

Nemko Korea CO., Ltd.

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FCC EVALUATION REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION**Applicant :**

C-motech Co., Ltd.

Dates of Issue : September, 19, 2006

5F BLD. Etronix 17-10, Yoido-dong, Youngdungpo-Gu

Test Report No. : NK2GR178

Seoul, Korea, (Post code : 150-874)

Test Site : Nemko Korea Co., Ltd.

FCC ID**TARCDM-650****Brand Name**C-motech
C-motech Co., Ltd.**CONTACT PERSON**5F BLD. Etronix 17-10, Yoido-dong,
Youngdungpo-gu, Seoul Korea(150-874)
Mr. Byung-Young Choi
Telephone No. : +82 2 785-5540**Applied Standard:**

FCC 47 CFR Part 15 & 2

FCC 47 CFR Part 22H & Part 24E

Classification:

FCC Class B Device

Equipment Class:

Public Mobile Services

EUT Type:

Dual Band CDMA 1x EVDO Data Modem

The device bearing the brand name and FCC ID specified above has been shown to comply with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI C63.4-2003.

I attest to the accuracy of data and all measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

**Tested By : S. Lee**
Engineer**Reviewed By : H.H. Kim**
Manager & Chief Engineer

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1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EME) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission under FCC Part 15 & Part 22 & 24.

Responsible Party :	C-motech Co., Ltd.
Contact Person :	Mr. Byung-Young Choi
	Tel No. : +82 2 785 5540
Manufacturer :	C-motech Co., Ltd. 5F BLD. Etronix 17-10, Yido-dong, Youngdungpo-gu, Seoul Korea(150-874)

- FCC ID: TARCDM-650
- Model: CDM-650
- Brand Name: C-motech
- EUT Type: Dual Band CDMA 1x EVDO Data Modem
- Electric Rating: Input : AC100~240 Output : dc12V 3.5A
- Port / Connector: USB, Serial, SMA Antenna Connector
- Equipment Class: Public Mobile Service
- Classification: FCC Class B
- Applied Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 & 2
FCC 47 CFR Part 22H &24E
- Test Procedure(s): ANSI C63.4 (2003), DA 02-2138(2002)
- Dates of Test: September 01, 2006 to September 18, 2006
- Place of Tests: Nemko Korea Co., Ltd.
- Test Report No.: NK2GR178

2. Introduction (Site Description)

The measurement procedure described in American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz (ANSI C63.4-2003) was used in determining radiated and conducted emissions emanating from **C-motech Co., Ltd.**

FCC ID : **TARCDM-650**

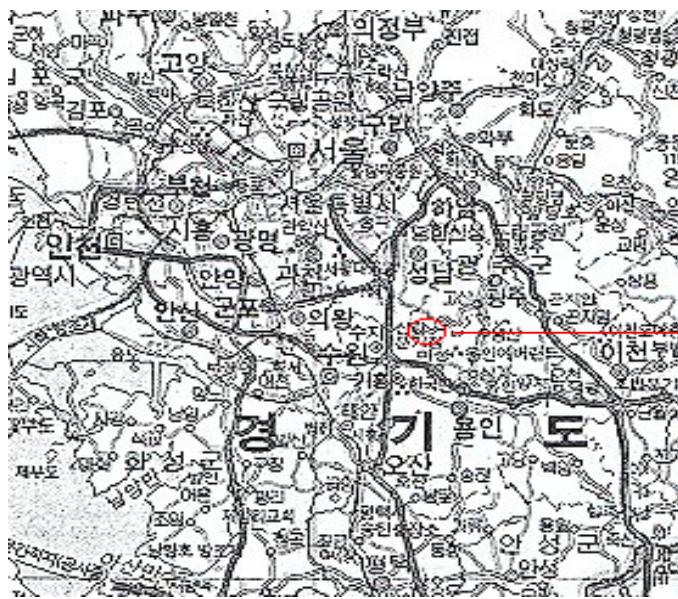
These measurement tests were conducted at **Nemko Korea Co., Ltd.**

The site address is 300-2, Osan-Ri, Mohyun-Myun, Yongin-City, GyungGi-Do, KOREA

The area of Nemko Korea Corporation Ltd. Test Site is located in a mountain area at 80 kilometers (48 miles) southeast and Incheon International Airport (Incheon Airport), 30 kilometers (18miles) south-southeast from central Seoul.

It is located in the valley surrounded by mountains in all directions where ambient radio signal conditions are quiet and a favorable area to measure the radio frequency interference on open field test site for the computing and ISM devices manufactures.

The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 2003.



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Fig. 1. The map above shows the Seoul in Korea vicinity area.
The map also shows Nemko Korea Corporation Ltd. and Incheon Airport.

3. Test Conditions & EUT Information

Operating During Test

The EUT was tested at the lowest channel, middle channel and the highest channel with the maximum RF power and all data recorded in the report.

Environmental Conditions

Temperature	20°C ~ 25°C
Relative Humidity	38% ~ 65%

Description of EUT

Clock	X302 (32.768kHz), X301 (48MHz)	
Chipset(s)	U301(MSM6500)	
	U206(RFR6000), U106(RFT6100)	
Port(s)	USB , Serial , R-UIM , SMA Connector	
Frequency	Tx	824.70 ~ 848.31MHz 1851.25 ~ 1908.75MHz
	Rx	869.70 ~ 893.31MHz 1931.25 ~ 1988.75MHz
Output Power	CDMA :ERP 0.540W(27.32dBm) US PCS : EIRP 1.186W(30.74dBm)	
Type of Oscillation	PLL Synthesizer & VCTCXO(19.2MHz)	
Modulation Method	Tx : OQPSK / Rx : QPSK	
Emission Designator	1M28F9W	
Number of channels	20CH for CDMA / 48CH for US PCS	
Antenna Type	Dual Dipole Antenna	
Antenna Gain	Cellular / PCS : -2.0 dBi	
Dimensions	110mm x 70mm x 21mm	
Weight	Approx.130g	
Operating Conditions	-20°C ~ +60°C , 85%	
Antenna Length	125.5±1mm	

Support Equipment (Part 15)

CDMA 1X-EVDO Data Modem (EUT)	C-motech Co., Ltd. FCC ID: TARCDM-650 0.5m shielded USB cable	S/N: N/A
Wireless Communications Test Set	Agilent Model : E5515C	S/N: GB43193659
Notebook Computer	Dell Asia Pacific Sdn. Model: PPT(Latitude D400) Adaptor : Samsung Electro- Mechanics Co., Ltd. Model : SA90PSO-00 1.2m unshielded AC cable, 1.8m unshielded DC cable with ferrite core at DC jack end.	S/N: 7WV381S S/N: N/A
LCD Monitor	Namsong Industrial, Model : B17DF 1.5m shielded D-sub cable 1.8m unshielded AC power cable	S/N: N/A
Keyboard	HP Model: KB-9970 1.5m unshielded Din cable	S/N:1B02800027B
PS/2 Mouse	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd. Model: SMP2000WX 1.2m unshielded Din cable	S/N: N/A
USB Mouse	Logitech, Model : M-UVDEL1 1.2m shielded D-Sub cable	S/N:LNA44003753
Printer	HP Model : C6429A 1.5m shielded Parallel cable 1.8m unshielded AC power cable	S/N:MY9C6110DQ
CDMA 1X-EVDO Data Modem (EUT)	C-motech Co., Ltd. FCC ID: TARCDM-650 0.5m shielded USB cable	S/N: N/A

4. Measuring Instrument Calibration

All measurements were made with instruments calibrated according to the recommendation by manufacturer. Measurement of radiated emissions and conducted emissions were made with instruments conforming to American National Standards Institute, ANSI C63.4-2003.

The calibration of measuring instrument, including any accessories that may affect test results, were performed according to the recommendation by manufacturer.

- End of page -

5. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specification:

Description of Test	FCC Rule	Result
Modulation Characteristics	§2.1047	Complies
ERP / EIRP Measurement	§2.1046 §22.913(a) §24.232(b)	Complies
Conducted Output Power	§2.1046(a) §22.913(a) §24.232(b)	Complies
Occupied Bandwidth / 26dB Emission Bandwidth	§2.1049(h) (i)	Complies
Spurious Emission at antenna Terminals	§2.1051 §22.917(a) §24.238(a)	Complies
Field Strength of spurious Radiation	§2.1053 §22.917(a) §24.238(a)	Complies
Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation	§2.1055 §22.355 §24.235	Complies
Band Edge	§22.905 §24.229	Complies
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	§15.207	Complies

6. Recommendation / Conclusion

The data collected shows that the **C-motech Co., Ltd.**

FCC ID : TARCDM-650, Dual Band CDMA 1xEVDO Data Modem.

The highest emission observed was at **0.18MHz** for conducted emissions with a Q.P margin of **18.0 dB**, at **3817.50MHz** for radiated emissions with a margin of **4.62 dB**.

7. Sample Calculation

7.1 Radiation for Part 15

$$\text{dB } \mu\text{V} = 20 \log_{10} (\mu\text{V}/\text{m})$$

$$\mu\text{V} = 10^{(\text{dB } \mu\text{V}/20)}$$

EX. 1.

@165.0 MHz

Class B limit = 30.0 dB $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$

Reading = 38.2 dB μV (calibrated level)

Antenna factor + Cable Loss + Amplifier Gain = -12.9 dB

Total = 25.30 dB $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$

Margin = 30.0 – 25.30 = 4.70

4.70 dB below the limit

7.2 Radiation for Part 22 / 24

The formula below was used to calculate the ERP/EIRP of the EUT.

$P_{\text{subst_TX[dBm]}}$, $P_{\text{subst_RX[dBm]}}$, $L_{\text{Cable[dB]}}$ and $G_{\text{substitute_antenna[dBd]/[dBi]}}$ factors are combined in one correction factor.

$$P_{\text{ERP[W]}} = \frac{10^{(P_{\text{subst_Tx[dBm]}} + P_{\text{EUT[dBm]}} - P_{\text{subst_Rx[dBm]}} + G_{\text{substitute_antenna[dBd]/[dBi]}} - L_{\text{cable[dB]}})/10}}{1000}$$

where the variables are as follows:

$P_{\text{EUT [dBm]}}$	Measured power level from the EUT
$P_{\text{Subst_TX [dBm]}}$	Power fed to the substituting antenna
$P_{\text{Subst_RX [dBm]}}$	Power received with the spectrum analyzer
$G_{\text{Substitute_antenna [dBd]}}$	Gain of the substitutive antenna over dipole (dBi – 2.15dB)
$L_{\text{Cable [dB]}}$	Loss of the cable between signal generator and the substituting antenna

8. Test Equipment List

No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
1	Test Receiver	R & S	ESCS 30	833364/020	Aug. 17 2006	1year
2	*Test Receiver	R & S	ESCS 30	100302	Dec. 06 2005	1year
3	Amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A04549	Aug. 17 2006	1year
4	Amplifier	HP	8447F	2944A03956	Aug. 17 2006	1year
5	*Amplifier	HP	8447F	2805A03351	Oct. 25 2005	1year
6	*Amplifier	HP	8449B	3008A00107	Mar. 12 2006	1year
7	*Spectrum Analyzer	HP	8566B	267A03469	Mar.10 2006	1year
8	Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3265A	45060401	Dec.06 2005	1year
9	Spectrum Analyzer	HP	8568B	1912A00573	Oct.25 2005	1year
10	*Biconical Log-Perio. Antenna	ARA	LBP-2520/A	1203	May. 06 2006	1year
11	*Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120 D	9120D-474	Apr. 05 2006	1year
12	*Biconical Log Antenn	ARA	LPB-2520/A	1180	Mar. 06 2006	1year
13	Signal Generator	R & S	SMP02	833286/003	Aug. 17 2006	1year
14	*LISN	R & S	ESH3-Z5	833874/006	Oct. 25 2005	1year
15	*Position Controller	DAEIL EMC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
16	*Turn Table	DAEIL EMC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
17	*Antenna Mast	DAEIL EMC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
18	*Anechoic Chamber	EM Eng.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
19	*Shielded Room	EM Eng.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
20	*Position Controller	Inn-co	CO2000	N/A	N/A	N/A
21	*Turn Table	Inn-co	DS1200S	N/A	N/A	N/A
22	*Antenna Mast	Inn-co	AS2000P	N/A	N/A	N/A
23	*Anechoic Chamber	Seo-Young EMC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
24	*Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120 D	9120D-508	Oct. 12 2005	1year
25	*Communications Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	GB43193659	Jun.09 2006	1year
26	*Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY44022567	Dec.31 2005	1year
27	*Signal Generator	Anritsu	68245B	983206	Jan.06 2006	1year

*) Test equipment used during the test

9. Description of Tests

9.1 Conducted Emissions

The Line conducted emission test facility is located inside a 4 X 7 X 2.5 meter shielded enclosure.

It is manufactured by EM engineering. The shielding effectiveness of the shielded room is in accordance with MIL-STD-285 or NSA 65-6.

A 1m X 1.5m wooden table 0.8m height is placed 0.4m away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side of wall of the shielded room

Rohde & Schwarz (ESH3-Z5) and Kyoritsu (KNW-407) of the 50ohm/50uH Line Impedance Stabilization Network(LISN) are bonded to the shielded room.

The EUT is powered from the Rohde & Schwarz LISN and the support equipment is powered from the Kyoritsu LISN. Power to the LISN s are filtered by high-current high insertion loss Power line filters. The purpose of filter is to attenuate ambient signal interference and this filter is also bonded to shielded enclosure. All electrical cables are shielded by tinned copper zipper tubing with inner diameter of 1/2".

If DC power device, power will be derived from the source power supply it normally will be powered from and this supply lines will be connected to the LISNs,

All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened by non inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) to a 1 meter length.

Sufficient time for EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME from the EUT. The spectrum was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz with 20msec sweep time.

The frequency producing the maximum level was re-examined using the EMI test receiver. (Rohde & Schwarz ESCS30).

The detector function were set to CISPR quasi-peak mode & average mode.

The bandwidth of receiver was set to 9KHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each EME emission.

Each emission was maximized by; switching power lines; varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed; scrolling H pattern to the EUT and of support equipment, and powering the monitor from the floor mounted outlet box and computer aux AC outlet, if applicable; which ever determined the worst case emission.

Each EME reported was calibrated using the R&S signal generator.

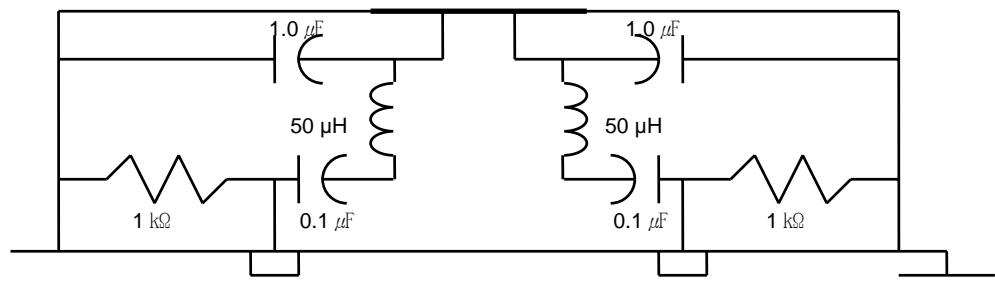


Fig. 2. LISN Schematic Diagram

9.2 Radiated Emissions

Preliminary measurement were made indoors at 3 meter using broad band antennas, broadband amplifier, and spectrum analyzer to determine the frequency producing the maximum EME. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all EME from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The Technology configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, turntable azimuth with respect to the antenna was note for each frequency found. The spectrum was scanned from 30 to 1000MHz using Biconical log Antenna(ARA, LPB-2520/A).

Final Measurements were made outdoors at 3 or 10m test range using Logbicon Super Antenna(Schwarzbeck, VULB 9166).

The test equipment was placed on a wooden table.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition.

Each frequency found during pre-scan measurements was reexamined and investigated using EMI test receiver.(ESCS30)

The detector function were set to CISPR quasi-peak and peak mode and the bandwidth of the receiver were set to 120KHz and 1MHz depending on the frequency or type of signal.

The half wave dipole antenna was tuned to the frequency found during preliminary radiated measurements.

The EUT support equipment and interconnecting cables were re configured to the setup producing the maximum emission for the frequency and were placed on top of a 0.8m high non- metallic 1.0X 1.5 meter table.

The EUT, support equipment and interconnecting cables were re-arranged and manipulated to maximize each EME emission.

The turn table containing the Technology was rotated; the antenna height was varied 1 to 4meter and stopped at the azimuth or height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by : switching power lines; varying the mode of operation or resolution; clock or data exchange speed; scrolling H pattern to the EUT and of support equipment, and powering the monitor from the floor mounted outlet box and computer aux AC outlet, if applicable; which ever determined the worst case emission.

Each EME reported was calibrated using the R/S signal generator.

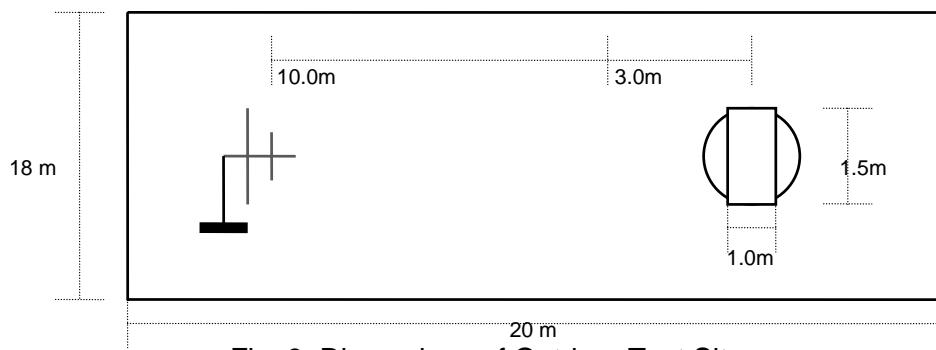


Fig. 3. Dimensions of Outdoor Test Site

9.3 Effective Radiated Power / Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power

Test Set-up

Effective Radiated Power Output and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power output Measurements by Substitution Method according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2003.

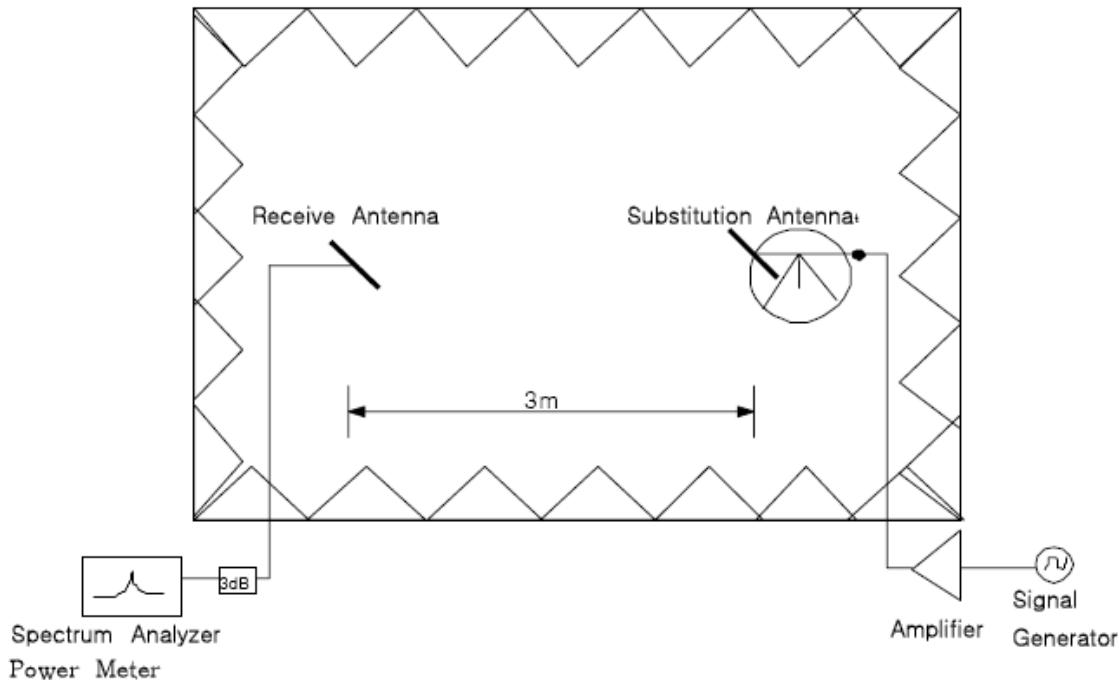


Figure 4. Diagram of ERP/EIRP test Set-up

The EUT was set on a non-conductive turntable in a semi anechoic chamber. In the corner of the chamber there was a communication antenna, which was connected to the BS simulator located outside the chamber. The radiated power from the EUT was measured with an antenna fixed to a antenna tower. The tower and turn table were remotely controlled to turn the EUT and change the antenna polarization. The measured signal was routed from the measuring antenna to the spectrum analyzer. The BS simulator was used to set the TX channel and power level and modulate the TX signal with different bit patterns.

Test Method

- The maximum power level was searched by moving the turn table and measuring antenna and manipulating the EUT. This level (P_{EUT}) was recorded.
- The EUT was replaced with a substituting antenna.
- The substituting antenna was fed with the power (P_{Subst_TX}) giving a convenient reading on the spectrum analyzer. That reading (P_{Subst_RX}) on spectrum analyzer was recorded.

9.4 Radiated Spurious & Harmonic Emission

Test Set-up

Effective Radiated Power Output and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power output Measurements by Substitution Method according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2003.

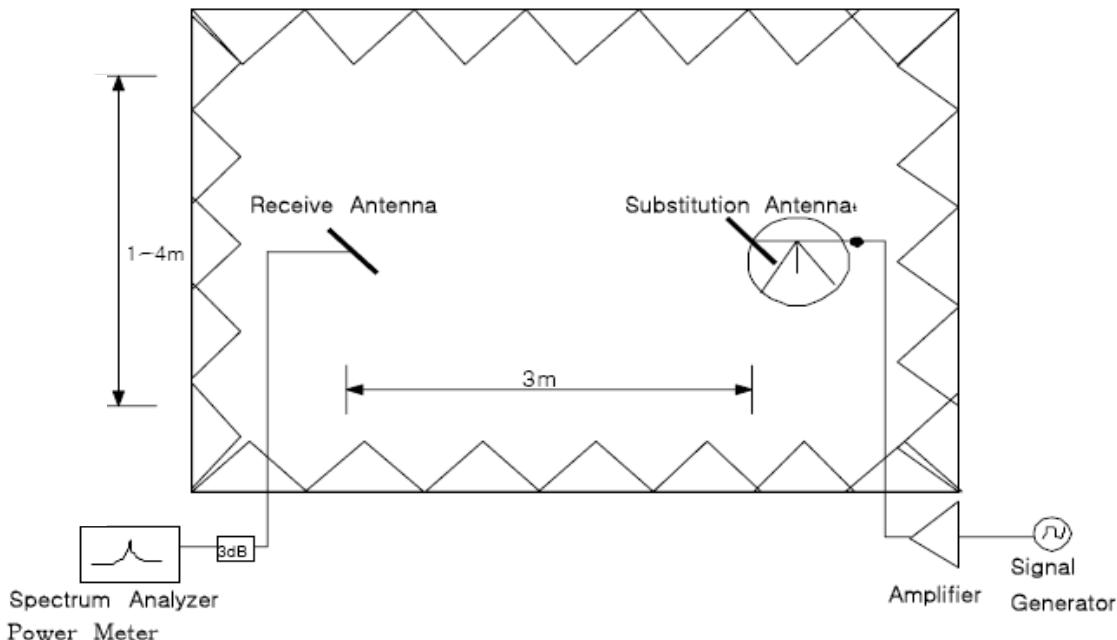


Figure 5. Diagram of Radiated Spurious & Harmonic test Set-up

The EUT was set on a non-conductive turntable in a semi anechoic chamber. In the corner of the chamber there was a communication antenna, which was connected to the BS simulator located outside the chamber. The radiated power from the EUT was measured with an antenna fixed to a antenna tower. The tower and turn table were remotely controlled to turn the EUT and change the antenna polarization. The measured signal was routed from the measuring antenna to the spectrum analyzer. The BS simulator was used to set the TX channel and power level and modulate the TX signal with different bit patterns.

Test Method

- The maximum power level was searched by moving the turn table and measuring antenna and manipulating the EUT. This level (P_{EUT}) was recorded.
- The EUT was replaced with a substituting antenna.
- The substituting antenna was fed with the power (P_{Subst_TX}) giving a convenient reading on the spectrum analyzer. That reading (P_{Subst_RX}) on spectrum analyzer was recorded.

9.5 Occupied Bandwidth / 26dB Emission Bandwidth

Occupied Bandwidth

The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its lowest channel. The occupied bandwidth was measured using a spectrum analyzer. The measurements are repeated for the highest and a middle channel.

The EUT's occupied bandwidth is measured as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power. Plots of the EUT's occupied bandwidth are shown herein.

26dB Emission Bandwidth

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

The RBW of spectrum analyzer is set to approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth. And peak detection is used. The emission bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum over which the power is higher than the peak power minus 26dB.

9.6 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

9.6.1 Occupied Bandwidth Emission Limits

- (a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
- (b) Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least 1% of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (c) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.
- (d) The measurement of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

BLOCK	Frequency Range (MHz) Transmitter (Tx)	Frequency Range (MHz) Receiver (Rx)
A* Low +A	824 ~ 835	869 ~ 880
B	835 ~ 845	880 ~ 890
A* High	845 ~ 846.5	890 ~ 891.5
B*	846.5 ~ 849	891.5 ~ 894

Table 1. Cellular Service Frequency Blocks

BLOCK	Frequency Range (MHz) Transmitter (Tx)	Frequency Range (MHz) Receiver (Rx)
A	1850 ~ 1865	1930 ~ 1745
B	1870 ~ 1885	1950 ~ 1965
C	1895 ~ 1910	1975 ~ 1990
D	1865 ~ 1870	1945 ~ 1950
E	1885 ~ 1890	1965 ~ 1970
F	1890 ~ 1895	1970 ~ 1975

Table 2. Broadband PCS Service Frequency Blocks

9.6.2 Conducted Spurious Emission

Minimum standard:

On any frequency outside a license frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power(P) by at least $43+10\log(P)$ dB. Limit equivalent to -13 dBm, calculation shown below.

$$43 + 10\log(1.186 \text{ W}) = 43.74 \text{ dB}$$
$$30.74 \text{ dBm} - 43.74 \text{ dB} = -13 \text{ dBm}$$

Compliance with the out-of-band emissions requirement is based on test being performed with an analyzer resolution bandwidth of 1MHz. However in the 1MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least 1% of the fundamental emissions bandwidth may be employed.

Test Procedure:

The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its lowest channel.

The Resolution BW of the analyzer is set to 1% of the emission bandwidth to show compliance with the -13 dBm limit, in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the edge of the frequency block.

The measurements are repeated for the EUT's highest channel. For the Out-of-Band measurements a 1MHz RBW was used to scan from 10MHz to 20GHz.

A display line was placed at -13 dBm to show compliance. The high, lowest and a middle channel were tested for out of band measurements.

Plots are shown.

9.7 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) Temperature: The temperature is carried from -30°C to +60°C using an environmental chamber.
- b.) Primary Supply Voltage: The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the voltage normally at the input to the device or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally supplied.

Specification - The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within $\pm 0.00025\%$ ($\pm 2.5\text{ppm}$) of the center frequency.

Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature(20°C to 25°C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is subjected to an overnight “soak” at -30°C without any power applied.
3. After the overnight “soak” at -30°C (Usually 14~16 hours), the equipment is turned on in a “standby” condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is made within a three minute interval after applying to the transmitter.
4. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C interval up to room temperature. At least a period of one and one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.
5. Again the transmitter carrier frequency and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature to begin measurement of the upper temperature levels.
6. Frequency measurements are at 10 intervals starting at -30°C up to +60°C allowing at least two hours at each temperature for stabilization. In all measurements the frequency is measured within three minutes after re-applying power to the transmitter.
7. The artificial load is mounted external to the temperature chamber.

9.8 Output Power Variation

Test Condition to measure the Output Power

This device was tested under all RCs and SOs and worst case is reported with 1x EVDO FTAP & RTAP with “All Up” power control bits. (MS protocol rev. number 6)

1. If the mobile station supports Reverse TCH RC1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set-up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC 1/1) with 9600bps data rate only.
2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 3 parameters were applied.
3. If the mobile station supports the RC3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC3, RC4, RC5, set-up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9600bps fundamental channel and 9600bps SCH0 data rate.
4. Under RC3 C.S0011 Table 4 was applied.

Table 3 Test Parameters for Maximum RF Output Power for RC 1

Parameter	Units	Value
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-104
$\frac{\text{Pilot } E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{\text{Traffic } E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

Table 4 Test Parameters for Maximum RF Output Power for RC 3

Parameter	Units	Value
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-86
$\frac{\text{Pilot } E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{\text{Traffic } E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

10. Test Data

10.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

FCC ID : TARCDM-650

► CDMA Serial mode

Frequency (MHz)	Level(dB μ V)		Line	Limit(dB μ V)		Margin(dB)	
	Q-Peak	Average		Q-Peak	Average	Q-Peak	Average
0.18	43.7	30.9	L	64.5	54.5	20.8	23.6
0.24	38.6	24.2	L	62.1	52.1	23.5	27.9
0.31	36.4	23.3	L	60.0	50.0	23.6	26.7
0.37	32.6	20.0	L	58.5	48.5	25.9	28.5
9.32	34.2	26.6	N	60.0	50.0	25.8	23.4
24.93	37.2	33.2	L	60.0	50.0	22.8	16.8

Table 10.1.1 Line Conducted Emissions Tabulated Data

► CDMA USB mode

Frequency (MHz)	Level(dB μ V)		Line	Limit(dB μ V)		Margin(dB)	
	Q-Peak	Average		Q-Peak	Average	Q-Peak	Average
0.18	46.3	35.0	L	64.5	54.5	18.2	19.5
0.31	37.9	26.1	L	60.0	50.0	22.1	23.9
0.68	20.7	12.1	N	56.0	46.0	35.3	33.9
1.18	22.5	12.3	N	56.0	46.0	33.5	33.7
4.10	21.5	13.5	L	56.0	46.0	34.5	32.5
20.42	31.4	25.5	N	60.0	50.0	28.6	24.5

Table 10.1.2 Line Conducted Emissions Tabulated Data

►PCS Serial mode

Frequency (MHz)	Level(dB μ N)		Line	Limit(dB μ N)		Margin(dB)	
	Q-Peak	Average		Q-Peak	Average	Q-Peak	Average
0.18	46.5	36.6	N	64.5	54.5	18.0	17.9
0.31	38.4	27.8	N	60.0	50.0	21.6	22.2
2.05	23.9	13.9	L	56.0	46.0	32.1	32.1
2.54	23.6	12.7	N	56.0	46.0	32.4	33.3
4.41	22.5	14.1	N	56.0	46.0	33.5	31.9
20.31	28.2	22.6	N	60.0	50.0	31.8	27.4

Table 10.1.3 Line Conducted Emissions Tabulated Data

►PCS USB mode

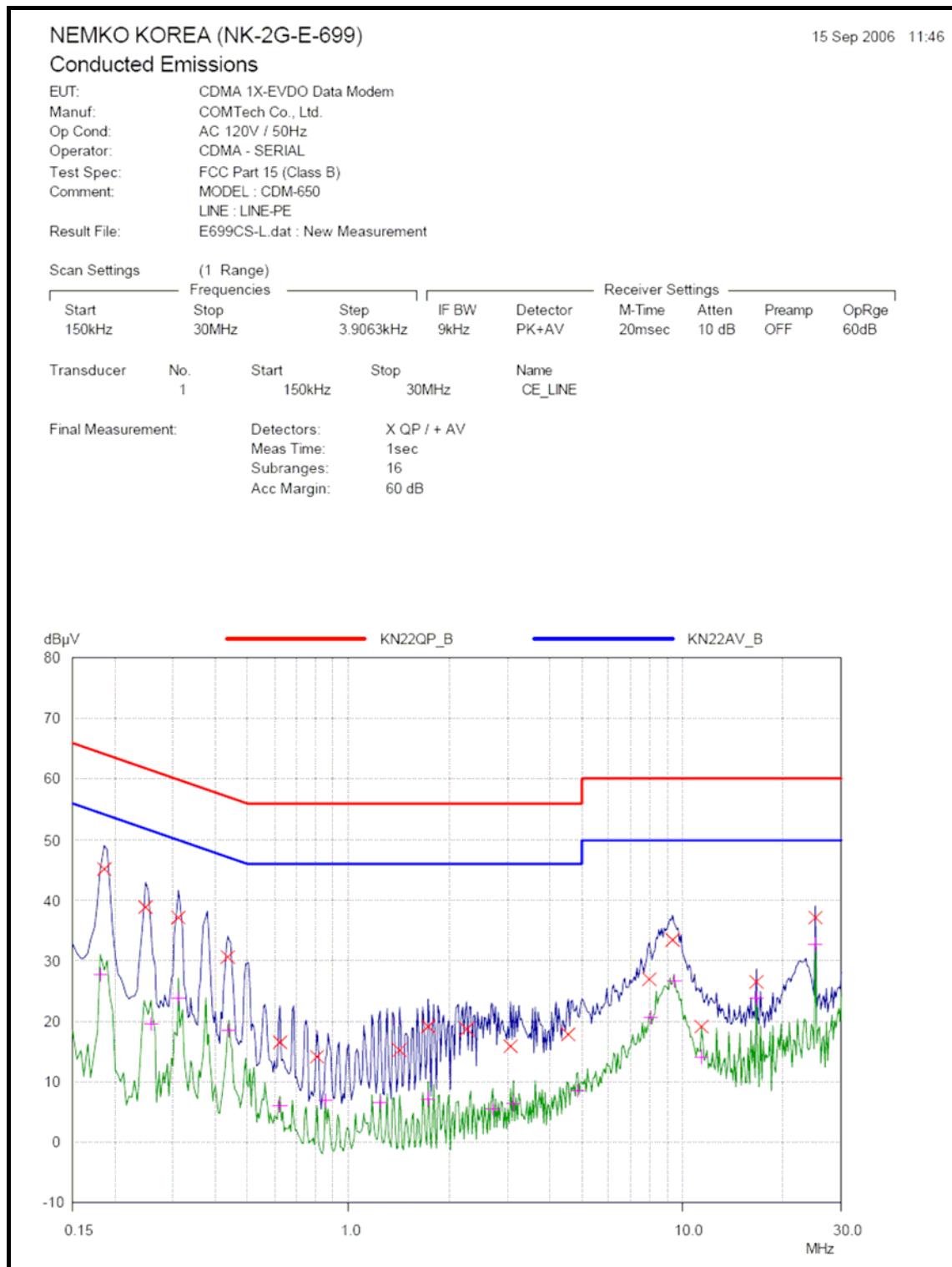
Frequency (MHz)	Level(dB μ N)		Line	Limit(dB μ N)		Margin(dB)	
	Q-Peak	Average		Q-Peak	Average	Q-Peak	Average
0.18	46.4	36.1	N	64.5	54.5	18.1	18.4
0.31	38.5	27.9	N	60.0	50.0	21.5	22.1
0.68	22.1	14.6	L	56.0	46.0	33.9	31.4
2.11	23.3	13.2	L	56.0	46.0	32.7	32.8
9.45	27.8	19.7	N	60.0	50.0	32.2	30.3
20.60	29.7	22.6	N	60.0	50.0	30.3	27.4

Table 10.1.4 Line Conducted Emissions Tabulated Data

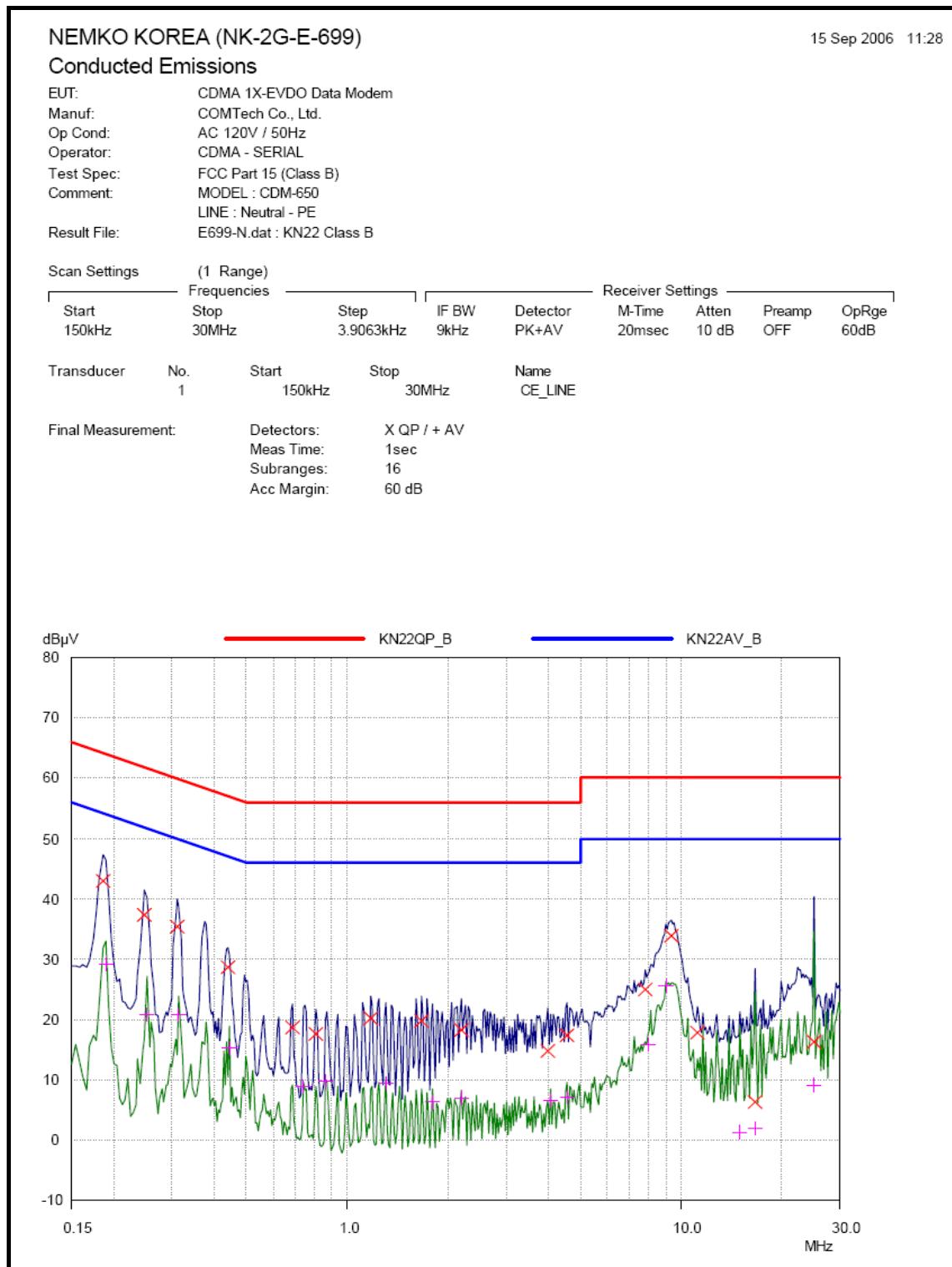
NOTES:

1. Measurements using CISPR quasi-peak mode & average mode.
2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst -case emission are reported. See attached Plots.
3. LINE : L =Line , N = Neutral
4. The limit is on the FCC Part section 15.207(a).

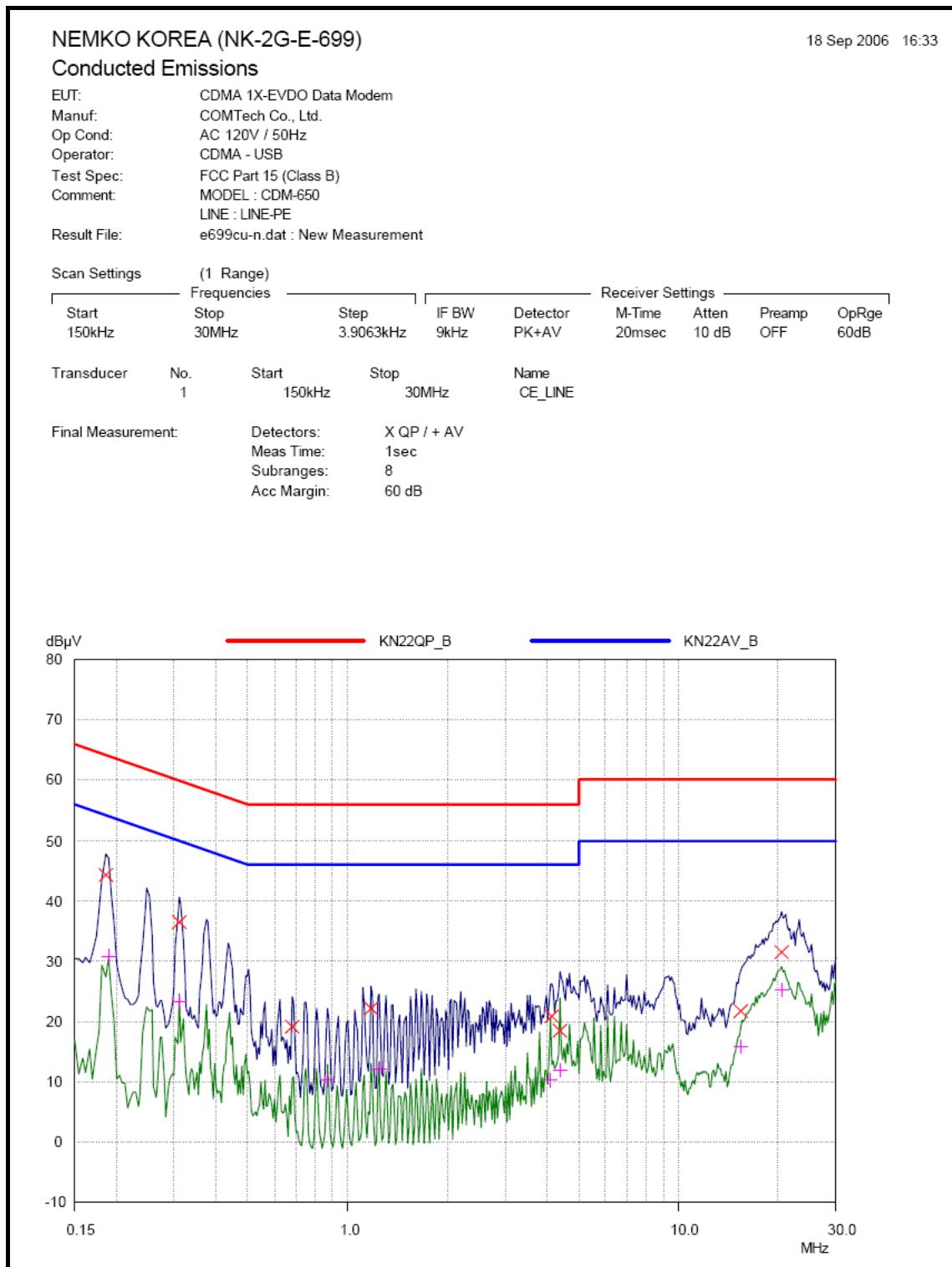
- Conducted Emission at the Mains port (CDMA Serial mode, Line)



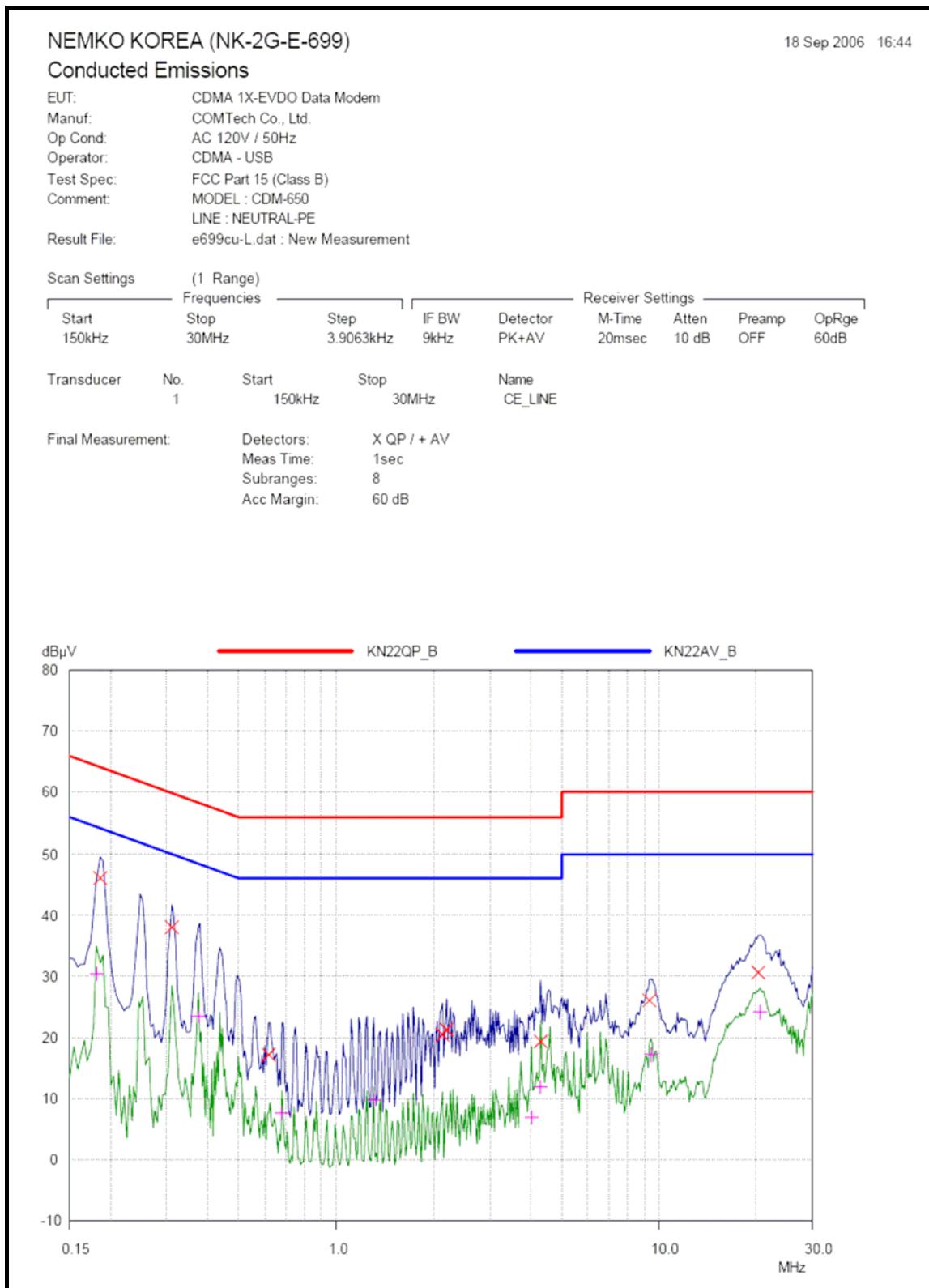
- Conducted Emission at the Mains port (CDMA Serial mode, Neutral)



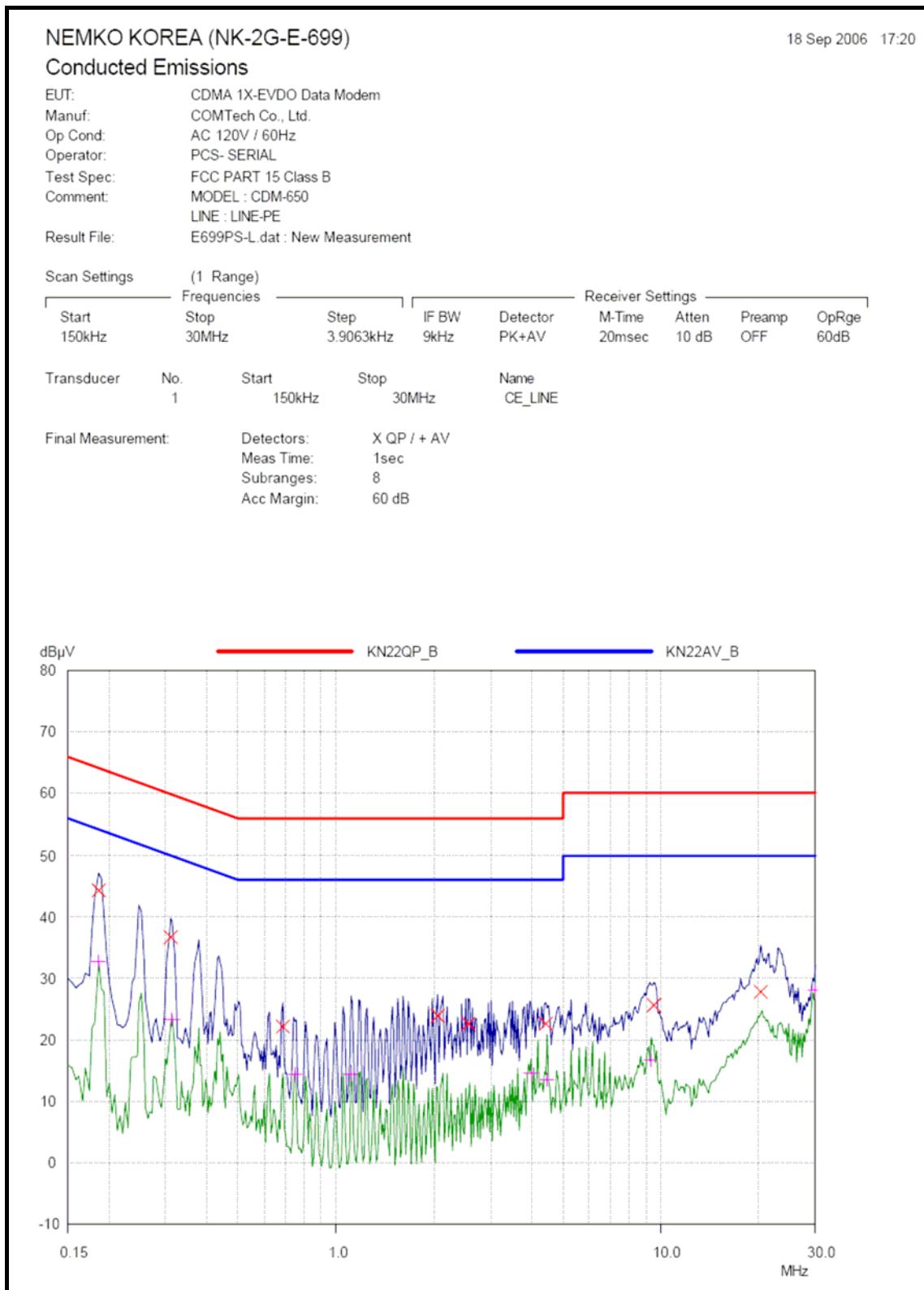
- Conducted Emission at the Mains port (CDMA USB mode, Line)



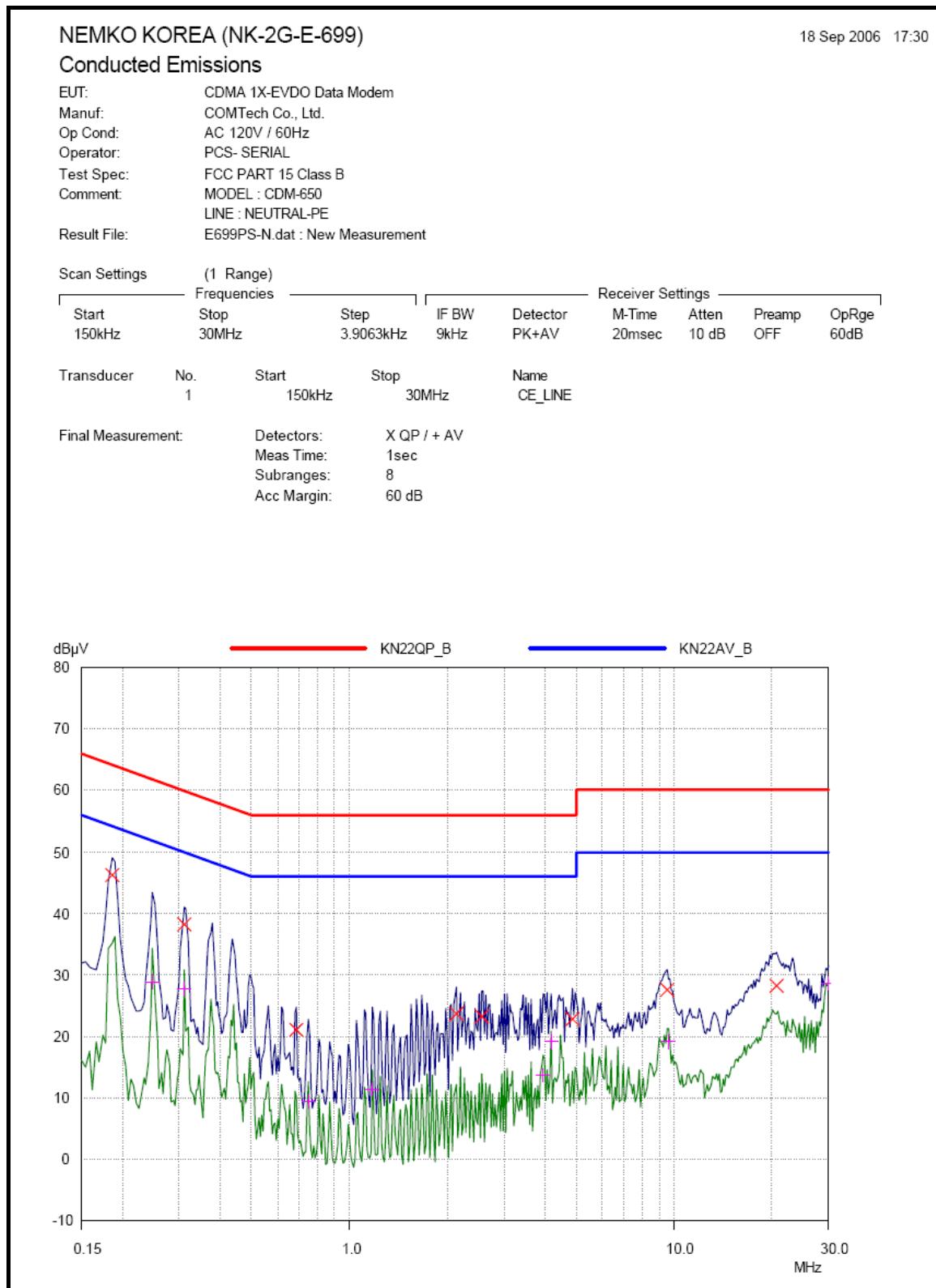
- Conducted Emission at the Mains port (CDMA USB mode, Neutral)



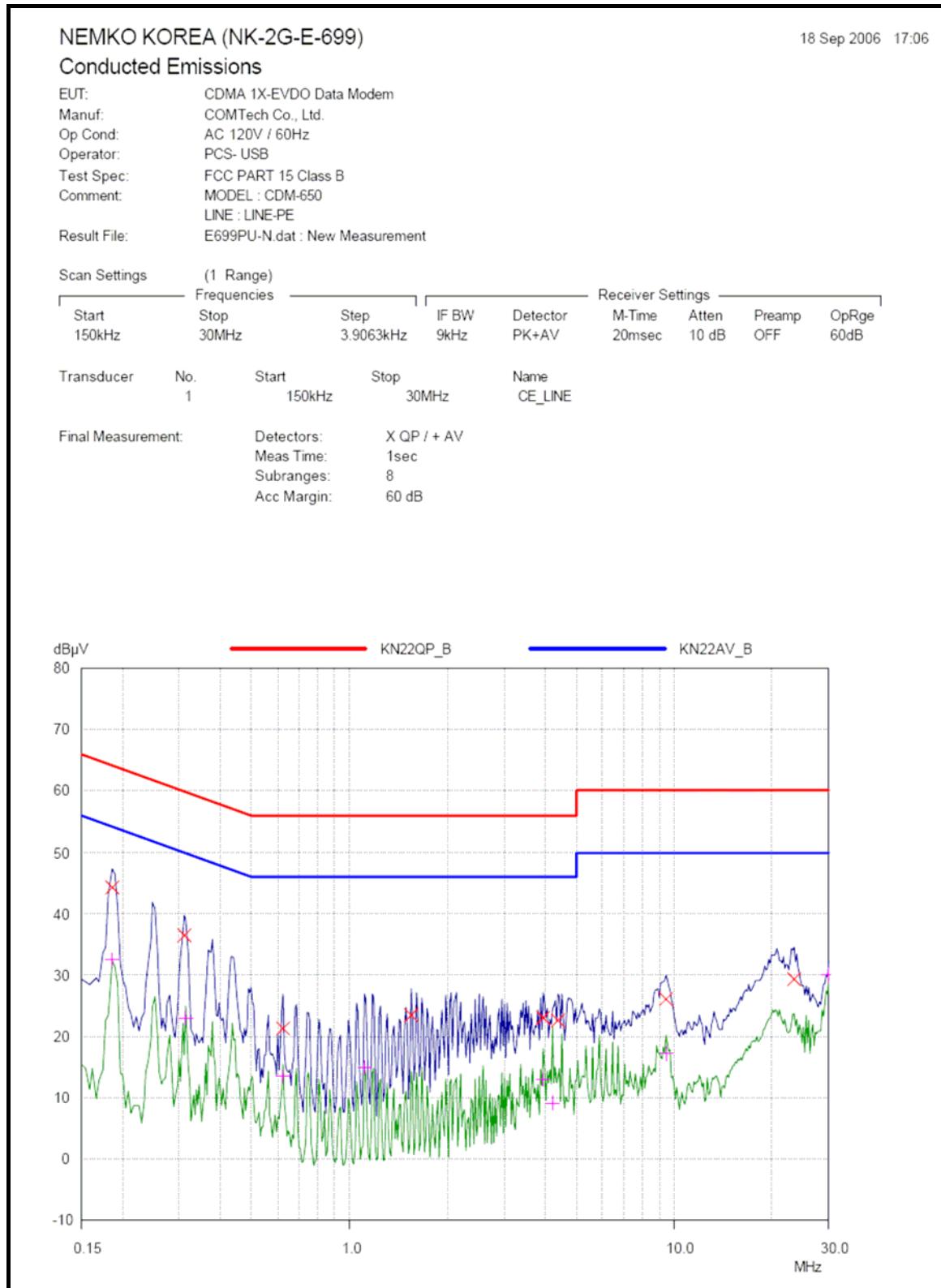
- **Conducted Emission at the Mains port (PCS Serial mode, Line)**



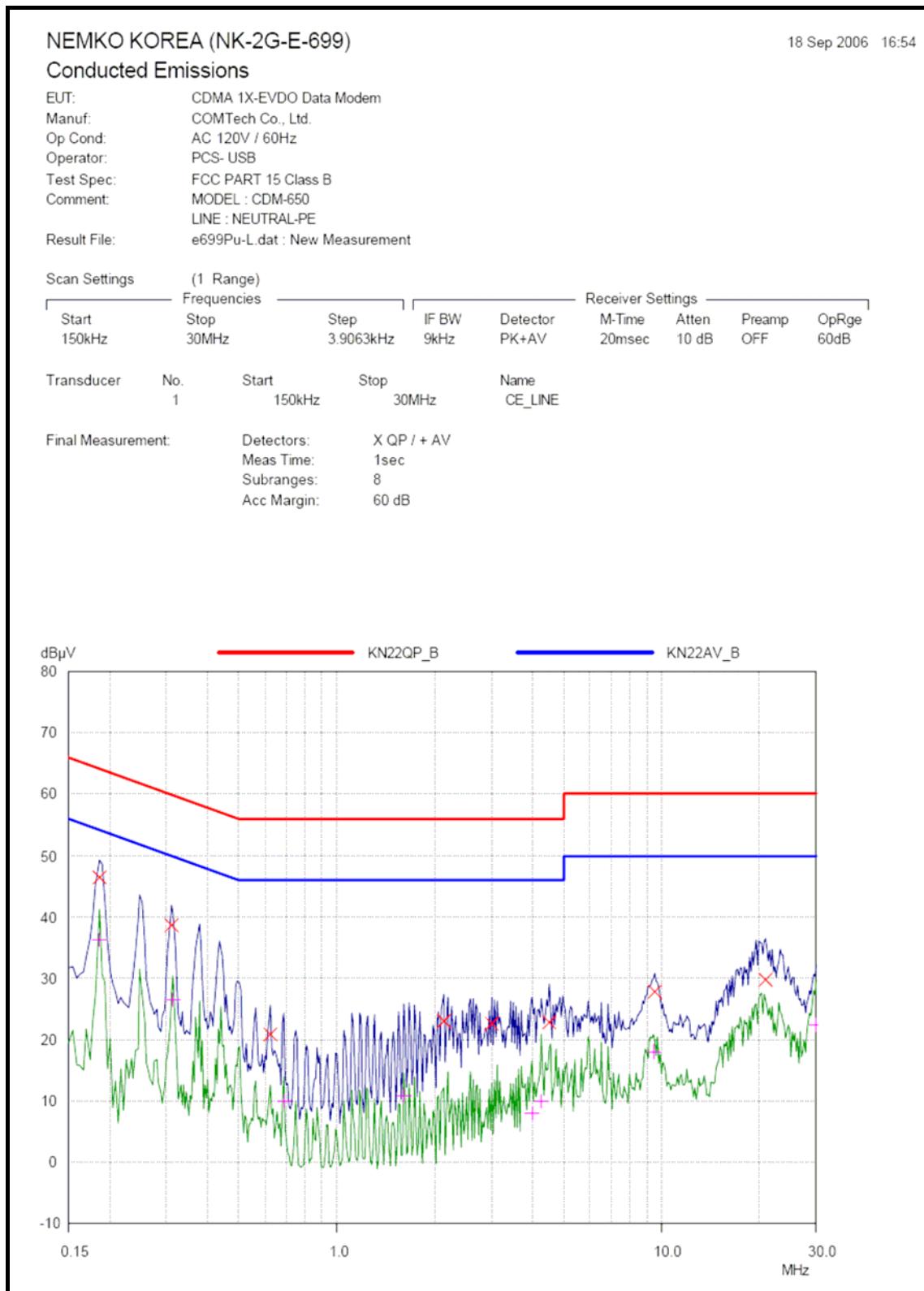
- **Conducted Emission at the Mains port (PCS Serial mode, Neutral)**



- **Conducted Emission at the Mains port (PCS USB mode, Line)**



- **Conducted Emission at the Mains port (PCS USB mode, Neutral)**



10.2 Radiated Emissions (30MHz ~ 1GHz)

FCC ID : TARCDM-650

► CDMA Serial mode

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Pol* (H/V)	AF+CL+Amp (dB)**	Result (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
240.00	38.2	H	-11.6	26.6	46.0	19.4
259.00	32.0	H	-11.4	20.6	46.0	25.4
298.66	37.0	H	-9.5	27.5	46.0	18.5
532.60	34.9	H	-4.7	30.2	46.0	15.8
665.60	24.9	H	-1.4	23.5	46.0	22.5
791.90	28.9	H	0.5	29.4	46.0	16.6

Table 10.2.1. Radiated Measurements at 3meters

► CDMA USB mode

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Pol* (H/V)	AF+CL+Amp (dB)**	Result (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
124.90	31.2	V	-12.8	18.4	43.5	25.1
157.70	29.2	V	-8.6	20.6	43.5	22.9
298.80	28.9	V	-9.5	19.4	46.0	26.6
299.40	29.5	V	-9.4	20.1	46.0	25.9
402.40	33.2	H	-7.7	25.5	46.0	20.5
497.10	35.7	V	-5.6	30.1	46.0	15.9

Table 10.2.2 Radiated Measurements at 3meters

►PCS Serial mode

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Pol* (H/V)	AF+CL+Amp (dB)**	Result (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
300.67	12.4	H	-9.4	3.0	46.0	43.0
366.19	40.3	H	-8.9	31.4	46.0	14.6
432.70	35.9	H	-6.8	29.1	46.0	16.9
499.66	30.1	H	-5.6	24.5	46.0	21.5
564.00	39.7	H	-4.0	35.7	46.0	10.3
599.66	29.8	H	-3.5	26.3	46.0	19.7

Table 10.2.3 Radiated Measurements at 3meters

►PCS USB mode

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Pol* (H/V)	AF+CL+Amp (dB)**	Result (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
300.71	30.9	H	-9.4	21.5	46.0	24.5
366.43	39.4	H	-8.9	30.5	46.0	15.5
432.11	35.2	H	-6.8	28.4	46.0	17.6
499.66	29.9	H	-5.6	24.3	46.0	21.7
561.00	34.1	H	-4.0	30.1	46.0	15.9
599.66	29.5	H	-3.5	26.0	46.0	20.0

Table 10.2.4 Radiated Measurements at 3meters

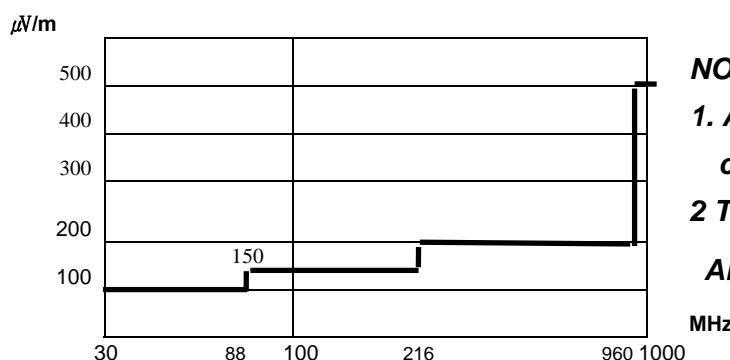


Fig. 4. Limits at 3 meters

NOTES:

1. All modes were measured and the worst-case emission was reported.
- 2 The radiated limits are shown on Figure 4.
- Above 1GHz the limit is 500 μ V/m.

NOTES:

1. *Pol. H =Horizontal V=Vertical
2. **AF+CL+Amp. = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Amplifier.
3. Measurements using CISPR quasi-peak mode.
4. The limit is on the FCC Part section 15.209(a).

10.3 Effective Radiated Power (ERP)

Band : Cellular

Measurement Results :

Frequency (MHz)	*EUT Pol.	Ant. Pol.	P _{EUT} (dBm)	P _{TX} (dBm)	P _{RX} (dBm)	G _{antenna} (dBd)	L _{Cable} (dBm)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
824.70	H	H	-14.78	0.00	-39.99	1.00	1.55	24.66	38.45
		V	-20.27	0.00	-44.44	1.00	1.55	23.62	
	E1	H	-12.12	0.00	-39.99	1.00	1.55	27.32	
		V	-19.90	0.00	-44.44	1.00	1.55	23.99	
	E2	H	-15.76	0.00	-39.99	1.00	1.55	23.68	
		V	-26.26	0.00	-44.44	1.00	1.55	17.63	
	H	H	-14.35	0.00	-39.51	1.29	1.54	24.91	38.45
		V	-18.26	0.00	-43.58	1.29	1.54	25.07	
	E1	H	-13.30	0.00	-39.51	1.29	1.54	25.96	
		V	-20.83	0.00	-43.58	1.29	1.54	22.50	
	E2	H	-15.57	0.00	-39.51	1.29	1.54	23.69	
		V	-25.46	0.00	-43.58	1.29	1.54	17.87	
848.31	H	H	-16.70	0.00	-38.35	1.61	1.48	21.78	38.45
		V	-19.96	0.00	-40.74	1.61	1.48	20.91	
	E1	H	-14.41	0.00	-38.35	1.61	1.48	24.07	
		V	-22.97	0.00	-40.74	1.61	1.48	17.90	
	E2	H	-17.19	0.00	-38.35	1.61	1.48	21.29	
		V	-26.50	0.00	-40.74	1.61	1.48	14.37	

Table 10.3.1 Radiated Measurements at 3meters

10.4 Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP)

Band : US PCS

Measurement Result:

Frequency (MHz)	*EUT Pol.	Ant. Pol.	P _{EUT} (dBm)	P _{TX} (dBm)	P _{RX} (dBm)	G _{antenna} (dBi)	L _{Cable} (dBm)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
1851.25	H	H	-20.22	0.00	-34.66	10.40	2.57	22.27	33.0
		V	-15.53	0.00	-35.44	10.40	2.57	27.74	
	E1	H	-16.14	0.00	-34.66	10.40	2.57	26.35	
		V	-23.09	0.00	-35.44	10.40	2.57	20.18	
	E2	H	-12.48	0.00	-34.66	10.40	2.57	30.01	
		V	-25.01	0.00	-35.44	10.40	2.57	18.26	
1880.00	H	H	-18.16	0.00	-34.58	10.43	2.58	24.27	33.0
		V	-12.78	0.00	-35.67	10.43	2.58	30.74	
	E1	H	-12.92	0.00	-34.58	10.43	2.58	29.51	
		V	-21.76	0.00	-35.67	10.43	2.58	21.76	
	E2	H	-11.87	0.00	-34.58	10.43	2.58	30.56	
		V	-22.81	0.00	-35.67	10.43	2.58	20.71	
1908.75	H	H	-21.01	0.00	-35.31	10.46	2.58	22.18	33.0
		V	-14.45	0.00	-36.03	10.46	2.58	29.46	
	E1	H	-15.22	0.00	-35.31	10.46	2.58	27.97	
		V	-21.70	0.00	-36.03	10.46	2.58	22.21	
	E2	H	-12.49	0.00	-35.31	10.46	2.58	30.70	
		V	-22.12	0.00	-36.03	10.46	2.58	21.79	

Table 10.4.1 Radiated Measurements at 3meters

10.5 Conducted Output Power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	1x EVDO (153.6Kbps)		TDSO SO32 Loopback (dBm)
			FTAP (dBm)	RTAP (dBm)	
Cellular	1013	824.70	24.36	23.18	24.13
	363	835.89	24.45	23.19	23.97
	777	848.31	24.57	23.35	24.18
US-PCS	25	1851.25	23.88	22.13	23.43
	600	1880.00	24.78	22.81	24.08
	1175	1908.75	24.72	22.68	23.94

Table 10.5.1 Conducted Output Power

10.6 Occupied Bandwidth / 26dB Emission Bandwidth

Band : Cellular

Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Occupied BW (MHz)	26dB Emission BW (MHz)
1013	824.70	1.266	1.422
363	835.89	1.270	1.425
777	848.31	1.267	1.424

Band : US-PCS

Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Occupied BW (MHz)	26dB Emission BW (MHz)
25	1851.25	1.263	1.425
600	1880.00	1.273	1.430
1175	1908.75	1.265	1.417

10.7 Radiated Spurious & Harmonic Emission (Cellular)

Measurement Result:

CH1013 (824.70MHz)

Freq. (MHz)	*EUT Pol.	Ant. Pol.	P _{EUT} (dBm)	P _{TX} (dBm)	P _{RX} (dBm)	G _{antenna} (dBd)	L _{Cable} (dB)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
1649.40	E2	H	-50.98	0.00	-1.16	7.63	2.28	-44.47	-13	31.47
1649.40	E2	V	-53.56	0.00	-1.11	7.63	2.28	-47.10	-13	34.10
2474.10	E1	H	-43.95	0.00	-3.57	8.35	3.03	-35.06	-13	22.06
2474.10	H	V	-39.39	0.00	-3.70	8.35	3.03	-30.37	-13	17.37
3298.80	E1	H	-53.40	0.00	-5.23	10.62	3.62	-41.17	-13	28.17
3298.80	H	V	-51.51	0.00	-5.07	10.62	3.62	-39.44	-13	26.44
4123.50			---					---		
4123.50			---					---		
4948.20	E1	H	-56.73	0.00	-10.86	10.48	4.60	-30.79	-13	17.79
4948.20	E2	V	-53.15	0.00	-10.80	10.48	4.60	-27.27	-13	14.27

CH363 (835.89MHz)

Freq. (MHz)	*EUT Pol.	Ant. Pol.	P _{EUT} (dBm)	P _{TX} (dBm)	P _{RX} (dBm)	G _{antenna} (dBd)	L _{Cable} (dB)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
1671.78	E1	H	-48.52	0.00	-1.22	7.79	2.30	-41.81	-13	28.81
1671.78	H	V	-45.67	0.00	-1.15	7.79	2.30	-39.03	-13	26.03
2507.67	E1	H	-44.64	0.00	-3.74	8.46	3.04	-35.48	-13	22.48
2507.67	H	V	-42.01	0.00	-3.78	8.46	3.04	-32.81	-13	19.81
3343.56	E1	H	-51.35	0.00	-5.02	10.71	3.63	-39.25	-13	26.25
3343.56	H	V	-50.81	0.00	-4.87	10.71	3.63	-38.86	-13	25.86
4179.45			---					---		
4179.45			---					---		
5015.34	E1	H	-61.66	0.00	-11.08	10.52	4.77	-44.83	-13	31.83
5015.34	H	V	-61.66	0.00	-11.08	10.52	4.77	-44.83	-13	31.83

CH777 (848.31MHz)

Freq. (MHz)	*EUT Pol.	Ant. Pol.	P_{EUT} (dBm)	P_{TX} (dBm)	P_{RX} (dBm)	G_{antenna} (dBd)	L_{Cable} (dB)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
1696.62	E2	H	-52.61	0.00	-1.30	7.96	2.32	-45.67	-13	32.67
1696.62	H	V	-53.59	0.00	-1.18	7.96	2.32	-46.77	-13	33.77
2544.93	E2	H	-39.51	0.00	-3.92	8.53	3.04	-30.10	-13	17.10
2544.93	H	V	-40.59	0.00	-3.87	8.53	3.04	-31.23	-13	18.23
3393.24	E1	H	-37.84	0.00	-4.78	10.80	3.64	-25.90	-13	12.90
3393.24	E1	V	-38.50	0.00	-4.65	10.80	3.64	-26.69	-13	13.69
4241.55			---					---		
4241.55			---					---		
5089.86	E1	H	-61.75	0.00	-10.87	10.59	4.75	-45.04	-13	32.04
5089.86	H	V	-62.90	0.00	-10.66	10.59	4.75	-46.40	-13	33.40

Note: The test data show the worst emission level from the three-azimuth.

Remark “---“ means that the emission level is too low to be measured

- End of page -

10.8 Radiated Spurious & Harmonic Emission (US PCS)

Measurement Result :

CH25 (1851.25MHz)

Freq. (MHz)	*EUT Pol.	Ant. Pol.	P _{EUT} (dBm)	P _{TX} (dBm)	P _{RX} (dBm)	G _{antenna} (dBi)	L _{Cable} (dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
3702.50	E2	H	-45.49	0.00	-10.79	12.69	3.77	-25.78	-13	12.78
3702.50	H	V	-40.04	0.00	-10.91	12.69	3.77	-20.21	-13	7.21
5553.75	E1	H	-65.72	0.00	-10.23	13.15	4.92	-47.26	-13	34.26
5553.75	E1	V	-66.02	0.00	-10.18	13.15	4.92	-47.61	-13	34.61
7405.00	H	H	-62.42	0.00	-18.50	11.02	5.81	-38.71	-13	25.71
7405.00	H	V	-60.09	0.00	-18.55	11.02	5.81	-36.33	-13	23.33

CH600 (1880.00MHz)

Freq. (MHz)	*EUT Pol.	Ant. Pol.	P _{EUT} (dBm)	P _{TX} (dBm)	P _{RX} (dBm)	G _{antenna} (dBi)	L _{Cable} (dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
3760.00	E2	H	-48.96	0.00	-10.74	12.73	3.85	-29.34	-13	16.34
3760.00	H	V	-43.58	0.00	-10.89	12.73	3.85	-23.81	-13	10.81
5640.00	E2	H	-66.59	0.00	-10.45	13.14	4.95	-47.95	-13	34.95
5640.00	E1	V	-66.46	0.00	-10.28	13.14	4.95	-47.99	-13	34.99
7520.00	E1	H	-62.37	0.00	-18.90	11.28	5.94	-38.13	-13	25.13
7520.00	H	V	-58.94	0.00	-18.82	11.28	5.94	-34.78	-13	21.78

CH1175 (1908.75MHz)

Freq. (MHz)	*EUT Pol.	Ant. Pol.	P_{EUT} (dBm)	P_{TX} (dBm)	P_{RX} (dBm)	G_{antenna} (dBi)	L_{Cable} (dB)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
3817.50	E2	H	-41.03	0.00	-10.57	12.74	3.93	-21.65	-13	8.65
3817.50		H	-37.16	0.00	-10.73	12.74	3.93	-17.62	-13	4.62
5726.25	E1	H	-64.86	0.00	-10.45	13.11	5.09	-46.39	-13	33.39
5726.25		H	-64.60	0.00	-11.11	13.11	5.09	-45.47	-13	32.47
7635.00	E2	H	-61.83	0.00	-19.11	11.46	5.98	-37.24	-13	24.24
7635.00		H	-57.26	0.00	-18.96	11.46	5.98	-32.82	-13	19.82

Note : The test data show the worst emission level from the three-azimuth.

- End of page -

10.9 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation (Cellular)

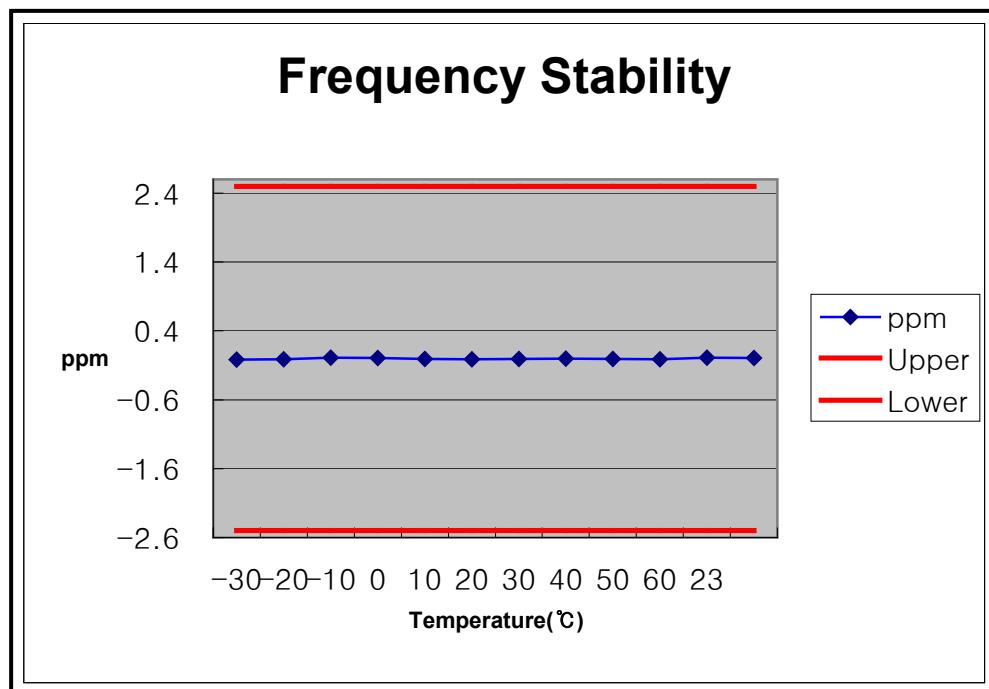
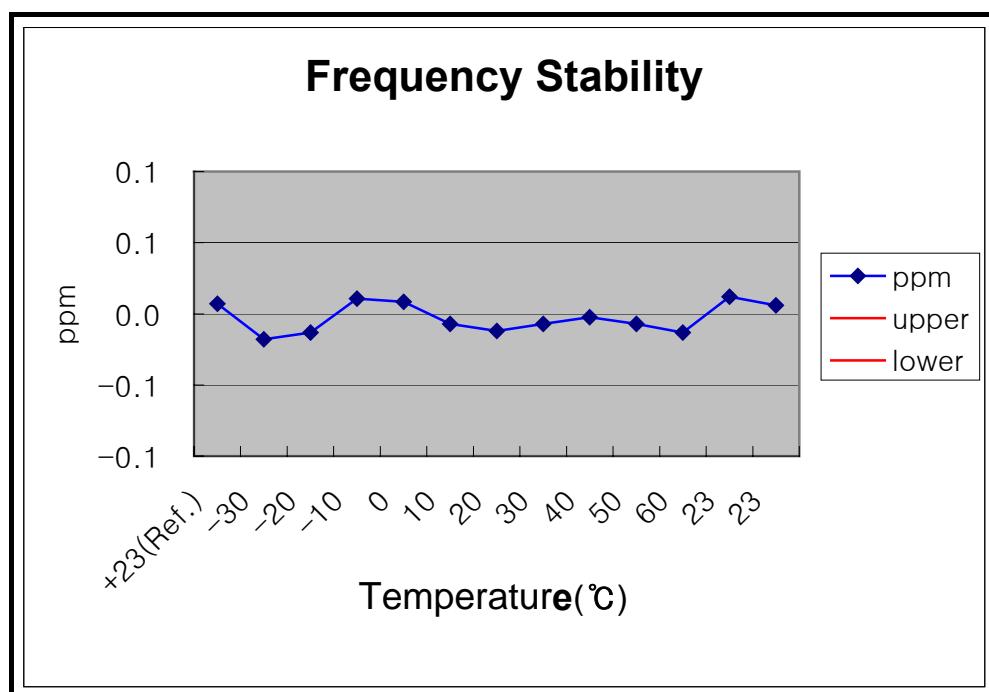
Test Mode : Set to Middle channel (835.89MHz)

Deviation Limit : $\pm 2.5\text{ppm}$

Measurement Result :

Voltage (%)	Power (Vdc)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ppm
100%	12.0	+23(Ref.)	835,890,006	6	0.0072
100%		-30	835,889,985	-15	-0.0179
100%		-20	835,889,989	-11	-0.0132
100%		-10	835,890,009	9	0.0108
100%		0	835,890,007	7	0.0084
100%		+10	835,889,994	-6	-0.0072
100%		+20	835,889,990	-10	-0.0120
100%		+30	835,889,994	-6	-0.0072
100%		+40	835,889,998	-2	-0.0024
100%		+50	835,889,994	-6	-0.0072
100%		+60	835,889,989	-11	-0.0132
85%	10.2	+23	835,890,010	10	0.0120
115%	13.8	+23	835,890,005	5	0.0060

*The temperature is varied from -30°C to +60°C using an environmental chamber.

Frequency Stability Graph**Zoom In**

10.10 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation (US PCS)

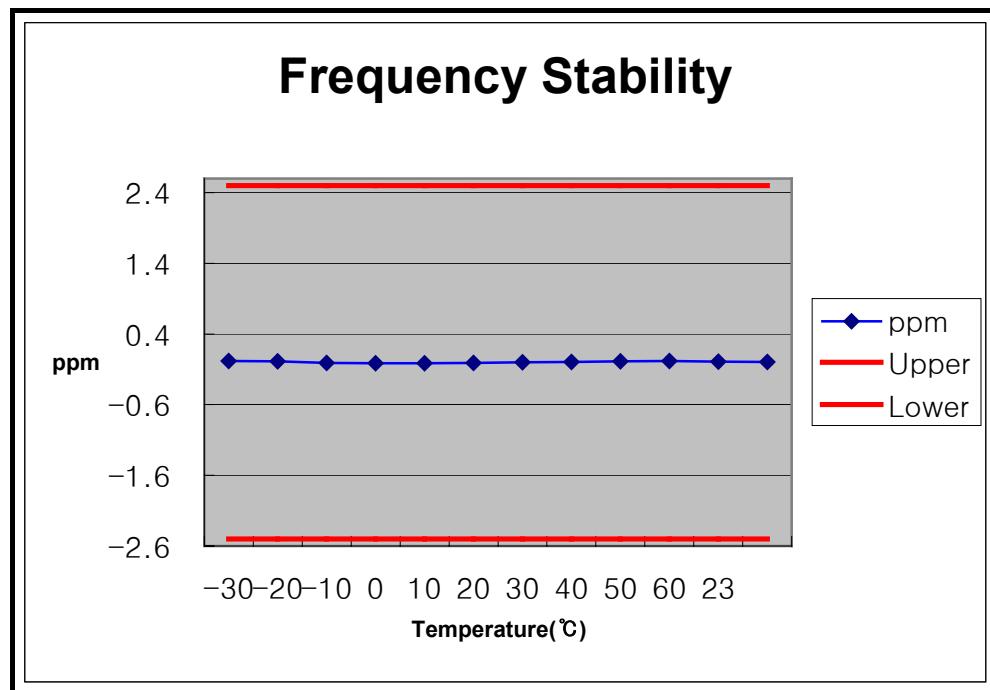
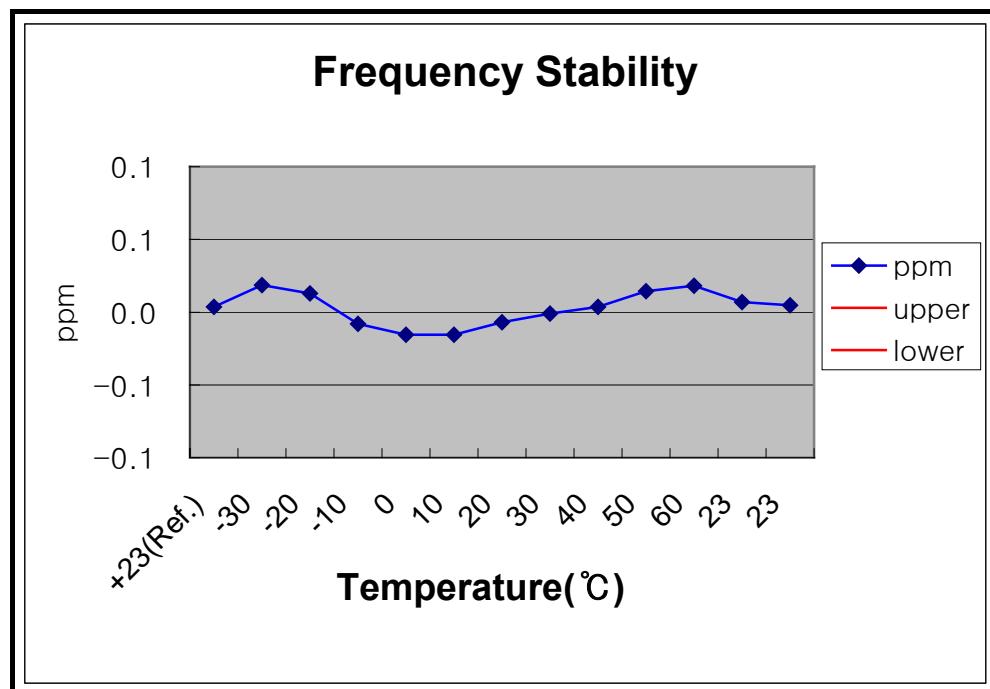
Test Mode : Set to Middle channel (1880.00MHz)

Deviation Limit : $\pm 2.5\text{ppm}$

Measurement Result :

Voltage (%)	Power (Vdc)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	ppm
100%	12.0	+23(Ref.)	1,880,000,007	7	0.0037
100%		-30	1,880,000,035	35	0.0186
100%		-20	1,880,000,024	24	0.0128
100%		-10	1,879,999,985	-15	-0.0080
100%		0	1,879,999,971	-29	-0.0154
100%		+10	1,879,999,971	-29	-0.0154
100%		+20	1,879,999,987	-13	-0.0069
100%		+30	1,879,999,998	-2	-0.0011
100%		+40	1,880,000,007	7	0.0037
100%		+50	1,880,000,027	27	0.0144
100%		+60	1,880,000,034	34	0.0181
85%	10.2	+23	1,880,000,013	13	0.0069
115%	13.8	+23	1,880,000,009	9	0.0048

*The temperature is varied from -30°C to +60°C using an environmental chamber.

Frequency Stability Graph (US PCS)**Zoom In**

10.11 Maximum Permissible Exposure

RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (Minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational / Control Exposure				
30 - 300	6.14	0.163	1.0	6
300 - 1500	...	...	F/300	6
1500 - 100000	...	...	5	6
(A) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
30 - 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 - 1500	...	...	F/1500	30
1500 - 100000	...	...	1	30

F = Frequency (MHz)

Friis Formula

$$\text{Friis transmission formula : } P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$$

$$r = \sqrt{((P_{out} * G) / 4 * \pi * P_d)}$$

Where

Pd = Power density in mW/cm²

Pout = Output power to antenna in mW

G = Gain of antenna in linear scale

$\pi = 3.1416$

r = Distance between observation point center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the Maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

Test Result

The maximum antenna gain is -2dBi or 0.631(Numeric)

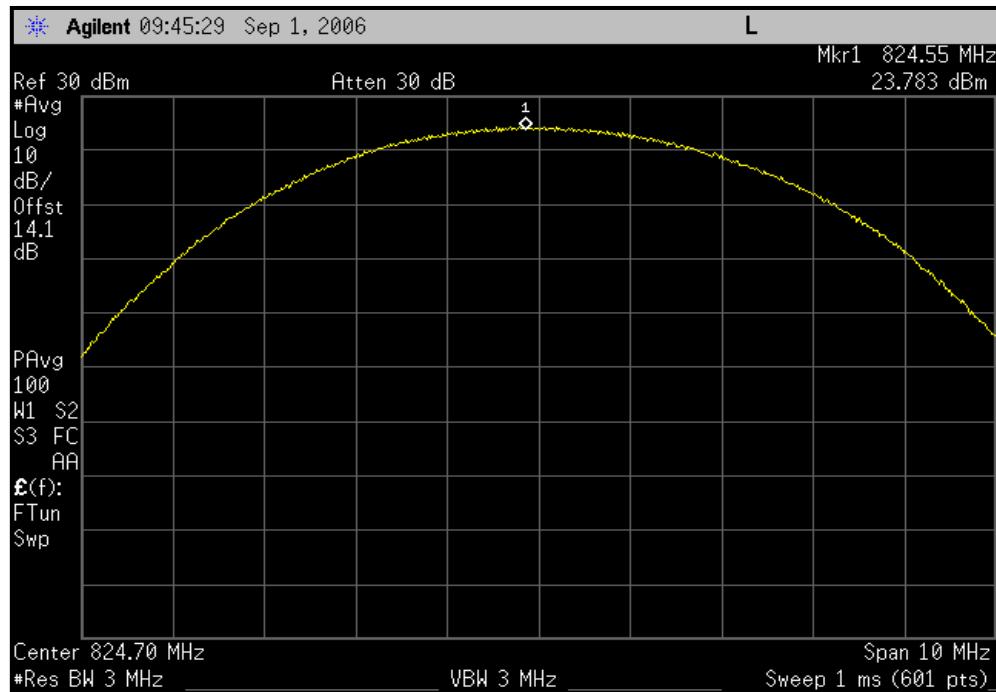
Output power into antenna and RF Exposure Distance

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Output power to Antenna (mW)	RF Exposure Distance (cm)
Cellular	824.7	539.5	7.02
PCS	1880	1,186	7.72

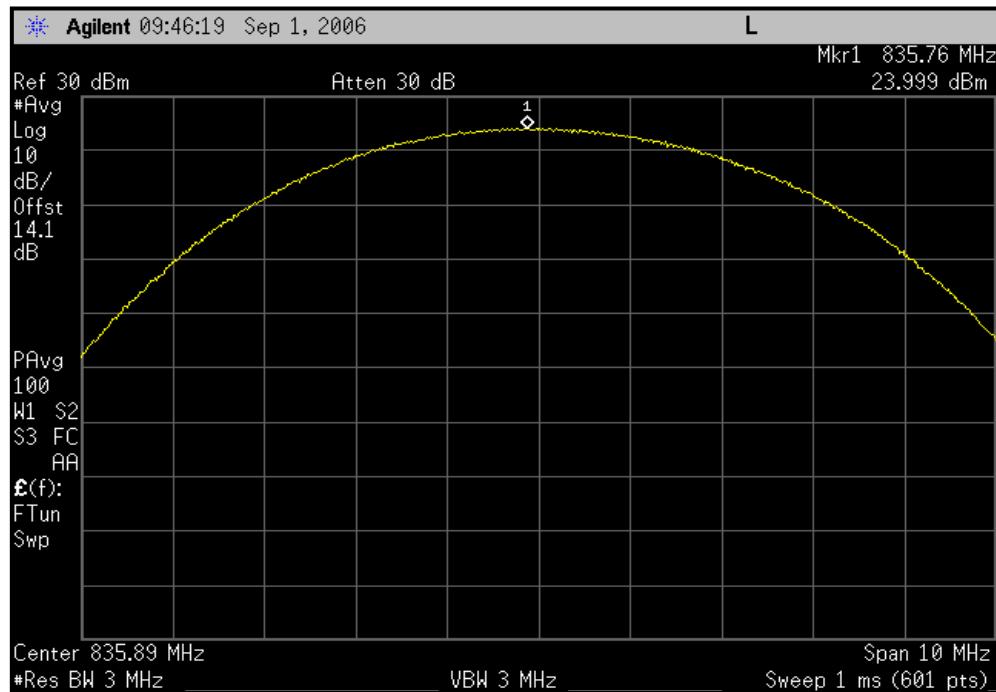
11. Test Plots (Cellular)

● Conducted Output Power

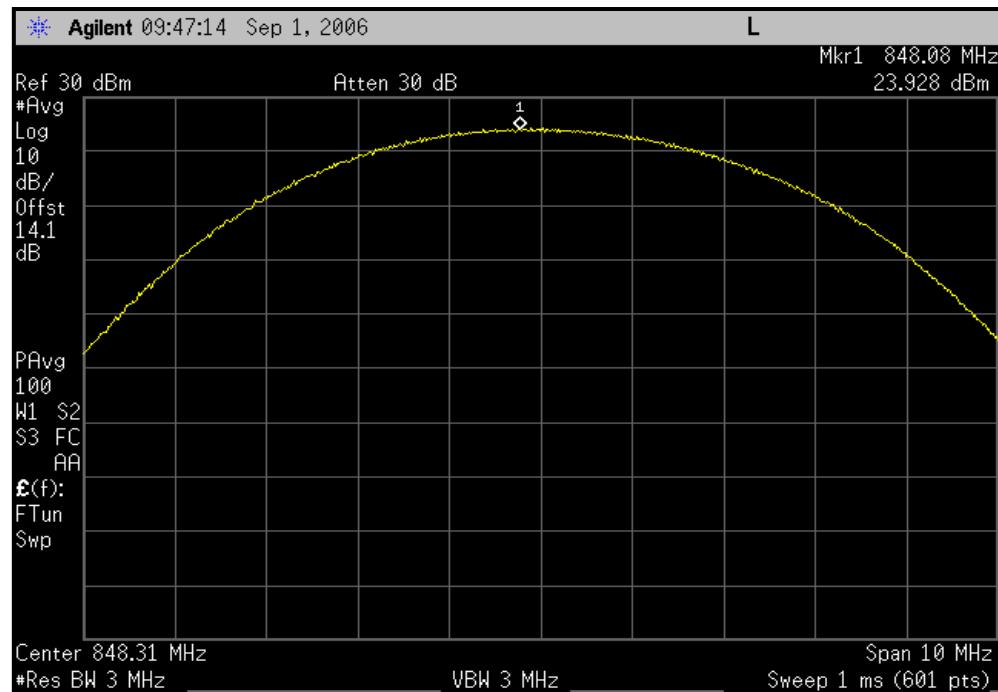
Low Channel



Middle Channel

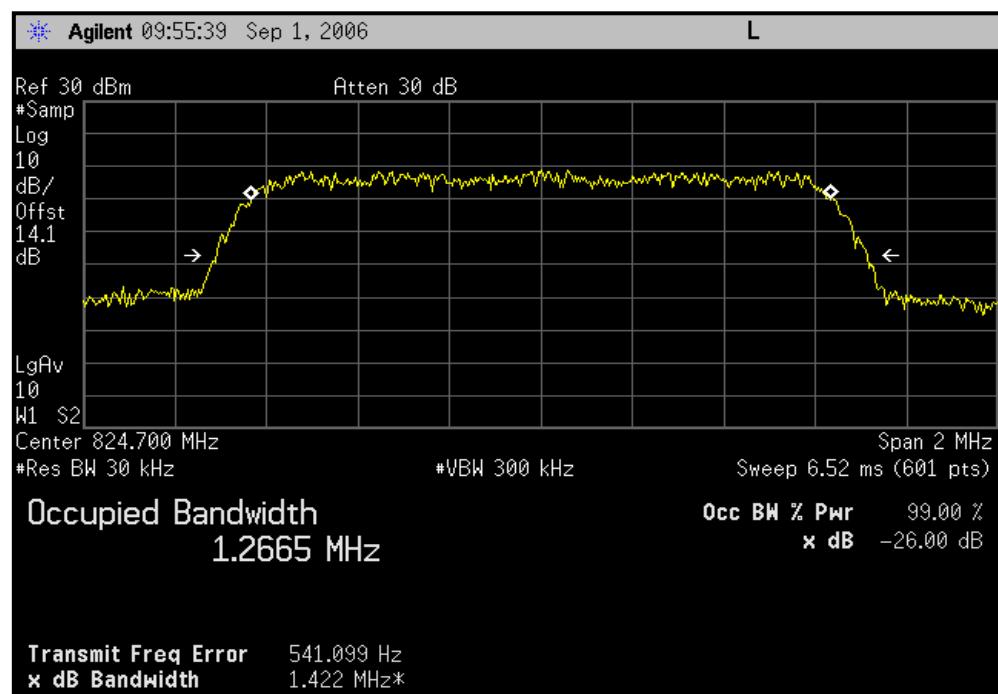


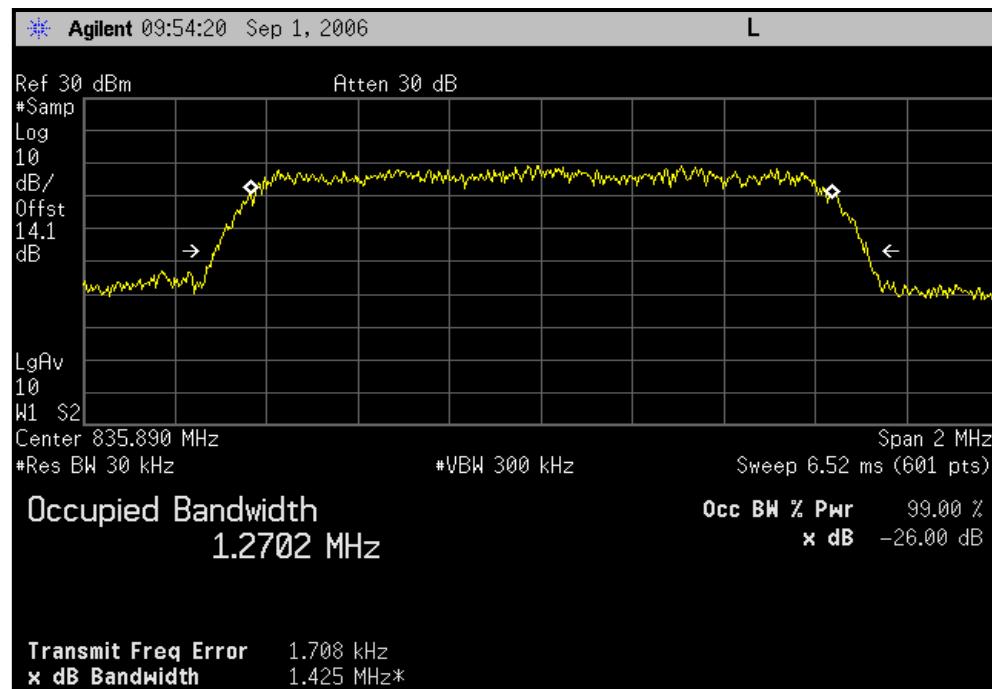
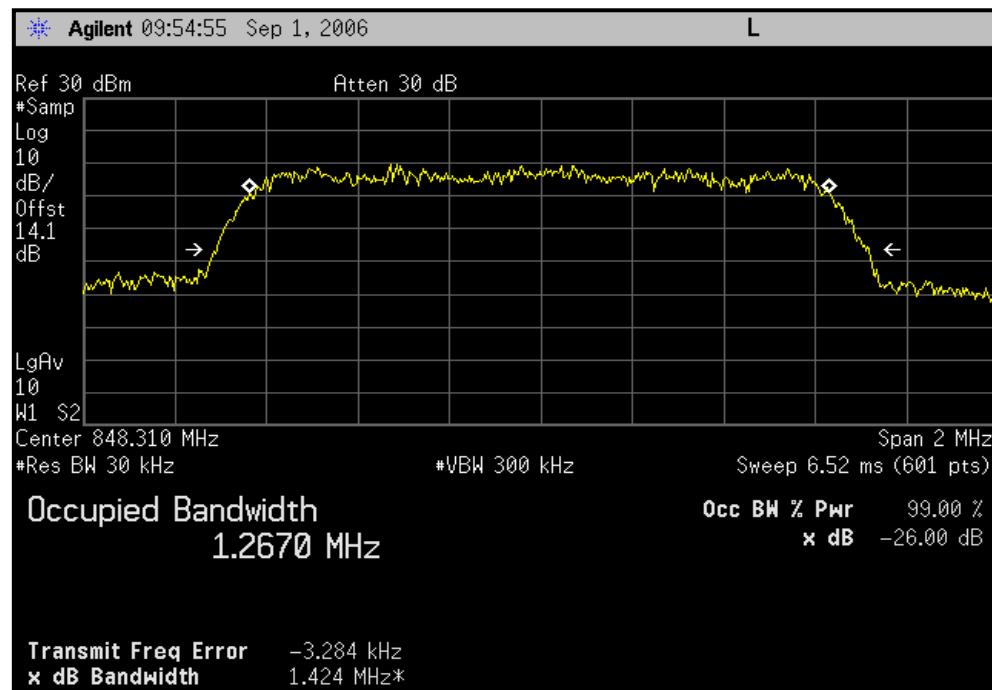
High Channel

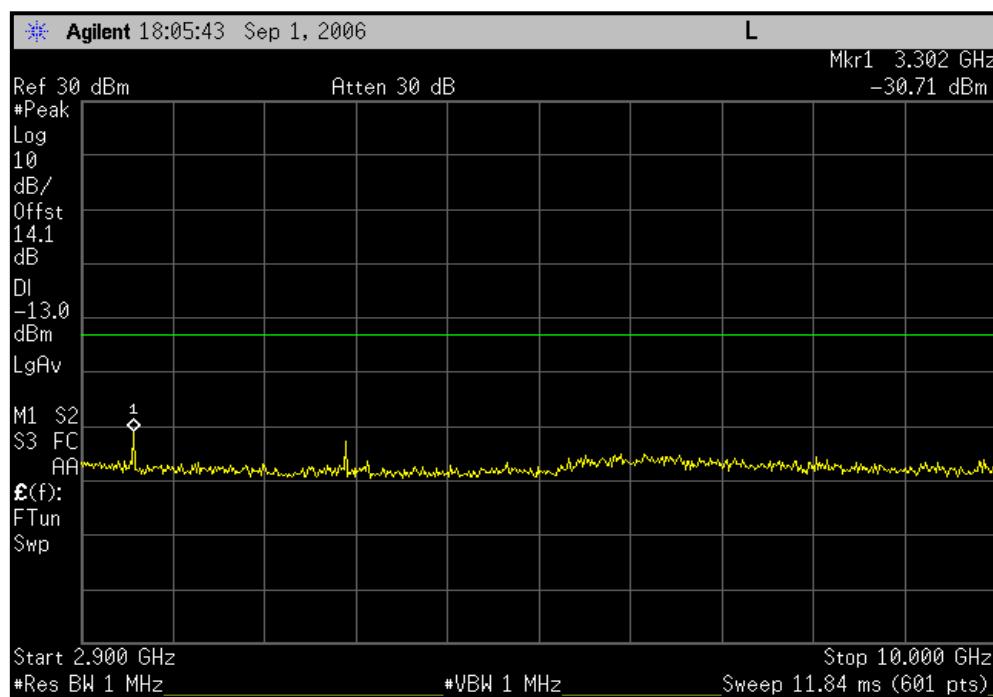
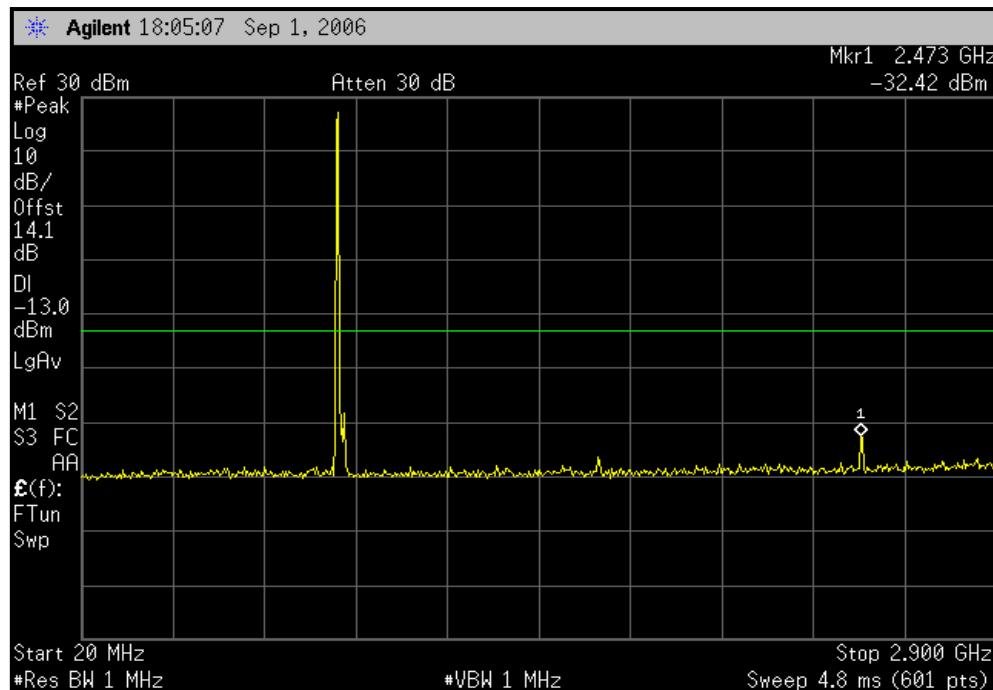


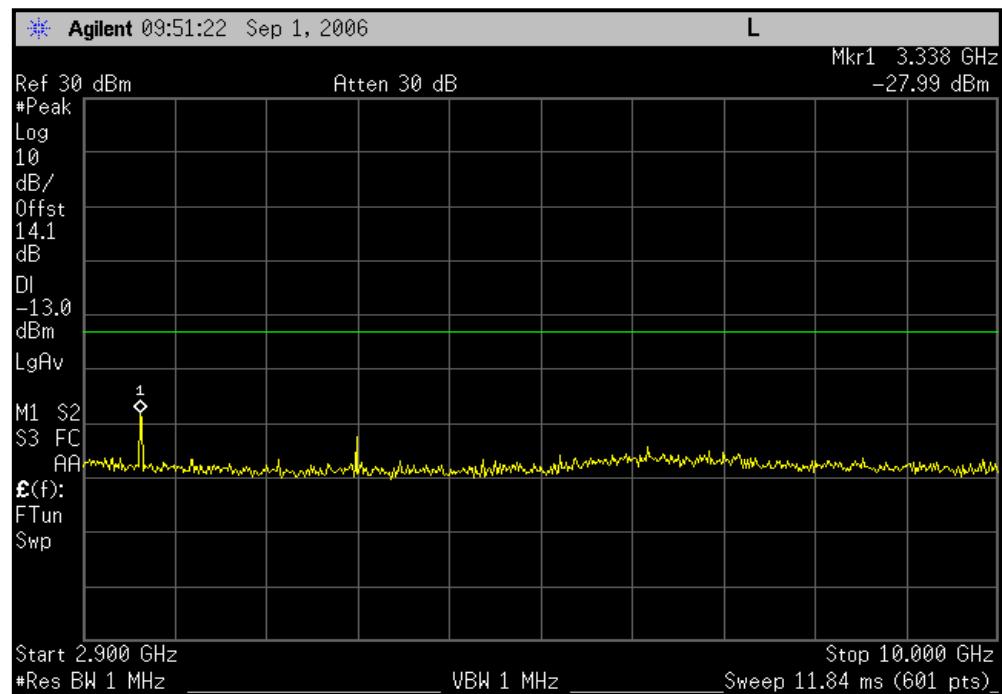
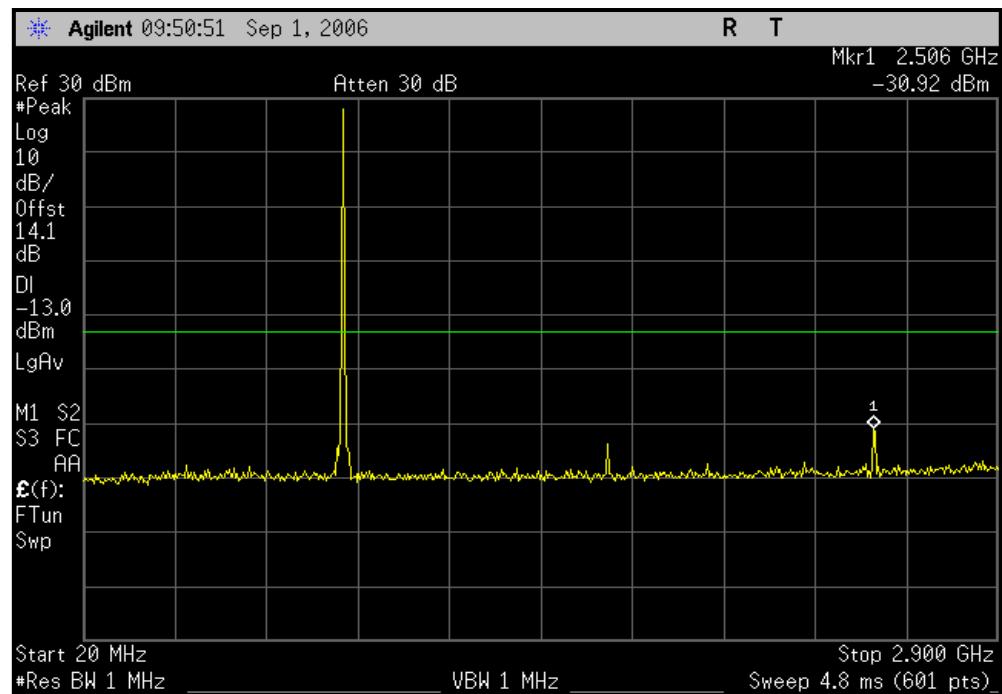
● Occupied Bandwidth / 26dB Bandwidth

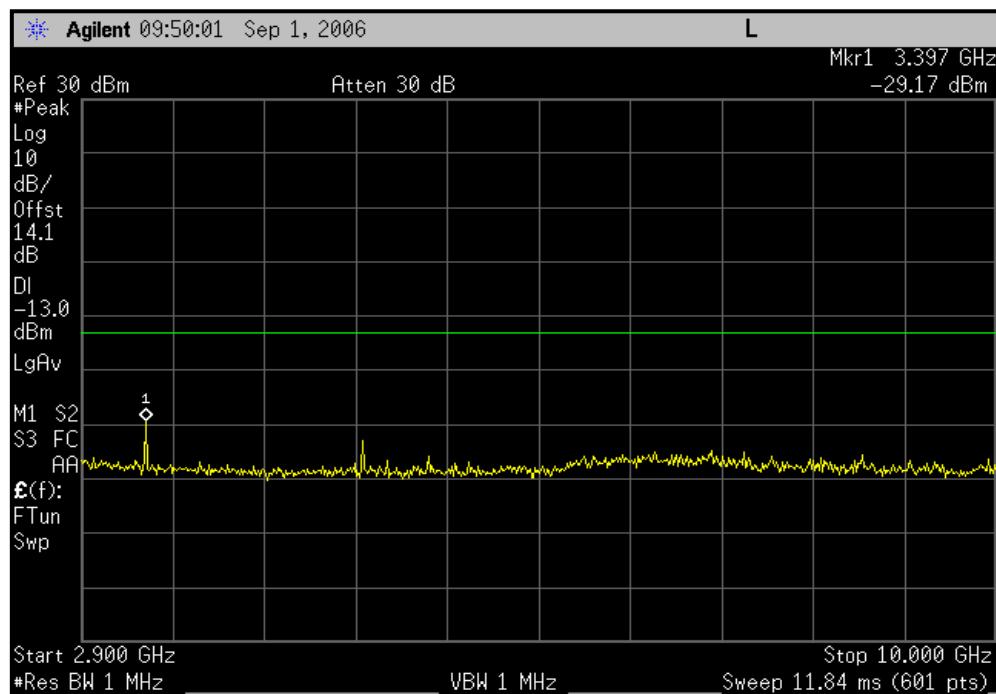
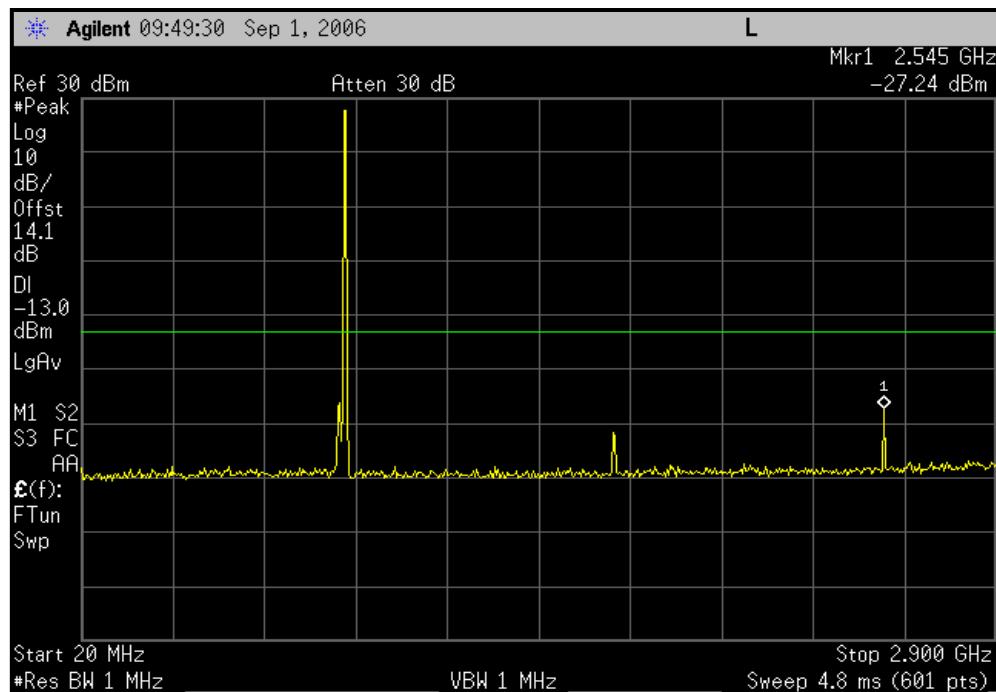
Low Channel

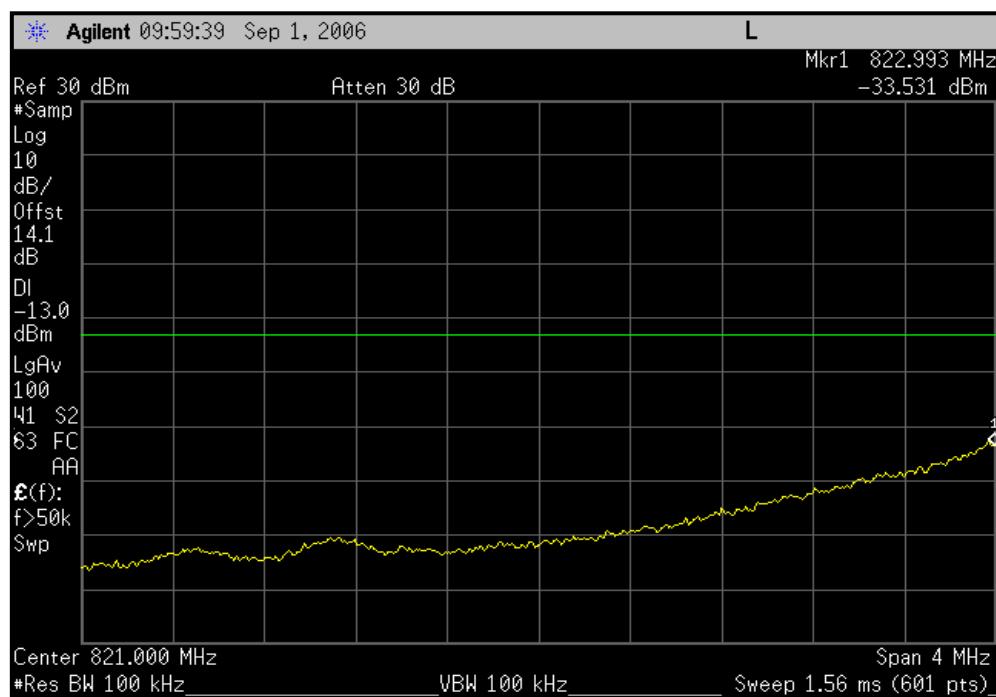
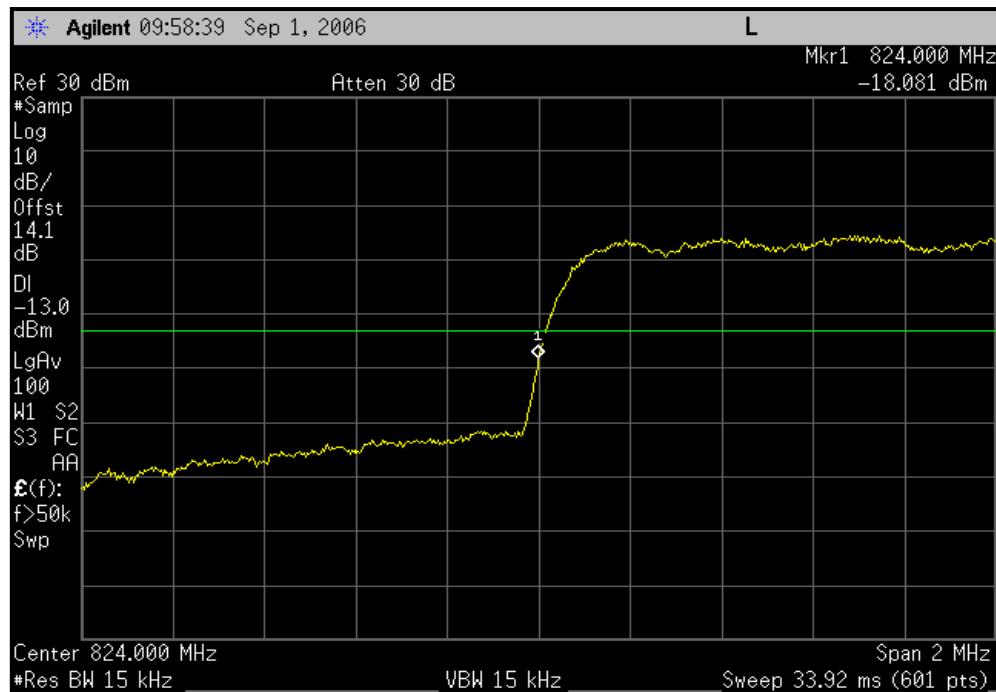


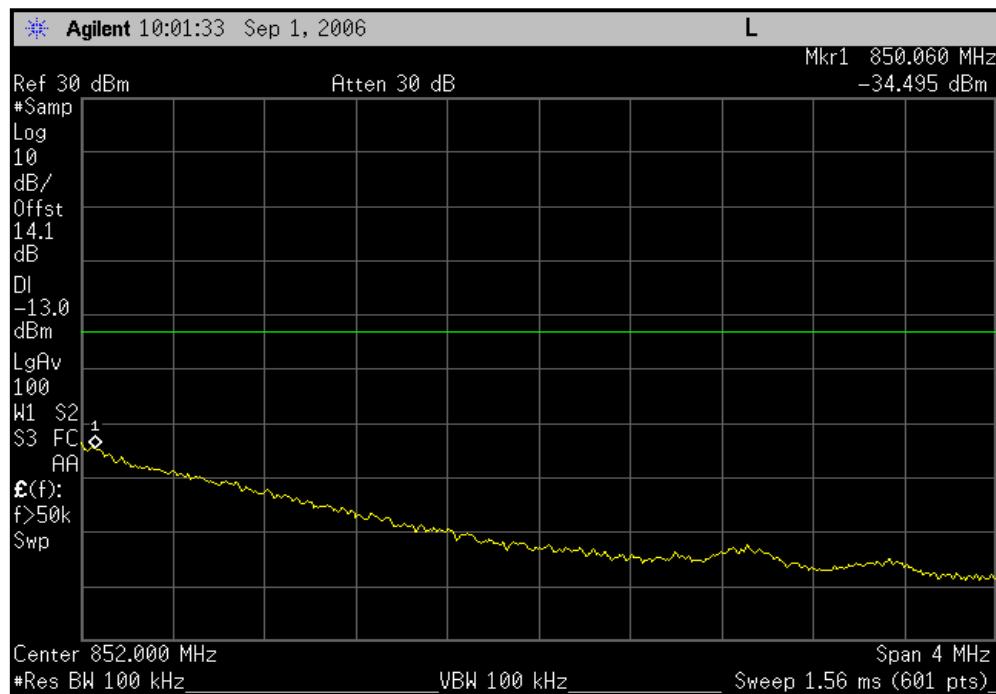
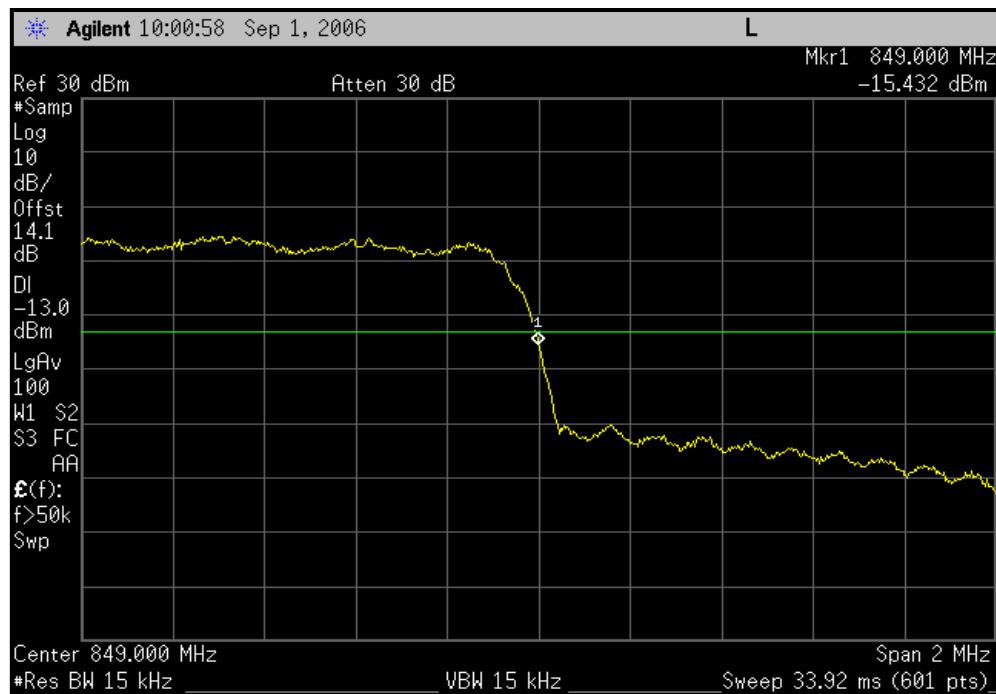
Middle Channel**High Channel**

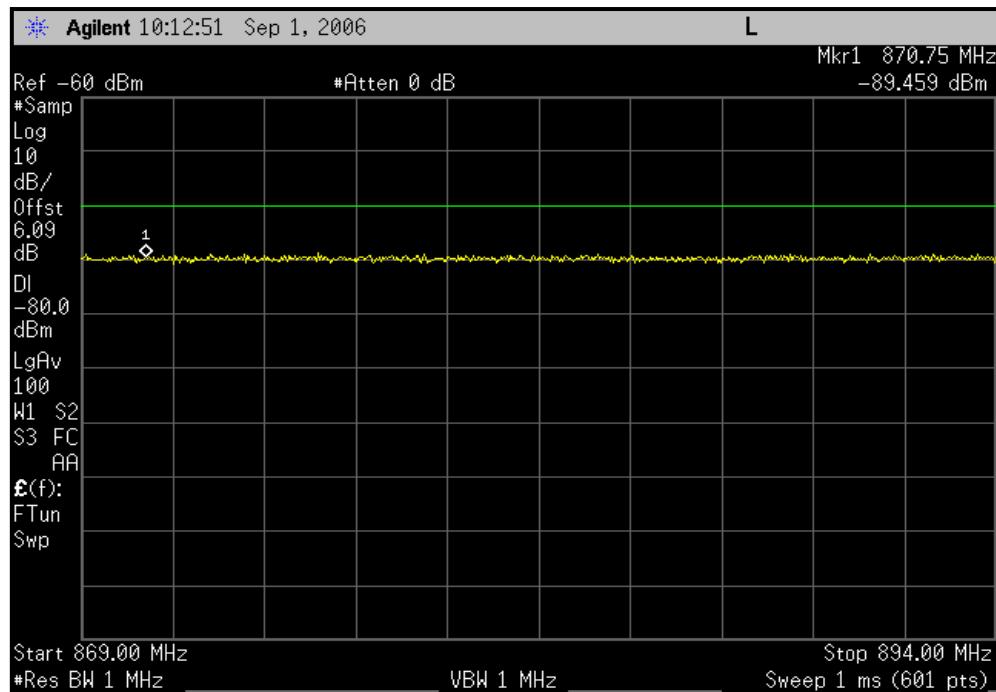
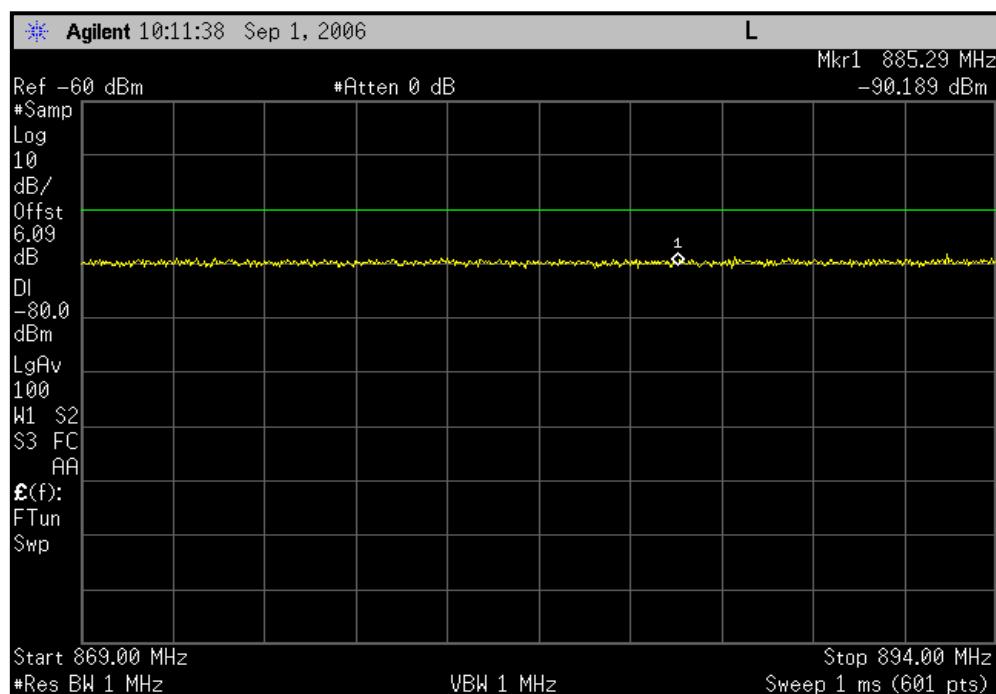
● Spurious Emission at antenna Terminals**Low Channel**

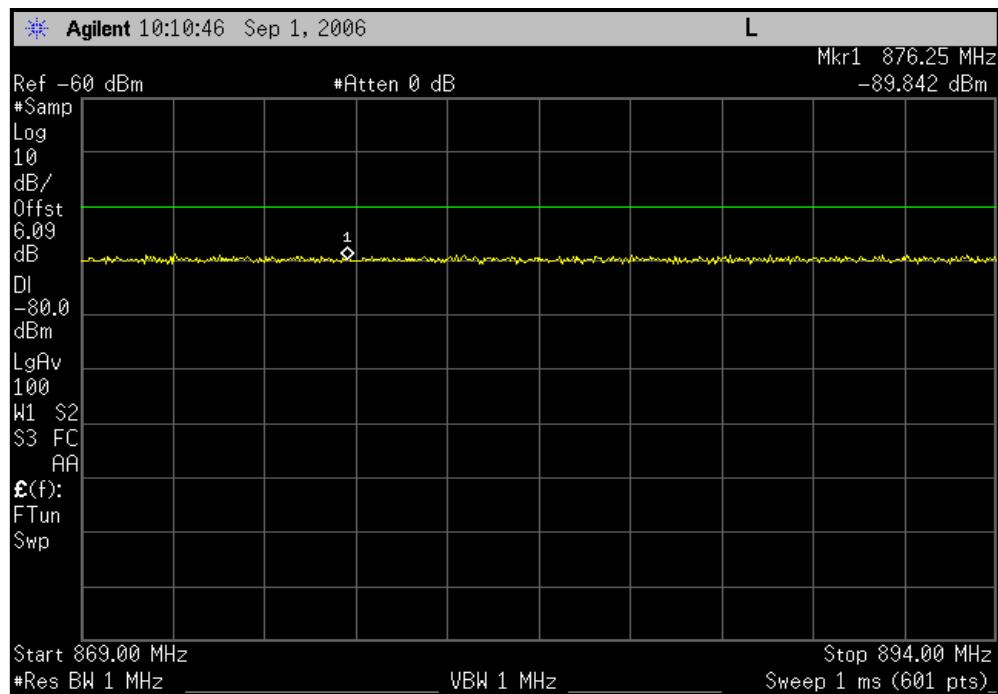
Middle Channel

High Channel

● Band Edge**Low Channel**

High Channel

● Emission in Receiver Critical Band**Low Channel****Middle Channel**

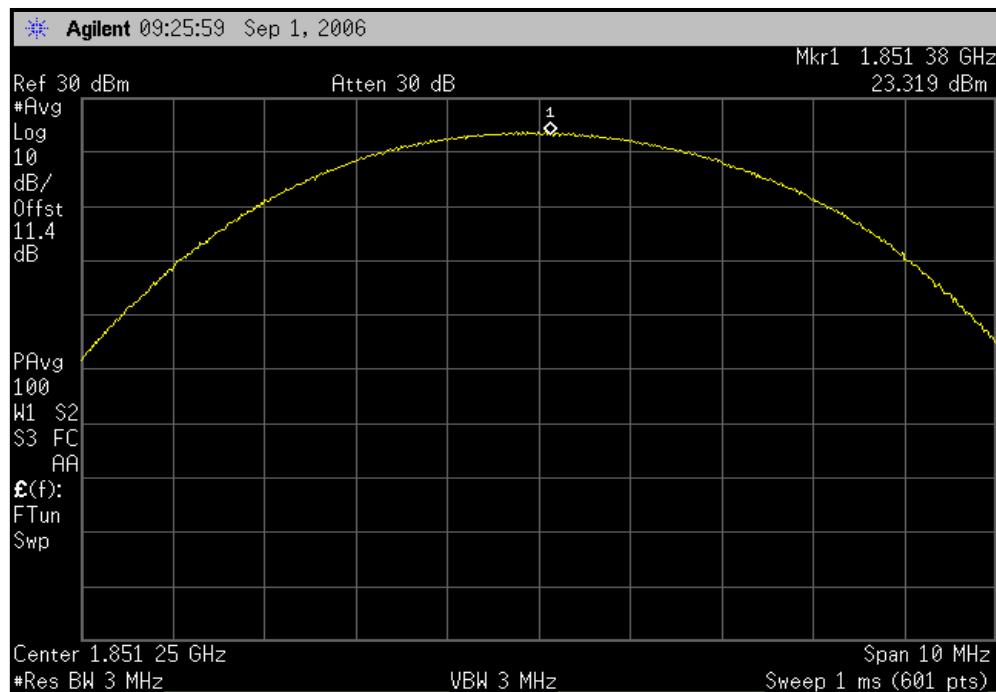
High Channel

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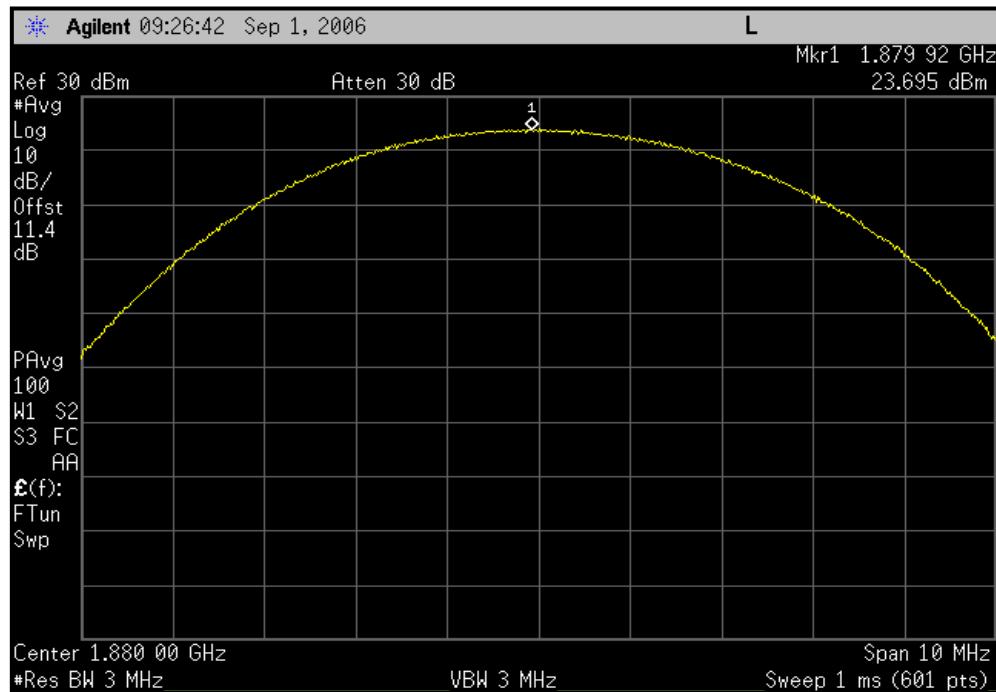
12. Test Plots (US PCS)

● Conducted Output Power

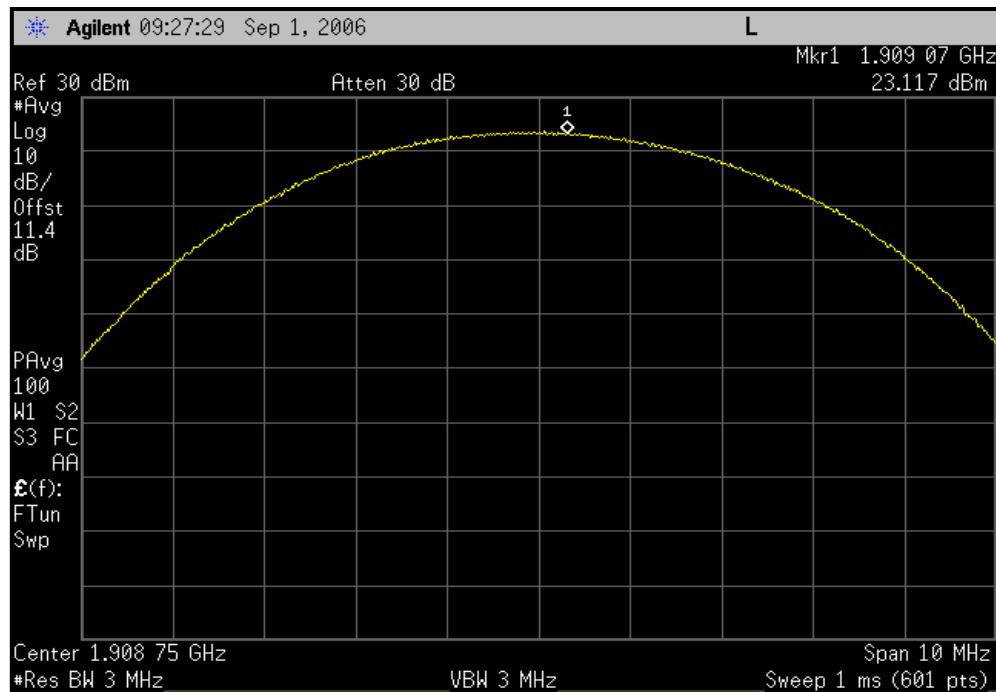
Low Channel



Middle Channel

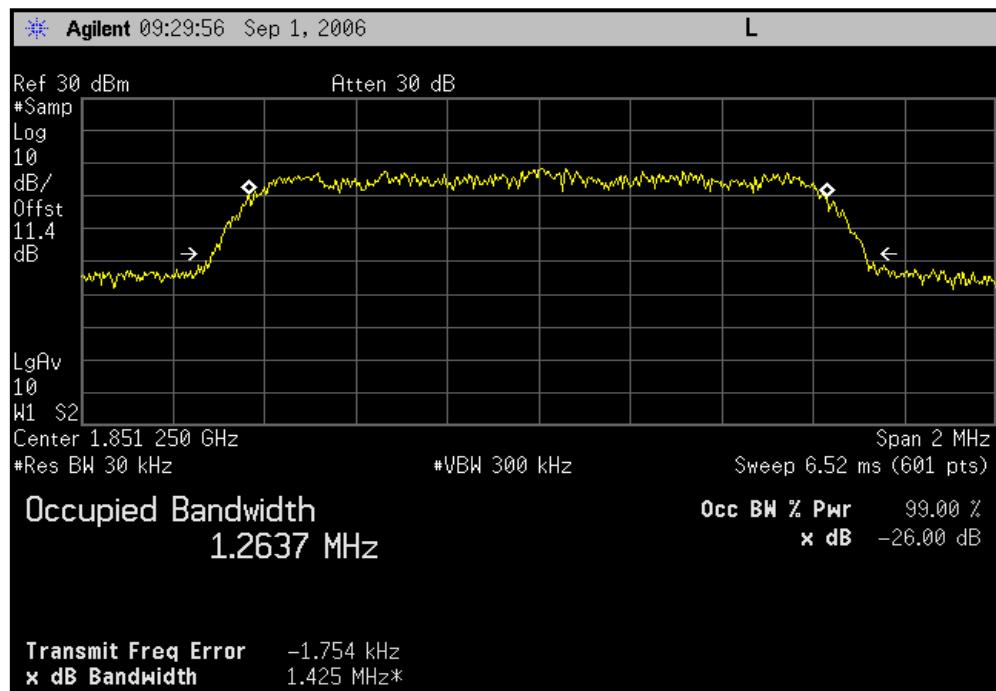


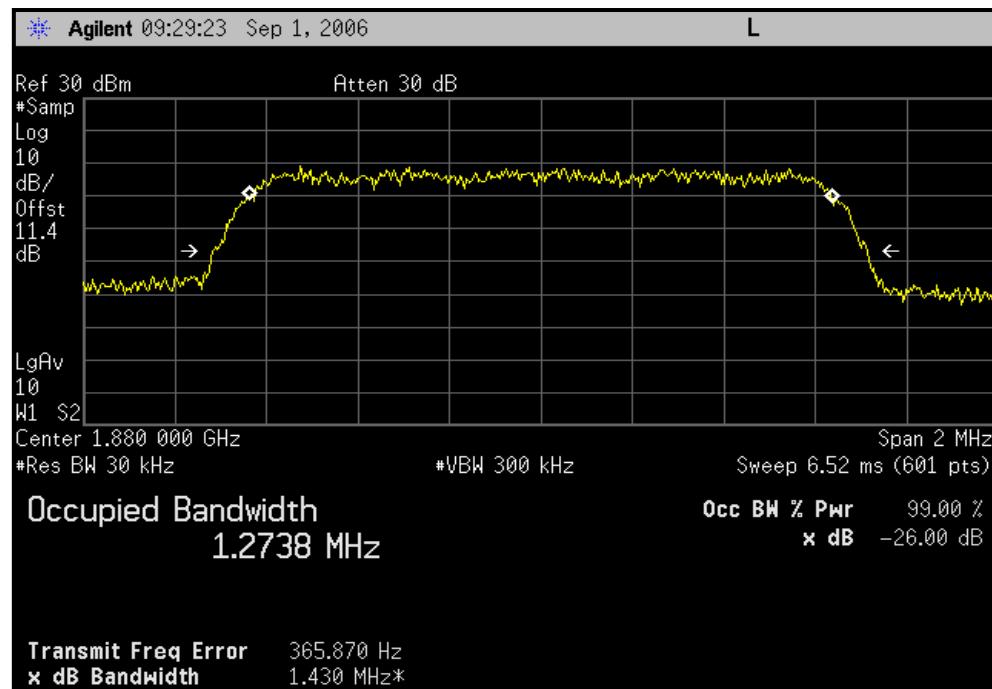
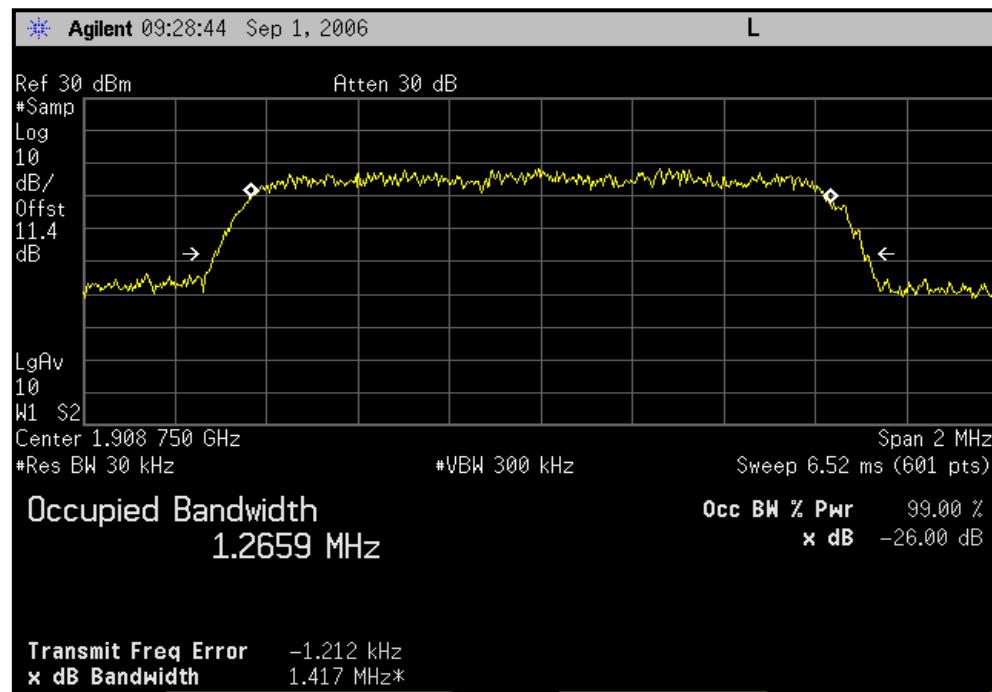
High Channel

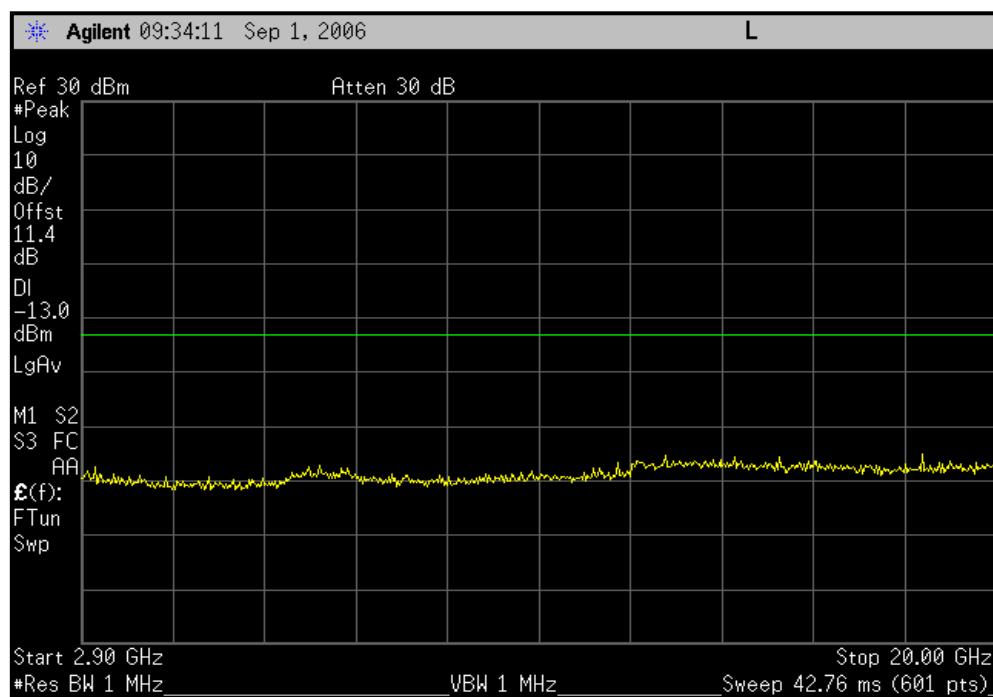
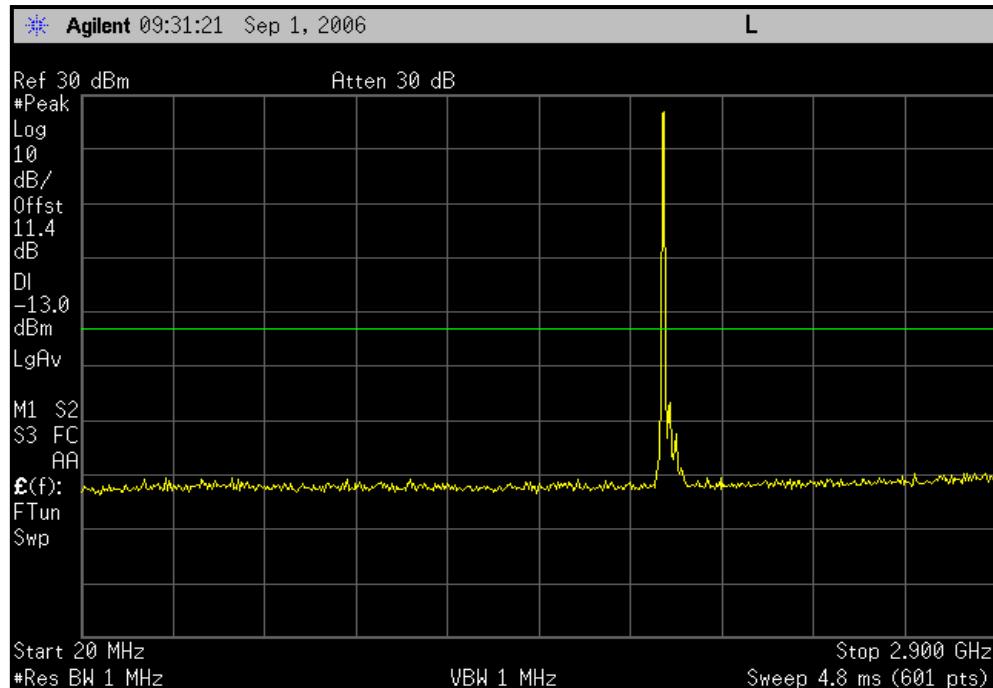


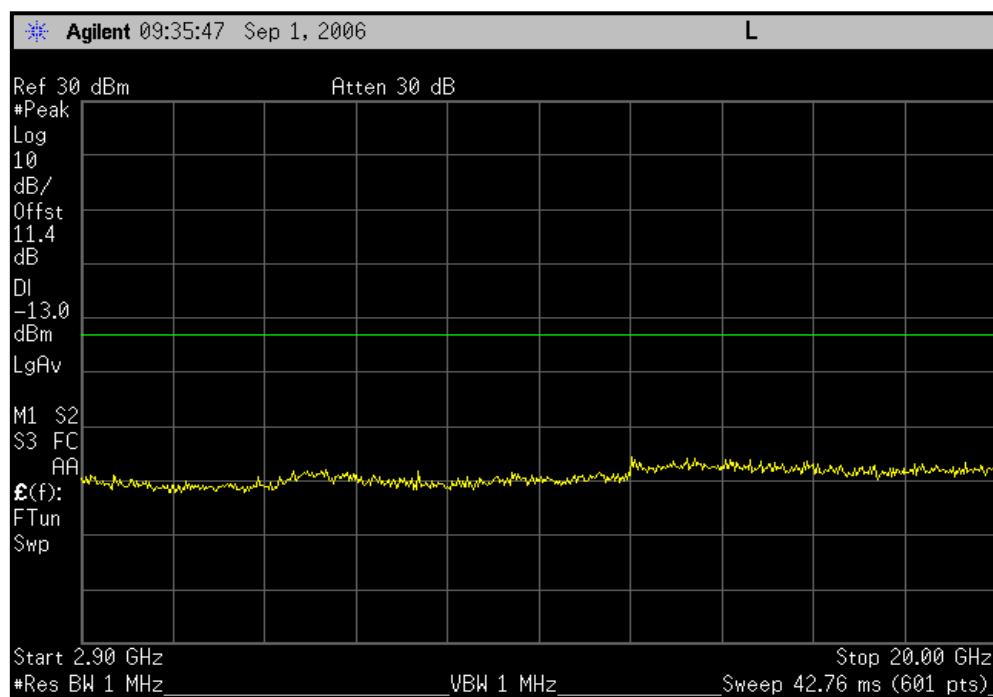
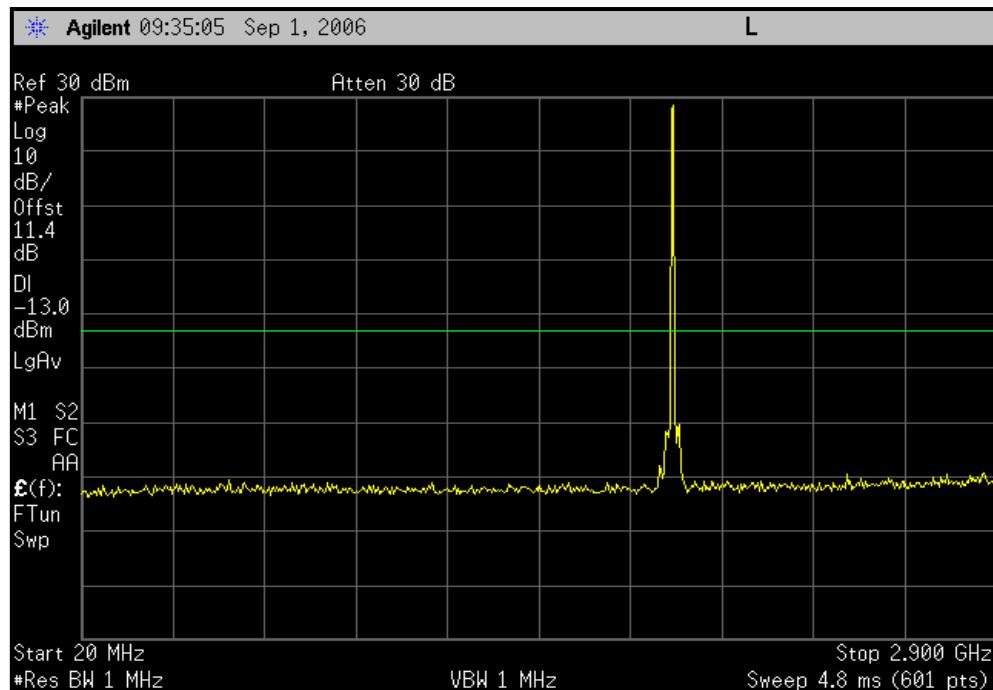
● Occupied Bandwidth / 26dB Bandwidth

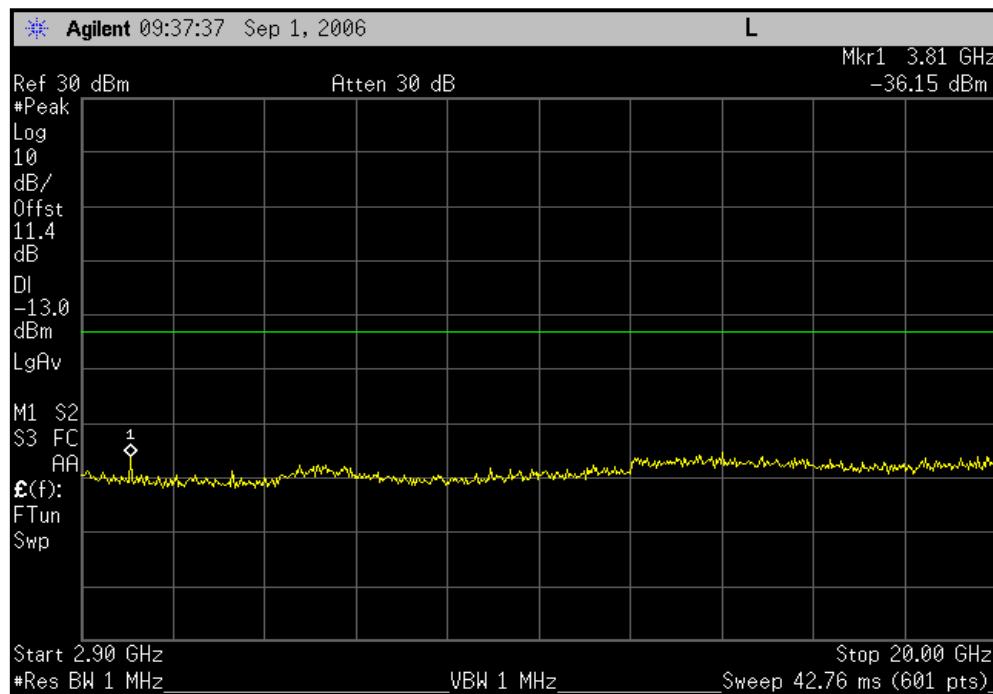
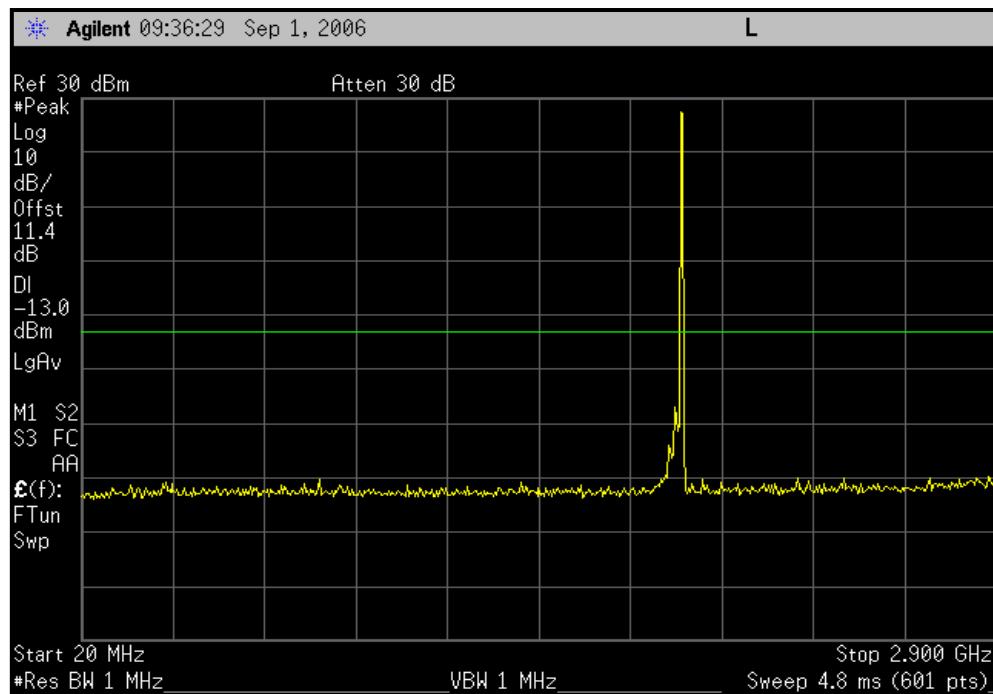
Low Channel



Middle Channel**High Channel**

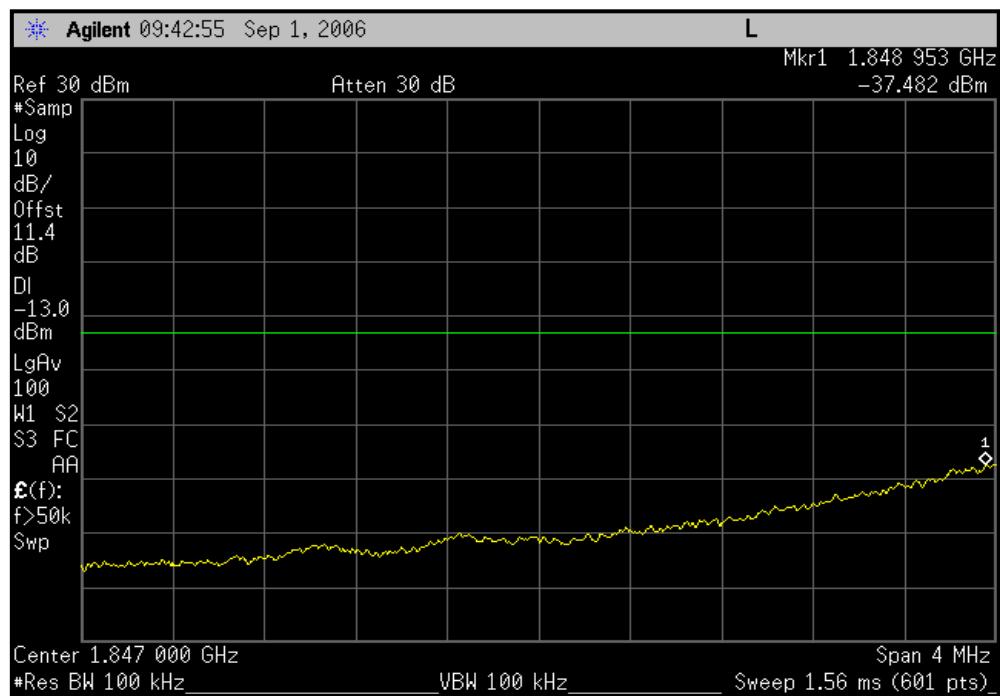
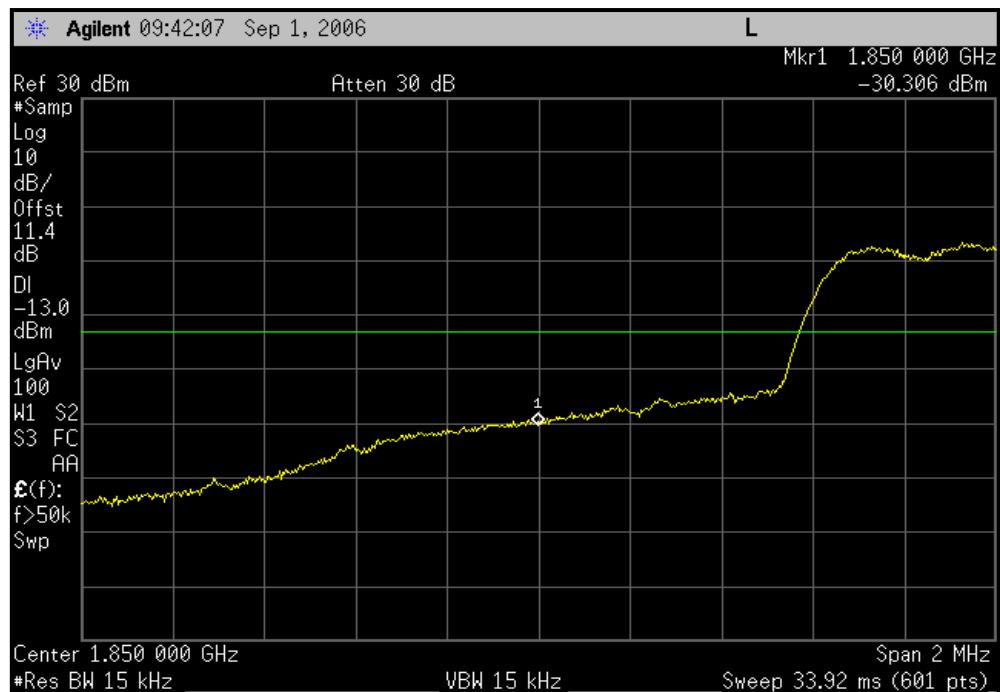
● Spurious Emission at antenna Terminals**Low Channel**

Middle Channel

High Channel

● Band Edge

Low Channel



High Channel