SAR MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC ID:	TFJPIXIE-G
Applicant:	Uniform Industrial Corp.
Application Type:	Certification
Product:	Mobile POS Terminal
Model No.:	PIXIE-GH1WD1
Brand Name:	UIC
FCC Classification:	Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN)
FCC Rule Part(s):	FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093
Test Procedure(s):	IEEE 1528:2013; IEEE C95.1- 2005; KDB 447498 D01v06; KDB 865664 D01v01r04; KDB 941225 D01v03r01; KDB 941225 D05v02r05
Test Date:	November 22 ~ 26, 2019

Reviewed By: Kevin Guo
(Kevin Guo)

Approved By: Robin Wu
(Robin Wu)

ACCREDITED
TESTING LABORATORY
CERTIFICATE #3628.01

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE1528, KDB 447498 and KDB 865664. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
1911RSU034-U1	Rev. 01	Initial Report	12-31-2019	Valid

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Description Page

§2.1033 General Information

Applicant:	Uniform Industrial Corp.
Applicant Address:	47341 Bayside Parkway, Fremont, California 94538, United States
Manufacturer:	Uniform Industrial Corp.
Manufacturer Address:	47341 Bayside Parkway, Fremont, California 94538, United States
Test Site:	MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd
Test Site Address:	D8 Building, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China
Test Device Serial No.:	N/A ☐ Production ☒ Pre-Production ☐ Engineering

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Tian'edang Rd., Suzhou, China.

- **MRT facility is a FCC registered (MRT Designed No. CN1166) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules.**
- **MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 11384A-1) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.**
- **MRT facility is a VCCI registered (R-20025, G-20034, C-20020, T-20020) test laboratory with the site description on file at VCCI Council.**
- **MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) under the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation Program (A2LA Cert. No. 3628.01) in EMC, Telecommunications, Radio and SAR testing.**

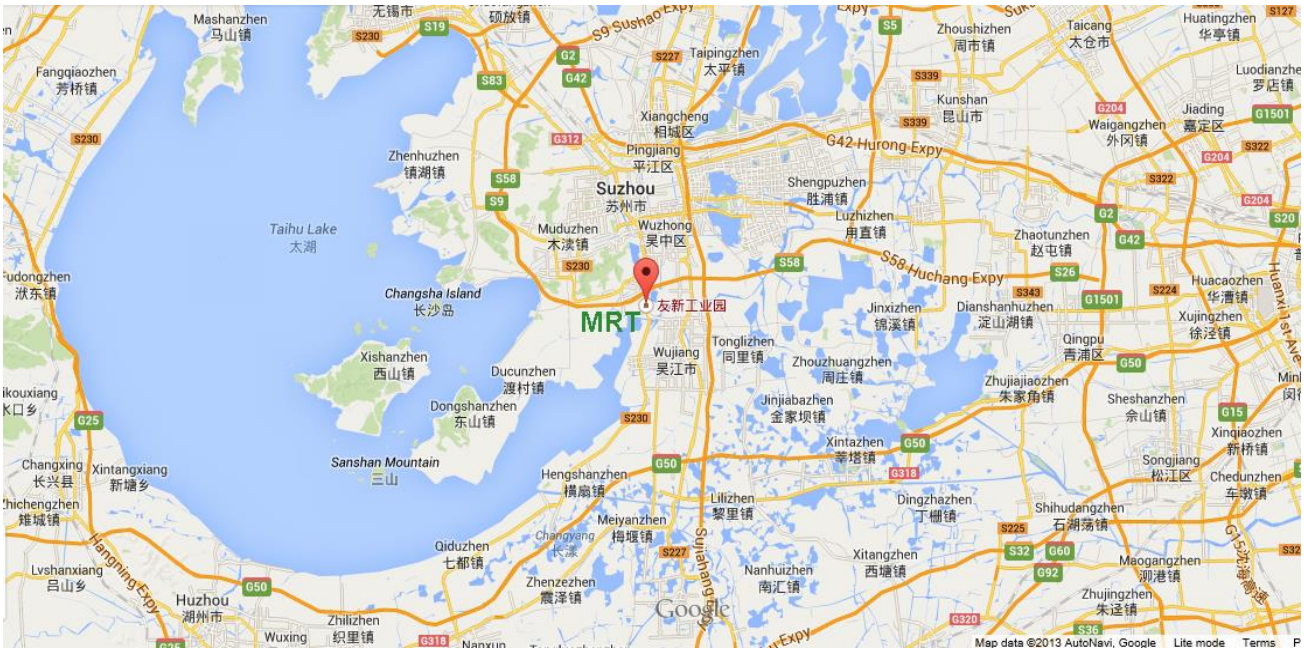
1. Introduction

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of specific absorption rate (SAR) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators is compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taihu Lake. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Facility located at D8 Building, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China. The measurement facility compliant with the test site requirements specified in ANSI C63.4-2014.



2. Product Information

2.1. General Description for EUT

Product Name	Mobile POS Terminal
Model No.	PIXIE-GH1WD1
EUT Type	Portable Device
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

2.2. Product Specification Subjective to this Report

3GPP Specification	
IMEI Code	861473040003664
Frequency Range	WCDMA Band II: 1850 ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 ~ 716 MHz
Power Class	WCDMA:Class 3 LTE: Class 3
Type of Modulation	LTE: QPSK, 16QAM

2.3. Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Battery
Model No.	BP1134BPPMPNAA
Capacity	3.4Ah/ 12.58Wh
Rated Voltage	3.7V
Ancillary Equipment 2	Adapter 1
Model No.	PA150-090T1A500
Input	100-240V ~ 50/60Hz 1.8A
Output	9V⎓5.0A
Ancillary Equipment 3	Adapter 2
Model No.	BA048-090500MAX
Input	100-240V ~ 50/60Hz 1.5A
Output	9V⎓5.0A

3. Summary of Test Result

3.1. Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2.1093	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
2	IEEE 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
3	IEEE C95.1-2005	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
4	KDB 447498 D01 v06	General RF Exposure Guidance
5	KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	KDB 941225 D01 v03r01	3G SAR Procedures
8	KDB 941225 D05 v02r05	SAR for LTE Devices

3.2. Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	20.5°C~24.0°C
Temperature of Simulant	20.0°C~23.5°C
Relative Humidity	38%RH ~55%RH

3.3. RF Exposure Limits

Human Exposure	Basic restrictions for electric, magnetic and electromagnetic fields. (Unit in mW/g or W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR[1](Head and Body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR[2](Whole Body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR[3](Arms and Legs)	4.00

Notes:

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over appropriate averaging time.

3.4. Test Result Summary

Worst SAR List

Highest Reported SAR	Body 1g SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	1.27
WCDMA Band V	0.39
LTE Band 2	1.31
LTE Band 4	1.17
LTE Band 5	0.46
LTE Band 12	0.22

Highest Simultaneous SAR

N/A

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational /controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2. Definition

The SAR in the tissue-equivalent liquid can be determined by the rate of temperature increase or by E-field measurements, according to Formulas (1) or (2):

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho} \quad (1)$$

$$SAR = c_h \left. \frac{dT}{dt} \right|_{t=0} \quad (2)$$

where

SAR	is the specific absorption rate in W/kg;
E	is the rms value of the electric field strength in the tissue medium in V/m;
σ	is the electrical conductivity of the tissue medium in S/m;
ρ	is the mass density of the tissue medium in kg/m^3;
c_h	is the specific heat capacity of the tissue medium in J/(kg K);
$\left. \frac{dT}{dt} \right\|_{t=0}$	is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue medium in K/s.

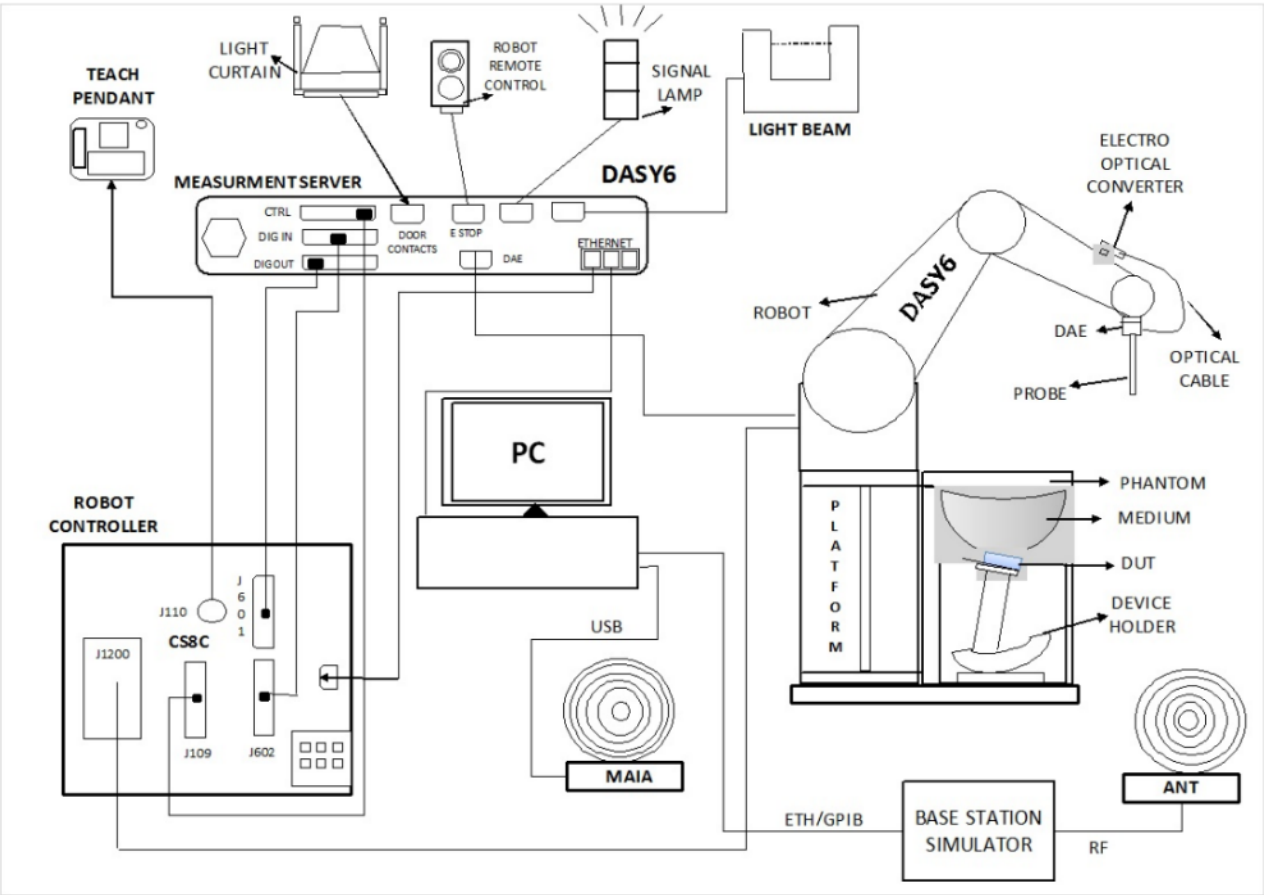
5. DASY6 Measurement System

5.1. Introduction

DASY6 is the latest generation of the Dosimetric Assessment System optimized for specific absorption rate (SAR) measurements, SAR compliance. DASY6 builds on the power of our industry - leading dosimetric and near-field evaluation system, DASY52. Running on a significantly more robust platform and a more powerful measurement server, DASY6 offers much faster scanning with no sacrifice of measurement precision. All hardware and software are fully compatible with DASY52. The new system seamlessly integrates two software solutions, the novel cDASY V6.6 - optimized for SAR compliance testing to significantly reduce SAR assessment costs - and the widely used DASY V5.2 for generalized near-field evaluations with maximized flexibility.

5.2. DASY6 Measurement System Diagram

The DASY6 system in cDASY6/DASY5 V5.2 SAR Configuration is shown below:



The System consist of the following components:

DASY6 Measurement Server, Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE), Probes, Light-Beam Unit, Phantoms, Media, Device Holder for SAM-Twin Phantom, Laptop Extension Kit to Mounting Device, Robot System Platform & Pedestal, Verification of the Parameters with the Dielectric Assessment Kit (DAK), Modulation and Interference Analyzer (MAIA), Omni-Directional Ultra-Wideband Antenna (ANT), cDASY6 software, DASY5 NEO software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

5.3. System Components Details

DASY6 Platforms MP6E-TX60L

MP6E-TX60L platform is a compact cost-effective platform based on TX60L. It consists of:

- a stable non-metalic platform for the TX60L robot
- a frame for two standard-size phantoms (1.0 × 0.5 m)
- a frame for one half-size phantom (0.5 × 0.5 m)

It includes two easily moveable trolleys for the phone and tablet/computer positioner and two platforms for positioning dipoles and other antennas.

Material	The beams consist of a composite of wood and epoxy (permittivity of 3.3 and loss tangent of <0.07)
Size	The footprint of the platform is 1590 mm × 1060 mm.

Robots -TX60L

The MRT DASY6 system uses the high-precision industrial robots TX60L from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family - the successor of the well-known RX robot family - continues to offer the features important for DASY6 applications:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance-free as all gears are direct drive, no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors, no stepper motors)
- Low extremely low frequency (ELF) interference (motor control fields are shielded by the closed metallic construction)

The robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is provided on CDs delivered with the robot. Paper manuals are available directly from Staubli upon request.

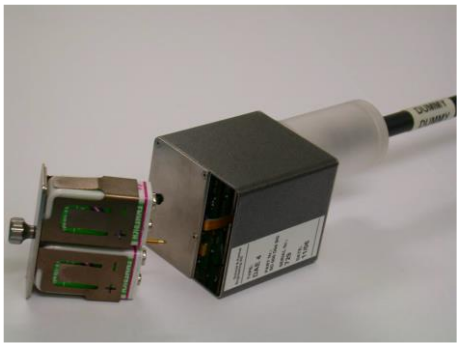
DASY6 Measurement Server

The DASY6 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 electronics box, as well as the 16-bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluations of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements, and handles safety operations.

Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter, and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



Probes

E-Field Probe(EX3DV4)

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025.

Construction:

Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Frequency: 4 MHz ~ 10 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz ~ 10 GHz)

Directivity:

±0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)

±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: 10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)

Dimensions:

Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

Applications:

High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better than 30%.

MSTV1 (Mother Scan Teaching V1) Electronics & TP6V2 (Teaching Probe 6V2) Probe

MSTV1 (Mother Scan Teaching V1) electronics together with the TP6V2 (Teaching Probe 6V2) probe is used for mother scan of DASY6 system. This probe uses a 3D Renishaw LP2 sensor which ensures accurate detection of any shape and a measurement repeatability of 8 μm.

Light-Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset, are measured. The software then corrects all movements within the measurement jobs, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

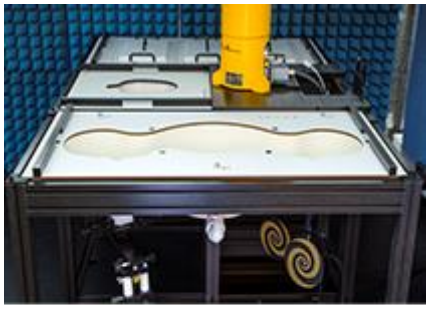
The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

Phantoms

SAM-Twin Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body-mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
SAM-Twin V5.0 and higher has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as SAM-Twin V4.0, but with the top structure reinforced.

Material	Vinyl ester, fiberglass reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	The phantom shell is compatible with SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (sugar and oil based). Use of other liquids may render the phantom warranty void (see note or consult SPEAG support).
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters
Support	DASY6: standard-size platform slot DASY52 stand-alone: SPEAG standard phantom table

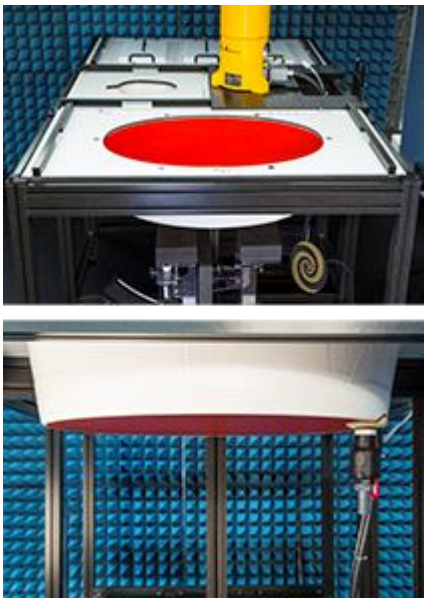


ELI phantom

The ELI phantom is used for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 and higher has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI V4.0, but has reinforced top structure. ELI V6.0, released in August 2014, has the same shell geometry as ELI V4.0 but offers increased longterm stability.

Material	Vinyl ester, fiberglass reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	The phantom shell is compatible with SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (sugar and oil based). Use of other liquids may render the phantom warranty void (see note or consult SPEAG support).
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters
Support	DASY6: standard-size platform slot DASY52 stand-alone: SPEAG standard phantom table



SAM Face Down Phantom

The SAM Face Down Phantom V10 allows assessment of the exposure of the face and in particular the eyes for handheld devices operated in front of the face. e.g., video phones, cameras, organizers, etc. It is manufactured from high precision injection molded polypropylene. The Mounting Device for Transmitters including extensions kit can be used to position the device.

Material	Epoxy based
Liquid Compatibility	The phantom shell is compatible with SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (sugar and oil based). Use of other liquids may render the phantom warranty void (see note or consult SPEAG support).
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 mm at ear point)
Head Shape	Standard compatible SAM head.

SAM Head Stand Phantom

The SAM Head Stand Phantom V10 allows assessment of the exposure of the top-head or around-the-head wireless accessories, e.g., head-belts, etc. It is manufactured from high precision injection molded polypropylene. The Mounting Device for Transmitters including extensions kit can be used to position the device.

Material	Epoxy based
Liquid Compatibility	The phantom shell is compatible with SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (sugar and oil based). Use of other liquids may render the phantom warranty void (see note or consult SPEAG support).
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 mm at ear point)
Head Shape	Standard compatible SAM head.

Wrist Phantom

The Wrist Phantom V10 is shape-compatible with the CTIA approved OTA GFPC-V1 and optimized for SAR evaluation of watches and other wireless hand accessories.

Material	Epoxy based
Liquid Compatibility	The phantom shell is compatible with SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (sugar and oil based). Use of other liquids may render the phantom warranty void (see note or consult SPEAG support).
Shell Thickness	Shell Thickness
Wrist Shape	Design compatible with CTIA forearm.

Device Holder for SAM-Twin Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce uncertainty in the SAR of ±20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions at which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

MD4HHTV5 - Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Material: Polyoxymethylene (POM)

MDA4WTV5 - Mounting Device Adaptor for Ultra Wide Transmitters

An upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.

Material: Polyoxymethylene (POM)

MDA4SPV6 - Mounting Device Adaptor for Smart Phones

The solid low-density MDA4SPV6 adaptor assuring no impact on the DUT radiation performance and is conform with any DUT design and shape.

Material: ROHACELL

MD4LAPV5 - Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device (Body-Worn) enables testing of transmitter devices according to IEC 62209-2 specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at a flat phantom section.

Material: Polyoxymethylene (POM), PET-G, Foam

MDA4LAP - Mounting Device Adaptor for Laptops

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) according to IEC 62209-2; lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM as well as ELI and other Flat Phantoms.

Material: Polyoxymethylene (POM), PET-G, Foam

Modulation and Interference Analyzer(MAIA)

MAIA is a hardware interface used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals in the frequency range 698 - 6000 MHz. DASY6 evaluates the time-domain and frequency domain properties of the uplink signal transmitted by the DUT during SAR measurement with MAIA. MAIA uses USB powered active electronics to identify the modulation of the DUT. It can be operated over the air interface using the built-in ultra-broadband planar log spiral antenna (698 - 6000 MHz) or in conducted mode using the coaxial SMA 50 Ohm connector (300 - 6000 MHz).

To prevent damage in conducted mode due to high peak power, an external RF attenuator may be mounted. The LED on the MAIA hardware also indicates whether it is connected.

DAK-3.5 (200MHz – 20GHz)

This precision dielectric measurement system is designed to cover the 200MHz – 20GHz frequency range with a single open-ended coaxial dielectric probe. The system uses advanced algorithms and novel hardware to measure the dielectric properties of liquids, solids, and semi-solids over a broad range of parameters. The measurement method is fast and non-destructive to the material under test.

Evaluation of reference liquids over a broad frequency range for specific absorption rate (SAR) measurements, in accordance with IEC 62209, IEEE 1528, and several federal regulations.

Evaluating Software: DAK software version 2.0

MRT simulating liquid		
Product	Test Frequency (MHz)	Main Ingredients
HSL450	400 – 500	Water, Sucrose, NaCl
MSL450	400 – 500	Water, Sucrose, NaCl

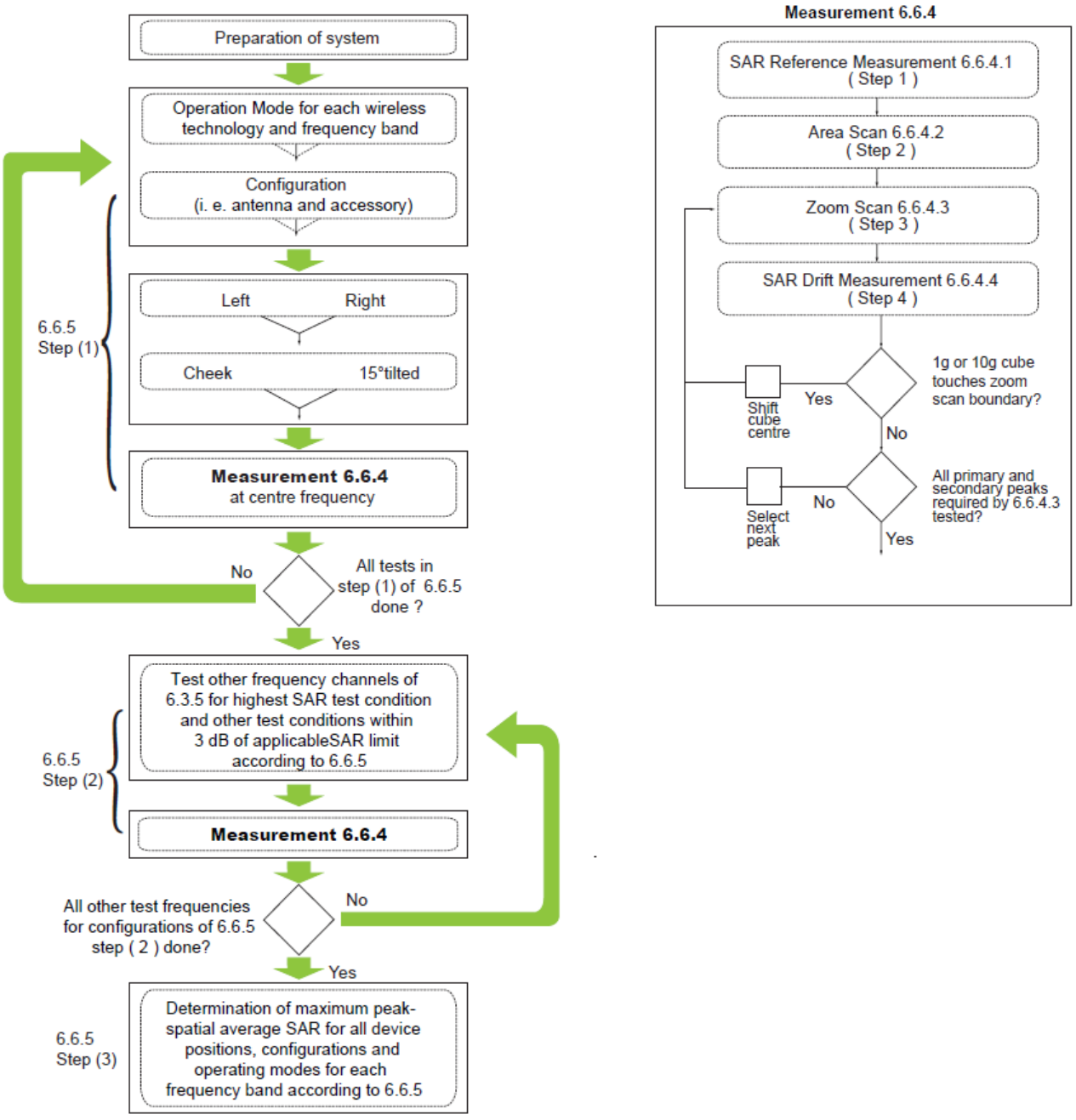
Speag Broad-Band simulating liquid		
Product	Test Frequency (MHz)	Main Ingredients
HBBL600-10000V6	600 – 10000	Water, Oil
MBBL600-6000V6	600 – 6000	Water, Oil

6. The SAR Measurement Procedure

6.1. Measurement Process Diagram

General Procedure

For IEEE1528-2013 Head SAR



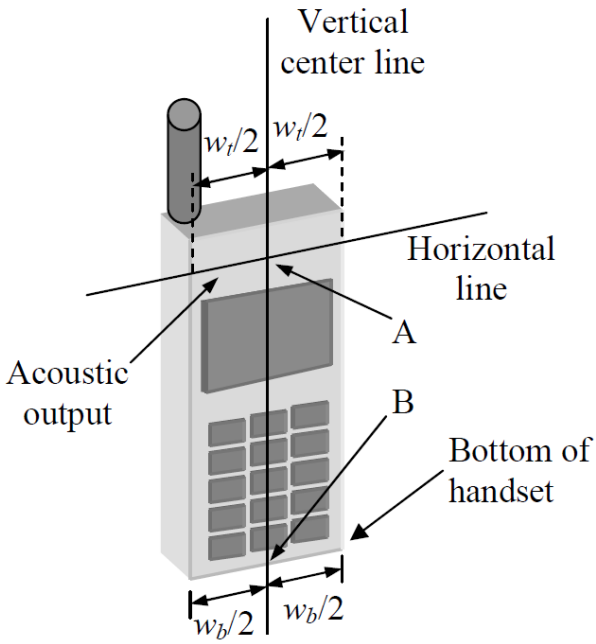
For Body SAR

SAR scan procedures described in section 2.7 of KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 should be applied to body SAR test.

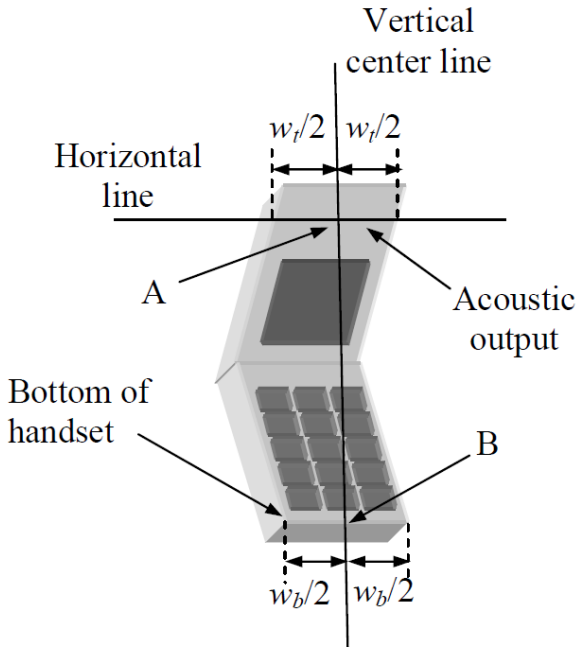
6.2. Test Position Definition

■ Head SAR Test Position

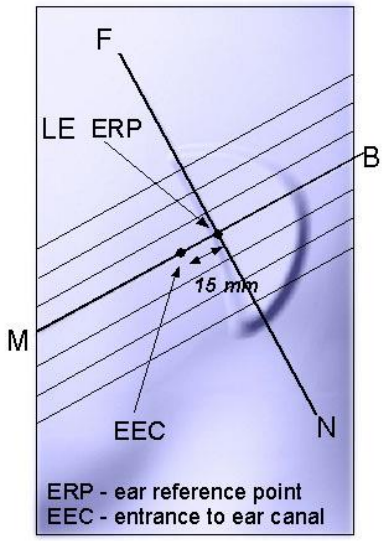
Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output [point A in Fixed case and Clamshell case], and the midpoint of the width w_b at the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output [see Fixed case]. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A. The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset [see Clamshell case], especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets, the vertical centerline passes through point A but not the tip edge of the phone.

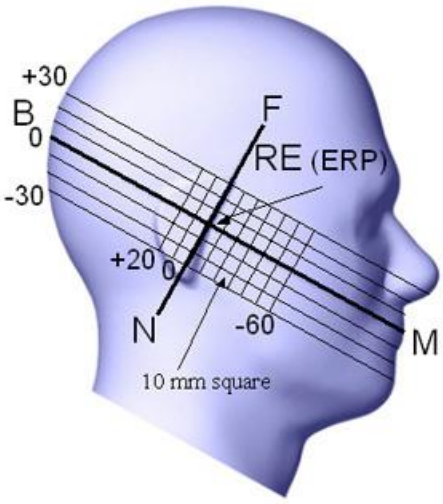


Fixed case



Clamshell case





Key

B	Direction of B-M line back endpoint
F	Direction of N-F line front endpoint
N	Direction of N-F line neck endpoint
M	Mouth reference point
LE	Left ear reference point (ERP)

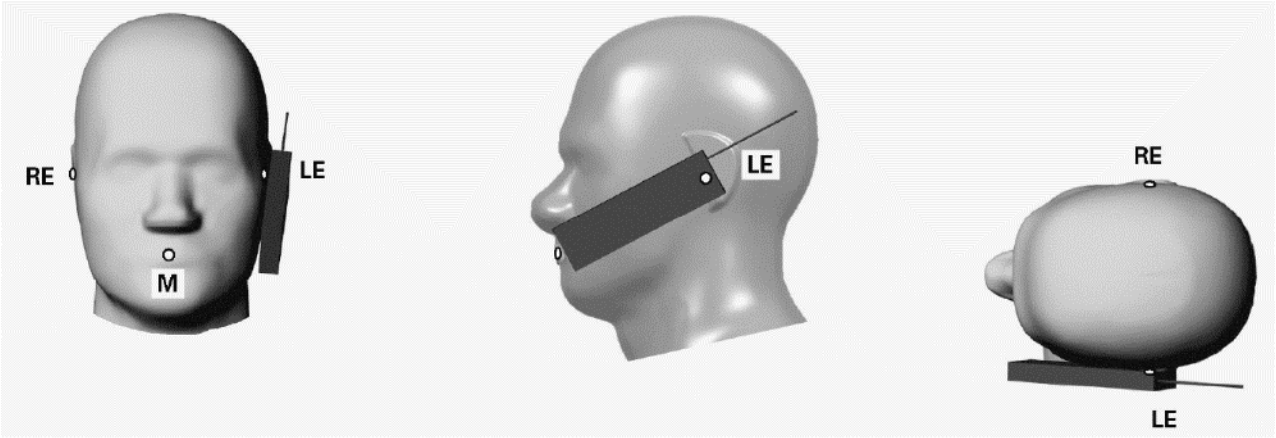
Key

B	Line B-M back endpoint
M	Line B-M front endpoint
N	Line N-F neck endpoint
F	Line N-F front endpoint
RE	Right ear reference point (ERP)

Cheek Position

The cheek position has the following characteristics, based on the geometrical lines described above:

- The N-F line (see above) is in the plane defined by the handset vertical centerline and horizontal line
- Handset touches the pinna
- The handset vertical centerline is aligned with the Reference Plane.



Key

M	Mouth reference point
LE	Left ear reference point
RE	Right ear reference point

Tilt Position

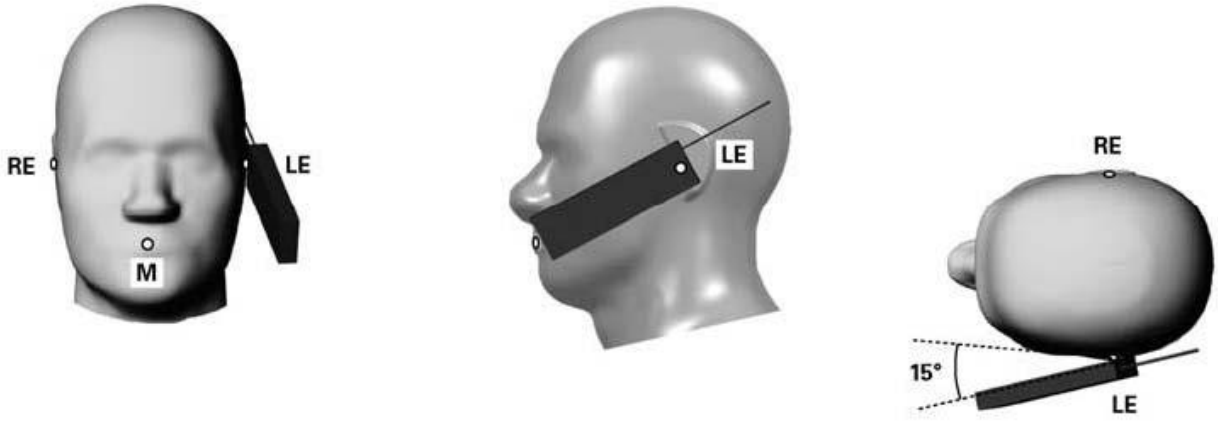
The tilt position is established as follows:

-Repeat the steps to place the device in the cheek position.

-While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.

-Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.

-While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset shall be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point on the handset is in contact with the phantom, e.g., the antenna with the back of the head.



Key

M	Mouth reference point
LE	Left ear reference point
RE	Right ear reference point

■ Body SAR Test Position

For body-worn accessory, hotspot mode and other exposure conditions to human body should be conducted pursuant to the test position requirements of SAR KDBs for certain product.

6.3. Test Procedure

Step 1 Setup a Connection

First, engineer should record the conducted power before the test. Then establish a call in handset at the maximum power level with a base station simulator via air interface, or make the EUT establish transmission by itself in testing band. Place the EUT to certain test position.

Step 2 Power Reference Measurements

To measure the local E-field value at a fixed location which value will be taken as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.

Step 3 Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01v01r04

<table>
<tr><th></th><th>≤ 3 GHz</th><th>> 3 GHz</th></tr>
<tr><td>Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface</td><td>5 mm ± 1 mm</td><td>½·δ·ln(2) mm ± 0.5 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location</td><td>30° ± 1°</td><td>20° ± 1°</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Maximum area scan spatial resolution:
Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}</td><td>≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm
2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm</td><td>3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm
4 - 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.</td></tr>
</table>

Step 4 Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04

<table>
<tr><th colspan="3"></th><th>≤ 3 GHz</th><th>> 3 GHz</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}</td><td>≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm
2 - 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*</td><td>3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*
4 - 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface</td><td colspan="2">uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$</td><td>≤ 5 mm</td><td>3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm
4 - 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
5 - 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">graded grid</td><td>$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface</td><td>≤ 4 mm</td><td>3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
4 - 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
5 - 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points</td><td colspan="2">≤ $1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>Minimum zoom scan volume</td><td colspan="2">x, y, z</td><td>≥ 30 mm</td><td>3-4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm
4-5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm
5-6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Note: * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.</td></tr>
</table>

Step 5 Power Drift Measurements

Repetition of the E-field measurement at the fixed location mentioned in Step 1 to make sure the two results differ by less than ± 0.2 dB.

Step 6 Test Data

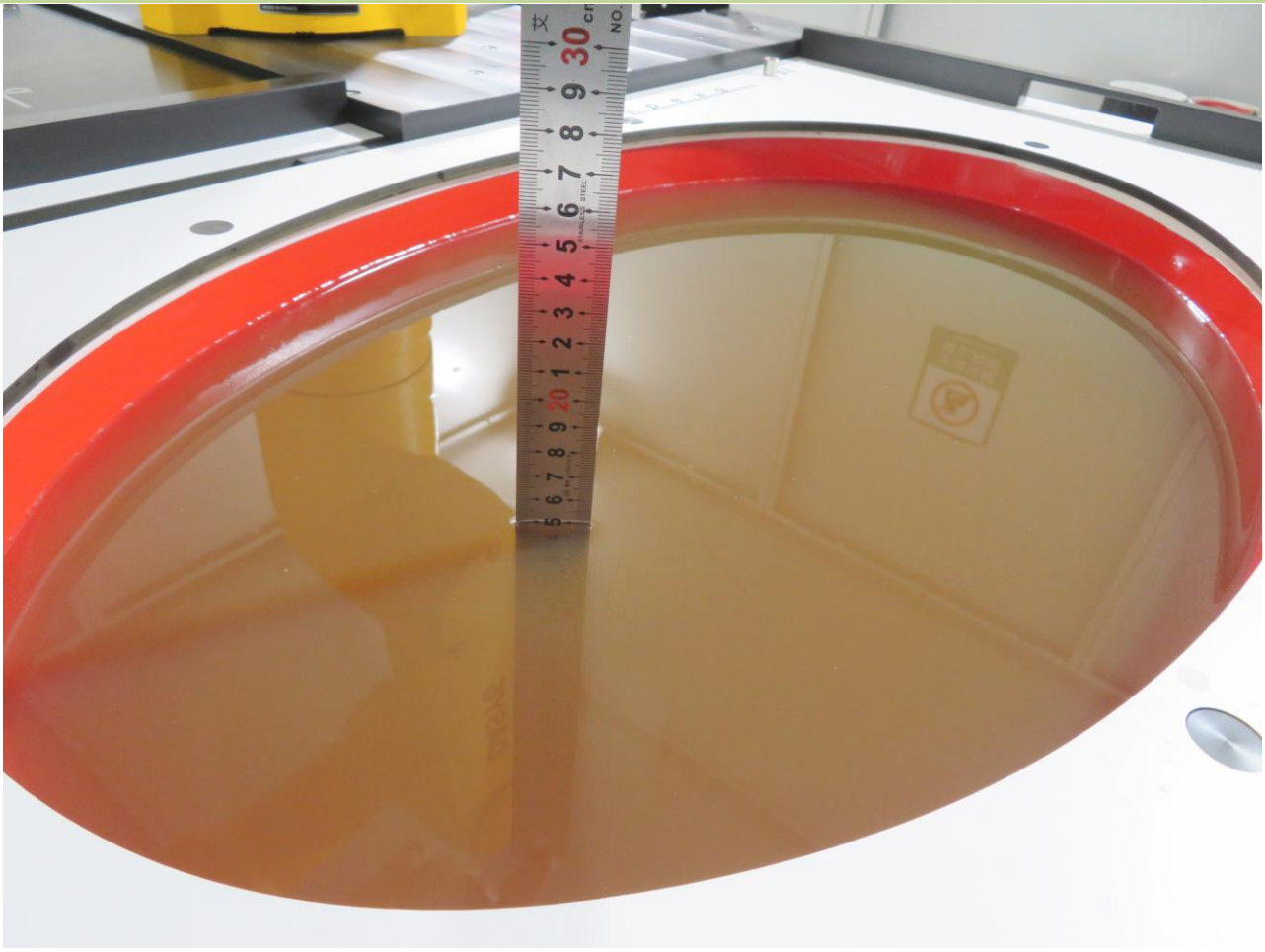
After the test, SAR test data should be exported by SEMCAD.

7. System Verificaiton

7.1. Tissue Check

- Refer to KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, the depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm with ≤ ± 0.5 cm variation for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm with ≤ ± 0.5 cm variation for measurements > 3 GHz.

15cm Depth Head Tissue for Body Phantom



■ Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Frequency	Head	
(MHz)	ε_r	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
750	41.9	0.89
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
1 450	*40.5*	*1.20*
1 500	*40.4*	*1.23*
1 640	*40.2*	*1.31*
1 750	*40.1*	*1.37*
1 800	40.0	1.40
1 900	40.0	1.40
2 000	40.0	1.40
2 100	*39.8*	*1.49*
2 300	*39.5*	*1.67*
2 450	39.2	1.80
2 600	*39.0*	*1.96*
3 000	38.5	2.40
3 500	*37.9*	*2.91*
4 000	*37.4*	*3.43*
4 500	*36.8*	*3.94*
5 000	*36.2*	*4.45*
5 200	*36.0*	*4.66*
5 400	*35.8*	*4.86*
5 600	*35.5*	*5.07*
5 800	*35.3*	*5.27*
6 000	*35.1*	*5.48*

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

Note:

1. FCC has permitted the use of single head-tissue simulating liquid specified in IEC62209-1 for all SAR tests, as described in TCB workshop April 2019.
2. For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5800MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown in italics). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6000MHz that were

linearly extrapolated from the values at 3000MHz and 5800MHz.

■ Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY6 Dielectric Assessment Kit and keysight PNA-L Network Analyzer N5234B.

Tissue parameter for Head								
Freq. (MHz)	Perm.	Cond.	Target Perm.	Target Cond.	Deviation Perm. %	Deviation Cond. %	Tissue Temperature	Test Date
750	43.27	0.91	41.94	0.89	3.17	2.25	22.5°C	2019.11.22
850	42.81	0.96	41.50	0.92	3.16	4.35	22.5°C	2019.11.25
1750	40.81	1.39	40.08	1.37	1.82	1.46	22.5°C	2019.11.24
1900	40.53	1.46	40.00	1.40	1.33	4.29	22.5°C	2019.11.26

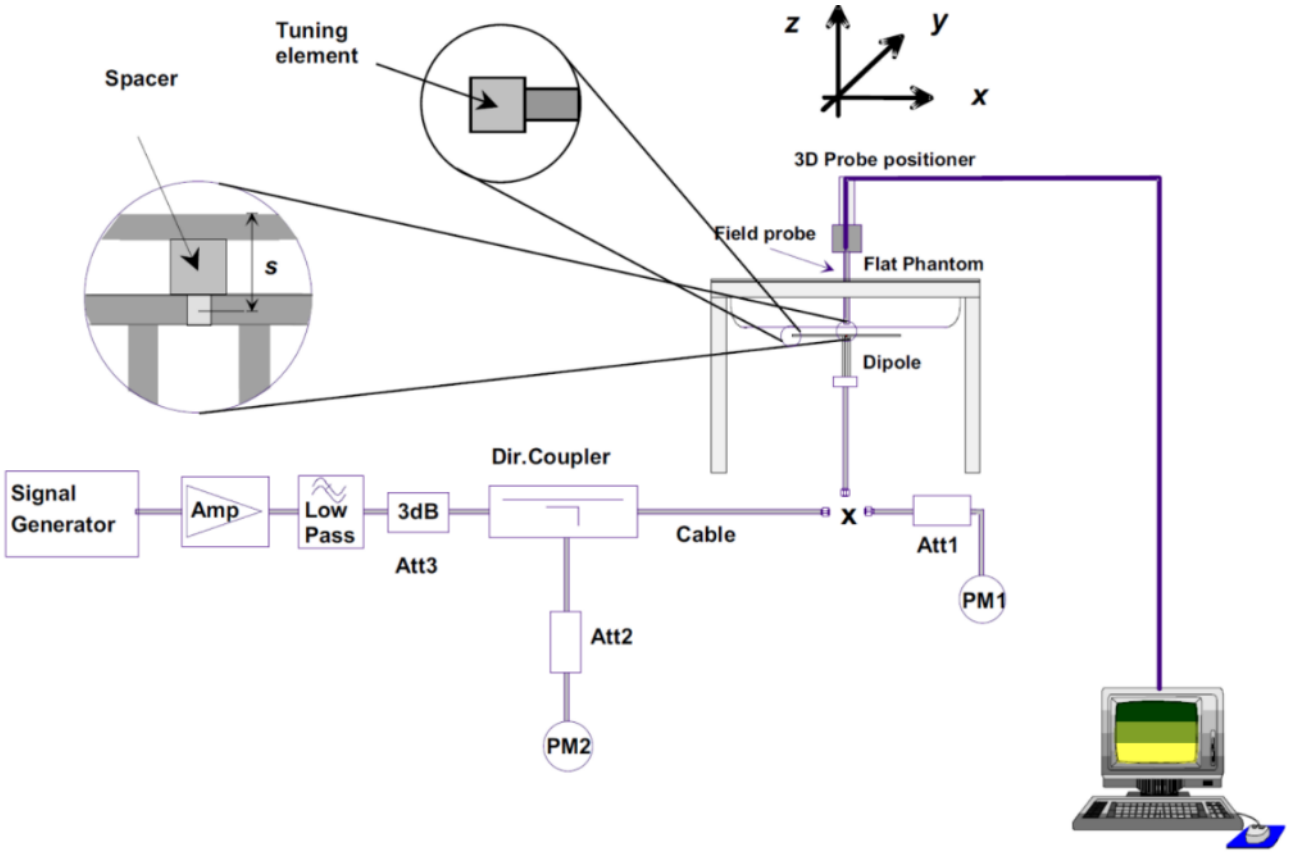
Note: The ±5% deviation of tissue parameter is recommended.

7.2. System Check

■ Purpose

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the device test frequencies. System check verifies the measurement repeatability of a SAR system before compliance testing and is not a validation of all system specifications. The latter is not required for testing a device but is mandatory before the system is deployed.

■ System Performance Check Setup Diagram



■ System Check Procedure

The system check procedure is a complete 1g and 10g peak spatial-average SAR measurement using a source having a previously determined system check target value. The measured 1g and 10g SAR are normalized to the target input power of the specific source and compared to their respective target values. A description of the different measurement tasks to be performed is given below, together with the information that can be deduced from their results:

a. The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ±0.1 dB), the system check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A

stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY6 system below ±0.02 dB.

b. The second step is optional. For probes with integrated optical surface detection sensor this step must be conducted, otherwise the step can be skipped. The Surface Check tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY6 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ±0.1 mm). In that case it is better to abort the system check and stir the liquid.

c. The Area Scan measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result.

d. The Zoom Scan measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous Area Scan.

If the system check gives reasonable results, the SAR peak, 1 g and 10 g spatial average SAR values normalized to 1 W dipole input power give reference data for comparisons. The next sections analyze the expected uncertainties of these values, as well as additional checks for further information or troubleshooting.

■ Result of System Performance Check

System check for head								
Freq. (MHz)	1g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)	Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Target 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation 1g SAR (%)	Deviation 10g SAR (%)	Tissue Temp.	Test Date
750	8.24	5.40	8.20	5.38	0.49	0.37	22.5°C	2019.11.22
850	10.12	6.56	9.72	6.26	4.12	4.79	22.5°C	2019.11.25
1750	34.92	18.56	36.60	19.30	-4.59	-3.83	22.5°C	2019.11.24
1900	40.40	21.08	40.00	21.10	1.00	-0.09	22.5°C	2019.11.26

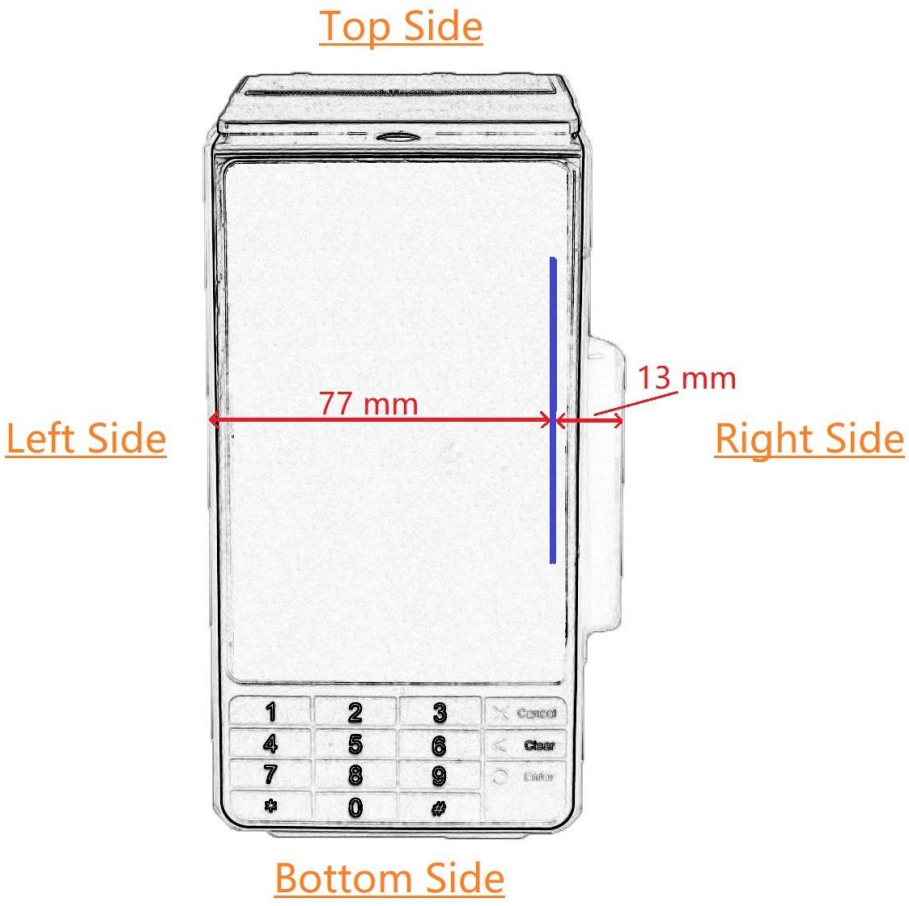
Note:

1. The ±10% deviation of system check result is required.
2. System check value listed above has been harmonized to 1W.

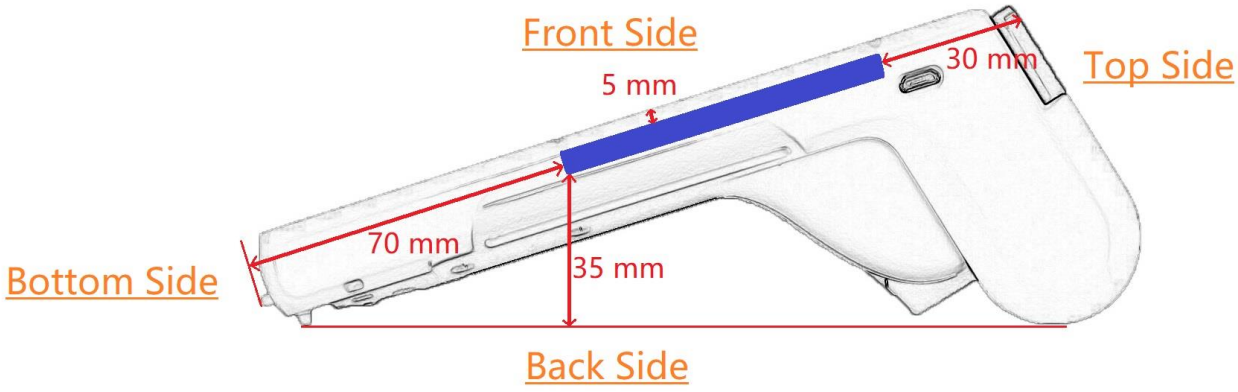
8. Analysis and Results

8.1. Antenna Location

Front View



Right Views



Antenna Distance to Surfaces/Edges (mm)					
Front-side	Back-side	Left-side	Right-side	Top-side	Bottom-side
5	35	77	13	30	70

8.2. Conducted Power

■ WCDMA

Test Band	Release Version	T_X Rate	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)
II	R99	RMC 12.2Kbps	9262	1852.4	21.68	22.0
	R99	RMC 12.2Kbps	9400	1880	21.66	22.0
	R99	RMC 12.2Kbps	9538	1907.6	21.90	22.0
V	R99	RMC 12.2Kbps	4132	826.4	22.44	23.0
	R99	RMC 12.2Kbps	4183	836.6	22.62	23.0
	R99	RMC 12.2Kbps	4233	846.6	22.40	23.0

■ LTE Band 2

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
20	1	0	18700	1860	22.36	21.26	23.0	22.0
			18900	1880	**22.58**	21.79	23.0	22.0
			19100	1900	22.56	21.38	23.0	22.0
		49	18700	1860	22.28	21.22	23.0	22.0
			18900	1880	22.53	21.70	23.0	22.0
			19100	1900	22.50	21.32	23.0	22.0
		99	18700	1860	22.22	21.17	23.0	22.0
			18900	1880	22.50	21.68	23.0	22.0
			19100	1900	22.46	21.28	23.0	22.0
	50	0	18700	1860	21.09	20.20	21.5	21.0
			18900	1880	21.61	20.54	22.0	21.0
			19100	1900	**21.72**	20.69	22.0	21.0
		24	18700	1860	21.04	20.16	21.5	21.0
			18900	1880	21.54	20.50	22.0	21.0
			19100	1900	21.65	20.64	22.0	21.0
		49	18700	1860	21.01	20.12	21.5	21.0
			18900	1880	21.49	20.43	22.0	21.0
			19100	1900	21.60	20.58	22.0	21.0
	100	0	18700	1860	21.30	20.42	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.58	20.64	22.0	21.0
			19100	1900	21.62	20.69	22.0	21.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
15	1	0	18675	1857.5	22.14	21.00	23.0	21.5
			18900	1880	22.62	21.50	23.0	22.0
			19125	1902.5	22.56	22.17	23.0	22.5
		36	18675	1857.5	22.06	20.93	22.5	21.5
			18900	1880	22.57	21.46	23.0	22.0
			19125	1902.5	22.53	22.15	23.0	22.5
		74	18675	1857.5	22.01	20.90	22.5	21.5
			18900	1880	22.51	21.41	23.0	22.0
			19125	1902.5	22.51	22.06	23.0	22.5
	36	0	18675	1857.5	21.26	20.33	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.61	20.65	22.0	21.0
			19125	1902.5	21.75	20.76	22.0	21.0
		18	18675	1857.5	21.19	20.29	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.53	20.60	22.0	21.0
			19125	1902.5	21.68	20.69	22.0	21.0
		37	18675	1857.5	21.13	20.21	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.46	20.57	22.0	21.0
			19125	1902.5	21.66	20.62	22.0	21.0
	75	0	18675	1857.5	21.27	20.33	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.66	20.74	22.0	21.0
			19125	1902.5	21.66	20.83	22.0	21.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
10	1	0	18650	1855	22.13	21.24	22.5	22.0
			18900	1880	22.66	21.44	23.0	22.0
			19150	1905	22.73	21.61	23.0	22.0
		25	18650	1855	22.07	21.20	22.5	22.0
			18900	1880	22.63	21.40	23.0	22.0
			19150	1905	22.68	21.56	23.0	22.0
		49	18650	1855	22.01	21.12	22.5	22.0
			18900	1880	22.58	21.34	23.0	22.0
			19150	1905	22.61	21.54	23.0	22.0
	25	0	18650	1855	21.28	20.47	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	22.05	20.76	22.5	21.0
			19150	1905	21.80	20.91	22.0	21.0
		12	18650	1855	21.26	20.43	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	22.01	20.70	22.5	21.0
			19150	1905	21.75	20.86	22.0	21.0
		25	18650	1855	21.20	20.40	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.95	20.65	22.5	21.0
			19150	1905	21.64	20.83	22.0	21.0
	50	0	18650	1855	21.27	20.37	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	22.00	20.60	22.5	21.0
			19150	1905	21.70	20.83	22.0	21.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
5	1	0	18625	1852.5	22.46	21.80	23.0	22.0
			18900	1880	22.26	21.46	23.0	22.0
			19175	1907.5	22.83	21.40	23.0	22.0
		12	18625	1852.5	22.38	21.76	23.0	22.0
			18900	1880	22.19	21.43	23.0	22.0
			19175	1907.5	22.80	21.35	23.0	22.0
		24	18625	1852.5	22.30	21.69	23.0	22.0
			18900	1880	22.14	21.38	23.0	22.0
			19175	1907.5	22.72	21.28	23.0	22.0
	12	0	18625	1852.5	21.21	20.38	21.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.53	20.67	21.0	21.0
			19175	1907.5	21.70	20.88	21.0	21.0
		6	18625	1852.5	21.18	20.34	21.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.46	20.64	21.0	21.0
			19175	1907.5	21.65	20.82	21.0	21.0
		13	18625	1852.5	21.14	20.30	21.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.42	20.60	21.0	21.0
			19175	1907.5	21.58	20.76	21.0	21.0
	25	0	18625	1852.5	21.26	20.44	21.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.52	20.76	21.0	21.0
			19175	1907.5	21.73	20.79	21.0	21.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
3	1	0	18615	1851.5	22.44	21.22	23.0	22.0
			18900	1880	22.54	21.77	23.0	22.0
			19185	1908.5	22.83	22.19	23.0	22.5
		7	18615	1851.5	22.40	21.16	23.0	22.0
			18900	1880	22.50	21.71	23.0	22.0
			19185	1908.5	22.76	22.14	23.0	22.5
		14	18615	1851.5	22.36	21.08	23.0	21.5
			18900	1880	22.43	21.68	23.0	22.0
			19185	1908.5	22.68	22.05	23.0	22.5
	8	0	18615	1851.5	21.17	20.51	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.62	20.43	22.0	21.0
			19185	1908.5	21.75	21.16	22.0	21.5
		4	18615	1851.5	21.14	20.43	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.60	20.40	22.0	21.0
			19185	1908.5	21.68	21.09	22.0	21.5
		7	18615	1851.5	21.06	20.38	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.54	20.35	22.0	21.0
			19185	1908.5	21.60	21.02	22.0	21.5
	15	0	18615	1851.5	21.23	20.49	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.45	20.51	22.0	21.0
			19185	1908.5	21.71	20.64	22.0	21.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
1.4	1	0	18607	1850.7	22.02	21.16	22.5	22.0
			18900	1880	22.71	21.52	23.0	22.0
			19193	1909.3	22.96	21.96	23.0	22.0
		2	18607	1850.7	21.98	21.10	22.5	22.0
			18900	1880	22.64	21.48	23.0	22.0
			19193	1909.3	22.92	21.85	23.0	22.0
		5	18607	1850.7	21.95	21.06	22.5	21.5
			18900	1880	22.60	21.42	23.0	22.0
			19193	1909.3	22.83	21.80	23.0	22.0
	3	0	18607	1850.7	22.18	21.42	22.5	22.0
			18900	1880	22.49	21.62	23.0	22.0
			19193	1909.3	22.71	22.01	23.0	22.5
		2	18607	1850.7	22.15	21.36	22.5	22.0
			18900	1880	22.45	21.56	23.0	22.0
			19193	1909.3	22.64	21.96	23.0	22.0
		3	18607	1850.7	22.10	21.30	22.5	22.0
			18900	1880	22.34	21.48	23.0	22.0
			19193	1909.3	22.58	21.93	23.0	22.0
	6	0	18607	1850.7	21.17	20.28	22.0	21.0
			18900	1880	21.53	20.79	22.0	21.0
			19193	1909.3	21.68	21.08	22.0	21.5

■ LTE Band 4

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
20	1	0	20050	1720	22.66	21.60	23.0	22.0
			20175	1732.5	**23.39**	22.15	23.5	22.5
			20300	1745	22.99	21.80	23.5	22.0
		49	20050	1720	22.62	21.56	23.0	22.0
			20175	1732.5	23.36	22.08	23.5	22.5
			20300	1745	22.93	21.74	23.5	22.0
		99	20050	1720	22.56	21.51	23.0	22.0
			20175	1732.5	23.30	22.01	23.5	22.5
			20300	1745	22.82	21.70	23.5	22.0
	50	0	20050	1720	22.07	21.03	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	**22.31**	21.10	22.5	21.5
			20300	1745	22.31	21.25	22.5	21.5
		24	20050	1720	22.04	20.98	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.25	21.07	22.5	21.5
			20300	1745	22.26	21.23	22.5	21.5
		49	20050	1720	21.96	20.96	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.16	21.01	22.5	21.5
			20300	1745	22.21	21.18	22.5	21.5
	100	0	20050	1720	22.23	21.21	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.01	21.15	22.5	21.5
			20300	1745	22.21	21.36	22.5	21.5

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
15	1	0	20025	1717.5	23.21	21.85	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.13	22.28	23.5	22.5
			20325	1747.5	22.23	23.18	22.5	23.5
		36	20025	1717.5	23.15	21.81	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.08	22.18	23.5	22.5
			20325	1747.5	22.19	23.15	22.5	23.5
		74	20025	1717.5	23.11	21.76	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.01	22.14	23.5	22.5
			20325	1747.5	22.13	23.08	22.5	23.5
	36	0	20025	1717.5	22.02	20.91	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.27	21.28	22.5	21.5
			20325	1747.5	22.24	21.16	22.5	21.5
		18	20025	1717.5	21.96	20.88	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.25	21.24	22.5	21.5
			20325	1747.5	22.20	21.06	22.5	21.5
		37	20025	1717.5	21.88	20.85	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.21	21.20	22.5	21.5
			20325	1747.5	22.11	21.02	22.5	21.5
	75	0	20025	1717.5	22.05	21.09	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.23	21.09	22.5	21.5
			20325	1747.5	22.26	21.21	22.5	21.5

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
10	1	0	20000	1715	23.17	21.91	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.30	22.20	23.5	22.5
			20350	1750	23.12	21.79	23.5	22.5
		25	20000	1715	23.14	21.86	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.25	22.14	23.5	22.5
			20350	1750	23.03	21.72	23.5	22.5
		49	20000	1715	23.08	21.78	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.21	22.07	23.5	22.5
			20350	1750	22.98	21.67	23.5	22.5
	25	0	20000	1715	22.19	21.01	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.23	21.31	22.5	21.5
			20350	1750	22.06	21.12	22.5	21.5
		12	20000	1715	22.14	20.95	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.17	21.27	22.5	21.5
			20350	1750	22.03	21.05	22.5	21.5
		25	20000	1715	22.10	20.92	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.11	21.23	22.5	21.5
			20350	1750	21.95	20.98	22.5	21.5
	50	0	20000	1715	22.01	21.05	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.13	21.24	22.5	21.5
			20350	1750	22.15	21.13	22.5	21.5

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
5	1	0	19975	1712.5	22.86	21.98	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.25	21.82	23.5	22.5
			20375	1752.5	23.10	21.74	23.5	22.5
		12	19975	1712.5	22.82	21.90	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.20	21.76	23.5	22.5
			20375	1752.5	23.05	21.70	23.5	22.5
		24	19975	1712.5	22.76	21.83	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.18	21.70	23.5	22.5
			20375	1752.5	22.96	21.64	23.5	22.5
	12	0	19975	1712.5	21.99	20.88	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.06	21.32	22.5	21.5
			20375	1752.5	22.17	21.27	22.5	21.5
		6	19975	1712.5	21.93	20.85	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.03	21.28	22.5	21.5
			20375	1752.5	22.14	21.20	22.5	21.5
		13	19975	1712.5	21.84	20.74	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	21.95	21.20	22.5	21.5
			20375	1752.5	22.03	21.13	22.5	21.5
	25	0	19975	1712.5	21.97	21.18	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.05	21.31	22.5	21.5
			20375	1752.5	22.20	21.25	22.5	21.5

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
3	1	0	19965	1711.5	23.05	21.80	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.46	22.23	23.5	22.5
			20385	1753.5	23.12	22.04	23.5	22.5
		7	19965	1711.5	23.01	21.75	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.43	22.18	23.5	22.5
			20385	1753.5	23.03	21.95	23.5	22.5
		14	19965	1711.5	22.95	21.70	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.37	22.12	23.5	22.5
			20385	1753.5	22.98	21.86	23.5	22.5
	8	0	19965	1711.5	22.04	20.97	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.12	21.03	22.5	21.5
			20385	1753.5	22.17	21.25	22.5	21.5
		4	19965	1711.5	21.99	20.95	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.03	21.98	22.5	22.5
			20385	1753.5	22.15	21.20	22.5	21.5
		7	19965	1711.5	21.94	20.86	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	21.98	20.95	22.5	21.5
			20385	1753.5	22.06	21.09	22.5	21.5
	15	0	19965	1711.5	22.05	21.03	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.16	21.23	22.5	21.5
			20385	1753.5	22.12	21.32	22.5	21.5

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
1.4	1	0	19957	1710.7	23.09	22.07	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.03	22.41	23.5	23.0
			20393	1754.3	23.19	22.00	23.5	22.5
		2	19957	1710.7	23.03	22.03	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	22.96	22.34	23.5	22.5
			20393	1754.3	23.15	21.95	23.5	22.5
		5	19957	1710.7	22.96	21.99	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	22.89	22.26	23.5	22.5
			20393	1754.3	23.10	21.86	23.5	22.5
	3	0	19957	1710.7	23.00	22.09	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.10	22.05	23.5	22.5
			20393	1754.3	23.14	22.00	23.5	22.5
		2	19957	1710.7	22.95	22.01	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.07	21.96	23.5	22.5
			20393	1754.3	23.08	21.96	23.5	22.5
		3	19957	1710.7	22.86	21.95	23.5	22.5
			20175	1732.5	23.01	21.90	23.5	22.5
			20393	1754.3	23.02	21.85	23.5	22.5
	6	0	19957	1710.7	22.07	21.11	22.5	21.5
			20175	1732.5	22.06	20.96	22.5	21.5
			20393	1754.3	22.20	21.41	22.5	21.5

■ LTE Band 5

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
10	1	0	24050	829	**23.69**	22.79	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.68	22.33	24.0	23.0
			20600	844	23.26	22.64	24.0	23.0
		25	24050	829	23.64	22.75	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.60	22.30	24.0	23.0
			20600	844	23.19	22.58	24.0	23.0
		49	24050	829	23.60	22.70	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.57	22.24	24.0	23.0
			20600	844	23.12	22.50	24.0	23.0
	25	0	24050	829	22.43	21.43	23.0	22.0
			20525	836.5	**23.06**	22.03	23.5	22.5
			20600	844	22.20	21.40	23.0	22.0
		12	24050	829	22.40	21.34	23.0	22.0
			20525	836.5	23.01	21.97	23.5	22.5
			20600	844	22.16	21.32	23.0	22.0
		25	24050	829	22.34	21.30	23.0	22.0
			20525	836.5	22.95	21.87	23.5	22.5
			20600	844	22.06	21.27	22.5	22.0
	50	0	24050	829	22.58	21.72	22.5	22.0
			20525	836.5	22.90	22.15	22.5	22.5
			20600	844	22.22	21.22	22.0	22.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
5	1	0	20425	826.5	23.03	22.31	23.5	22.5
			20525	836.5	23.91	22.12	24.0	22.5
			20625	846.5	23.77	21.57	24.0	22.5
		12	20425	826.5	22.96	22.26	23.5	22.5
			20525	836.5	23.82	22.06	24.0	22.5
			20625	846.5	23.75	21.54	24.0	22.5
		24	20425	826.5	22.91	22.24	23.5	22.5
			20525	836.5	23.76	22.01	24.0	22.5
			20625	846.5	23.72	21.49	24.0	22.5
	12	0	20425	826.5	22.21	21.50	23.0	22.0
			20525	836.5	23.18	21.77	23.5	22.0
			20625	846.5	22.24	21.24	23.0	22.0
		6	20425	826.5	22.16	21.43	23.0	22.0
			20525	836.5	23.14	21.75	23.5	22.0
			20625	846.5	22.21	21.21	23.0	22.0
		13	20425	826.5	22.13	21.40	23.0	22.0
			20525	836.5	23.08	21.70	23.5	22.0
			20625	846.5	22.13	21.12	23.0	22.0
	25	0	20425	826.5	22.34	21.68	23.0	22.0
			20525	836.5	22.88	21.92	23.5	22.0
			20625	846.5	22.17	21.42	23.0	22.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
3	1	0	20415	825.5	23.50	22.29	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.61	23.08	24.0	23.5
			20635	847.5	23.07	22.20	23.5	23.0
		7	20415	825.5	23.41	22.24	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.57	23.05	24.0	23.5
			20635	847.5	23.03	22.16	23.5	23.0
		14	20415	825.5	23.39	22.16	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.51	22.96	24.0	23.5
			20635	847.5	23.01	22.03	23.5	22.5
	8	0	20415	825.5	22.37	21.51	22.5	22.0
			20525	836.5	23.14	22.09	23.5	22.5
			20635	847.5	21.97	21.39	22.5	22.0
		4	20415	825.5	22.35	21.45	22.5	22.0
			20525	836.5	23.08	22.01	23.5	22.5
			20635	847.5	21.95	21.35	22.5	22.0
		7	20415	825.5	22.28	21.41	22.5	22.0
			20525	836.5	23.00	22.98	23.5	22.5
			20635	847.5	21.93	21.30	22.5	22.0
	15	0	20415	825.5	22.29	21.42	22.5	22.0
			20525	836.5	22.96	22.15	23.5	22.5
			20635	847.5	22.30	21.21	22.5	22.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
1.4	1	0	20407	824.7	23.48	22.59	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.93	22.89	24.0	23.0
			20643	848.3	23.65	22.36	24.0	23.0
		2	20407	824.7	23.42	22.54	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.90	22.85	24.0	23.0
			20643	848.3	23.60	22.31	24.0	23.0
		5	20407	824.7	23.35	22.48	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.84	22.76	24.0	23.0
			20643	848.3	23.43	22.26	24.0	23.0
	3	0	20407	824.7	23.55	22.41	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.86	23.01	24.0	23.5
			20643	848.3	23.60	22.32	24.0	23.0
		2	20407	824.7	23.52	22.36	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.82	22.96	24.0	23.5
			20643	848.3	23.54	22.27	24.0	23.0
		3	20407	824.7	23.50	22.28	24.0	23.0
			20525	836.5	23.76	22.92	24.0	23.5
			20643	848.3	23.00	22.23	23.5	23.0
	6	0	20407	824.7	22.46	21.62	23.5	22.0
			20525	836.5	23.00	22.43	23.5	23.0
			20643	848.3	22.68	21.30	23.5	22.0

■ LTE Band 12

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
10	1	0	23060	704	**23.64**	22.47	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.41	21.92	24.0	22.5
			23130	711	23.46	22.25	24.0	23.0
		25	23060	704	23.60	22.39	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.38	21.90	24.0	22.5
			23130	711	23.40	22.21	24.0	23.0
		49	23060	704	23.52	22.33	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.26	21.86	24.0	22.5
			23130	711	23.38	22.16	24.0	23.0
	25	0	23060	704	22.42	21.52	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.59	21.70	23.0	22.0
			23130	711	**22.75**	21.87	23.0	22.0
		12	23060	704	22.36	21.46	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.56	21.64	23.0	22.0
			23130	711	22.73	21.83	23.0	22.0
		25	23060	704	22.30	21.38	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.48	21.53	23.0	22.0
			23130	711	22.64	21.80	23.0	22.0
	50	0	23060	704	22.48	21.48	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.46	21.54	23.0	22.0
			23130	711	22.60	21.61	23.0	22.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
5	1	0	23035	701.5	23.61	22.45	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.57	22.23	24.0	23.0
			23155	713.5	23.26	22.64	24.0	23.0
		12	23035	701.5	23.52	22.38	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.48	22.18	24.0	23.0
			23155	713.5	23.18	22.53	24.0	23.0
		24	23035	701.5	23.48	22.34	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.42	22.13	24.0	23.0
			23155	713.5	23.10	22.50	24.0	23.0
	12	0	23035	701.5	22.53	21.61	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.46	21.34	23.0	22.0
			23155	713.5	22.53	21.51	23.0	22.0
		6	23035	701.5	22.50	21.53	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.44	21.27	23.0	22.0
			23155	713.5	22.46	21.46	23.0	22.0
		13	23035	701.5	22.41	21.43	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.40	21.20	23.0	22.0
			23155	713.5	22.40	21.37	23.0	22.0
	25	0	23035	701.5	22.38	21.47	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.53	21.67	23.0	22.0
			23155	713.5	22.53	21.58	23.0	22.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
3	1	0	23025	700.5	23.56	22.48	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.35	22.29	24.0	23.0
			23165	714.5	23.62	22.37	24.0	23.0
		7	23025	700.5	23.50	22.42	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.33	22.24	24.0	23.0
			23165	714.5	23.56	22.34	24.0	23.0
		14	23025	700.5	23.43	22.34	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.26	22.20	24.0	23.0
			23165	714.5	23.51	22.28	24.0	23.0
	8	0	23025	700.5	22.40	21.71	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.47	21.34	23.0	22.0
			23165	714.5	22.53	21.46	23.0	22.0
		4	23025	700.5	22.34	21.64	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.40	21.30	23.0	22.0
			23165	714.5	22.43	21.43	23.0	22.0
		7	23025	700.5	22.28	21.59	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.34	21.23	23.0	22.0
			23165	714.5	22.35	21.38	23.0	22.0
	15	0	23025	700.5	22.50	21.50	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.60	21.57	23.0	22.0
			23165	714.5	22.63	21.49	23.0	22.0

Bandwidth (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	
					QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	16-QAM
1.4	1	0	23017	699.7	23.48	22.58	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.45	22.50	24.0	23.0
			23173	715.3	23.50	22.42	24.0	23.0
		2	23017	699.7	23.43	22.52	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.40	22.46	24.0	23.0
			23173	715.3	23.45	22.38	24.0	23.0
		5	23017	699.7	23.40	22.46	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.36	22.38	24.0	23.0
			23173	715.3	23.41	22.34	24.0	23.0
	3	0	23017	699.7	23.49	22.76	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.51	22.32	24.0	23.0
			23173	715.3	23.60	22.50	24.0	23.0
		2	23017	699.7	23.45	22.68	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.48	22.28	24.0	23.0
			23173	715.3	23.55	22.48	24.0	23.0
		3	23017	699.7	23.34	22.62	24.0	23.0
			23095	707.5	23.42	22.26	24.0	23.0
			23173	715.3	23.50	22.42	24.0	23.0
	6	0	23017	699.7	22.48	21.76	23.0	22.0
			23095	707.5	22.51	21.43	23.0	22.0
			23173	715.3	22.43	21.55	23.0	22.0

8.3. SAR Exclusion Analysis

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances<50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel(mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Distance(mm)} \times \sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \le 3.0$$, for head and boy SAR;

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel(mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Distance(mm)} \times \sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \le 7.5$$, for extremity SAR

For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

1) {[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance – 50 mm) * (f(MHz)/150)]} mW, for 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
2) {[Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance – 50 mm)*10]} mW, for > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

Antenna Distance to User (mm)					
Front-side	Back-side	Left-side	Right-side	Top-side	Bottom-side
5	35	77	13	30	70

Note:

1. Antenna to User distance = Antenna to out-surface of EUT distance + Out-surface of EUT to User distance
2. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

5mm Antenna Distance

Band	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ant-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Tune-up Power		SAR Test (Y/N)
					dBm	mW	
WCDMA Band II	9262	1852.4	5	11.02	22.0	158.49	Y
	9400	1880	5	10.94	22.0	158.49	Y
	9538	1907.6	5	10.86	22.0	158.49	Y
WCDMA Band V	4132	826.4	5	16.50	23.0	199.53	Y
	4183	836.6	5	16.40	23.0	199.53	Y
	4233	846.6	5	16.30	23.0	199.53	Y
LTE Band 2	18700	1860	5	11.00	23.0	199.53	Y
	18900	1880	5	10.94	23.0	199.53	Y
	19100	1900	5	10.88	23.0	199.53	Y
LTE Band 4	20000	1715	5	11.45	23.5	223.87	Y
	20175	1732.5	5	11.40	23.5	223.87	Y
	20350	1750	5	11.34	23.5	223.87	Y
LTE Band 5	24050	829	5	16.47	24.0	251.19	Y
	20525	836.5	5	16.40	24.0	251.19	Y
	20600	844	5	16.33	24.0	251.19	Y
LTE Band 12	23060	704	5	17.88	24.0	251.19	Y
	23095	707.5	5	17.83	24.0	251.19	Y
	23130	711	5	17.79	24.0	251.19	Y

35mm Antenna Distance

Band	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ant-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Tune-up Power		SAR Test (Y/N)
					dBm	mW	
WCDMA Band II	9262	1852.4	35	77.15	22.0	158.49	Y
	9400	1880	35	76.58	22.0	158.49	Y
	9538	1907.6	35	76.02	22.0	158.49	Y
WCDMA Band V	4132	826.4	35	115.50	23.0	199.53	Y
	4183	836.6	35	114.80	23.0	199.53	Y
	4233	846.6	35	114.12	23.0	199.53	Y
LTE Band 2	18700	1860	35	76.99	23.0	199.53	Y
	18900	1880	35	76.58	23.0	199.53	Y
	19100	1900	35	76.18	23.0	199.53	Y
LTE Band 4	20000	1715	35	80.18	23.5	223.87	Y
	20175	1732.5	35	79.77	23.5	223.87	Y
	20350	1750	35	79.37	23.5	223.87	Y
LTE Band 5	24050	829	35	115.32	24.0	251.19	Y
	20525	836.5	35	114.80	24.0	251.19	Y
	20600	844	35	114.29	24.0	251.19	Y
LTE Band 12	23060	704	35	125.14	24.0	251.19	Y
	23095	707.5	35	124.83	24.0	251.19	Y
	23130	711	35	124.52	24.0	251.19	Y

77mm Antenna Distance

Band	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ant-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Tune-up Power		SAR Test (Y/N)
					dBm	mW	
WCDMA Band II	9262	1852.4	77	380.21	22.0	158.49	N
	9400	1880	77	379.40	22.0	158.49	N
	9538	1907.6	77	378.60	22.0	158.49	N
WCDMA Band V	4132	826.4	77	313.76	23.0	199.53	N
	4183	836.6	77	314.58	23.0	199.53	N
	4233	846.6	77	315.41	23.0	199.53	N
LTE Band 2	18700	1860	77	379.99	23.0	199.53	N
	18900	1880	77	379.40	23.0	199.53	N
	19100	1900	77	378.82	23.0	199.53	N
LTE Band 4	20000	1715	77	384.54	23.5	223.87	N
	20175	1732.5	77	383.96	23.5	223.87	N
	20350	1750	77	383.39	23.5	223.87	N
LTE Band 5	24050	829	77	313.97	24.0	251.19	N
	20525	836.5	77	314.58	24.0	251.19	N
	20600	844	77	315.20	24.0	251.19	N
LTE Band 12	23060	704	77	305.49	24.0	251.19	N
	23095	707.5	77	305.68	24.0	251.19	N
	23130	711	77	305.87	24.0	251.19	N

13mm Antenna Distance

Band	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ant-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Tune-up Power		SAR Test (Y/N)
					dBm	mW	
WCDMA Band II	9262	1852.4	13	28.65	22.0	158.49	Y
	9400	1880	13	28.44	22.0	158.49	Y
	9538	1907.6	13	28.24	22.0	158.49	Y
WCDMA Band V	4132	826.4	13	42.90	23.0	199.53	Y
	4183	836.6	13	42.64	23.0	199.53	Y
	4233	846.6	13	42.39	23.0	199.53	Y
LTE Band 2	18700	1860	13	28.60	23.0	199.53	Y
	18900	1880	13	28.44	23.0	199.53	Y
	19100	1900	13	28.29	23.0	199.53	Y
LTE Band 4	20000	1715	13	29.78	23.5	223.87	Y
	20175	1732.5	13	29.63	23.5	223.87	Y
	20350	1750	13	29.48	23.5	223.87	Y
LTE Band 5	24050	829	13	42.83	24.0	251.19	Y
	20525	836.5	13	42.64	24.0	251.19	Y
	20600	844	13	42.45	24.0	251.19	Y
LTE Band 12	23060	704	13	46.48	24.0	251.19	Y
	23095	707.5	13	46.37	24.0	251.19	Y
	23130	711	13	46.25	24.0	251.19	Y

30mm Antenna Distance

Band	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ant-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Tune-up Power		SAR Test (Y/N)
					dBm	mW	
WCDMA Band II	9262	1852.4	30	66.13	22.0	158.49	Y
	9400	1880	30	65.64	22.0	158.49	Y
	9538	1907.6	30	65.16	22.0	158.49	Y
WCDMA Band V	4132	826.4	30	99.00	23.0	199.53	Y
	4183	836.6	30	98.40	23.0	199.53	Y
	4233	846.6	30	97.81	23.0	199.53	Y
LTE Band 2	18700	1860	30	65.99	23.0	199.53	Y
	18900	1880	30	65.64	23.0	199.53	Y
	19100	1900	30	65.29	23.0	199.53	Y
LTE Band 4	20000	1715	30	68.72	23.5	223.87	Y
	20175	1732.5	30	68.38	23.5	223.87	Y
	20350	1750	30	68.03	23.5	223.87	Y
LTE Band 5	24050	829	30	98.85	24.0	251.19	Y
	20525	836.5	30	98.40	24.0	251.19	Y
	20600	844	30	97.97	24.0	251.19	Y
LTE Band 12	23060	704	30	107.26	24.0	251.19	Y
	23095	707.5	30	107.00	24.0	251.19	Y
	23130	711	30	106.74	24.0	251.19	Y

70mm Antenna Distance

Band	Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Ant-to-user distance (mm)	Thresholds (mW)	Tune-up Power		SAR Test (Y/N)
					dBm	mW	
WCDMA Band II	9262	1852.4	70	310.21	22.0	158.49	N
	9400	1880	70	309.40	22.0	158.49	N
	9538	1907.6	70	308.60	22.0	158.49	N
WCDMA Band V	4132	826.4	70	275.19	23.0	199.53	N
	4183	836.6	70	275.54	23.0	199.53	N
	4233	846.6	70	275.90	23.0	199.53	N
LTE Band 2	18700	1860	70	309.99	23.0	199.53	N
	18900	1880	70	309.40	23.0	199.53	N
	19100	1900	70	308.82	23.0	199.53	N
LTE Band 4	20000	1715	70	314.54	23.5	223.87	N
	20175	1732.5	70	313.96	23.5	223.87	N
	20350	1750	70	313.39	23.5	223.87	N
LTE Band 5	24050	829	70	275.28	24.0	251.19	N
	20525	836.5	70	275.54	24.0	251.19	N
	20600	844	70	275.81	24.0	251.19	N
LTE Band 12	23060	704	70	272.64	24.0	251.19	N
	23095	707.5	70	272.66	24.0	251.19	N
	23130	711	70	272.69	24.0	251.19	N

8.4. Required Configurations of SAR Test

Mobile POS Terminal						
Test Mode	Front-side	Back-side	Left-side	Right-side	Top-side	Bottom-side
WCDMA Band II	Yes	Yes	Yes *	Yes	Yes	Yes *
WCDMA Band V	Yes	Yes	Yes *	Yes	Yes	Yes *
LTE Band 2	Yes	Yes	Yes *	Yes	Yes	Yes *
LTE Band 4	Yes	Yes	Yes *	Yes	Yes	Yes *
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes *	Yes	Yes	Yes *
LTE Band 12	Yes	Yes	Yes *	Yes	Yes	Yes *

Note: “ * ”, marked configuration SAR test is required, which is to get more conservative SAR values.

8.5. SAR Test Results

■ WCDMA II

Mode	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Body Position	Dist. mm	Cond. Power (dBm)	Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR-1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR-1g (W/kg)	SAR Plot #
R99 RMC 12.2Kbps	9262	1852.4	Front	0	21.68	22.0	1.08	1.08	1.16	
	9262	1852.4	Front	0	21.68	22.0	1.08	1.07 *	1.15	
	9400	1880	Front	0	21.66	22.0	1.08	1.15	1.24	
	9400	1880	Front	0	21.66	22.0	1.08	1.12 *	1.21	
	9538	1907.6	Front	0	21.90	22.0	1.02	1.22	1.25	
			Front	0	21.90	22.0	1.02	1.24 *	**1.27**	1
			Back	0	21.90	22.0	1.02	0.05	0.05	
			Left	0	21.90	22.0	1.02	0.18	0.18	
			Right	0	21.90	22.0	1.02	1.04	1.06	
			Right	0	21.90	22.0	1.02	1.00 *	1.02	
			Top	0	21.90	22.0	1.02	0.08	0.08	
			Bottom	0	21.90	22.0	1.02	0.05	0.05	

Note: "*", when the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required, if the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 section 2.8.1.

■ WCDMA V

Mode	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Body Position	Dist. mm	Cond. Power (dBm)	Max.Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR-1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR-1g (W/kg)	SAR Plot #
R99 RMC 12.2Kbps	4183	836.6	Front	0	22.62	23.0	1.09	0.36	**0.39**	2
			Back	0	22.62	23.0	1.09	0.05	0.05	
			Left	0	22.62	23.0	1.09	0.17	0.19	
			Right	0	22.62	23.0	1.09	0.12	0.13	
			Top	0	22.62	23.0	1.09	0.11	0.12	
			Bottom	0	22.62	23.0	1.09	0.01	0.01	

Note: Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz, per KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.4.1.

■ LTE Band 2

Mode	BW (MHz)	RB Configuration	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Body Position	Dist. (mm)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Max.Tune -up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR-1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR-1g (W/kg)	SAR Plot #
QPSK	20	1RB_OS0	18700	1860	Front	0	22.36	23.0	1.16	0.97	1.12	
			18700	1860	Front	0	22.36	23.0	1.16	0.97 *	1.12	
			18900	1880	Front	0	22.58	23.0	1.10	1.06	1.17	
					Front	0	22.58	23.0	1.10	1.06 *	1.17	
					Back	0	22.58	23.0	1.10	0.05	0.06	
					Left	0	22.58	23.0	1.10	0.04	0.04	
					Right	0	22.58	23.0	1.10	0.72	0.79	
					Top	0	22.58	23.0	1.10	0.05	0.06	
					Bottom	0	22.58	23.0	1.10	0.03	0.03	
			19100	1900	Front	0	22.56	23.0	1.11	1.18	**1.31**	3
			19100	1900	Front	0	22.56	23.0	1.11	1.15 *	1.27	
		50RB_OS0	18700	1860	Front	0	21.09	21.5	1.10	0.83	0.91	
			18700	1860	Front	0	21.09	21.5	1.10	0.82 *	0.90	
			18900	1880	Front	0	21.61	22.0	1.09	0.86	0.94	
			18900	1880	Front	0	21.61	22.0	1.09	0.85 *	0.93	
			19100	1900	Front	0	21.72	22.0	1.07	0.94	1.00	
					Front	0	21.72	22.0	1.07	0.92 *	0.98	
					Back	0	21.72	22.0	1.07	0.05	0.05	
					Left	0	21.72	22.0	1.07	0.06	0.06	
					Right	0	21.72	22.0	1.07	0.70	0.75	
					Top	0	21.72	22.0	1.07	0.06	0.06	
					Bottom	0	21.72	22.0	1.07	0.03	0.03	

Note: "*", when the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required, if the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 section 2.8.1.

■ LTE Band 4

Mode	BW (MHz)	RB Configuration	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Body Position	Dist. (mm)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Max.Tune -up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR-1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR-1g (W/kg)	SAR Plot #
QPSK	20	1RB_OS0	20050	1720	Front	0	22.66	23.0	1.08	0.88	0.95	
			20050	1720	Front	0	22.66	23.0	1.08	0.89 *	0.96	
			20175	1732.5	Front	0	23.39	23.5	1.03	1.04	1.07	
					Front	0	23.39	23.5	1.03	1.03 *	1.06	
					Back	0	23.39	23.5	1.03	0.44	0.45	
					Left	0	23.39	23.5	1.03	0.30	0.31	
					Right	0	23.39	23.5	1.03	1.03	1.06	
					Right	0	23.39	23.5	1.03	1.02 *	1.05	
					Top	0	23.39	23.5	1.03	0.09	0.09	
					Bottom	0	23.39	23.5	1.03	0.27	0.28	
			20300	1745	Front	0	22.99	23.5	1.12	1.00	1.12	
			20300	1745	Front	0	22.99	23.5	1.12	1.04 *	**1.17**	4
		50RB_OS0	20050	1720	Right	0	22.07	22.5	1.10	0.77	0.85	
			20175	1732.5	Front	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.82	0.86	
					Front	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.82 *	0.86	
					Back	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.32	0.33	
					Left	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.22	0.23	
					Right	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.87	0.91	
					Right	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.84 *	0.88	
					Top	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.06	0.06	
					Bottom	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.20	0.21	
			20300	1745	Right	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.87	0.91	
			20300	1745	Right	0	22.31	22.5	1.04	0.88 *	0.92	

Note: "*", when the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required, if the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 section 2.8.1.

■ LTE Band 5

Mode	BW (MHz)	RB Configuration	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Body Position	Dist. (mm)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Max.Tune -up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR-1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR-1g (W/kg)	SAR Plot #
QPSK	10	1RB_OS0	24050	829	Front	0	23.69	24.0	1.07	0.39	0.42	
					Back	0	23.69	24.0	1.07	0.05	0.05	
					Left	0	23.69	24.0	1.07	0.17	0.18	
					Right	0	23.69	24.0	1.07	0.14	0.15	
					Top	0	23.69	24.0	1.07	0.06	0.06	
					Bottom	0	23.69	24.0	1.07	0.01	0.01	
		25RB_OS0	20525	836.5	Front	0	23.06	23.5	1.11	0.42	**0.46**	5
					Back	0	23.06	23.5	1.11	0.05	0.06	
					Left	0	23.06	23.5	1.11	0.15	0.17	
					Right	0	23.06	23.5	1.11	0.14	0.15	
					Top	0	23.06	23.5	1.11	0.12	0.13	
					Bottom	0	23.06	23.5	1.11	0.01	0.01	

Note: Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz, per KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.4.1.

■ LTE Band 12

Mode	BW (MHz)	RB Configuration	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Body Position	Dist. (mm)	Cond. Power (dBm)	Max.Tune -up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR-1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR-1g (W/kg)	SAR Plot #
QPSK	10	1RB_OS0	23060	704	Front	0	23.64	24.0	1.09	0.20	**0.22**	6
					Back	0	23.64	24.0	1.09	0.05	0.05	
					Left	0	23.64	24.0	1.09	0.04	0.04	
					Right	0	23.64	24.0	1.09	0.18	0.20	
					Top	0	23.64	24.0	1.09	0.06	0.07	
					Bottom	0	23.64	24.0	1.09	0.02	0.02	
		25RB_OS0	23130	711	Front	0	22.75	23.0	1.06	0.17	0.18	
					Back	0	22.75	23.0	1.06	0.03	0.03	
					Left	0	22.75	23.0	1.06	0.04	0.04	
					Right	0	22.75	23.0	1.06	0.13	0.14	
					Top	0	22.75	23.0	1.06	0.03	0.03	
					Bottom	0	22.75	23.0	1.06	0.01	0.01	

Note: Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz, per KDB 447498 D01 v06 section 4.4.1.

8.6. Estimated SAR Calculation

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 section 4.3.2 b) 1), when an antenna qualifies for the standalone SAR test exclusion of 4.3.1 and also transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR value was estimated according to the following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of ≤0.4W/kg for test separation distance ≤50mm to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion criteria:

$$Estimated\ SAR = \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} * \frac{(Max\ Power\ of\ channel, mW)}{Min.\ Separation, mm}$$, for 1-g SAR

$$Estimated\ SAR = \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{18.75} * \frac{(Max\ Power\ of\ channel, mW)}{Min.\ Separation, mm}$$, for 10-g SAR

When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, estimated 1g-SAR 0.4W/kg/10g-SAR 1.0W/kg is used for simultaneous evaluation.

N/A

9. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

N/A

10. Test Equipment Used

SR3 - SAR					
Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	MRTSUE06412	only once	only once
Robot Controller	Stäubli	CS8C	MRTSUE06412	only once	only once
ELI Phantom Shell	Speag	V8	MRTSUE06420	N/A	N/A
DAK	Speag	DAK-3.5	MRTSUE06435	N/A	N/A
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D750V3	MRTSUE06426	3 year	2021/05/17
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D850V2	MRTSUE06427	3 year	2021/05/22
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D1750V2	MRTSUE06428	3 year	2021/05/14
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D1900V2	MRTSUE06429	3 year	2021/05/13
DAE4	Speag	SD 000 D04 BN	MRTSUE06414	1 year	2020/05/22
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	MRTSUE06438	1 year	2020/04/17
Network Analyzer	Keysight	N5234B	MRTSUE06454	1 year	2020/07/11
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	MRTSUE06083	1 year	2020/03/26
Directional Coupler	Agilent	87301D OPT 292	MRTSUE06082	1 year	2020/03/26
Signal Generator	Keysight	N5183B	MRTSUE06197	1 year	2020/04/15
Power Sensor	Keysight	U2021XA	MRTSUE06447	1 year	2020/06/30
Thermohygrometer	Testo	622	MRTSUE06361	1 year	2020/05/06

Software	Version	Function
DASY NEO	52.10.2.1495	SAR Test Software

11. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget, according to IEEE 1528 (0.3 - 3 GHz range)								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0 %	N	1	1	1	±6.0 %	±6.0 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.02 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2 %	±0.2 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±2.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.5 %	±3.5 %	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	N	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Cond. (mea.)^{DAK}	±2.5%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Perm. (mea.)^{DAK}	±2.5%	N	1	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc. – Conductivity	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc. – Permittivity	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.3%	±11.2%	459
Expanded STD Uncertainty						**±22.6%**	**±22.4%**	

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget, according to IEEE 1528 (3 - 6 GHz range)								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (10g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.8 %	±3.8 %	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	N	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Cond. (mea.)^{DAK}	±2.5%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Perm. (mea.)^{DAK}	±2.5%	N	1	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc. – Conductivity	±3.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc. – Permittivity	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.9%	±11.8%	569
Expanded STD Uncertainty						**±23.8%**	**±23.6%**	

Annex A - System Check Result

Test Date: 11/22/2019

SystemPerformanceCheck-SAM2-D750HSL

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.91 S/m; ε_r = 43.27; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

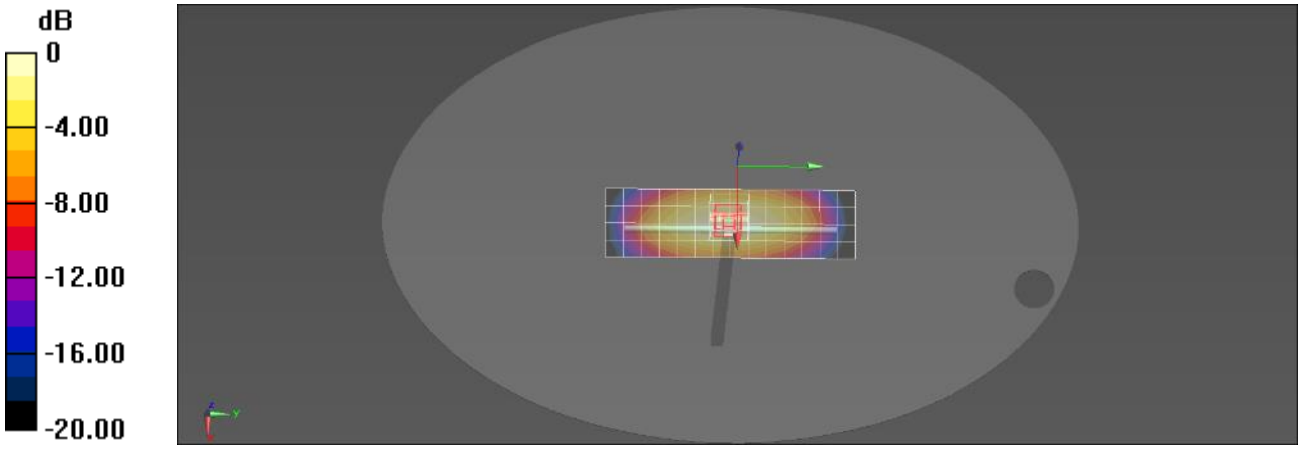
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(10.35, 10.35, 10.35) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (5x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.24 W/kg

configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 55.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.35 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.23 W/kg



0 dB = 2.23 W/kg = 3.48 dBW/kg

Test Date: 11/25/2019

SystemPerformanceCheck-SAM2-D850HSL

DUT: Dipole 850 MHz D850V2; Type: D850V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 850 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 850 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; ε_r = 42.81; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

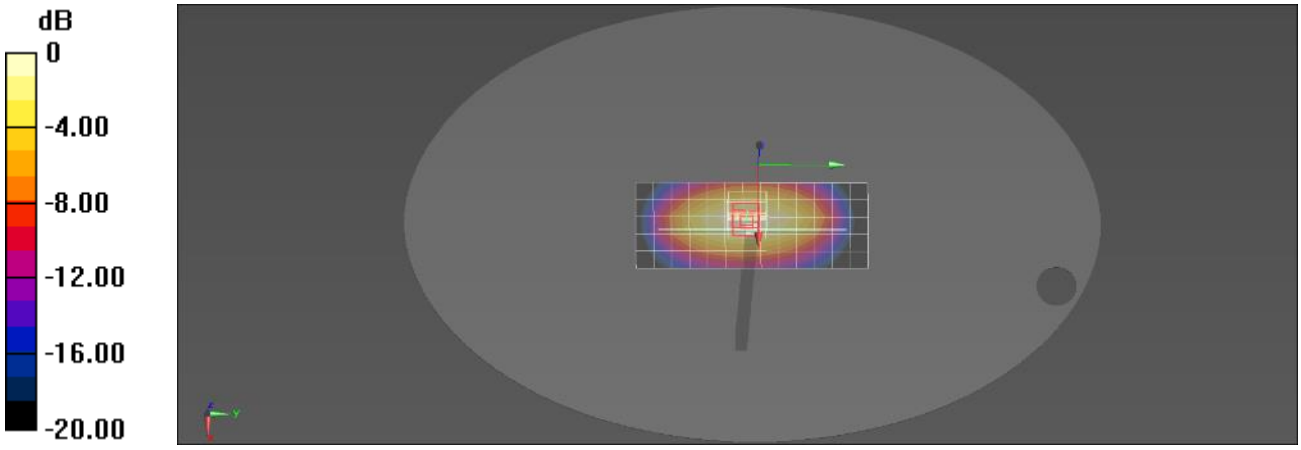
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(9.9, 9.9, 9.9) @ 850 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.61 W/kg

configuration/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 58.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.81 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.73 W/kg



0 dB = 2.73 W/kg = 4.36 dBW/kg

Test Date: 11/24/2019

SystemPerformanceCheck-SAM2-D1750HSL

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz D1750V2; Type: D1750V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.39 S/m; ε_r = 40.81; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

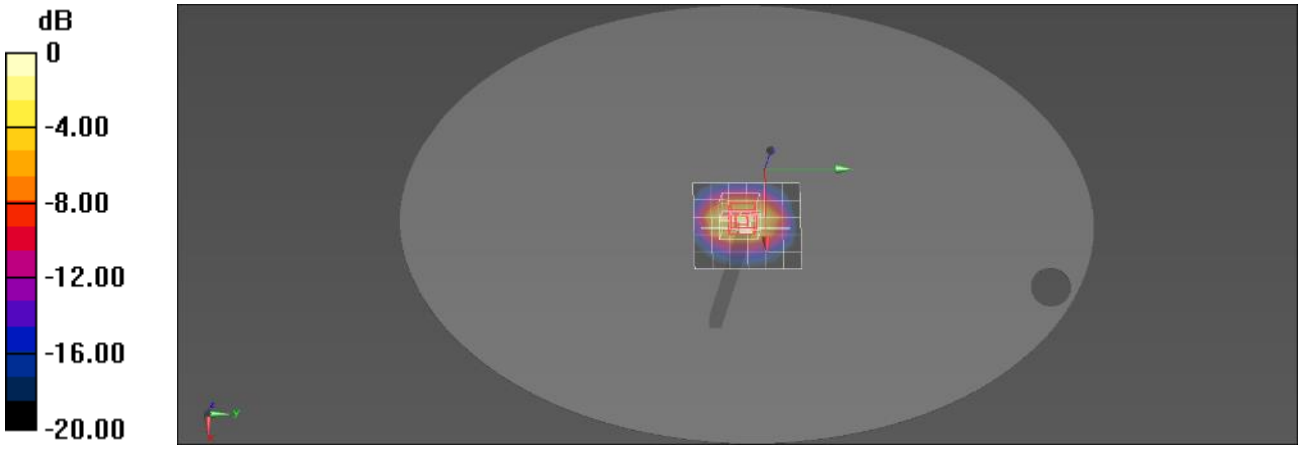
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(8.6, 8.6, 8.6) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4mm (EX-Probe) 2/Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.05 W/kg

Configuration/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=4mm (EX-Probe) 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 94.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.73 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.64 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.70 W/kg



0 dB = 9.70 W/kg = 9.87 dBW/kg

Test Date: 11/26/2019

SystemPerformanceCheck-SAM2-D1900HSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.46 S/m; ε_r = 40.53; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

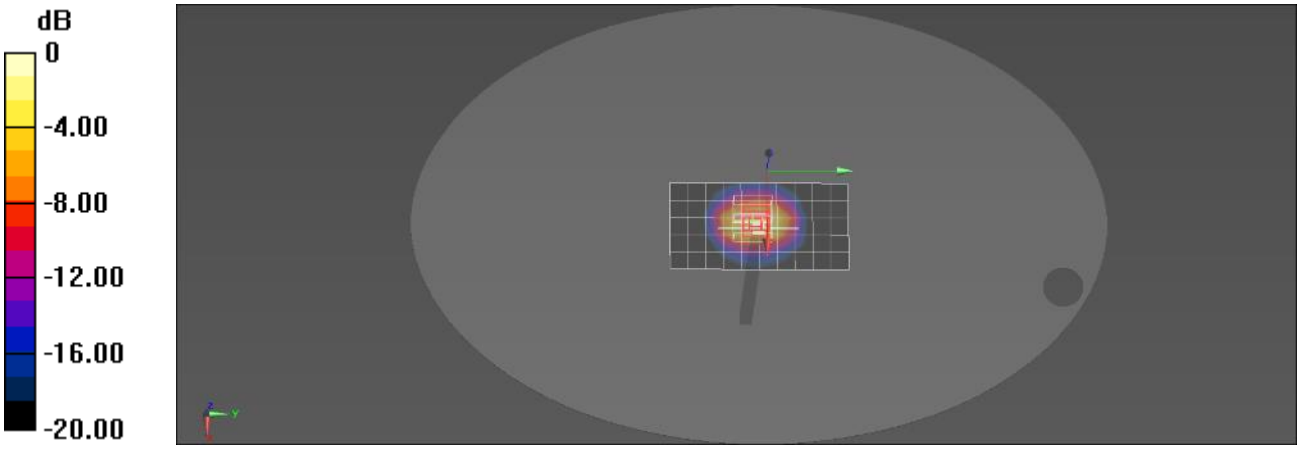
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

configuration/d=10mm, Pin=250mW, dist=4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.1 W/kg

configuration/d=10mm, Pin=250mW, dist=4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 101.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.27 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 W/kg



0 dB = 11.3 W/kg = 10.53 dBW/kg

Annex B - Test Data Plots

Plot 1#

Test Date: 11/26/2019

DUT: Mobile POS Terminal; Type: PIXIE-GH1WD1

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band2 High Body Front

Communication System: UMTS-FDD (WCDMA); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.46 S/m; ε_r = 40.52; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3; Tissue

Temp (celsius)-22.5°C; Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

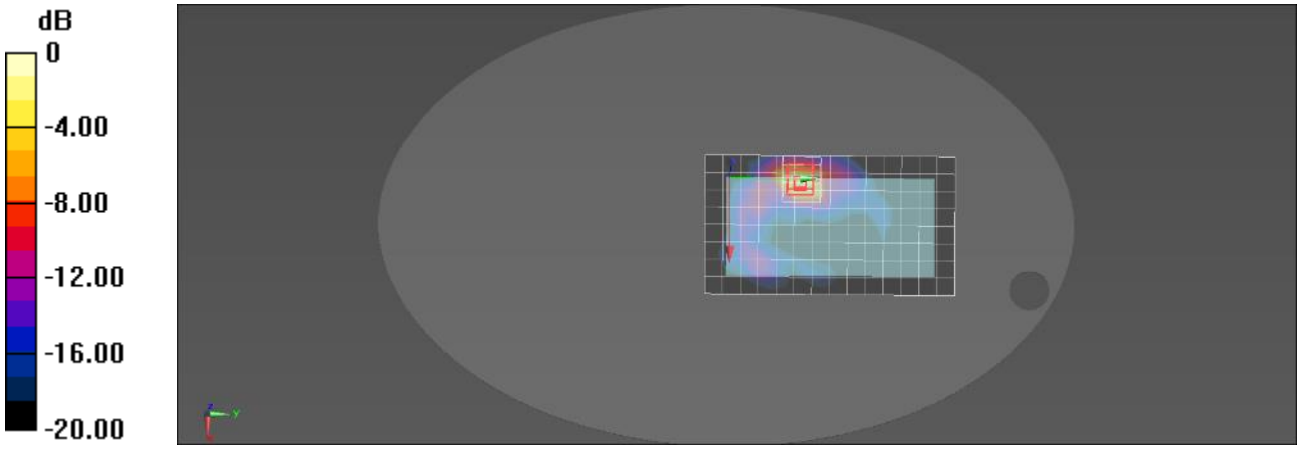
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25) @ 1907.6 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Configuration/WCDMA Band2 High Body Front/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.849 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band2 High Body Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 3.031 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.547 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 W/kg



0 dB = 1.46 W/kg = 1.64 dBW/kg

Plot 2#

Test Date: 11/25/2019

DUT: Mobile POS Terminal; Type: PIXIE-GH1WD1

Procedure Name: WCDMA Band5 Mid Body Front

Communication System: UMTS-FDD (WCDMA); Frequency: 836.6 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; ε_r = 42.85; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3; Tissue

Temp (celsius)-22.5°C; Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

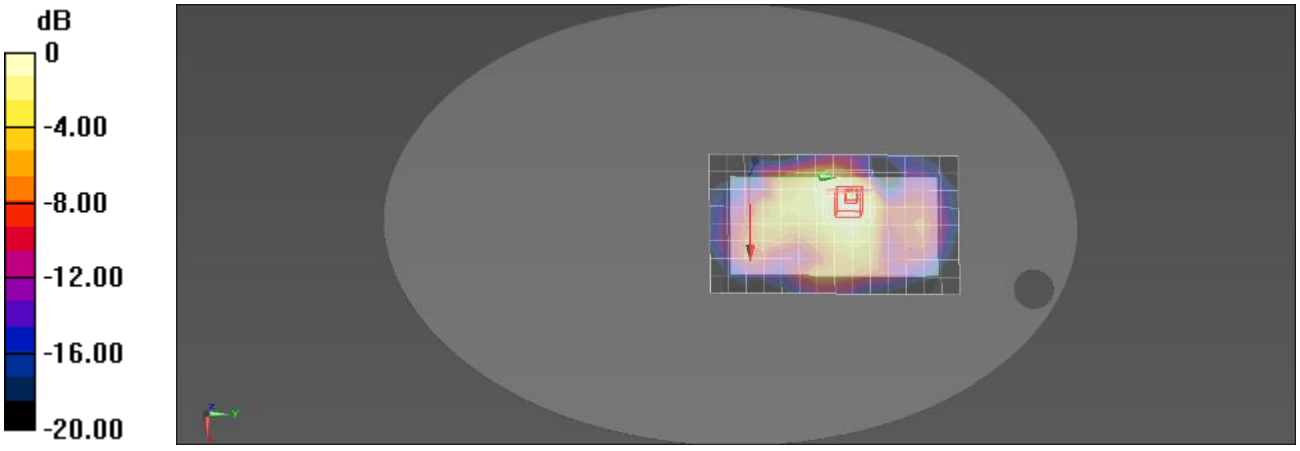
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(9.9, 9.9, 9.9) @ 836.6 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Configuration/WCDMA Band5 Mid Body Front/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.349 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band5 Mid Body Front/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 5.839 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.644 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.356 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.380 W/kg



0 dB = 0.380 W/kg = -4.20 dBW/kg

Plot 3#

Test Date: 11/26/2019

DUT: Mobile POS Terminal; Type: PIXIE-GH1WD1

Procedure Name: LTE Band2 High QPSK_20M_1RB_OS0 Body Front

Communication System: LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.46 S/m; ε_r = 40.53; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3; Tissue

Temp (celsius)-22.5°C; Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

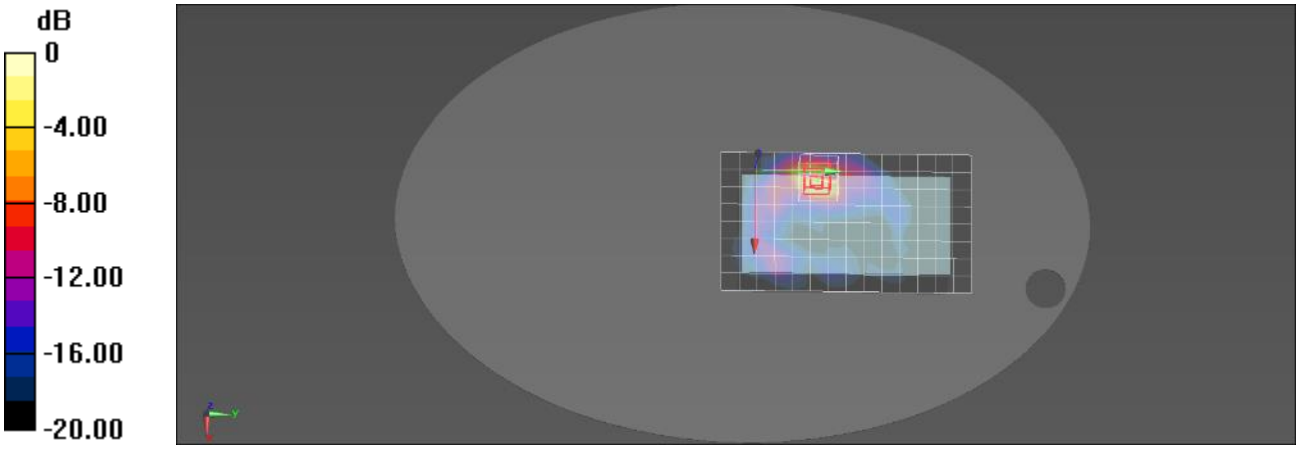
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(8.25, 8.25, 8.25) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Configuration/LTE Band2 High QPSK_20M_1RB_OS0 Body Front/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Band2 High QPSK_20M_1RB_OS0 Body Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 3.434 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.525 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg



0 dB = 1.41 W/kg = 1.49 dBW/kg

Plot 4#

Test Date: 11/24/2019

DUT: Mobile POS Terminal; Type: PIXIE-GH1WD1

Procedure Name: LTE Bad4 High QPSK_20M_1RB_OS0 Body Front

Communication System: LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1745 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; σ = 1.39 S/m; ε_r = 40.82; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3; Tissue

Temp (celsius)-22.5°C; Phantom section: Flat Section

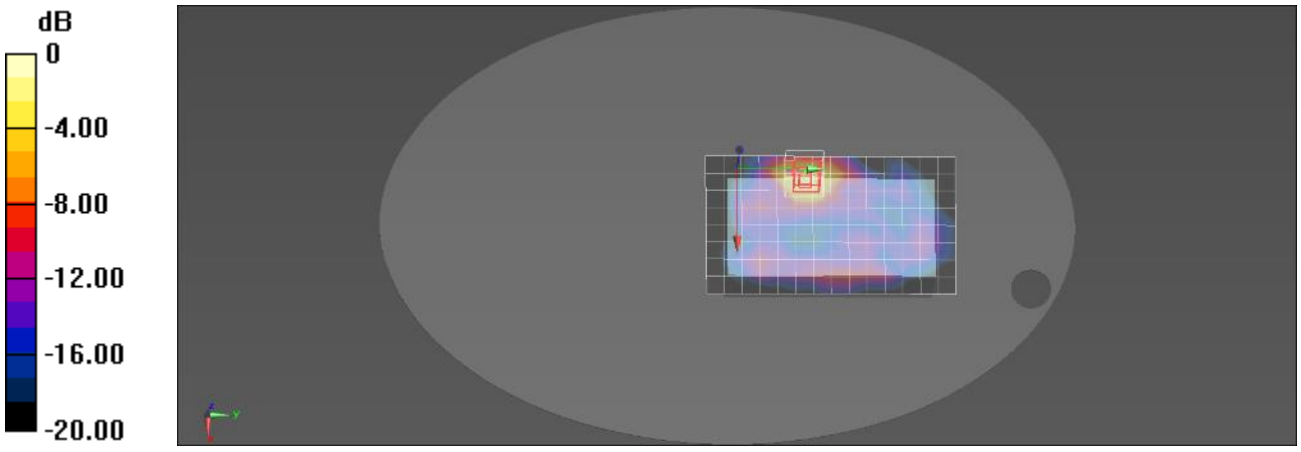
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(8.6, 8.6, 8.6) @ 1745 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Configuration/LTE Bad4 High QPSK_20M_1RB_OS0 Body Front/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Bad4 High QPSK_20M_1RB_OS0 Body Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 2.752 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.521 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg



0 dB = 1.12 W/kg = 0.49 dBW/kg

Plot 5#

Test Date: 11/24/2019

DUT: Mobile POS Terminal; Type: PIXIE-GH1WD1

Procedure Name: LTE Bad5 Mid QPSK_10M_25RB_OS0 Body Front

Communication System: LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 836.5 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; ε_r = 42.85; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3; Tissue

Temp (celsius)-22.5°C; Phantom section: Flat Section

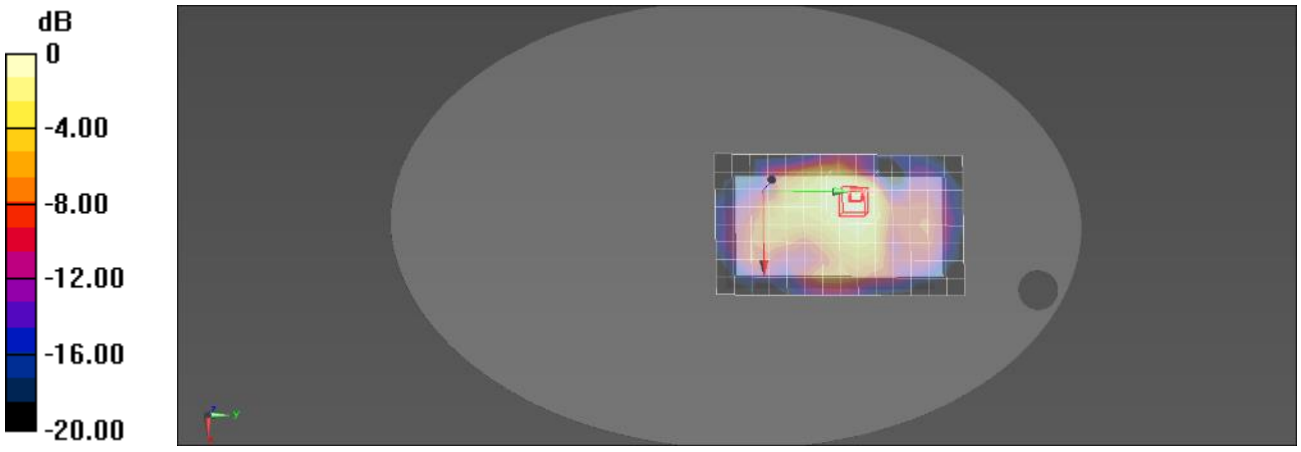
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(9.9, 9.9, 9.9) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Configuration/LTE Bad5 Mid QPSK_10M_25RB_OS0 Body Front/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.420 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Bad5 Mid QPSK_10M_25RB_OS0 Body Front/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 6.508 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.754 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.416 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.260 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.447 W/kg



0 dB = 0.447 W/kg = -3.50 dBW/kg

Plot 6#

Test Date: 11/22/2019

DUT: Mobile POS Terminal; Type: PIXIE-GH1WD1

Procedure Name: LTE Bad12 Low QPSK_10M_1RB_OS0 Body Front

Communication System: LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 704 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; σ = 0.9 S/m; ε_r = 43.46; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3; Tissue

Temp (celsius)-22.5°C; Phantom section: Flat Section

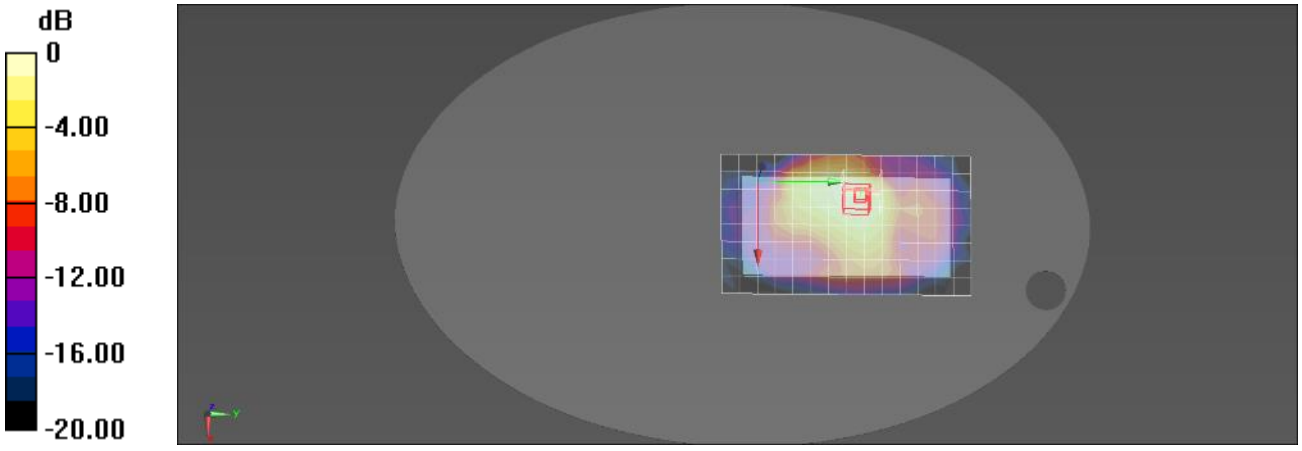
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7524; ConvF(10.35, 10.35, 10.35) @ 704 MHz; Calibrated: 4/18/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1552; Calibrated: 5/23/2019
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2089
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Configuration/LTE Bad12 Low QPSK_10M_1RB_OS0 Body Front/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.199 W/kg

Configuration/LTE Bad12 Low QPSK_10M_1RB_OS0 Body Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm; Reference Value = 3.604 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.195 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 W/kg



0 dB = 0.210 W/kg = -6.78 dBW/kg

Annex C - SAR Test Setup Photos

Please refer to document “1911RSU034-UT”.

Annex D - EUT External Photos

Please refer to attached document.

Annex E - Equipment Calibration Report

Please refer to document “Annex E - Equipment Calibration Report.pdf”.

The End