

RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See 15.247(b)(4) and 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	WIRELESS-G 23DBM NETWORK MINIPCI
	ADAPTER WITH ESD
	WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz
Frequency band	WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz
(Operating)	□ WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5825GHz
	Others _
	Portable (<20cm separation)
Device category	Mobile (>20cm separation)
	Others
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure ($S = 5mW/cm^2$)
	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure
	$(S=1mW/cm^2)$
Antenna diversity	Single antenna
	Multiple antennas
	Tx diversity
	Rx diversity
	Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	22.21dBm (166.34mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	2.00 dBi (Numeric gain:1.58)
Evaluation applied	MPE Evaluation
	SAR Evaluation
Note:	
1. The maximum output power is 22.21 dBm (166.34mW) at 2462MHz (with 1.58 numeric	

 The maximum output power is <u>22.21 dBm (166.34mW)</u> at <u>2462MHz</u> (with <u>1.58 numeric</u> antenna gain.)

2. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum separation generally be used is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be lesser.

TEST RESULT

No non-compliance noted.



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Calculation

Given
$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 & $S = \frac{E^{-2}}{3770}$

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = distance in cm P = Power in mWG = Numeric antenna gain $S = Power Density in mW / cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT Output Power=166.34mW

Numeric antenna gain=1.58

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d=20 cm into *Equation 1* :

Yields

The power density $S = 30 \times 166.34 \times 1.58 / (3770 \times 400) \text{ cm}^2 = 5.2284 \text{ X} 10^{-3} \text{ mW/cm}^2$

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is $1.0 \ mW/cm^2$ even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)