

## APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## <u>LIMIT</u>

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

## **EUT Specification**

EUT	1 x 2 Wi-Fi Module					
Trade Name	Roku					
Model Number	WM01; WM02					
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>☑ 802.11b/g/n HT20: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>☑ 802.11n HT40: 2.422GHz ~ 2.452GHz</li> <li>☑ Others</li> </ul>					
Device category	<ul> <li>Portable (&lt;20cm separation)</li> <li>Mobile (&gt;20cm separation)</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>					
Exposure classification	<ul> <li>Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</li> </ul>					
Antenna Specification	WM945B(WM01) Antenna 1 Antenna Gain 2.4GHz 4.12 dBi (Numeric gain: 2.58) WM948B(WM02) Antenna 1 Antenna Gain 2.4GHz 4.02 dBi (Numeric gain: 2.52)					
Maximum Average output power	IEEE 802.11b Mode:17.95 dBm(62.373 mW)IEEE 802.11g Mode:16.05 dBm(40.272 mW)IEEE 802.11n HT 20 Mode:16.05 dBm(40.272 mW)					
Maximum Tune-Up Power	IEEE 802.11b Mode:18.50 dBm(70.795 mW)IEEE 802.11g Mode:17.00 dBm(50.119 mW)IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode:16.50 dBm(44.668 mW)					
Evaluation applied	<ul> <li>MPE Evaluation*</li> <li>SAR Evaluation</li> <li>N/A</li> </ul>					



## **Revision History**

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	2014/2/19	Initial Issue	All	Scott Hsu



# TEST RESULTS

## No non-compliance noted.

CalculationGiven
$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
&  $S = \frac{E^2}{377}$ Where $E = Field$  strength in Volts / meter $P = Power$  in Watts $G = Numeric$  antenna gain $d = Distance$  in meters $S = Power$  density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 and d(cm) = d(m) / 100

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{377 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^{2}$ 



## Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$ 

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 

#### IEEE 802.11b mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
1	2412	70.795	2.58	20	0.0363	1

### IEEE 802.11g mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
6	2437	50.119	2.58	20	0.0257	1

### IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode:

ſ	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
	6	2437	44.668	2.58	20	0.0229	1