

APPENDIX I

Test Equipment Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Client

Audix-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3855_Sep13

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3855

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

September 26, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13
SN: 660	4-Sep-13 (No. DAE4-660_Sep13)	Apr-14
ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-15
US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700	GB41293874 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) MY41498087 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) SN: S5054 (3c) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) SN: S5277 (20x) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) SN: S5129 (30b) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) SN: 3013 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12) SN: 660 4-Sep-13 (No. DAE4-660_Sep13) ID Check Date (in house) US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Israe El-Naouq Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: September 26, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z ConvF tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D

DCP

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

Certificate No: EX3-3855_Sep13

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3855

Manufactured:

January 23, 2012 September 26, 2013

Calibrated:

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4- SN:3855 September 26, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3855

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.47	0.17	0.13	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	95.4	93.3	94.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [±] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	153.6	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		197.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		162.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3855 September 26, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3855

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.06	10.06	10.06	0.63	0.67	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.66	9.66	9.66	0.53	0.71	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.76	0.63	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.60	8.60	8.60	0.33	0.91	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.35	8.35	8.35	0.45	0.70	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.40	8.40	8.40	0.34	0.75	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.20	0.94	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.59	7.59	7.59	0.45	0.66	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.52	5.52	5.52	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.19	5.19	5.19	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	5.14	5.14	5.14	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

EX3DV4-SN:3855

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3855

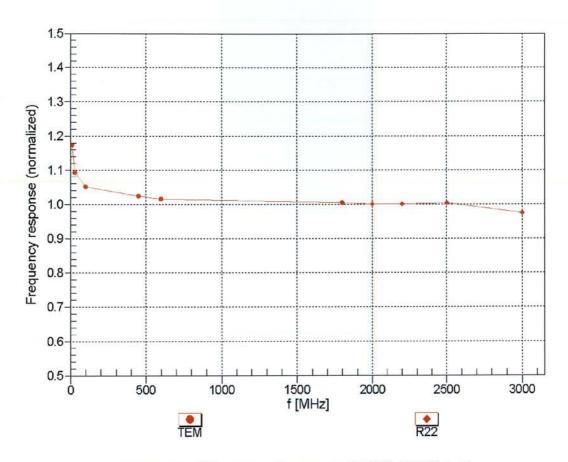
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.80	9.80	9.80	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.73	9.73	9.73	0.80	0.61	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.61	0.65	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.60	0.66	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.32	0.92	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	8.14	8.14	8.14	0.47	0.74	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.79	0.57	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.36	4.36	4.36	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.25	4.25	4.25	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



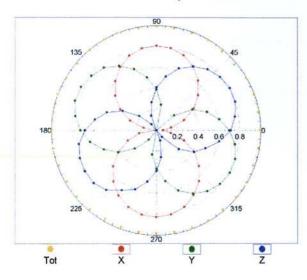
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

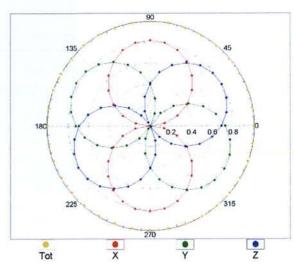
EX3DV4- SN:3855 September 26, 2013

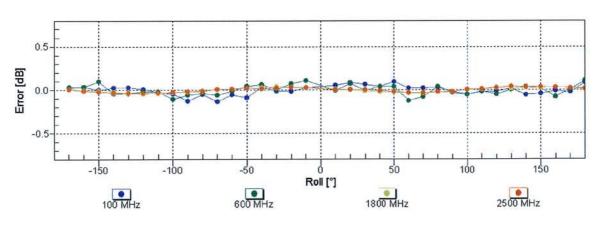
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



f=1800 MHz,R22

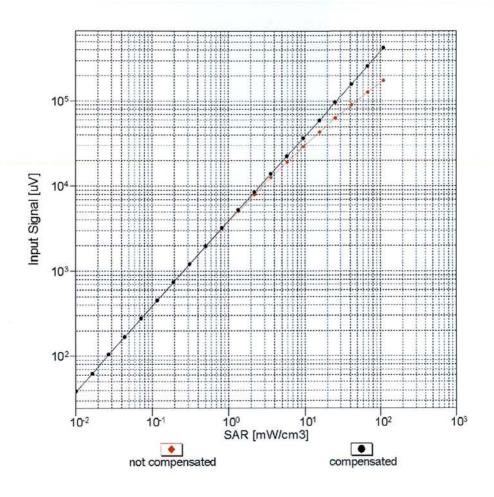


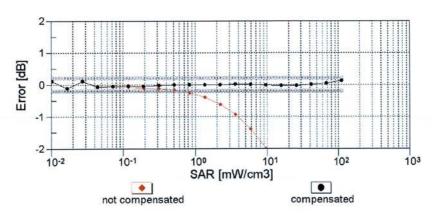




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

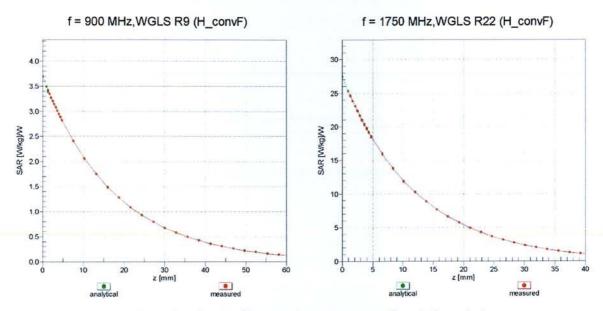
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



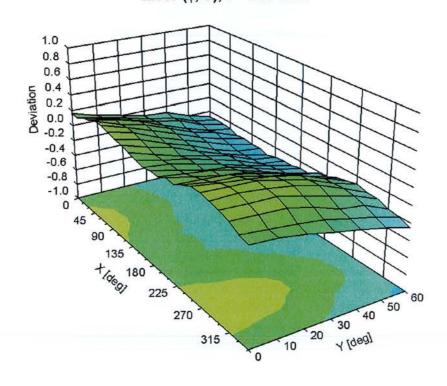


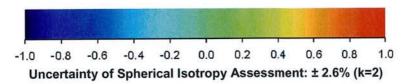
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





EX3DV4- SN:3855 September 26, 2013

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3855

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	20
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

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Client

Audix-CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Certificate No: DAE4-1337_Sep13

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1337

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v26

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: September 23, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	02-Oct-12 (No:12728)	Oct-13
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by:

R.Mayoraz

Technician

Technician

Approved by: Pin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: September 23, 2013

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16152	16053
Channel Y	16210	16095
Channel Z	16306	15697

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	1.31	-0.88	3.21	0.80
Channel Y	-0.53	-1.64	0.98	0.53
Channel Z	-0.66	-1.81	0.95	0.53

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



EMC Department:

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Tel: 886-2-26099301 / 26092133

Fax: 886-2-26099303 E-mail: emc@audixtech.com

Statement of Due Date for Dipole Calibration

We have defined that the calibration interval of following dipole which use for SAR system is 3 years.

D1750V2	1065
D900V2	1d133
D750V3	1056
D835V2	4d136
D1900V2	5d156
D2000V2	1061
D2450V2	888
D2600V2	1048
D5GHzV2	1124
CD2450V3	1161
CD1880V3	1173
CD835V3	1187
	D900V2 D750V3 D835V2 D1900V2 D2000V2 D2450V2 D2600V2 D5GHzV2 CD2450V3 CD1880V3

Please note that the Cal Interval may be other than 1 year, e.g. 2 years or 3 years.

Also we have determined that the original calibration result of these instruments are not significantly affected before the first-time use of them, when they are stored in good condition.

According to the above reasons, the dipole calibration Due Date described as below:

Example:

Date tested at SPEAG: May 9, 2012 Example Calibration Interval: 3 Years

First-Time Use of Instrument: September 13, 2012

First-Time Use + Selected Interval = Date for Next Calibration

September 13, 2012 + 3 Years = September 12, 2015

Leon Liu / Quality Manager

Leon Lie

Dipole Verified Data

Model Name: D2450V2

SN:888

Pursuant to KDB 865664 D01 V01r01 section 3.2.2 that the reference dipole calibration can be extended to 3 years if Lab. does a confirmation on return loss and impedance annually, and compliance with following conditions,

- 1. Return loss deviates by less than 20% from the previous measurement and have 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement
- 2. The real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by less than 5 Ω from the previous measurement.

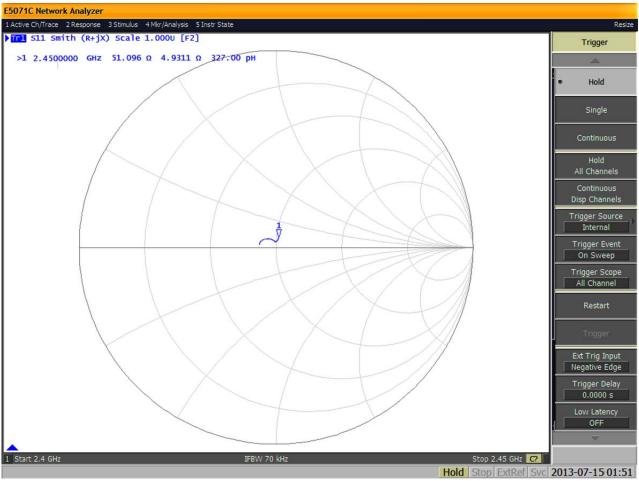
Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue

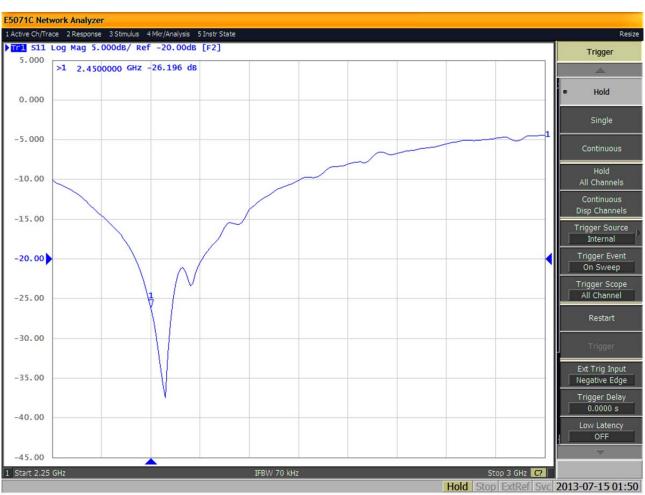
Item	Verified on 7/15, 2013	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.096 Ω +4.93 j Ω	53.8 Ω +3.3 j Ω	< 5 Ω
Return Loss	-26.196 dB	-26.3 dB	0.39%

Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue

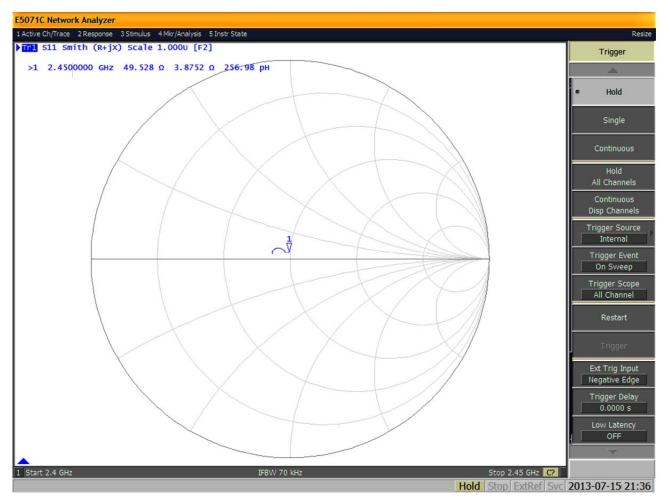
Item	Verified on 7/15, 2013	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.528 Ω +3.87 j Ω	50.2 Ω +4.7 j Ω	<5Ω
Return Loss	-23.31 dB	-26.6 dB	12.37%

Plot for Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue





Plot for Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue





Dipole Verified Data

Model Name: D2450V2

SN:888

Pursuant to KDB 865664 D01 V01r01 section 3.2.2 that the reference dipole calibration can be extended to 3 years if Lab. does a confirmation on return loss and impedance annually, and compliance with following conditions,

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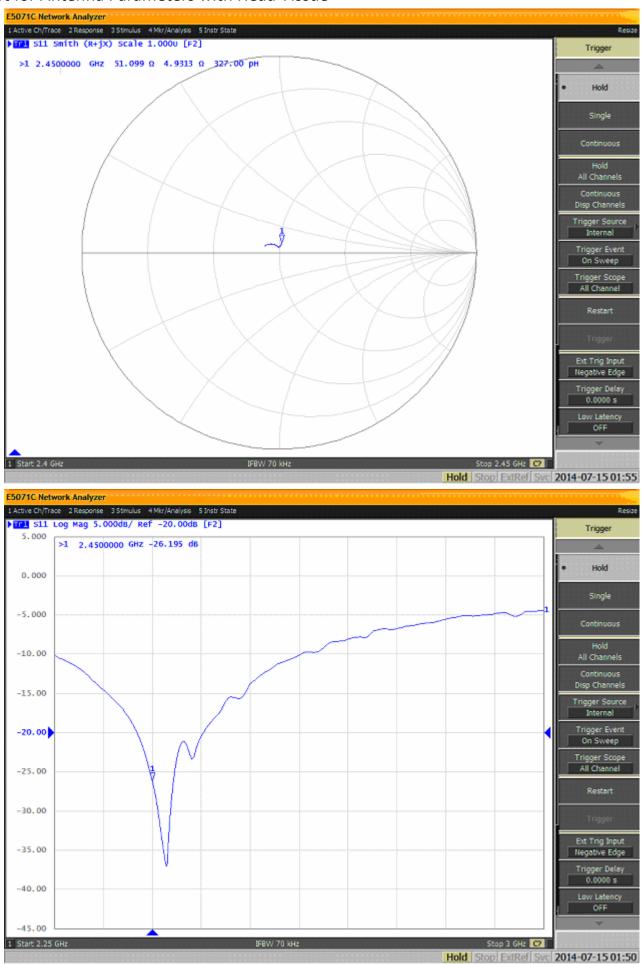
Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue

Item	Verified on 7/15, 2014	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.099 +4.93j	53.8 +3.3j	< 5
Return Loss	-26.19 dB	-26.3 dB	0.42%

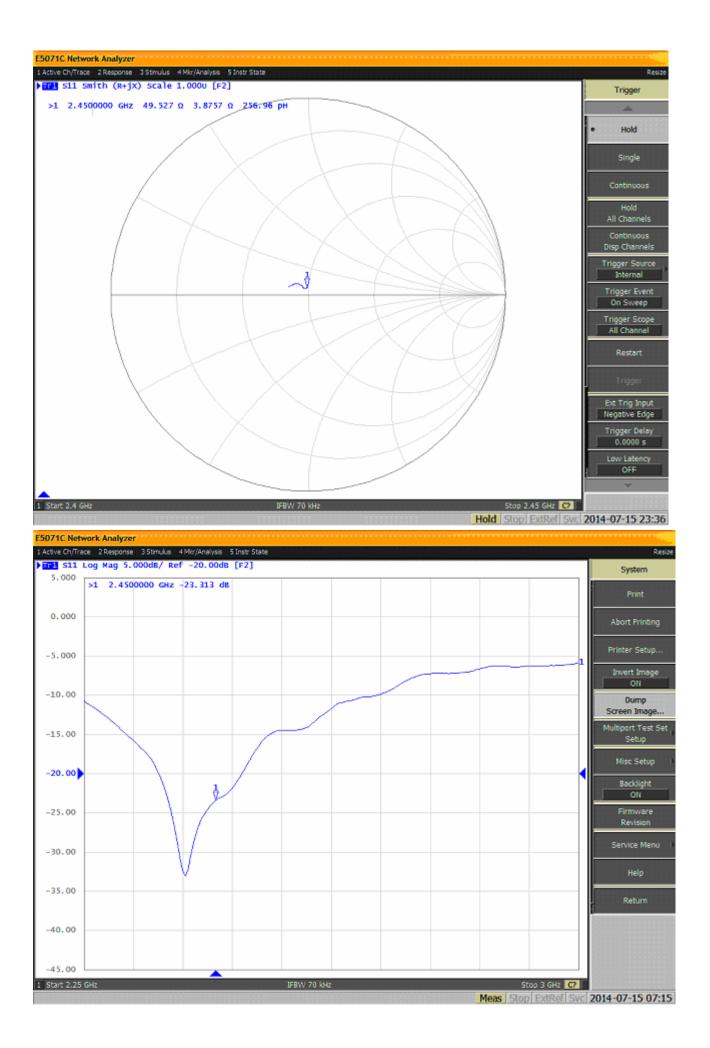
Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue

Item	Verified on 7/15, 2014	Original Cal. Result	Deviation
Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.527 +3.87j	50.2 +4.7j	< 5
Return Loss	-23.31 dB	-26.6 dB	12.37%

Plot for Antenna Parameters with Head Tissue



Plot for Antenna Parameters with Body Tissue



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Audix-TW (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D2450V2-888 May12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 888

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: May 02, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

GB37480704

Primary Standards

Power meter EPM-442A

Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Deras El Daong
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	De My
1	Westerness teams proper eran 248 (2012) AND		THE STEWN OF THE STATE OF THE S

Cal Date (Certificate No.)

05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)

Issued: May 7, 2012

Scheduled Calibration

Oct-12

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-888_May12 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.6 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.4 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.10 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.4 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.4 ± 6 %	1.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.02 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-888_May12

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.8~\Omega + 3.3~\mathrm{j}\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.2~\Omega + 4.7~\mathrm{j}\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.158 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 06, 2011

Certificate No: D2450V2-888_May12

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 02.05.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 888

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

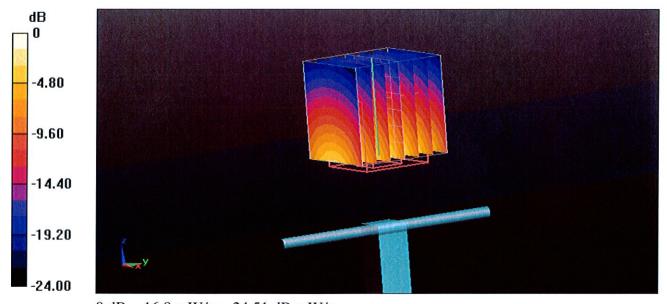
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.760 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.041 mW/g

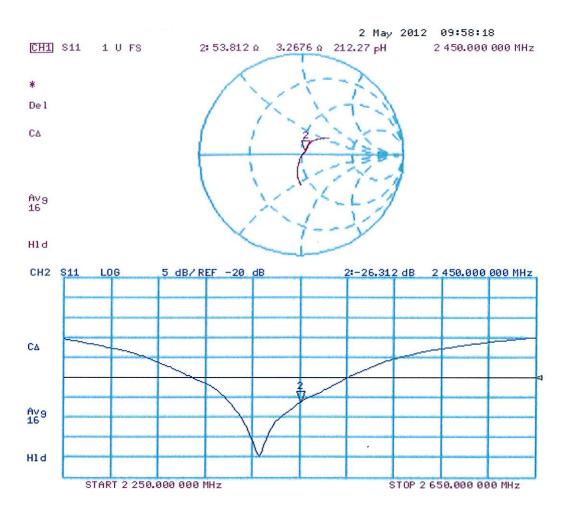
SAR(1 g) = 13.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 mW/g



0 dB = 16.8 mW/g = 24.51 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 02.05.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 888

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

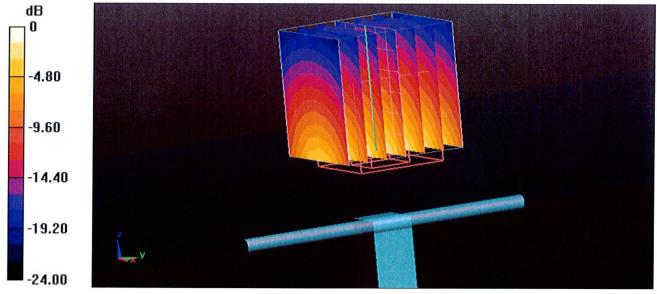
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.994 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.345 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 mW/g



0 dB = 17.0 mW/g = 24.61 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

