

Radio Frequency Exposure

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	Wireless LAN print server, USB 2.0					
Frequency band (Operating)	 WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz WLAN: 5.150GHz ~ 5.250GHz WLAN: 5.250GHz ~ 5.350GHz WLAN: 5.470GHz ~ 5.725GHz WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.850GHz Bluetooth: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480 GHz 					
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation)					
Exposure classification	 ☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☑ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²) 					
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity					
Max. output power	Band: 2412-2462MHz 802.11b: 17.41 dBm (55.081 mW) 802.11g: 22.74 dBm (187.932 mW) 802.11n (20MHz): 22.91 dBm (195.434 mW) 802.11n (40MHz): 22.09 dBm (161.808 mW)					
Antenna gain (Max)	2.0dBi					
Evaluation applied						
Remark:						

Issued date : Jan. 05, 2017 Page No. : 1 of 3

FCC ID : TE7WPS510UV7

Report No.: 1612166

The maximum output power is <u>22.74dBm (187.932 mW)</u> at <u>2437 MHz</u> (with <u>numeric 1 antenna gain.)</u> DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

^{*}Note: Simultaneous transmission is not applicable for this EUT.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = *Distance in meters*

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and $d(cm) = d(m) / 100$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

Cerpass Technology Corp.

Issued date : Jan. 05, 2017

: TE7WPS510UV7

Report No.: 1612166

Page No. : 2 of 3 FCC ID



Maximum Permissible Exposure

Modulation Mode	Frequency band (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power (dBm)	Antenna Gain(dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm2)	Limit (mW/cm2)
11b	2412-2462	17.41	2	20	0.0174	1
11g	2412-2462	22.74	2	20	0.0593	1
11n HT20	2412-2462	22.91	2	20	0.0616	1
11n HT40	2422-2452	22.09	2	20	0.0510	1

NOTE:

Total (Chain0+Chain1), the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 +etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Cerpass Technology Corp.

Issued date : Jan. 05, 2017 Page No. : 3 of 3

FCC ID : TE7WPS510UV7

Report No.: 1612166