

# SAR TEST REPORT

**Applicant** TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.

FCC ID TE7C5V1

**Brand** TP-LINK

**Product** C5 FDD-LTE Smartphone

Model TP701C

Report No. RXA1601-0001SAR01R1

Issue Date June 1, 2016

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.** The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Reviewed by: Jiangpeng Lan

Jiang peng Lan

Approved by: Kai Xu

Kai Xu

# CNAS TESTING No. L2264

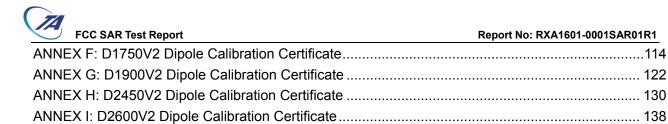
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## 1 Test Laboratory

#### 1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology** (shanghai) co., Ltd). The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein . Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by CNAS or any government agencies.

#### 1.2 Test facility

#### CNAS (accreditation number:L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

#### FCC (recognition number is 428261)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

#### IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

#### VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

#### A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.



## 1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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#### 1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.



# 2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR

		Highest Rep	orted SAR (W/kg)					
Mode	1g SAR Head  1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)		1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	10g SAR Extremity (Separation 0mm)				
GSM 850	0.42	0.84	0.84	NA				
GSM 1900	0.30	0.73	0.86	NA				
WCDMA Band II	0.40	0.75	1.11	NA				
WCDMA Band IV	0.44	0.72	0.72	NA				
WCDMA Band V	0.32	0.34	0.34	NA				
LTE FDD 2	0.48	0.60	0.60	NA				
LTE FDD 4	0.38	0.62	0.62	NA				
LTE FDD 7	0.58	0.70	0.78	NA				
Wi-Fi	0.35	0.10	0.10	NA				
Date of Testing:		January 4, 2016 ~ January 16, 2016						

Note: The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6 W/kg and 4.0 W/kg) specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.



Table 2.2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	10g SAR Extremity (Separation 0mm)	
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	0.93	1.01	1.11	NA	

Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.3.



# 3 Description of Equipment under Test

#### **Client Information**

Applicant	TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.					
Applicant address	Building 24 (floors 1,3,4,5) and 28 (floors1-4) Central Science					
••	and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China					
Manufacturer	TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.					
Manufacturer address	Building 24 (floors 1,3,4,5) and 28 (floors1-4) Central Science					
Manufacturer address	and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China					

## **Accessory Equipment Details**

Name	Model	Manufacturer	Capacity		
Battery	NBL-45A2000	DongGuan Amperex Technology Co., Ltd	2000mAh,		

# **General Technologies**

Application Purpose:	Original Grant				
EUT Stage:	Production Unit				
Model:	TP701C				
IMEI/SN/MEID:	SIM 1:868983020009682 SIM 2:868983020011043				
Hardware Version:	AL815_MB_PCB_V2.0				
Software Version:	H10S100D03B20151124R1001				
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna				
Device Class:	В				
Power Class:	GSM 850:4 GSM 1900:1 UMTS Band II/IV/V:3 LTE FDD 2/4/7:3				
Power Level	GSM 850:level 5 GSM 1900:level 0 UMTS Band II/IV/V:all up bits LTE FDD 2/4/7:max power				



# Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

	ireless hnology	Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)				
GSM	850	Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK)	☐Multi-slot Class:8-1UP ☐Multi-slot Class:10-2UP	824 ~ 849				
	1900	EGPRS(GMSK,8PSK)	⊠Multi-slot Class:12-4UP □Multi-slot Class:33-4UP	1850 ~ 1910				
	Does this dev							
	Band II		HSDPA Category 14	1850 ~ 1910				
UMTS	Band IV	QPSK	HSUPA Category 6 DC-HSDPA Category 24	1710 ~ 1755				
	Band V		HSPA+ Category 14	824 ~ 849				
	FDD 2			1850 ~ 1910				
	FDD 4	QPSK, 16QAM	Rel.8 /category 4	1710 ~ 1755				
LTE	FDD 7			2500 ~ 2570				
	Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA). □Yes ⊠No							
	Does this dev							
ВТ	2.4G	V	ersion 4.0	2400 ~2480				
	2.4G	DSSS,OFDM	802.11b/g/n (HT20)	2412 ~2462				
Wi-Fi	2.4G	OFDM	802.11n HT40	2422 ~2452				
	Does this dev	vice support 2.4G MIMO	□Yes ⊠No					



# 4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11 v02r02

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04

941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01



## 5 Operational Conditions during Test

#### 5.1 Test Positions

#### 5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

#### 5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



## 5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was  $\ge 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

#### 5.3 Test Configuration

#### 5.3.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following: Output power of reductions:

Table 5.1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum
assignment	output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0



#### 5.3.2 UMTS Test Configuration

#### **3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure**

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

#### **Output power Verification**

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

#### **Head SAR**

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

#### **Body-Worn Accessory SAR**

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

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#### Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors( $\beta$ c,  $\beta$ d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters ( $\Delta$ ACK,  $\Delta$ NACK,  $\Delta$ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 5.2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	$eta_{ m c}$	ß	$\beta_{d}$	Q /Q	$eta_{hs}$	CM(dB)	MDD(4D)
Sub-set		$\beta_d$	(SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	(note 1, note 2)	(note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	4.0	0.0
2	(note 4)	(note 4)	64	(note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1:  $\triangle_{ACK}$ ,  $\triangle_{NACK}$  and  $\triangle_{CQI}$ = 8  $\leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$   $\leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15^*\beta_c$ 

Note2: CM=1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ .

Note3: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to  $\beta_c$ =11/15 and  $\beta_d$ =15/15.

#### **HSUPA Test Configuration**

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the  $\beta$  values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document



Table 5.3.	Sub-Test 5	Setup for	Release 6	HSUPA
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Sub- set	$\beta_{c}$	$\beta_d$	β <sub>d</sub> (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	$eta_{ec}$	$eta_{ ext{ed}}$	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}$ 47/15 $\beta_{ed2}$ 47/15		2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta NACK$  and  $\Delta_{CQI}$  = 8  $\Leftrightarrow$   $A_{hs}$  =  $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$  = 30/15  $\Leftrightarrow$   $\underline{\beta}_{hs}$ = 30/15  $^*\beta_{c}$ .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta c/\beta d$  =12/15,  $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$  =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta$ c/ $\beta$ d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta$ c = 10/15 and  $\beta$ d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta c/\beta d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta c = 14/15$  and  $\beta d = 15/15$ .
- Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.
- Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 5.4: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E- DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
	2	8	2	4	2798	4 4 = 0.0
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6	4	8	2		11484	5.76
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	20000	2.00
7	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10		20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.

UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)



#### HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration

measurement is required for HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements.35 Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PBA is required for TCB approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

- 1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 2) SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.36 Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.
- 3) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.
- 4) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA: a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.
- i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.
- b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.
- c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the  $\beta$  and  $\Delta$  values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GGPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.
- 5) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.



#### Table 5.5: HS-DSCH UE category

Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories

HS-DSCH category	Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received	Minimum inter-TTI interval	Maximum number of bits of an HS- DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1	Total number of soft channel bits	Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation	Supported modulatio ns with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation	Supported modulatio ns with dual cell operation
Category 1	5	3	7298	19200			
Category 2	5	3	7298	28800	1		
Category 3	5	2	7298	28800	1		
Category 4	5	2	7298	38400	1		
Category 5	5	1	7298	57600	0001/ 400		
Category 6	5	1	7298	67200	QPSK, 16QAM		
Category 7	10	1	14411	115200	1	Not	
Category 8	10	1	14411	134400	1	applicable	
Category 9	15	1	20251	172800	1	(MIMO not supported)	
Category 10	15	1	27952	172800	1	supported)	
Category 11	5	2	3630	14400	·		
Category 12	5	1	3630	28800	QPSK		
Category 13	15	1	35280	259200	QPSK.		Not applicable
Category 14	15	1	42192	259200	16QAM, 64QAM		(dual cell operation
Category 15	15	1	23370	345600	ODOK 4	20414	not
Category 16	15	1	27952	345600	QPSK, 10	DQAM	supported)
Category 17 NOTE 2	15	1	35280	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	-	Supporteur
NOIL2			23370	345600	_	QPSK, 16QAM	
Category 18 NOTE 3	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	-	
NOIES			27952	345600	-	QPSK, 16QAM	
Category 19	15	1	35280	518400	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		1
Category 20	15	1	42192	518400	QPSK, 16QA	M, 64QAM	
Category 21	15	1	23370	345600			QPSK,
Category 22	15	1	27952	345600	1		16QAM
Category 23	15	1	35280	518400	-	-	QPSK,
Category 24	15	1	42192	518400			16QAM, 64QAM

#### 5.3.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

#### A)Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B)MPR



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MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer

target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

#### C)A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

#### D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

#### 1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

#### 2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

#### 3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

#### 4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

#### E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is >  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.



#### 5.3.4 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported* SAR for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that
  exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or
  aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to
  the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
  - ♦ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
  - When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
  - The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.



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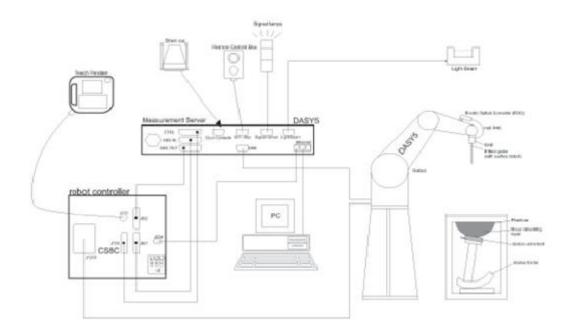
A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.



# 6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

#### 6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- > The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- > Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ➤ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



## 6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

#### **EX3DV4 Probe Specification**

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration

service available

Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe

axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation

normal to probe axis)

Dynamic 10  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: Range  $\pm$  0.2dB (noise: typically < 1  $\mu$ W/g)

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip

diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole

centers: 1 mm

Application High precision dosimetric

measurements in any exposure

Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to

6 GHz with precision of better 30%.





#### **E-field Probe Calibration**

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based



temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

#### SAR=CAT/At

Where:  $\Delta t$  = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

#### SAR=IEI<sup>2</sup>σ/ρ

Where:  $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

#### 6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

#### **Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly. Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest		
measurement point (geometric center of	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
probe sensors) to phantom surface		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to		
phantom surface normal at the	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
measurement location		
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm
	2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimens	sion of the test device, in
Maximum area scan spatial resolution:	the measurement plar	ne orientation, is smaller
ΔxArea, ΔyArea	than the above, the m	neasurement resolution
	must be ≤ the correspo	nding x or y dimension of
	the test device with at	least one measurement
	point on the	e test device.



#### **Zoom Scan**

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: △x <sub>zoom</sub>		≤2GHz: ≤8mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm*	
	$\triangle y_{zoom}$		2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*
Marriagnes				3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm
Maximum	Uı	niform grid: $\triangle z_{zoom}(n)$	≤5mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm
zoom scan				5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
spatial		$\triangle z_{zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two		3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm
resolution,	0	points closest to phantom	≤4mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm
normal to	Graded	surface		5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
phantom surface	grid	$\triangle z_{zoom}(n>1)$ : between	<1 F. ∧ -	- (n 1)
Surface		subsequent points	≥1.5•△∠	z <sub>zoom</sub> (n-1)
Minimum				3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm
zoom scan		X, y, z	≥30mm	4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm
volume				5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### **Volume Scan Procedures**

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

#### **Power Drift Monitoring**

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.



# 7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2015-05-25	2016-05-24
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070E	US44020115	No Calibration	on Requested
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2015-03-08	2016-03-07
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2015-05-25	2016-05-24
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2015-05-25	2016-05-24
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	2015-03-23	2016-03-22
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	2015-03-23	2016-03-22
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration	on Requested
Wideband radio communication tester	R&S	CMW 500	113645	2015-05-25	2016-05-24
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3677	2015-12-10	2016-12-09
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	871	2015-11-17	2016-11-16
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d020	2014-08-28	2017-08-27
Validation Kit 1750MHz	SPEAG	D1750V2	1033	2014-01-26	2017-01-25
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d060	2014-09-01	2017-08-31
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2014-09-01	2017-08-31
Validation Kit 2600MHz	SPEAG	D2600V2	1025	2014-12-08	2017-12-07
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	AA1009129	2015-03-08	2016-03-07
Hygrothermograph	Tianjin jinming	WS-1	64591	2015-05-25	2016-05-24



# 8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

#### 8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within  $18^{\circ}$ C to  $25^{\circ}$ C and within  $\pm$   $2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

#### **Target values**

Frequ (MF	_	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ(s/m)
	835	41.45	1.45	56	0	0.1	1.0	41.5	0.90
	1750	55.24	0.31	0	44.45	0	0	40.1	1.37
head	1900	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	40.0	1.40
	2450	62.7	0.5	0	36.8	0	0	39.2	1.80
	2600	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	39.0	1.96
	835	52.5	1.4	45	0	0.1	1.0	55.2	0.97
	1750	69.91	0.12	0	29.97	0	0	53.4	1.49
body	1900	69.91	0.13	0	29.96	0	0	53.3	1.52
	2450	73.2	0.1	0	26.7	0	0	52.7	1.95
	2600	72.6	0.1	0	27.3	0	0	52.5	2.16



#### **Measurements results**

Frequency(MHz)		Test Date		Measured Dielectric Parameters		Target Dielectric Parameters		Limit (Within ±5%)	
			C	٤r	σ(s/m)	٤r	σ(s/m)	Dev ε <sub>r</sub> (%)	Dev σ(%)
	835	1/4/2016	21.5	41.4	0.88	41.5	0.90	-0.24	-2.22
	1750	1/9/2016	21.5	40.2	1.34	40.1	1.37	0.25	-2.19
head	1900	1/7/2016	21.5	40.1	1.41	40.0	1.40	0.25	0.71
	2450	1/14/2016	21.5	38.6	1.81	39.2	1.80	-1.53	0.56
	2600	1/12/2016	21.5	38.2	2.01	39.0	1.96	-2.05	2.55
	835	1/5/2016	21.5	54.2	0.96	55.2	0.97	-1.81	-1.03
	1750	1/10/2016	21.5	51.9	1.46	53.4	1.49	-2.81	-2.01
body	1900	1/8/2016	21.5	52.6	1.51	53.3	1.52	-1.31	-0.66
	2450	1/14/2016	21.5	52.5	1.98	52.7	1.95	-0.38	1.54
	2600	1/12/2016	21.5	51.5	2.23	52.5	2.16	-1.90	3.24

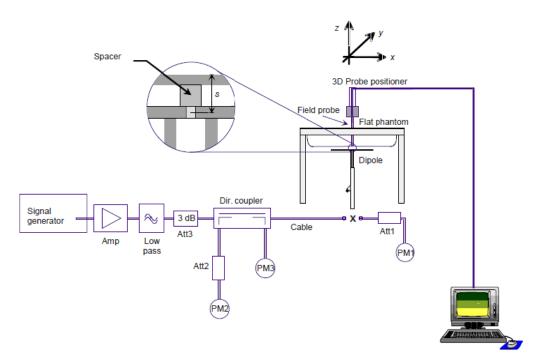
Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be  $\geq$  15.0 cm for SAR measurements  $\leq$  3 GHz and  $\geq$  10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.



## 8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



**Picture 1 System Performance Check setup** 



**Picture 2 Setup Photo** 



#### **Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations**

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipolo D0251/2 CN: 4d020										
Dipole D835V2 SN: 4d020										
	Head Liquid									
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ						
8/28/2014	-30.1	/	48.6	/						
8/27/2015	-31.1	3.3%	49.7	1.1Ω						
	Body Liqu	id								
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ						
8/28/2014	-23.3	/	54.0	/						
8/27/2015	-23.9	2.6%	53.5	0.5Ω						

Dipole D1750V2 SN: 1033								
Head Liquid								
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ				
1/26/2014	-41.9	1	50.5	1				
1/25/2015	-40.6	3.1%	52.4	1.9Ω				
	Body Liqu	id						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ				
1/26/2014	-24.3	1	45.8	1				
1/25/2015	-23.5	3.3%	48.5	2.7Ω				

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Dipole D1900V2 SN: 5d060										
	Head Liquid									
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ						
9/1/2014	-22.8	/	54.1	1						
8/31/2015	-23.7	3.9%	55.4	1.3Ω						
	Body Liqu	id								
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ						
9/1/2014	-21.6	/	57.6	1						
8/31/2015	-20.8	3.7%	57.3	0.3Ω						

Dipole D2450V2 SN: 786										
	Head Liquid									
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ						
9/1/2014	-23.6	/	57.1	/						
8/31/2015	-23.9	1.3%	57.4	0.3Ω						
	Body Liqu	id								
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ						
9/1/2014	-23.7	/	56.0	/						
8/31/2015	-24	1.3%	55.8	0.2Ω						

Dipole D2600V2 SN: 1025									
	Head Liqu	id							
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ					
12/8/2014	-24.2	/	49.7	/					
12/7/2015	-23.9	1.2%	50.4	0.7Ω					
	Body Liqu	id							
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ					
12/8/2014	-23.6	/	46.6	/					
12/7/2015	-24.0	1.7%	47.2	0.6Ω					



## **System Check results**

Frequency (MHz)		Test Date	Temp ℃	250mW Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Limit (±10%)	Plot No.
	835	1/4/2016	21.5	2.48	9.92	9.54	3.98	1
	1750	1/9/2016	21.5	8.93	35.72	37.20	-3.98	2
Head	1900	1/7/2016	21.5	9.48	37.92	39.20	-3.27	3
	2450	1/14/2016	21.5	13.67	54.68	52.50	4.15	4
	2600	1/12/2016	21.5	13.89	55.56	56.90	-2.36	5
	835	1/5/2016	21.5	2.45	9.80	9.54	2.73	6
	1750	1/10/2016	21.5	9.27	37.08	38.80	-4.43	7
body	1900	1/8/2016	21.5	10.02	40.08	40.00	0.20	8
	2450	1/14/2016	21.5	12.54	50.16	52.40	-4.27	9
	2600	1/12/2016	21.5	13.53	54.12	56.40	-4.04	10

Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.



# 9 Nominal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

#### 9.1 GSM Mode

GSM 850		Ві	urst Avera	ge		Fra	Burst		
		P	ower(dBn	า)	Division	Р	Tune-up		
Tx Channel Frequency(MHz)		128	190	251	Factors	128	190	251	Limit
Frequen	icy(MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	(dB)	824.2	836.6	848.8	(dBm)
GSM(	GMSK)	31.08	31.10	31.15	9.03	22.05	22.07	22.12	32.00
	1Txslot	31.08	31.11	31.14	9.03	22.05	22.08	22.11	32.00
GPRS	2Txslots	30.92	30.94	30.97	6.02	24.90	24.92	24.95	31.50
(GMSK)	3Txslots	29.78	29.78	29.80	4.26	25.52	25.52	25.54	30.50
	4Txslots	28.65	28.64	28.65	3.01	25.64	25.63	25.64	29.00
	1Txslot	31.05	31.10	31.12	9.03	22.02	22.07	22.09	32.00
EGPRS	2Txslots	30.88	30.90	30.96	6.02	24.86	24.88	24.94	31.50
(GMSK)	3Txslots	29.75	29.76	29.77	4.26	25.49	25.50	25.51	30.50
	4Txslots	28.62	28.62	28.62	3.01	25.61	25.61	25.61	29.00
	1Txslot	25.67	25.58	25.49	9.03	16.64	16.55	16.46	26.00
EGPRS	2Txslots	24.59	24.63	24.49	6.02	18.57	18.61	18.47	25.00
(8PSK)	3Txslots	22.78	22.15	22.51	4.26	18.52	17.89	18.25	23.00
	4Txslots	22.03	21.30	21.53	3.01	19.02	18.29	18.52	22.50
GSM	1900	Power(dBm)			Division	Р	ower(dBn	า)	Burst
Tx Ch	nannel	512	661	810	Factors	512	661	810	Tune-up
Frequen	ıcy(MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dB)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	Limit (dBm)
GSM(0	GMSK)	28.83	29.22	29.66	9.03	19.80	20.19	20.63	30.50
	1Txslot	28.83	29.23	29.66	9.03	19.80	20.20	20.63	30.50
GPRS	2Txslots	28.09	28.50	29.03	6.02	22.07	22.48	23.01	29.50
(GMSK)	3Txslots	26.28	26.73	27.41	4.26	22.02	22.47	23.15	28.00
	4Txslots	25.20	25.64	26.35	3.01	22.19	22.63	23.34	27.00
	1Txslot	28.80	29.21	29.63	9.03	19.77	20.18	20.60	30.50
EGPRS	2Txslots	28.06	28.48	29.00	6.02	22.04	22.46	22.98	29.50
(GMSK)	3Txslots	26.23	26.69	27.36	4.26	21.97	22.43	23.10	28.00
	4Txslots	25.16	25.61	26.31	3.01	22.15	22.60	23.30	27.00
EGPRS	1Txslot	24.88	24.72	25.24	9.03	15.85	15.69	16.21	26.00
(8PSK)	2Txslots	24.01	23.83	24.15	6.02	17.99	17.81	18.13	25.00



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3Txslots	22.04	22.22	22.62	4.26	17.78	17.96	18.36	23.50
4Txslots	21.08	20.86	21.21	3.01	18.07	17.85	18.20	22.00

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

- Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.
- 2. SAR is not required for EGPRS (8PSK) mode because its output power is less than that of GPRS Mode.



#### 9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

WCDMA			Band I	I(dBm)			Band IV(dBm)				Band V(dBm)			
Tx Ch	annel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-u p Limit	1312	1413	1513	Tune-u p Limit	4132	4183	4233	Tune-u p Limit	
Frequen	cy(MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	(dBm)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	(dBm)	826.4	836.6	846.6	(dBm)	
12.2kbp	s RMC	21.95	21.74	22.40		21.73	21.84	21.47		21.66	21.64	21.84		
64kbps	RMC	21.95	21.74	22.38	00.00	21.72	21.83	21.46	00.00	21.65	21.65	21.83	22.00	
144kbps RMC		21.96	21.73	22.41	23.00	21.74	21.87	21.49	22.00	21.68	21.65	21.85	22.00	
384kbps RMC		21.97	21.73	22.43		21.76	21.87	21.46		21.68	21.65	21.84		
	Sub 1	22.06	21.82	22.40		21.84	21.92	21.47		21.66	21.71	21.90	22.00	
HCDDA	Sub 2	21.92	21.61	22.46	22.00	21.70	21.71	21.53	22.00	21.57	21.69	21.86		
HSDPA	Sub 3	21.95	21.83	22.40	23.00	21.73	21.93	21.47	22.00	21.70	21.58	21.84		
	Sub 4	21.86	21.89	22.41		21.64	21.99	21.48		21.69	21.59	21.79		
	Sub 1	20.83	20.75	21.21		20.61	20.85	20.28		20.55	20.52	20.85	21.00	
	Sub 2	20.01	20.05	20.00		19.51	19.55	19.57		19.52	19.53	19.57		
HSUPA	Sub 3	20.25	20.06	20.38	22.00	20.03	20.16	19.55	21.00	19.79	19.69	20.06		
	Sub 4	20.04	20.03	20.05		19.52	19.54	19.52		19.55	19.54	19.66		
	Sub 5	20.89	20.78	21.37		20.67	20.88	20.44		20.61	20.57	20.88		
	Sub 1	21.77	21.54	22.26		21.55	21.64	21.33		21.43	21.49	21.65		
DC-	Sub 2	21.71	21.50	22.21	22.00	21.49	21.60	21.28	22.00	21.40	21.42	21.59	22.00	
HSDPA	Sub 3	21.55	21.31	22.11	23.00	21.33	21.41	21.18	22.00	21.27	21.35	21.51		
	Sub 4	21.58	21.35	22.14		21.36	21.45	21.21		21.29	21.33	21.52		
HSPA+	16 QAM	20.67	20.44	21.25	22.00	20.45	20.54	20.32	21.00	20.53	20.39	20.70	21.00	

Note: 1.Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps AMR with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

<sup>2.</sup>When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.



#### 9.3 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	MPR (dB)					
,	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

	LTE FDD B	and 2		Cond	Tune-up			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Limit	
Danuwium	Modulation	RD SIZE	KD UIISEL	18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3	(dBm)	
		1	0	21.07	20.95	21.01		
		1	2	20.94	20.97	20.96	22.00	
		1	5	20.90	21.02	21.12		
	QPSK	3	0	20.65	20.69	20.71		
		3	2	20.66	20.71	20.73	21.00	
		3	3	20.66	20.74	20.74		
1.4MHz		6	0	19.98	20.06	20.03	21.00	
1.4141112		1	0	20.12	20.29	20.17	21.00	
		1	2	20.09	20.30	20.13		
	16QAM	1	5	20.07	20.40	20.18		
		3	0	19.93	20.03	20.04	21.00	
		3	2	19.99	20.00	20.03		
		3	3	19.96	20.03	20.08		
		6	0	19.04	19.15	19.18	20.00	
				Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18615/1851.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5	Limit (dBm)	
		1	0	20.97	20.85	20.91		
		1	7	20.85	20.87	20.87	22.00	
		1	14	20.81	20.93	21.03		
	QPSK	8	0	19.91	19.95	19.98		
3MHz		8	4	19.92	19.97	19.99	21.00	
SWILIZ		8	7	19.92	20.00	20.00		
		15	0	19.89	19.96	19.93	21.00	
		1	0	20.02	20.19	20.07		
	16QAM	1	7	20.00	20.20	20.03	21.00	
		1	14	19.97	20.31	20.09		
	any (Chanahai)		14	15.51	20.31	20.08		

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		8	4	19.85	19.85	19.88	21.00	
		8	7	19.81	19.88	19.93		
		15	0	18.94	19.05	19.09	20.00	
				Chanr	Tune-up			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5	Limit (dBm)	
		1	0	21.00	20.89	20.95		
		1	13	20.88	20.91	20.90	22.00	
		1	24	20.84	20.96	21.06		
	QPSK	12	0	19.94	19.99	20.01		
		12	6	19.95	20.01	20.02	21.00	
5MHz		12	13	19.95	20.03	20.04		
		25	0	19.92	19.99	19.96	21.00	
		1	0	20.06	20.23	20.10	21.00	
		1	13	20.03	20.24	20.07		
		1	24	20.00	20.34	20.12		
	16QAM	12	0	19.81	19.91	19.92		
		12	6	19.88	19.89	19.91	21.00	
		12	13	19.84	19.91	19.96		
		25	0	18.98	19.08	19.12	20.00	
				Chanr	Tune-up			
		DD :						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905	Limit (dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	1 RB size	RB offset	18650/1855 21.02	18900/1880 20.90	19150/1905 20.96		
Bandwidth	Modulation							
Bandwidth	Modulation	1	0	21.02	20.90	20.96	(dBm)	
Bandwidth	QPSK	1 1	0 25	21.02 20.89	20.90 20.92	20.96 20.91	(dBm)	
Bandwidth		1 1 1	0 25 49	21.02 20.89 20.85	20.90 20.92 20.97	20.96 20.91 21.07	(dBm)	
Bandwidth		1 1 1 25	0 25 49 0	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02	(dBm) 22.00	
		1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0 13	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04	(dBm) 22.00	
10MHz		1 1 1 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05	(dBm) 22.00 21.00	
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50	0 25 49 0 13 25	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98	(dBm) 22.00 21.00	
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50	0 25 49 0 13 25 0	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97 19.93 20.07	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01 20.24	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98 20.12	(dBm) 22.00 21.00 21.00	
		1 1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97 19.93 20.07 20.04	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01 20.24 20.25	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98 20.12 20.08	(dBm) 22.00 21.00 21.00	
	QPSK	1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97 19.93 20.07 20.04 20.02	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01 20.24 20.25 20.35	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98 20.12 20.08 20.13	(dBm) 22.00 21.00 21.00	
	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97 19.93 20.07 20.04 20.02 19.83	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01 20.24 20.25 20.35 19.93	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98 20.12 20.08 20.13 19.94	(dBm) 22.00 21.00 21.00	
	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97 19.93 20.07 20.04 20.02 19.83 19.89	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01 20.24 20.25 20.35 19.93	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98 20.12 20.08 20.13 19.94 19.93	(dBm) 22.00 21.00 21.00	
	QPSK	1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97 19.93 20.07 20.04 20.02 19.83 19.89 19.86 18.99	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01 20.24 20.25 20.35 19.93 19.90 19.93	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98 20.12 20.08 20.13 19.94 19.93 19.98 19.13	(dBm) 22.00 21.00 21.00 21.00	
	QPSK	1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97 19.93 20.07 20.04 20.02 19.83 19.89 19.86 18.99	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01 20.24 20.25 20.35 19.93 19.90 19.93	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98 20.12 20.08 20.13 19.94 19.93 19.98 19.13	(dBm)  22.00  21.00  21.00  21.00  20.00	
10MHz Bandwidth	QPSK  16QAM  Modulation	1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 25 25	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25 0	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97 19.93 20.07 20.04 20.02 19.83 19.89 19.86 18.99 Chanr	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01 20.24 20.25 20.35 19.93 19.90 19.93 19.10 nel/Frequency	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98 20.12 20.08 20.13 19.94 19.93 19.98 19.13 (MHz)	21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 20.00 Tune-up Limit (dBm)	
10MHz	QPSK 16QAM	1 1 1 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25 25 50 RB size	0 25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49 0 13 25 0	21.02 20.89 20.85 19.96 19.97 19.97 19.93 20.07 20.04 20.02 19.83 19.89 19.86 18.99 Chann	20.90 20.92 20.97 20.00 20.02 20.05 20.01 20.24 20.25 20.35 19.93 19.90 19.93 19.10 nel/Frequency	20.96 20.91 21.07 20.02 20.04 20.05 19.98 20.12 20.08 20.13 19.94 19.93 19.93 19.93 19.93 19.93	21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 21.00 20.00 Tune-up Limit	

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		1	74	20.87	20.99	21.09	
		36	0	19.98	20.02	20.04	
		36	18	19.99	20.04	20.06	21.00
		36	39	19.99	20.07	20.07	
		75	0	19.95	20.03	20.00	21.00
		1	0	20.09	20.26	20.14	
		1	38	20.06	20.27	20.10	21.00
		1	74	20.04	20.37	20.16	
	16QAM	36	0	19.85	19.95	19.96	
		36	18	19.91	19.92	19.95	21.00
		36	39	19.88	19.95	20.00	
		75	0	19.01	19.12	19.16	20.00
				Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900	Limit (dBm)
		1	0	21.05	20.93	21.00	22.00
		1	50	20.93	20.95	20.95	
		1	99	20.89	21.01	21.11	
	QPSK	50	0	19.99	20.03	20.06	
		50	25	20.00	20.05	20.07	21.00
		50	50	20.00	20.08	20.09	
20MHz		100	0	19.97	20.04	20.01	21.00
ZUIVITZ		1	0	20.10	20.27	20.15	
			· ·				21.00
		1	50	20.08	20.29	20.12	21.00
		1	50 99	20.08 20.05	20.29 20.39	20.12 20.17	21.00
	16QAM						21.00
	16QAM	1	99	20.05	20.39	20.17	21.00
	16QAM	1 50	99 0	20.05 19.86	20.39 19.96	20.17 19.97	

	LTE FDD B	and 4		Con	dBm)	Tune-up	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Char	MHz)	Limit	
<b>Danuwidin</b> Modulation		IND SIZE	IVD Ollset	19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3	(dBm)
		1	0	21.49	21.35	21.32	
	1	2	21.39	21.38	21.33	22.00	
	QPSK	1	5	21.38	21.43	20.99	
		3	0	21.41	20.36	20.35	22.00
1.4MHz		3	2	20.56	20.38	20.28	
		3	3	21.37	20.41	20.19	
		6	0	20.45	20.33	20.23	21.00
	160 4 14	1	0	20.57	20.56	20.36	04.00
	16QAM	1	2	20.51	20.57	20.39	21.00

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	1	5	20.50	20.63	20.03					
	3	0	20.31	20.24	20.18					
	3	2	20.21	20.26	20.17	21.00				
	3	3	20.30	20.29	20.13					
	6	0	20.32	19.37	19.29	21.00				
			Chan	inel/Frequency (	MHz)	Tune-up				
Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5	Limit				
	1	0	21.40	21.26	24.22	(dBm)				
						22.00				
						22.00				
ODOK										
QPSK						00.00				
						22.00				
						04.00				
						21.00				
						04.00				
						21.00				
16QAM										
						21.00				
	15	0				21.00				
			Chan	Tune-up						
Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5	Limit (dBm)				
	1	0	21.41	21.27	21.24					
	1	13	21.31	21.30	21.25	22.00				
	1	24	21.30	21.35	20.91					
QPSK	12	0	21.32	20.28	20.27					
	12	6	20.35	20.30	20.20	22.00				
						22.00				
	12	13	21.29	20.33	20.11					
	12 25	13 0	21.29 20.37	20.33 20.25	20.11 20.15	21.00				
						21.00				
	25	0	20.37	20.25	20.15	21.00				
	25 1	0	20.37 20.49	20.25 20.48	20.15 20.28					
16QAM	25 1 1	0 0 13	20.37 20.49 20.43	20.25 20.48 20.49	20.15 20.28 20.31					
16QAM	25 1 1 1	0 0 13 24	20.37 20.49 20.43 20.42	20.25 20.48 20.49 20.55	20.15 20.28 20.31 19.95					
16QAM	25 1 1 1 1	0 0 13 24 0	20.37 20.49 20.43 20.42 20.23	20.25 20.48 20.49 20.55 20.16	20.15 20.28 20.31 19.95 20.10	21.00				
16QAM	25 1 1 1 1 12 12 12	0 0 13 24 0 6 13	20.37 20.49 20.43 20.42 20.23 20.13 20.22	20.25 20.48 20.49 20.55 20.16 20.18 20.21	20.15 20.28 20.31 19.95 20.10 20.09 20.05	21.00				
16QAM	25 1 1 1 1 12 12	0 0 13 24 0 6	20.37 20.49 20.43 20.42 20.23 20.13 20.22 20.24	20.25 20.48 20.49 20.55 20.16 20.18 20.21 19.29	20.15 20.28 20.31 19.95 20.10 20.09 20.05 19.21	21.00 21.00 21.00				
16QAM  Modulation	25 1 1 1 1 12 12 12	0 0 13 24 0 6 13	20.37 20.49 20.43 20.42 20.23 20.13 20.22 20.24 Chan	20.25 20.48 20.49 20.55 20.16 20.18 20.21 19.29	20.15 20.28 20.31 19.95 20.10 20.09 20.05 19.21 MHz)	21.00				
	25 1 1 1 12 12 12 12 25	0 0 13 24 0 6 13	20.37 20.49 20.43 20.42 20.23 20.13 20.22 20.24	20.25 20.48 20.49 20.55 20.16 20.18 20.21 19.29	20.15 20.28 20.31 19.95 20.10 20.09 20.05 19.21	21.00 21.00 21.00 Tune-up				
	Modulation  QPSK  16QAM  Modulation	1   3   3   3   6   6	1   5   3   0   3   2   3   3   3   6   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	1   5   20.50     3   0   20.31     3   2   20.21     3   3   20.30     6   0   20.32	1   5   20.50   20.63   3   0   20.31   20.24   3   2   20.21   20.26   3   3   20.30   20.29   6   0   20.32   19.37   Channel/Frequency (	1   5   20.50   20.63   20.03     3   0   20.31   20.24   20.18     3   2   20.21   20.26   20.17     3   3   20.30   20.29   20.13     6   0   20.32   19.37   19.29				

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		1	25	21.34	21.33	21.28		
		1	49	21.33	21.38	20.94		
		25	0	21.36	20.31	20.30		
		25	13	20.38	20.33	20.23	22.00	
		25	25	21.32	20.36	20.14		
		50	0	20.40	20.28	20.18	21.00	
		1	0	20.52	20.51	20.31		
		1	25	20.46	20.52	20.34	21.00	
		1	49	20.45	20.58	19.98		
	16QAM	25	0	20.26	20.19	20.13		
		25	13	20.16	20.21	20.12	21.00	
		25	25	20.25	20.24	20.08		
		50	0	20.27	19.32	19.24	21.00	
				Chan	nel/Frequency (	MHz)	Tune-up	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20325/1747.5	Limit (dBm)	
		1	0	21.45	21.32	21.29		
		1	38	21.36	21.35	21.29	22.00	
		1	74	21.34	21.39	20.95		
	QPSK	36	0	21.37	20.33	20.32		
		36	18	20.40	20.34	20.25	22.00	
		36	39	21.33	20.37	20.16		
450011-		75	0	20.42	20.29	20.19	21.00	
15MHz		1	0	20.54	20.52	20.32		
		1	38	20.47	20.54	20.36	21.00	
		1	74	20.47	20.59	20.00		
	16QAM	36	0	20.28	20.20	20.14		
		36	18	20.18	20.22	20.13	21.00	
		36	39	20.27	20.26	20.10		
		75	0	20.29	19.34	19.26	21.00	
				Chan	nel/Frequency (	MHz)	Tune-up	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745	Limit	
				20030/1720	20173/1732.3	20300/1745	(dBm)	
		1	0	21.48	21.34	21.31		
		1	50	21.38	21.37	21.32	22.00	
		1	99	21.37	21.41	20.97		
	QPSK	50	0	21.39	20.35	20.34		
201411-		50	25	20.42	20.36	20.27	22.00	
20MHz		50	50	21.35	20.39	20.18		
		100	0	20.44	20.31	20.21	21.00	
		1	0	20.56	20.55	20.34		
	16QAM	1	50	20.49	20.56	20.38	21.00	
		1	99	20.49	20.61	20.02		



50	0	20.30	20.22	20.16		
50	25	20.20	20.24	20.15	21.00	
50	50	20.29	20.28	20.12		
100	0	20.31	19.36	19.28	21.00	

LTE	FDD Band 7	,		Cond	ucted Power(	dBm)	Tune-up	
				Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Limit	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5	(dBm)	
		1	0	22.67	22.55	22.65		
		1	13	22.75	22.60	22.58	23.00	
		1	24	22.78	22.57	22.66		
	QPSK	12	0	21.61	21.41	21.36		
		12	6	21.57	21.64	21.50	22.00	
		12	13	21.65	21.50	21.40		
5MHz		25	0	21.65	21.46	21.37	22.00	
SIVITZ		1	0	21.55	21.75	21.47		
		1	13	21.64	21.82	21.55	22.00	
		1	24	21.67	21.79	21.61		
	16QAM	12	0	21.49	21.57	21.44	22.00	
		12	6	21.47	21.52	21.39		
		12	13	21.53	21.56	21.34		
		25	0	21.56	21.58	21.40	22.00	
				Chanr	Tune-up			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565	Limit	
							(dBm)	
		1	0	22.71	22.58	22.69		
		1	25	22.78	22.63	22.62	23.00	
		1	49	22.81	22.60	22.69		
	QPSK	25	0	21.64	21.44	21.39		
		25	13	21.60	21.68	21.53	22.00	
		25	25	21.68	21.53	21.43		
10MHz		50	0	21.68	21.50	21.40	22.00	
		1	0	21.58	21.78	21.50		
		1	25	21.68	21.85	21.59	22.00	
		1	49	21.71	21.82	21.65		
	16QAM	25	0	21.52	21.60	21.47		
		25	13	21.50	21.55	21.43	22.00	
		25	25	21.56	21.60	21.38		
		50	0	21.59	21.61	21.43	22.00	
				Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5	Limit (dBm)	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.73	22.61	22.71	23.00	



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		1	38	22.80	22.65	22.64		
		1	74	22.83	22.62	22.71		
		36	0	21.67	21.46	21.41		
		36	18	21.63	21.70	21.55	22.00	
		36	39	21.71	21.56	21.45		
		75	0	21.70	21.52	21.42	22.00	
		1	0	21.60	21.80	21.52		
		1	38	21.70	21.88	21.61	22.00	
		1	74	21.73	21.85	21.67		
	16QAM	36	0	21.55	21.62	21.49		
		36	18	21.53	21.58	21.45	22.00	
		36	39	21.58	21.62	21.40		
		75	0	21.61	21.63	21.45	22.00	
				Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560	Limit	
				20000/2010	21100/2000	21000/2000	(dBm)	
		1	0	22.74	22.62	22.72	23.00	
		1	50	22.81	22.67	22.65		
		1	99	22.85	22.63	22.72		
	QPSK	50	0	21.68	21.47	21.43		
		50	25	21.64	21.71	21.56	22.00	
		50	50	21.72	21.57	21.47		
20MHz		100	0	21.71	21.53	21.44	22.00	
ZUWIFIZ		1	0	21.61	21.82	21.53		
		1	50	21.71	21.89	21.62	22.00	
		1	99	21.74	21.86	21.68		
16C	16QAM	50	0	21.56	21.63	21.50	22.00	
	100,111							
	100,1111	50	25	21.54	21.59	21.46	22.00	
	100,111		_	21.54 21.59	21.59 21.63	21.46 21.41	22.00	



### 9.4 WLAN Mode

Dond	Mode	Deta Deta	Char	nel/Frequency(	MHz)	Tune-up						
Band	Mode	Data Rate	1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	Limit (dBm)						
		1M	18.07	18.51	18.02							
	00 0 11h	2M	18.62	18.02	18.24	10						
	80.2 11b	5.5M	18.22	17.88	18.17	19						
		11M	18.30	18.04	18.27							
		6M	16.30	16.09	16.15							
		9M	13.94	13.92	14.23							
		12M	16.40	16.31	16.26							
	00 0 44=	18M	16.78	16.45	16.57	47						
	80.2 11g	24M	13.91	14.21	14.28	17						
		36M	13.92	13.87	13.96							
		48M	16.04	15.59	15.63							
		54M	15.82	15.82	15.94							
		6.5M	15.87	16.02	16.03							
		13M	16.03	15.77	16.02							
2.40	80.2 11n	19.5M	16.06	15.88	16.12							
2.4G		80.2 11n	80.2 11n	80.2 11n	80.2 11n	80.2 11n	80.2 11n	80.2 11n	26M	16.01	15.93	15.87
	(HT20)	39M	16.23	16.14	15.76	17						
		52M	15.38	15.12	15.24							
		58.5M	15.40	15.18	15.45							
		65M	15.35	15.22	15.34							
	Mode	Data Rate	Char	nel/Frequency(	MHz)	Tune-up						
	Mode	Dala Rale	3/2422	6/2437	9/2452	Limit (dBm)						
		7.2M	15.57	15.91	15.31							
		14.4M	15.61	15.81	15.75							
		21.6M	15.50	15.74	15.41							
	80.2 11n	28.8M	15.43	15.73	15.48	16						
	(HT40)	43.3M	15.48	15.71	15.44	16						
		57.7M	14.50	14.80	14.52							
		65M	15.45	14.36	14.62							
		72.2M	14.37	14.28	14.28							

Note. 1. SAR is not required when the maximum output power in 802.11g/n HT20/HT 40 channels less than 802. 11b.

<sup>2.</sup> The Tx power is set to 19 for 802.11 b mode, set to 17 for 802.11 g/ n HT20/HT40 mode by software.



#### 9.5 Bluetooth Mode

ВТ	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
GFSK(dBm)	8.40	8.10	7.60	
π/4DQPSK(dBm)	7.00	6.70	6.40	9
8DPSK(dBm)	6.90	6.70	6.30	
BLE	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 19 2440 MHz	Ch 39 2480 MHz	1
GFSK	-0.284	-0.385	-0.206	0.5

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

- > f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- > Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

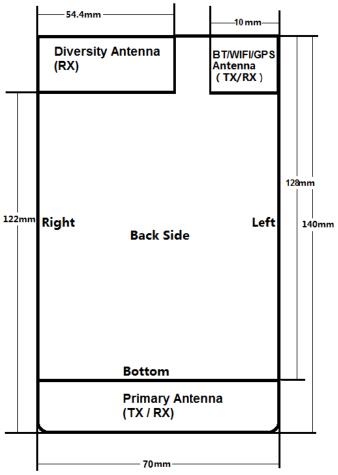
Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Bluetooth	Distance(mm)	MAX Power (dBm)	Ratio	Evaluation	
Head	5	9	2.486	No	
Body	10	9	1.243	No	



## 10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

#### 10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall (Length x Width): 140 mm x 70 mm										
	Over	all (Length x	Width): 140 m	m x 70 mm						
Overall Diagonal: 153 mm/Display Diagonal: 128 mm										
Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge										
Antenna	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge				
Primary Antenna	ary Antenna 0		0	0	128mm	0				
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	0	0	0	60mm	0	122mm				
	Но	otspot mode, I	Positions for S	AR tests						
Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge				
GSM 850/1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes				
UMTS Band II/IV/V	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes				
LTE FDD 2/4/7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes				
2.4GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A				

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.



#### 10.2 Measured SAR Results

**Table 1: GSM 850** 

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	32.00	31.10	-0.023	0.331	1.23	0.407	/
Left Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	32.00	31.10	0.030	0.163	1.23	0.201	/
Right Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	32.00	31.10	-0.024	0.273	1.23	0.336	/
Right Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	32.00	31.10	-0.130	0.199	1.23	0.245	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	32.00	31.10	-0.022	0.343	1.23	0.422	11
			Body-	worn &	Hotspot (	Distance 10mm	)				
Back Side	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.64	-0.092	0.731	1.09	0.794	/
Front Side	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.64	0.035	0.632	1.09	0.687	/
Back Side	SIM 2	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.64	-0.181	0.775	1.09	0.842	12
				Hotspo	t (Distanc	e 10mm)					
Left Edge	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.64	-0.055	0.571	1.09	0.620	/
Right Edge	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.64	0.021	0.292	1.09	0.317	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	29.00	28.64	-0.036	0.241	1.09	0.262	1

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

Tabl	」〜 つ・	CCM	1900
ıavı	IT Z.	GOIN	1300

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.			
	Head SAR													
Left Cheek	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.22	0.063	0.202	1.34	0.271	1			
Left Tilt	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.22	0.190	0.071	1.34	0.095	/			
Right Cheek	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.22	0.169	0.141	1.34	0.189	1			
Right Tilt	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.22	0.026	0.092	1.34	0.123	1			
Left Cheek	SIM 2	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.50	29.22	0.103	0.221	1.34	0.297	13			
			Во	dy-worr	1 & Hotspe	ot (Distance 10	mm)							
Back Side	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	25.64	0.064	0.532	1.37	0.728	14			
Front Side	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	25.64	0.009	0.378	1.37	0.517	/			
				Hot	spot (Dist	ance 10mm)								
Left Edge	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	25.64	0.067	0.185	1.37	0.253	/			
Right Edge	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	25.64	-0.016	0.257	1.37	0.352	1			
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	standard	810/1909.8	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	26.35	0.030	0.601	1.16	0.698	1			
Bottom Edge	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	25.64	0.034	0.628	1.37	0.859	15			
	standard	512/1850.2	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	25.20	0.032	0.525	1.51	0.795	1			
Bottom Edge	SIM 2	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	27.00	25.64	0.023	0.592	1.37	0.810	1			

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

#### Table 3: UMTS Band II

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.				
	Head SAR														
Left Cheek	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	0.042	0.273	1.34	0.365	1				
Left Tilt	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	0.170	0.100	1.34	0.134	/				
Right Cheek	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	0.022	0.188	1.34	0.251	/				
Right Tilt	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	0.029	0.130	1.34	0.174	/				
Left Cheek	SIM 2	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	0.081	0.300	1.34	0.401	16				
			Body-wo	orn & H	otspot (D	stance 10mr	n)				,				
Back Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	-0.069	0.562	1.34	0.751	17				
Front Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	0.013	0.354	1.34	0.473	1				
	ı		н	otspot	(Distance	10mm)					•				
Left Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	-0.008	0.202	1.34	0.270	1				
Right Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	0.080	0.168	1.34	0.225	1				
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
	standard	9538/1907.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.40	-0.012	0.964	1.15	1.107	18				
Bottom Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.74	-0.064	0.791	1.34	1.057	1				
	standard	92621852.4	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	21.95	-0.043	0.775	1.27	0.987	1				
Bottom Edge	SIM 2	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.40	-0.017	0.688	1.15	0.790	1				
Bottom Edge	Repeat	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.00	22.40	-0.013	0.933	1.15	1.071	/				

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

	Measurement Variability											
Test Position Channel/ Frequency(MHz) MAX Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) 1 <sup>st</sup> Repeated SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) Ratio												
Bottom Edge	9538/1907.6	0.964	0.933	1.03								

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was  $\geq$  1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg



Table 4: UMTS Band IV

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.				
	Head SAR														
Left Cheek	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	-0.158	0.423	1.04	0.439	19				
Left Tilt	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	-0.003	0.182	1.04	0.189	/				
Right Cheek	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	-0.025	0.198	1.04	0.205	/				
Right Tilt	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	0.093	0.177	1.04	0.184	/				
Left Cheek	SIM 2	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	0.032	0.385	1.04	0.399	/				
			Body-wo	orn & H	otspot (D	istance 10mr	n)								
Back Side	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	0.037	0.694	1.04	0.720	20				
Front Side	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	0.127	0.434	1.04	0.450	1				
Back Side	SIM 2	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	0.110	0.644	1.04	0.668	1				
			Н	otspot	(Distance	10mm)									
Left Edge	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	-0.010	0.187	1.04	0.194	1				
Right Edge	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	-0.049	0.123	1.04	0.128	/				
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Bottom Edge	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.84	0.016	0.466	1.04	0.483	/				

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.



Table 5: UMTS Band V

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.			
Head SAR														
Left Cheek	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	-0.008	0.246	1.09	0.267	/			
Left Tilt	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	-0.008	0.098	1.09	0.106	/			
Right Cheek	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	-0.075	0.222	1.09	0.241	/			
Right Tilt	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	0.024	0.113	1.09	0.123	/			
Left Cheek	SIM 2	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	-0.029	0.297	1.09	0.323	21			
			Body	-worn &	Hotspot (I	Distance 10m	nm)							
Back Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	0.035	0.313	1.09	0.340	22			
Front Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	-0.009	0.175	1.09	0.190	1			
Back Side	SIM 2	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	0.034	0.296	1.09	0.322	/			
				Hotspo	t (Distanc	e 10mm)								
Left Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	0.028	0.199	1.09	0.216	1			
Right Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	-0.011	0.095	1.09	0.103	1			
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Bottom Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.64	0.009	0.131	1.09	0.142	/			

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.



Table 6: LTE Band 2 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
				He	ad SAR (Q	PSK)					
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.037	0.392	1.23	0.481	1
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.180	0.124	1.23	0.152	1
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.130	0.250	1.23	0.307	1
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.050	0.179	1.23	0.220	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	19100/1900	21.00	20.09	-0.080	0.322	1.23	0.397	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	19100/1900	21.00	20.09	0.050	0.106	1.23	0.131	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	19100/1900	21.00	20.09	-0.130	0.218	1.23	0.269	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	19100/1900	21.00	20.09	0.037	0.142	1.23	0.175	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.088	0.393	1.23	0.482	23
				Body-worn 8	Hotspot (E	istance 10m	m)				
Back Side	standard	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.124	0.488	1.23	0.599	24
Front Side	standard	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.006	0.362	1.23	0.444	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	50	19100/1900	21.00	20.09	0.037	0.442	1.23	0.545	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	50	19100/1900	21.00	20.09	0.077	0.278	1.23	0.343	/
Back Side	SIM 2	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.033	0.470	1.23	0.577	1
				Hotspot (	QPSK, Dist	ance 10mm)					
Left Edge	standard	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	-0.072	0.138	1.23	0.169	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.037	0.191	1.23	0.234	1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	99	19100/1900	22.00	21.11	0.007	0.442	1.23	0.543	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	50	19100/1900	21.00	20.09	0.182	0.125	1.23	0.154	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	50	19100/1900	21.00	20.09	0.008	0.140	1.23	0.173	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	50	19100/1900	21.00	20.09	0.122	0.362	1.23	0.446	/

<sup>2.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

<sup>3.</sup>For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are  $\ge 0.8$  W/kg.

Table 7: LTE Band 4 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
				Hea	ad SAR (QP	SK)					
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	-0.078	0.339	1.13	0.382	25
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	0.065	0.159	1.13	0.179	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	-0.031	0.185	1.13	0.209	/
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	0.035	0.165	1.13	0.186	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.39	0.080	0.272	1.15	0.313	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.39	0.089	0.125	1.15	0.144	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.39	-0.085	0.148	1.15	0.170	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.39	0.008	0.132	1.15	0.152	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	-0.032	0.314	1.13	0.354	/
				Body-worn &	Hotspot (Di	stance 10mr	n)				
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	0.023	0.546	1.13	0.615	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	0.071	0.326	1.13	0.367	1
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.39	-0.001	0.455	1.15	0.524	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.39	0.146	0.264	1.15	0.304	/
Back Side	SIM 2	1RB	50	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	-0.071	0.547	1.13	0.617	26
				Hotspot (C	PSK, Dista	nce 10mm)					
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	0.090	0.200	1.13	0.225	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	0.061	0.096	1.13	0.108	1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.48	0.071	0.361	1.13	0.407	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.39	0.064	0.183	1.15	0.211	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.39	0.121	0.078	1.15	0.090	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	22.00	21.39	0.037	0.302	1.15	0.348	/

<sup>2.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is  $\leq$  0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

<sup>3.</sup>For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are 0.8 W/kg.



Table 8: LTE Band 7 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.
				He	ad SAR (Q	PSK)					
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	-0.078	0.227	1.04	0.235	/
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	0.028	0.274	1.04	0.284	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	0.030	0.560	1.04	0.580	27
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	0.028	0.293	1.04	0.303	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	20850/2510	22.00	21.72	-0.064	0.180	1.07	0.192	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	20850/2510	22.00	21.72	0.022	0.218	1.07	0.233	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	20850/2510	22.00	21.72	-0.131	0.402	1.07	0.429	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	20850/2510	22.00	21.72	0.037	0.226	1.07	0.241	/
Right Cheek	SIM 2	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	-0.080	0.400	1.04	0.414	/
				Body-worn 8	Hotspot (E	Distance 10m	m)				
Back Side	standard	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	0.037	0.677	1.04	0.701	28
Front Side	standard	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	0.026	0.557	1.04	0.577	1
Back Side	standard	50%RB	50	20850/2510	22.00	21.72	0.027	0.528	1.07	0.563	1
Front Side	standard	50%RB	50	20850/2510	22.00	21.72	0.023	0.422	1.07	0.450	/
				Hotspot (	QPSK, Dist	ance 10mm)					
Left Edge	standard	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	0.022	0.151	1.04	0.156	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	0.040	0.348	1.04	0.360	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	0.110	0.678	1.04	0.702	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	50	20850/2510	22.00	21.72	-0.131	0.117	1.07	0.125	1
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	50	20850/2510	22.00	21.72	0.060	0.260	1.07	0.277	1
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	50	20850/2510	22.00	21.72	0.025	0.521	1.07	0.556	/
Bottom Edge	SIM 2	1RB	99	20850/2510	23.00	22.85	0.130	0.753	1.04	0.779	29

<sup>2.</sup> Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

<sup>3.</sup>For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in  $\geq$  0.8 W/kg.



Table 9: Wi-Fi (802.11b, 20MHz with 1Mbps)

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Max.SAR (W/Kg)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Plot No.	
	Head SAR												
Left Cheek	standard	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	0.123	19.00	18.51	-0.020	0.105	1.12	0.118	/	
Left Tilt	standard	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	0.086	19.00	18.51	0.044	0.066	1.12	0.074	1	
Right Cheek	standard	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	0.287	19.00	18.51	0.100	0.315	1.12	0.353	30	
Right Tilt	standard	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	0.172	19.00	18.51	0.038	0.175	1.12	0.196	1	
	1		E	3ody-w	orn & Hots	pot (Dista	nce 10mm)						
Back Side	standard	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	0.089	19.00	18.51	0.068	0.092	1.12	0.103	31	
Front Side	standard	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	0.079	19.00	18.51	0.020	0.082	1.12	0.092	/	
	I		I	ŀ	Hotspot (Di	stance 10	mm)			I			
Left Edge	standard	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	0.060	19.00	18.51	0.052	0.056	1.12	0.063	/	
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Top Edge	standard	6/2437	DSSS	1:1	0.030	19.00	18.51	0.063	0.022	1.12	0.025	/	
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

**Table 10: Estimated BT SAR** 

Band	Configuration	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	Head	2480	9	5	0.331
Bluetooth	Body	2480	9	10	0.166

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below.

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

<sup>2.</sup>When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

<sup>3.</sup> Wi-Fi Testing with 100% transmission duty factor



### 10.3 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission  Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Extremity
GSM(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	NA	NA	NA
GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	NA	NA	NA
WCDMA(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	NA	NA	NA
WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	NA	NA	NA
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	NA	Yes	Yes	NA
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	NA	Yes	Yes	NA
WCDMA(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	NA	Yes	Yes	NA
WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	NA	Yes	Yes	NA
LTE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA
LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA
Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data) + Bluetooth(data)	NA	NA	NA	NA

#### **General Note:**

- 1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



### About BT and GSM/UMTS/LTE Antenna

SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) Test Position	GSM	GSM 1900	UMTS Band II		UMTS Band V	LTE 2	LTE 4	LTE 7	ВТ	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1g</sub>	SPLSR
Left, Touch	0.422	0.297	0.401	0.439	0.323	0.482	0.382	0.235	0.331	0.813	NA
Left, Tilt	0.201	0.095	0.134	0.189	0.106	0.152	0.179	0.284	0.331	0.615	NA
Right, Touch	0.336	0.189	0.251	0.205	0.241	0.307	0.209	0.580	0.331	0.911	NA
Right, Tilt	0.245	0.123	0.174	0.184	0.123	0.220	0.186	0.303	0.331	0.634	NA
Back Side	0.842	0.728	0.751	0.720	0.340	0.599	0.617	0.701	0.166	1.008	NA
Front Side	0.687	0.517	0.473	0.450	0.190	0.444	0.367	0.577	0.166	0.853	NA
Left Edge	0.620	0.253	0.270	0.194	0.216	0.169	0.225	0.156	0.166	0.786	NA
Right Edge	0.317	0.352	0.225	0.128	0.103	0.234	0.108	0.360	0.166	0.526	NA
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.166	0.166	NA
Bottom Edge	0.262	0.859	1.107	0.483	0.142	0.543	0.407	0.779	0.166	1.273	NA
Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR <sub>1α</sub> Value.											

.The value with blue color is the maximum  $\Sigma SAR_{1g}$  Value.

MAX.  $\Sigma SAR_{1g} = 1.273 \text{ W/kg} < 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$ , so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and GSM/UMTS/LTE Antenna.

<sup>2.</sup> MAX.  $\Sigma SAR_{1g}$  =Unlicensed  $SAR_{MAX}$  +Licensed  $SAR_{MAX}$ 



### About Wi-Fi and GSM/UMTS/LTE Antenna

SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)  Test Position	GSM 850	GSM 1900	UMTS Band II	UMTS Band IV	UMTS Band V	LTE 2	LTE 4	LTE 7	Wi-Fi	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1g</sub>	SPLSR
Left, Touch	0.422	0.297	0.401	0.439	0.323	0.482	0.382	0.235	0.118	0.600	NA
Left, Tilt	0.201	0.095	0.134	0.189	0.106	0.152	0.179	0.284	0.074	0.358	NA
Right, Touch	0.336	0.189	0.251	0.205	0.241	0.307	0.209	0.580	0.353	0.933	NA
Right, Tilt	0.245	0.123	0.174	0.184	0.123	0.220	0.186	0.303	0.196	0.499	NA
Back Side	0.842	0.728	0.751	0.720	0.340	0.599	0.617	0.701	0.103	0.945	NA
Front Side	0.687	0.517	0.473	0.450	0.190	0.444	0.367	0.577	0.092	0.779	NA
Left Edge	0.620	0.253	0.270	0.194	0.216	0.169	0.225	0.156	0.063	0.683	NA
Right Edge	0.317	0.352	0.225	0.128	0.103	0.234	0.108	0.360	N/A	0.360	NA
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.025	0.025	NA
Bottom Edge	0.262	0.859	1.107	0.483	0.142	0.543	0.407	0.779	N/A	1.107	NA

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum  $\Sigma SAR_{1g}$  Value.

2. MAX.  $\Sigma$ SAR<sub>1g</sub> =Unlicensed SAR<sub>MAX</sub> +Licensed SAR<sub>MAX</sub>

MAX.  $\Sigma$ SAR<sub>1g</sub> = 1.107 W/kg <1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for Wi-Fi and GSM/UMTS/LTE Antenna.





## **5. Measurement Uncertainty**

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.



## **ANNEX A: Test Layout**

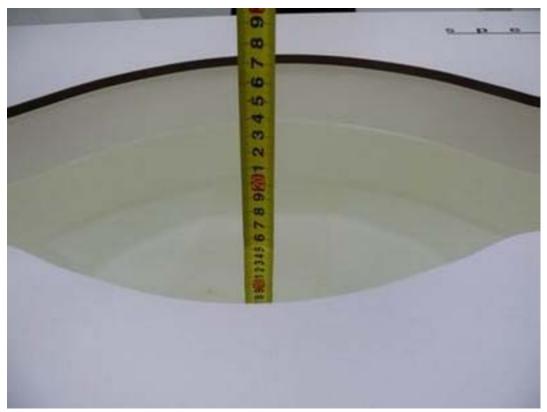




Picture 3: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 5: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



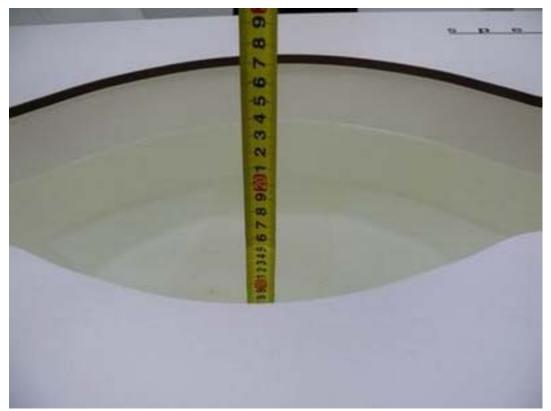
Picture 6: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 7: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



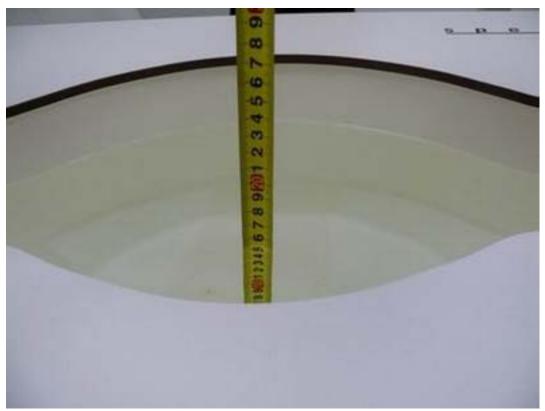
Picture 8: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 9: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 10: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 11: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2600 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 12: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2600 MHz, 15.4cm depth)



## **ANNEX B: System Check Results**

### Plot 1 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 1/4/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.88 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41.4;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.35, 9.35, 9.35); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

 $\textbf{d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:} \ Measurement \ grid: \ dx=5mm, \ dy=5mm,$ 

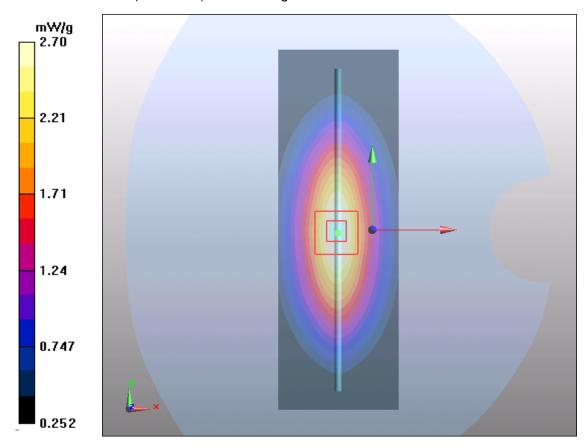
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.70 mW/g



## Plot 2 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 1/5/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.96 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 54.2;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

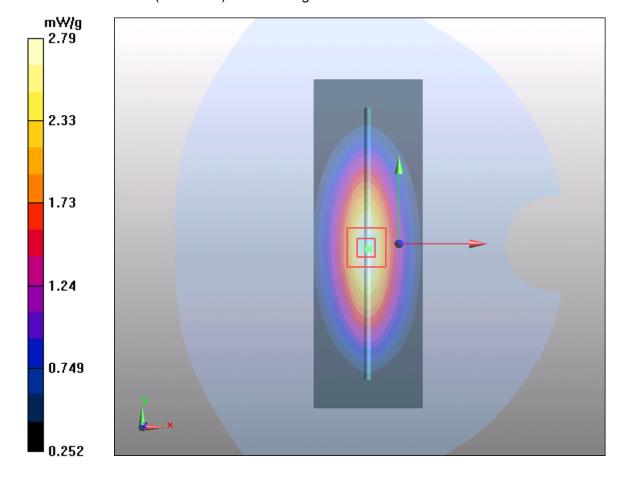
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 mW/g



# Plot 3 System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date: 1/9/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.34 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

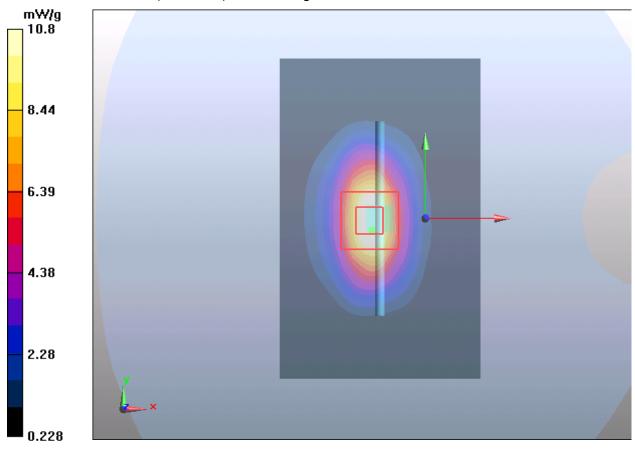
**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.78 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.52 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g



## Plot 4 System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date: 1/10/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.7 ℃

**DASY5** Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

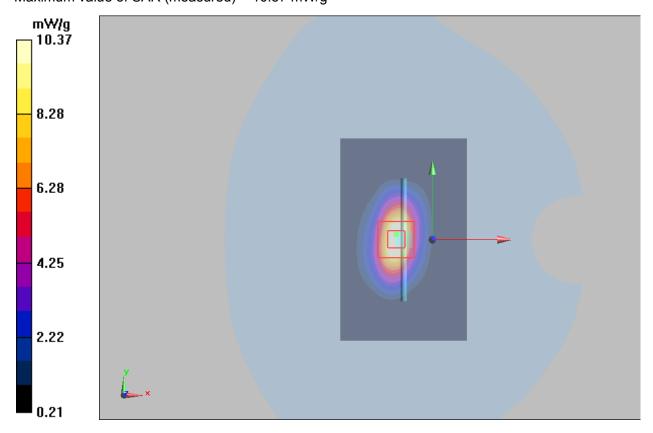
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.93 mW/g**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.37 mW/g



# Plot 5 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 1/7/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

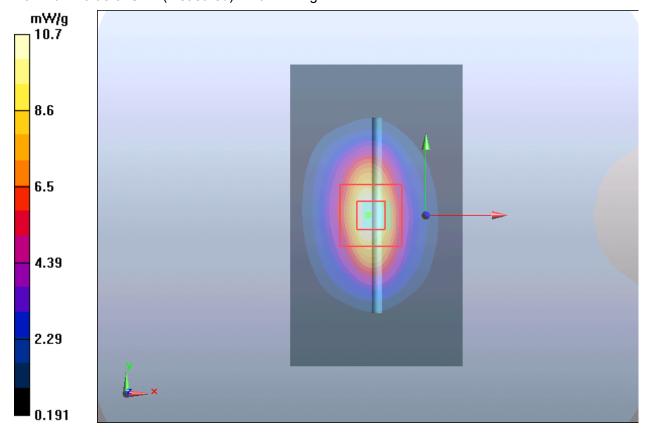
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.89 mW/g**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



## Plot 6 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 1/8/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

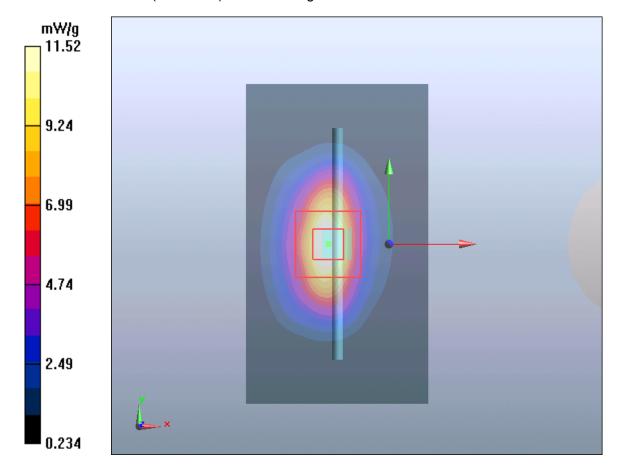
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.52 mW/g



# Plot 7 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 1/14/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

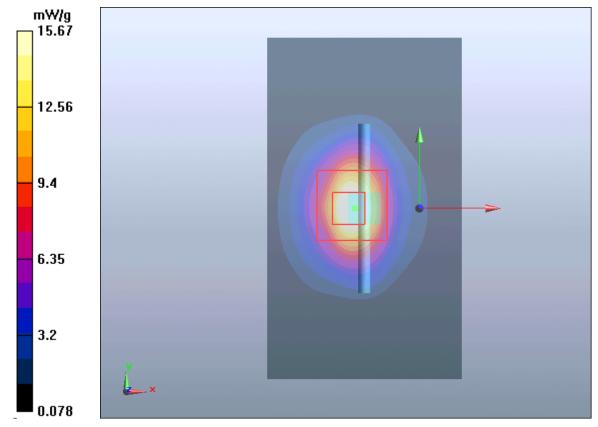
**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.67 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.67 mW/g



## Plot 8 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 1/14/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

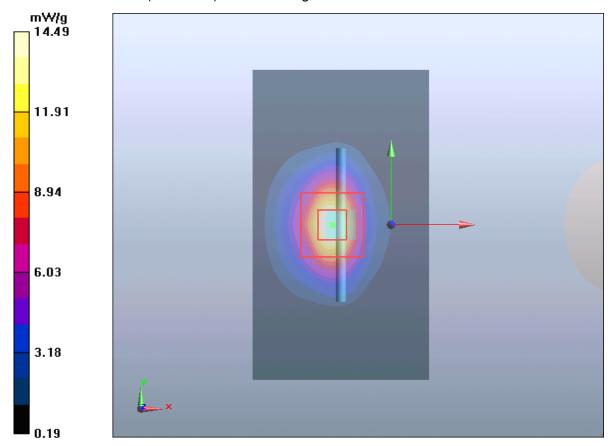
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.54 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.20 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.49 mW/g





# Plot 9 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Date: 1/12/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.18, 7.18, 7.18); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

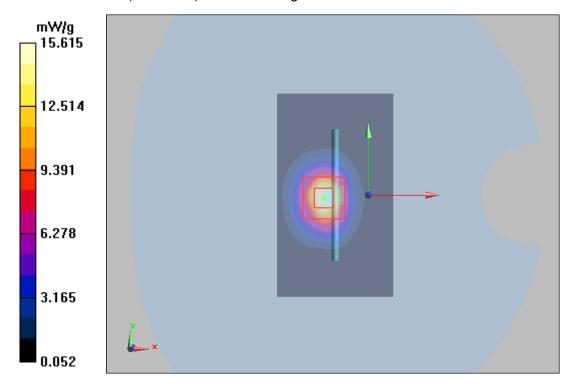
**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.439 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.858 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.615 mW/g



FCC SAR Test Report Report Report No: RXA1601-0001SAR01R1

## Plot 10 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Date: 1/12/2016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.23 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

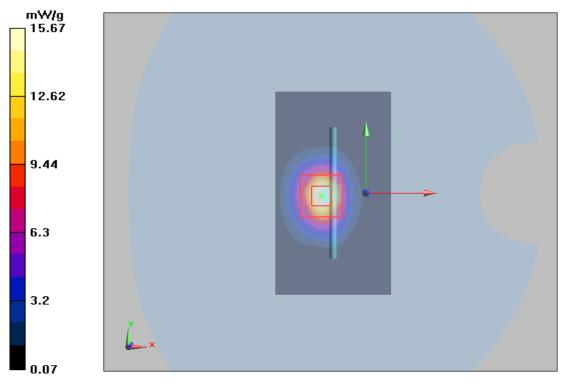
**d=10mm, Pin=250mW /Area Scan (41x71x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 mW/g**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.67 mW/g





## **ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results**

#### Plot 11 GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle (SIM 2)

Date: 1/4/2016

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.885$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.372$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.35, 9.35, 9.35); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

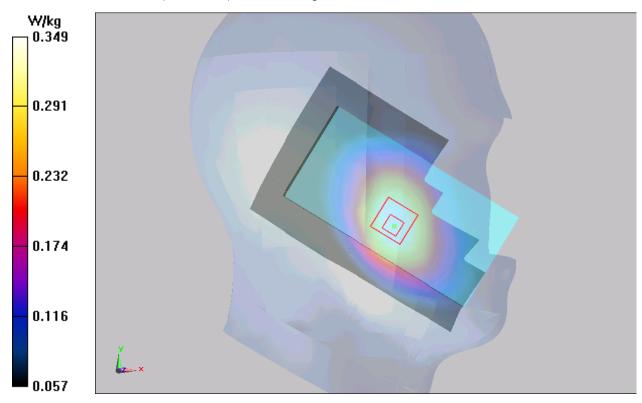
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.356 W/kg

**Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.741 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.426 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.343 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.349 W/kg





#### Plot 12 GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (SIM 2, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/5/2016

Communication System: GSM850 + GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.967 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 54.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 11; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.829 mW/g

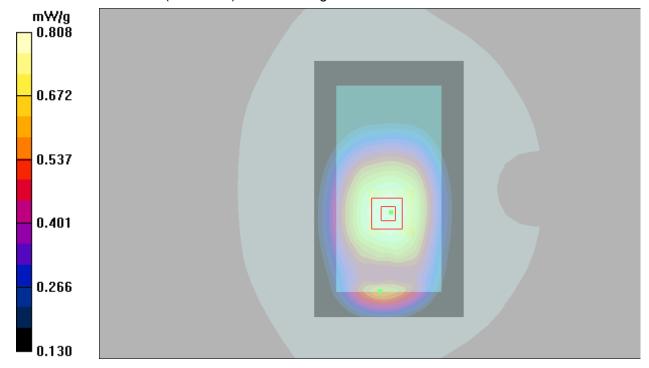
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.181 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.939 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.775 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.606 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.808 mW/g





#### Plot 13 GSM 1900 Left Cheek Middle (SIM 2)

Date: 1/7/2016

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.394 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.185;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.246 W/kg

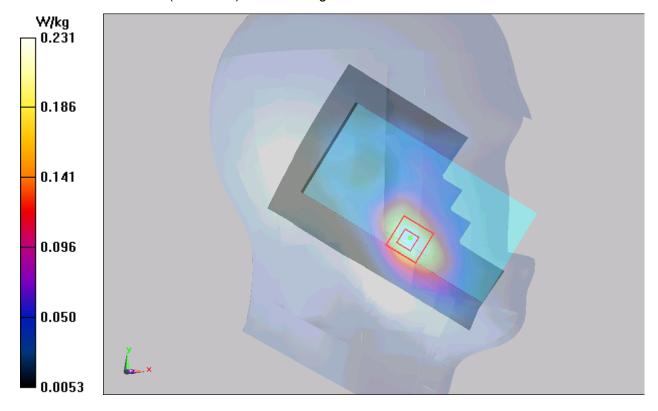
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.408 V/m; Power Drift = 0.103 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.337 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.221 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.231 W/kg





#### Plot 14 GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/8/2016

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.577 mW/g

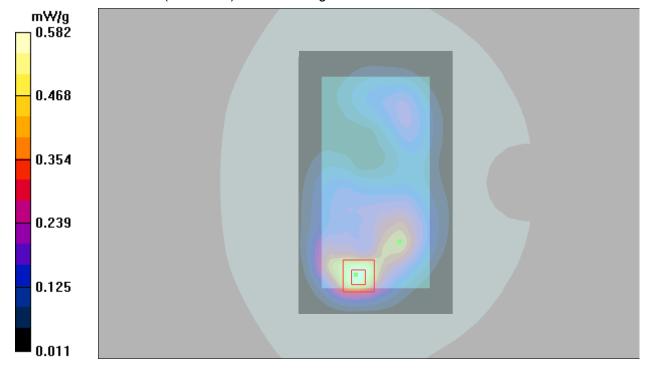
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.064 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.889 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.532 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.582 mW/g





#### Plot 15 GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Bottom Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/8/2016

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(4Up); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Bottom Side Middle/Area Scan (31x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.725 mW/g

Bottom Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.628 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.700 mW/g





#### Plot 16 UMTS Band II Left Cheek Middle (SIM 2)

Date: 1/7/2016

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.394$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.185$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.332 W/kg

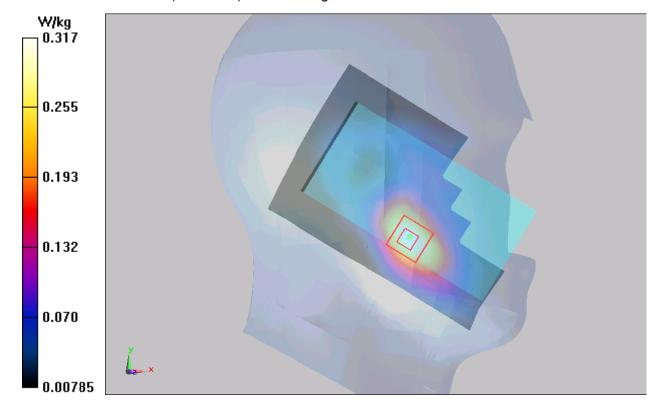
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.376 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.453 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.300 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.317 W/kg





#### Plot 17 UMTS Band II Back Side Middle (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/8/2016

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.604 mW/g

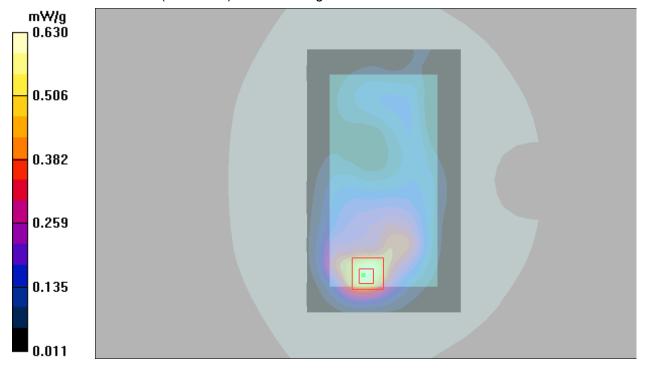
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.954 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.562 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.630 mW/g





#### Plot 18 UMTS Band II Bottom Side High (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/8/2016

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.52$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Bottom Side High/Area Scan (31x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

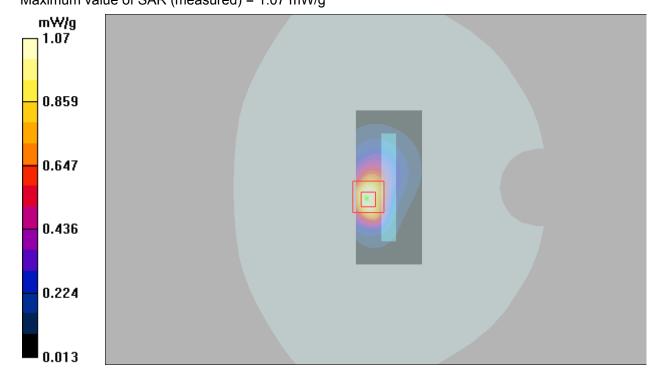
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

Bottom Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.964 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g





#### Plot 19 UMTS Band IV Left Cheek Middle (SIM 1)

Date: 1/9/2016

Communication System: WCDMA Band IV; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1733 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.32$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.457 mW/g

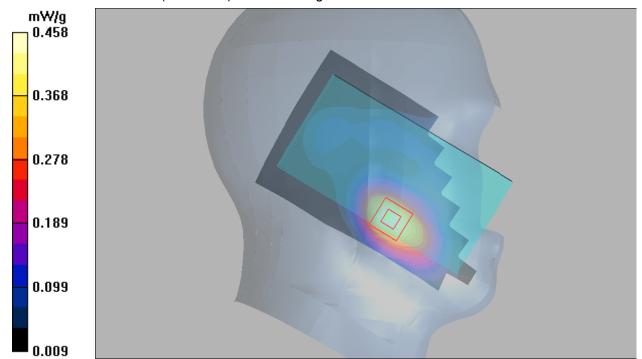
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.158 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.651 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.423 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.458 mW/g





#### Plot 20 UMTS Band IV Back Side Middle (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/10/2016

Communication System: WCDMA Band IV; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1733 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.44$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

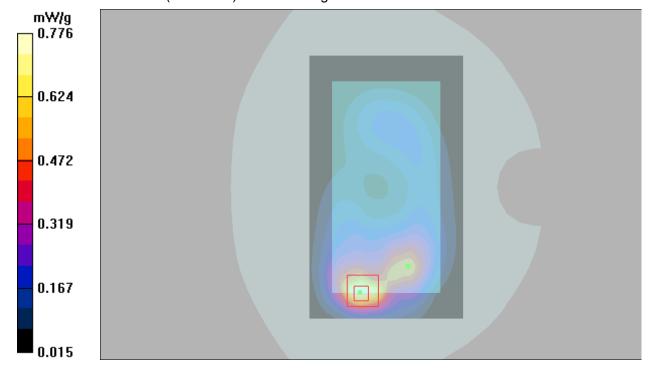
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.811 mW/g

Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.694 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.380 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.776 mW/g





#### Plot 21 UMTS Band V Left Cheek Middle (SIM 2)

Date: 1/4/2016

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.885$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.372$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.35, 9.35, 9.35); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.310 W/kg

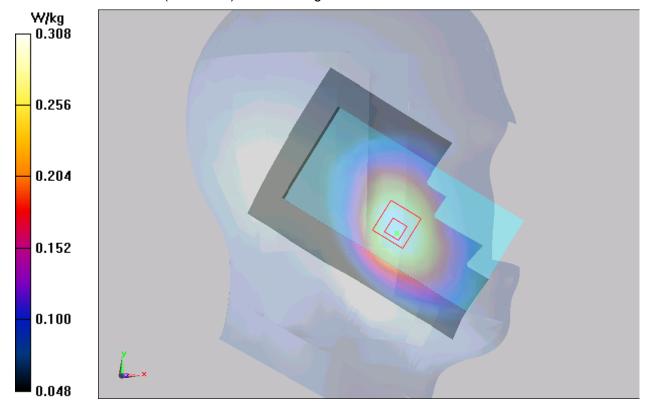
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.871 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.366 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.297 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.308 W/kg





#### Plot 22 UMTS Band V Back Side Middle (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/5/2016

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.967$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 11; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

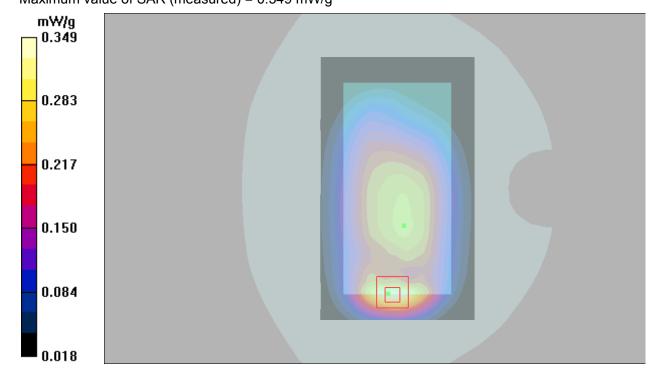
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.348 mW/g

Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.529 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.313 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.349 mW/g





#### Plot 23 LTE Band 2 1RB Left Cheek High (SIM 2)

Date: 1/7/2016

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.411$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.055$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek High/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.430 W/kg

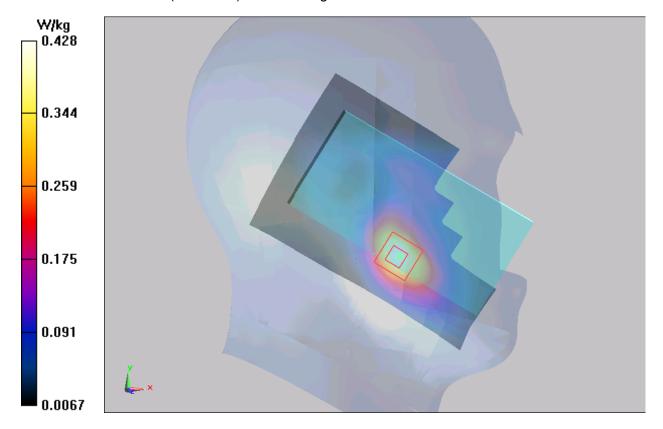
Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.466 V/m; Power Drift = 0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.615 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.393 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.428 W/kg





#### Plot 24 LTE Band 2 1RB Back Side High (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/8/2016

Communication System: LTE Band 2; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side High/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.510 mW/g

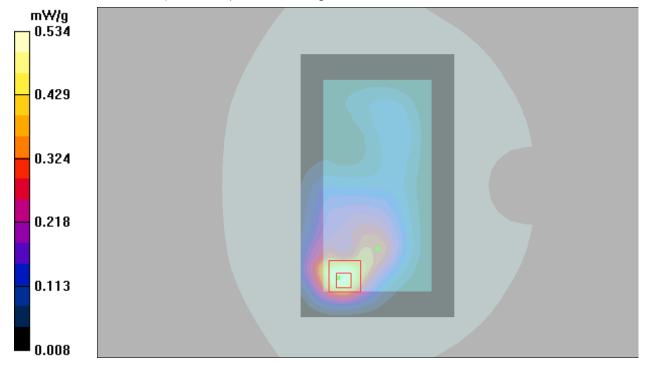
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.837 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.488 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.534 mW/g





#### Plot 25 LTE Band 4 1RB Left Cheek Low (SIM 1)

Date: 1/9/2016

Communication System: LTE Band 4; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.31 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Low/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.366 mW/g

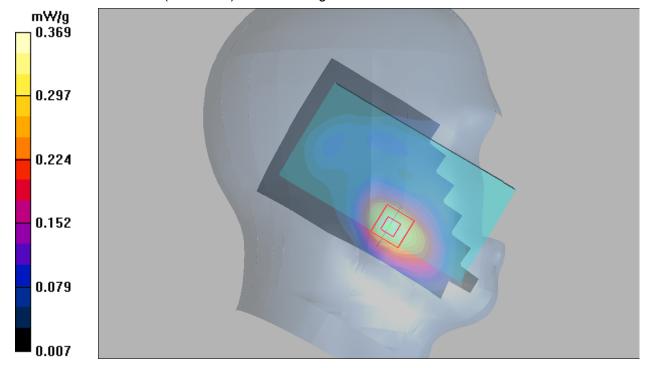
Left Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.339 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 mW/g





#### Plot 26 LTE Band 4 1RB Back Side Low (SIM 2, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/10/2016

Communication System: LTE Band 4; Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.5mm, dy=1.5mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.640 mW/g

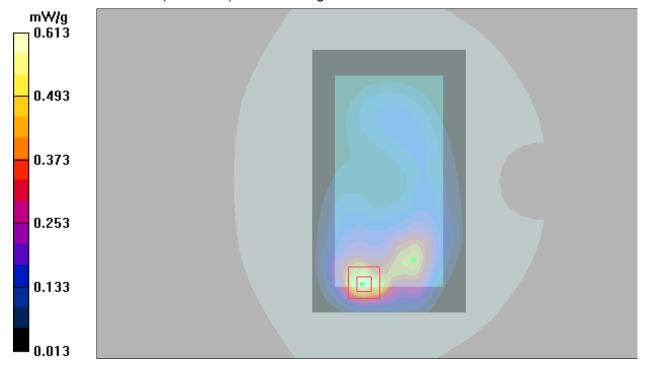
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.930 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.547 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.613 mW/g





#### Plot 27 LTE Band 7 1RB Right Cheek Low (SIM 1)

Date: 1/12/2016

Communication System: LTE Band 7; Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.91 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.18, 7.18, 7.18); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015 Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Low/Area Scan (91x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200mm, dy=1.200mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.567 mW/g

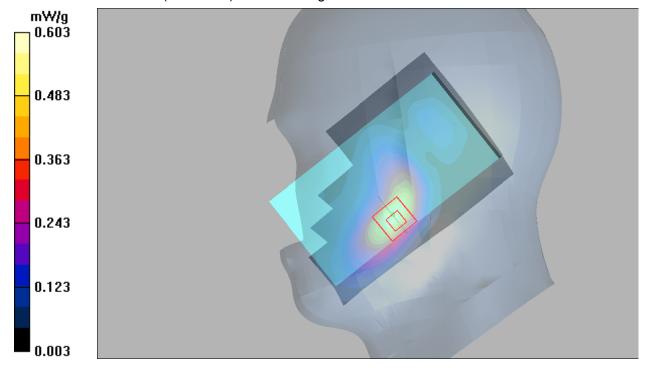
Right Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0296 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.560 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.288 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.603 mW/g





#### Plot 28 LTE Band 7 1RB Back Side Low (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/12/2016

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.128$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.771$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200mm, dy=1.200mm

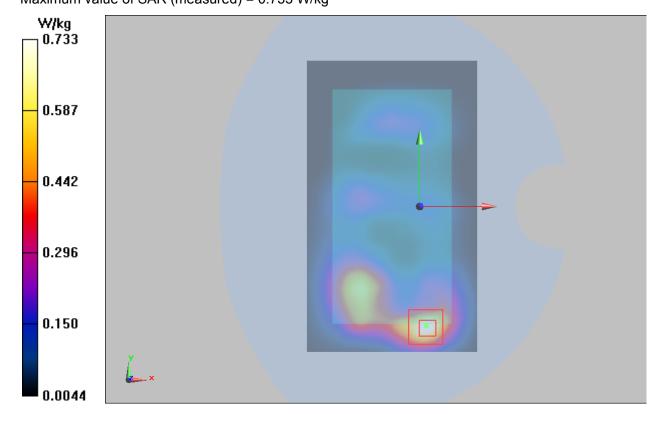
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.806 W/kg

Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.227 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.677 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.318 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.733 W/kg





#### Plot 29 LTE Band 7 1RB Bottom Side Low (SIM 2, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/12/2016

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.128$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.771$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Bottom Side Low/Area Scan (71x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200mm, dy=1.200mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.906 W/kg

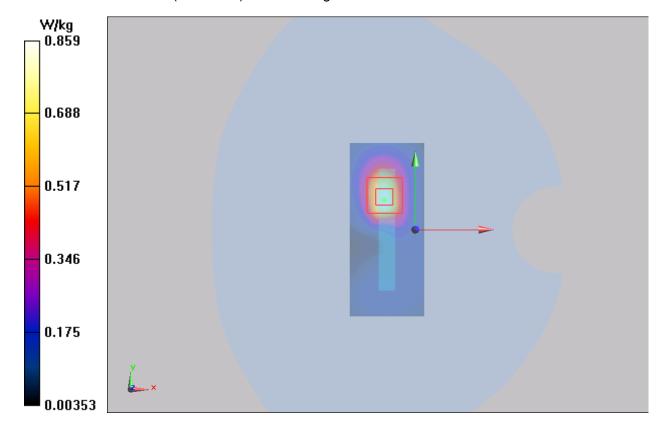
Bottom Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.753 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.859 W/kg





#### Plot 30 802.11b Right Cheek Middle (SIM 1)

Date: 1/14/2016

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.666$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5 ℃

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 W/kg

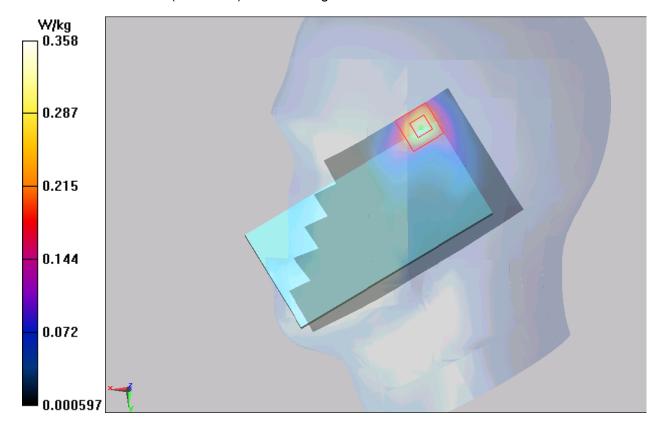
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.743 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.743 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.315 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.358 W/kg





#### Plot 31 802.11b Back Side Middle (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 1/14/2016

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.963$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 12/10/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/17/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.102 W/kg

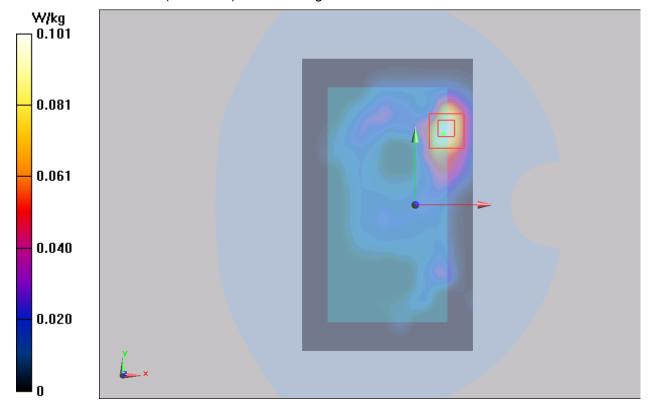
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.261 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.184 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.092 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 W/kg





#### **ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate**



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Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No: Z15-97193

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-2-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

December 10, 2015

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration		
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16		
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16		
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16		
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-14(TMC,No.JZ14-1103)	Mar-16		
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-14(TMC, No. JZ14-1104)	Mar-16		
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	27-Feb-15(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb15)	Feb-16		
DAE4	SN 771	27-Jan-15(SPEAG, No.DAE4-771_Jan15)	Jan -16		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration		
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04255)	Jun-16		
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	03-Feb-15 (CTTL, No.J15X00728)	Feb-16		
14	Name	Function	Signature		
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	Ant -		
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	2031		
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	In ars for		
This calibration certificate sh	all not be reprodu	Issued: Decer uced except in full without written approval of	nber 11, 2015		

Certificate No: Z15-97193

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
  data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
  media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
  probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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# Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3677

Calibrated: December 10, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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#### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.40	0.46	0.40	±10.8%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	100.6	103.2	101.6	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	cw	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	172.8	±2.1%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		187.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		171.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

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A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.69	9.69	9.69	0.13	1.00	± 12%
850	41.5	0.92	9.35	9.35	9.35	0.14	1.23	± 12%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.98	7.98	7.98	0.17	1.21	± 12%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.96	7.96	7.96	0.13	1.52	±12%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.44	0.74	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.51	0.72	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.27	1.20	±12%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.58	5.58	5.58	0.38	1.25	±13%
5300	35.9	4.76	5.34	5.34	5.34	0.37	1.23	±13%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.40	1.10	±13%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.40	1.32	±13%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. <sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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