

13 January 2010

Prüfbericht / Test Report

Nr. / No. 70751-00483-2 (Edition 3)

Applicant: TECTUS Transponder Technology GmbH

Type of equipment: Handheld RFID Reader
Type designation: MC9090 RFID LF intern

Order No.: ---

Test standards: FCC Code of Federal Regulations,

CFR 47, Part 15,

Sections 15.205, 15.207 and 15.209

Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications

RSS-Gen Issue 2, Section 7.2.2 and

RSS-210 Issue 7, Sections 2.2, 2.6 (Category I Equipment)

Note:

The test data of this report is related only to the individual item which has been tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full extent without the written approval of the testing laboratory.



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1 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Type designation¹:

Parts²:

Serial number(s):

Manufacturer:

Type of equipment:

Version:

FCC ID:

Additional parts/accessories:

MC9090 RFID LF intern

Additional parts/accessories:

Technical data of EUT Application frequency range: 125 - 134.2 kHz Frequency range: 125 kHz, 134.2 kHz Operating frequency: 125 kHz 134.2 kHz Type of modulation: **ASK** Pulse train: Pulse width: Number of RF-channels: 2 Channel spacing: 10K0A1D Designation of emissions³: Type of antenna: Integrated loop 1.5 x 3.5 cm Size/length of antenna: Connection of antenna: detachable Type of power supply: Battery supply 5 V Specifications for power supply: nominal voltage:

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¹ Type designation of the system if EUT consists of more than one part.

² Type designations of the parts of the system, if applicable.

³ Also known as "Class of Emission".

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2 Administrative Data

Application details

Applicant (full address): TECTUS Transponder Technology GmbH

Eurotecring 39 47445 Moers Deutschland

Contact person: Herr Frank Scheuermann

Order number: ---

Receipt of EUT: June 17, 2009
Date(s) of test: June 2009

Note(s): Mr. Volker Söhlke representing TECTUS Transponder Technology

GmbH and Mr. Sebastian Kuhn representing Bartec GmbH attended

all testings.

Report details

Report number: 70751-00483-2

Edition: 3

Issue date: November 6, 2009

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3 Identification of the Test Laboratory

Details of the Test Laboratory

Company name: TÜV SÜD SENTON GmbH

Address: Aeussere Fruehlingstrasse 45

D-94315 Straubing

Germany

Laboratory accreditation: DAR-Registration No. DAT-P-171/94-02

FCC test site registration number 90926 Industry Canada test site registration: 3050A-1

Contact person: Mr. Johann Roidt

Phone: +49 9421 5522-0 Fax: +49 9421 5522-99



4 Summary

Summary of test results

The tested sample complies with the requirements set forth in the

Code of Federal Regulations CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.205 and 15.209

of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and the

Radio Standards Specifications RSS-210 Issue 7, Sections 2.2, 2.6 (Category I Equipment)

of Industry Canada (IC).

Personnel involved in this report	Personnel involved in this report			
Laboratory Manager:				
	He Col			
	Mr. Johann Roidt			
Responsible for testing:				
	Skinell Martin			
	Mr. Martin Steindl			
Responsible for test report:	Mr. Martin Steindl			



5 Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT

Operation Mode

The EUT was operated in continuous transmitting (reading) mode. In order to address the transmitter colocation requirement, the Bluetooth and WLAN transmitters were activated during testing.

Configuration of EUT

The EUT was configurated as external attached reader of a standalone handheld PC.

List	List of ports and cables					
Port	Description	Classification ⁴	Cable type	Cable length		

List	List of devices connected to EUT					
Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer		

List	List of support devices				
Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer	
1	Mobile Computer	MC9090-ex-G/K		Motorola	
2	Tag 125 kHz	Hitag			
3	Tag 134 kHz	Unique			

⁴ Ports shall be classified as ac power, dc power or signal/control port

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6 Measurement Procedures

6.1 Bandwidth Measurements

Measurement Procedure:	Measurement Procedure:			
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2 IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.3 ANSI C63.4, annex H.6			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2			
Measurement setup:	☐ Conducted: See below ☐ Radiated: Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.2)			

If antenna is detachable bandwidth measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement) when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure, if applicable. The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable.

If radiated measurements are performed the same test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range.

The analyzer settings are specified by the test description of the appropriate test record(s).

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6.2 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205 and 15.209 IC RSS-210 Issue 7, sections 2.2 and 2.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	

Radiated emission in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or semi anechoic room with the detector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration is also used for recording the spectrum of intentional radiators.

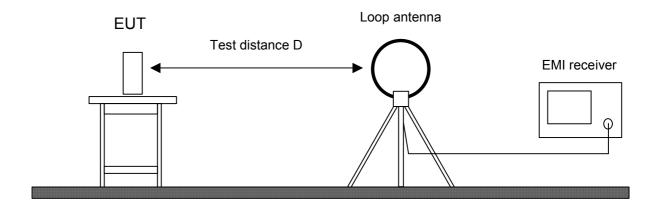
Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.

EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).

Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.



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Test instruments used:

Used	Туре	Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
\boxtimes	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI test receiver	ESMI	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Test receiver	ESHS 10	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Preamplifier	CPA9231A	3393	Schaffner
\boxtimes	Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	882964/1	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	Albatross Projects
	Semi-anechoic room	No. 3	1453	Siemens
\boxtimes	Open field test site	EG 1	1450	Senton



6.3 Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room

Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.209 IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section 2.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	

Radiated emission in fully or semi anechoic room is measured in the frequency range from 30 MHz to the maximum frequency as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.33.

Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization in a fully anechoic room using a spectrum analyzer with the detector function set to peak and resolution as well as video bandwidth set to 100 kHz (below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz (above 1 GHz).

Testing up to 1 GHz is performed with a linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna"). For testing above 1 GHz horn antennas are used.

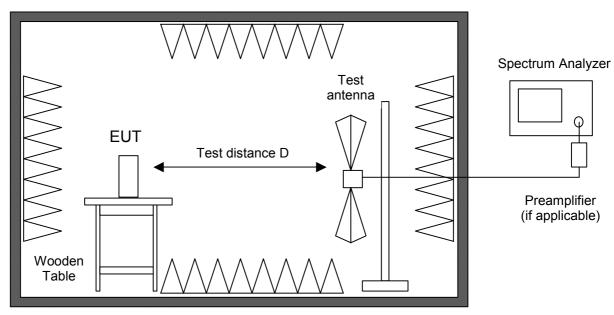
All tests below 8.2 GHz are performed at a test distance D of 3 meters. For higher frequencies the test distance may be reduced (e.g. to 1 meter) due to the sensitivity of the measuring instrument(s) and the test results are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(f)(1) using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade. If required, preamplifiers are used for the whole frequency range. Special care is taken to avoid overload, using appropriate attenuators and filters, if necessary.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing. During testing the EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For final testing below 1 GHz an open field test-site is used and the plots recorded in the fully or semi anechoic room are indicated as prescans.





Fully or semi anechoic room

Test instruments used:

Used	Туре	Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
\boxtimes	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI test receiver	ESPI7	101018	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI test receiver	ESMI	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Preamplifier	CPA9231A	3393	Schaffner
	Preamplifier	R14601		Advantest
	Preamplifier 1-8 GHz	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	847743	Miteq
	Preamplifier 0.5-8 GHz	AMF-4D-005080-25-13P	860149	Miteq
	Preamplifier 8-18 GHz	ACO/180-3530	32641	CTT
	External Mixer	WM782A	845881/005	Tektronix
	Harmonic Mixer Accessories	FS-Z30	843389/007	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Trilog broadband antenna	VULB 9163	9163-188	Schwarzbeck
	Horn antenna	3115	9508-4553	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-03	9112-1003	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-04	9112-1001	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-05	9112-1001	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-06	9112-1001	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-07	9112-1008	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-08	9112-1002	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-09	9403-1025	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-10	399185	EMCO
\boxtimes	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	Albatross Projects
	Semi-anechoic room	No. 3	1453	Siemens

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Radiated Emission at Open Field Test Site

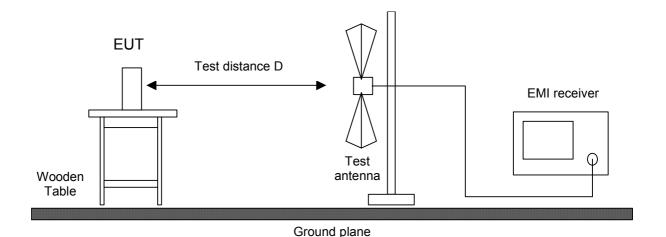
Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.209 IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section 2.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	

Radiated emission at open field test site is measured in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz using a biconical antenna up to 300 MHz and a logarithmic periodic antenna above. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with guasi-peak detector selected.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in the fully anechoic room. EUT is rotated all around and receiving antenna is raised and lowered within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected. Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.



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Test instruments used:

Used	Туре		Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
\boxtimes	EMI receiver	EG 1	ESVP	881120/024	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI receiver		ESVP	891846/003	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Biconical antenna	EG 1	HK 116	842204/001	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Log. per. antenna	EG 1	HL 223	841516/023	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Open field test site		EG 1	1450	Senton

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7 Photographs Taken During Testing



Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz - 30 MHz







Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz – 30 MHz - continued -







Test setup for radiated emission measurement (fully anechoic room)





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Test setup for radiated emission measurement (fully anechoic room) - continued -





Test setup for radiated emission measurement (open field test site)







Test setup for radiated emission measurement (open field test site) - continued -





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8 Test Results

FCC CFR 47 Parts 2 and 15			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.1046(a)	Conducted output power		Not applicable
2.202(a)	Occupied bandwidth	24	Recorded
2.201, 2.202	Class of emission	33	Calculated
15.35(c)	Pulse train measurement for pulsed operation		Not applicable
15.205(a)	Restricted bands of operation	34	Test passed
15.207	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz		Not applicable
15.205(b) 15.209	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 30 MHz	37	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.209	Radiated emission 30 MHz to 1 GHz	40	Test passed

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IC RSS-Gen Is	IC RSS-Gen Issue 2		
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
4.8	Transmitter output power (conducted)		Not applicable
4.6.1	Occupied Bandwidth 24 Recorded		Recorded
3.2(h), 8	Designation of emissions	33 Calculated	
4.5	Pulsed operation		Not applicable
7.2.2	Transmitter AC power lines conducted emissions Not applic 150 kHz to 30 MHz		Not applicable
5.5	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	41	Exempted from SAR and RF evaluation

IC RSS-210 Issue 7			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.2(a)	Restricted bands and unwanted emission frequencies	34	Test passed
2.2(b)(c) 2.6	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	37	Test passed
2.2(b)(c) 2.6	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz	40	Test passed



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8.1 Occupied Bandwidth

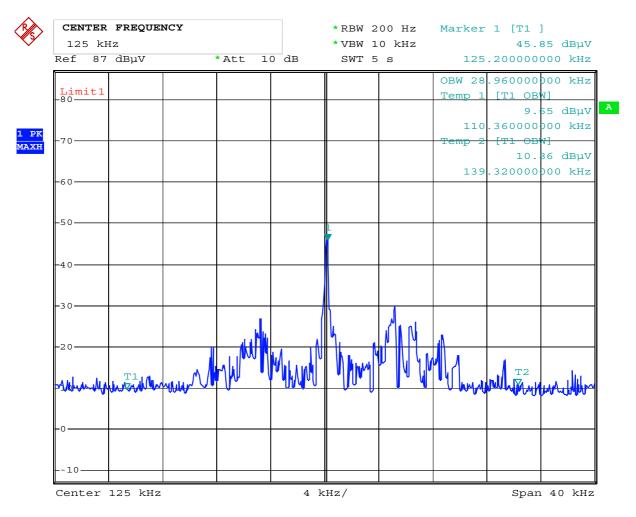
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) ANSI C63.4, annex H.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	The occupied bandwidth according to measured as the 99% emission bandwupper frequency limits, the mean power the total mean power radiated by a given	width, i.e. below its lower and above its ers radiated are each equal to 0.5% of
	The occupied bandwidth according to as the frequency range defined by the the maximum level of the modulated care.	points that are 26 dB down relative to
	The resolution bandwidth of the spectr greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandare given, the following guidelines are	width. If no bandwidth specifications
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.	
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	

Comment:	
Date of test:	June 17, 2009
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

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Occupied Bandwidth (99 %) 125 kHz:



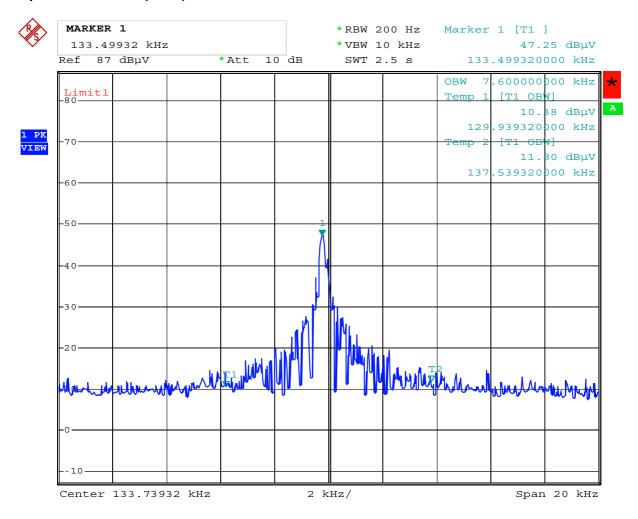
Date: 17.JUN.2009 13:58:24

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):

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Occupied Bandwidth (99 %) 134.2 kHz:



Date: 17.JUN.2009 14:30:04

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)

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Occupied Bandwidth (continued)

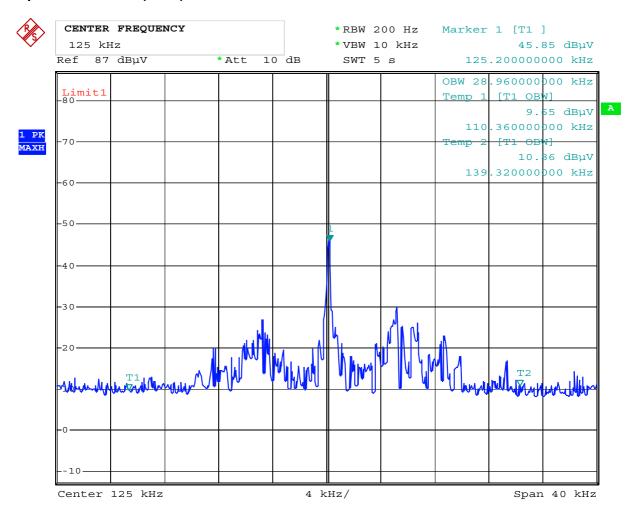
Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, section 4.6.1
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, section 4.6.1
Description:	If not specified in the applicable RSS the occupied bandwidth is measuredas the 99% emission bandwidth. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is also recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)

Comment:	
Date of test:	June 17, 2009
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

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Occupied Bandwidth (99 %) 125 kHz:



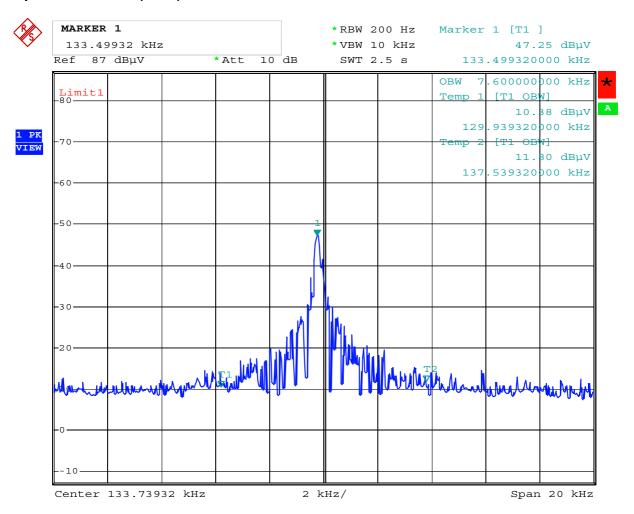
Date: 17.JUN.2009 13:58:24

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):

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Occupied Bandwidth (99 %) 134.2 kHz:



Date: 17.JUN.2009 14:30:04

Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): 7.6 kHz



8.2 Bandwidth of the Emission

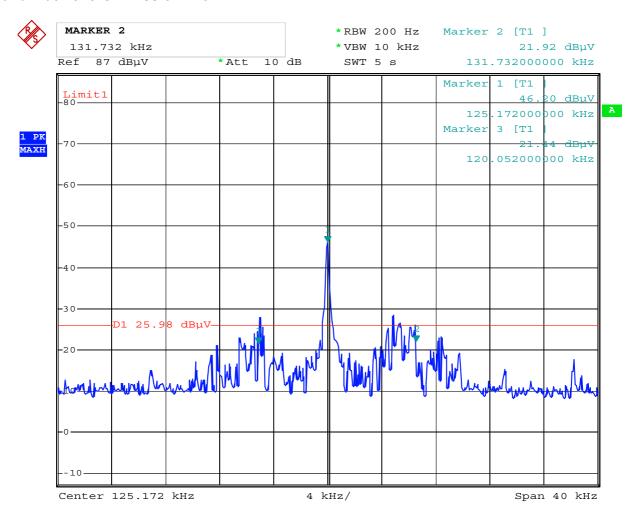
Rules and specifications:		
Guide:		
Description:	The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 20 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. For intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits the requirement to contain the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least resolution bandwidth.	three times greater than the
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	

Comment:	
Date of test:	June 17, 2009
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

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Bandwidth of the Emission 125 kHz:



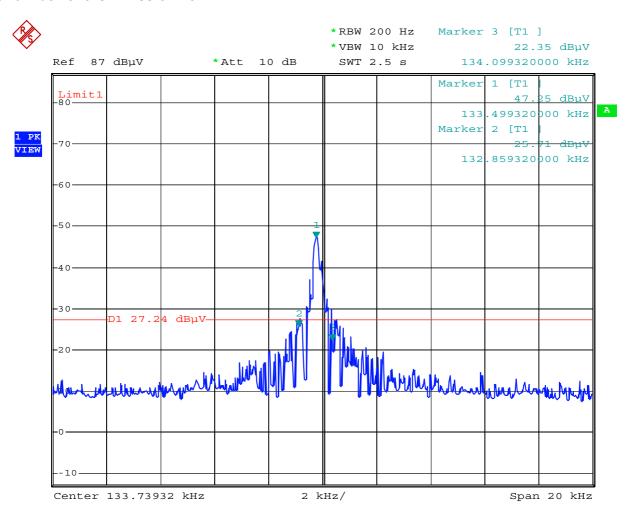
Date: 17.JUN.2009 14:03:46

Bandwidth of the emission:

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Bandwidth of the Emission 134.2 kHz:



Date: 17.JUN.2009 14:28:43

Pandwidth of the emission:	4 24 kH=
Bandwidth of the emission:	1.24 KHZ

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8.3 Designation of Emissions

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, sections 2.201 and 2.202 IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, sections 3.2(h) and 8
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / TRC-43

Type of modulation:	Amplitude Modulation
B _n = Necessary Bandwidth	B _n = 2BK

Calculation:	$B_n = 2 \cdot (5 \text{ kHz}) \cdot 1 = 10 \text{ kHz}$
K = Overall numerical factor	K = 1
B = Modulation rate	B = 5 kHz
B _n = Necessary Bandwidth	B _n = 2BK

Designation of Emissions:

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8.4 Restricted Bands of Operation

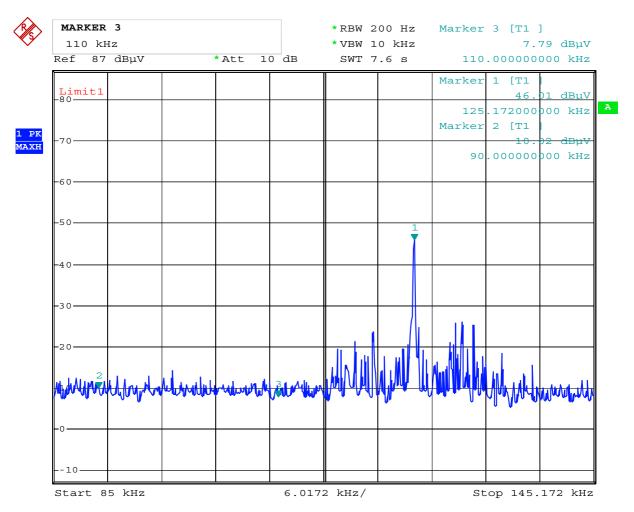
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section 2.2(a)	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Limit:	Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed in CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) or IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section 2.2(a).	
Measurement procedure: Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.2)		

Comment:	
Date of test:	June 17, 2009
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters

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Restricted Bands of Operation 125 kHz:



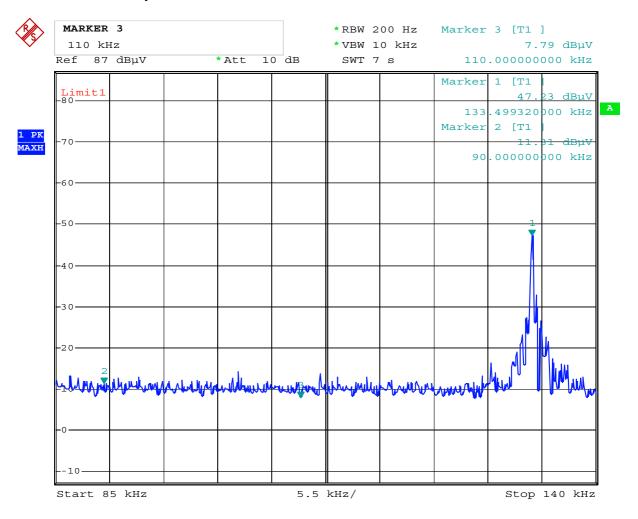
Date: 17.JUN.2009 14:05:20

Test Result: Test passed		Test Result:	Test passed	
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Restricted Bands of Operation 134.2 kHz:



Date: 17.JUN.2009 14:33:40

est Result:	Test passed	
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8.5 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205 and 15.209 IC RSS-210 Issue 7, sections 2.2 and 2.6					
Guide:	ANSI C63.4					
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Measurement Distance d (meters)				
	0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	67.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	300		
	0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	87.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	30		
	1.705 - 30.000	30	29.5	30		
	Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.					
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission	Measurement 9 k	Hz to 30 MHz (6.2)			

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

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Comment: Test performed with carrier 125 kHz

Date of test:

June 17, 2009

Test site:

Open field test site

Test Result: Test passed

Extrapolation factor: -40 dB/decade										
Frequency	Detector	Dista	ance	Reading	Correction	Extrapolation	Pulse Train	Final	Limit	Margin
		d1	d	Value	Factor	Factor	Correction	Value		
(MHz)		(m)	(m)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
0.12518	Peak	10	300	23.4	20.0	-59.1		-15.7	25.7	41.3

Sample calculation of final values:

Extrapolation Factor (dB) = $(Log(d) - Log(d_1)) \cdot Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)$

Final Value ($dB\mu V/m$) = Reading Value d_1 ($dB\mu V$) + Correction Factor (dB/m)

+ Extrapolation Factor (dB) + Pulse Train Correction (dB)

Note: Extrapolation factor (dB) and final value (dBµV/m) are relating to distance d.

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Comment: Test performed with carrier 134.2 kHz

Date of test:

June 17, 2009

Test site:

Open field test site

Test Result: Test passed

Extrapolation factor: -40 dB/decade										
Frequency	Detector	Dist	ance	Reading	Correction	Extrapolation	Pulse Train	Final	Limit	Margin
		d1	d	Value	Factor	Factor	Correction	Value		
(MHz)		(m)	(m)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
0.13352	Quasi-Peak	10	300	20.9	20.0	-59.1		-18.2	25.1	43.3

Sample calculation of final values:

Extrapolation Factor (dB) = $(Log(d) - Log(d_1)) \cdot Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)$ Final Value (dB μ V/m) = Reading Value d₁ (dB μ V) + Correction Factor (dB/m) + Extrapolation Factor (dB) + Pulse Train Correction (dB)

Note: Extrapolation factor (dB) and final value (dB μ V/m) are relating to distance d.

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8.6 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.209 IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section 2.6				
Guide:	ANSI C63.4				
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)				
	30 - 88	100	40.0		
	88 - 216	150	43.5		
	216 - 960	200	46.0		
	Above 960	500	54.0		
	Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.				
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.3) Radiated Emission at Open Field Test Site (6.4)				

Comment:	Test performed with carrier 125 kHz		
Date of test:	June 17, 2009		
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Open field test site Frequencies > 1 GHz: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2		
Test distance:	3 meters		

Test Result:	Test passed
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Frequency	Antenna	Detector	Receiver	Correction	Pulse Train	Final	Limit	Margin
	Polarization		Reading	Factor	Correction	Value		
(MHz)			(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
369.859	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	4.3	17.6		21.9	46.0	24.1

Sample calculation of final values:

Final Value (dB μ V/m) = Reading Value (dB μ V) + Correction Factor (dB/m) + Pulse Train Correction (dB)

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8.7 Exposure of Humans to RF Fields

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, section 5.5						
Guide: IC RSS-102 Issue 2, section 2.5							
				<u> </u>		۱ ــ	
Expo	Applicable Applicated by Appli						
The antenna is							
detachable							
The conducted o connector:	utput power (CP in wa	atts) is measured at the antenna					
	<i>CP</i> =	W					
The effective isot	ropic radiated power	(EIRP in watts) is calculated using					
☐ the numerica	al antenna gain: $EIRP = G \cdot CF$	$G = \dots$ $P \Rightarrow EIRP = \dots$ W					
☐ the field stre	ngth ⁵ in V/m:	$FS = \dots V/m$					
	$EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30}$	\Rightarrow EIRP = W					
with:							
	Distance between the antennas in m: $D = \dots $ m						
not detachable			1			ı	
	neasurement is used t EIRP in watts) given b	to determine the effective isotropic y ⁵ :					
	$EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30}$	$\Rightarrow EIRP = 1.48 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ W}$					

power (e.i.r.p.): $TP = 1.48 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ W}$

The output power TP is the higher of the conducted or effective isotropic radiated

 $FS = 2.22 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ V/m}$

D = 3 m

with:

Selection of output power

Field strength in V/m:

Distance between the two antennas in m:

 \boxtimes

⁵ The conversion formula is valid only for properly matched antennas. In other cases the transmitter output power may have to be measured by a terminated measurement when applying the exemption clauses. If an open area test site is used for field strength measurement, the effect due to the metal ground reflecting plane should be subtracted from the maximum field strength value in order to reference it to free space, before calculating TP.

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Exposure of Humans to RF Fields (continued)	Applicable	Declared by applicant	Measured	Exemption
Separation distance between the user and the transmitting device is				
		\boxtimes		
Transmitting device is				
☐ in the vicinity of the human head ☐ body-worn		\boxtimes		
SAR evaluation				
SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and the device is less than or equal to 20 cm.				
The device operates from 3 kHz up to 1 GHz inclusively and its source-based time-averaged output power is less than, or equal to 200 mW for General Public Use and 1000 mW for Controlled Use.				
The device operates above 1 GHz up to 2.2 GHz inclusively and its source-based time-averaged output power is less than, or equal to 100 mW for General Public Use and 500 mW for Controlled Use.				
The device operates above 2.2 GHz up to 3 GHz inclusively and its source-based time-averaged output power is less than, or equal to 20 mW for General Public Use and 100 mW for Controlled Use.				
The device operates above 3 GHz up to 6 GHz inclusively and its source-based time-averaged output power) is less than, or equal to 10 mW for General Public Use and 50 mW for Controlled Use.				
SAR evaluation is documented in test report no.				
RF exposure evaluation				
RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and the device is greater than 20 cm.				
The device operates below 1.5 GHz and its e.i.r.p. is equal to or less than 2.5 W.				
The device operates at or above 1.5 GHz and the e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W.				
☐ RF exposure evaluation is documented in test report no				

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Referenced Regulations

All tests were performed with reference to the following regulations and standards:

CFR 47 Part 2	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2008
CFR 47 Part 15	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2008
ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low- Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	December 11, 2003 (published on January 30, 2004)
RSS-Gen	Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 2 containing General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equimpment, published by Industry Canada	June 2007
RSS-210	Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 Issue 7 for Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, published by Industry Canada	June 2007
RSS-310	Radio Standards Specification RSS-310 Issue 2 for Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category II Equipment, published by Industry Canada	June 2007
RSS-102	Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 3: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), published by Industry Canada	June 2009
ICES-003	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 4 for Digital Apparatus, published by Industry Canada	February 7, 2004
CISPR 22	Third Edition of the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), Pub. 22, "Information Technology Equipment – Radio Disturbance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement"	1997
CAN/CSA- CEI/IEC CISPR 22	Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment	2002

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☑ TRC-43

Notes Regarding Designation of Emission (Including Necessary Bandwidth and Classification), Class of Station and Nature of Service, published by Industry Canada

October 9, 1982

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10 Revision History

Revisio	Revision History							
Edition	Date	Issued by	Modifications					
1	June 17, 2009	M. Steindl (aw)	First Edition					
2	November 6, 2009	C. Jäger	Edition 2 Update of referenced standards required for FCC-/IC Certification					
3	13 Jan 2010	J. Roidt	Statement on transmitter co-location requirement added.					

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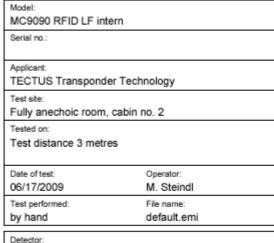


11 Charts taken during testing

Web: www.tuev-sued.com/senton



Radiated Emission Test 9 kHz - 30 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)

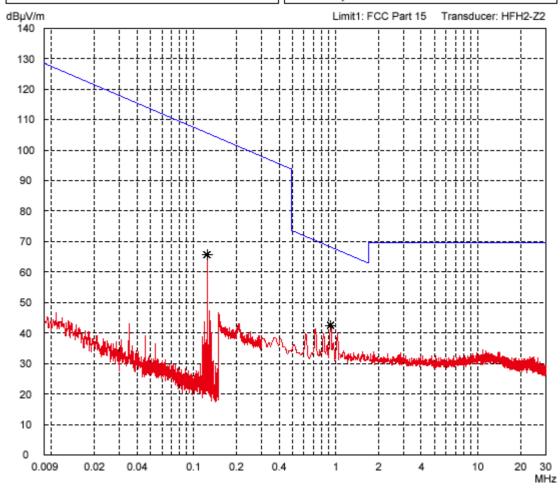


Comment

- EUT transmitting continuously, reading tag 125 kHz
- EUT flat on table (P1)



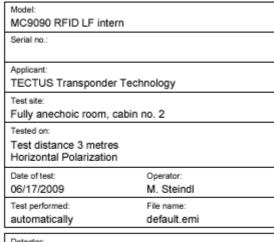
List of values: Selected by hand



Web: www.tuev-sued.com/senton

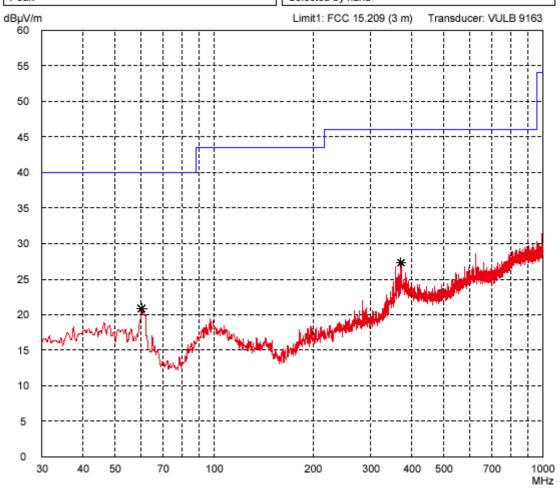


Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)



- EUT transmitting continuously, reading tag 125 kHz
- EUT flat on table (P1)

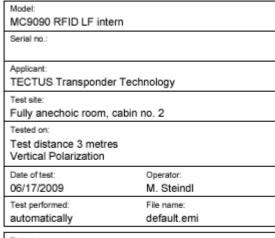




Web: www.tuev-sued.com/senton

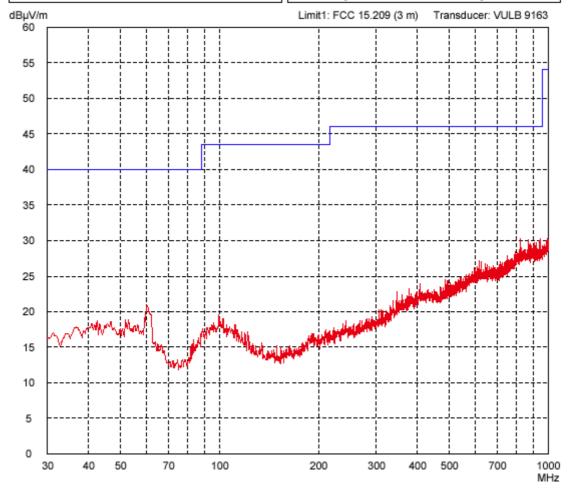


Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)



- EUT transmitting continuously, reading tag 125 kHz
- EUT flat on table (P1)

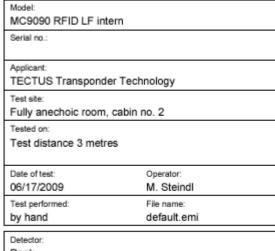




Web: www.tuev-sued.com/senton

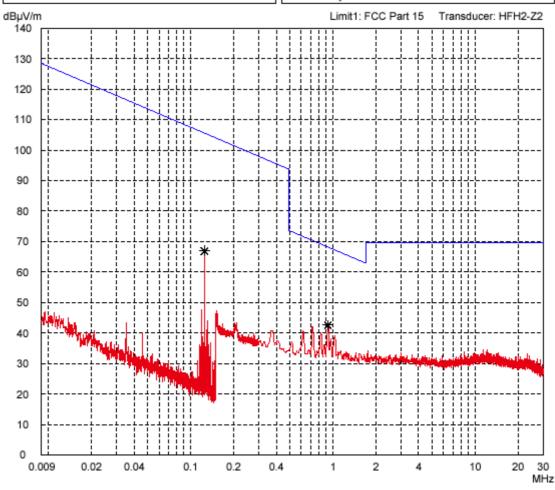


Radiated Emission Test 9 kHz - 30 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)



- EUT transmitting continuously, reading tag 125 kHz
- EUT on long side (P2)

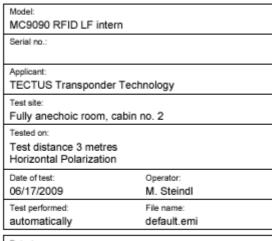




Web: www.tuev-sued.com/senton

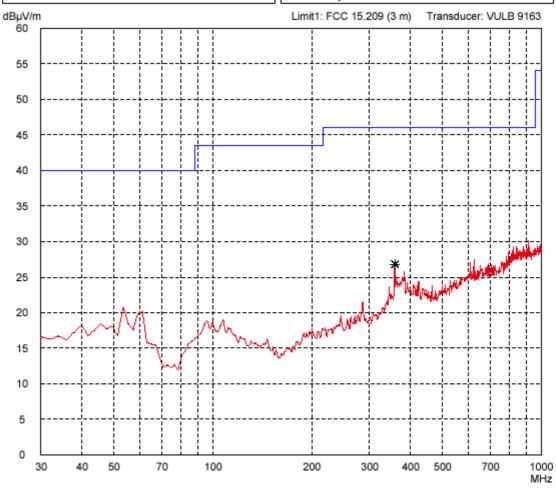


Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)



- EUT transmitting continuously, reading tag 125 kHz
- EUT on long side (P2)

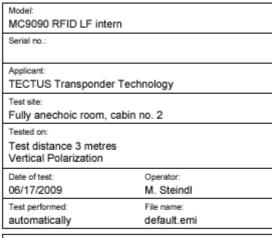




Web: www.tuev-sued.com/senton

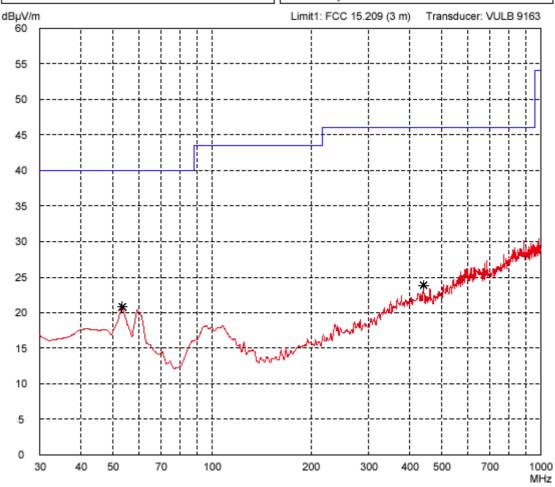


Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)



- EUT transmitting continuously, reading tag 125 kHz
- EUT on long side (P2)

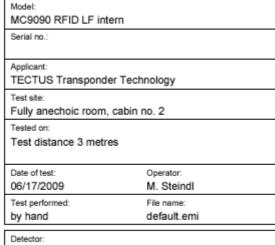




Web: www.tuev-sued.com/senton

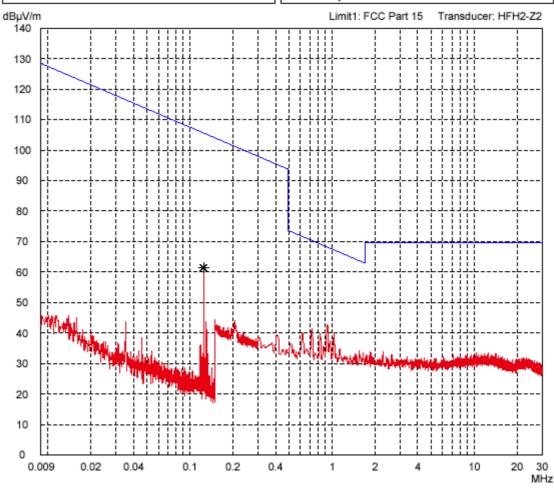


Radiated Emission Test 9 kHz - 30 MHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)



- EUT transmitting continuously, reading tag 125 kHz
- EUT in upright position (P3)

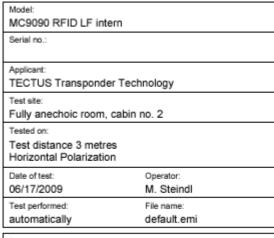




Web: www.tuev-sued.com/senton

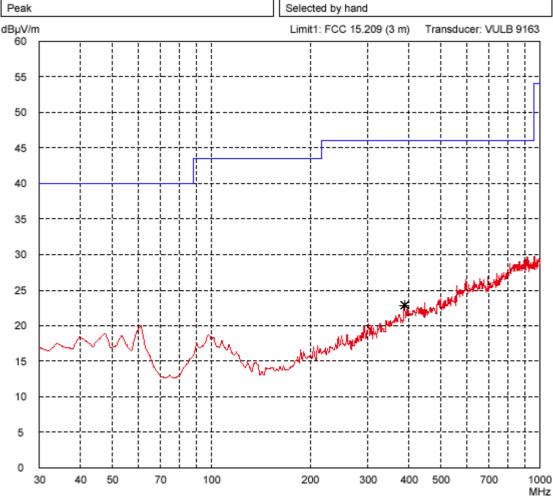


Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)



- EUT transmitting continuously, reading tag 125 kHz
- EUT in upright position (P3)

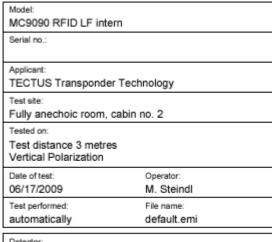




Web: www.tuev-sued.com/senton



Radiated Emission Test 30 MHz - 1 GHz acc. to FCC Part 15 Subpart C (FAR)



- EUT transmitting continuously, reading tag 125 kHz
- EUT in upright position (P3)



