# WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter

Model

PH52ABG

**User Manual** 

Version: 1.0

Dec. 2003

### **Copyright Statement**

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## Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

### Information to User

To assure continued compliance, any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

### **IMPORTANT NOTE**

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

End users must follow the specific operation instruction for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The maximum reported SAR values are: Body: 0.752W/Kg (802.11a), 0.769W/Kg (802.11b), 0.489W/Kg (802.11g)

# **Table of Contents**

# 1. INTRODUCTION 4

1.1 KIT CONTENTS	4
1.2 System Requirements	4
<b>1.3 STATUS LED</b>	4

# 2. DRIVER/UTILITY INSTALLATION / UNINSTALLATION 5

2.1 INSTALLATION	5
2.1.1 Additional Setup Processes	8
2.1.2 VERIFYING THE DRIVER	8
2.2 UNINSTALLATION	10

# 3. CONNECTING TO AN EXISTING NETWORK 11

3.1 ADDITIONAL NOTE FO	WINDOWS XP	15

# 4. CREATING AN AD HOC NEW NETWORK 16

## 5. MODIFYING A WIRELESS NETWORK 19

5.1 INFRASTRUCTURE MODE VS. AD HOC MODE	19
5.2 MODIFYING A WIRELESS NETWORK	20
5.3 DEFAULT SETTINGS WINDOWS XP ZERO-CONFIGURATION	27
5.4 SUPER A/G SETTING	27

# APPENDIX A: TROUBLESHOOTING 28

# APPENDIX B: SPECIFICATION 32

# **1. Introduction**

Thank you for purchasing the WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter that provides the easiest way to wireless networking. This User Manual contains detailed instructions in the operation of this product. Please keep this manual for future reference.

# **1.1 Kit Contents**

- WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter
- Installation Software CD
- Quick Start Guide

# **1.2 System Requirements**

- A laptop PC contains:
  - 32-bit Cardbus slot (or Desktop PC with PC Card-PCI adapter)
  - 32 MB memory or greater
  - 300 MHz processor or higher
- Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Win<sup>™</sup>2000/ME/98 Second Edition/XP

# 1.3 Status LED

There are 2 Status LEDs on the WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter. You can check your network connectivity status by looking at the LEDs.

- **Off:** Power off.
- Slow Blink: A connection is made. There is no activity yet.
- **Fast Blink:** There are activities in a connected network.
- Alternate Blink between LEDs: Look for a network association.
- **One LED Blink:** Power Saving Mode is on.
- **One LED Steady Light:** Awake from Power Saving Mode.

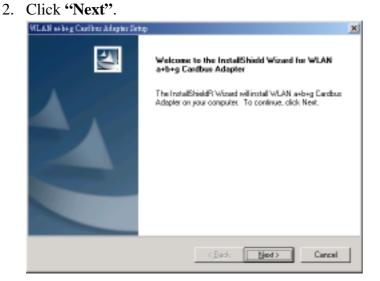
# 2. Driver/Utility Installation / Uninstallation

# 2.1 Installation

- **Note!** The Installation Section in this User Manual describes the first-time installation for Windows. To re-install the driver, please first uninstall the previously installed driver. See Chapter 2.2 "Uninstallation" section in this User Manual.
- Note! Do Not insert the Adapter into the Cardbus slot before the driver installation.
- **Note!** If you have inserted the Adapter into the Cardbus slot before installing the driver, a warning message pops up informing you that the software has not yet been installed. Please click "Cancel" to close the warning message. Remove the Adapter, and then start to install the driver.

Follow the steps below to complete the driver/utility installation:

1. Insert the Installation Software CD into the CD-Rom Drive.



3. Read the License Agreement and click "Yes".

WLAN sebeg Caribur Adapter Setup
License Agreement
Please read the following license agreement carefully.
Press the PAGE DOWN key to see the rest of the agreement.
All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, transmitted, transmitted, in any otored in a retrieval quiter, or translated into any longuage or computer longuage, in any from or by any means, electronic, mechanical, magnetic, optical, chemical, menual or otherwise, without the prior witten penniosion of this company.
Instal 3 biold

4. Click "Next" to continue or click "Browse" to choose a destination folder.

VILAN s+b+g Coeffine Adapter Setup	đ
Checce Destinution Location Select folder where Setup will install files.	
Setup vill install WLAN a+b+g Cardbux Adapter in the following folder.	
To install to this folder, click Next. To install to a different folder, click Brovce and select another folder.	
- Destination Folder	
C:\Program Files\WLAN a+b+g Eardbus Adapter\Browse	
Instal Shield -	-
< <u>B</u> ack <u>B</u> ack Cancel	

5. Click "Next".

WEAN akberg Cooline: Adapter Setup Select Program Folder Please celect a program folder.	×
Satup vill add program icons to the Programme, or select one from the existing follow	pane Folder listed below. You may type a new folder devolut. Elick Next to continue.
Brognam Foldets:	
WLAN a+b+g Cardoux Adapter	
Existing Folders	
ACD Spoleno Lotur Applications	
install'à Hachd	<gadk bjed=""> Cancel</gadk>

6. Click "Yes" to create a shortcut icon on your desktop.



7. Click "Finish".

WLAN at big Casilbar Adapter De	tap
	InstallShield Wizard Complete Setup haz finished installing WLAN e+b+g Caedbux Adapter on your computer.
	< Buck. Finish Careed

8. You should now see the shortcut icon on your desktop.



 Insert the Adapter into the Cardbus slot, and the Windows Operating System will find the new hardware and automatically install it. (For Windows 98SE or Windows Me, please restart your computer before inserting the Adatper).



## 2.1.1 Additional Setup Processes

During software installation procedure, each operating system may prompt different specific options:

- 1. **Windows 98SE:** The system will request the original Windows CD during the installation process. When the installation is finished, you'll have to restart your computer.
- 2. Windows Me: Please restart your computer when the installation is finished.
- 3. **Windows 2000/XP:** Select "Install the software automatically" when the window with this option appears, and then click "Next" to continue installation.

# 2.1.2 Verifying the Driver

#### 1. Windows 98SE/Me:

- Step 1. Right-click "My Computer" icon on the desktop and choose "Properties".
- Step 2. Select "Device Manager" tab and open "Network adapters". You should see your WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter in the list. Highlight it and click "Properties" button.
- Step 3. From the "Device status", you should see the line "This device is working properly". If, instead, you see error messages displayed, please remove this Adapter (highlight this Adapter and click "Remove" button). Restart your PC and go through the installation process again.

#### 2. Windows 2000:

- Step 1. Right-click "My Computer" icon on the desktop and choose "Properties".
- Step 2. Select "Hardware" tab and click "Device Manager". Open "Network adapters". You should see your WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter in the list. Right-click this Adapter and choose "Properties".
- Step 3. From the "Device status", you should see the line "This device is working properly". If, instead, you see error messages displayed, please uninstall this Adapter (right-click this Adapter from the "Network adapters" list and choose "Uninstall"). Restart your PC and go through the installation process again.

#### 3. Windows XP:

- Step 1. Click <u>Start>Control Panel> System</u>.
- Step 2. Select "Hardware" tab, and click "Device Manager". Open "Network adapters". You should see your WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter in the list. Right-click this Adapter and choose "Properties".
- Step 3. From the "Device status", you should see the line "This device is working properly". If, instead, you see error messages displayed, please uninstall this Adapter (right-click this Adapter from the "Network adapters" list and choose "Uninstall"). Restart your PC and go through the installation process again.

# 2.2 Uninstallation

Note! Before uninstallation, please close all running programs.

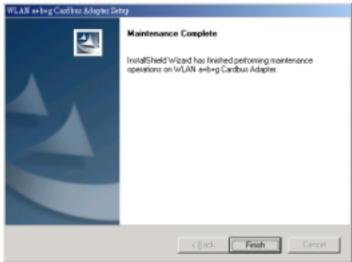
- 1. Click <u>Start>Programs>WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter>UnInstall WLAN a+b+g</u> <u>Cardbus Adapter</u>.
- 2. Choose "Remove". Click "Next".

WLAN s+b+g Cas	elber Adapter Setup	ĸ
Welcome Modily, repai	it, or remove the program.	
	the WLAN arbies Carobus Adapter Setup Meintenance program. This program by the current installation. Click one of the options below.	
C Hodiy	Select new program leatures to add or select currently installed features to remove.	
C Rapeir	Reinstal all program leatures installed by the pervisus setup.	
R Barrova (3) Instal Shield	Renorve all installed bastures.	
	Cancel Cancel	

3. Click "OK" to start Uninstall.

Confirm Uninstall	×
Do you want to completely remove the se	elected application and all of its features?
CK .	Cancel

4. Click "Finish". Uninstall is now completed.



# **3.** Connecting to an Existing Network

1. Double click the shortcut icon of "WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter" on the desktop, and the Configuration window appears.

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Profile List			- 60	Information List Selected Profile Information	Detail List	_
Default			8 🗊	<ul> <li>Configuration Name</li> </ul>	Detaut	
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		Modify		· WEP	Disabled	
			8 12		0100000	
	-	Delete	- 70	<ul> <li>Network Name</li> </ul>		
		Didlight		<ul> <li>Network Connection</li> </ul>	AP(Infractructure)	
	_			<ul> <li>Security</li> </ul>	None	
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vallable Networks						
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Weileble Networks Network Name				Signal Strength Re site survey process	Network Connection	
					Network Connection	

2. Click on the **Refresh** button **present** to list all available networks.

						More
Profile List				Information List	Detail List	
Default	Ner Ner	lew odłły	= (p) = %	Selected Profile Information Configuration Name Network Name Network Connection WEP Link Information	Default AP(Intrastructure) Disabled	
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- Note: To automatically connect to the network with the strongest signal, select Enable Smart Selection. Any displays in Profile List.
- 3. From the list of "Available Networks", choose one network by double clicking the **Network Name**. One of the following dialog boxes appears. Click "**Yes**" to continue.

Connection withind	×	Connection wared	×
Network name (SSE) WN This is a witeless access part. To access this network, click Yes.		Instruct name (SSB): NCB0     This is a wireless access point     This network requires the use of a network key (MEP).     To access this network, click Yes.	
Ves Cancel	_	Cancel	

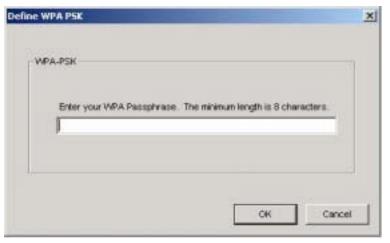
4. If the chosen network has security enabled, the **Security** tab displays. Select the security option used by the network. Contact the network administrator for the correct settings.

C WPA-PSK	
C         WPA         EAP Type         TLS           C         WPA-PSK             C         802.1x         EAP Type         TLS           C         802.1x         EAP Type         TLS           C         Pre-Shared Key	
C WPA-PSK C 802.1x 802.1x EAP Type TLS C Pre-Shared Key C None	
602.1x 802.1x EAP Type     TLS     Fre-Shared Key     None	Ŧ
C Pre-Shared Key	
(* None	Ŧ
Config.re	
OK Cancel	Apply

5. If selecting **WPA** or **802.1X**, select the EAP type, then click on the **Configure** button to select the certificate.

James (Issued: 2002/10/24)	
Use Any Certificate Authority	C Choose a Certificate Authority
OWHET SecureNet CA SGC Root	Ŀ
Server/Domain Name	
Corporate.com	
.ogin Name	
lanes	

6. If selecting **WPA-PSK**, click on the **Configure** button to enter the PassPhrase.



7. If selecting **Pre-Shared Key**, click on the **Configure** button to enter the correct Encryption Keys.

Key entry method: a.10hex digits: User must enter 10 hexadecimal digits.

The hexadecimal define is "0-9" and "A-F".

ex: 123456abc

- b.5 chars: User must enter 5 characters. ex: ab3#@
- c.13 chars: User must enter 13 characters.

ex: ab3#@kf08&kdk

- d.16 chars: User must enter 16 characters.
  - ex: ab3#@kf08&kdk456

For WEP key, please contact with MIS administrator.

	Default Encryption Key:	
Encryption Keys (H	tex 0-9 A-F)	Key Length
Unique Key:		64 (40+24) 10 hex digits
Shared		
First		64 (40+24) 10 hex digits
Second:		64 (40+24) 10 hex digits
Third		64 (40+24) 10 hex digits
Fourth		64 (40+24) 10 hex digits
First Key: Column	1, Length 0	

- 8. Click on **OK** (or **Apply** if using the other tabs) when done to save the settings.
- 9. Once connected (the icon vertice in front of the name of the Connected Network), you can check the signal strength from the icon in the Windows System Tray.

# 3.1 Additional Note for Windows XP

In Windows XP, it is recommended that you use the WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter Configuration Utility. Before using the Utility, please follow the steps below to disable the Windows XP Zero Configuration:

### **Option 1:**

- 1. Double click the shortcut icon to open the Utility.
- 2. From the Windows System Tray, you should see the signal icon. Right-click it and select "Disable Zero-Configuration".

Open Utility	
Disable Adapter	and the second se
Turn radio on	(i) Notification
Disable Zero-Configuration	WinXP Zero Configuration is disabled
Ext	EN 🔍 🔊 🔊 🖬 🙀 11:37 AM

### **Option 2:**

- 1. Go to "Control Panel" and double click "Network Connections".
- 2. Right-click "Wireless Network Connection" of "WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter", and select "Properties".

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iller Asso	Carlo Carlos	Deele Bedad Deler Rente	

3. Select "Wireless Networks" tab, and uncheck the check box of "Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings", and then click "OK".



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and the second se				internation List	DetailList	-
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/ Enable Ema	of Selector			Nativoria Name Nativoria Name Nativoria Cannection Security Channel Transmission Rate	VM AP(Intradructure) None 5	
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4. Creating an Ad Hoc New Network

2. Select the "Profile Editor" tab.

Config	uration Setting	2	<
Profi	ile Editor Security TCF	P/IP Property	
	1		1
	Profile Items	Content	
C	onfiguration Name	Default	
N	etwork Name(SSID1)		
N	etwork Name(SSID2)		
N	etwork Name(SSID3)		
N	etwork Connection	Ad Hoc 🔽	
P	ower Saving	AP(Is/nostructure)	
<u>v</u>	Vireless Mode		
A	d Hoc Net Start	802.11a	
8	02.11b Range	Normal Range	
S	can Mode	Auto	
Т	ransmit Power	Full Power	
Q	loS	Disabled	
C	ountry	UNITED_STATES	
2	.4 GHz Preamble	Long only	
	Enable Advanced Settin	g Default	
		OK Cancel Apply	

- 3. Choose the check box of **Enable Advanced Setting** to edit all settings.
- 4. If joining or creating an Ad-Hoc network, choose Ad Hoc.
- 5. If the correct country is not selected, select the country where the computer is located.

**ALERT**: Different countries have different regulations that affect which channels can be used. You should always choose the country where you are physically located to avoid using an illegal channel.

6. Click **OK** (or **Apply** if using the other tabs) to save the settings.

For details of each setting, refer to Modifying a Wireless Network on page 20.

7. Click the **Security** tab. If not using security, select **None**.

Configuration Setting			×
Profile Editor Security	TCP/IP Property		
Set Security Option	18		
C WPA	WPA EAP Type	TLS	¥
C WPA-PSK			
C 802.1x	802.1× EAP Type	TLS	v
C Pre-Shared H	Key		
None			
Config.	re		
		_	
	OK	Cancel	Apply

8. If security is used, select **Pre-Shared Key** and click on the **Configure** button.

9. Enter an encryption key in the **Shared: First** field.

fine Pre-Shared Keys	
Default Encrypt	ion Key:
Encryption Keys (Hex 0-9 A-F)	Key Length
Unique Key:	64 (40+24) 10 hex digits 💌
Shared	
File	64 (40+24) 10 hex digits 💌
Second:	64 (40+24) 10 hex digits 💌
Thirot	64 (40+24) 10 hex digts 💌
Fourth	64 (40+24) 10 hex digits 💌
First Key: Column 1, Length 0	
institut, committe, congero	

10. Click **OK** (or **Apply** if using the other tabs) to save the settings.

The new Network Name is listed in the Profile List.

The driver does not allow channel selection in Ad-Hoc mode. Instead, the driver starts with an initial channel then checks channel status. If the channel is busy, the driver automatically uses a different channel.

For details of each setting, see Modifying a Wireless Network on page 20.

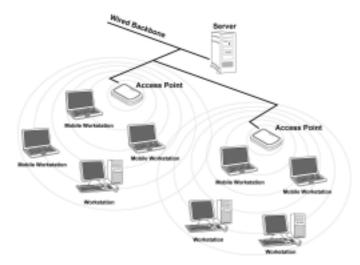
# 5. Modifying a Wireless Network

# 5.1 Infrastructure Mode vs. Ad Hoc Mode

You can set the Wireless Network Adapter to work in either **Infrastructure mode** or **Ad Hoc mode**.

### Infrastructure Mode

In infrastructure mode, devices communicate with each other by first going through an Access Point (AP). Wireless devices can communicate with each other or can communicate with a wired network. When one AP is connected to wired network and a set of wireless stations, it is referred to as a BSS (Basic Service Set).



### Ad Hoc Mode

Ad-hoc mode is also called "peer-to-peer mode" or "Independent Basic Service Set (IBSS)". In ad hoc mode, devices communicate directly with each other without using an Access Point (AP).



# 5.2 Modifying a Wireless Network

- 1. Open "WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter Configuration" by double clicking the shortcut icon on the desktop.
  - **Note!** If there's no network name listed in the "Profile List", click **Refresh** button and double click a Network Name from **Available Networks**. The chosen Network Name is listed in the Profile List.

Modity

2. From the Profile List, select one Profile and click **Modify** button

					and the second se	hire,
Profile List			1.1.1.1	information Uke	Genetic	
			- B	Selected Profile information	Contraction of the second second	
1234		Adamat	-	<ul> <li>Configuration Harter</li> </ul>	NC .	
Default				<ul> <li>Hebvork Hense</li> </ul>	HC.	
12		Margare 1		Helwark Connection	AP(Introdevalues)	
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and a second second second second	and the second state of th	Arely		<ul> <li>Secarity</li> </ul>	terre	
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valata fativoria lativori liane l. n.: n.::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Connection Mode	Churral 5	Diskin	Chevral     Transmission Fals     Signal Strength     Signal Strength     27%     37%	1 1 Masi: 2016 Vetwork: Convection Introduction	-

3. Select **Profile Editor** tab and edit the settings. Click **OK** to save the modifications.

Configuration Setti Profile Editor	ing Security   TCF	OID Droper	+v ]		X	
		-лг гторог	., 1		1	
Profile	ltems		C	Content		
Configuration	n Name	Default				
Network Nan	ne(SSID1)					
Network Nan	ne(SSID2)					
Network Nan	ne(SSID3)					
Network Con	nection	AP(Infra:	structure)			
Power Savin	g	Normal				
Wireless Mod	de	Auto				
Ad Hoc Net S	Start	802.11a				
802.11b Ran	ge	Normal R	ange			
Scan Mode		Auto				
Transmit Pov	ver	Full Powe	er			
QoS		Disabled				
Country		UNITED_	STATES			
2.4 GHz Pres	amble	Short and	d Long			
, I▼ Enable Adv	vanced Settin	g			Default	
			ок	Cancel	Apply	

- **Configuration Name:** This name identifies the configuration. This name should be unique.
- Network Name (SSID1) (SSID2) (SSID3): The name of the wireless network. This name cannot be longer than 32 characters. If the field is set to be "ANY" or is left blank, your computer will connect to an AP with the best signal strength.
- Network Connection: Specifies the mode of the network. Two options are "Infrastructure" and "Ad Hoc".
- Power Saving: Minimizes power consumption while maintaining network connectivity and high data transfer performance. In Ad Hoc mode, Power Savings function cannot be enabled. The power management options are:
  - Off: PC Card is powered up at all times.
  - Normal: PC Card sleeps less often and stays asleep for a shorter period.
  - **Maximum**: PC Card sleeps more frequently and stays asleep as much as possible.
- Wireless Mode: Three options are "802.11b", "802.11a", "802.11g",

"Super A", "Super G" or "Auto". "Auto" allows the use of either 802.11a, 802.11g or 802.11b mode.

- Ad Hoc Net Start: Specifies a band to establish an Ad Hoc network if no matching SSID is found. Four options are available: 802.11b, 802.11a, 802.11aTurbo and 802.11g.
- 802.11b Range: Options are Normal Range and Extended Range. This function can let user to determine the transfer range in 802.11b mode. Extended Range can prolong the transfer range with a lower data transmitting rate.
- Scan Mode: Options are Active Scan, Passive Scan and Auto. In Active Scan, the driver sends out the probe request frames from each channel and collects the response frames from the responding. In Passive Scan, the driver scan each requested channel, listening the beacons on each channel.
- **Transmit Power:** This setting allows you to change the output power of the PC Card to increase or decrease the coverage area.
- QoS: Disables or enables the PC Card to cooperate in a network using QoS (Quality of Service).
- Country: Select the country where this PC Card will operate.
  ALERT: Different countries have different regulations that affect which channels can be used. You should always choose the country where you are physically located to avoid using an illegal channel.
- 2.4 GHz Preamble: Allows Ad-Hoc compatibility with other 2.4 GHz devices. Two options are Short and Long and Long only. Use Long Only when configuring the client for an 802.11b RoamAbout AP wireless network.

4. Select **Security** tab and choose the security mode.

**Note**: *Check with your Network Administrator for the security features supported by your AP.* 

onfiguration Setting			1
Profile Editor Security	TCP/IP Property		
Set Security Option	s		
C WPA	WPA EAP Type	TLS	~
C WPA-PSK			
C 802.1x	802.1× EAP Type	TLS	7
C Pre-Shared	Key		
(* None			
Configu	re		
		_	
	OK	Cancel	Apply

- WPA: Enables the use of WiFi protected Access (WPA). This option requires IT administration.
  - **a)** Select **WPA** to open the WPA EAP drop-down menu. The options includes TLS and PEAP.
  - **b)** Click on the **Configure** button and complete the configuration information in the Define Certificate dialog.
- WPA-PSK: Enables the WPA-Pre Shared Key (PSK). Click on the Configure button and complete the configuration information in the WPA Passphrase dialog.
- 802.1x: Enables 802.1x security. This option requires IT administration.
  - **a)** Select **802.1x** to open the 802.1x EAP drop-down menu. The options include TLS and PEAP.
  - **b)** Click on the **Configure** button and complete the configuration information in the Define Certificate dialog.

- Pre-Shared Key: Enables the use of pre-shared keys that are defined on the AP and the station.
  - a) Select the Pre-Shared Key radio button.
  - **b)** Click on the **Configure** button and complete the configuration
  - information in the Define Certificate dialog.
- **None:** No security.
- 5. Define the Certificate.

Select a Certificate				
James [Issued 2002/10/24]				*
G Use Any Certificate Authority	C ch	oose a Cer	tificate Auth	orty
CAN HRT SecureNet CA SOC Root				×
Server/Domain Name				
Corporate.com				
Login Name				
Janes				_

- Select a Certificate: Select the Certificate to Authenticate to the RADIUS server from the drop-down menu.
- Use any Certificate Authority: The Default Setting. Select this radio button to use any Certificate Authority (CA) for authentication.
- Choose a Certificate Authority: Select this radio button to choose the desired Certificate Authority for authentication from the drop-down menu.
- Server/Domain Name: The the RADIUS server name or the domain name used for the network access.
- **Login Name:** The username used to log into the server or domain.
- Define User Information (PEAP): Click on the Define User Information button and complete the configuration information in the Define User Information dialog.

- 6. If selecting **WPA-PSK**, click on the **Configure** button to enter the PassPhrase. The PassPhrase must be a minimum of 8 printable ASCII characters. The PassPhrase should be at least 20 characters to make it more difficult for an attacker to decipher the key.
- 7. If selecting **Pre-Shared Key**, click on the **Configure** button to enter the Encryption Keys.When finished, click **OK**. For WEP key, please contact with MIS administrator.

	Default Encryption Key:	1	*
Encryption Keys (H	lex 0-9 A-F)	Key Length	
Unique Key:		64 (40+24) 10 hex digits	•
Shared			
First		64 (40+24) 10 hex digits	٠
Second		64 (40+24) 10 hex digits	
Third		64 (40+24) 10 hex digts	•
Fourth		64 (40+24) 10 hex digits	•
First Key: Column	1, Length 0		

- Key Entry Method: Determines the entry method for the key. Hexadecimal (0-9, A-F) or ASCII text (all keyboard characters).
- Default Encryption Key: Allows you to choose one encryption key (First, Second, Third, or Fourth) as the transmit key, which encrypts transmissions from the PC Card.
- Unique Key: Defines the per-session encryption key for the current network configuration. Not used in Ad-Hoc mode.
- Shared Keys: Use these fields to enter the wireless network's encryption keys. The keys must be in the correct position (First, Second, Third, or Fourth).
- Key Length: Defines the length of each encryption key.
   o For 40/64 bit (enter 10 digits for hexadecimal or 5 characters for ASCII)
   o For 104/128 bit (Enter 26 digits for hexadecimal or 13 characters for ASCII)

When the length is changed, the number of available characters in the field automatically changes. If a previously entered key is too long, the key is automatically truncated to fit. If the key length is increased again, the key does not update to the previous value.

- 8. Click **OK** to save the settings.
- 9. Select "TCP/IP Property" tab. Enter the settings and click "OK" to save the settings.

You can get IP settings assigned auto capability. Otherwise, you need to as appropriate IP settings					is
C Obtain an P address automatical	ly .				
· Use the following Placeteos -					
Paddress :					
Subnet mask :					
Detault galaway :		-		-	
C Obten DNS server address auto	ententy				
C Upsthe following DNS server ad	dress				
Preferred DNS server :			× 1		
Alternate DNS server :	Г				

- If the network uses DHCP server, choose **Obtain an IP address automatically**.
- If the network does not use DHCP server, choose **Use the following IP address** to set the relative settings. For the IP configuration information, please contact the network administrator.

## 5.3 Default Settings Windows XP Zero-Configuration

You may also choose the default parameters and directly proceed to Windows XP zero-configuration through the steps below:

- 1. Go to "Control Panel" and open "Network Connections".
- 2. Right-click the Wireless Network Connection of "WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter", and make sure this connection is **Enabled**.
- Right-click the Wireless Network Connection of "WLAN a+b+g Cardbus Adapter", and then click "Properties".
- 4. Select "Wireless Networks" tab and select "Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings" check box.

**Note!** Clear the check box of "Use Windows to configure my wireless network settings" will disable automatic wireless network configuration.

# 5.4 Super A/G Setting

The Super A/G features do not require station configuration as the command are handled during auto-negotiation.

- 1. User can double click the AP that set in Super A/G mode in the site survey list, the configuration tool would auto connect to that AP.
- 2. User can manually create a new profile, and then modify the profile setting by changing the "wireless Mode" to "Super A" or "Super G".

# **Appendix A: Troubleshooting**

### **Common Problems and Solutions**

This chapter provides solutions to problems that may occur during the installation and operation of the WLAN 802.11a+b+g Cardbus. Read the descriptions below to solve your problems.

1. My computer does not recognize the Cardbus.

• Make sure the Cardbus is properly inserted into the CardBus slot. Note that the Cardbus can be inserted either way, but is correctly only when it is inserted so that the "Instant Wireless" logo on the front of the Cardbus cannot be seen. If in doubt, try inserting the Cardbus both ways. The Cardbus will slide in further when it is correct.

2. The Cardbus does not work properly.

- Reinsert the Cardbus into your notebook's CardBus slot. A beep should be heard if the Cardbus is properly inserted.
- For non-Windows environments, make sure that a CARDBUS card service driver is installed on your PC.
- Open the **Control Panel** and click the **PC Card**. Check whether it has a Cardbus in one of the sockets or not. If you find the Cardbus in one of the sockets, it means that the Cardbus has been detected properly. If you see a yellow question mark, the resources are in conflict.
- Right-click **My Computer** and select **Properties**. Select **Device Manager** and click the **Network Adapter**. You will find the WLAN 802.11a+b+g Cardbus if it is installed successfully. If you see the yellow exclamation mark, the resources are in conflict. Click **Cardbus** and then click **Cardbus service**. You will see the status of the Cardbus. If there is a yellow question mark please check the following:
- Make sure that your notebook has a free IRQ.
- Make sure that you have inserted the right Cardbus and installed the proper driver.

If the Cardbus does not function after attempting the above steps, remove the Cardbus and do the following:

- Uninstall the driver software from your PC.
- Restart your PC and repeat the hardware and software installation as specified in this User Guide.

3. I cannot communicate with a wired computer linked via an access point in the infrastructure configuration.

- Make sure that the notebook PC is powered on.
- Make sure that the Cardbus is configured with the same SSID and security options as the other computers in the infrastructure configuration.

### **Frequently Asked Questions**

1. Can I run an application from a remote computer over the wireless network? This will depend on whether or not the application is designed to be used over a network. Consult the application's user guide to determine if it supports operation over a network.

2. Can I play computer games with other members of the wireless network? Yes, as long as the game supports multiple players over a LAN (local area network). Refer to the game's user guide for more information.

#### 3. What is Spread Spectrum?

Spread Spectrum technology is a wideband radio frequency technique developed by the military for use in reliable, secure, mission-critical communications systems. It is designed to trade off bandwidth efficiency for reliability, integrity, and security. In other words, more bandwidth is consumed than in the case of narrowband transmission, but the trade-off produces a signal that is, in effect, louder and thus easier to detect, provided that the receiver knows the parameters of the spread-spectrum signal being broadcast. If a receiver is not tuned to the right frequency, a spread-spectrum signal looks like background noise. There are two main alternatives, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) and Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS).

#### 4. What is DSSS? What is FHSS? And what are their differences?

Frequency-Hopping Spread-Spectrum (FHSS) uses a narrowband carrier that changes frequency in a pattern that is known to both transmitter and receiver. Properly synchronized, the net effect is to maintain a single logical channel. To an unintended receiver, FHSS appears to be short-duration impulse noise. Direct-Sequence Spread-Spectrum (DSSS) generates a redundant bit pattern for each bit to be transmitted. This bit pattern is called a chip (or chipping code). The longer the chip, the greater the probability that the original data can be recovered. Even if one or more bits in the chip are damaged during transmission, statistical techniques embedded in the radio can recover the original data without the need for retransmission. To an unintended receiver, DSSS appears as low power wideband noise and is rejected (ignored) by most narrowband receivers.

5. Would the information be intercepted while transmitting on air? WLAN features two-fold protection in security. On the hardware side, as with Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum technology, it has the inherent security feature of scrambling. On the software side, WLAN offers the encryption function (WEP) to enhance security and access control.

#### 6. What is WEP?

WEP is Wired Equivalent Privacy, a data privacy mechanism based on a 64-bit or 128-bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11 standard.

#### 7. What is infrastructure mode?

When a wireless network is set to infrastructure mode, the wireless network is configured to communicate with a wired network through a wireless access point.

#### 8. What is roaming?

Roaming is the ability of a portable computer user to communicate continuously while moving freely throughout an area greater than that covered by a single access point. Before using the roaming function, the workstation must make sure that it is the same channel number with the access point of dedicated coverage area.

To achieve true seamless connectivity, the wireless LAN must incorporate a number of different functions. Each node and access point, for example, must always acknowledge receipt of each message. Each node must maintain contact with the wireless network even when not actually transmitting data. Achieving these functions simultaneously requires a dynamic RF networking technology that links access points and nodes. In such a system, the user's end node undertakes a search for the best possible access to the system. First, it evaluates such factors as signal strength and quality, as well as the message load currently being carried by each access point and the distance of each access point to the wired backbone. Based on that information, the node next selects the right access point and registers its address. Communications between end node and host computer can then be transmitted up and down the backbone. As the user moves on, the end node's RF transmitter regularly checks the system to determine whether it is in touch with the original access point or whether it should seek a new one. When a node no longer receives acknowledgment from its original access point, it undertakes a new search. Upon finding a new access point, it then re-registers, and the communication process continues.

### 9. What is ISM band?

The FCC and their counterparts outside of the U.S. have set aside bandwidth for unlicensed use in the ISM (Industrial, Scientific and Medical) band. Spectrum in the vicinity of 2.4 GHz, in particular, is being made available worldwide. This presents a truly revolutionary opportunity to place convenient high-speed wireless capabilities in the hands of users around the globe.

# **Appendix B: Specification**

Frequency range > Modulation > technique	2.400 – 2.483GHz, <b>802.11b/g</b> DSSS (DBPSK, DQPS OFDM for data rate > <b>802.11a</b> OFDM(BPSK,QPSK, Cardbus form factor	hz, 5.15 ~ 5.35Ghz, 5.72 SK, CCK) 20 Mbps 16-QAM, 64-QAM)	ecifications 5 ~ 5.825Ghz					
Frequency range     >       Modulation     >       technique     >       Host interface     >	U-NII: 2.412 ~ 2.462G 2.400 – 2.483GHz, <b>802.11b/g</b> DSSS (DBPSK, DQPS OFDM for data rate > <b>802.11a</b> OFDM(BPSK,QPSK, Cardbus form factor	SK, CCK) 20 Mbps 16-QAM, 64-QAM)	5 ~ 5.825Ghz					
Modulation       technique       Host interface	2.400 – 2.483GHz, <b>802.11b/g</b> DSSS (DBPSK, DQPS OFDM for data rate > <b>802.11a</b> OFDM(BPSK,QPSK, Cardbus form factor	SK, CCK) 20 Mbps 16-QAM, 64-QAM)	5 ~ 5.825Ghz					
Host interface	DSSS (DBPSK, DQPS OFDM for data rate > 802.11a OFDM(BPSK,QPSK, Cardbus form factor	20 Mbps 16-QAM, 64-QAM)						
	Cardbus form factor			<ul> <li>&gt; 802.11b/g DSSS (DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK) OFDM for data rate &gt; 20 Mbps</li> <li>&gt; 802.11a OFDM(BPSK,QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM)</li> </ul>				
Channels support								
Channels support	US/Canada: 11 (1 ~ 11 802.11a US/Canada:12 non-ov		~ 5.35GHz, 5.725 ~ 5.82;	5GHz)				
Operation voltage	3.3V +/- 5%							
Power		802.11a	802.11b	802.11g				
consumption > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > >	Continuous Tx Continuous Rx FTP Tx FTP Rx Standby mode Power saving mode RF Kill	490~510mA @18dBm 340~350mA 420~440mA 400~420mA 360~380mA 50mA 40mA	570~590mA @18dBm 360~380mA 510~530mA 470~485mA 440~450mA 50mA 40mA	610~640mA@18dBm 420~440mA 530~545mA 490~510mA 450~470mA 50mA 40mA				
Output power	5.250 - 5.350: 18 5.470 - 5.725: no	er 5 dBm 8 dBm ot allowed 7 dBm						
distance	Indoor:20m@72Mbps 802.11b	,25m@54Mbps,35m@48	@48Mbps,310m@36Mbp 3Mbps,40m@36Mbps )m@2Mbps,515m@1Mbp					
	<b>802.11g</b> Outdoor: 82m@54Mbp	s,70m@5.5Mbps,83m@ s,100m@48Mbps,300m( 25m@48Mbps,35m@361	@36Mbps					
Operation >	Windows <sup>®</sup> 98SE, ME,	2K, XP						
system supported								
Dimension >	119mm (L) * 54mm (V	V) * 9.4 (H)						
> >	64-bit,128-bit, 152-bit 802.1x Authentication AES-CCM & TKIP En							
Operation mode >	Infrastructure & Ad-ho	c mode						

Transfer data rate	<ul> <li>&gt; 802.11b/g         <ol> <li>11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps, auto-fallback, up to 54 Mbps</li> <li>&gt; 802.11g (Super mode)                  up to 108 Mbps</li> <li>&gt; 802.11a (Normal mode)                       54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6Mbps, auto-fallback</li> </ol></li></ul> <li>&gt; 802.11a (Turbo mode)                  108,96,72,48,36,24,18,12 Mbps, auto-fallback</li>
Operation	$> 0^{\circ} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
temperature	
Storage	$> -20^{\circ} \sim 80^{\circ} \text{ C}$
temperature	
Wi-Fi <sup>®</sup> Alliance	> WECA Compliant
WHQL	Microsoft <sup>®</sup> 2K, XP Complaint
FAA	S/W audio On/Off support
EMC certificate	FCC part 15 (USA)
	➢ IC RSS210 (Canada)
Media access	CSMA/CA with ACK architecture 32-bit MAC
protocol	
Embedded	Embedded Dual Band Antenna
Antenna	