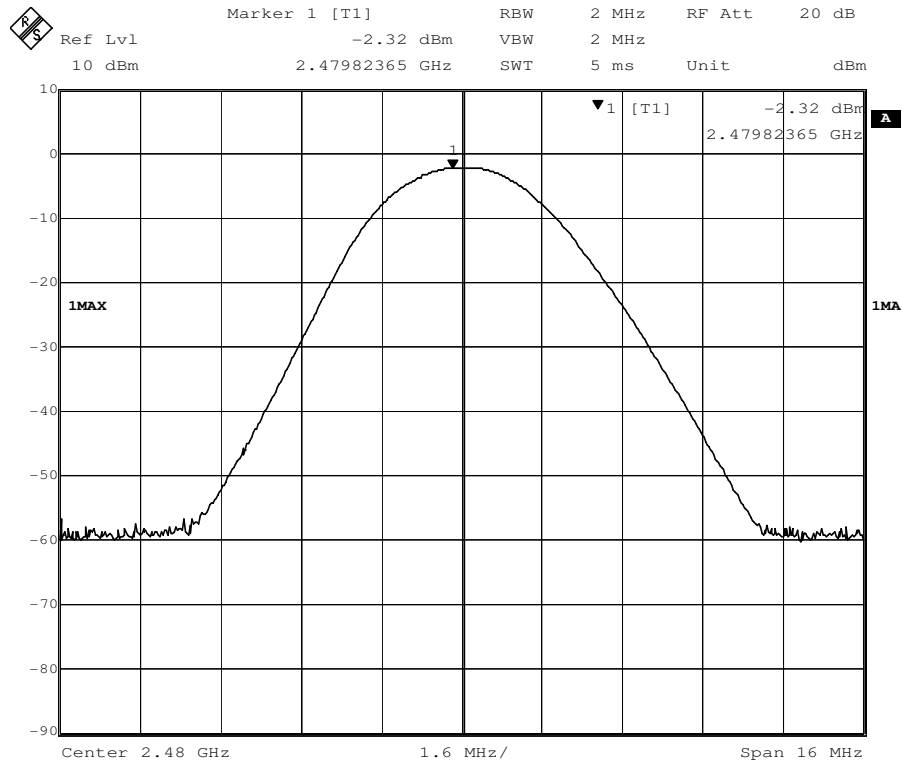


Middle Channel:



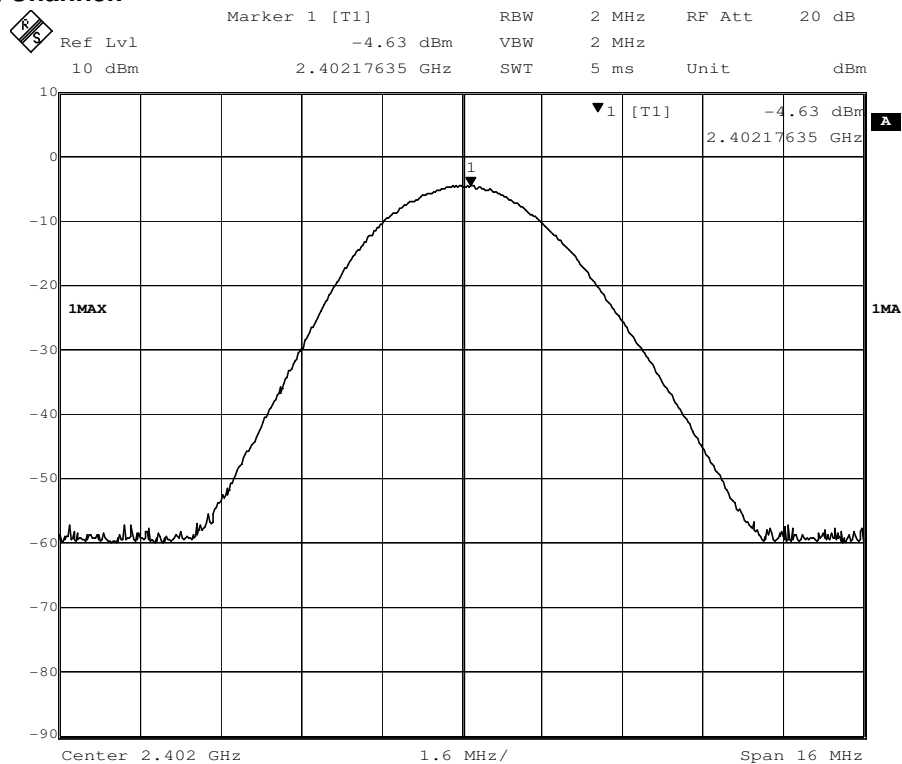


Highest Channel:



EDR mode:

Lowest Channel:





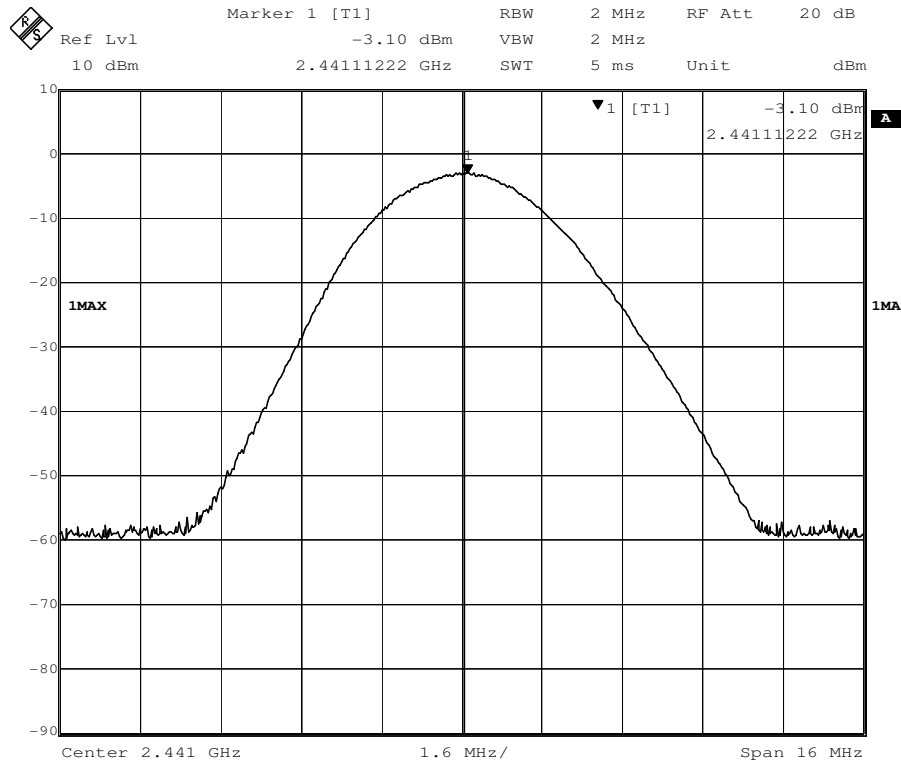
# SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd.

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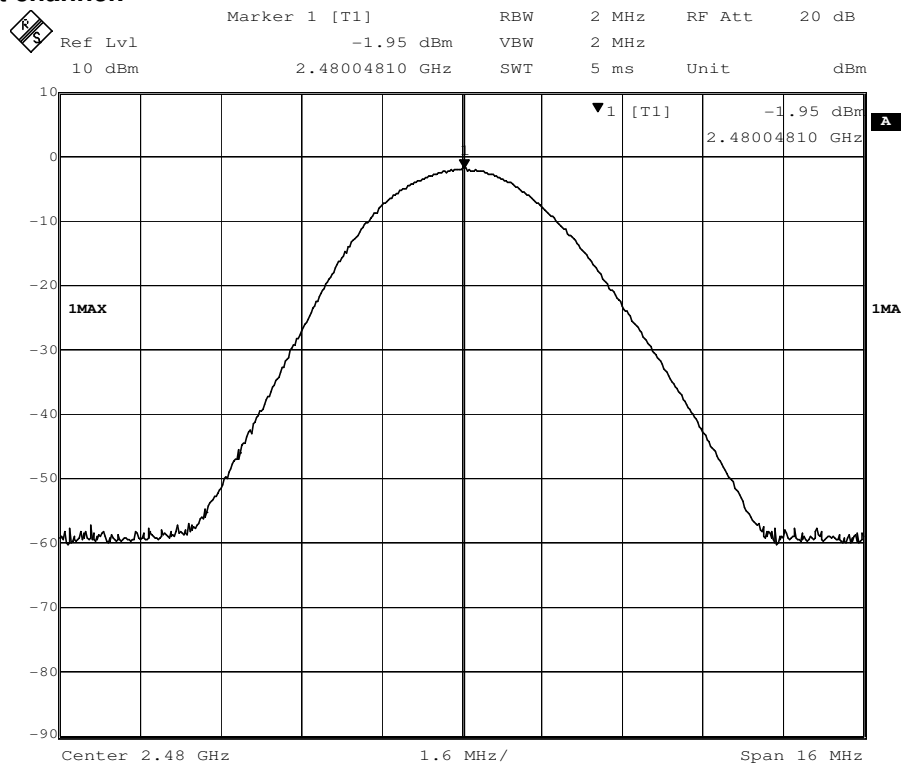
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FCC ID: TNBUNI21

## Middle channel:



## Highest channel:



## 7.9 Conducted Spurious Emissions

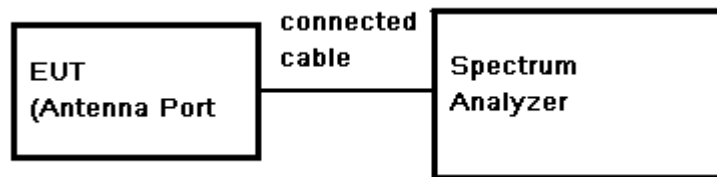
Test Requirement: FCC Part 15.247 & DA 00-705

Test Method: Based on FCC Part15 C Section 15.247&15.209:

Test requirements: (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

Test Status: Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at lowest. Middle, highest channel.

Test Configuration:



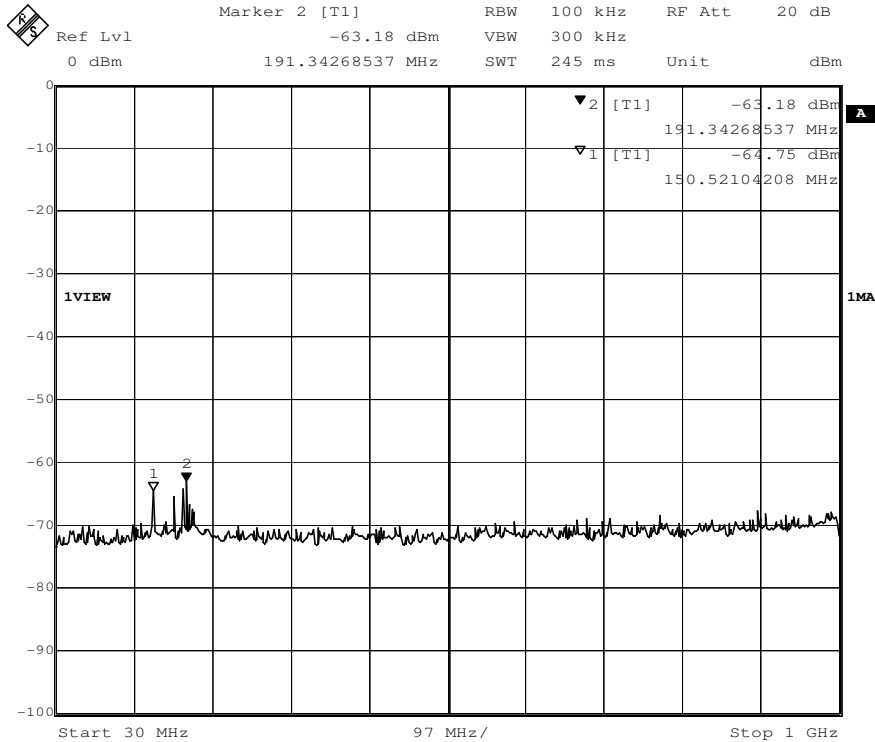
Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100KHz. VBW >= RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak (Max. hold).

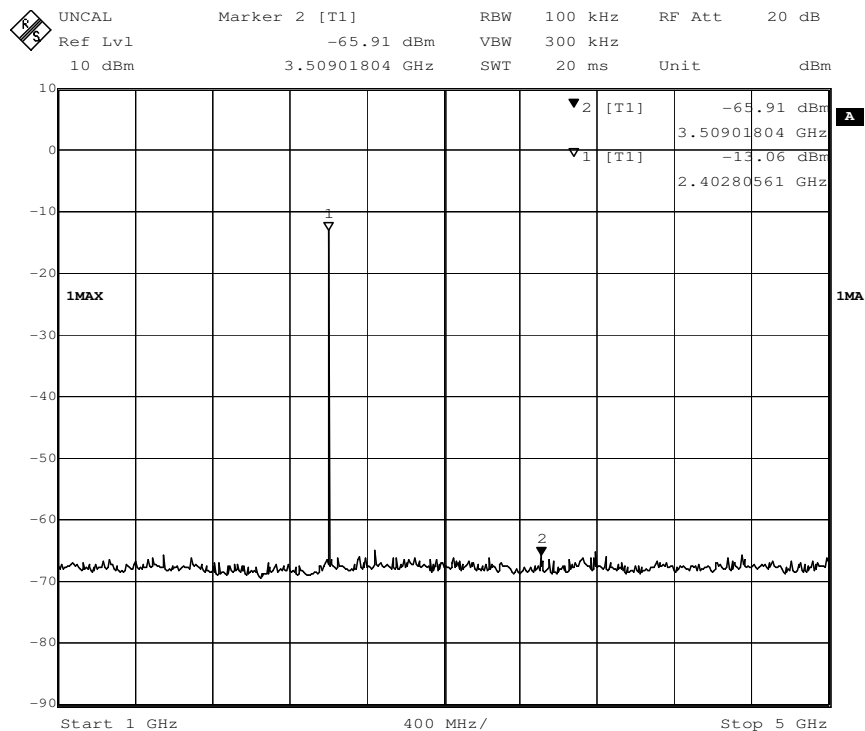
Test result plot as follows:



Lowest Channel: 30M to 1GHz



1G to 5GHz

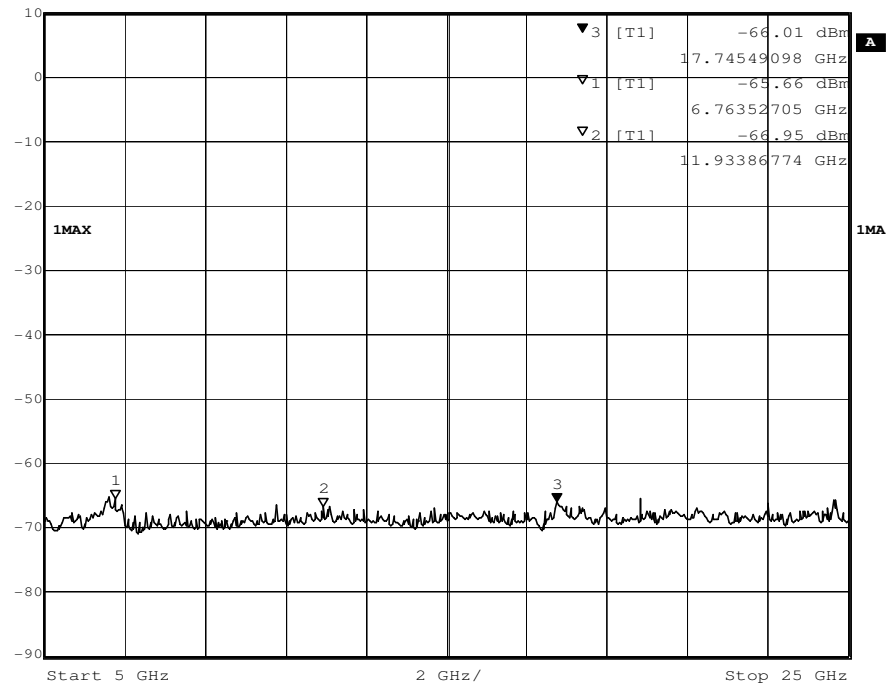




5G to 25GHz



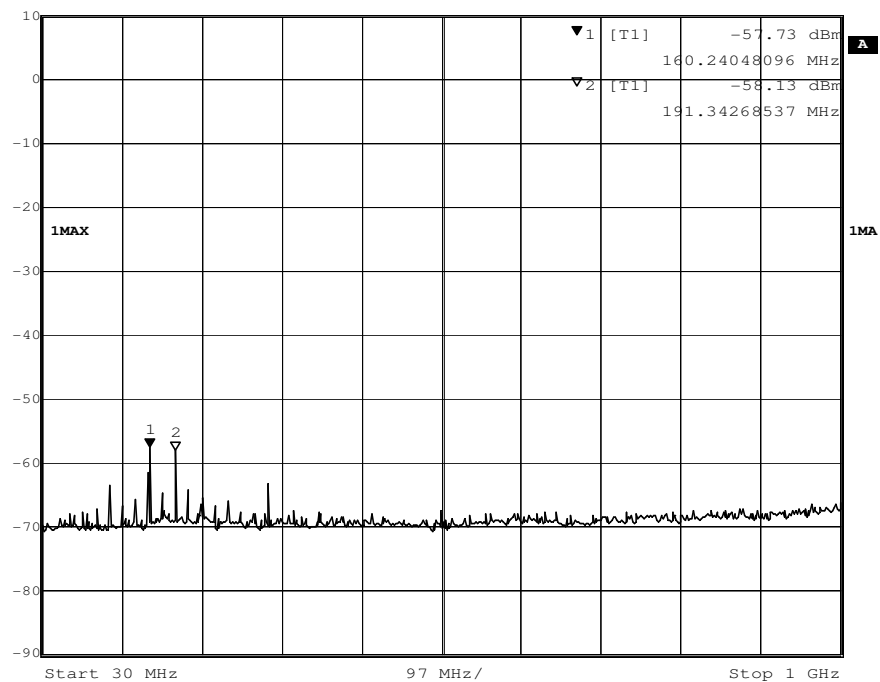
UNCAL Marker 3 [T1] RBW 100 kHz RF Att 20 dB  
Ref Lvl -66.01 dBm VBW 300 kHz  
10 dBm 17.74549098 GHz SWT 20 ms Unit dBm



Middle Channel: 30M to 1GHz



Ref Lvl -57.73 dBm RBW 100 kHz RF Att 20 dB  
10 dBm 160.24048096 MHz VBW 300 kHz  
SWT 245 ms Unit dBm





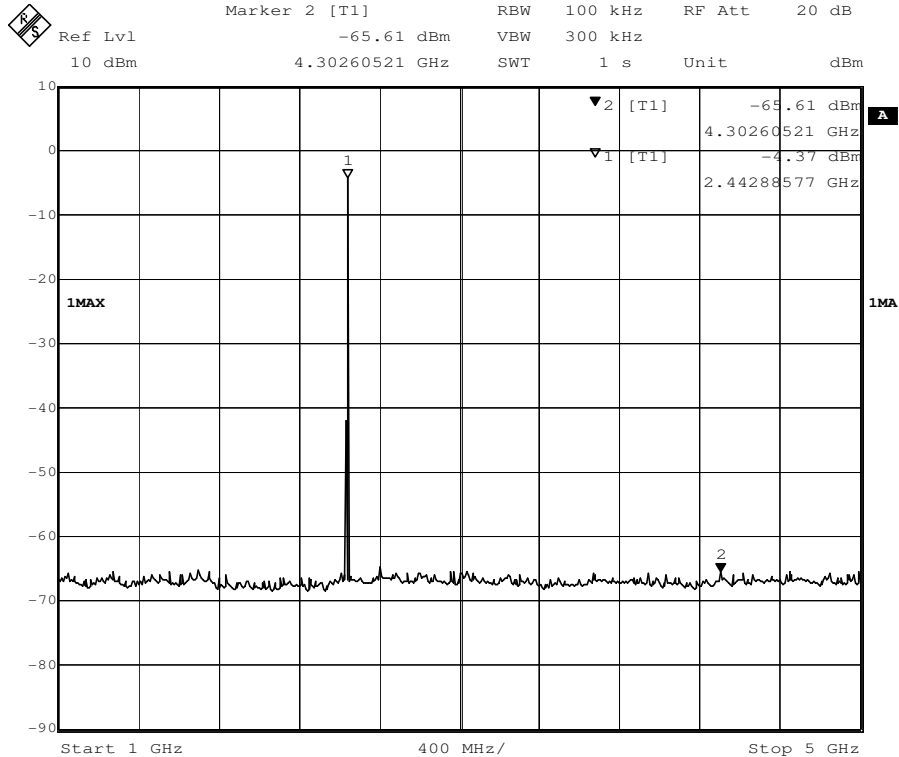
# SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd.

Report No.: GLEMO09120386301

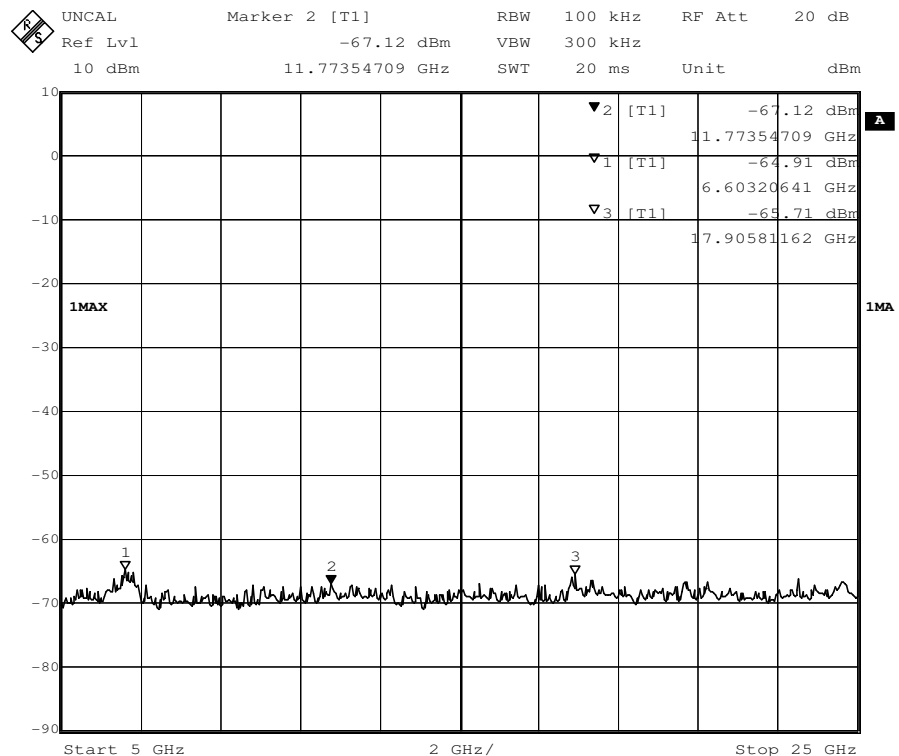
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## 1G to 5GHz

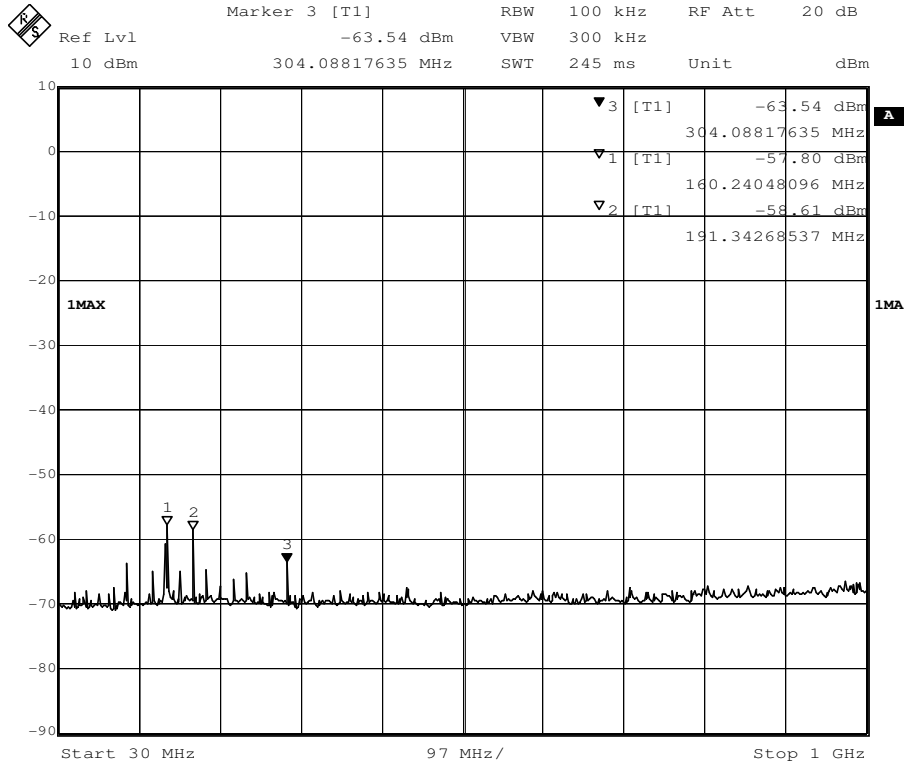


## 5G to 25GHz

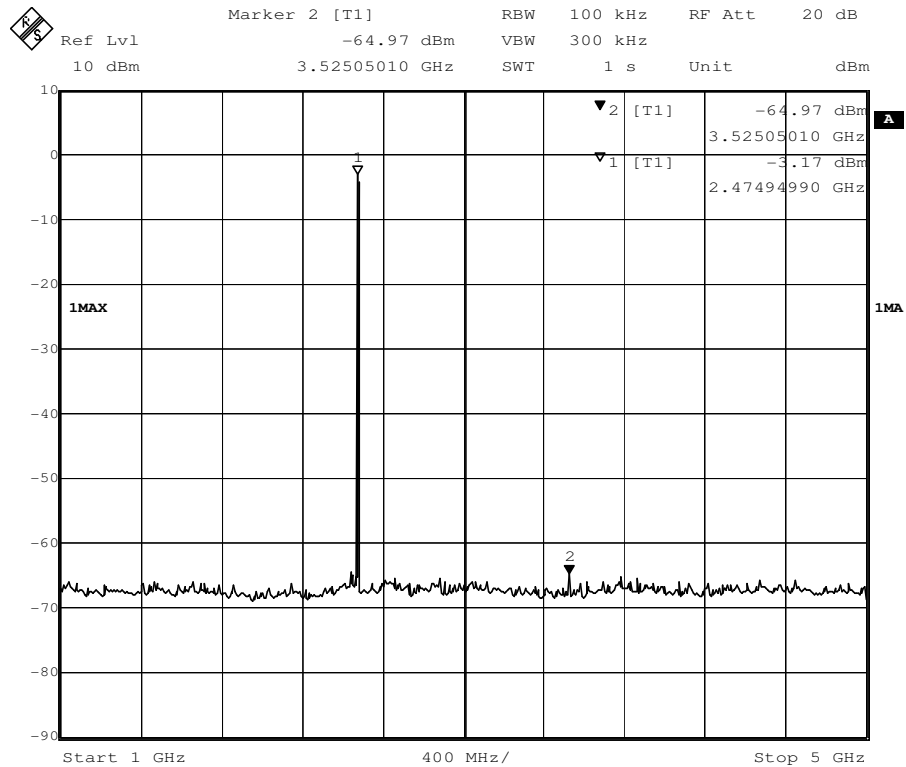




Highest Channel: 30M to 1GHz

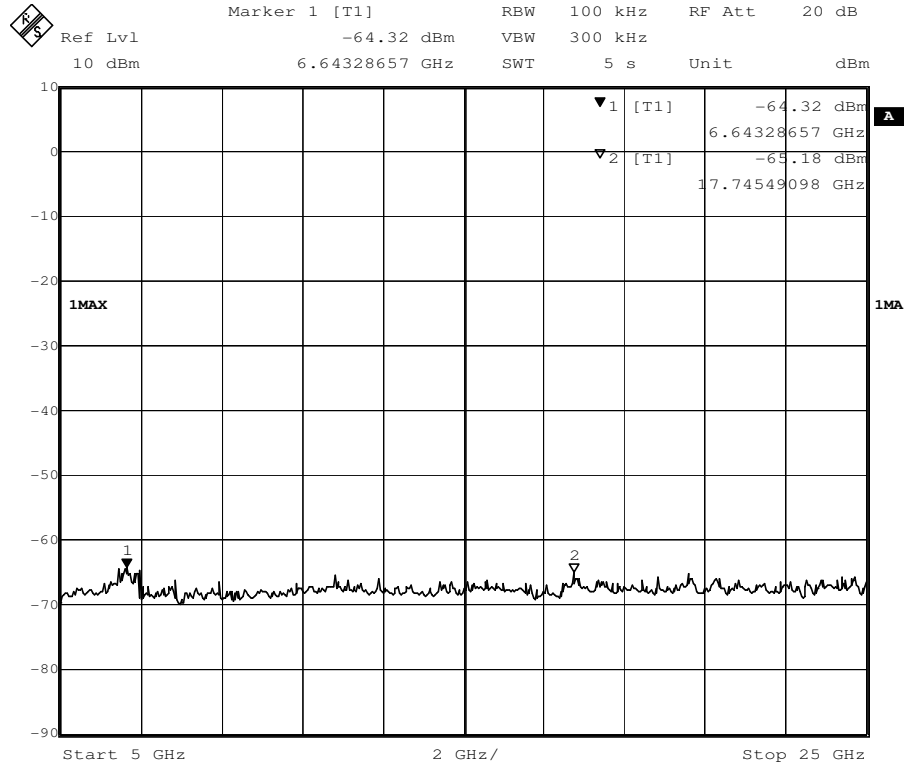


1G to 5GHz





5G to 25GHz



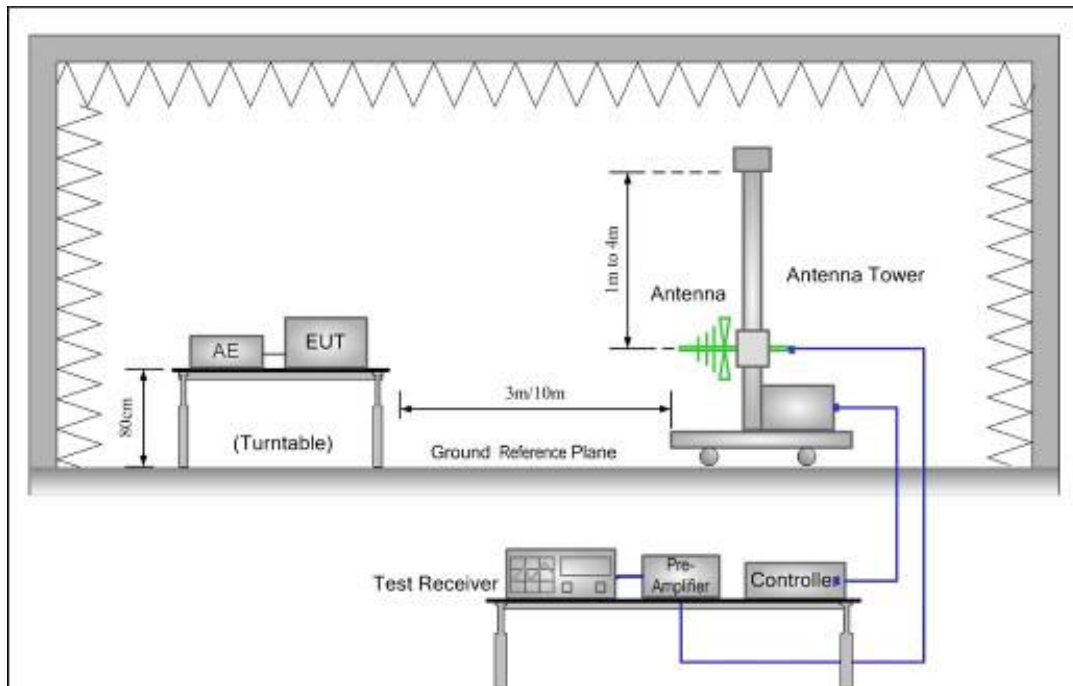


## 7.10 Radiated Spurious Emissions

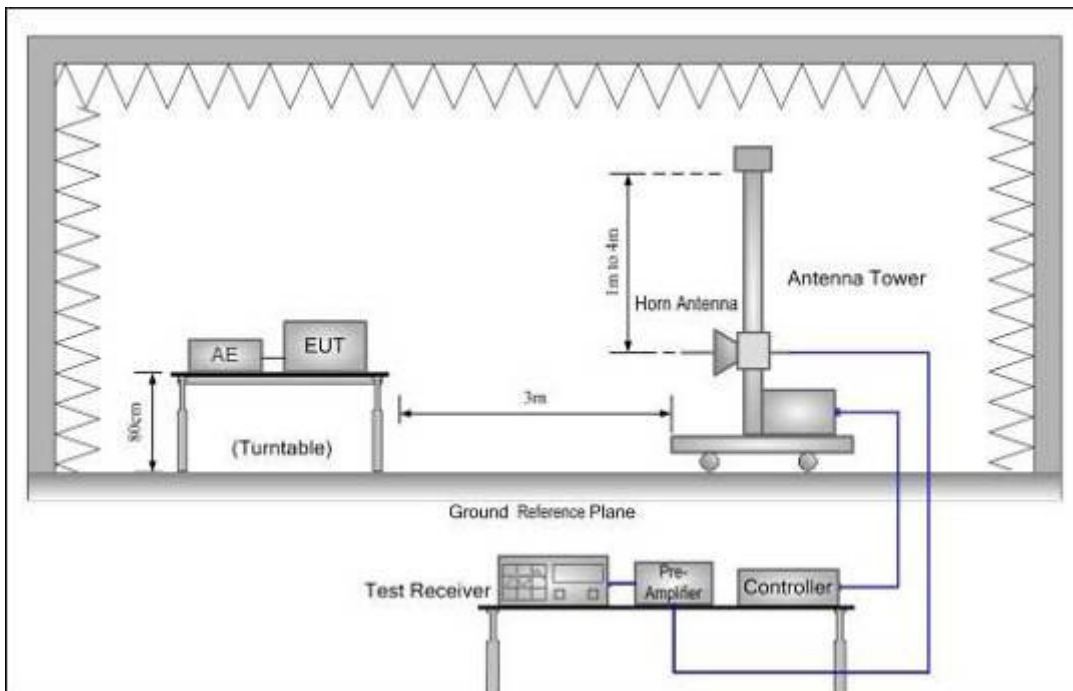
Test Requirement:	FCC 15.247(d) & 15.209
Test Method:	ANSI C63.4 section 8 & 13
Test Status:	Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at lowest channel, Middle, highest channel.  Pre-test the EUT setup as stand-alone in X, Y, Z three axes and charging by PC, found the worst case is in charging.
Detector:	For PK value: RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz VBW $\geq$ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold For AV value: RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz VBW = 10 Hz Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold
15.209 Limit:	40.0 dB $\mu$ V/m between 30 MHz & 88 MHz  43.5 dB $\mu$ V/m between 88 MHz & 216 MHz  46.0 dB $\mu$ V/m between 216 MHz & 960 MHz  54.0 dB $\mu$ V/m above 960 MHz
15.247(d) limit:	(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that  Contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, and provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

## Test Configuration:

- 1) 30MHz to 1GHz emissions:



- 2) 1GHz to 40GHz emissions:





**Test Procedure:** The procedure used was ANSI Standard C63.4-2003. The receiver was scanned from 30MHz to 25GHz. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. The worst case emissions were reported.

Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from  $20\log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$ , in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit.

Submit this data.



## 7.10.1 Harmonic and other spurious emissions

### 7.10.1.1 Test at low Channel in transmitting status

30MHz~1GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
94.978	40.77	9.00	0.90	24.50	26.17	43.50	Vertical
131.850	34.47	12.04	1.00	24.40	23.11	43.50	V
199.990	43.2	10.60	1.20	24.20	30.89	43.50	V
133.790	40.04	11.88	1.00	24.40	28.55	43.50	Horizontal
161.920	41.07	10.12	1.10	24.40	27.89	43.50	H
199.990	47.95	10.60	1.20	24.20	35.55	43.50	H

1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement

#### Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4804.000	33.19	6.20	36.30	42.52	45.62	74.00	V
7206.000	36.00	8.36	32.20	40.01	48.92	74.00	V
9608.000	36.42	8.80	32.50	40.53	52.72	74.00	V
4804.000	33.19	6.90	33.01	43.51	50.59	74.00	H
7206.000	36.08	8.36	32.20	40.24	48.70	74.00	H
9608.000	36.40	8.80	32.50	35.27	48.00	74.00	H

#### Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4804.000	33.19	6.20	36.30	38.56	41.66	54.00	V
7206.000	36.05	8.36	32.20	23.23	35.44	54.00	V
9608.000	36.40	8.80	32.50	21.47	34.17	54.00	V
4804.000	33.19	6.90	33.01	36.58	43.66	54.00	H
7206.000	36.11	8.36	32.20	22.77	35.04	54.00	H
9608.000	36.42	8.80	32.50	22.81	35.53	54.00	H



### 7.10.1.2 Test at middle Channel in transmitting status

30MHz~1GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
95.960	9.24	0.90	24.50	41.55	27.19	43.50	Vertical
128.940	12.26	1.00	24.40	38.81	27.67	43.50	V
198.780	10.58	1.20	24.22	43.33	30.89	43.50	V
94.990	9.00	0.90	24.50	38.36	23.76	43.50	Horizontal
167.740	10.00	1.20	24.34	43.41	30.27	43.50	H
198.780	10.58	1.20	24.22	45.68	33.24	43.50	H

1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement

#### Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4882.000	33.27	7.20	32.97	50.55	58.04	74.00	V
7323.000	36.16	6.95	32.29	36.68	47.50	74.00	V
9764.000	36.40	7.20	32.44	38.44	49.60	74.00	V
4882.000	33.27	7.20	32.97	50.31	57.81	74.00	H
7323.000	36.16	6.95	32.29	36.95	47.77	74.00	H
9764.000	36.40	7.20	32.44	38.19	49.35	74.00	H

#### Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4882.000	33.27	7.20	32.97	42.65	50.14	54.00	V
7323.000	36.16	6.95	32.29	21.99	32.81	54.00	V
9764.000	36.40	7.20	32.44	23.46	34.62	54.00	V
4882.000	33.27	7.20	32.97	45.28	52.78	54.00	H
7323.000	36.16	6.95	32.29	22.45	33.27	54.00	H
9764.000	36.40	7.20	32.44	21.82	32.98	54.00	H



### 7.10.1.3 Test at high Channel in transmitting status

30MHz~1GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
137.670	11.74	1.00	24.40	40.19	28.53	43.50	Vertical
490.750	16.99	2.00	25.40	36.65	30.24	46.00	V
718.700	19.28	2.40	25.399	35.48	31.77	46.00	V
95.925	9.24	0.90	24.50	40.93	26.57	43.50	Horizontal
549.920	18.30	2.10	25.40	33.27	28.27	46.00	H
934.040	20.60	2.70	24.86	35.98	24.42	46.00	H

1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement

#### Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4960.000	33.36	7.33	32.92	50.12	57.90	74.00	V
7440.000	36.23	6.05	32.37	39.49	49.40	74.00	V
9920.000	36.50	7.04	32.50	40.16	51.20	74.00	V
4960.000	33.36	7.33	32.92	50.43	58.20	74.00	H
7440.000	36.23	6.05	32.37	39.82	49.73	74.00	H
9920.000	36.50	7.04	32.50	41.53	52.57	74.00	H

#### Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4960.000	33.36	7.33	32.92	42.56	50.34	54.00	V
7440.000	36.23	6.05	32.37	24.19	34.10	54.00	V
9920.000	36.50	7.04	32.50	23.52	34.56	54.00	V
4960.000	33.36	7.33	32.92	42.57	50.34	54.00	H
7440.000	36.23	6.05	32.37	34.35	44.26	54.00	H
9920.000	36.50	7.04	32.50	31.84	42.88	54.00	H



**Remark:**

1). The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor. Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Final Test Level = Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Factor – Preamplifier Factor.

2). As shown in Section, for frequencies above 1000 MHz. the above field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.

3). The test only perform the EUT in transmitting status since the test frequencies were over 1GHz only required transmitting status.

**Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**



### 7.10.2 Radiated Emissions which fall in the restricted bands

Test Requirement:	Section 15.247(d) In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands. as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).
Test Method:	Base on ANSI 63.4
Test Status:	Test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at lowest channel, Middle, highest channel.  Pre-test the EUT setup as stand-alone in X, Y, Z threes axes and charging by PC, found the worst case is in charging.
Measurement Distance:	3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)
Limit:	40.0 dB $\mu$ V/m between 30MHz & 88MHz; 43.5 dB $\mu$ V/m between 88MHz & 216MHz; 46.0 dB $\mu$ V/m between 216MHz & 960MHz; 54.0 dB $\mu$ V/m above 960MHz.
Detector:	For PK value: RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz VBW $\geq$ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold For AV value: RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz VBW = 10Hz Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold



**Test Result:**

**1. Low Channel**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss(dB)	Preamp factor(dB)	Peak Reading Level (dBμV)	Average Reading Level (dBμV)	Peak Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Average Emission Level (dBμV/m)
2310.000	28.32	4.23	37.03	51.00	32.45	46.52	27.97
2350.000	28.42	4.30	37.10	50.40	31.50	46.02	27.12
2390.000	27.88	4.65	34.30	50.50	31.20	48.73	29.43
2490.000	28.83	4.40	37.00	50.90	32.10	47.13	28.33
2500.000	28.83	4.40	37.00	51.77	32.25	48.00	28.48
2483.500	28.74	4.80	34.73	52.40	34.00	51.21	32.81

**2. Middle Channel**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss(dB)	Preamp factor(dB)	Peak Reading Level (dBμV)	Average Reading Level (dBμV)	Peak Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Average Emission Level (dBμV/m)
2310.000	28.32	4.23	37.03	52.10	33.13	47.62	28.6
2350.000	28.42	4.30	37.10	52.39	33.84	48.01	29.46
2390.000	27.88	4.65	34.30	51.81	32.63	50.04	30.86
2490.000	28.83	4.40	37.00	52.53	33.90	48.76	30.13
2500.000	28.83	4.40	37.00	53.09	34.84	49.32	31.07
2483.500	28.74	4.80	34.73	53.20	34.64	52.01	33.45

**3. High Channel**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss(dB)	Preamp factor(dB)	Peak Reading Level (dBμV)	Average Reading Level (dBμV)	Peak Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Average Emission Level (dBμV/m)
2310.000	28.32	4.23	37.03	52.24	33.34	47.76	28.86
2350.000	28.42	4.30	37.10	53.06	33.59	48.68	29.21
2390.000	27.88	4.65	34.30	51.98	32.84	50.21	31.07
2490.000	28.83	4.40	37.00	53.98	34.51	50.21	30.74
2500.000	28.83	4.40	37.00	54.69	35.30	50.92	31.53
2483.500	28.74	4.80	34.73	53.29	35.33	52.10	34.14

Remark: No any other emission which falls in restricted bands can be detected and be reported.

**Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**



Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section. only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		



## **7.11 Band Edges Requirement**

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C

Test Method: Based on ANSI 63.4

Operation within the band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz

Test Status: Test the EUT in normal mode and EDR mode, found the worst case is in normal mode and report it.

Requirements: Section 15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Method of Measurement: Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with suitable frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.

The band edges was measured and recorded Result:

The Lower Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

The Upper Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

The graph as below. Represents the emissions take for this device.



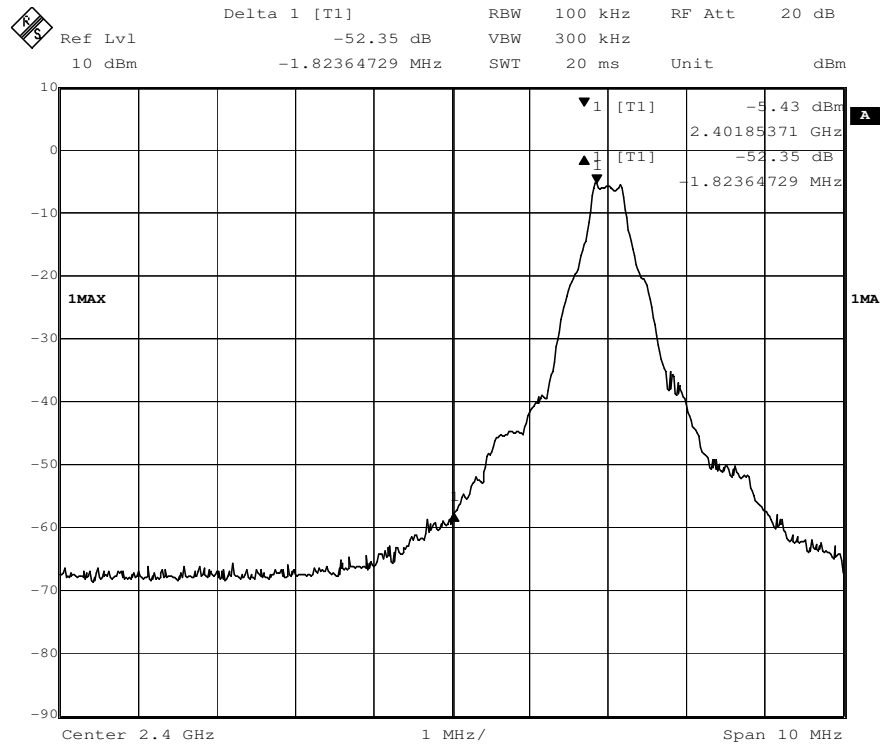
# SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd.

Report No.: GLEMO09120386301

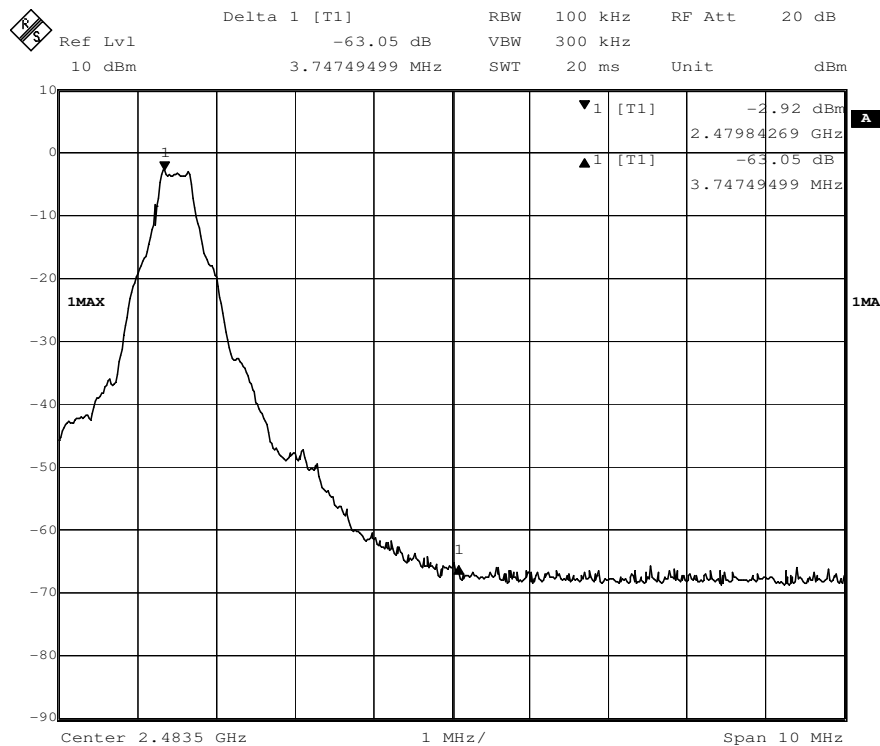
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FCC ID: TNBUNI21

Low channel:



Highest Channel:



Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.