# **User's Manual**

# Version: 2.0

**Wireless LAN Broadband Router** 

#### Trademarks

Copyright @2006 Contents are subject to change without notice. All trademarks belong to their respective proprietors.

#### **Copyright Statement**

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS OF PROPRIETARY TECHNICAL INFORMATION THAT IS THE PROPERTY OF THIS COMPANY. AND NO PART OF THIS DOCUMENTATION MAY BE REPRODUCED, STORED IN A RETRIEVAL SYSTEM OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY FORM OR BY ANY MEANS, ELECTRICAL OR MECHANICAL, BY PHOTOCOPYING, RECORDING, OR OTHERWISE, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THIS COMPANY.

#### **Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

#### FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

## **Table of Contents**

R	EVIS	ION HISTORYI
T	ERMI	NOLOGY II
1	IN	TRODUCTION1
	1.1	PACKAGE CONTENTS
	1.2	PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS
	1.3	PRODUCT FEATURES
	1.4	UPPER PANEL DESCRIPTION
	1.5	REAR PANEL DESCRIPTION
2	IN	STALLATION7
	2.1	HARDWARE INSTALLATION
	2.2	SOFTWARE INSTALLATION
3	SO	FTWARE CONFIGURATION 8
	3.1	PREPARE YOUR PC TO CONFIGURE THE WLAN BROADBAND ROUTER
	3.2	CONNECT TO THE WLAN BROADBAND ROUTER
	3.3	MANAGEMENT AND CONFIGURATION ON THE WLAN BROADBAND ROUTER
	3.3	.1 Status
	3.3	.2 Setup Wizard
	I	Operation Mode
	I	I Time Zone Setting
	I	II LAN Interface Setup
	I	V WAN Interface Setup
	v	V Wireless Basic Settings
	v	VI Wireless Security Setup 15
	3.3	.3 Operation Mode
	3.3	.4 Wireless - Basic Settings
	3.3	.5 Wireless - Advanced Settings
	3.3	.6 Wireless - Security Setup
	I	WEP Key Setup
	3.3	.7 Wireless - Access Control
	3.3	.8 WDS Settings

4

Ι	WDS Security Setup	24
II	WDS AP Table	25
3.3.9	Site Survey	26
3.3.1	0 LAN Interface Setup	26
3.3.1	1 WAN Interface Setup	28
Ι	Static IP	28
II	DHCP Client	30
III	PPPoE	31
IV	7 PPTP	33
3.3.1	2 Firewall - Port Filtering	34
3.3.1	3 Firewall - IP Filtering	35
3.3.1	4 Firewall - MAC Filtering	36
3.3.1	5 Firewall - Port Forwarding	37
3.3.1	6 Firewall – URL Filtering	39
3.3.1	7 Firewall - DMZ	40
3.3.1	8 VPN Setting	40
Ι	VPN Setup - Edit Tunnel	42
II	Advanced IKE Setup	
3.3.1	9 Management - Statistics	45
3.3.2	0 Management - DDNS	46
3.3.2		
3.3.2	6	
3.3.2		
3.3.2		
3.3.2		
3.3.2		
3.3.2	7 Logout	51
FRE	QUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQ)	53
4.1	WHAT AND HOW TO FIND MY PC'S IP AND MAC ADDRESS?	53
4.2	WHAT IS WIRELESS LAN?	53
4.3	WHAT ARE ISM BANDS?	53
4.4	HOW DOES WIRELESS NETWORKING WORK?	53
4.5	WHAT IS BSSID?	54
4.6	WHAT IS ESSID?	54
4.7	WHAT ARE POTENTIAL FACTORS THAT MAY CAUSES INTERFERENCE?	55
4.8	WHAT ARE THE OPEN SYSTEM AND SHARED KEY AUTHENTICATIONS?	55

4.9	WHAT IS WEP?	55
4.10	WHAT IS FRAGMENT THRESHOLD?	55
4.11	WHAT IS RTS (REQUEST TO SEND) THRESHOLD?	56
4.12	WHAT IS BEACON INTERVAL?	56
4.13	WHAT IS PREAMBLE TYPE?	57
4.14	WHAT IS SSID BROADCAST?	57
4.15	WHAT IS WI-FI PROTECTED ACCESS (WPA)?	57
4.16	WHAT IS WPA2?	58
4.17	WHAT IS 802.1X AUTHENTICATION?	58
4.18	WHAT IS TEMPORAL KEY INTEGRITY PROTOCOL (TKIP)?	58
4.19	WHAT IS ADVANCED ENCRYPTION STANDARD (AES)?	58
4.20	WHAT IS INTER-ACCESS POINT PROTOCOL (IAPP)?	58
4.21	WHAT IS WIRELESS DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (WDS)?	59
4.22	WHAT IS UNIVERSAL PLUG AND PLAY (UPNP)?	. 59
4.23	WHAT IS MAXIMUM TRANSMISSION UNIT (MTU) SIZE?	59
4.24	WHAT IS CLONE MAC ADDRESS?	59
4.25	WHAT IS DDNS?	. 59
4.26	WHAT IS NTP CLIENT?	59
4.27	WHAT IS VPN?	59
4.28	WHAT IS IPSEC?	60
5.1 Ex	XAMPLE ONE – PPPOE ON THE WAN	61
5.2 Ex	XAMPLE TWO – FIXED IP ON THE WAN	63

## **Revision History**

DATE	REVISION OF USER'S MANUAL	FIRMWARE
2006/12/30	Version 2.0	(g/v)1.4.1

Version: 2.0

## Terminology

3DES	Triple Data Encryption Standard
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
AP	Access Point
ССК	Complementary Code Keying
CSMA/CA	Carrier Sense Multiple Access/ Collision Avoidance
CSMA/CD	Carrier Sense Multiple Access/ Collision Detection
DDNS	Dynamic Domain Name Server
DH	Diffie-Hellman Algorithm
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DSSS	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum
EAP	Extensible Authentication Protocol
ESP	Encapsulating Security Payload
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
IKE	Internet Key Exchange
IP	Internet Protocol
ISM	Industrial, Scientific and Medical
LAN	Local Area Network
MAC	Media Access Control
MD5	Message Digest 5
NAT	Network Address Translation
NT	Network Termination
NTP	Network Time Protocol
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol
PSD	Power Spectral Density
RF	Radio Frequency
SHA1	Secure Hash Algorithm
SNR	Signal to Noise Ratio
SSID	Service Set Identification
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol
TFTP	Trivial File Transfer Protocol

Version: 2.0

TKIP	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol
UPNP	Universal Plug and Play
VPN	Virtual Private Network
WDS	Wireless Distribution System
WEP	Wired Equivalent Privacy
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
WPA	Wi-Fi Protected Access

## 1 Introduction

The Wireless LAN Broadband Router is an affordable IEEE 802.11b/g wireless LAN broadband router solution; setting SOHO and enterprise standard for high performance, secure, manageable and reliable WLAN.

This document describes the steps required for the initial IP address assign and other WLAN router configuration. The description includes the implementation of the above steps.

## 1.1 Package contents

The package of the WLAN Broadband Router includes the following items,

- ✓ The WLAN Broadband Router
- $\checkmark$  The AC to DC power adapter
- $\checkmark$  The Documentation CD
- ✓ 1.8M RJ-45 Cable Line (Option)

#### **1.2 Product Specifications**

Product Name	WLAN Broadband Router
Standard	802.11b/g(Wireless), 802.3(10BaseT), 802.3u(100BaseT)
Data Transfer Rate	54Mbps(Wireless), 100Mbps(Ethernet)
Modulation Method	CCK(802.11b), OFDM(802.11g)
Frequency Band	2.4GHz – 2.497GJz ISM Band, DSSS
RF Output Power	CCK< 17 dBm, OFDM< 13.5 dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	802.11b -80 dBm@8%, 802.11g -68 dBm@5%
Operation Range	30 to 280 meters (depend on surrounding)
Antenna	External Antenna
LED	Power, Active (WLAN/Ethernet)
Security	64 bit/ 128 bit WEP, WPA, WPA2, port filtering, IP filtering,
	MAC filtering, port forwarding and DMZ hosting
LAN interface	One 10/100BaseT with RJ45 connector (WAN)
	Four 10/100BaseT with RJ45 connectors (LAN)
Power Consumption	7.5V DC Power Adapter
Operating Temperature	$0 \sim 50^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature
Storage Temperature	$-20 \sim 70^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature
Humidity	5 to 90 % maximum (non-condensing)
Dimension	141.19*92.99*28.50

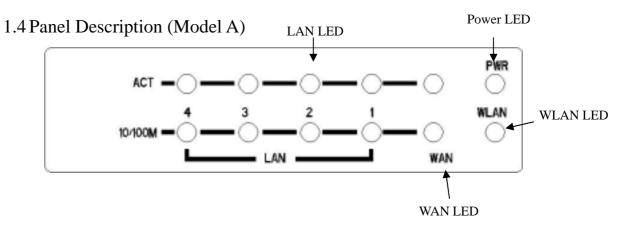
## **1.3 Product Features**

## Generic Router

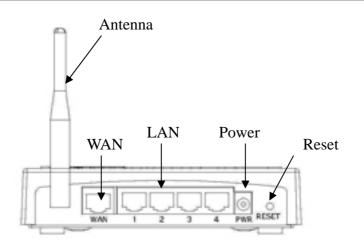
- Complies with IEEE 802.11b/g standard for 2.4GHz Wireless LAN.
- Supports multi-operation (bridge/gateway/WISP) modes between wireless and wired Ethernet interfaces.
- Supports 64-bit and 128-bit WEP, WPA, WPA2 encryption/decryption function to protect the wireless data transmission.
- Supports IEEE 802.1x Authentication.
- Support Wi-Fi Protected Access Authentication with Radius and Pre-Shared Key mode.
- Supports Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP).
- Supports Wireless Distribution System (WDS).
- Supports IEEE 802.3x full duplex flow control on 10/100M Ethernet interface.
- Supports DHCP server to provide clients auto IP addresses assignment.
- Supports DHCP client for WAN interface auto IP address assignment from ISP.
- Supports PPPoE on WAN interface.
- Supports PPTP Client on Ethernet WAN interface.
- Supports clone MAC address function.
- Supports firewall security with port filtering, IP filtering, MAC filtering, port forwarding, trigger port, DMZ hosting and URL filtering functions.
- Supports WEB based management and configuration.
- Supports UPnP for automatic Internet access.
- Supports Dynamic DNS service.
- Supports NTP client service.
- Supports Log table and remote Log service.
- Support Setup Wizard mode.
- Support DoS (Denial of Service) function.

#### VPN Router

- Supports Virtual Private Network (VPN) connection.
- Supports IPSEC tunnel encryption(3DES/AES128) and authentication(MD5/SHA1)



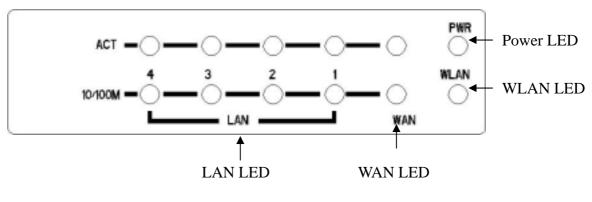
LED Indicator	State	Description
1. Power LED	On	The WLAN Broadband Router is powered on.
	Off	The WLAN Broadband Router is powered off.
2. WLAN LED	Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving on the
		antenna.
	Off	No data is transmitting or receiving on the
		antenna.
3. LAN LED		
ACT	Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving on the LAN
		interface.
	On	Port linked.
	Off	No link.
4. WAN LED		
ACT	Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving on the WAN
		interface.
	On	Port linked.
	Off	No link.



The antenna is unquie type with special size and cannot be replaced by end user.

Interfaces		Description	
1.	Antenna (Fixed)	The Wireless LAN Antenna.	
2.	Power	The power jack allows an external DC +7.5 V power supply connection. The external AC to DC adaptor provide adaptive power requirement to the WLAN Breadband Pouter	
3.	LAN	requirement to the WLAN Broadband Router. The RJ-45 sockets allow LAN connection through Category 5 cables. Support auto-sensing on 10/100M speed and half/ full duplex; comply with IEEE 802.3/ 802.3u respectively.	
4.	WAN	The RJ-45 socket allows WAN connection through a Category 5 cable. Support auto-sensing on 10/100M speed and half/ full duplex; comply with IEEE 802.3/ 802.3u respectively.	
5.	Reset	Push continually the reset button 5 ~ 10 seconds to reset the configuration parameters to factory defaults.	

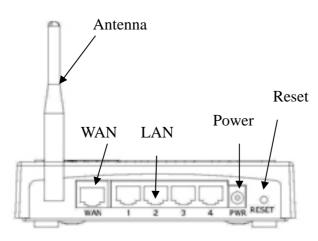
## 1.5 Panel Description (Model B)



Version: 2.0

Version: 2.0

LED Indicator	State	Description	
1. Power LED	On	The WLAN Broadband Router is powered on.	
	Off	The WLAN Broadband Router is powered off.	
2. WLAN LED	Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving on the	
		antenna.	
	Off	No data is transmitting or receiving on the	
		antenna.	
3. WAN LED			
ACT	Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving on the WAN	
		interface.	
	Off	No data is transmitting or receiving on the	
		WAN interface.	
10/100M	On	Connection speed is 100Mbps on WAN	
		interface.	
	Off	Connection speed is 10Mbps on WAN	
		interface.	
4. LAN LED			
ACT	Flashing	Data is transmitting or receiving on the LAN	
		interface.	
	Off	No data is transmitting or receiving on the LAN	
		interface.	
10/100M	On	Connection speed is 100Mbps on LAN	
		interface.	
	Off	Connection speed is 10Mbps on LAN interface.	



Interfaces	Description
1. Antenna	The Wireless LAN Antenna.
2. Reset	Push continually the reset button $5 \sim 10$ seconds to reset the
	configuration parameters to factory defaults.
3. WAN	The RJ-45 socket allows WAN connection through a Category
	5 cable. Support auto-sensing on 10/100M speed and half/ full
	duplex; comply with IEEE 802.3/ 802.3u respectively.
4. LAN	The RJ-45 sockets allow LAN connection through Category 5
	cables. Support auto-sensing on 10/100M speed and half/ full
	duplex; comply with IEEE 802.3/ 802.3u respectively.
5. Power	The power jack allows an external DC +7.5 V power supply
	connection.
	The external AC to DC adaptor provide adaptive power
	requirement to the WLAN Broadband Router.

## 2 Installation

## 2.1 Hardware Installation

- Step 1: Place the Wireless LAN Broadband Router to the best optimum transmission location. The best transmission location for your WLAN Broadband Router is usually at the geographic center of your wireless network, with line of sign to all of your mobile stations.
- Step 2: Connect the WLAN Broadband Router to your wired network. Connect the Ethernet WAN interface of WLAN Broadband Router by category 5 Ethernet cable to your switch/ hub/ xDSL modem or cable modem. A straight-through Ethernet cable with appropriate cable length is needed.
- Step 3: Supply DC power to the WLAN Broadband Router. Use only the AC/DC power adapter supplied with the WLAN Broadband Router; it may occur damage by using a different type of power adapter.

The hardware installation finished.

#### 2.2 Software Installation

There are no software drivers, patches or utilities installation needed, but only the configuration setting. Please refer to chapter 3 for software configuration.

Notice: It will take about 55 seconds to complete the boot up sequence after powered on the WLAN Broadband Router; Power LED will be active, and after that the WLAN Activity LED will be flashing to show the WLAN interface is enabled and working now.

## 3 Software configuration

There are web based management and configuration functions allowing you to have the jobs done easily.

The WLAN Broadband Router is delivered with the following factory default parameters on the Ethernet LAN interfaces.

Default IP Address: *192.168.1.254* Default IP subnet mask: *255.255.255.0* WEB login User Name: *<empty>* WEB login Password: *<empty>* 

- 3.1 Prepare your PC to configure the WLAN Broadband Router For OS of Microsoft Windows 95/ 98/ Me:
  - Click the *Start* button and select *Settings*, then click *Control Panel*. The *Control Panel* window will appear.
     Note: Windows Me users may not see the Network control panel. If so, *select* View all Control Panel options on the left side of the window
  - 2. Move mouse and double-click the right button on *Network* icon. The *Network* window will appear.
  - 3. Check the installed list of *Network Components*. If TCP/IP is not installed, click the *Add* button to install it; otherwise go to step 6.
  - 4. Select *Protocol* in the *Network Component Type* dialog box and click *Add* button.
  - 5. Select *TCP/IP* in *Microsoft* of *Select Network Protocol* dialog box then click OK button to install the TCP/IP protocol, it may need the Microsoft Windows CD to complete the installation. Close and go back to *Network* dialog box after the TCP/IP installation.
  - 6. Select *TCP/IP* and click the *properties* button on the *Network* dialog box.
  - 7. Select *Specify an IP address* and type in values as following example.
    - ✓ IP Address: 192.168.1.1, any IP address within 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253 is good to connect the Wireless LAN Access Point.
    - ✓ IP Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
  - 8. Click OK and reboot your PC after completes the IP parameters setting.

#### For OS of Microsoft Windows 2000, XP:

1. Click the Start button and select Settings, then click Control Panel. The Control

Panel window will appear.

- Move mouse and double-click the right button on *Network and Dial-up Connections* icon. Move mouse and double-click the *Local Area Connection* icon. The *Local Area Connection* window will appear. Click *Properties* button in the *Local Area Connection* window.
- 3. Check the installed list of *Network Components*. If TCP/IP is not installed, click the *Add* button to install it; otherwise go to step 6.
- 4. Select *Protocol* in the *Network Component Type* dialog box and click *Add* button.
- 5. Select *TCP/IP* in *Microsoft* of *Select Network Protocol* dialog box then click OK button to install the TCP/IP protocol, it may need the Microsoft Windows CD to complete the installation. Close and go back to *Network* dialog box after the TCP/IP installation.
- 6. Select *TCP/IP* and click the *properties* button on the *Network* dialog box.
- 7. Select *Specify an IP address* and type in values as following example.
  - ✓ IP Address: 192.168.1.1, any IP address within 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253 is good to connect the Wireless LAN Access Point.
  - ✓ IP Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- 8. Click OK to completes the IP parameters setting.

#### For OS of Microsoft Windows NT:

- Click the *Start* button and select *Settings*, then click *Control Panel*. The *Control Panel* window will appear.
- 2. Move mouse and double-click the right button on *Network* icon. The *Network* window will appear. Click *Protocol* tab from the *Network* window.
- 3. Check the installed list of *Network Protocol* window. If TCP/IP is not installed, click the *Add* button to install it; otherwise go to step 6.
- 4. Select *Protocol* in the *Network Component Type* dialog box and click *Add* button.
- 5. Select *TCP/IP* in *Microsoft* of *Select Network Protocol* dialog box then click OK button to install the TCP/IP protocol, it may need the Microsoft Windows CD to complete the installation. Close and go back to *Network* dialog box after the TCP/IP installation.
- 6. Select *TCP/IP* and click the *properties* button on the *Network* dialog box.
- 7. Select *Specify an IP address* and type in values as following example.
  - ✓ IP Address: 192.168.1.1, any IP address within 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253 is good to connect the Wireless LAN Access Point.
  - ✓ IP Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- 8. Click OK to complete the IP parameters setting.

#### 3.2 Connect to the WLAN Broadband Router

Open a WEB browser, i.e. Microsoft Internet Explore, then enter 192.168.1.254 on the URL to connect the WLAN Broadband Router.

#### 3.3 Management and configuration on the WLAN Broadband Router

## 3.3.1 Status

This page shows the current status and some basic settings of the device, includes system, wireless, Ethernet LAN and WAN configuration information.

This page shows the current state	as and some basic settings of the device.	
System		
Uptime	0day:0h:2m:21s	
Firmware Version	v1.2.0	
Wireless Configuration		
Møde	AP	
Band	2.4 GHz (B+G)	
SSID	MyWLAN	
Channel Number	11	
Encryption	Disabled	
BSSID	00:02:72:00:\$1:86	
Associated Clients	1	
ICP/IP Configuration		
Attain IP Protocol	Fixed IP	
IP Address	192.168.1.254	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	192.168.1.254	
DHCP Server	Enabled	
MAC Address	00:02:72:00:\$1:86	
WAN Configuration		
Attain IP Protocol	DHCP	
IP Address	192.168.0.107	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	192.168.0.10	

#### Screen snapshot - Status

Item	Description
System	
Uptime	It shows the duration since WLAN Broadband Router is powered on.
Firmware version	It shows the firmware version of WLAN Broadband
	Router.

Version: 2.0

Mode	It shows wireless operation mode
Band	It shows the current wireless operating frequency.
SSID	It shows the SSID of this WLAN Broadband Router.
	The SSID is the unique name of WLAN Broadband
	Router and shared among its service area, so all devices
	attempts to join the same wireless network can identify it
Channel Number	It shows the wireless channel connected currently.
Encryption	It shows the status of encryption function.
BSSID	It shows the BSSID address of the WLAN Broadband
	Router. BSSID is a six-byte address.
Associated Clients	It shows the number of connected clients (or stations,
	PCs).
TCP/IP configuration	
Attain IP Protocol	It shows type of connection.
IP Address	It shows the IP address of LAN interfaces of WLAN
	Broadband Router.
Subnet Mask	It shows the IP subnet mask of LAN interfaces of WLAN
	Broadband Router.
Default Gateway	It shows the default gateway setting for LAN interfaces
	outgoing data packets.
DHCP Server	It shows the DHCP server is enabled or not.
MAC Address	It shows the MAC address of LAN interfaces of WLAN
	Broadband Router.
WAN configuration	
Attain IP Protocol	It shows how the WLAN Broadband Router gets the IP
	address. The IP address can be set manually to a fixed
	one or set dynamically by DHCP server or attain IP by
	PPPoE / PPTP connection.
IP Address	It shows the IP address of WAN interface of WLAN
	Broadband Router.
Subnet Mask	It shows the IP subnet mask of WAN interface of WLAN
	Broadband Router.
Default Gateway	It shows the default gateway setting for WAN interface
	outgoing data packets.
MAC Address	It shows the MAC address of WAN interface of WLAN

Broadband Router.

#### 3.3.2 Setup Wizard

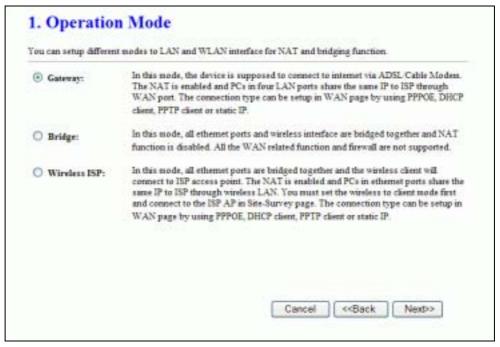
This page guides you to configure wireless broadband router for first time

The se	etup witaed will guide you to configure access point for first time. Please follow the setup witaed step by
Welco	one to Setup Wizard.
The W	'izard will guide you the through following steps. Begin by clicking on Next.
123456	Choose your Time Zone Setup LAN Interface Setup WAN Interface Wireless LAN Setting

Screen snapshot - Setup Wizard

#### I Operation Mode

This page followed by Setup Wizard page to define the operation mode.



Screen snapshot - Operation Mode

## II Time Zone Setting

This page is used to enable and configure NTP client

Enable NTP client update	
Eashle NTP client update	
Time Zone Select : (CM)	F+08:00)Tome: -
NTP server : 1921	141-41 - North America.

Screen snapshot - Time Zone Settings

#### III LAN Interface Setup

This page is used to configure local area network IP address and subnet mask

Access Form. Nets you n	say change the setting for IP a	addresss, subnet mask, DHCP, etc.
P Address:	192.168.1.254	
Subnet Mask:	255 255 255 0	

Screen snapshot – LAN Interface Setup

## IV WAN Interface Setup

This page is used to configure WAN access type

	may change the access metho	met network which connects to the WAN port of y of to static IP, DHCP, PPPoE or PPTP by click the i
WAN Access Type:	DHCP Client	

Screen snapshot – WAN Interface Setup

V Wireless Basic Settings

This page is used to configure basic wireless parameters like Band, Mode, Network Type SSID, Channel Number, Enable Mac Clone(Single Ethernet Client)

Band:	2.4 GHz (G) 🐱	
Mode	AP 🛩	
Network Type:	hfurtoctur -	
SSID:	MyWLAN	
Chanael Number:	11 💌	

Screen snapshot - Wireless Basic Settings

## VI Wireless Security Setup

This page is used to configure wireless security

Screen snapshot – Wireless Security Setup

#### 3.3.3 Operation Mode

This page is used to configure which mode wireless broadband router acts

'ou can setup differ	ent modes to LAN and WLAN interface for NAT and bridging function.
Catenay:	In this mode, the device is supposed to connect to internet via ADSL/Cable Moders. The NAT is enabled and PCs in LAN ports share the same IP to ISP through WAN port. The connection type can be setup in WAN page by using PPPOE, DHCP client, PPTP client or static IP.
O Bridge:	in this mode, all ethemet ports and wireless interface are bridged together and NAT function is disabled. All the WAN related function and firewall are not supported.
O Wireless ISP:	In this mode, all ethemet ports are bridged together and the wireless client will connect to ISP access point. The NAT is enabled and PCs in ethemet ports share the same IP to ISP through wireless LAN. You must set the wireless to client mode first and connect to the ISP AP in Site-Survey page. The connection type can be setup in WAN page by using PPPOE, DHCP client, PPTP client or static IP.

Screen snapshot - Operation Mode

Item	Description
Gateway	Traditional gateway configuration. It always connects
	internet via ADSL/Cable Modem. LAN interface, WAN

	interface, Wireless interface, NAT and Firewall modules
	are applied to this mode
Bridge	Each interface (LAN, WAN and Wireless) regards as
	bridge. NAT, Firewall and all router's functions are not
	supported
Wireless ISP	Switch Wireless interface to WAN port and all Ethernet
	ports in bridge mode. Wireless interface can do all
	router's functions
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

## 3.3.4 Wireless - Basic Settings

This page is used to configure the parameters for wireless LAN clients that may connect to your Broadband Router. Here you may change wireless encryption settings as well as wireless network parameters.

	nfigure the parameters for wireless LAN clients which may co e you may change wireless encryption settings as well as wir	
Disable Wireless	LAN Interface	
Band:	2.4 GHz (B+G) 💌	
Mode:	AP 👻	
Network Type:	Infrastructure 😪	
SSID:	MyMLAN	
Channel Number:	11 💌	
Associated Clients:	Show Active Clients	
Enable Mac Close	e (Single Ethernet Client)	
Enable Universal	Repeater Mode (Acting as AP and client simultaneouly)	
SSID of Extended Inte	rface:	

Screen snapshot - Wireless Basic Settings

Version: 2.0

Item	Description
Disable Wireless LAN	Click on to disable the wireless LAN data transmission.
Interface	
Band	Click to select 2.4GHz(B) / 2.4GHz(G) / 2.4GHz(B+G)
Mode	Click to select the WLAN AP / Client / WDS / AP+WDS
	wireless mode.
Site Survey	The Site Survey button provides tool to scan the wireless
	network. If any Access Point or IBSS is found, you could
	choose to connect it manually when client mode is
	enabled. Refer to 3.3.9 Site Survey.
SSID	It is the wireless network name. The SSID can be 32
	bytes long.
Channel Number	Select the wireless communication channel from
	pull-down menu.
Associated Clients	Click the Show Active Clients button to open Active
	Wireless Client Table that shows the MAC address,
	transmit-packet, receive-packet and transmission-rate for
	each associated wireless client.
Enable Mac Clone	Take Laptop NIC MAC address as wireless client MAC
(Single Ethernet Client)	) address. [Client Mode only]
Enable Universal	Click to enable Universal Repeater Mode
Repeater Mode	
SSID of Extended	Assign SSID when enables Universal Repeater Mode.
Interface	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

## 3.3.5 Wireless - Advanced Settings

These settings are only for more technically advanced users who have a sufficient knowledge about wireless LAN. These settings should not be changed unless you know what effect the changes will have on your WLAN Broadband Router.

Version: 2.0

	or more technically advanced users who have a sufficient knowledg se settings should not be changed unless you know what effect the r Access Point.
Authentication Type:	Open System OShared Key @Auto
Fragment Threshold:	2346 (256-2346)
RTS Threshold:	2347 (0-2347)
Beacon Interval:	100 (20-1024 ms)
Data Rate:	Auto 😪
Preamble Type:	Long Preamble     O Short Preamble
Broadcast SSID:	Enabled ODisabled
IAPP:	Enabled      Disabled
802.11g Protection:	Enabled O Disabled
RF Output Power:	€ 100% ○ 50% ○ 25% ○ 10% ○ 5%
Turbo Mode:	⊙Auto ○Always ○Off
	Note: "Always" may have compatibility issue. "Auto" will only work with Realtek product.

Screen snapshot - Wireless Advanced Settings

Item	Description	
Authentication Type	Click to select the authentication type in <b>Open System</b> ,	
	Shared Key or Auto selection.	
Fragment Threshold	Set the data packet fragmentation threshold, value can be	
	written between 256 and 2346 bytes.	
	Refer to 4.10 What is Fragment Threshold?	
RTS Threshold	Set the RTS Threshold, value can be written between 0	
	and 2347 bytes.	
	Refer to <u>4.11 What is RTS(Request To Send) Threshold?</u>	
Beacon Interval	Set the Beacon Interval, value can be written between 20	
	and 1024 ms.	
	Refer to 4.12 What is Beacon Interval?	
Data Rate	Select the transmission data rate from pull-down menu.	
	Data rate can be auto-select, 11M, 5.5M, 2M or 1Mbps.	
Preamble Type	Click to select the <i>Long Preamble</i> or <i>Short Preamble</i>	
	support on the wireless data packet transmission.	

Version: 2.0

	Refer to <u>4.13 What is Preamble Type?</u>	
Broadcast SSID	Click to enable or disable the SSID broadcast function.	
	Refer to 4.14 What is SSID Broadcast?	
IAPP	Click to enable or disable the IAPP function.	
	Refer to 4.20 What is Inter-Access Point Protocol(IAPP)?	
802.11g Protection	Protect 802.11b user.	
RF Output Power	To adjust transmission power level.	
Turbo Mode	Click to enable/disable turbo mode.(Only apply to	
	WLAN IC of Realtek).	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new	
	configuration setting.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	

## 3.3.6 Wireless - Security Setup

This page allows you setup the wireless security. Turn on WEP, WPA, WPA2 by using encryption keys could prevent any unauthorized access to your wireless network.

event any unauthorized access to	your wireless network.
ncryption: None 🛩	Set WEP Key
Use 802.1x Authentication	WEP 64bits      WEP 128bits
VPA Authentication Mode:	Enterprise (RADIUS)      Personal (Pre-Shared Key)
re-Shared Key Format:	Passphrase ~
re-Shared Key:	
Enable Pre-Authentication	
uthentication RADIUS Server:	Port 1812 IP address Password
lote: When encryption WEP is sel	ested, you must set WEP key value.

Screen snapshot – Wireless Security Setup

Item	Description
Encryption	Select the encryption supported over wireless access. The

	encryption method can be None, WEP, WPA(TKIP),
	WPA2 or WPA2 Mixed
	Refer to <u>4.9 What is WEP?</u>
	4.15 What is Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)?
	4.16 What is WPA2(AES)?
	4.17 What is 802.1X Authentication?
	4.18 What is Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)?
	4.19 What is Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)?
Use 802.1x	While Encryption is selected to be WEP.
Authentication	Click the check box to enable IEEE 802.1x
	authentication function.
	Refer to 4.16 What is 802.1x Authentication?
WPA Authentication	While Encryption is selected to be WPA.
Mode	Click to select the WPA Authentication Mode with
	Enterprise (RADIUS) or Personal (Pre-Shared Key).
	Refer to 4.15 What is Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)?
Pre-Shared Key Format	While Encryption is selected to be WPA.
	Select the Pre-shared key format from the pull-down
	menu. The format can be Passphrase or Hex (64
	characters). [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key) only]
Pre-Shared Key	Fill in the key value. [WPA, Personal(Pre-Shared Key)
	only]
Enable	Click to enable Pre-Authentication. [WPA2/WPA2
Pre-Authentication	Mixed only, Enterprise only]
Authentication	Set the IP address, port and login password information
RADIUS Server	of authentication RADIUS sever.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
0	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

Ι

Version: 2.0

## WEP Key Setup

	p the WEP key value. You could choose use 64-bit or 128-bit as the encryption fex as the format of input value.
Key Length:	64-bir 🐱
Key Format:	Hen (10 characters) 🐱
Default Tx Key:	Key 1 💌
Encryption Key 1:	********
Eacryption Key 2:	********
Encryption Key 3:	
Encryption Key 4:	

## Screen snapshot - WEP Key Setup

Item	Description	
Key Length	Select the WEP shared secret key length from pull-down	
	menu. The length can be chose between 64-bit and	
	128-bit (known as "WEP2") keys.	
	The WEP key is composed of initialization vector (24	
	bits) and secret key (40-bit or 104-bit).	
Key Format	Select the WEP shared secret key format from pull-down	
	menu. The format can be chose between plant text	
	(ASCII) and hexadecimal (HEX) code.	
Default Tx Key	Set the default secret key for WEP security function.	
	Value can be chose between 1 and 4.	
Encryption Key 1	Secret key 1 of WEP security encryption function.	
Encryption Key 2	Secret key 2 of WEP security encryption function.	
Encryption Key 3	Secret key 3 of WEP security encryption function.	
Encryption Key 4	Secret key 4 of WEP security encryption function.	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new	
	configuration setting.	
Close	Click to close this WEP Key setup window.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	

#### previous configuration setting.

WEP encryption key	(secret key) length:
--------------------	----------------------

Length Format	64-bit	128-bit
ASCII	5 characters	13 characters
HEX	10 hexadecimal codes	26 hexadecimal codes

## 3.3.7 Wireless - Access Control

If you enable wireless access control, only those clients whose wireless MAC addresses are in the access control list will be able to connect to your Access Point. When this option is enabled, no wireless clients will be able to connect if the list contains no entries.

vil be able to connect to yo vil not be able to connect th	ur Access Point. When 'Den	wireless MAC addresses are i y Listed' is selected, these wir	
Wireless Access Control M	Inde: Allow Listed 💌		
MAC Address:	Comment:		
Apply Changes	Reset		
	sti		
Current Access Control Lis		Comment	Select
Current Access Control Li MAC Add			
		ST-1	

Screen snapshot - Wireless Access Control

Item	Description
Wireless Access	Click the Disabled, Allow Listed or Deny Listed of drop
Control Mode	down menu choose wireless access control mode.
	This is a security control function; only those clients
	registered in the access control list can link to this
	WLAN Broadband Router.
MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address of client to register this WLAN

Version: 2.0

	Broadband Router access capability.
Comment	Fill in the comment tag for the registered client.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the client to
	new configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Current Access Control	It shows the registered clients that are allowed to link to
List	this WLAN Broadband Router.
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected clients that will be access
	right removed from this WLAN Broadband Router.
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered clients from the access
	allowed list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

## 3.3.8 WDS Settings

Wireless Distribution System uses wireless media to communicate with other APs, like the Ethernet does. To do this, you must set these APs in the same channel and set MAC address of other AP that you want to communicate with in the table and then enable the WDS.

ommunicate with in the table and then enable the V	VDS.	sh you want to
Enable WDS		
dd WDS AP: MAC Address	Comment	
Apply Changes Reset Set S	Show Statistics	
Current WDS AP List:		
MAC Address	Comment	Select
	AP-1	
00:02:72:81:86:0a		

Screen snapshot - WDS Setup

Version: 2.0

Item	Description
Enable WDS	Click the check box to enable wireless distribution
	system. Refer to <u>4.21 What is Wireless Distribution</u>
	System (WDS)?
MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address of AP to register the wireless
	distribution system access capability.
Comment	Fill in the comment tag for the registered AP.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the AP to new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Set Security	Click button to configure wireless security like
	WEP(64bits), WEP(128bits), WPA(TKIP), WPA2(AES)
	or <i>None</i>
Show Statistics	It shows the TX, RX packets, rate statistics
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected clients that will be removed
	from the wireless distribution system.
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered APs from the wireless
	distribution system allowed list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

## I WDS Security Setup

Requirement: Set [Wireless]->[Basic Settings]->[Mode]->AP+WDS This page is used to configure the wireless security between APs. Refer to 3.3.6 Wireless Security Setup.

Version: 2.0

	the wireless security for WDS. When enabled, you must make adopted the same encryption algorithm and Key.
Encryption:	None
WEP Key Format:	ASCII (5 characters) ~
WEP Key:	******
Pre-Shared Key Format:	Passphrase
Pre-Shared Key:	

Screen snapshot – WDS Security Setup

## II WDS AP Table

This page is used to show WDS statistics

This table shows the N information for each co			iption packet c	ounters and state
arounation for each ce	angueu w Do Ar	•		
	_	-	-	
MAC Address	Tx Packets	Tx Errors	Rx Packets	Tx Rate (Mbps)
MAC Address				
00:02:72:81:86:0a	22	0	0	1

Screen snapshot – WDS AP Table

Item	Description
MAC Address	It shows the MAC Address within WDS.
Tx Packets	It shows the statistic count of sent packets on the wireless
	LAN interface.
Tx Errors	It shows the statistic count of error sent packets on the
	Wireless LAN interface.
Rx Packets	It shows the statistic count of received packets on the
	wireless LAN interface.

Tx Rare (Mbps)	It shows the wireless link rate within WDS.
Refresh	Click to refresh the statistic counters on the screen.
Close	Click to close the current window.

## 3.3.9 Site Survey

This page is used to view or configure other APs near yours.

his page provides tool to scan sansally when client mode is a	the wintless network. If any A mabled,	como Point or	IB/S a to	und, you coui	d choose to o	consect in
2210	CHIZZH	Chanad	Type	Earrypt	Signal	Scient
Mywlan	00:02:72:00:01:86	11 (B+G)	AP	30	90	0
laut-Win	00/02/72-fl 02 až	6(田)	AP	80	76	0
RTL8186-VPN-GW	00x0.4c.81.86.23	11 (B+G)	AP	80	66	0
Sales	00:02:72:04:68:92	11 (E)	AP	yes	53	0
Teltom_Office	00.02.72.00.93.fb	9 (B)	AP	yes	35	0
alex	di64c fc:00 2a d4	1 (E)	Ailloc.	80	32	0
MyWLAN	00:02:72:45:15:99	11 (B+G)	AP	30	32	0

<u>Screen snapshot – Wireless Site Survey</u>

Item	Description
SSID	It shows the SSID of AP.
BSSID	It shows BSSID of AP.
Channel	It show the current channel of AP occupied.
Туре	It show which type AP acts.
Encrypt	It shows the encryption status.
Signal	It shows the power level of current AP.
Select	Click to select AP or client you'd like to connect.
Refresh	Click the <i>Refresh</i> button to re-scan site survey on the
	screen.
Connect	Click the <i>Connect</i> button to establish connection.

## 3.3.10 LAN Interface Setup

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network that connects to the LAN ports of your WLAN Broadband Router. Here you may

change the setting for IP address, subnet mask, DHCP, etc.

	gure the parameters for local area network which connects to the Point. Here you may change the setting for IP addresss, subnet
IP Address:	192.168.1.254
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
DHCP:	Server 🛩
DHCP Client Range:	192.168.1.100 - 192.168.1.200 Show Client
DNS Server:	
Domain Name:	
802.1d Spanning Tree:	Disabled 🛩
Clone MAC Address:	00000000000

Screen snapshot – LAN Interface Setup

Item	Description
IP Address	Fill in the IP address of LAN interfaces of this WLAN
	Access Point.
Subnet Mask	Fill in the subnet mask of LAN interfaces of this WLAN
	Access Point.
Default Gateway	Fill in the default gateway for LAN interfaces out going
	data packets.
DHCP	Click to select Disabled, Client or Server in different
	operation mode of wireless Access Point.
DHCP Client Range	Fill in the start IP address and end IP address to allocate a
	range of IP addresses; client with DHCP function set will
	be assigned an IP address from the range.
Show Client	Click to open the Active DHCP Client Table window that
	shows the active clients with their assigned IP address,
	MAC address and time expired information. [Server
	mode only]

DNS Server	Manual setup DNS server IP address.
Domain Name	Assign Domain Name and dispatch to DHCP clients. It is
	optional field.
802.1d Spanning Tree	Select to enable or disable the IEEE 802.1d Spanning
	Tree function from pull-down menu.
Clone MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be
	cloned. Refer to <u>4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?</u>
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

## 3.3.11 WAN Interface Setup

This page is used to configure the parameters for wide area network that connects to the WAN port of your WLAN Broadband Router. Here you may change the access method to *Static IP*, *DHCP*, *PPPoE* or *PPTP* by click the item value of **WAN Access Type**.

Ι

	et the parameters for latences served; which counters to the WAN port of your Acars the access sorthood to status IP, DHCP, PPPsE or PPTP by datis the team when of
WAN Access Type:	Inter P
IP Address:	1723.1.3
Subart Mark	255.255.256.0
Default Gateway:	172.1.1.254
MTU Sian	1400 (1400-1500 lights)
DMS 1:	
DNS 2:	
DNS 3	
Close MAC Address	0000000000
Easible aPMP	
E Hable Fing Acces	s on WAN
Esable Web Serve	a Access on WAN
E Bable Pret pass	through on VPN connection
E Hashle PPTP para	through on VPN connection
E Bashle L2TP page	through on VIW connection.

Screen snapshot - WAN Interface Setup - Static IP

Item

Description

Version: 2.0

Static IP	Click to select Static IP support on WAN interface. There	
	are IP address, subnet mask and default gateway settings	
	need to be done.	
IP Address	If you select the Static IP support on WAN interface, fill	
	in the IP address for it.	
Subnet Mask	If you select the Static IP support on WAN interface, fill	
	in the subnet mask for it.	
Default Gateway	If you select the Static IP support on WAN interface, fill	
	in the default gateway for WAN interface out going data	
	packets.	
MTU Size	Fill in the mtu size of MTU Size. The default value is	
	1400	
DNS 1	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 1.	
DNS 2	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 2.	
DNS 3	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 3.	
Clone MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be	
	cloned. Refer to <u>4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?</u>	
Enable uPNP	Click the checkbox to enable uPNP function.	
	Refer to 4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?	
Enable Web Server	Click the checkbox to enable web configuration from	
Access on WAN	WAN side.	
Enable WAN Echo	Click the checkbox to enable WAN ICMP response.	
Reply		
Enable IPsec pass	Click the checkbox to enable IPSec packet pass through	
through on VPN		
connection		
Enable PPTP pass	Click the checkbox to enable PPTP packet pass through	
through on VPN		
connection		
Enable L2TP pass	Click the checkbox to enable L2TP packet pass through	
through on VPN		
connection		
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new	
	configuration setting.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	

	in the passaulters for homost service which connects to the WAN post of your Access
POINT HIME YOU KNEY CAN UP WAN ACCESS THEM	the scores method to static IP, DINCP, PPPoll or PPTP by click the team value of
WAN Access Type:	DHCP Clear #
Host Name:	
MTU Size:	1400 (1400-1492 byms)
Attain DNS Awtons	atically
Set DNS Manually	
DNS 1	
DNS 2	
DNS 3	
Close MAC Address:	00000000000
Eastle sPNP	
E Rashie Ping Acces	a a WAN
Eashie Web Serve	n Access on WAN
🖻 Haable IProc pass	through on VPN connection
Enable PPTP pass	through on VPN connection.
E Bashle LTP pars	through on VPM connection

## II DHCP Client

# Screen snapshot - WAN Interface Setup - DHCP Client

Item	Description	
DHCP Client	Click to select DHCP support on WAN interface for IP	
	address assigned automatically from a DHCP server.	
Host Name	Fill in the host name of Host Name. The default value is	
	empty	
MTU Size	Fill in the mtu size of MTU Size. The default value is	
	1400	
Attain DNS	Click to select getting DNS address for DHCP support.	
Automatically	Please select Set DNS Manually if the DHCP support is	
	selected.	
Set DNS Manually	Click to select getting DNS address for <i>DHCP</i> support.	
DNS 1	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 1.	
DNS 2	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 2.	
DNS 3	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 3.	
Clone MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be	
	cloned. Refer to <u>4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?</u>	
Enable uPNP	Click the checkbox to enable uPNP function.	

	Refer to 4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?
Enable Web Server	Click the checkbox to enable web configuration from
Access on WAN	WAN side.
Enable WAN Echo	Click the checkbox to enable WAN ICMP response.
Reply	
Apply Changes	Click the Apply Changes button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

# III PPPoE

roet Me	
WAS Acres Type	PPP-4E w
Fort Bana:	
Parrent	
Service Name	
Censection Type:	Cathene (Count) (Denser)
Mile Time:	(1-1000 initiality)
MTO Stor.	1400 (1360-1482 type)
CANA DE Antone	riculty
Cast DHI Manually	
DEC L	E
062.2	
0.02.3	
Close MAC Address	30000000000
🗌 Bachle uPS7	
E Backle Ping Arres	ere WAR
🗌 Zanble Web Serve	a Access on WAN
E Bunble IPare pass	through an VPS councilian
	through on VFH connection.

Screen snapshot – WAN Interface Setup – PPPoE

Item	Description	
PPPoE	Click to select PPPoE support on WAN interface. There	
	are user name, password, connection type and idle time	
	settings need to be done.	
User Name	If you select the PPPoE support on WAN interface, fill in	
	the user name and password to login the PPPoE server.	
Password	If you select the PPPoE support on WAN interface, fill in	
	the user name and password to login the PPPoE server.	

Service Name	Fill in the service name of Service Name. The default value is empty.
Connection Type	Select the connection type from pull-down menu. There
Connection Type	are <i>Continuous</i> , <i>Connect on Demand</i> and <i>Manual</i> three
	types to select.
	<i>Continuous</i> connection type means to setup the
	connection through PPPoE protocol whenever this
	WLAN Broadband Router is powered on.
	<i>Connect on Demand</i> connection type means to setup the
	connection through PPPoE protocol whenever you send
	the data packets out through the WAN interface; there are
	a watchdog implemented to close the PPPoE connection
	while there are no data sent out longer than the idle time
	set.
	<i>Manual</i> connection type means to setup the connection
	through the PPPoE protocol by clicking the <i>Connect</i>
	button manually, and clicking the <i>Disconnect</i> button
	manually.
Idle Time	If you select the <i>PPPoE</i> and <i>Connect on Demand</i>
	connection type, fill in the idle time for auto-disconnect
	function. Value can be between 1 and 1000 minutes.
MTU Size	Fill in the mtu size of MTU Size. The default value is
	1400. Refer to <u>4.23 What is Maximum Transmission Unit</u>
	(MTU) Size?
Attain DNS	Click to select getting DNS address for <b><i>PPPoE</i></b> support.
Automatically	Please select <i>Set DNS Manually</i> if the <i>PPPoE</i> support is
Automatically	selected.
Set DNS Manually	Click to select getting DNS address for <i>Static IP</i> support.
DNS 1	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 1.
DNS 2	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 1.
DNS 3	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 3.
Clone MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be
	cloned. Refer to <u>4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?</u>
Enable uPNP	Click the checkbox to enable uPNP function.
	Refer to 4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?
Enable Web Server	Click the checkbox to enable web configuration from

Version: 2.0

Access on WAN	WAN side.
Enable WAN Echo	Click the checkbox to enable WAN ICMP response.
Reply	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

# IV PPTP

	12312	
WAS Access Type:	197P	-
D' Address	1721.13	
Falsat Mark	285,285,255,0	0
Ferrer IF Millerer	121.11	
then Barre :		
Parrent		
WTT Line	1400	clarge 1400 bread
Carton DEE Artema	tional by	
C Exi DEE Manady DEE 1 DEE 2 DEE 3		
C Cot DBE Monocly DBE 4 DBE 2 DBE 1 DBE 1		0
Car DBE Manually DBE 1: DBE 2: DBE 3: DBE 3: DBE 4: Packle of DF Packle of DF Fackle Pack Access		
Cort DBE Manually DBE 1: DBE 2: DBE 3: DBE 3: DBE 4: Packle of DE Facilie Plag Access Earlie Plag Access Earlie Veb Ecom	VAI	
Cor DE Manualy DE 1: DE 2: DE 3: DE 3: DE 4: Packs of PF Packs of PF Packs of PF Packs Ping Aces Earlie Veb Earlie	concorrection of the second se	e consection

Screen snapshot – WAN Interface Setup – PPTP

Item	Description
PPTP	Allow user to make a tunnel with remote site directly to
	secure the data transmission among the connection. User
	can use embedded PPTP client supported by this router to
	make a VPN connection.
<b>IP</b> Address	If you select the PPTP support on WAN interface, fill in
	the IP address for it.
Subnet Mask	If you select the PPTP support on WAN interface, fill in
	the subnet mask for it.
Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the PPTP Server.

Version: 2.0

User Name	If you select the PPTP support on WAN interface, fill in	
	the user name and password to login the PPTP server.	
Password	f you select the PPTP support on WAN interface, fill in	
	the user name and password to login the PPTP server.	
MTU Size	Fill in the mtu size of MTU Size. The default value is	
	1400. Refer to 4.23 What is Maximum Transmission Unit	
	(MTU) Size?	
Request MPPE	Click the checkbox to enable request MPPE encryption.	
Encryption		
Attain DNS	Click to select getting DNS address for <b>PPTP</b> support.	
Automatically	Please select Set DNS Manually if the PPTP support is	
	selected.	
Set DNS Manually	Click to select getting DNS address for <b>PPTP</b> support.	
DNS 1	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 1.	
DNS 2	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 2.	
DNS 3	Fill in the IP address of Domain Name Server 3.	
Clone MAC Address	Fill in the MAC address that is the MAC address to be	
	cloned. Refer to 4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?	
Enable uPNP	Click the checkbox to enable uPNP function.	
	Refer to 4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?	
Enable Web Server	Click the checkbox to enable web configuration from	
Access on WAN	WAN side.	
Enable WAN Echo	Click the checkbox to enable WAN ICMP response.	
Reply		
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to complete the new	
	configuration setting.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	

# 3.3.12 Firewall - Port Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the Gateway. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

Entries in this table are used to n through the Gateway. Use of suc	estrict certain types of data pa In filters can be helpful in sec	ckets from your local network t aring or restricting your local ne	o Internet twork.
Enable Port Filtering Port Range:     Apply Changes     Re	Protocol: Both V Com	menti	
Current Filter Table:			
Port Range	Protocol	Comment	Select
20-21	TCP+UDP	FTP	
Delete Selected	elete All Reset		

#### Screen snapshot - Firewall - Port Filtering

Item	Description	
Enable Port Filtering	Click to enable the port filtering security function.	
Port Range	To restrict data transmission from the local network on	
Protocol	certain ports, fill in the range of start-port and end-port,	
Comments	and the protocol, also put your comments on it.	
	The <i>Protocol</i> can be TCP, UDP or Both.	
	Comments let you know about whys to restrict data from	
	the ports.	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the ports to	
	port filtering list.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected port range that will be	
	removed from the port-filtering list.	
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered entries from the	
	port-filtering list.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	

# 3.3.13 Firewall - IP Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the Gateway. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

	restrict certain types of data pa ch filters can be helpful in secu		
✓ Enable IP Filtering			
oal IP Address:	Protocol: Both 🖌 Comm	ient:	
Apply Changes Re	eset		
urrent Filter Table:			
urrent Filter Table: Local IP Address	Protocol	Comment	Select
	Protocol TCP+UDP	Comment ST-1	Select

Screen snapshot - Firewall - IP Filtering

Item	Description	
Enable IP Filtering	Click to enable the IP filtering security function.	
Local IP Address	To restrict data transmission from local network on	
Protocol	certain IP addresses, fill in the IP address and the	
Comments	protocol, also put your comments on it.	
	The <i>Protocol</i> can be TCP, UDP or Both.	
	Comments let you know about whys to restrict data from	
	the IP address.	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the IP address	
	to IP filtering list.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected IP address that will be	
	removed from the IP-filtering list.	
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered entries from the	
	IP-filtering list.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	

# 3.3.14 Firewall - MAC Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through the Gateway. Use of such filters can be

helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

hrough the Gateway. Use of such filters can be helpful	data packets from your local net in securing or restricting your lo	work to Internet scal network.
Enable MAC Filtering		
IAC Address: Comment:		
Apply Changes Reset		
urrent Filter Table:	Commant	Select
urrent Filter Table: MAC Address 00:02:72:00:81:90	Comment ST-1	Select

Screen snapshot - Firewall - MAC Filtering

Item	Description	
Enable MAC Filtering	Click to enable the MAC filtering security function.	
MAC Address	To restrict data transmission from local network on	
Comments	certain MAC addresses, fill in the MAC address and your	
	comments on it.	
	<i>Comments</i> let you know about whys to restrict data from	
	the MAC address.	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the MAC	
	address to MAC filtering list.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected MAC address that will be	
	removed from the MAC-filtering list.	
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered entries from the	
	MAC-filtering list.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	

# 3.3.15 Firewall - Port Forwarding

Entries in this table allow you to automatically redirect common network services to a specific machine behind the NAT firewall. These settings are only

necessary if you wish to host some sort of server like a web server or mail server on the private local network behind your Gateway's NAT firewall.

Port Forwardi	ng			
Entries in this table allow y the NAT firewall. These set mail server on the private k	tings are only necessa	ry if you wish to host a	iome sort of server like	
Enable Port Forwardin	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a			
IP Address:	Protocol: Both 🛩	Port Range:	Comment:	
Apply Changes	Reset			
Current Port Forwarding T	able:			
Local IP Address	Protocol	Port Range	Comment	Select
192.168.1.201	TCP+UDP	20-21	FTP	
Delete Selected	Delete All	Reset		

#### Screen snapshot - Firewall - Port Forwarding

Item	Description	
Enable Port Forwarding	g Click to enable the Port Forwarding security function.	
IP Address	To forward data packets coming from WAN to a specific	
Protocol	IP address that hosted in local network behind the NAT	
Port Range	firewall, fill in the IP address, protocol, port range and	
Comment	your comments.	
	The <i>Protocol</i> can be TCP, UDP or Both.	
	The <i>Port Range</i> for data transmission.	
	Comments let you know about whys to allow data	
	packets forward to the IP address and port number.	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the IP address	
	and port number to Port forwarding list.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected IP address and port number	
	that will be removed from the port-forwarding list.	
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered entries from the	
	port-forwarding list.	

ResetClick the *Reset* button to abort change and recover the<br/>previous configuration setting.

# 3.3.16 Firewall – URL Filtering

URL Filtering is used to restrict users to access specific websites in internet.

RL filter is used to deny LAN users from accorning the internet. Bi sywords listed below.	ock these URLs which contain
Enable URL Filtering	
RL Address: www.ul-filter-list.com	
Apply Changes Reset	
urrent Filter Table:	
ORL Address	Select
www.wrl-filter-list.com	

Screen snapshot - Firewall - URL Filtering

Item	Description
Enable URL Filtering	Click to enable the URL Filtering function.
URL Address	Add one URL address.

Apply Changes	Click the Apply Changes button to save settings.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Delete Selected	Click to delete the selected URL address that will be
	removed from the URL Filtering list.
Delete All	Click to delete all the registered entries from the URL
	Filtering list.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

# 3.3.17 Firewall - DMZ

A Demilitarized Zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network. Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

enlitenced Zone is used to provide last	met services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local
	ontains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP)
Enable DMZ	
Host IP Address: 192.168.1.201	
north annitist	4
Host IP Address: (92.100.1.20)	1

#### Screen snapshot - Firewall - DMZ

Item	Description	
Enable DMZ	Click to enable the DMZ function.	
DMZ Host IP Address	To support DMZ in your firewall design, fill in the IP	
	address of DMZ host that can be access from the WAN	
	interface.	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to register the IP address	
	of DMZ host.	
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the	
	previous configuration setting.	

#### 3.3.18 VPN Setting

This page is used to show VPN connection table, configure IPSEC VPN, NAT Traversal, Generate RSA Key, Show RSA Public Key.

		de IPSBC V	PN	🔄 Enable l	NAT Traversal	Geansie RSA Kr	
A	pla i	Things				Show RSA Publ	n Key
hant	at V	PN Conate	tion Table	WAN IP:1	92.168.3.254		
	1	Name	Active	Local Address	Remote Address	Remote Gateway	States
0	1	sixe5	Y	192.168.1.0/04	192.168.4.0294	192.168.3.1	Gautoni
0	2	- 68	+		÷	2	
0	3	11		(4)	(4)		2
	4				-		
0	5		-	*	-	-	+
0	6	19	÷		() (#)	14	
0	7	100	-				1
0	8	- 52			- 1	-	
•	9	-	*			1 8 1	
0	10	12	+	1 (A)	-	1.1	-

Screen snapshot - VPN Setup

Item	Description	
Enable IPSEC VPN	Click to enable IPSEC VPN function. Refer to <u>4.27 What</u>	
	is VPN? and 4.28 What is IPSEC?	
Enable NAT Traversal	Click to enable NAT Traversal function.	
Generate RSA Key	Click to generate RSA key.	
Show RSA Public Key	Click to show RSA public key that we generate.	
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to enable IPSEC VPN,	
	NAT Traversal settings.	
Current VPN	It shows current WAN interface information and VPN	
Connection Table	connection table.	
Edit	Click to enter the current VPN tunnel configuration page.	
Delete	Click to delete the current VPN tunnel that radio button	
	stay.	
Refresh	Click to refresh the current VPN connection table.	

VPN Setup		
Enable Tunnel 1		
Connection Name:	site5	
Auth Type:	PSK 💌	
Local Site:	Subart Address 👻	
Local IP Address/Network	192.168.1.0	
Local Swheet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Remote Site:	Subaet Address 🛛 😹	
Resort Secure Germany	192.168.3.1	
Remote IP Address/Network	192.168.4.0	
Resort Sobart Mask	255.255.255.0	
Local/Peer ID		
Local ID Type	P 🐱	
Local ID		
Renote ID Type	P 👻	
Renote ID		

Screen snapshot – VPN Setup-Edit-1

Item	Description		
Enable Tunnel #	Click to enable the IPSEC VPN current tunnel.		
Connection Name	Assign the connection name tag.		
Auth Type	Click to select <b>PSK</b> or <b>RSA</b> .		
Local Site	Click to select Single Address or Subnet Address VPN		
	connection.		
Local IP	Fill in IP address or subnet address depends on which		
Address/Network	Local Site option you choose.		
Local Subnet Mask	Fill in the local subnet mask.		
Remote Site	Click to select Single Address, Subnet Address, Any		
	Address or NAT-T Any Address VPN remote connection.		
<b>Remote Secure</b>	Fill in remote gateway IP address		
Gateway			
Remote IP	Fill in IP address or subnet address depends on which		
Address/Network	Remote Site option you choose.		
Remote Subnet Mask	Fill in remote subnet mask		
Local/Peer ID	Define IKE exchange information type		
Local ID Type	Click to select IP, DNS or E-mail as local exchange type		
Local ID	Fill in local ID except IP selected		
Remote ID Type	Click to select IP, DNS or E-mail as remote exchange		

	type
Remote ID	Fill i

ill in remote ID except IP selected

Key Management	IEE Manual Advanced
Connection Type	Responder 🚽 County Disconnect
ESP	IDBS 🥣 (Encryption Algorithm)
	MD5 🤟 (Authentication Algorithm)
Petihaed Key	1234567
Remote RSA Key	
Status	Constant

Screen snapshot - VPN Setup-Edit-2

Item	Description		
Key Management	Click to select <i>IKE</i> or <i>Manual</i> mode.		
Advanced	Click <i>Advanced</i> button to configure more IKE settings.		
Connection Type	Click to select <i>Initiator</i> or <i>Responder</i> mode.		
Connect	Click to connect manually. [Responder mode only]		
Disconnect	Click to disconnect manually. [Responder mode only].		
ESP	Click to configure 3DES, AES128 or NULL encryption.		
	Click to configure <i>MD5</i> or <i>SHA1</i> authentication.		
PreShared Key	Fill in the key value. [IKE mode only]		
Remote RSA Key	Fill in the remote gateway RSA key. [IKE mode only]		
Status	It shows connection status. [IKE mode only]		
SPI	Fill in Security Parameter Index value. [Manual mode		
	only]		
Encryption Key	Fill in encryption key. [Manual mode only]		
Authentication Key	Fill in authentication key. [Manual mode only]		
Apply Change	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to save current tunnel settings.		
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the previous configuration setting.		
Refresh	It shows the current connection status. [Manual mode		
	only]		
Back	It returns back to VPN Setup page.		

This This page is used to provide advanced :	setting for IKE mode
Tunnel 1	
Phase 1:	
Negotiation Mode	Main mode
Encryption Algorithm	3DES 🐱
Authenticaiton Algorithm	MD5 🐱
Key Group	DH2(modp1024) 🔽
Key Life Time	3600
Phase 2:	
Active Protocol	ESP
Encryption Algorithm	3DES 🗸
Authenticaiton Algorithm	MD5 🐱
Key Life Time	28800
Ecapsulation	Tunnel mode
Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)	ON 🗸

# II Advanced IKE Setup

# Screen snapshot - Advanced VPN Settings for IKE

Item	Description	
Phase 1		
Negotiation Mode	Main mode.	
Encryption Algorithm	Click to select 3DES or AES128 encryption.	
Authentication	Click to select <i>MD5</i> or <i>SHA1</i> authentication.	
Algorithm		
Key Group	Click to select DH1(modp768), DH2(modp1024) or	
	DH5(modp1536) key group. Default value is DH2	
Key Life Time	Fill in the key life time value by seconds.	
Phase 2		

Active Protocol	ESP.
Encryption Algorithm	Click to select <i>3DES</i> , <i>AES128</i> or <i>NULL</i> encryption.
Authentication	Click to select <i>MD5</i> or <i>SHA1</i> authentication.
Algorithm	
Key Life Time	Fill in the key life time value by seconds.
Encapsulation	Tunnel mode.
Perfect Forward	Click to select ON or NONE.
Secrecy (PFS)	
Ok	Click the <i>Ok</i> button to save current tunnel settings.
Cancel	Click the <i>Cancel</i> button to close current window without
	any changes.

# 3.3.19 Management - Statistics

This page shows the packet counters for transmission and reception regarding to wireless, Ethernet LAN and Ethernet WAN networks.

his page shows the	packet counters for transp	uission and recea	tion regarding to wireless and Ethemet
etvorks.			
		and a	
Wireless LAN	Sent Packets	1361	
	Received Packets	25883	
Ethernet LAN	Sent Packett	1529	
EINERDER LALA	Received Packets	1269	
	Sent Packets	997	
Ethernet WAN	Received Packets	30386	

Screen snapshot - Management - Statistics

Description		
It shows the statistic count of sent packets on the wireless		
LAN interface.		
It shows the statistic count of received packets on the		
wireless LAN interface.		
It shows the statistic count of sent packets on the		
Ethernet LAN interface.		
It shows the statistic count of received packets on the		

<b>Received Packets</b>	Ethernet LAN interface.
Ethernet WAN	It shows the statistic count of sent packets on the
Sent Packets	Ethernet WAN interface.
Ethernet WAN	It shows the statistic count of received packets on the
<b>Received Packets</b>	Ethernet WAN interface.
Refresh	Click the refresh the statistic counters on the screen.

# 3.3.20 Management - DDNS

This page is used to configure Dynamic DNS service to have DNS with dynamic IP address.

Enable DDNS		
Service Provider :	DynDNS V	
Domain Name :	host.dyndns.org	
User Name/Email:		
Password/Key:		

<u>Screen snapshot – Management – DDNS</u>

Item	Description
Enable DDNS	Click the checkbox to enable <b>DDNS</b> service. Refer to
	4.25 What is DDNS?
Service Provider	Click the drop down menu to pickup the right provider.
Domain Name	To configure the Domain Name.
User Name/Email	Configure User Name, Email.
Password/Key	Configure Password, Key.
Apply Change	Click the Apply Changes button to save the enable
	DDNS service.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

# 3.3.21 Management - Time Zone Setting

This page is used to configure NTP client to get current time.

ou can maintain	the system time by synchronizing with a public time server over the Int	emet.
Current Time :	Yr 2005 Mon 3 Day 16 Hr 17 Mn 57 Sec 24	]
ime Zone Selec	t: (GMT+08:00)Taipei	~
Enable NTP	client update	
TP server :	I 192.5.41.41 - North America	
	(Manual IP Setting)	

Screen snapshot - Management - Time Zone Settings

Item	Description
Current Time	It shows the current time.
Time Zone Select	Click the time zone in your country.
Enable NTP client	Click the checkbox to enable NTP client update. Refer to
update	4.26 What is NTP Client?
NTP Server	Click select default or input NTP server IP address.
Apply Change	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to save and enable NTP
	client service.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.
Refresh	Click the refresh the current time shown on the screen.

## 3.3.22 Management - Denial-of-Service

This page is used to enable and setup protection to prevent attack by hacker's program. It provides more security for users.

Denial of Service		
, "denial-of-service" (DOS) attack is characteriz ervice from using that service.	ed by an expl	icit attempt by hackers to prevent legitimate users of a
Enable DoS Prevention Whole System Flood: SYN	0	
-		Packets/Second
Whole System Flood: FIN	0	Packets/Second
Whole System Flood: UDP	0	Packets/Second
Whole System Flood: ICMP	0	Packets/Second
Per-Source IP Flood: SYN	0	Packets/Second
Per-Source IP Flood: FIN	0	Packets/Second
Per-Source IP Flood: UDP	0	Packets/Second
Per-Source IP Flood: ICMP	0	Packets/Second
TCP/UDP PortScan	Low	Sensitivity
ICMP Smurf		
IP Land		
IP Spoof		
IP TearDrop		
PingOfDeath		
TCP Scan		
TCP SynWithData		
UDP Bomb		
UDP EchoChargen		
Select ALL Clear ALL		
Enable Source IP Blocking	0	Block time (sec)
Apply Changes		

<u>Screen snapshot – Management – Denial-of-Service</u>

Item	Description
Enable DoS Prevention	Click the checkbox to enable DoS prevention.
Whole System Flood /	Enable and setup prevention in details.
Per-Source IP Flood	
Select ALL	Click the checkbox to enable all prevention items.
Clear ALL	Click the checkbox to disable all prevention items.
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to save above settings.

# 3.3.23 Management - Log

This page is used to configure the remote log server and shown the current log.

#### USER'S MANUAL OF WLAN BROADBAND ROUTER

This page can be used to set remote in	ig server and show the system log.	
Eashir Log		
🗹 system all	wiseless DoS	
Enable Remote Log	Log Server IP Address:	
0day 00:02:18 device wian 0day 00:02:18 b:0: port 1 0day 00:02:18 device eth0	(eth0) entering disabled state left promiscous wode	-
0day 00:02:18 eth0:phy 1s 0day 00:02:18 device wian 0day 10:02:18 b:0: port 2 0day 00:02:18 b:0: port 1 0day 00:02:18 entering 1e	D entered promiscuous mode (wianD) entering listening state (wibD) entering listening state arming state	
0day 00:02:18 b:0: tepolo 0day 00:02:18 b:0: port 1 0day 00:02:18 b:0: port 1	(vianD) entering forwarding state gy change detected, propagating (eth0) entering learning state (eth0) entering forwarding state gy change detected, propagating	0

<u>Screen snapshot – Management – Log</u>

Item	Description
Enable Log	Click the checkbox to enable log.
System all	Show all log of wireless broadband router
Wirelessy	Only show wireless log
DoS	Only show Denial-of-Service log
Enable Remote Log	Click the checkbox to enable remote log service.
Log Server IP Address	Input the remote log IP address
Apply Changes	Click the <i>Apply Changes</i> button to save above settings.
Refresh	Click the refresh the log shown on the screen.
Clear	Clear log display screen

## 3.3.24 Management - Upgrade Firmware

This page allows you upgrade the Access Point firmware to new version. Please note, do not power off the device during the upload because it may crash the system.

Upgrade Firmwa	re
This page allows you upgrade the device during the upload because	Access Point firmware to new version. Please note, do not power off the it may coash the system.
Select File:	Browse
Upload Reset	

#### <u>Screen snapshot – Management - Upgrade Firmware</u>

Item	Description
Select File	Click the <i>Browse</i> button to select the new version of web
	firmware image file.
Upload	Click the Upload button to update the selected web
	firmware image to the WLAN Broadband Router.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

### 3.3.25 Management Save/ Reload Settings

This page allows you save current settings to a file or reload the settings from the file that was saved previously. Besides, you could reset the current configuration to factory default.

Save/Reload Setti	ngs	
	settings to a file or reload the set set the current configuration to fac	tings from the file which was saved nory default.
Save Settings to File:	Save	
		C D Liteland
Load Settings from File:		Browse

Screen snapshot - Management - Save/Reload Settings

Item	Description
Save Settings to File Click the <i>Save</i> button to download the configuration	
	parameters to your personal computer.
Load Settings from File	Click the <i>Browse</i> button to select the configuration files
	then click the Upload button to update the selected

	configuration to the WLAN Broadband Router.
Reset Settings to	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to reset the configuration
Default	parameter to factory defaults.

## 3.3.26 Management - Password Setup

This page is used to set the account to access the web server of Access Point. Empty user name and password will disable the protection.

This page is used to set the acc will disable the protection.	ount to access the we	b server of Access P	oint. Empty user na	me and password
and an and a province of the				
User Name:				
New Password:				
Confirmed Password:				
	a C	10		

Screen snapshot - Management - Password Setup

Item	Description
User Name	Fill in the user name for web management login control.
New Password	Fill in the password for web management login control.
Confirmed Password	Because the password input is invisible, so please fill in
	the password again for confirmation purpose.
Apply Changes	Clear the User Name and Password fields to empty,
	means to apply no web management login control.
	Click the Apply Changes button to complete the new
	configuration setting.
Reset	Click the <i>Reset</i> button to abort change and recover the
	previous configuration setting.

# 3.3.27 Logout

This page is used to logout web management page. This item will be activated next time you login after you define user account and password.

	Logout			
This page is used to logicut.	This page is used to k	ogiot.		
		to longet 9		
Do non-mont to logost 9	Do more month			
Do you want to logout ?		to togour 7		

#### Screen snapshot - Logout

Change setting successfully!

Screen snapshot - Logout - OK

Item	Description
Apply Change	Click the <i>Apply Change</i> button, Then click <i>OK</i> button to
	logout.

# 4 Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

# 4.1 What and how to find my PC's IP and MAC address?

IP address is the identifier for a computer or device on a TCP/IP network. Networks using the TCP/IP protocol route messages based on the IP address of the destination. The format of an IP address is a 32-bit numeric address written as four numbers separated by periods. Each number can be zero to 255. For example, 191.168.1.254 could be an IP address.

The MAC (Media Access Control) address is your computer's unique hardware number. (On an Ethernet LAN, it's the same as your Ethernet address.) When you're connected to the Internet from your computer (or host as the Internet protocol thinks of it), a correspondence table relates your IP address to your computer's physical (MAC) address on the LAN.

To find your PC's IP and MAC address,

- $\checkmark$  Open the Command program in the Microsoft Windows.
- ✓ Type in *ipconfig* /*all* then press the *Enter* button.
- Your PC's IP address is the one entitled IP Address and your PC's MAC address is the one entitled Physical Address.

### 4.2 What is Wireless LAN?

A wireless LAN (WLAN) is a network that allows access to Internet without the need for any wired connections to the user's machine.

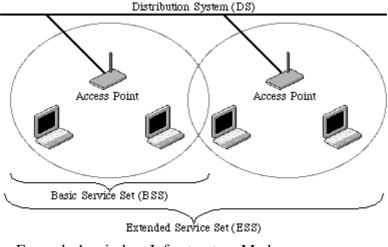
#### 4.3 What are ISM bands?

ISM stands for Industrial, Scientific and Medical; radio frequency bands that the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) authorized for wireless LANs. The ISM bands are located at 915 +/- 13 MHz, 2450 +/- 50 MHz and 5800 +/- 75 MHz.

### 4.4 How does wireless networking work?

The 802.11 standard define two modes: infrastructure mode and ad hoc mode. In infrastructure mode, the wireless network consists of at least one access point connected to the wired network infrastructure and a set of wireless end stations. This configuration is called a Basic Service Set (BSS). An Extended Service Set (ESS) is a set of two or more BSSs forming a single subnetwork. Since most corporate WLANs require access

to the wired LAN for services (file servers, printers, Internet links) they will operate in infrastructure mode.



Example 1: wireless Infrastructure Mode

Ad hoc mode (also called peer-to-peer mode or an Independent Basic Service Set, or IBSS) is simply a set of 802.11 wireless stations that communicate directly with one another without using an access point or any connection to a wired network. This mode is useful for quickly and easily setting up a wireless network anywhere that a wireless infrastructure does not exist or is not required for services, such as a hotel room, convention center, or airport, or where access to the wired network is barred (such as for consultants at a client site).



Example 2: wireless Ad Hoc Mode

### 4.5 What is BSSID?

A six-byte address that distinguishes a particular a particular access point from others. Also know as just SSID. Serves as a network ID or name.

### 4.6 What is ESSID?

The Extended Service Set ID (ESSID) is the name of the network you want to access. It is used to identify different wireless networks.

- 4.7 What are potential factors that may causes interference? Factors of interference:
  - > Obstacles: walls, ceilings, furniture... etc.
  - > Building Materials: metal door, aluminum studs.
  - Electrical devices: microwaves, monitors and electrical motors.

Solutions to overcome the interferences:

- $\checkmark$  Minimizing the number of walls and ceilings.
- $\checkmark$  Position the WLAN antenna for best reception.
- ✓ Keep WLAN devices away from other electrical devices, eg: microwaves, monitors, electric motors, ... etc.
- ✓ Add additional WLAN Access Points if necessary.

### 4.8 What are the Open System and Shared Key authentications?

IEEE 802.11 supports two subtypes of network authentication services: open system and shared key. Under open system authentication, any wireless station can request authentication. The station that needs to authenticate with another wireless station sends an authentication management frame that contains the identity of the sending station. The receiving station then returns a frame that indicates whether it recognizes the sending station. Under shared key authentication, each wireless station is assumed to have received a secret shared key over a secure channel that is independent from the 802.11 wireless network communications channel.

### 4.9 What is WEP?

An optional IEEE 802.11 function that offers frame transmission privacy similar to a wired network. The Wired Equivalent Privacy generates secret shared encryption keys that both source and destination stations can use to alert frame bits to avoid disclosure to eavesdroppers.

WEP relies on a secret key that is shared between a mobile station (e.g. a laptop with a wireless Ethernet card) and an access point (i.e. a base station). The secret key is used to encrypt packets before they are transmitted, and an integrity check is used to ensure that packets are not modified in transit.

### 4.10 What is Fragment Threshold?

The proposed protocol uses the frame fragmentation mechanism defined in IEEE 802.11 to achieve parallel transmissions. A large data frame is fragmented into several

fragments each of size equal to fragment threshold. By tuning the fragment threshold value, we can get varying fragment sizes. The determination of an efficient fragment threshold is an important issue in this scheme. If the fragment threshold is small, the overlap part of the master and parallel transmissions is large. This means the spatial reuse ratio of parallel transmissions is high. In contrast, with a large fragment threshold, the overlap is small and the spatial reuse ratio is low. However high fragment threshold leads to low fragment overhead. Hence there is a trade-off between spatial re-use and fragment overhead.

Fragment threshold is the maximum packet size used for fragmentation. Packets larger than the size programmed in this field will be fragmented.

If you find that your corrupted packets or asymmetric packet reception (all send packets, for example). You may want to try lowering your fragmentation threshold. This will cause packets to be broken into smaller fragments. These small fragments, if corrupted, can be resent faster than a larger fragment. Fragmentation increases overhead, so you'll want to keep this value as close to the maximum value as possible.

#### 4.11 What is RTS (Request To Send) Threshold?

The RTS threshold is the packet size at which packet transmission is governed by the RTS/CTS transaction. The IEEE 802.11-1997 standard allows for short packets to be transmitted without RTS/CTS transactions. Each station can have a different RTS threshold. RTS/CTS is used when the data packet size exceeds the defined RTS threshold. With the CSMA/CA transmission mechanism, the transmitting station sends out an RTS packet to the receiving station, and waits for the receiving station to send back a CTS (Clear to Send) packet before sending the actual packet data.

This setting is useful for networks with many clients. With many clients, and a high network load, there will be many more collisions. By lowering the RTS threshold, there may be fewer collisions, and performance should improve. Basically, with a faster RTS threshold, the system can recover from problems faster. RTS packets consume valuable bandwidth, however, so setting this value too low will limit performance.

#### 4.12 What is Beacon Interval?

In addition to data frames that carry information from higher layers, 802.11 includes management and control frames that support data transfer. The beacon frame, which is a type of management frame, provides the "heartbeat" of a wireless LAN, enabling

stations to establish and maintain communications in an orderly fashion.

Beacon Interval represents the amount of time between beacon transmissions. Before a station enters power save mode, the station needs the beacon interval to know when to wake up to receive the beacon (and learn whether there are buffered frames at the access point).

#### 4.13 What is Preamble Type?

There are two preamble types defined in IEEE 802.11 specification. A long preamble basically gives the decoder more time to process the preamble. All 802.11 devices support a long preamble. The short preamble is designed to improve efficiency (for example, for VoIP systems). The difference between the two is in the Synchronization field. The long preamble is 128 bits, and the short is 56 bits.

#### 4.14 What is SSID Broadcast?

Broadcast of SSID is done in access points by the beacon. This announces your access point (including various bits of information about it) to the wireless world around it. By disabling that feature, the SSID configured in the client must match the SSID of the access point.

Some wireless devices don't work properly if SSID isn't broadcast (for example the D-link DWL-120 USB 802.11b adapter). Generally if your client hardware supports operation with SSID disabled, it's not a bad idea to run that way to enhance network security. However it's no replacement for WEP, MAC filtering or other protections.

#### 4.15 What is Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)?

Wi-Fi's original security mechanism, Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP), has been viewed as insufficient for securing confidential business communications. A longer-term solution, the IEEE 802.11i standard, is under development. However, since the IEEE 802.11i standard is not expected to be published until the end of 2003, several members of the WI-Fi Alliance teamed up with members of the IEEE 802.11i task group to develop a significant near-term enhancement to Wi-Fi security. Together, this team developed Wi-Fi Protected Access.

To upgrade a WLAN network to support WPA, Access Points will require a WPA software upgrade. Clients will require a software upgrade for the network interface card, and possibly a software update for the operating system. For enterprise networks, an

authentication server, typically one that supports RADIUS and the selected EAP authentication protocol, will be added to the network.

### 4.16 What is WPA2?

It is the second generation of WPA. WPA2 is based on the final IEEE 802.11i amendment to the 802.11 standard.

### 4.17 What is 802.1x Authentication?

802.1x is a framework for authenticated MAC-level access control, defines Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) over LANs (WAPOL). The standard encapsulates and leverages much of EAP, which was defined for dial-up authentication with Point-to-Point Protocol in RFC 2284.

Beyond encapsulating EAP packets, the 802.1x standard also defines EAPOL messages that convey the shared key information critical for wireless security.

### 4.18 What is Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)?

The Temporal Key Integrity Protocol, pronounced tee-kip, is part of the IEEE 802.11i encryption standard for wireless LANs. TKIP is the next generation of WEP, the Wired Equivalency Protocol, which is used to secure 802.11 wireless LANs. TKIP provides per-packet key mixing, a message integrity check and a re-keying mechanism, thus fixing the flaws of WEP.

# 4.19 What is Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)?

Security issues are a major concern for wireless LANs, AES is the U.S. government's next-generation cryptography algorithm, which will replace DES and 3DES.

### 4.20 What is Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP)?

The IEEE 802.11f Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP) supports Access Point Vendor interoperability, enabling roaming of 802.11 Stations within IP subnet.

IAPP defines messages and data to be exchanged between Access Points and between the IAPP and high layer management entities to support roaming. The IAPP protocol uses TCP for inter-Access Point communication and UDP for RADIUS request/response exchanges. It also uses Layer 2 frames to update the forwarding tables of Layer 2 devices.

### 4.21 What is Wireless Distribution System (WDS)?

The Wireless Distribution System feature allows WLAN AP to talk directly to other APs via wireless channel, like the wireless bridge or repeater service.

### 4.22 What is Universal Plug and Play (uPNP)?

UPnP is an open networking architecture that consists of services, devices, and control points. The ultimate goal is to allow data communication among all UPnP devices regardless of media, operating system, programming language, and wired/wireless connection.

### 4.23 What is Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) Size?

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) indicates the network stack of any packet is larger than this value will be fragmented before the transmission. During the PPP negotiation, the peer of the PPP connection will indicate its MRU and will be accepted. The actual MTU of the PPP connection will be set to the smaller one of MTU and the peer's MRU. The default is value 1400.

# 4.24 What is Clone MAC Address?

Clone MAC address is designed for your special application that request the clients to register to a server machine with one identified MAC address. Since that all the clients will communicate outside world through the WLAN Broadband Router, so have the cloned MAC address set on the WLAN Broadband Router will solve the issue.

### 4.25 What is DDNS?

DDNS is the abbreviation of Dynamic Domain Name Server. It is designed for user own the DNS server with dynamic WAN IP address.

# 4.26 What is NTP Client?

NTP client is designed for fetching the current timestamp from internet via Network Time protocol. User can specify time zone, NTP server IP address.

### 4.27 What is VPN?

VPN is the abbreviation of Virtual Private Network. It is designed for creating point-to point private link via shared or public network.

# 4.28 What is IPSEC?

IPSEC is the abbreviation of IP Security. It is used to transferring data securely under VPN.

# 5 Configuration Examples

#### 5.1 Example One – PPPoE on the WAN

Sales division of Company ABC likes to establish a WLAN network to support mobile communication on sales' Notebook PCs. MIS engineer collects information and plans the WLAN Broadband Router implementation by the following configuration.

WAN configuration:

PPPoE	
User Name	H890123456
Password	PW192867543210
LAN configuration	
IP Address	192.168.1.254
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
DHCP Client Range	192.168.1.100 - 192.168.1.200

### WLAN configuration

LAN configuration	
SSID	MyWLAN
Channel Number	11

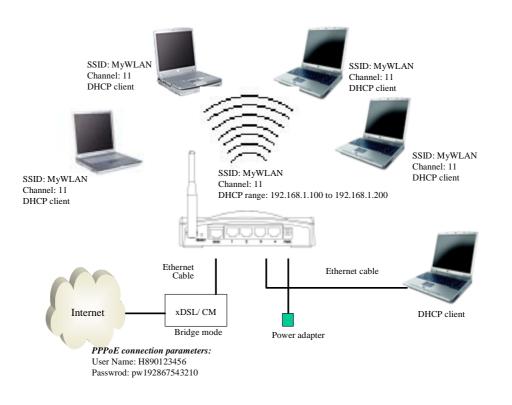
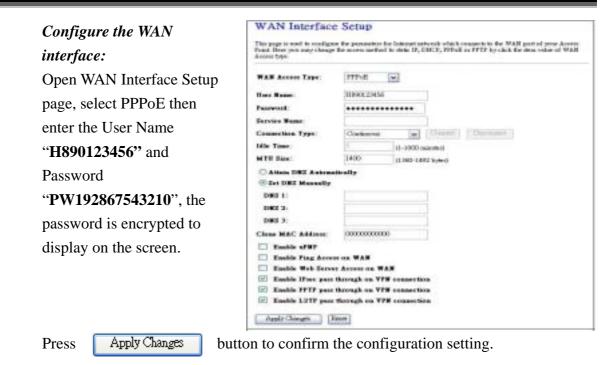


Figure 3 - Configuration Example One - PPPoE on the WAN



#### Configure the LAN interface:

Open LAN Interface Setup page, enter the IP Address "192.168.1.254", Subnet Mask "255.255.255.0", Default Gateway "0.0.0.0", enable DHCP Server, DHCP client range "192.168.1.100" to "192.168.1.200".



Press

Apply Changes

button to confirm the configuration setting.

Configure the WLAN
interface:
Open WLAN Interface
Setup page, enter the SSID
"MyWLAN", Channel
Number " <b>11</b> ".

	ndigure the parameters for environ LAN closes which may connect or you may change environ energytics attings as well as wireless
Disable Wirelas	e LAN Isterface
Bank	2.4 GHz (0)+GL =
Malei	AP 🖌
Network Type:	bitminetite m
SND:	KAYAN LADA
Channel Number:	11 -
Associated Clickte:	Ehow Active Clients
Eastle Mar Clov	er (Single Effernet Clicat)
Einskie Universa	I Repeater Mode (Acting as AP and client simultaneouly)
SUD of Townshed Inte	atera i

Press Apply Changes

button to confirm the configuration setting.

## 5.2 Example Two – Fixed IP on the WAN

Company ABC likes to establish a WLAN network to support mobile communication on all employees' Notebook PCs. MIS engineer collects information and plans the WLAN Broadband Router implementation by the following configuration.

WAN configuration:

Fixed IP	
IP Address	192.168.2.254
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.2.10
DNS Address	168.95.1.1

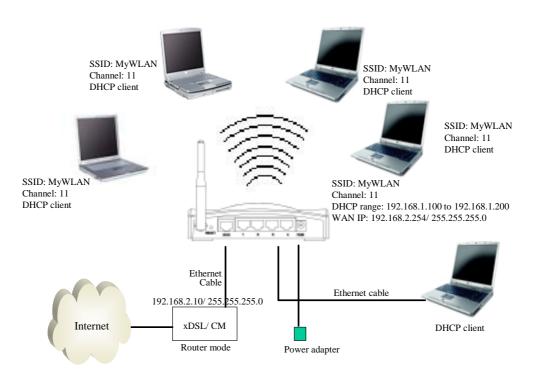
#### LAN configuration

IP Address	192.168.1.254
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.2.254
DHCP Client Range	192.168.1.100 - 192.168.1.200

#### WLAN configuration

SSID	MyWLAN
Channel Number	11

Version: 2.0



#### Figure 4 – Configuration Example Two – Fixed IP on the WAN

Configure the WAN	WAN Interface Setup	_	
interface:	This paper is saind to coaligate the parameters for hereast arrectly which consents to the WAN poor of your Access Poor. Thus you user change the access arehout to struce IP, DHCP, FFFOII or FPTP by club, the mass when of WAN Access type.	i.	
Open WAN Interface	WAN Acous Type: [Direc IP m]		
Setup page, select Fixed	1P Addense 199.108.2.244 Subart Mask 298.246.0		
IP then enter IP Address	Default Cateway. 190.140.2.10		
"192.168.2.254", subnet	MTU State: 1400 (d.000.1.000 bywa) DNRS 6		
mask "255.255.255.0",	DHE 3		
Default gateway	Close MAC Address INCONTINUE Eastle sPRF Eastle Plan Access on WAN Eastle Plan Access on WAN Eastle Plan by Serve Access on WAN E Eastle Plan plan through on VPN connection E Eastle PPTP plan through on VPN connection		
" <b>192.168.2.10</b> ".			
	Apply Clangton (Frant)		
Press Apply Changes	button to confirm the configuration setting.		

#### Configure the LAN interface:

Open LAN Interface Setup page, enter the IP Address "**192.168.1.254**", Subnet Mask "**255.255.255.0**", enable DHCP Server, DHCP client range "**192.168.1.100**" to "**192.168.1.200**".

	pure the parameters for local area network which connects to th Find. Here you may change the setting for IP addresss, subnet
IP Addresse:	192 168 1 254
Subset Marik:	295.255.255.0
Default Gateways	0.0.9.9
DHCP	Server 💌
DHCP Client Ranges	192 168 1 100 - 192 168 1 200 Show Client
DNS Server:	
Demails None:	
002.14 Spanning Tree:	Disabled 🛩
Class MAC Address:	00000000000

Press

Apply Changes

button to confirm the configuration setting.

Configure the WLAN interface:	Wireless Basic Settings	
Open WLAN Interface Setup	This page is used to configure the parameter for window LAR cleans which may connect to your Acress Famil Here you may change workers encryption orthoge as well as workers astrock parameters	
page, enter the SSID	Dirabia Witreless LAN Interface	
"MyWLAN", Channel Number	Bandt 2.4 GHz (B=G)	
	Mede: AP =	
"11".	Network Types and an and a set of the set of	
	SSID: MANLAN	
	Channel Numbers 11 -	
	Associated Clinets: Show Active Clients	
	Enside Mar Close (Single Etherset Clicet)	
	<ul> <li>Easible Universal Repeater Mode (Acting as AP and elient elaeshtowersky)</li> </ul>	
	SSID of Executed Interface:	
Droce Apply (happes)	Apply Diargen Paset	

Apply Changes Press

button to confirm the configuration setting.