

**Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-247 5.5. Band-edge emissions compliance (Transmitter)**

SPECIFICATION

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

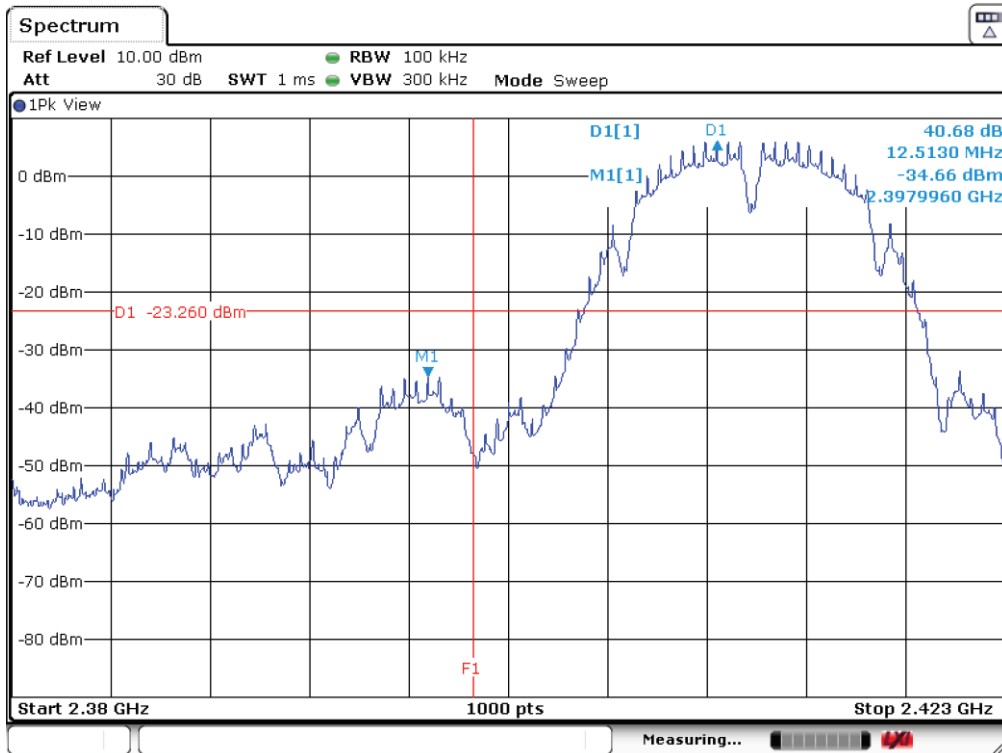
RESULTS:

Note: Radiated measurements were used to show compliance with the limits in the restricted bands 2.31-2.39 GHz and 2.4835-2.5 GHz.

LOW FREQUENCY SECTION 2412 MHz (b/g/n20) and LOW FREQUENCY SECTION 2422 MHz (n40) CONDUCTED.

Mode B

See next plot.

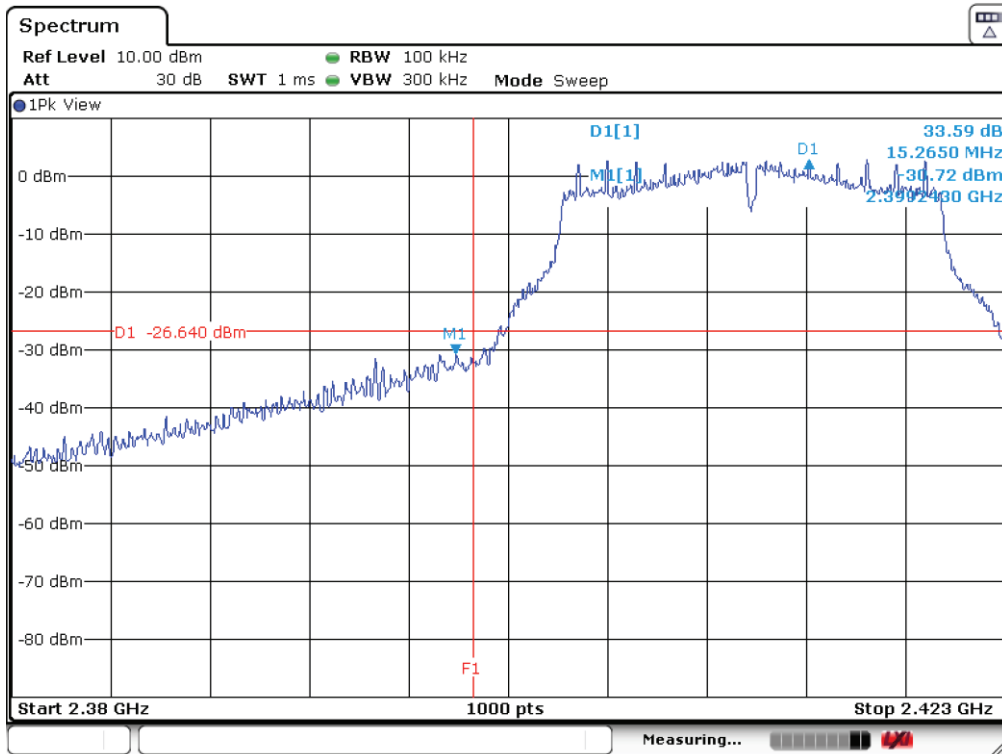


Measurement uncertainty (dB)	< ±2.03
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Verdict: PASS

Mode G

See next plot.

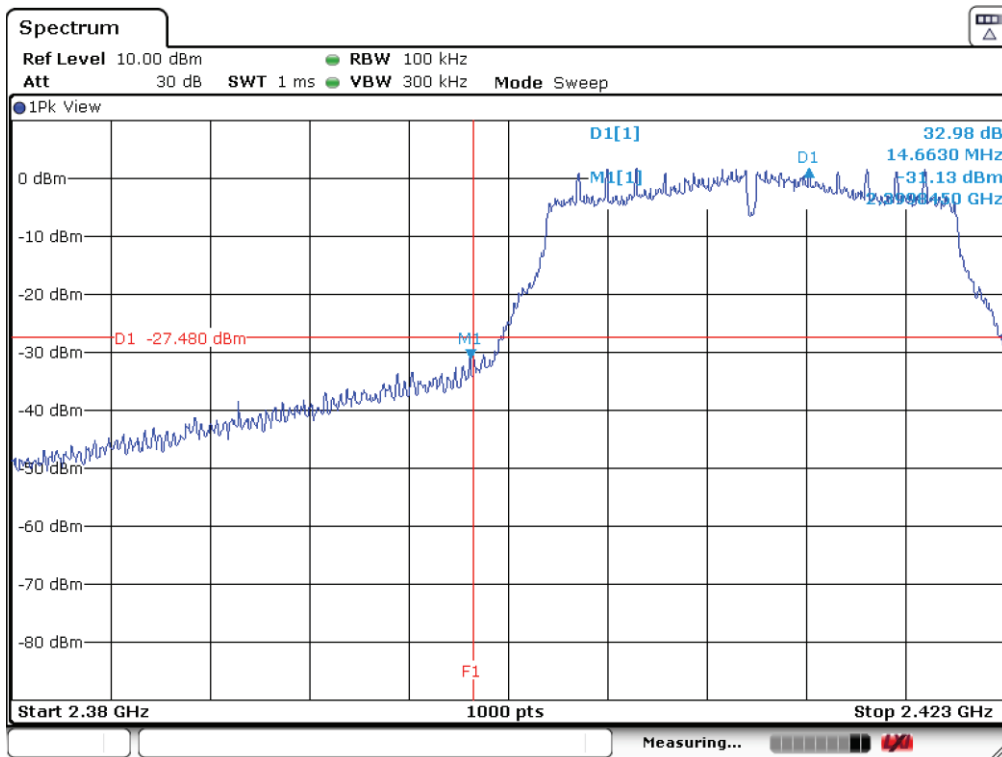


Measurement uncertainty (dB)	< ±2.03
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Verdict: PASS

Mode N20

See next plot.

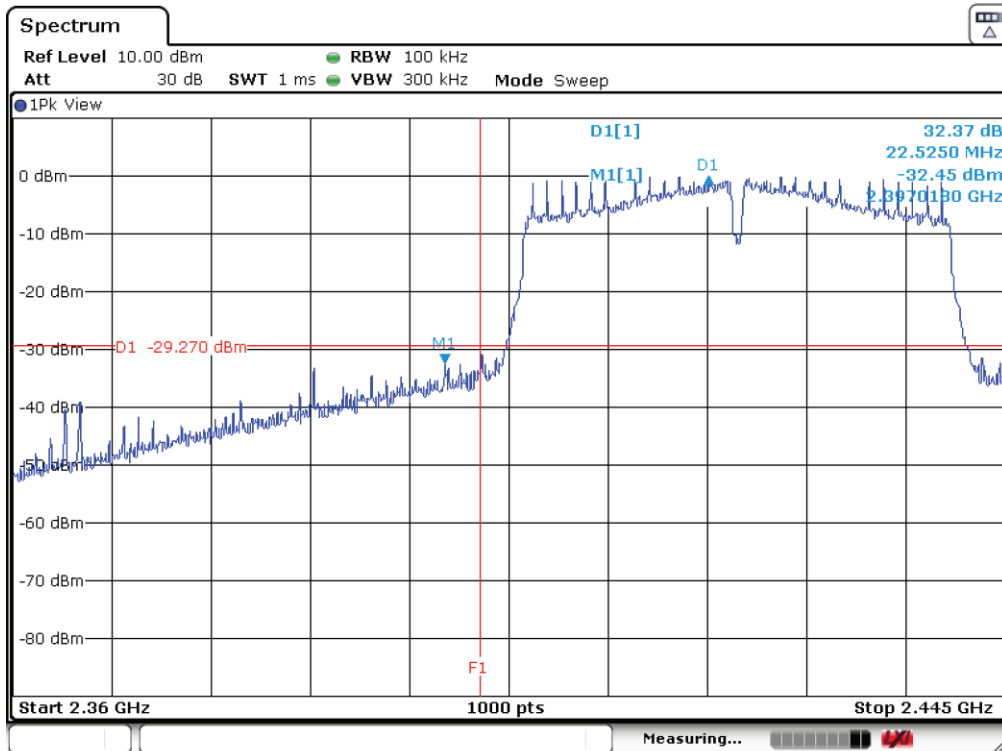


Measurement uncertainty (dB)	< ±2.03
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Verdict: PASS

Mode N40

See next plot.



Measurement uncertainty (dB)	< ±2.03
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Verdict: PASS

## Section 15.247 Subclause (e) / RSS-247 5.2. (2) Power spectral density

### SPECIFICATION

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### RESULTS

The maximum power spectral density level in the fundamental emission was measured using the method AVGPSD-1 (AVG PSD) according to point 10.3. of Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04 dated 05/04/2017.

Power spectral density (see next plots).

#### Mode B

	Lowest frequency 2412 MHz	Middle frequency 2437 MHz	Highest frequency 2462 MHz
Power spectral density (dBm)	-2.18	-1.61	-2.19
Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±1.20		

#### Mode G

	Lowest frequency 2412 MHz	Middle frequency 2437 MHz	Highest frequency 2462 MHz
Power spectral density (dBm)	-0.86	1.33	-0.72
Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±1.20		

#### Mode N20

	Lowest frequency 2412 MHz	Middle frequency 2437 MHz	Highest frequency 2462 MHz
Power spectral density (dBm)	-3.88	-3.32	-3.34
Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±1.20		

#### Mode N40

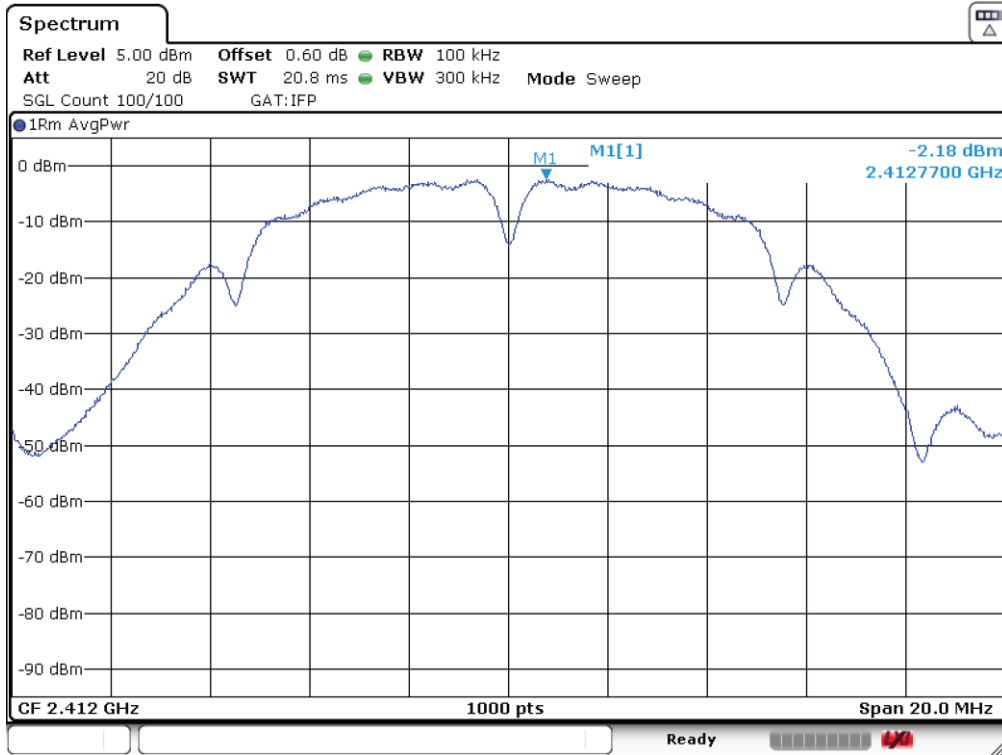
	Lowest frequency 2422 MHz	Middle frequency 2437 MHz	Highest frequency 2452 MHz
Power spectral density (dBm)	-5.72	-5.12	-5.44
Measurement uncertainty (dB)	<±1.20		

Verdict: PASS

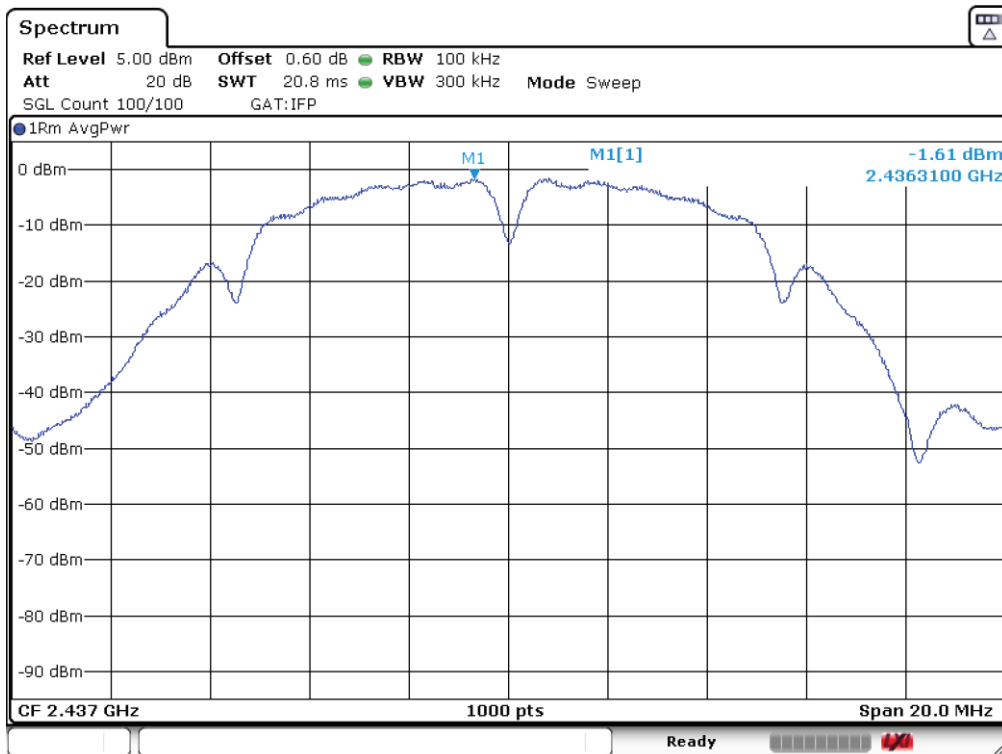
Power spectral density.

Mode B

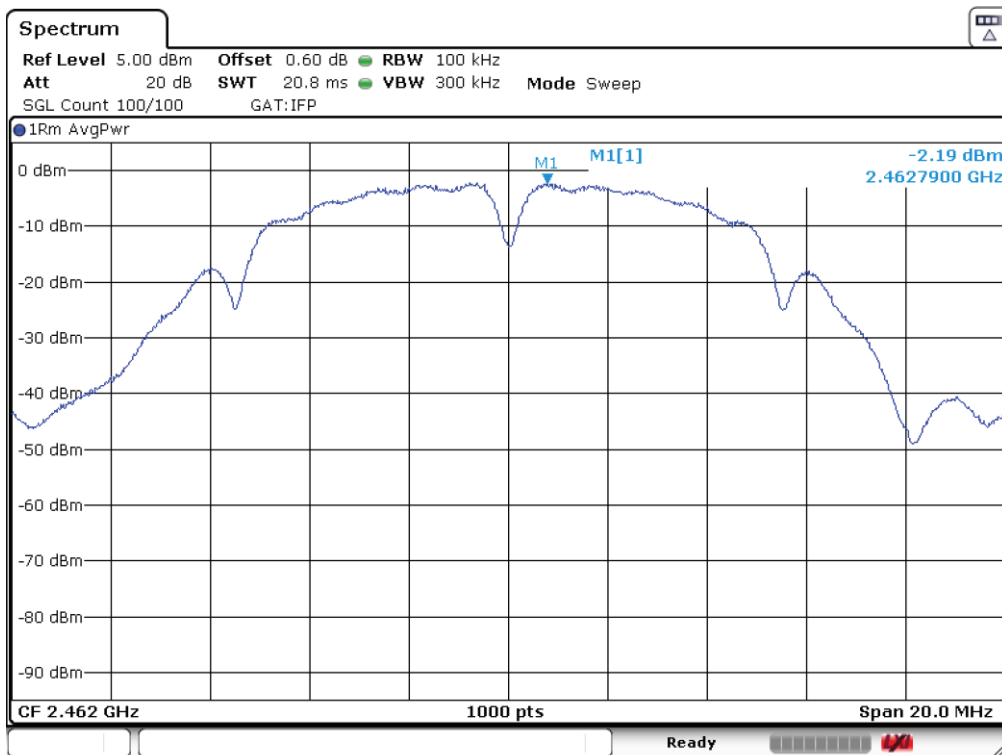
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel

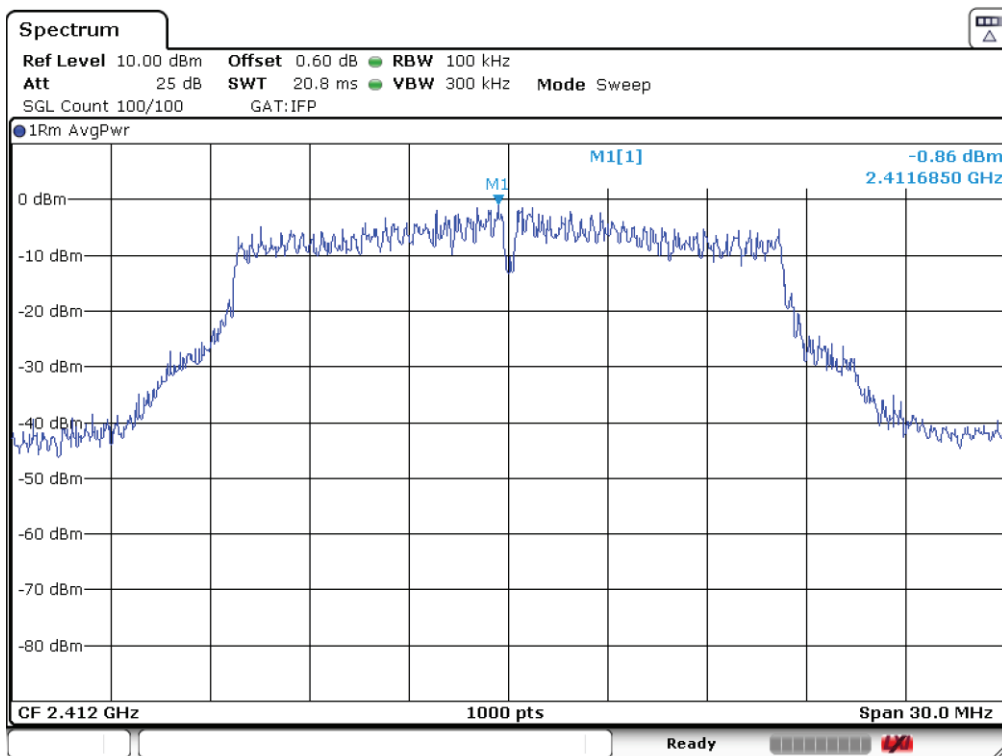


### Highest channel

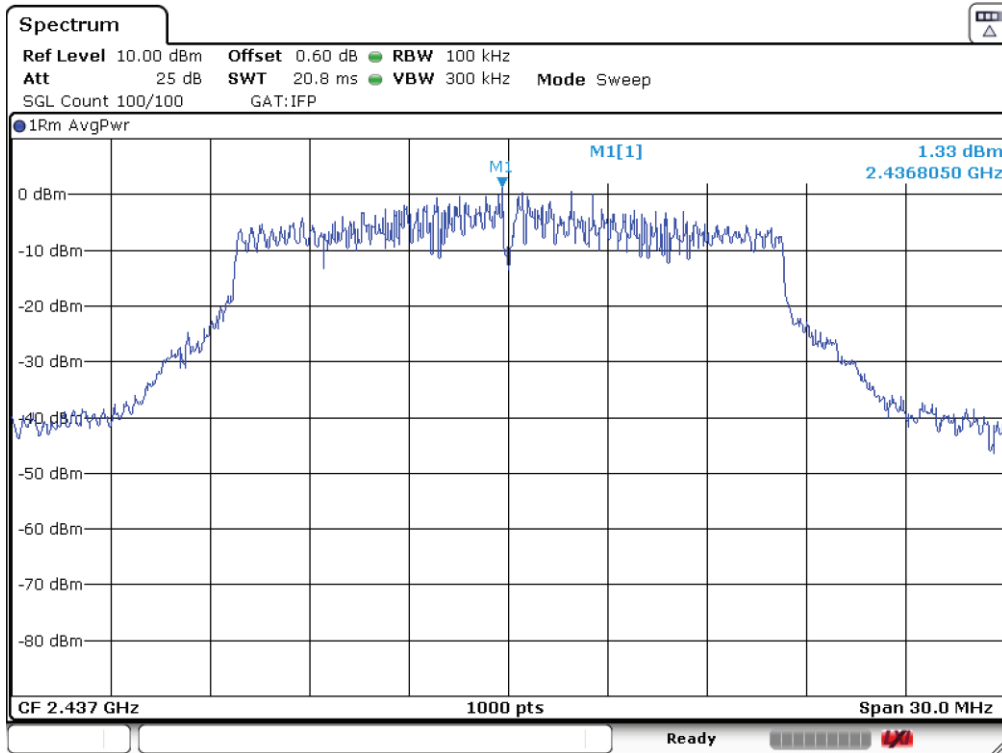


### Mode G

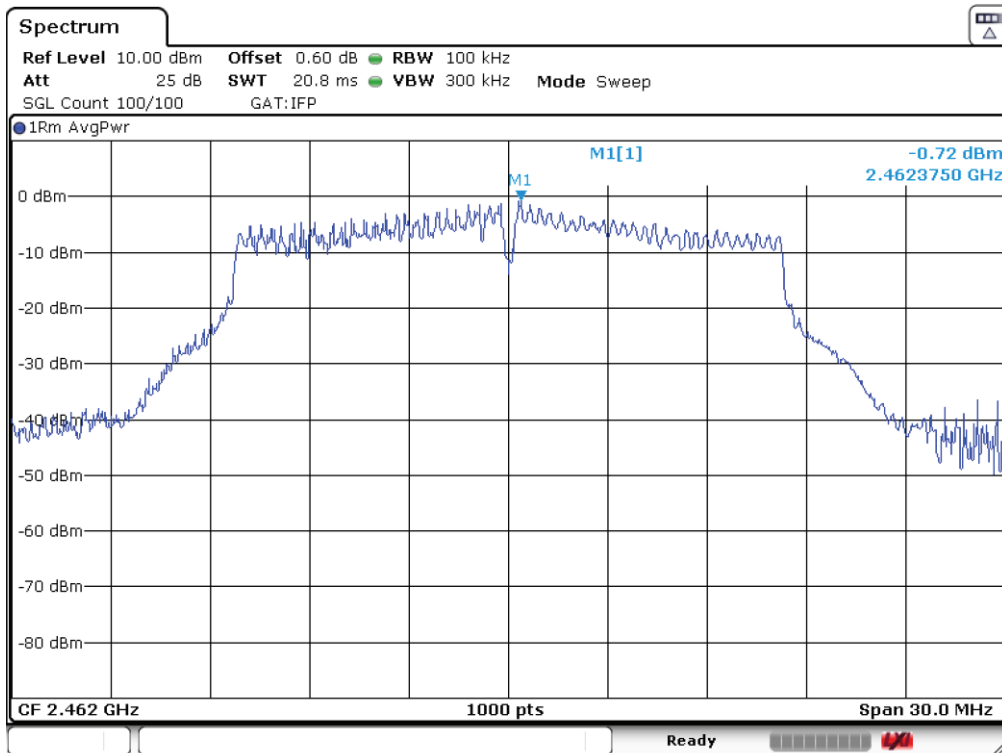
### Lowest Channel



### Middle Channel



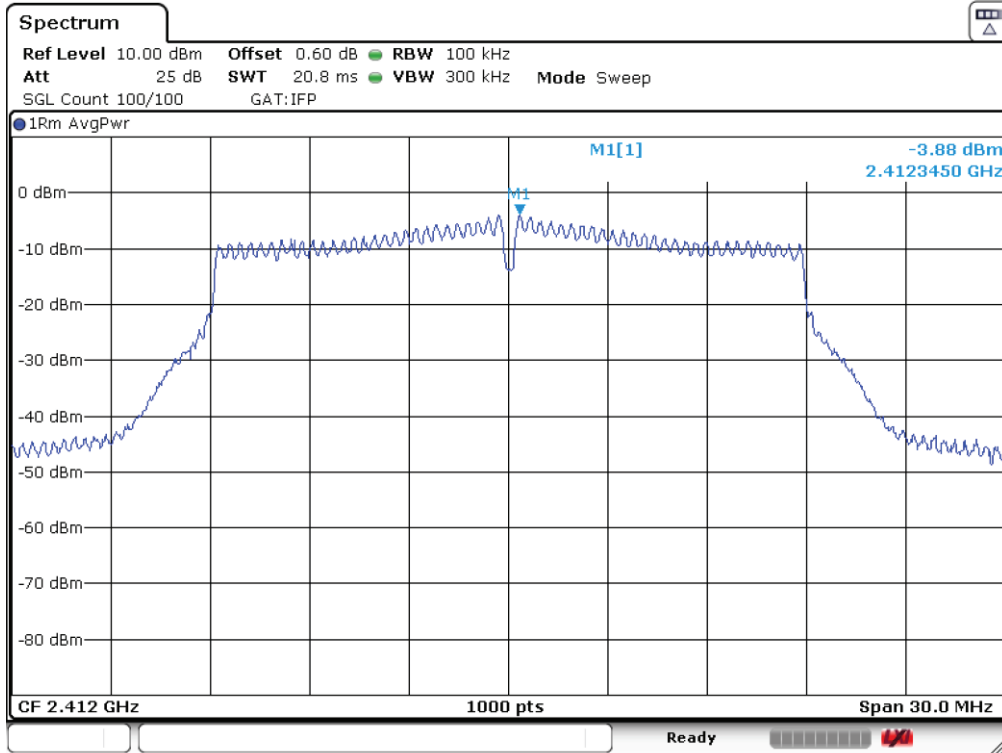
### Highest channel



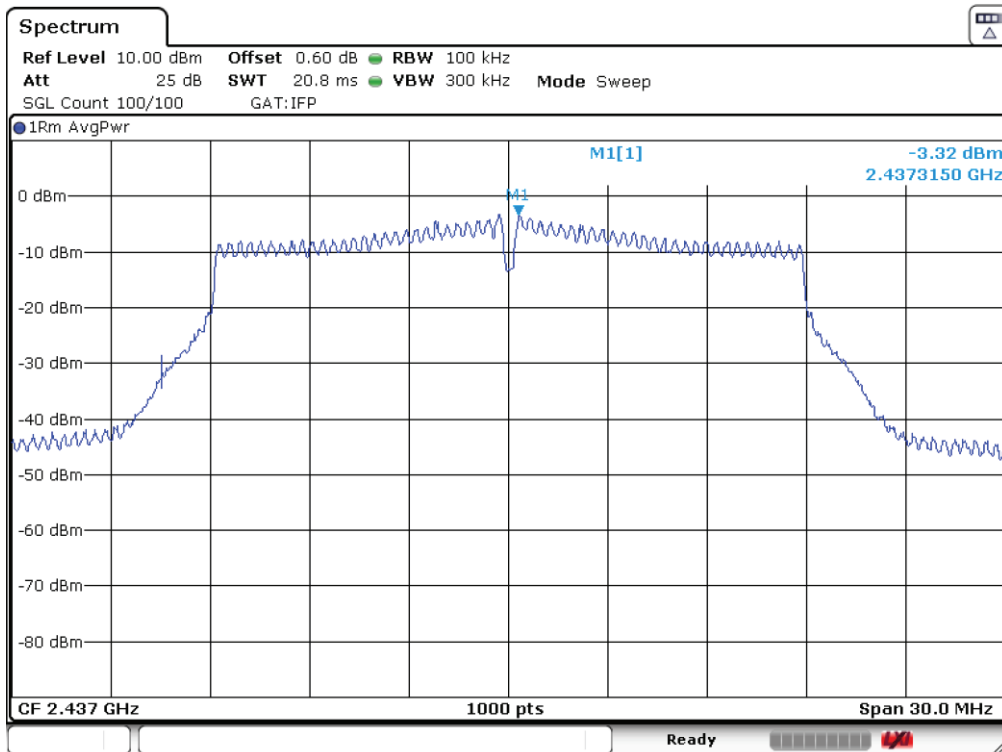


## Mode N20

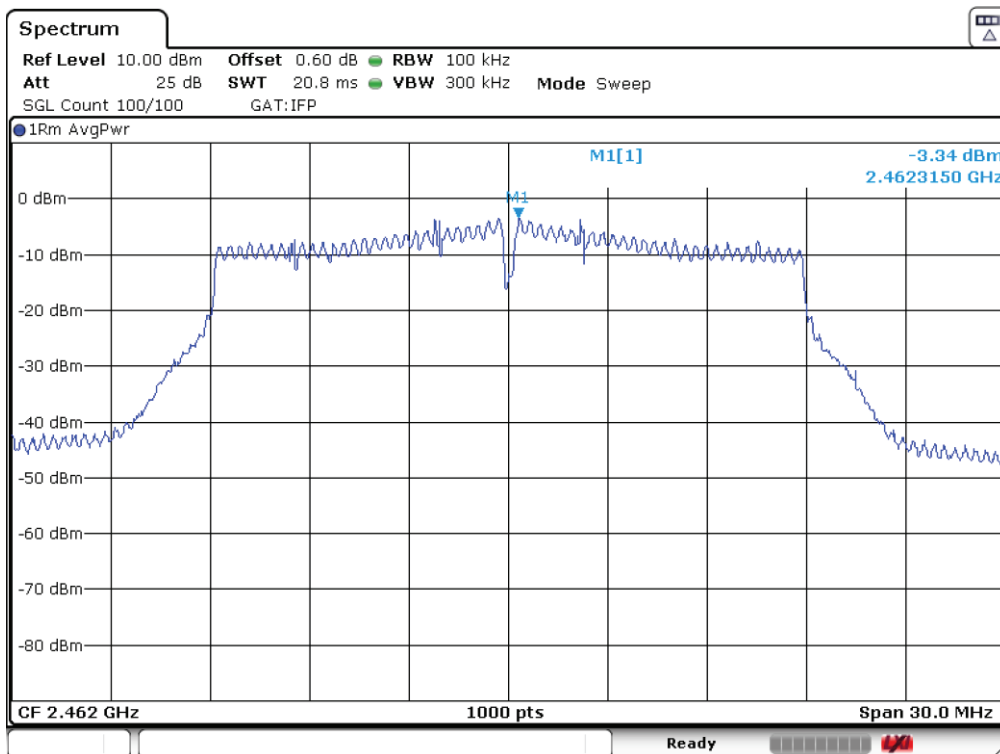
### Lowest Channel



### Middle Channel

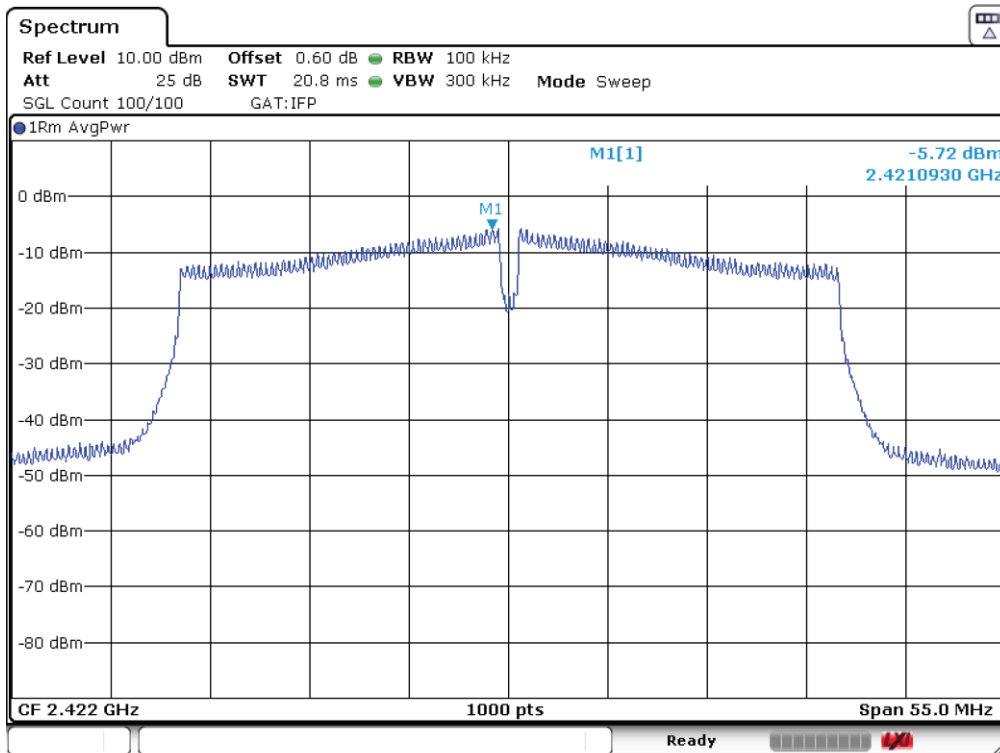


### Highest channel

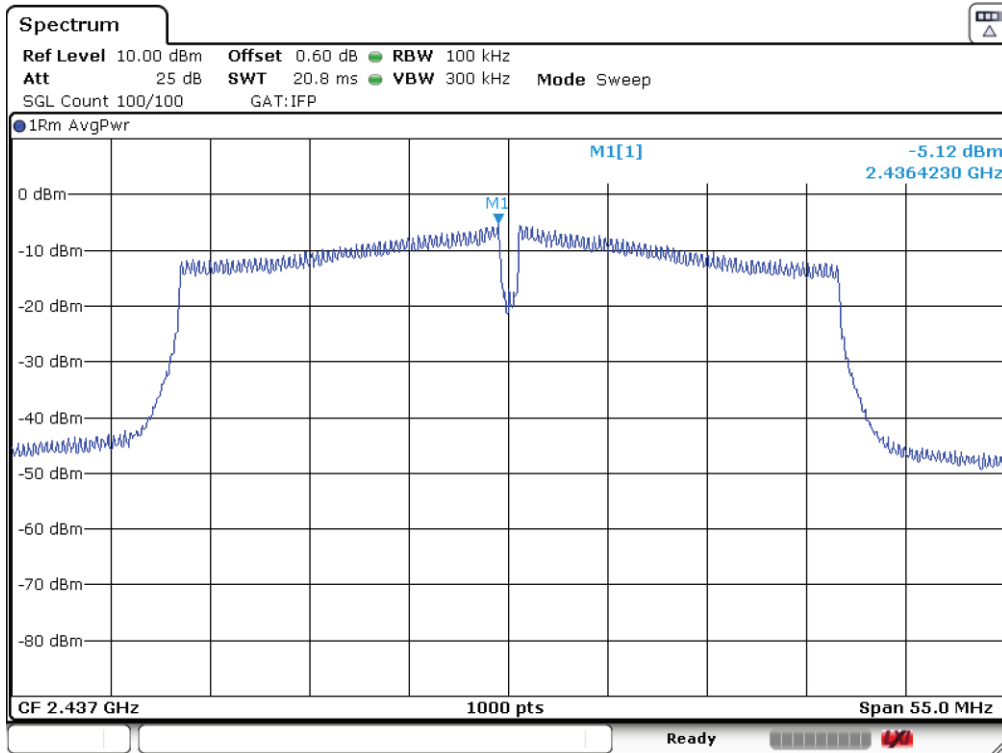


### Mode N40

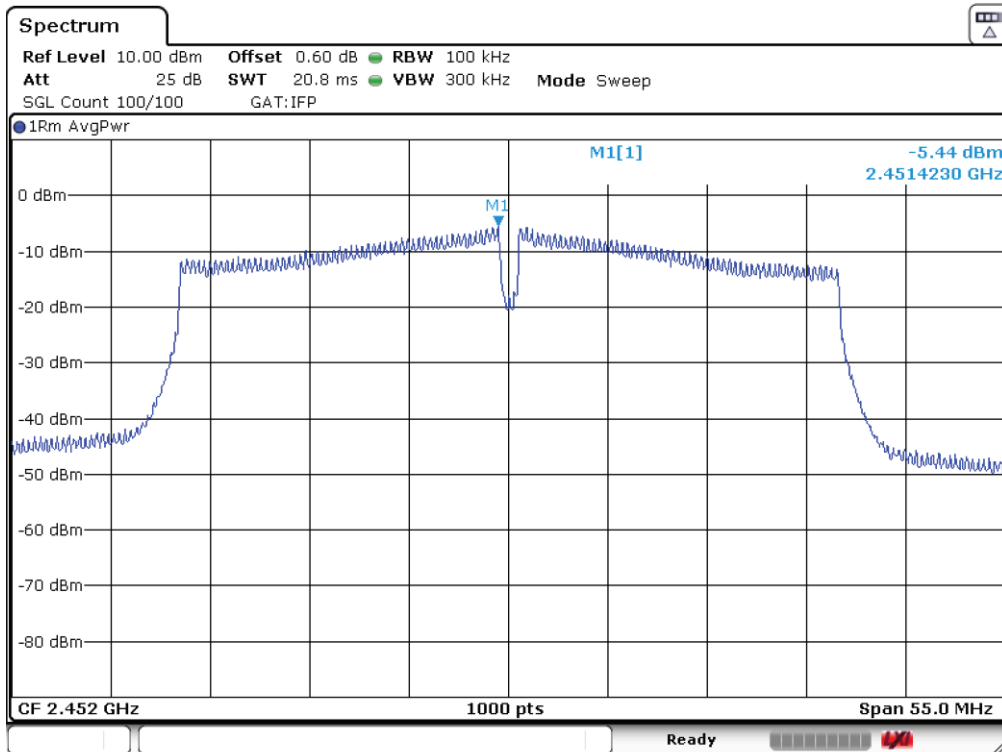
### Lowest Channel



### Middle Channel



### Highest channel



**Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-247 5.5. Emission limitations radiated (Transmitter)**

SPECIFICATION

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c) / RSS-Gen):

Frequency Range (MHz)	Field strength ( $\mu\text{V/m}$ )	Field strength ( $\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$ )	Measurement distance (m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	-	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	-	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	-	30
30 - 88	100	40	3
88 - 216	150	43.5	3
216 - 960	200	46	3
960 - 25000	500	54	3

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

For average radiated emission measurements above 1000 MHz, there is also a limit corresponding to 20 dB above the indicated values in the table is specified when measuring with peak detector function.

RESULTS:

The situation and orientation was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. It was also rotated 360° and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission.

Measurements were made in both horizontal and vertical planes of polarization.

All tests were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 m for the frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz and at distance of 1m for the frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz.

The test was performed with the equipment transmitting first with only the WiFi 2.4GHz (WLAN1 CORE1) and repeated with the 2.4 GHz BT-EDR (WLAN 0), and WiFi 5 GHz (WLAN0 CORE0) radios transmitting simultaneously to check the impact of the co-location of the other radio interfaces. The results and plots below show the worst results obtained.

The field strength is calculated by adding correction factor to the measured level from the spectrum analyzer. This correction factor includes antenna factor, cable loss and pre-amplifiers gain.

### Frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz.

The spurious signals detected do not depend on either the operating channel or the modulation mode.

Spurious frequency (GHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
748.042	PV	Quasi-peak	29.20	$\pm$ 3.88

### Frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz.

The results in the next tables show the maximum measured levels in the 1-25 GHz range including the restricted bands 2.31-2.39 GHz and 2.4835-2.5 GHz (see next plots).

The field strength at the band edges was evaluated for each mode for the channel under test.

Spurious signals with peak levels above the average limit (54 dB $\mu$ V/m at 3 m) are measured with AVG detector for checking compliance with the average limit.

For spurious emissions (except field strength at the band edges that was performed for all possibilities of different bandwidth) for OFDM modes 802.11g, 802.11n20 and 802.11n40 a preliminary scan (highest output power and highest output power spectral density) was performed to determine the worst case. The next tables and plots show the results for the worst case to DSSS modulation (802.11b) and OFDM modulation (802.11g).

1. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 b mode.

1.1. CHANNEL 1: LOWEST (2412 MHz). Out-of-band spurious emissions in the 1-25 GHz range and inside restricted band 2.31-2.39 GHz.

Spurious frequency (GHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2.38996	PH	Peak	53.18	$\pm 4.87$
4.0002	PV	Peak	41.17	$\pm 4.87$
7.23715	PH	Peak	43.38	$\pm 4.87$

1.2. CHANNEL 6: MIDDLE (2437 MHz). Out-of-band spurious emissions in the 1-25 GHz.

Spurious frequency (GHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
4.00025	PV	Peak	40.95	$\pm 4.87$
7.31225	PH	Peak	45.69	$\pm 4.87$

1.3. CHANNEL 11: HIGHEST (2462 MHz). Out-of-band spurious emissions in the 1-25 GHz range and inside restricted band 2.4835-2.5 GHz.

Spurious frequency (GHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2.49766	PH	Peak	51.17	$\pm 4.87$
4.00025	PV	Peak	41.90	$\pm 4.87$
7.38525	PH	Peak	43.24	$\pm 4.87$

Verdict: PASS

2. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 g mode (worst case OFDM)

2.1. CHANNEL 1: LOWEST (2412 MHz). Out-of-band spurious emissions in the 1-25 GHz range and inside restricted band 2.31-2.39 GHz.

Spurious frequency (GHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2.38941	PH	Peak	65.06	$\pm 4.87$
		Average	50.02	$\pm 4.87$
4.00025	PV	Peak	40.93	$\pm 4.87$

2.2. CHANNEL 6: MIDDLE (2437 MHz). Out-of-band spurious emissions in the 1-25 GHz.

Spurious frequency (GHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
4.00025	PV	Peak	40.77	$\pm 4.87$
7.31425	PH	Peak	44.43	$\pm 4.87$

2.3. CHANNEL 11: HIGHEST (2462 MHz). Out-of-band spurious emissions in the 1-25 GHz range and inside restricted band 2.4835-2.5 GHz.

Spurious frequency (GHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2.48379	PH	Peak	62.07	$\pm 4.87$
		Average	48.37	$\pm 4.87$
4.00025	PV	Peak	40.49	$\pm 4.87$

Verdict: PASS

3. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 n40 mode

3.1. CHANNEL 3: LOWEST (2422 MHz). Spurious emissions in restricted band 2.31-2.39 GHz.

Spurious frequency (GHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2.36461	PH	Peak	53.82	$\pm 4.87$
2.38384	PH	Peak	63.41	$\pm 4.87$
		Average	52.42	$\pm 4.87$

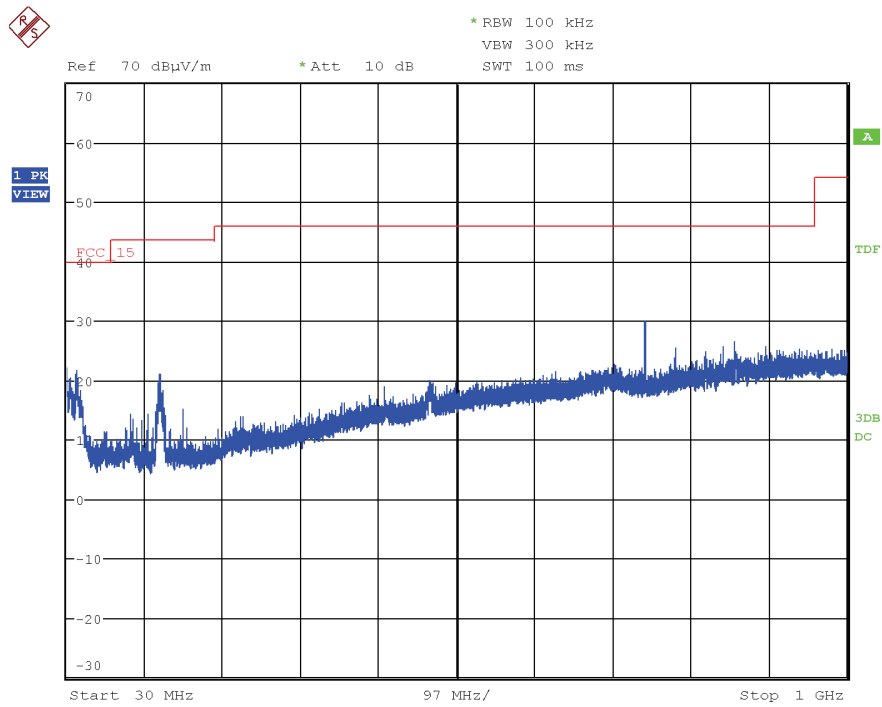
3.2. CHANNEL 9: HIGHEST (2452 MHz). Spurious emissions in restricted band 2.4835-2.5 GHz.

Spurious frequency (GHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2.48584	PV	Peak	63.18	$\pm 4.87$
		Average	50.32	$\pm 4.87$
2.49163	PH	Peak	67.33	$\pm 4.87$
		Average	51.07	$\pm 4.87$
2.49460	PH	Peak	58.51	$\pm 4.87$
		Average	50.24	$\pm 4.87$

Verdict: PASS



FREQUENCY RANGE 30 MHz-1000 MHz.

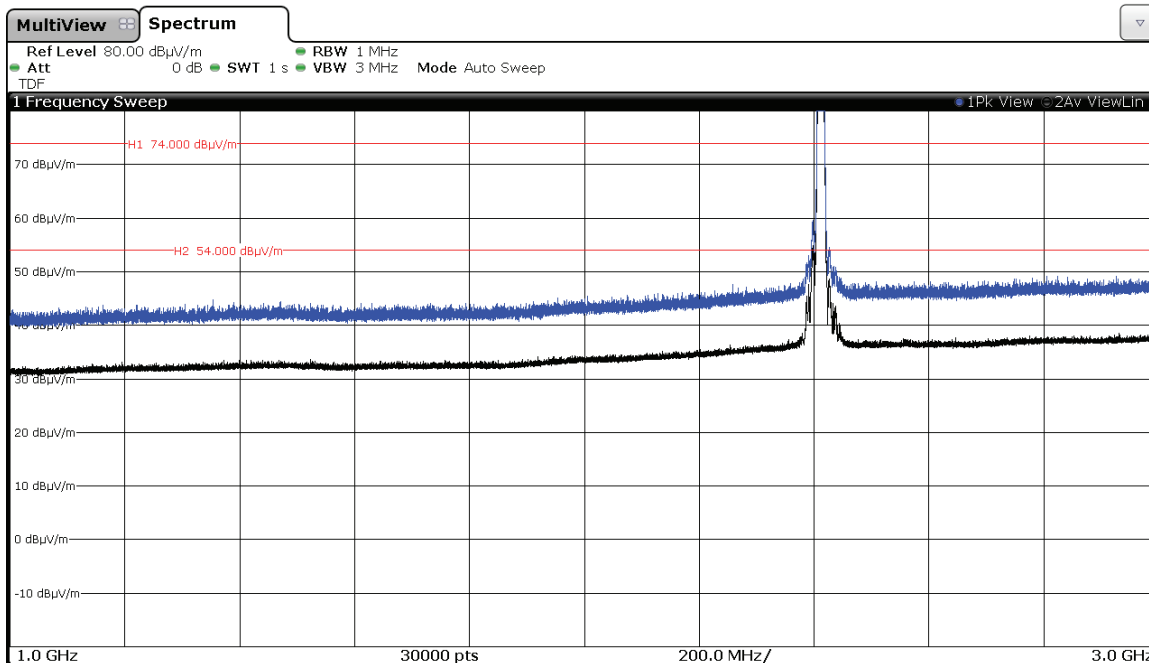


(This plot is valid for all three channels and modulation modes).

FREQUENCY RANGE 1 GHz to 3 GHz.

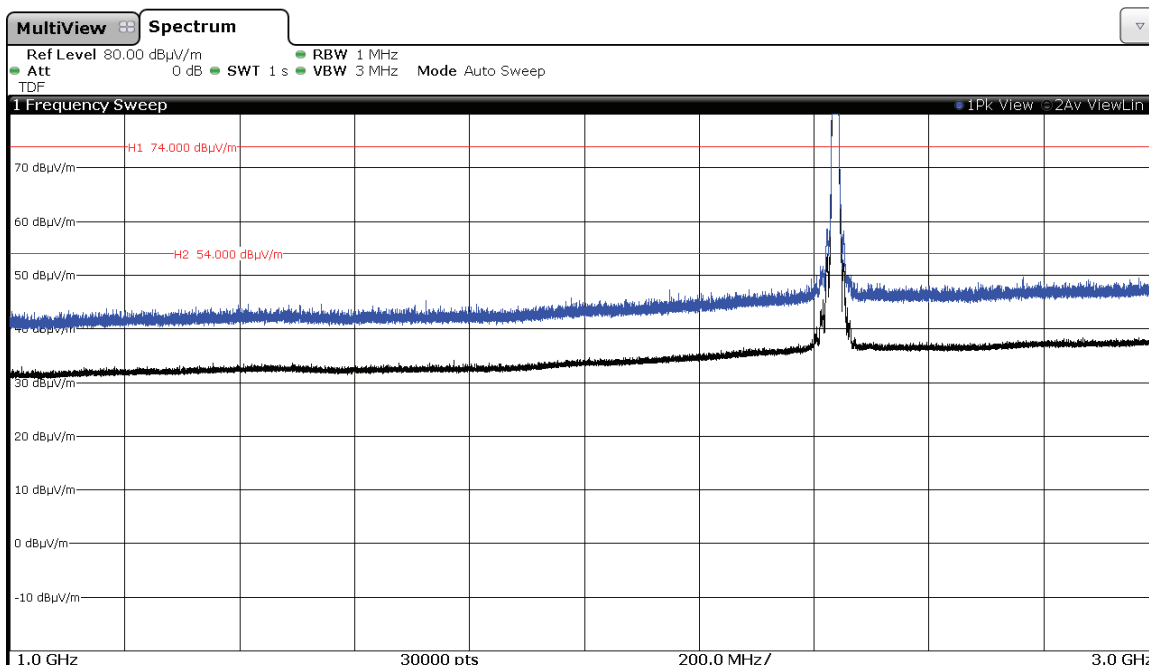
1. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 b mode

CHANNEL 1 (2412 MHz).



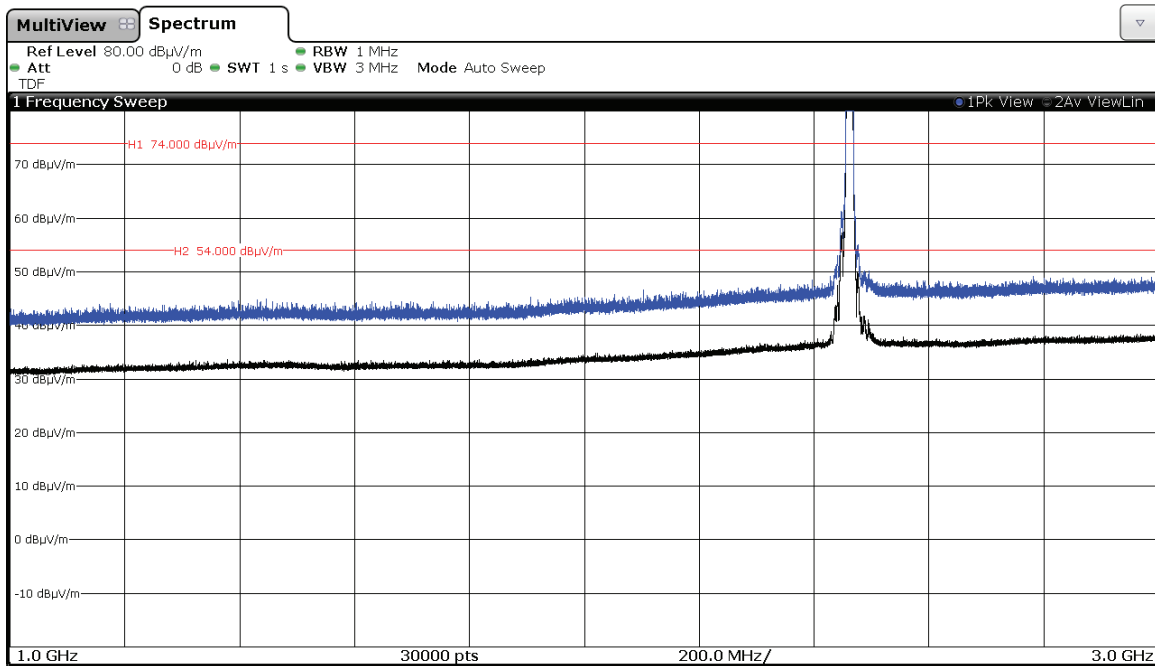
Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

CHANNEL 6 (2437 MHz).



Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

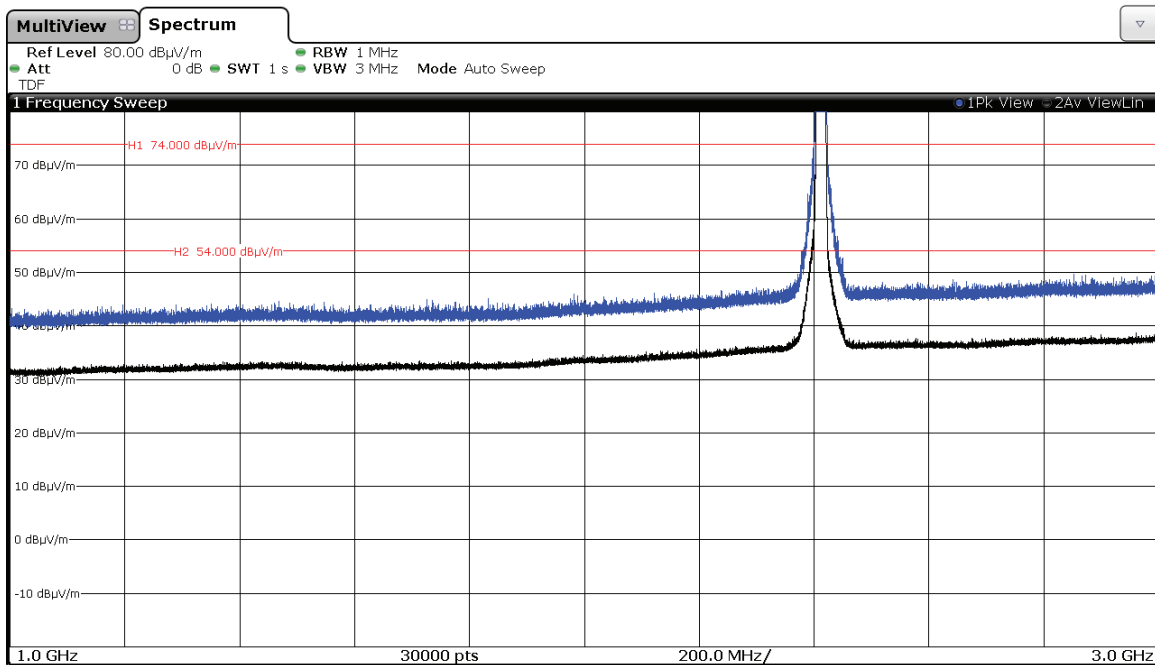
CHANNEL 11 (2462 MHz).



Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

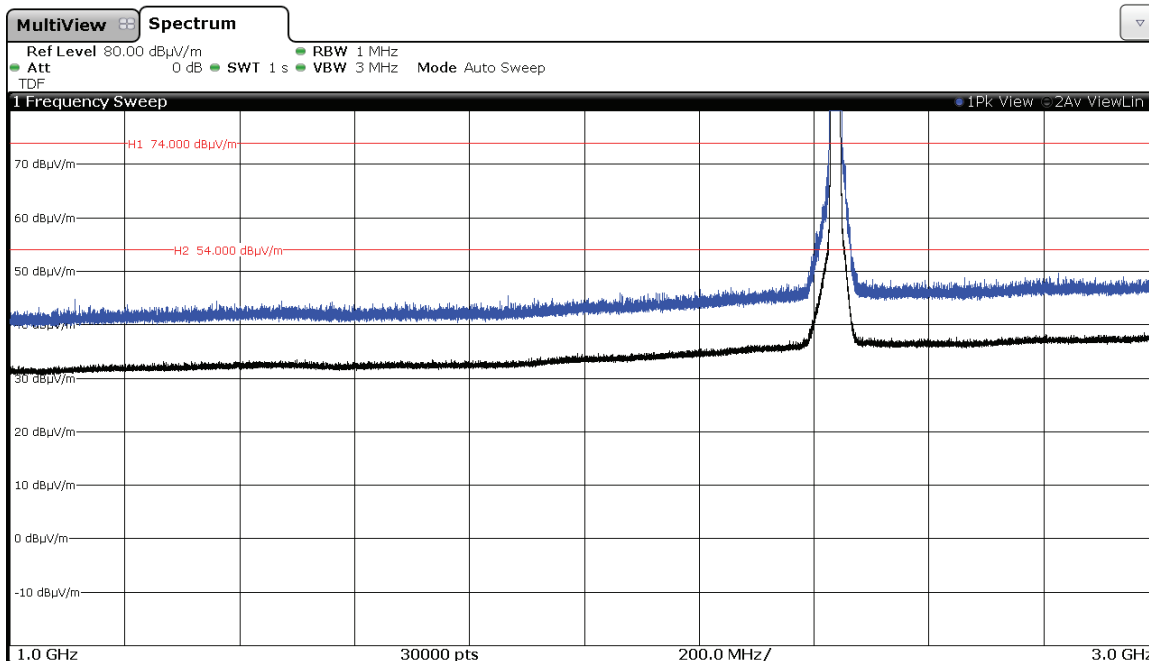
2. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 g mode (Worst case OFDM)

CHANNEL 1 (2412 MHz).



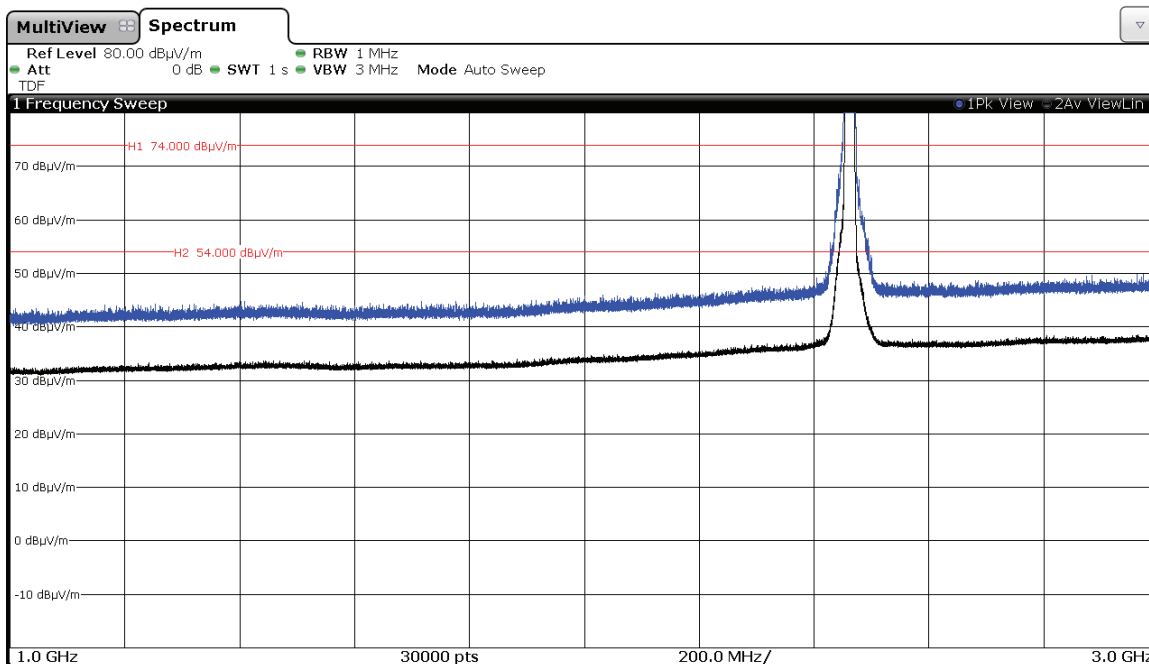
Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

CHANNEL 6 (2437 MHz).



Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

CHANNEL 11 (2462 MHz).

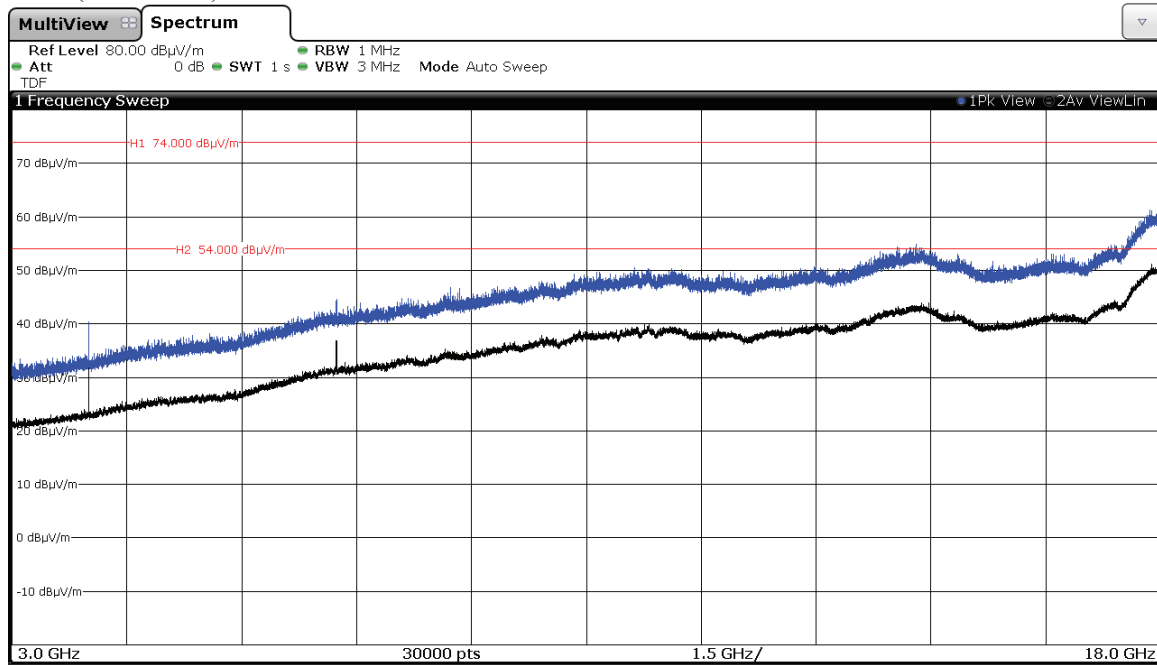


Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

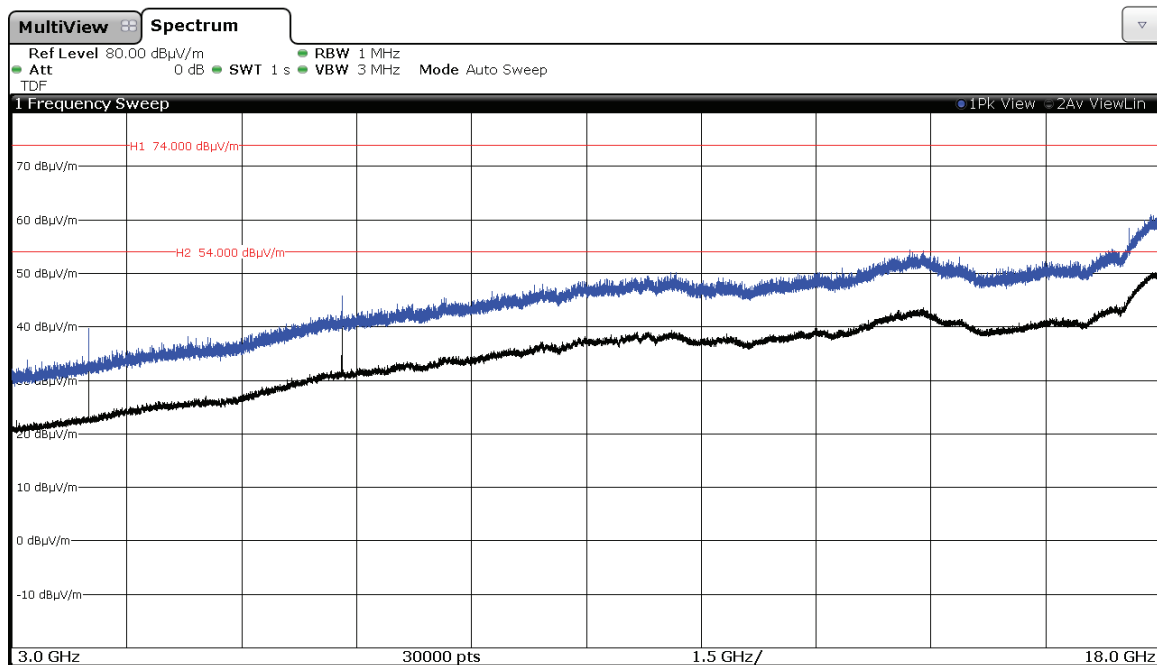
FREQUENCY RANGE 3 GHz to 18 GHz.

1. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 b mode

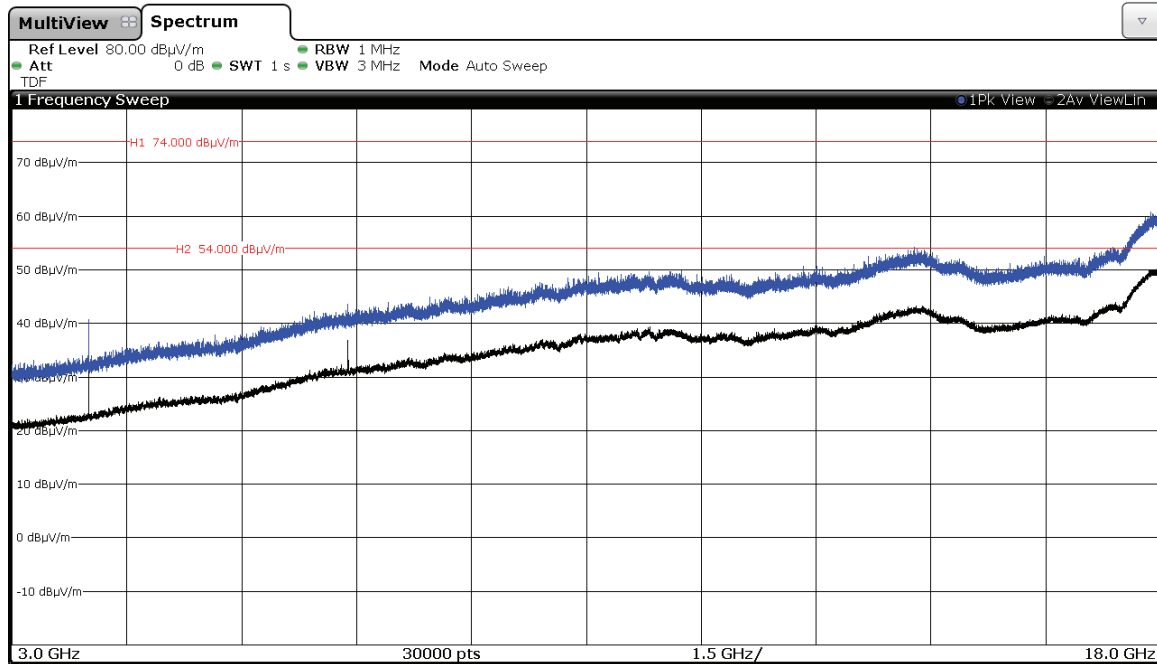
CHANNEL 1 (2412 MHz).



CHANNEL 6 (2437 MHz).

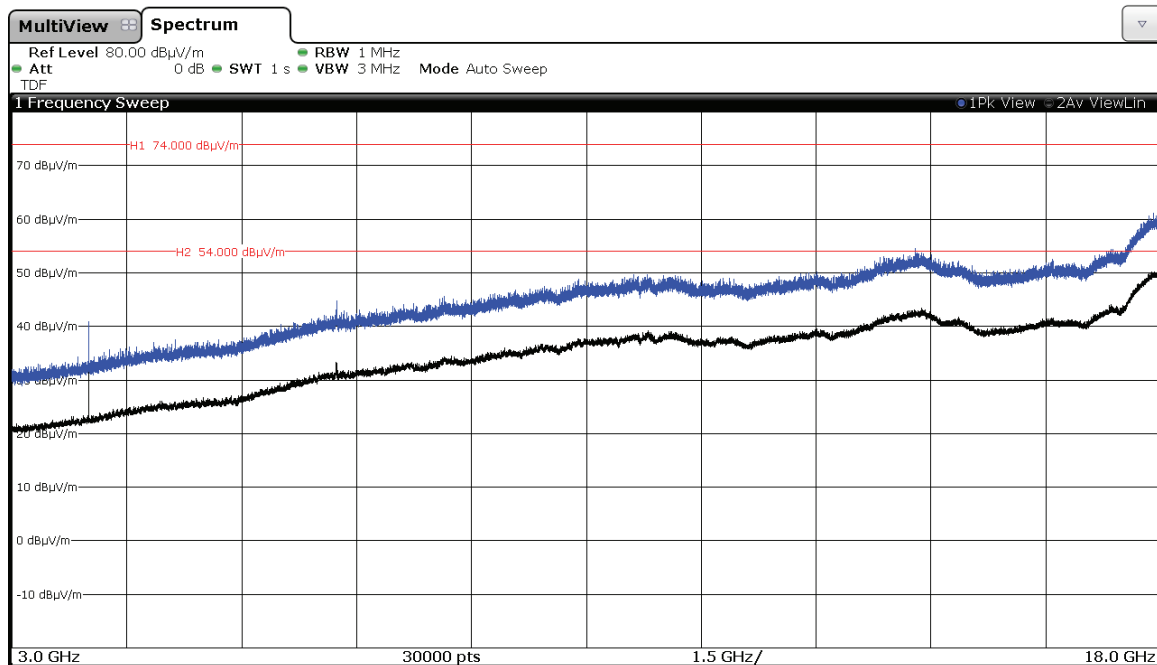


CHANNEL 11 (2462 MHz).

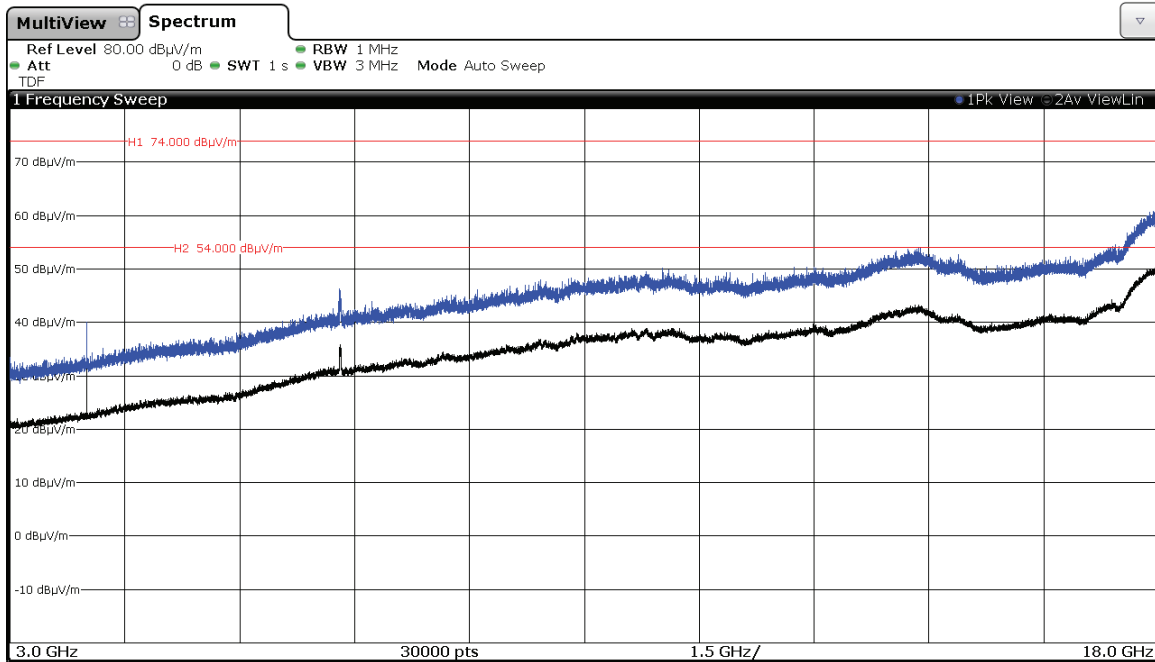


2. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 g mode (Worst case OFDM)

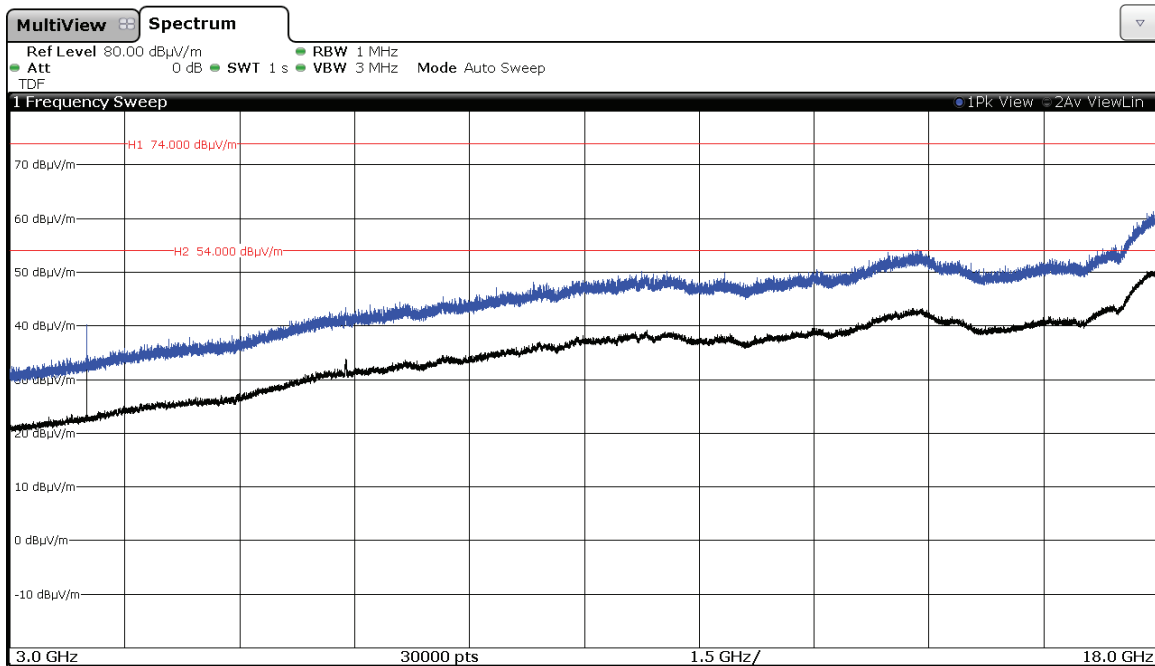
CHANNEL 1 (2412 MHz).



CHANNEL 6 (2437 MHz).



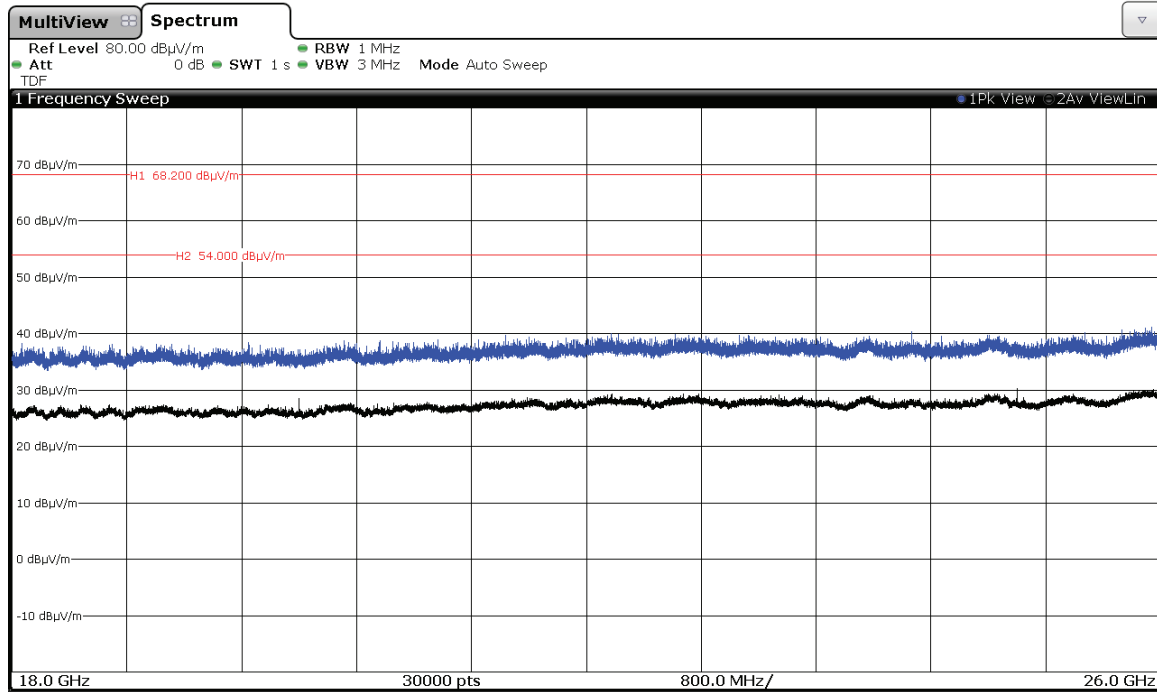
CHANNEL 11 (2462 MHz).



FREQUENCY RANGE 18 GHz to 26 GHz.

1. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 b mode

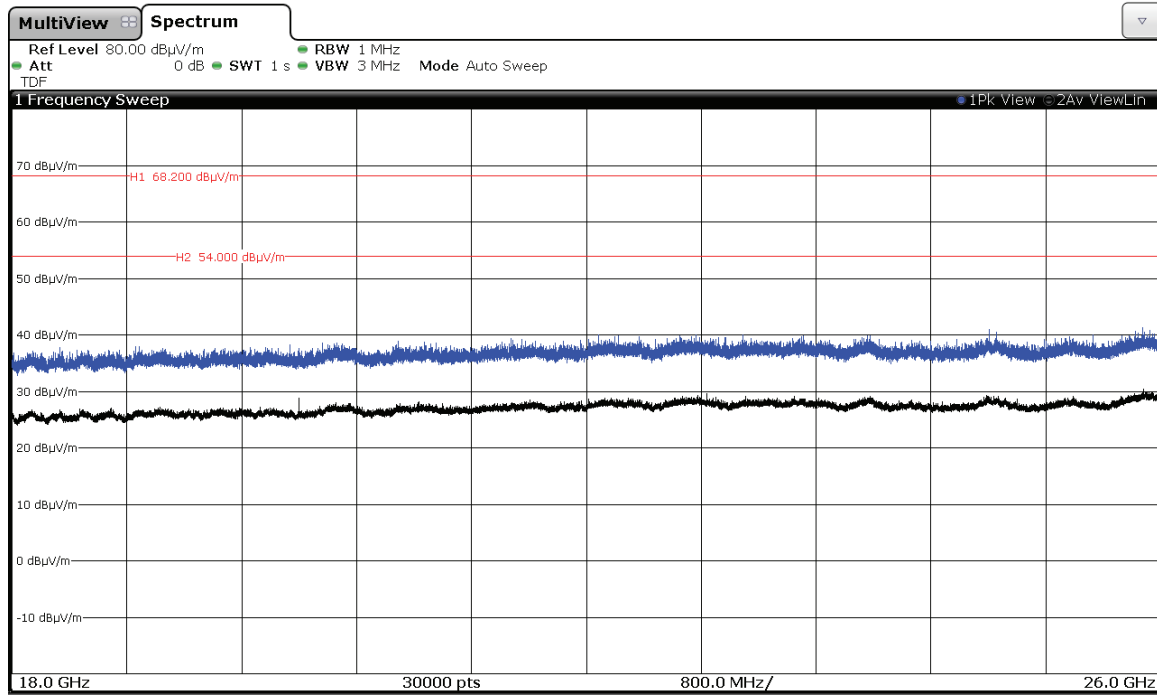
No spurious signals were found in all channels tested.





## 2. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 g mode (Worst case)

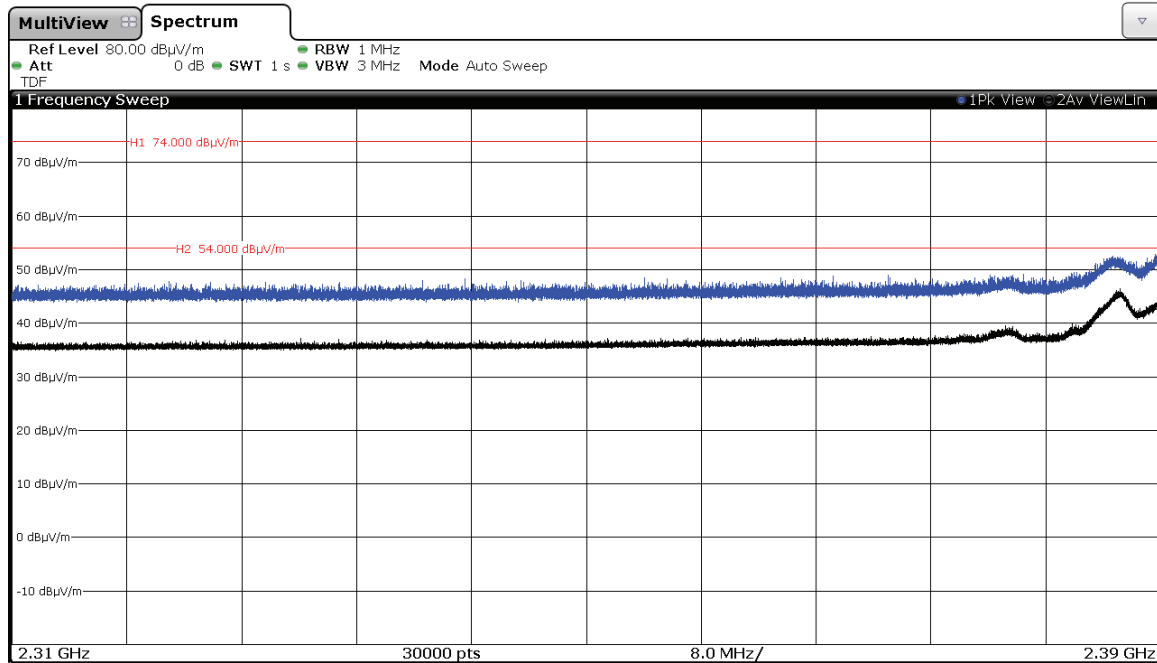
No spurious signals were found in all channels tested.



FREQUENCY RANGE 2.31 GHz to 2.39 GHz. (RESTRICTED BAND)

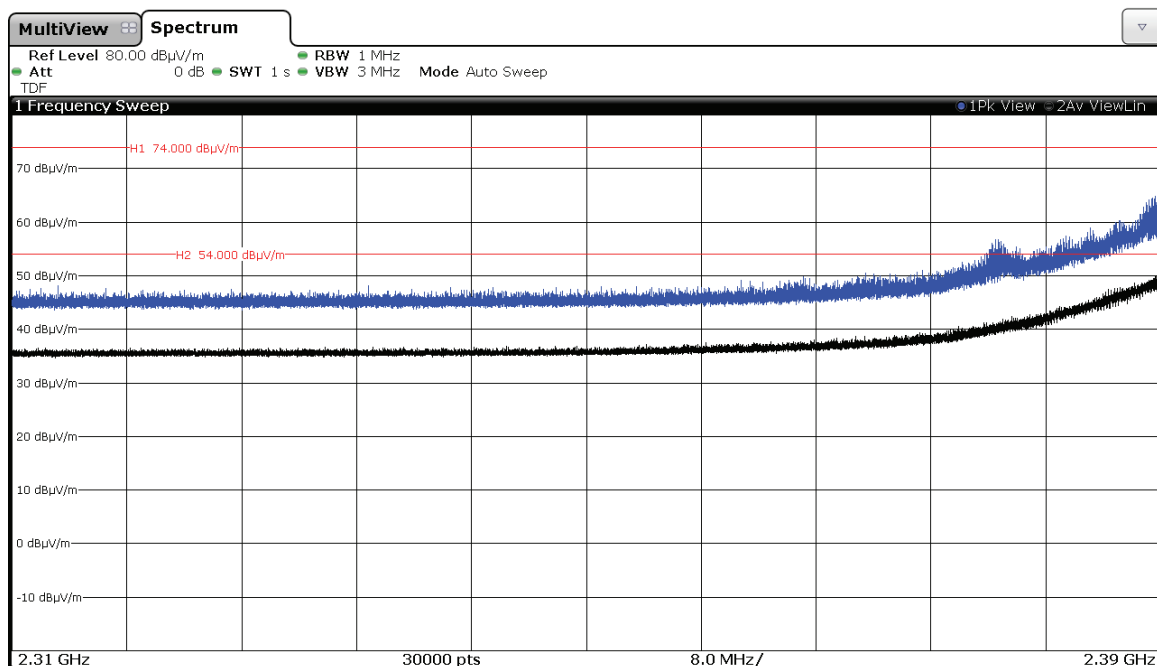
1. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 b mode

CHANNEL 1 (2412 MHz).



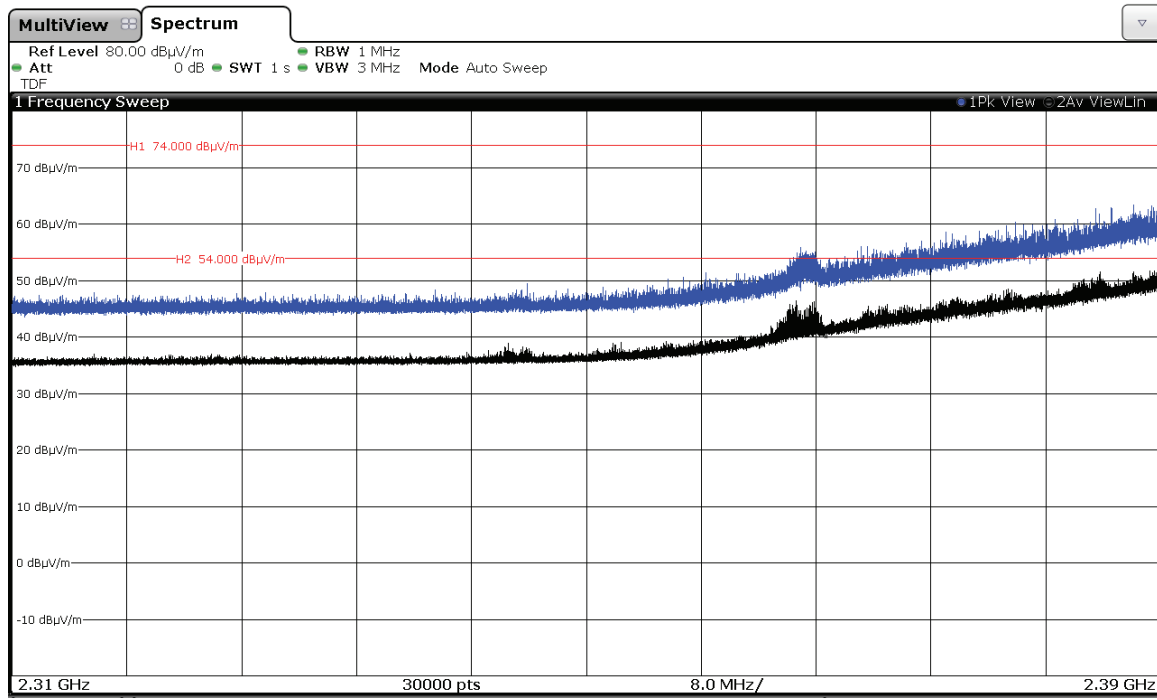
2. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 g mode

CHANNEL 1 (2412 MHz).



### 3. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 n40 mode

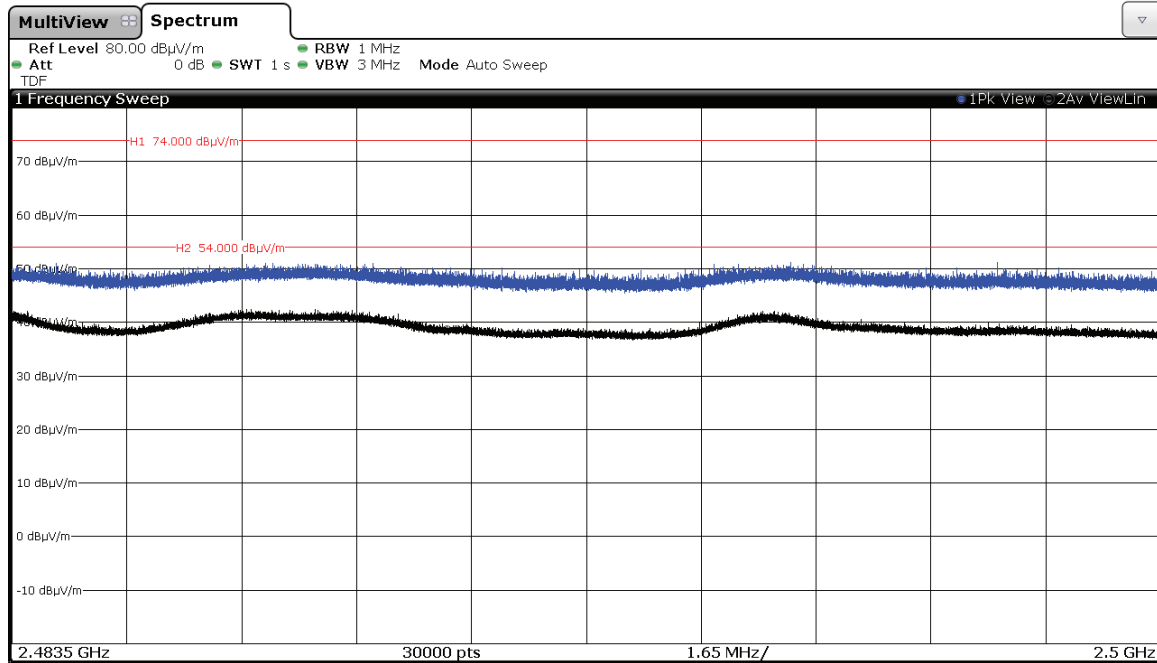
CHANNEL 3 (2422 MHz).



FREQUENCY RANGE 2.4835 GHz to 2.5 GHz. (RESTRICTED BAND)

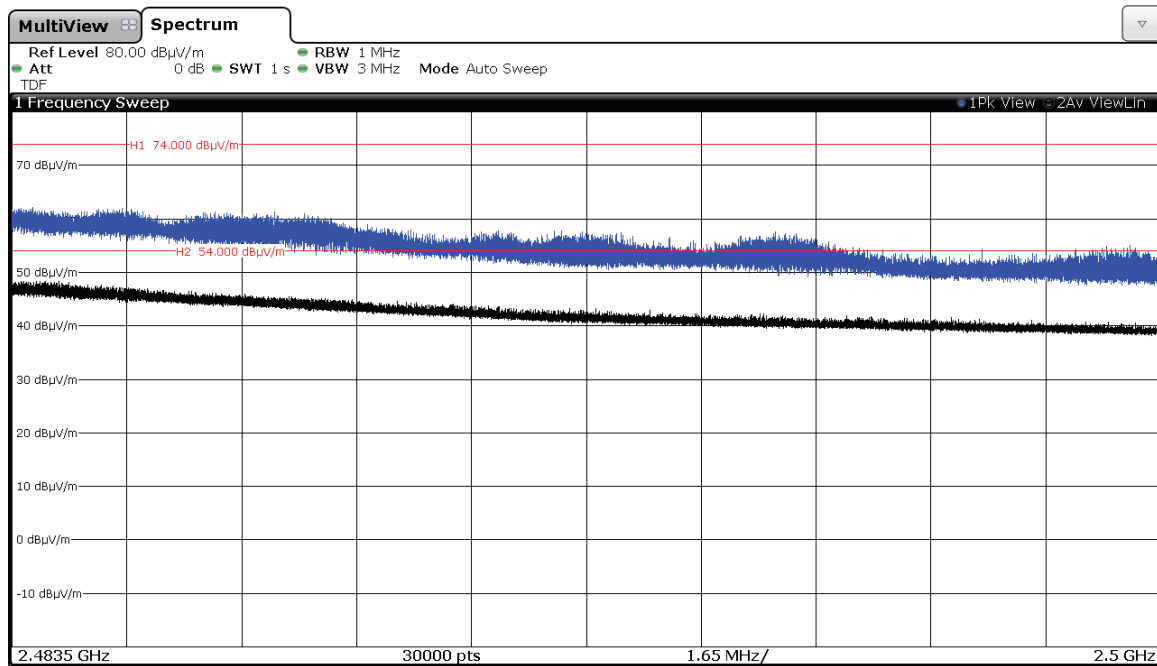
1. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 b mode

CHANNEL 11 (2462 MHz).



2. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 g mode

CHANNEL 11 (2462 MHz).



### 3. WiFi 2.4GHz 802.11 n40 mode

CHANNEL 9 (2452 MHz).

