

FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

FOR

THERMOSTAT WITH 2.4 GHz RADIO

MODEL NUMBER: WT-11

FCC ID: TF7WT-11-1000

REPORT NUMBER: 05U3533B

ISSUE DATE: AUGUST 4, 2005

Prepared for

EVEREX COMMUNICATION, INC 5020A BRANDIN COURT FREMONT, CA 94538 USA

Prepared by

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Revision History

Rev.	Revisions	Revised By
A	Initial Issue	
В	Updated the table under Result of Section 7.1.2	D.Z.
	Revised the MPE calculation under Section 7.1.4	D.Z.

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

COMPANY NAME: EVEREX COMMUNICATION, INC

5020A BRANDIN COURT FREMONT, CA 94538, USA

EUT DESCRIPTION: THERMOSTAT WITH 2.4 GHz RADIO

MODEL: WT-11

SERIAL NUMBER: 01562

DATE TESTED: JULY 11 TO JULY 13, 2005

APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD TEST RESULTS

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By: Tested By:

THU CHAN
EMC SUPERVISOR

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

VIEN TRAN EMC ENGINEER

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT is an 802.15.4 Thermostat with 2.4 GHz Radio.

The radio module is manufactured by Everex Communications, Inc.

5.2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

2400 to 2483.5 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range	Mode	Output Power	Output Power
(MHz)		(dBm)	(mW)
2405 - 2475	802.15	1.21	1.32

5.3. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

The radio utilizes a permanently attached PCB inverted F antenna with a maximum gain of 3.5 dBi.

5.4. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE

The test utility software used during testing was WT-11-FCC-TEST, rev.1.0.0.

5.5. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE

The worst-case channel is determined as the channel with the highest output power. The highest measured output power was at 2475 MHz.

The worst-case data rate for this channel is determined to be 250kb/s, based on previous experience with 802.15 WPAN product design architectures.

Thus all emissions tests were made in the 802.15, 2475 MHz, 250kb/s.

5.6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description Manufacturer Model Serial Number FCC ID							
N/A							

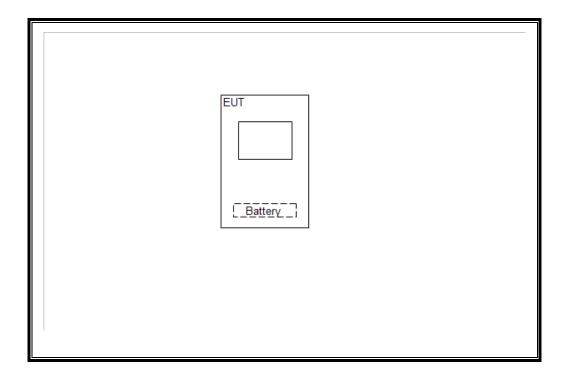
I/O CABLES

	I/O CABLE LIST							
Cable No.	Port	# of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length	Remarks		
N/A								

TEST SETUP

The EUT is a Thermostat with 2.4 GHz Radio and it is operated by 3.0 VDC battery..

SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS



6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due			
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360112	1/13/2006			
Peak Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41291160	2/9/2006			
Peak / Average Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40440755	2/10/2006			
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	S	3115	6717	9/12/2005			
Amplifier 1-26GHz	MITEQ	NSP2600-SP	924341	8/17/2005			
EMI Receiver, 9 kHz ~ 2.9 GHz	HP	8542E	3942A00286	11/21/2005			
RF Filter Section	HP	85420E	3705A00256	11/21/2005			
30MHz 2Ghz	Sunol Sciences	JB1 Antenna	A121003	12/22/2005			
4.0 High Pass Filter	Micro Tronics	HPM13351	3	N/A			

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7. LIMITS AND RESULTS

7.1.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH

<u>LIMIT</u>

§15.247 (a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 300 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

RESULTS

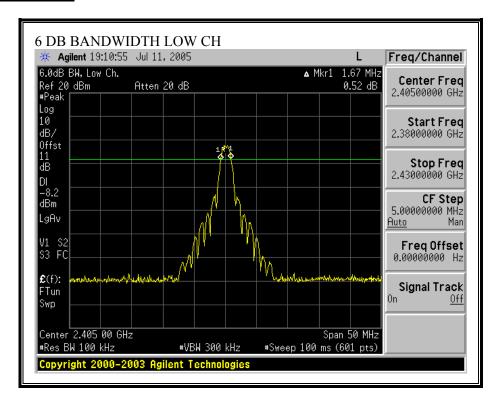
No non-compliance noted:

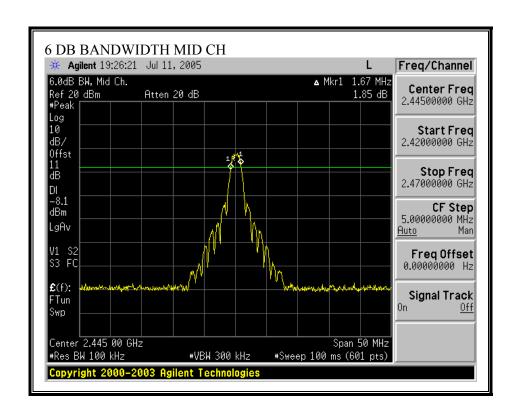
802.15

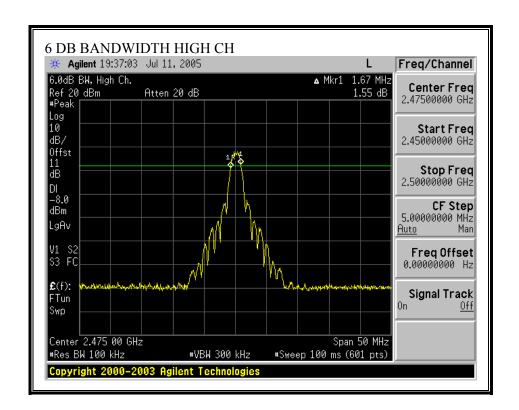
Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2405	1670	500	1170
Middle	2445	1670	500	1170
High	2475	1670	500	1170

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6 DB BANDWIDTH







7.1.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99 % bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized.

RESULTS

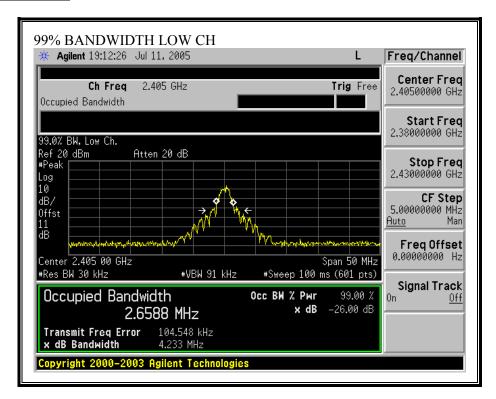
No non-compliance noted:

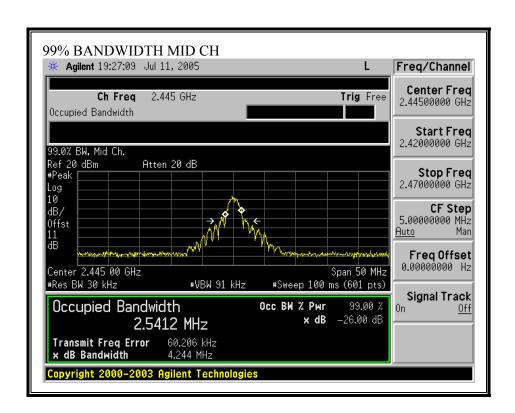
802.11b Mode

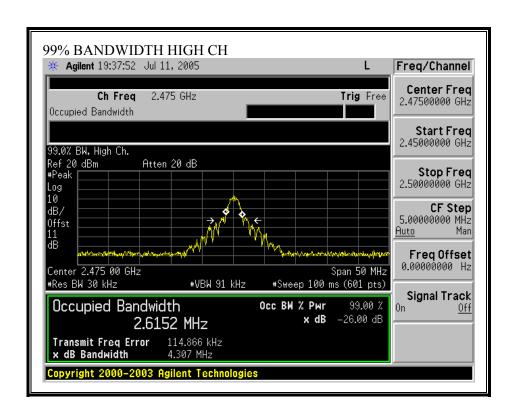
Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(KHz)
Low	2405	2658.8
Middle	2445	2541.2
High	2475	2615.2

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99% BANDWIDTH







7.1.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

PEAK POWER LIMIT

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

\$15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz , and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

§15.247 (b) (4) (i) Systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer's internal channel power integration function is used to integrate the power over a bandwidth greater than or equal to the 99% bandwidth.

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RESULTS

The maximum antenna gain is 3.5 dBi for other than fixed, point-to-point operations, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

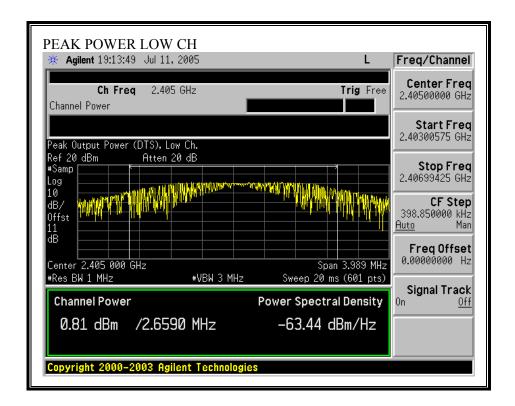
No non-compliance noted:

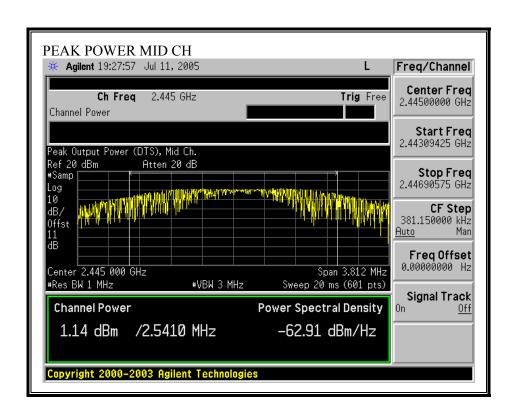
802.15

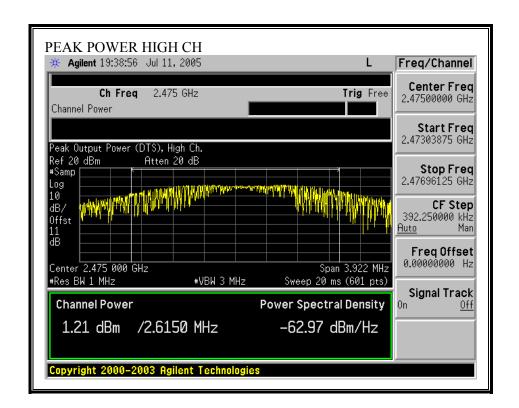
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2405	0.81	30	-29.19
Middle	2445	1.14	30	-28.86
High	2475	1.21	30	-28.79

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OUTPUT POWER







7.1.4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

LIMITS

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	nits for Occupational	I/Controlled Exposu	res	
0.3–3.0 3.0–30	614 1842/f	1.63 4.89/f	*(100) *(900/f²)	6
30–300 300–1500	61.4	0.163	1.0 f/300	6 6
1500-100,000			5	6
(B) Limits	for General Populati	ion/Uncontrolled Exp	posure	
0.3–1.34	614 824/f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)-Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500 1500–100,000			f/1500 1.0	30 30

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occu-

pational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

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CALCULATIONS

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / d}$

and

 $S = E ^2 / 3770$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 and

d (cm) = 100 * d (m)

yields

 $d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$

 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

 $P(mW) = 10 ^ (P(dBm) / 10)$ and

 $G \text{ (numeric)} = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)$

yields

 $d = 0.282 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$

Rearranging terms to calculate the power density at a specific distance yields

$$S = 0.0795 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 10) / (d^2)$$

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LIMITS

From $\S1.1310$ Table 1 (B), the maximum value of S = 1.0 mW/cm²

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Mode	MPE Output		Antenna	Power
	Distance	Power	Gain	Density
	(cm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/cm^2)
802.15	20.0	1.21	3.50	0.0006

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

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7.1.5. AVERAGE POWER

AVERAGE POWER LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

802.15

Channel	Frequency	Power	
	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Low	2405	0.25	
Middle	2445	0.42	
High	2475	0.40	

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7.1.6. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

§15.247 (d) For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer, the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth is measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 3 kHz and VBW > 3 kHz, sweep time = span / 3 kHz, and video averaging is turned off. The PPSD is the highest level found across the emission in any 3 kHz band.

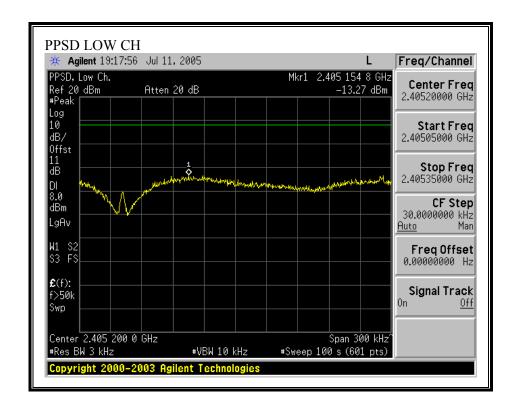
RESULTS

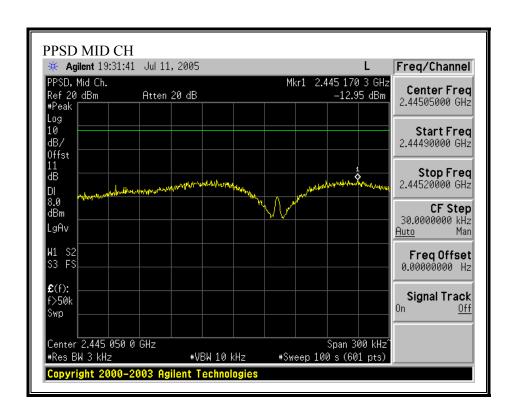
No non-compliance noted:

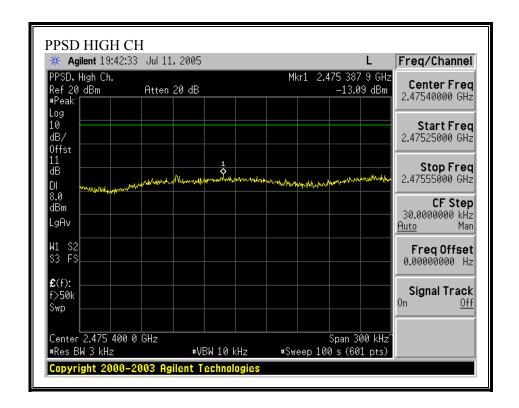
802.15

Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2405	-13.27	8	-21.27
Middle	2445	-12.95	8	-20.95
High	2475	-13.09	8	-21.09

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY







7.1.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.247 (c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in \$15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Conducted power was measured based on the use of a peak measurement, therefore the required attenuation is 20 dB.

TEST PROCEDURE

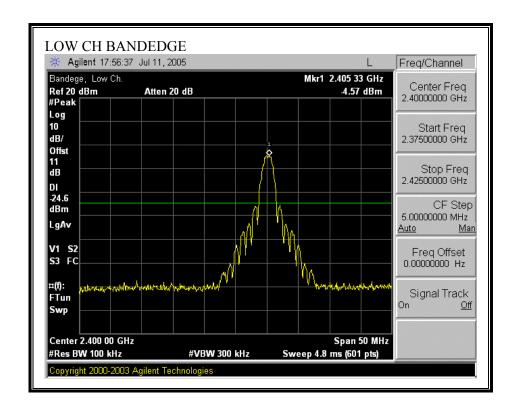
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

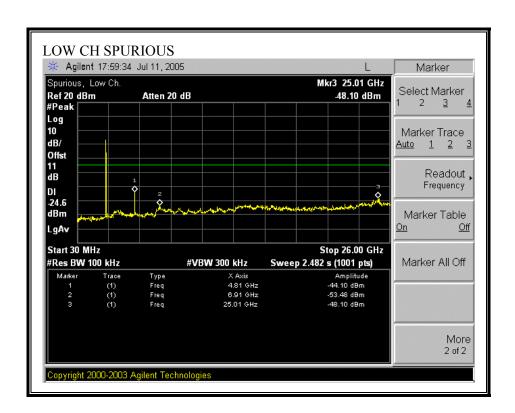
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

RESULTS

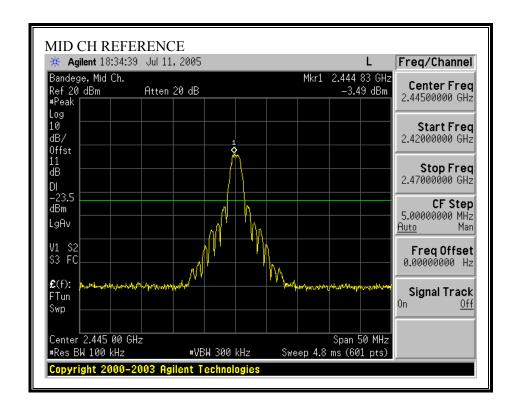
No non-compliance noted:

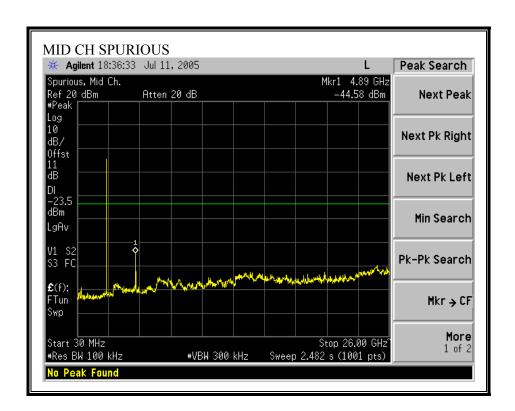
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL



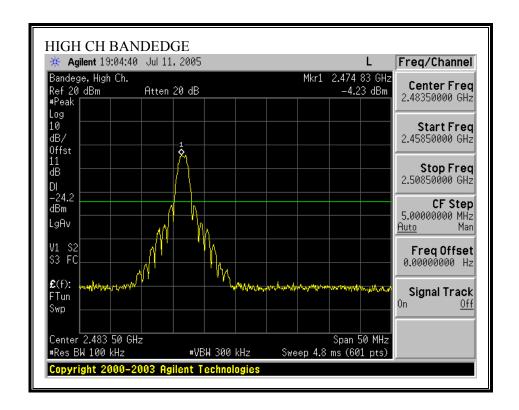


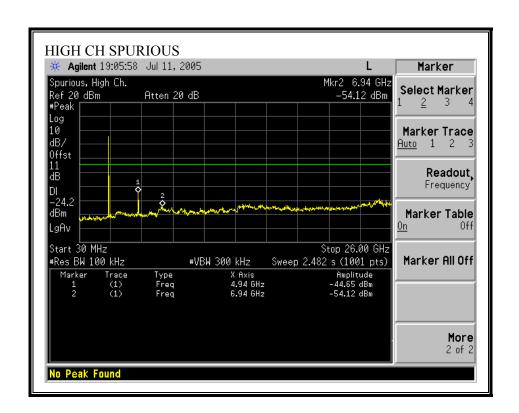
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL





SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL





7.2. RADIATED EMISSIONS

7.2.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15	
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46	
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75	
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5	
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2	
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5	
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7	
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4	
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5	
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2	
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4	
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12	
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0	
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8	
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5	
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$	
13.36 - 13.41				

 $^{^{1}}$ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz. 2 Above 38.6

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

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§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)		
30 - 88	100 **	3		
88 - 216	150 **	3		
216 - 960	200 **	3		
Above 960	500	3		

^{**} Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

^{§15.209 (}b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each 5 GHz band.

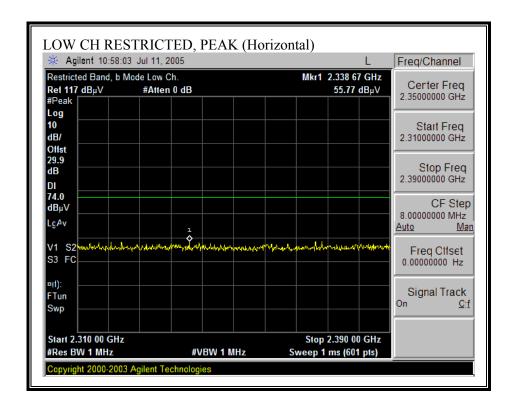
The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

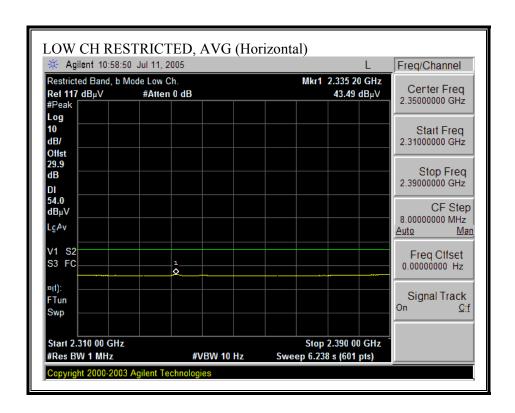
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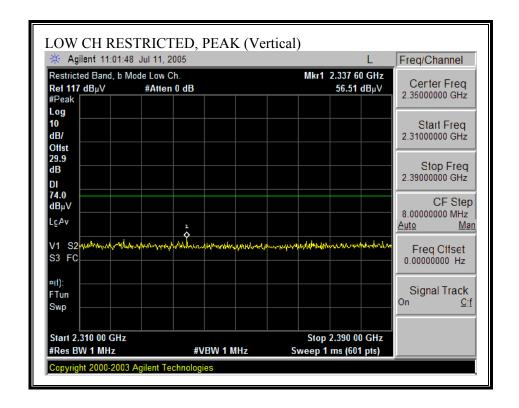
7.2.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz FOR 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND

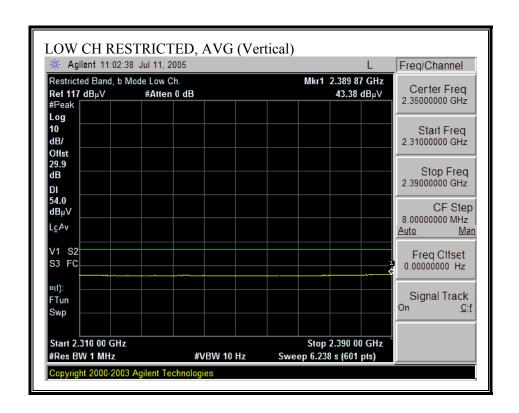
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



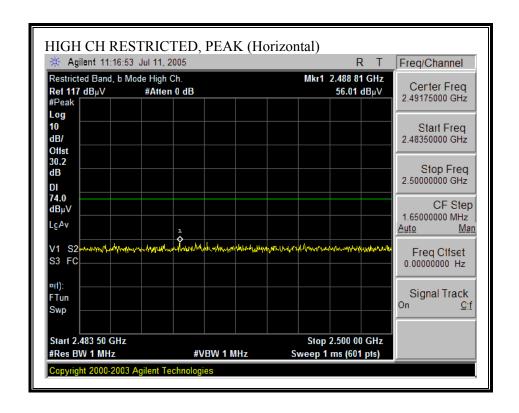


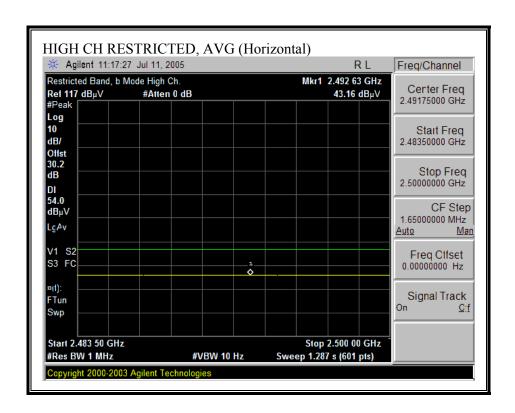
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



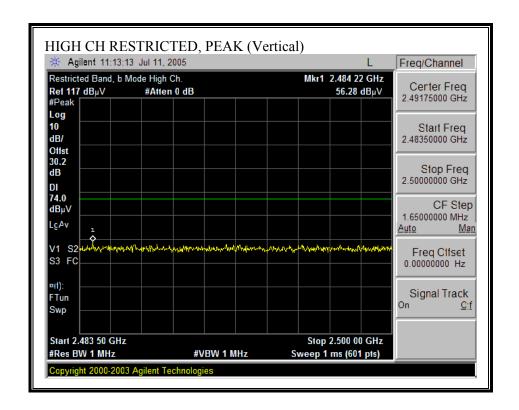


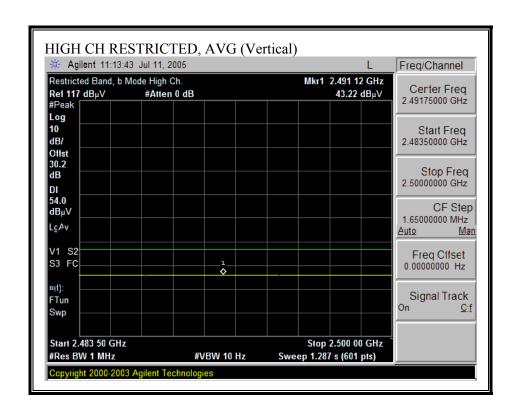
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



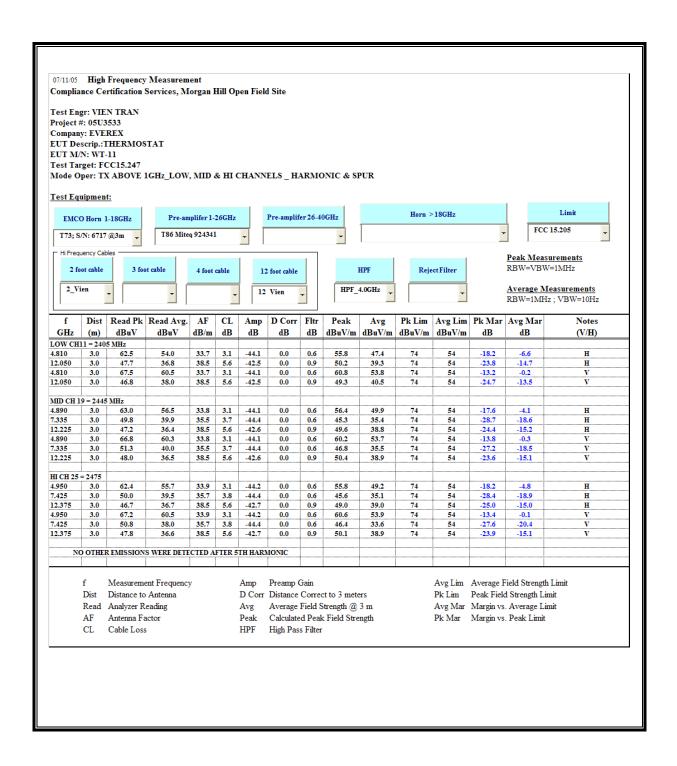


RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





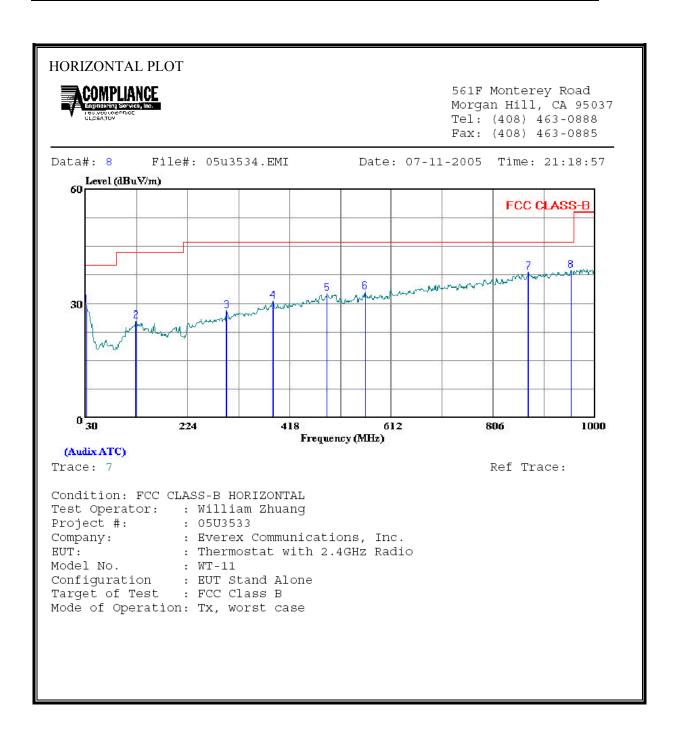
HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS



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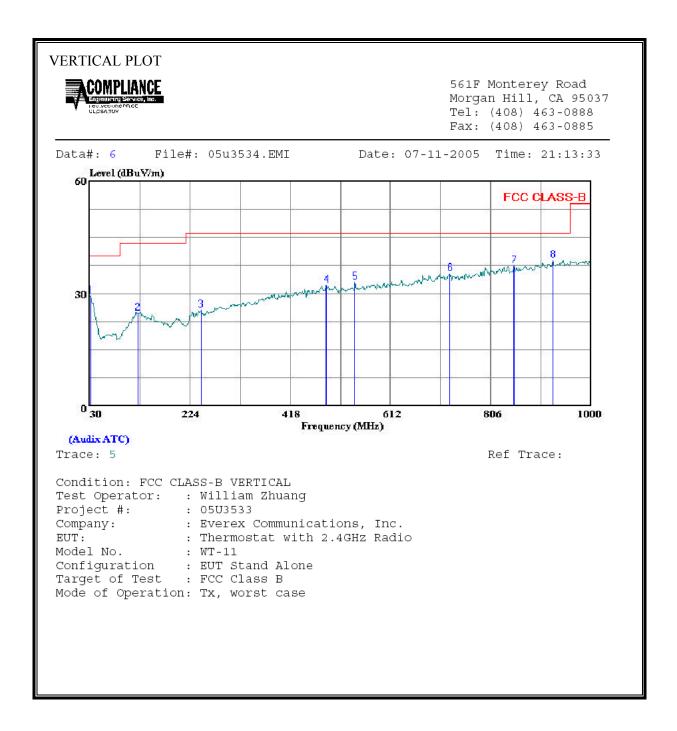
7.2.3. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)



HORIZONTAL DATA							
		Read			Limit	Over	
	Freq	Level	Factor	Level	Line	Limit	Remark
	MHz	dBu√	dВ	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	30.970	9.03	20.45	29.48	40.00	-10.52	Peak
2	126.030	9.98	15.25	25.23	43.50	-18.27	Peak
3	298.690	12.33	15.63	27.96	46.00	-18.04	Peak
4	385.990	12.78	17.73	30.51	46.00	-15.49	Peak
5	489.780	12.48	20.05	32.53	46.00	-13.47	Peak
6	562.530	12.06	21.02	33.08	46.00	-12.92	Peak
7	872.930	12.55	25.61	38.16	46.00	-7.84	Peak
8	954.410	12.11	26.49	38.60	46.00	-7.40	Peak

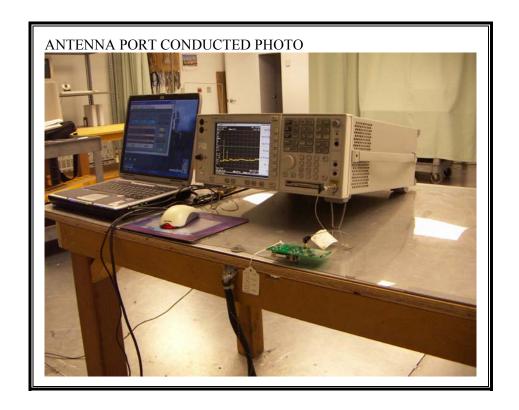
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, VERTICAL)



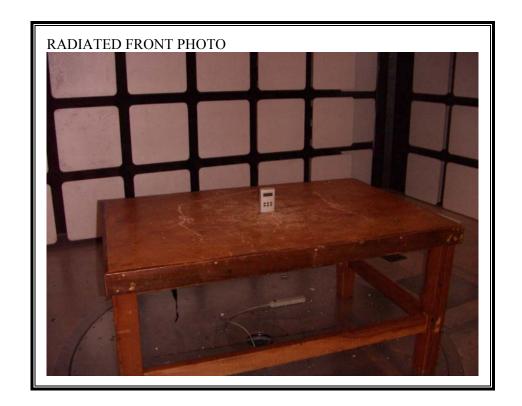
VERTICAL DATA							
	Freq	Read Level	Factor	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	——dBuV	dB	$\overline{\mathtt{dBuV/m}}$	$\overline{\mathtt{dBuV/m}}$	dB	
1	30.970	8.90	20.45	29.35	40.00	-10.65	Peak
2	123.120	9.53	15.21	24.74	43.50	-18.76	Peak
3	245.340	11.89	13.72	25.61	46.00	-20.39	Peak
4	487.840	12.11	20.00	32.11	46.00	-13.89	Peak
5	543.130	12.28	20.79	33.07	46.00	-12.93	Peak
6	727.430	11.85	23.53	35.38	46.00	-10.62	Peak
7	851.590	12.02	25.26	37.28	46.00	-8.72	Peak
8	926.280	12.54	26.23	38.77	46.00	-7.23	Peak

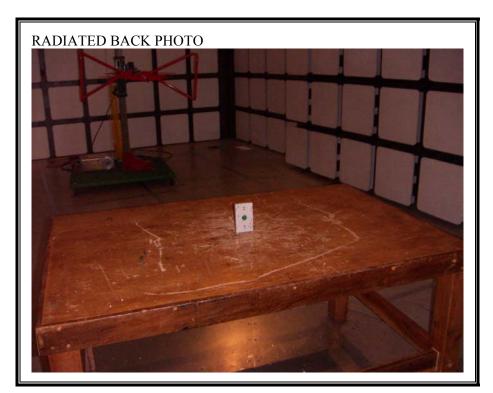
8. SETUP PHOTOS

ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP



RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP





END OF REPORT