

FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

NB2800

contains FCC ID: PORLN920

contains FCC ID: TKWLE600VX

Simultaneous Transmissions

Test Report Reference: MDE_NETMO_2302_FCC_01

Test Laboratory:

7layers GmbH Borsigstrasse 11 40880 Ratingen Germany





Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

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1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization

Certification for an Industrial Signal Booster.

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 22, 24,27 and 90 (10-1-21 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 22, Subpart H - Cellular Radiotelephone Service

§ 22.905 – Channels for cellular service

§ 22.913 – Effective radiated power limits

§ 22.917 – Emission limitations for cellular equipment

Part 24, Subpart E - Broadband PCS

§ 24.232 – Power and antenna height limits

§ 24.235 – Frequency stability

§ 24.238 - Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment

Part 27; Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services

Subpart C - Technical standards

§ 27.50 - Power and duty cycle limits

§ 27.53 – Emission limits

§ 27.54 – Frequency stability

Part 90; Private Land Mobile Radio Services

Subpart R—REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE LICENSING AND USE OF FREQUENCIES IN THE 763-775 AND 793-805 MHZ BANDS

§ 90.635 – Limitations on power and antenna height

§ 90.543 – Emission limitations

§ 90.539 – Frequency stability

The tests were selected and performed with reference to:

- FCC Public Notice 971168 applying "Measurement guidance for certification of licensed digital transmitters" 971168 D01 v03r01, 2018-04-09
- ANSI C63.26: 2015



1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

Correlation of measurement requirements for Cellular Mobile Devices from FCC

Measurement	FCC reference	ISED reference
RF Output Power	§ 2.1046 § 22.913	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.12 RSS-132 Issue 4, 5.4
Peak-Average-Ratio	-	RSS 132 Issue 4: 5.4
Emission and Occupied bandwidth	§ 2.1049	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.7
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§ 2.1051 § 22.917	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-132 Issue 4, 5.5
Band Edge Compliance	§ 2.1051 § 22.917	RSS-GEN Issue 4, 6.13 RSS-132 Issue 4, 5.5
Frequency stability	§ 2.1055 § 22.355	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.11 RSS-132 Issue 4: 5.3
Field strength of spurious radiation	§ 2.1053 § 22.917	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-132 Issue 4: 5.5



Correlation of measurement requirements for Cellular Mobile Devices from FCC and ISED Canada

Measurement	FCC reference	ISED reference
RF Output Power	§ 2.1046 § 24.232	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.12 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.4
Peak-Average-Ratio	§ 24.232	RSS 133 Issue 6: 6.4
Emission and Occupied bandwidth	§ 2.1049	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.7
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§ 2.1051 § 24.238	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.5
Band Edge Compliance	§ 2.1051 § 24.238	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-133 Issue 6, 6.5
Frequency stability	§ 2.1055 § 24.235	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.11 RSS-133 Issue 6: 6.3
Field strength of spurious radiation	§ 2.1053 § 24.236	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-133 Issue 6: 6.5



Correlation of measurement requirements for Cellular Mobile Devices from FCC and ISED Canada

Measurement	FCC reference	ISED reference
RF Output Power	§ 2.1046 § 27.50	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.12 RSS-130 Issue 2, 4.6.2/4.6.3 RSS-139 Issue 4, 5.5 RSS-199 Issue 3, 4.4
Peak to Average-Ratio	§ 27.50	RSS-130 Issue 2: 4.6.1 RSS 139 Issue 4: 5.5 RSS-199 Issue 3, 4.4
Emission and Occupied bandwidth	§ 2.1049	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.7
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§ 2.1051 § 27.53	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-130 Issue 2: 4.7.1/4.7.2 RSS-139 Issue 3, 5.6 RSS-199 Issue 3, 4.5
Band Edge Compliance	§ 2.1051 § 27.53	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-130 Issue 2: 4.7.1/4.7.2 RSS-139 Issue 4, 5.6 RSS-199 Issue 3, 4.5
Frequency stability	§ 2.1055 § 27.54	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.11 RSS-130 Issue 2: 4.5 RSS-139 Issue 4: 5.4 RSS-199 Issue 3, 4.3
Field strength of spurious radiation	§ 2.1053 § 27.53	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-130 Issue 2: 4.7.1/4.7.2 RSS-139 Issue 4: 5.6 RSS-199 Issue 3, 4.5



Correlation of measurement requirements for Cellular Mobile Devices from FCC and ISED Canada

Measurement	FCC reference	ISED reference
RF Output Power	§ 2.1046 § 90.635	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.12 RSS-140 Issue 1, 4.3
Peak to Average-Ratio	§ 90.635	RSS-140 Issue 1, 4.3
Emission and Occupied bandwidth	§ 2.1049	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.7
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	§ 2.1051 § 90.543	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-140 Issue 1, 4.4
Band Edge Compliance	§ 2.1051 § 90.543	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-140 Issue 1, 4.4
Frequency stability	§ 2.1055 § 90.539	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.11 RSS-140 Issue 1, 4.2
Field strength of spurious radiation	§ 2.1053 § 90.543	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-140 Issue 1, 4.4



Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Final Result

Final Result

Passed

Passed

1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 22 Subpart H § 2.1053 § 22.917

Field strength of spurious radiation

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26: 2015;

5.5.2.3.1

OP-Mode Setup Date FCC IC

S01_AA01

2023-04-24

2023-04-24

Passed

Radio Technology, Measurement method

Module 1 \rightarrow E-UTRA, eFDD2 TX on 1880 MHz &

Module 2 \rightarrow E-UTRA, eFDD5 TX on 836 MHz &

WLAN 1 → WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz &

COMMENT: measurement range: 1 - 26 GHz.

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 24 Subpart E § 2.1053 § 24.236

Field strength of spurious radiation

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26: 2015;

5.5.2.3.1

OP-Mode Setup Date FCC IC

Radio Technology, Measurement method

Module 1 \rightarrow E-UTRA, eFDD4 TX on 1732 MHz & S01_AA01 2023-04-24

Module 2 \rightarrow E-UTRA, eFDD2 TX on 1880 MHz &

WLAN 1 → WLAN 2.4 GHz TX on 2412 MHz &

WLAN 2 → WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz, radiated.

COMMENT: measurement range: 1 - 26 GHz.

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C § 2.1053 § 27.53

Field strength of spurious radiation

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26: 2015; Final Result

5.5.2.3.1

OP-Mode Setup Date FCC IC

Radio Technology, Measurement method

Module 1 \rightarrow E-UTRA, eFDD14 TX on 793 MHz & S01_AA01 2023-04-24 Passed

Module 2 \rightarrow E-UTRA, eFDD7 TX on 2535 MHz &

WLAN 1 → WLAN 2.4 GHz TX on 2412 MHz &

WLAN 2 \rightarrow WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz, radiated.

COMMENT: measurement range: 1 – 26 GHz.

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 90 Subpart R § 2.1053 § 90.543

Field strength of spurious radiation

The measurement was performed according to Final Result

ANSI C63.26: 2015; 5.5.2.3.1

OP-Mode Setup Date FCC IC

Radio Technology, Measurement method

Module 1 \rightarrow E-UTRA, eFDD14 TX on 793 MHz & S01_AA01

Module 2 → E-UTRA, eFDD7 TX on 2535 MHz &

WLAN 1 \rightarrow WLAN 2.4 GHz TX on 2412 MHz &

WLAN 2 → WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz, radiated.

COMMENT: measurement range: 1 - 26 GHz

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2 REVISION HISTORY / SIGNATURES

Report version control					
Version	Release date	Change Description	Version validity		
initial	2023-08-18		valid		
	/				

COMMENT: Not all applicable tests were performed, according to "KDB996369 D04 Module Integration Guide v02" spot checks for only radiated spurious emissions tests were performed, because the device contains 2 pre-certified Cellular Modules and 2 pre-certified Wi-Fi Modules.

(responsible for accreditation scope)

Marco Kullik

(responsible for testing and report)

Mohamed Fraitat

7 layers GmbH, Borsigstr. 11 40880 Ratingen, Germany Phone +49 (0)2102 749 0



3 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

3.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name: 7layers GmbH

Address: Borsigstr. 11

40880 Ratingen

Germany

The test facility is accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAkkS D-PL-12140-01-01 | -02 | -03

FCC Designation Number: DE0015

FCC Test Firm Registration: 929146

ISED CAB Identifier DE0007; ISED#: 3699A

Responsible for accreditation scope: Marco Kullik

Report Template Version: 2022-12-29

3.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report: Mohamed Fraitat

Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers

Date of Report: 2023-08-18

Testing Period: 2023-04-24 to 2023-04-24

3.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name: NetModule AG

Address: Maulbeerstraße 11

3011 Bern Switzerland

Contact Person: Matthias Fricker

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3.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name:	please see Applicant Data
Address:	
Contact Person:	



4 TEST OBJECT DATA

4.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	The EUT is vehicle router with ethernet ports and optional extensions. Wireless technologies include 5G-NR/LTE/UMTS/ WLAN and GNSS.				
Product name	NB2800				
Туре	NB2800-2Lp2Wac-G Lp: LTE/UMTS (Telit LN920A12-WW) Wac: WLAN (Compex WLE600VX) G: GNSS (Telit LN920A12-WW)				
Declared EUT data by	Declared EUT data by the supplier				
General product description	The EUT is integrating 2 Cellular modules supporting the following Cellular bands and relevant for certification: 4G: 2 / 5 / 7 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 25 / 26 / 30 / 66 / 71				
Voltage Level	DC: 24-48 V, tested at 24 V				
Voltage Type	DC				

4.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
aa01	DE1265013aa01	Radiated sample
Sample Parameter	Value	
Serial No.	00112B04AEFB	
HW Version	Rev. C01	
SW Version	4.70.103	
Comment	Variant NB2800-2Lp2Wac-G	

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

4.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
-	-	-



4.5 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
AUX1	Reel Reinheimer, K98PPPPGAR_0300_ 29_29_29_28 N8, -, -, -,	Antenna-Coach-5G-4LG (Cellular + GNSS)
AUX2	Reel Reinheimer, K98LLR_0300_29_29_ XX_N8.1, -, -, -,	Cellular Antenna Coach- 2L
AUX3	Reel Reinheimer, F70XFR_0300_XX_78_78_N9.1, -, -, -,	Antenna-Coach-2W (WLAN Antenna)
AUX4	Reel Reinheimer, F70XFR_0300_XX_78_78_N9.1, -, -, -,	Antenna-Coach-2W (WLAN Antenna)
AUX5	Fujitsu, Lifebook E Series U758, -, -, DSAL006396	Laptop

4.6 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
S01_AA01	EUT A + AUX 1 to AUX 5	Setup for Radiated measurement

4.7 OPERATING MODES / TEST CHANNELS

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

Simultaneous Transmissions:

- Cellular Module 1 (Telit LN920) = LTE TX
- Cellular Module 2 (Telit LN920) = LTE TX
- WLAN Module 1 = The EUT is configured as access point mode on Ch 1 (2412 MHz, b-mode). A Laptop is connected to EUT and a ping via WLAN is generated.
- WLAN Module 2 = The EUT is in WLAN client mode and connected to an access point (CMW500) on Ch 48 (5180 MHz, a-mode). A Data traffic is generated via "Packet generator".

4.8 PRODUCT LABELLING

4.8.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.



4.8.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.



5 TEST RESULTS

5.1 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Standard FCC PART 22 Subpart H

The test was performed according to:

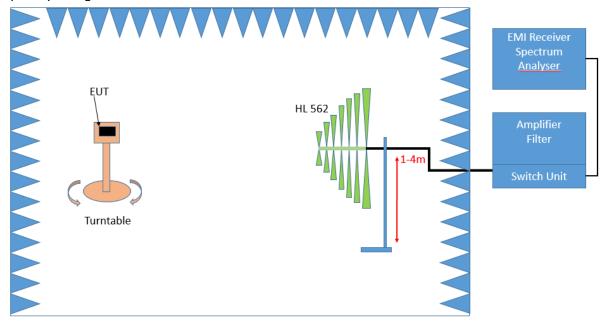
ANSI C63.26: 2015; 5.5.2.3.1

5.1.1TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable radiated spurious emission measurements per § 2.1053 and RSS-GEN 6.13. The limit and requirements come from the applicable rule part and ISED RSS-Standard for the operating band of the cellular device.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:

Frequency Range: 30 MHz - 1 GHz:

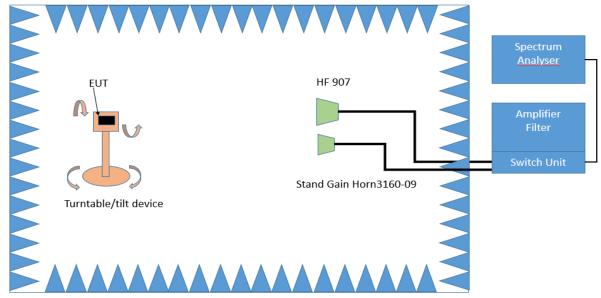


Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC), 30 MHz- 1GHz

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Frequency Range: 1 GHz - 26.5 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 1 GHz-26.5 GHz

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.26 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table $1.0 \times 2.0 \text{ m}^2$ in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30-1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

1. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:
- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak

- RBW: 1 MHz - VBW: 1 MHz

- Sweep time: coupled

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

- Height variation range: 1 – 3 m
- Height variation step size: 2 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission



will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by \pm 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 100 kHz - VBW: 100 kHz

- Sweep time: coupled

- Turntable angle range: \pm 45 ° around the determined value - Height variation range: \pm 100 cm around the determined value

- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with RMS detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: RMQ

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 100 kHz - VBW: 100 kHz - Sweep time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

- Antenna distance: 3 m

Detector: PeakRBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: coupled

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical



Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size \pm 45° for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 22.5°.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^{\circ}$

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

Detector: Peak,RBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: 100 ms

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: RMS

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 1 MHz - VBW: 3 MHz - Sweep Time: 1 s

5.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 2.1053; Measurement required: Field strength of spurious radiation:

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of §2.1049, as appropriate.

Part 22, Subpart H - Cellular Radiotelephone Service

§ 22 917 - Emission limitations for cellular equipment

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

RSS-132; 5.5 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

- 1. In the first 1.0 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands specified in Section 5.1, the power of emissions per any 1% of the occupied bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀p (watts).
- 2. After the first 1.0 MHz immediately outside and adjacent to each of the sub-bands, the power of emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the occupied bandwidth, power integration over 100 kHz is required.

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5.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 22 °C Air Pressure: 1014 hPa Humidity: 41 %

eFDD2 TX on 1880 MHz & eFDD5 TX on 836 MHz & WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz

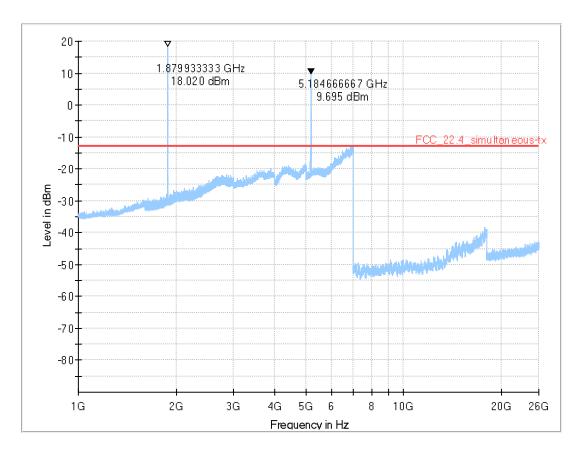
Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
-	-	PEAK	1000	-13	-

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

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5.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE) Technology = eFDD2 TX on 1880 MHz & eFDD5 TX on 836 MHz & WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz &, Measurement method = radiated (S01_AA01)



Remark: Marker on intentional transmitter WLAN 5 GHz and LTE Band 2 $\,$

5.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions FAR



5.2 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Standard FCC PART 24 Subpart E

The test was performed according to:

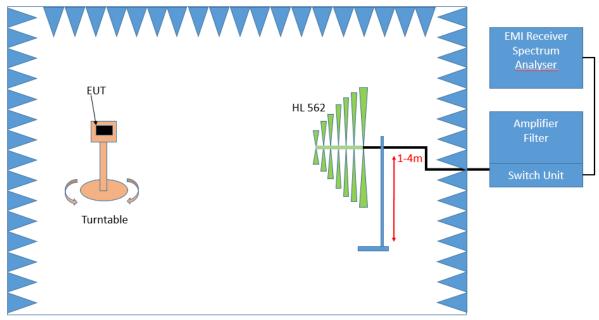
ANSI C63.26: 2015; 5.5.2.3.1

5.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable radiated spurious emission measurements per § 2.1053 and RSS-GEN 6.13. The limit and requirements come from the applicable rule part and ISED RSS-Standard for the operating band of the cellular device.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:

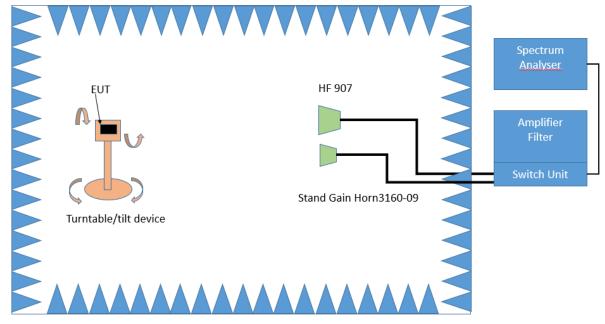
Frequency Range: 30 MHz - 1 GHz:



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC), 30 MHz- 1GHz



Frequency Range: 1 GHz - 26.5 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 1 GHz-26.5 GHz

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.26 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table $1.0 \times 2.0 \text{ m}^2$ in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30-1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

1. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1: - Antenna distance: 3 m

Detector: PeakRBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHzSweep time: 1 s

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

Height variation range: 1 – 3 m
Height variation step size: 2 m
Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.



Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by \pm 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 1 MHz - VBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: 100 ms

- Turntable angle range: ± 45 ° around the determined value - Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value

- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with RMS detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed: EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: RMQ

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 1 MHz - VBW: 3 MHz - Sweep time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

- Antenna distance: 3 m

Detector: PeakRBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: coupled

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical



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Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size \pm 45° for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 22.5°.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^{\circ}$

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

Detector: Peak,RBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: 100 ms

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: RMS

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 1 MHz - VBW: 3 MHz - Sweep Time: 1 s

5.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 2.1053; Measurement required: Field strength of spurious radiation:

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of $\S 2.1049$, as appropriate.

Part 24, Subpart E - Broadband PCS

§ 24 238 - Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment

- a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.
- b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

RSS-133; 6.5 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

Mobile and base station equipment shall comply with the limits in (1) and (2) below.



- 1. In the 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's operating frequency block, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}p$ (watts).
- 2. After the first 1.0 MHz, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter output power P (dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log₁₀p (watts). If the measurement is performed using 1% of the emission bandwidth, power integration over 1.0 MHz is required.

5.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 24 °C Air Pressure: 1002 hPa Humidity: 39 %

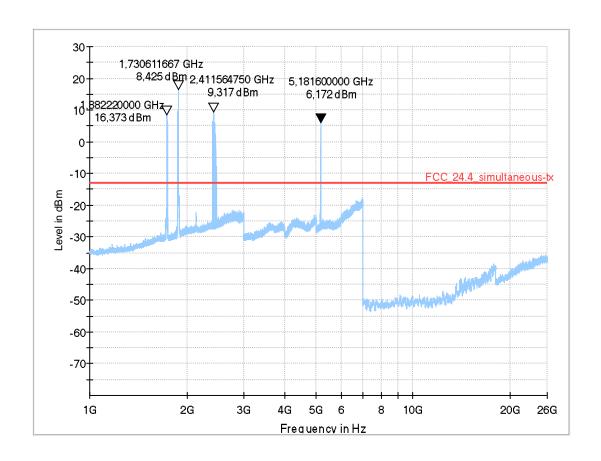
eFDD4 TX on 1732 MHz &, eFDD2 TX on 1880 MHz &WLAN 2.4 GHz TX on 2412 MHz & WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz

Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
-	-	PEAK	1000	-13	-

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



5.2.5 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE) Technology = → eFDD4 TX on 1732 MHz &, eFDD2 TX on 1880 MHz & WLAN 2.4 GHz TX on 2412 MHz & WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz Measurement method = radiated (S01_AA01)



Remark: Marker on intentional transmitter WLAN 2.4 & 5 GHz and LTE Band 4 & 2

5.2.6 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions FAR



5.3 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Standard FCC PART 27 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

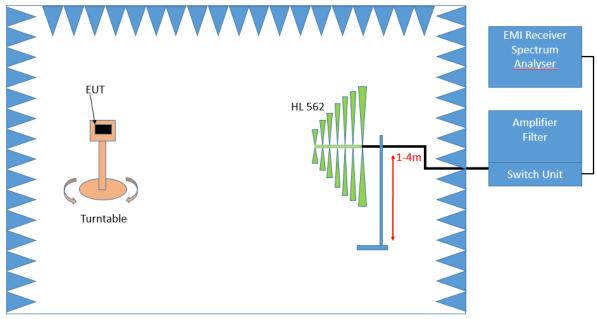
ANSI C63.26: 2015; 5.5.2.3.1

5.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable radiated spurious emission measurements per § 2.1053 and RSS-GEN 6.13. The limit and requirements come from the applicable rule part and ISED RSS-Standard for the operating band of the cellular device.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:

Frequency Range: 30 MHz - 1 GHz:

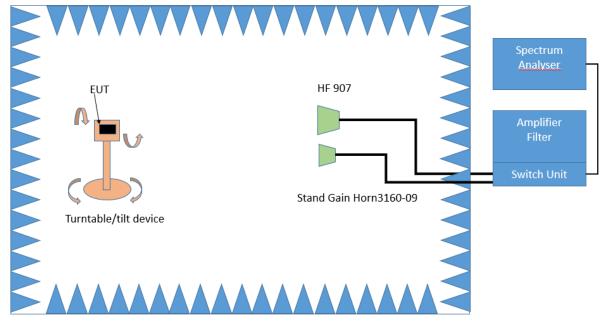


Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC), 30 MHz- 1GHz

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE_NETMO_2302_FCC_01 Page 27 of 49



Frequency Range: 1 GHz - 26.5 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 1 GHz-26.5 GHz

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.26 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table $1.0 \times 2.0 \text{ m}^2$ in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30--1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

1. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:
- Antenna distance: 3 m

Detector: PeakRBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: coupled

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

Height variation range: 1 – 3 m
Height variation step size: 2 m
Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.



Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by \pm 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 1 MHz - VBW: 1 MHz

- Sweep time: 100 ms

- Turntable angle range: ± 45 ° around the determined value - Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value

- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with RMS detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed: EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: RMQ

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 1MHz - VBW: 1 MHz - Sweep time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

- Antenna distance: 3 m

Detector: PeakRBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: coupled

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical



Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size \pm 45° for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 22.5°.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^{\circ}$

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

Detector: Peak,RBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: 100 ms

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: RMS

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 1 MHz - VBW: 3 MHz - Sweep Time: 1 s

5.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 2.1053; Measurement required: Field strength of spurious radiation:

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of §2.1049, as appropriate.

FCC Part 27; Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services

Subpart C – Technical standards

§27.53 - Emission limits

Band 4:

(h) AWS emission limits—(1) General protection levels. Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 \log_{10} (P) dB.



RSS-139; 6.6 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

Equipment shall comply with the limits in (i) and (ii) below.

- i. In the first 1.0 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power per any 1% of the emission bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dBW) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts) dB.
- ii. After the first 1.0 MHz outside the equipment's smallest operating frequency block, which can contain the equipment's occupied bandwidth, the emission power in any 1 MHz bandwidth shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P (in dBW) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts) dB.

5.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 22 °C Air Pressure: 1014 hPa Humidity: 41 %

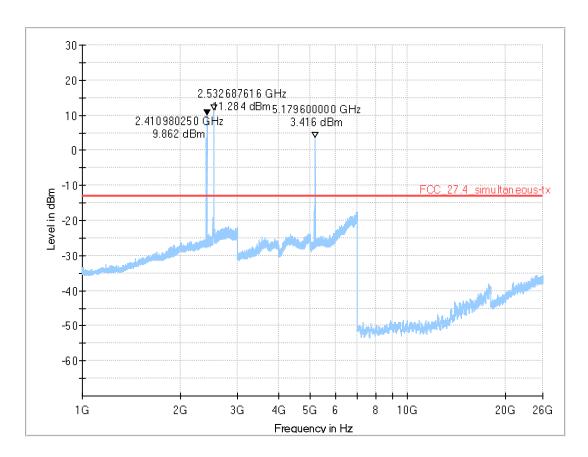
eFDD14 TX on 793 MHz & eFDD7 TX on 2535 MHz & WLAN 2.4 GHz TX on 2412 MHz & WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz

Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
-	-	PEAK	1000	-13	-

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



5.3.4MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE) Radio Technology = eFDD14 TX on 793 MHz & eFDD7 TX on 2535 MHz & WLAN 2.4 GHz TX on 2412 MHz & WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz Measurement method = radiated (S01_AA01)



Remark: Marker on intentional transmitter WLAN 2.4 & 5 GHz and LTE Band 14 & 7

5.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions FAR



5.4 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Standard FCC PART 90 Subpart S

The test was performed according to:

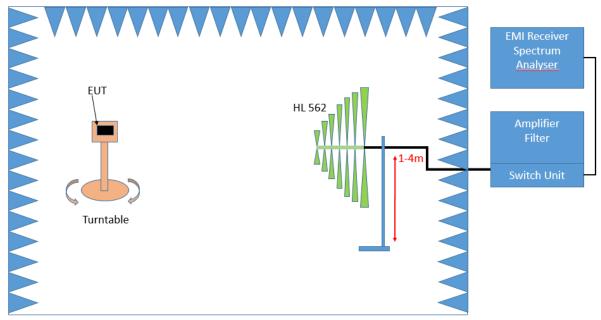
ANSI C63.26: 2015; 5.5.2.3.1

5.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable radiated spurious emission measurements per § 2.1053 and RSS-GEN 6.13. The limit and requirements come from the applicable rule part and ISED RSS-Standard for the operating band of the cellular device.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:

Frequency Range: 30 MHz - 1 GHz:

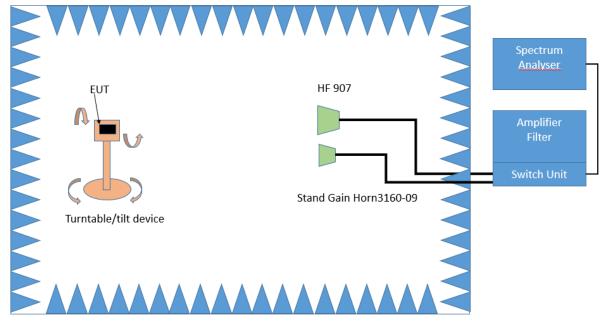


Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC), 30 MHz- 1GHz

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE_NETMO_2302_FCC_01 Page 33 of 49



Frequency Range: 1 GHz - 26.5 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 1 GHz-26.5 GHz

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.26 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table $1.0 \times 2.0 \text{ m}^2$ in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30--1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

1. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:
- Antenna distance: 3 m

Detector: PeakRBW: 100 kHzVBW: 300 kHzSweep time: coupled

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

Height variation range: 1 – 3 m
Height variation step size: 2 m
Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.



Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by \pm 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 100 kHz - VBW: 300 kHz

- Sweep time: coupled

- Turntable angle range: ± 45 ° around the determined value - Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value

- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with RMS detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed: EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: RMQ

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 100 kHz - VBW: 300 kHz - Sweep time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

- Antenna distance: 3 m

Detector: PeakRBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: coupled

- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°

- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size \pm 45° for the elevation axis is performed.



The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 22.5°. The elevation angle will slowly vary by \pm 45° EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

Detector: Peak,RBW: 1 MHzVBW: 3 MHz

- Sweep time: coupled

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: RMS

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW: 1 MHz - VBW: 3 MHz - Sweep Time: 1 s

5.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 2.1053; Measurement required: Field strength of spurious radiation:

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of §2.1049, as appropriate.



Part 90; PRIVATE LAND MOBILE RADIO SERVICES

Subpart R—Regulations Governing the Licensing and Use of Frequencies in the 763-775 and 793-805 MHz Bands

§90.543 – Emission limitations.

(a) The adjacent channel power (ACP) requirements for transmitters designed for various channel sizes are shown in the following tables. Mobile station requirements apply to handheld, car mounted and control station units. The tables specify a value for the ACP as a function of the displacement from the channel center frequency and measurement bandwidth. In the following tables, "(s)" indicates a swept measurement may be used.

RSS-140; 4.4 Transmitter unwanted emission limits

The power of any unwanted emission outside the bands 758-768 MHz and 788-798 MHz shall be attenuated below the transmitter output power P in dBW as follows, where p is the transmitter output power in watts:

For any frequency between 769-775 MHz and 799-806 MHz:

65 + 10 log (p), dB in a 6.25 kHz band for mobile and portable/hand-held equipment

For any frequency between 775-788 MHz, above 806 MHz, and below 758 MHz: $43 + 10 \log (p)$, dB in a bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency bands 758-768 MHz and 788-798 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.

In addition, the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of all emissions, including harmonics in the band 1559-1610 MHz, shall not exceed -70 dBW/MHz for wideband emissions, and -80 dBW/kHz for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth.

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE_NETMO_2302_FCC_01



5.4.4 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 24 °C Air Pressure: 1004 hPa Humidity: 38 %

eFDD14 TX on 793 MHz & eFDD7 TX on 2535 MHz & WLAN 2.4 GHz TX on 2412 MHz & WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz

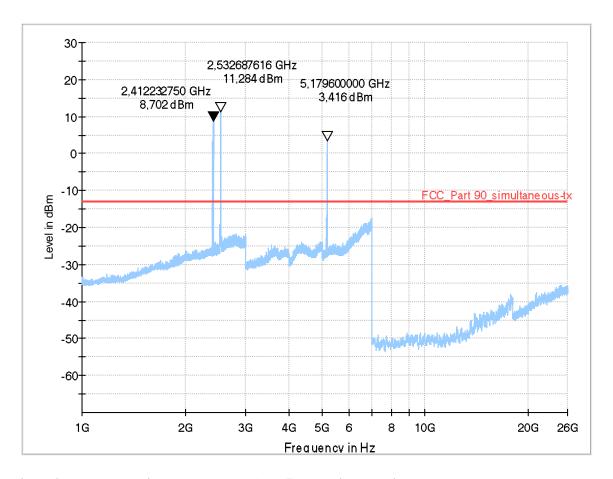
Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
-	-	PEAK	1000	-13	-

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.4.5MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

Technology = eFDD14 TX on 793 MHz & eFDD7 TX on 2535 MHz & WLAN 2.4 GHz TX on 2412 MHz & WLAN 5 GHz TX on 5180 MHz

Measurement method = radiated (S01_AA01)



Remark: Marker on intentional transmitter WLAN 2.4 $\&\,5$ GHz and LTE Band 7

5.4.6 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions FAR



6 TEST EQUIPMENT

6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT HARDWARE

1 Radiated Emissions FAR
Radiated Emissions in a fully anechoic room

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)		Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2021-10	2023-10
1.2	AMF- 7D00101800-	Broadband Amplifier 100 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq		N/A	N/A
1.3		High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942012	N/A	N/A
1.4	ASP 1.2/1.8-10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
1.5		FAR, 8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (I x w x h)	Albatross Projects	P26971-647-001- PRB	2021-04	2023-04
1.6	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2022-06	2024-06
1.7		Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	849785	N/A	N/A
1.8	FSW43	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	103779	2022-11	2024-11
1.9	3160-09	Standard Gain	EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00083069	N/A	N/A
1.10		High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	09	N/A	N/A
1.11	4HC1600/12750 -1.5-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	9942011	N/A	N/A
1.12	TT 1.5 WI	Turn Table	Maturo GmbH	-	N/A	N/A
1.13	HL 562 ULTRALOG	Biconical-log- per Antenna (30 MHz - 3 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	100609	2022-06	2025-06
1.14	VLFX-650+	Low Pass Filter DC650 MHz	Mini-Circuits	15542	N/A	N/A
1.15	5HC3500/18000 -1.2-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	200035008	N/A	N/A
1.16	(8120.00)	Datalogger		115.0318.0802.0 33	N/A	N/A
1.17	TD1.5-10kg	EUT Tilt Device (Rohacell)		TD1.5- 10kg/024/37907 09	N/A	N/A
1.18	PAS 2.5 - 10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-	N/A	N/A
1.19	AFS42- 00101800-25-S- 42	Broadband	Miteq	2035324	N/A	N/A
1.20	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102444	2021-09	2024-09

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE_NETMO_2302_FCC_01



Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last	Calibration
		_			Calibration	Due
1.21			Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	163529-bw	2020-07	2023-07
1.22			Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	168927-cv	2020-05	2023-05

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"

6.2 TEST EQUIPMENT SOFTWARE

Semi-Anechoic Chamber:				
Software	Version			
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.10			
INNCO Mast Controller	1.02.62			
MATURO Mast Controller	12.19			
MATURO Turn-Table Controller	30.10			
Fully-Anechoic Chamber:				
Software	Version			
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.10			
MATURO Turn-Unit Cotrolller	11.10			
MATURO Mast Controller	12.10			
MATURO Turntable Controller	12.11			
Conducted AC Emissions:				
Software	Version			
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.20			



7 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

7.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ - 30 MHZ)

Frequency	Corr.
MHz	dB
0.15	10.1
5	10.3
7	10.5
10	10.5
12	10.7
14	10.7
16	10.8
18	10.9
20	10.9
22	11.1
24	11.1
26	11.2
28	11.2
30	11.3

	cable
LISN	loss
insertion	(incl. 10
loss	dB
ESH3-	atten-
Z5	uator)
dB	dB
0.1	10.0
0.1	10.2
0.2	10.3
0.2	10.3
0.3	10.4
0.3	10.4
0.4	10.4
0.4	10.5
0.4	10.5
0.5	10.6
0.5	10.6
0.5	10.7
0.5	10.7
0.5	10.8

Sample calculation

 U_{LISN} (dB μ V) = U (dB μ V) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.



7.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ - 30 MHZ)

	AF	
	HFH-Z2)	Corr.
	dB (1/m)	dB
0.009	20.50	-79.6
0.01	20.45	-79.6
0.015	20.37	-79.6
0.02	20.36	-79.6
0.025	20.38	-79.6
0.03	20.32	-79.6
0.05	20.35	-79.6
0.08	20.30	-79.6
0.1	20.20	-79.6
0.2	20.17	-79.6
0.3	20.14	-79.6
0.49	20.12	-79.6
0.490001	20.12	-39.6
0.5	20.11	-39.6
0.8	20.10	-39.6
1	20.09	-39.6
2	20.08	-39.6
3	20.06	-39.6
4	20.05	-39.5
5	20.05	-39.5
6	20.02	-39.5
8	19.95	-39.5
10	19.83	-39.4
12	19.71	-39.4
14	19.54	-39.4
16	19.53	-39.3
18	19.50	-39.3
20	19.57	-39.3
22	19.61	-39.3
24	19.61	-39.3
26	19.54	-39.3
28	19.46	-39.2
30	19.73	-39.1

XS HFHZ-	ZZ (9 KH	Z - 30 N	1ПС)			
cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-40 dB/ decade)	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)	d _{used} (meas. distance (used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3
0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction = $-40 * LOG (d_{Limit}/d_{used})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values



7.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ - 1 GHZ)

$(d_{Limit} = 3 m)$						
Frequency	AF R&S HL562	Corr.				
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB				
30	18.6	0.6				
50	6.0	0.9				
100	9.7	1.2				
150	7.9	1.6				
200	7.6	1.9				
250	9.5	2.1				
300	11.0	2.3				
350	12.4	2.6				
400	13.6	2.9				
450	14.7	3.1				
500	15.6	3.2				
550	16.3	3.5				
600	17.2	3.5				
650	18.1	3.6				
700	18.5	3.6				
750	19.1	4.1				
800	19.6	4.1				
850	20.1	4.4				
900	20.8	4.7				
950	21.1	4.8				
1000	21.6	4.9				

cable	cable	cable	distance	d_{Limit}	d_{used}
loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
(outside	(switch	(to	(-20 dB/	distance	distance
chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.04	0.23	0.02	0.0	3	3
0.09	0.32	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.14	0.47	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.20	0.59	0.12	0.0	3	3
0.21	0.70	0.11	0.0	3	3
0.24	0.80	0.13	0.0	3	3
0.26	0.89	0.15	0.0	3	3
0.31	0.96	0.13	0.0	3	3
0.35	1.03	0.19	0.0	3	3
0.38	1.11	0.22	0.0	3	3
0.39	1.20	0.19	0.0	3	3
0.46	1.24	0.23	0.0	3	3
0.43	1.29	0.23	0.0	3	3
0.34	1.35	0.22	0.0	3	3
0.42	1.41	0.15	0.0	3	3
0.54	1.46	0.25	0.0	3	3
0.46	1.51	0.25	0.0	3	3
0.60	1.56	0.27	0.0	3	3
0.60	1.63	0.29	0.0	3	3
0.60	1.66	0.33	0.0	3	3
0.61	1.71	0.30	0.0	3	3
	loss 2 (outside chamber) dB 0.04 0.09 0.14 0.20 0.21 0.24 0.35 0.38 0.39 0.46 0.43 0.42 0.54 0.60 0.60	loss 2 (outside chamber) loss 3 (switch unit) dB dB 0.04 0.23 0.09 0.32 0.14 0.47 0.20 0.59 0.21 0.70 0.24 0.80 0.35 1.03 0.38 1.11 0.39 1.20 0.46 1.24 0.43 1.29 0.34 1.35 0.42 1.41 0.54 1.46 0.46 1.51 0.60 1.63 0.60 1.66	loss 2 (outside chamber) loss 3 (switch unit) loss 4 (to receiver) dB dB dB 0.04 0.23 0.02 0.09 0.32 0.08 0.14 0.47 0.08 0.20 0.59 0.12 0.21 0.70 0.11 0.24 0.80 0.13 0.26 0.89 0.15 0.31 0.96 0.13 0.35 1.03 0.19 0.38 1.11 0.22 0.39 1.20 0.19 0.46 1.24 0.23 0.43 1.29 0.23 0.42 1.41 0.15 0.54 1.46 0.25 0.46 1.51 0.25 0.60 1.56 0.27 0.60 1.63 0.29 0.60 1.66 0.33	loss 2 (outside chamber) loss 3 (switch unit) loss 4 (to receiver) corr. (-20 dB/decade) dB dB dB dB 0.04 0.23 0.02 0.0 0.09 0.32 0.08 0.0 0.14 0.47 0.08 0.0 0.20 0.59 0.12 0.0 0.21 0.70 0.11 0.0 0.24 0.80 0.13 0.0 0.26 0.89 0.15 0.0 0.31 0.96 0.13 0.0 0.35 1.03 0.19 0.0 0.38 1.11 0.22 0.0 0.39 1.20 0.19 0.0 0.46 1.24 0.23 0.0 0.43 1.29 0.23 0.0 0.42 1.41 0.15 0.0 0.54 1.46 0.25 0.0 0.54 1.46 0.25 0.0 0.60 1.56 0.27 <td>loss 2 (outside chamber) loss 3 (switch unit) (to receiver) (-20 dB/decade) (distance (limit) dB dB dB dB m 0.04 0.23 0.02 0.0 3 0.09 0.32 0.08 0.0 3 0.14 0.47 0.08 0.0 3 0.20 0.59 0.12 0.0 3 0.21 0.70 0.11 0.0 3 0.24 0.80 0.13 0.0 3 0.24 0.89 0.15 0.0 3 0.31 0.96 0.13 0.0 3 0.35 1.03 0.19 0.0 3 0.38 1.11 0.22 0.0 3 0.39 1.20 0.19 0.0 3 0.39 1.20 0.19 0.0 3 0.46 1.24 0.23 0.0 3 0.42 1.41 0.15 0.0</td>	loss 2 (outside chamber) loss 3 (switch unit) (to receiver) (-20 dB/decade) (distance (limit) dB dB dB dB m 0.04 0.23 0.02 0.0 3 0.09 0.32 0.08 0.0 3 0.14 0.47 0.08 0.0 3 0.20 0.59 0.12 0.0 3 0.21 0.70 0.11 0.0 3 0.24 0.80 0.13 0.0 3 0.24 0.89 0.15 0.0 3 0.31 0.96 0.13 0.0 3 0.35 1.03 0.19 0.0 3 0.38 1.11 0.22 0.0 3 0.39 1.20 0.19 0.0 3 0.39 1.20 0.19 0.0 3 0.46 1.24 0.23 0.0 3 0.42 1.41 0.15 0.0

 $(d_{Limit} = 10 m)$

(a _{Limit} = 10	m)								
30	18.6	-9.9	0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	-10.5	10	3
50	6.0	-9.6	0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	-10.5	10	3
100	9.7	-9.2	0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	-10.5	10	3
150	7.9	-8.8	0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	-10.5	10	3
200	7.6	-8.6	0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	-10.5	10	3
250	9.5	-8.3	0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	-10.5	10	3
300	11.0	-8.1	1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	-10.5	10	3
350	12.4	-7.9	1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	-10.5	10	3
400	13.6	-7.6	1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	-10.5	10	3
450	14.7	-7.4	1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	-10.5	10	3
500	15.6	-7.2	1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	-10.5	10	3
550	16.3	-7.0	1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	-10.5	10	3
600	17.2	-6.9	1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	-10.5	10	3
650	18.1	-6.9	1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	-10.5	10	3
700	18.5	-6.8	1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	-10.5	10	3
750	19.1	-6.3	1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	-10.5	10	3
800	19.6	-6.3	1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	-10.5	10	3
850	20.1	-6.0	1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	-10.5	10	3
900	20.8	-5.8	2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	-10.5	10	3
950	21.1	-5.6	2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	-10.5	10	3
1000	21.6	-5.6	2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	-10.5	10	3

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction = $-20 * LOG (d_{Limit}/ d_{used})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



7.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ - 18 GHZ)

	AF R&S	
Frequency	HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	24.4	-19.4
2000	28.5	-17.4
3000	31.0	-16.1
4000	33.1	-14.7
5000	34.4	-13.7
6000	34.7	-12.7
7000	35.6	-11.0

cable loss 1 (relay + cable inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	
dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.99	0.31	-21.51	0.79	
1.44	0.44	-20.63	1.38	
1.87	0.53	-19.85	1.33	
2.41	0.67	-19.13	1.31	
2.78	0.86	-18.71	1.40	
2.74	0.90	-17.83	1.47	
2.82	0.86	-16.19	1.46	

	AF	
	R&S	
Frequency	HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
3000	31.0	-23.4
4000	33.1	-23.3
5000	34.4	-21.7
6000	34.7	-21.2
7000	35.6	-19.8

			cable		
			loss 4		
cable			(switch		
loss 1	cable	cable	unit,		used
(relay	loss 2	loss 3	atten-	cable	for
inside	(inside	(outside	uator &	loss 5 (to	FCC
chamber)	chamber)	chamber)	pre-amp)	receiver)	15.247
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.47	1.87	0.53	-27.58	1.33	
0.56	2.41	0.67	-28.23	1.31	
0.61	2.78	0.86	-27.35	1.40	
0.58	2.74	0.90	-26.89	1.47	
0.66	2.82	0.86	-25.58	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
7000	35.6	-57.3
8000	36.3	-56.3
9000	37.1	-55.3
10000	37.5	-56.2
11000	37.5	-55.3
12000	37.6	-53.7
13000	38.2	-53.5
14000	39.9	-56.3
15000	40.9	-54.1
16000	41.3	-54.1
17000	42.8	-54.4
18000	44.2	-54.7

cable					
loss 1	cable	cable	cable	cable	cable
(relay	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	loss 5	loss 6
inside	(High	(pre-	(inside	(outside	(to
chamber)	Pass)	amp)	chamber)	chamber)	receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0.56	1.28	-62.72	2.66	0.94	1.46
0.69	0.71	-61.49	2.84	1.00	1.53
0.68	0.65	-60.80	3.06	1.09	1.60
0.70	0.54	-61.91	3.28	1.20	1.67
0.80	0.61	-61.40	3.43	1.27	1.70
0.84	0.42	-59.70	3.53	1.26	1.73
0.83	0.44	-59.81	3.75	1.32	1.83
0.91	0.53	-63.03	3.91	1.40	1.77
0.98	0.54	-61.05	4.02	1.44	1.83
1.23	0.49	-61.51	4.17	1.51	1.85
1.36	0.76	-62.36	4.34	1.53	2.00
1.70	0.53	-62.88	4.41	1.55	1.91

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



7.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ - 26.5 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-09	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
18000	40.2	-23.5
18500	40.2	-23.2
19000	40.2	-22.0
19500	40.3	-21.3
20000	40.3	-20.3
20500	40.3	-19.9
21000	40.3	-19.1
21500	40.3	-19.1
22000	40.3	-18.7
22500	40.4	-19.0
23000	40.4	-19.5
23500	40.4	-19.3
24000	40.4	-19.8
24500	40.4	-19.5
25000	40.4	-19.3
25500	40.5	-20.4
26000	40.5	-21.3
26500	40.5	-21.1

•	100 3100 03 (10 0112 20.3 0112)							
	cable	cable	cable	cable	cable			
	loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	loss 5			
	(inside	(pre-	(inside	(switch	(to			
	chamber)	amp)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)			
	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB			
	0.72	-35.85	6.20	2.81	2.65			
	0.69	-35.71	6.46	2.76	2.59			
	0.76	-35.44	6.69	3.15	2.79			
	0.74	-35.07	7.04	3.11	2.91			
	0.72	-34.49	7.30	3.07	3.05			
	0.78	-34.46	7.48	3.12	3.15			
	0.87	-34.07	7.61	3.20	3.33			
	0.90	-33.96	7.47	3.28	3.19			
	0.89	-33.57	7.34	3.35	3.28			
	0.87	-33.66	7.06	3.75	2.94			
	0.88	-33.75	6.92	3.77	2.70			
	0.90	-33.35	6.99	3.52	2.66			
	0.88	-33.99	6.88	3.88	2.58			
	0.91	-33.89	7.01	3.93	2.51			
	0.88	-33.00	6.72	3.96	2.14			
	0.89	-34.07	6.90	3.66	2.22			
	0.86	-35.11	7.02	3.69	2.28			
	0.90	-35.20	7.15	3.91	2.36			

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.



7.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ - 40 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-10	Corr.
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB
26.5	43.4	-11.2
27.0	43.4	-11.2
28.0	43.4	-11.1
29.0	43.5	-11.0
30.0	43.5	-10.9
31.0	43.5	-10.8
32.0	43.5	-10.7
33.0	43.6	-10.7
34.0	43.6	-10.6
35.0	43.6	-10.5
36.0	43.6	-10.4
37.0	43.7	-10.3
38.0	43.7	-10.2
39.0	43.7	-10.2
40.0	43.8	-10.1

	` `					
cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)	d _{used} (meas. distance (used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
4.5				-9.5	3	1.0
4.6				-9.5	3	1.0
4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
4.8				-9.5	3	1.0
4.9				-9.5	3	1.0
5.0				-9.5	3	1.0
5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
5.2				-9.5	3	1.0
5.3				-9.5	3	1.0
5.4				-9.5	3	1.0
5.5				-9.5	3	1.0

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = -20 * LOG (d_{Limit}/d_{used}) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

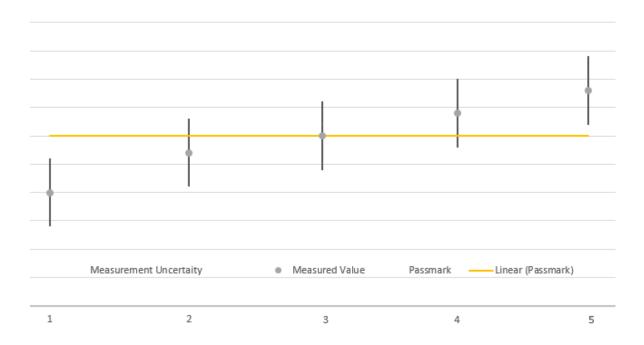


8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case(s)	Parameter	Uncertainty
- Field strength of spurious radiation	Field Strength	± 5.5 dB
- Emission and Occupied Bandwidth	Power Frequency	± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz
RF Output PowerPeak to Average Ratio	Power	± 2.2 dB
Band Edge ComplianceSpurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Power Frequency	± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz
- Frequency Stability	Frequency	± 25 Hz



The measurement uncertainties for all parameters are calculated with an expansion factor (coverage factor) k = 1.96. This means, that the true value is in the corresponding interval with a probability of 95 %.



The verdicts in this test report are given according the above diagram:

Case	Measured Value	Uncertainty Range	Verdict
1	below pass mark	below pass mark	Passed
2	below pass mark	within pass mark	Passed
3	on pass mark	within pass mark	Passed
4	above pass mark	within pass mark	Failed
5	above pass mark	above pass mark	Failed

That means, the laboratory applies, as decision rule (see ISO/IEC 17025:2017), the so called shared risk principle.



9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE_NETMO_2302_FCC_01