





**Test report no.: 95524-3** 

Item tested: RTX4006 DECT6.0

Type of equipment: UPCS Wireless Relay Station

FCC ID: T7HRTX4006

Client: RTX Consumer Products Hong Kong Ltd.

# FCC Part 15, subpart D

Isochronous UPCS Device 1920 - 1930 MHz

# **Industry Canada RSS-213, Issue 2**

2 GHz Licence-exempt Personal Communications Service Devices (LE-PCS)

7 February 2008

Authorized by: ........

Egil Hauger Technical Verificator



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## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Testhouse Info

Name: Nemko Comlab

Address: Gåsevikveien 8, Box 96

N-2027 Kjeller, NORWAY

Telephone: +47 64 84 57 00 Fax: +47 64 84 57 05

E-mail: comlab@nemko.com

FCC test firm

registration #: 994405

IC OATS

registration #: 4443

**Total Number** 

of Pages: 56

## 1.2 Client Information

Name: RTX Consumer Products Hong Kong Ltd.

Address: 11/F, CAC Tower, 165 Hoi Bun Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Contact:

Name: Klaus Ahlbeck
Telephone: +45 9632 2300

E-mail: kal@rtx.dk

# 1.3 Manufacturer (if other than client)

Name: /
Address: /
Telephone: /
E-mail: /



## 2 Test Information

### 2.1 Tested Item

Name :	RTX
FCC ID :	T7HRTX4006
Model/version :	RTX4006 DECT 6.0
Serial number :	/
Hardware identity and/or version:	V5
Software identity and/or version :	V4.71
Frequency Range :	1921.536 – 1928.448 MHz
Number of Channels :	5 RF Channels, 5x12 = 60 TDMA Duplex Channels
Type of Modulation :	Digital (GFSK)
User Frequency Adjustment :	None
Rated Output Power :	102 mW Peak Power, 4 mW Time Averaged Power
Type of Power Supply :	AC Adaptor, Type: FW7600/05
Antenna Diversity Supported :	Yes
Number of Antennas :	2 F-antennas on PCB

### **Description of Tested Device(s)**

The tested equipment is a DECT Wireless Relay Station (WRS) which complies with ETSI EN 300 175. The frequencies have been reprogrammed, the output power reduced and the software updated to comply with the FCC requirements to an Isochronous UPCS device after FCC Part 15D.

The EUT is a responding device as described in ANSI C63.17 and is designed to operate together with a DECT portable parts (i.e. a handset), which is then the initiating device.

The WRS works by retransmitting the data from the handset to the base in the next DECT frame, and vice versa with the response from the base to the handset. The WRS has it's own unique ID and will only work with base stations it has previously been registered to. The WRS decodes the signal it receives and only retransmits the data. The RF signal itself from the WRS is on a different timeslot and is completely independent of the input signal it receives, except that it is on the same RF Carrier and contains the same data.

#### **Exposure Evaluation**

The EUT is designed to be fixed to a wall etc. and the user manual contains text that it shall be mounted with a separation distance of at least 20cm from any persons. For the purposes of exposure evaluation this EUT is a mobile or fixed device. MPE Calculation at 20cm satisfying FCC requirements is submitted as a separate document.

The EUT is exempted from RF Exposure Evaluation to Industry Canada SAR requirements since the output power is below the limit in RSS-102 Issue 2, clause 2.5.2 for General Public Use.



### 2.2 Test Environment

Temperature:  $21 - 24 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity:  $30 - 50 \,^{\circ}\text{M}$ Normal test voltage:  $115 \,^{\circ}\text{V AC}$ 

The values are the limits registered during the test period.

### 2.3 Test Period

Item received date: 2007-10-29

Test period: from 2007-10-29 to 2007-11-29

## 2.4 Test Engineer(s)

Frode Sveinsen / G. Suhantakumar

## 2.5 Test Equipment

See list of test equipment in clause 6.

### 2.6 Other Comments

The Monitoring and Time and Spectrum Window Access tests were performed with Test Set-Up 6 (Ref. clause 5). A clock signal from the companion device was used to synchronize the Pulse Pattern Generator and the Spectrum Analyzer to the start of the DECT time window. The EUT was limited by administrative commands to operate on only two frequency carriers. For the tests where the EUT was required to operate on only one frequency carrier, one carrier was blocked by applying a CW interfering signal from RF Generator 3. The Pulse Pattern Generator was used to apply time synchronized interference to time windows where this was required.

Since the EUT was programmed to operate on only two RF carriers, it was only necessary with two RF generators for the monitoring tests, however a third generator was applied for the tests that required specific time slots to be blocked.

All tests except the Radiated Power and the Power line conducted emissions tests were performed in conducted mode with a temporary antenna connector.

The EUT also has a separate antenna connector (SMB type) in addition to the two F-Antennas on the PCB. The Output Power on this antenna connector was also measured and is recorded in this test report. However no antennas were provided, and according to the manufacturer no antennas will be available either.

It was checked that 85% of the lowest and 115% of the operating voltage did not have any influence on the measurement results.

The Radiated Emissions tests were performed with all ports populated and operating.

The Companion Devices used for the Monitoring tests were: Uniden Base Model: DECT1080, FCC ID: AMWUC503, and Uniden Handset Model: DECT1080, FCC ID: AMWUU499.





## 3 TEST REPORT SUMMARY

3.1	General	
Manufact	urer:	RTX Consumer Products Hong Kong Ltd.
Model No	.:	RTX4006 DECT 6.0
Serial No		
All measu	rements are tra	aceable to national standards.
		d on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with r Isochronous UPCS Devices and Industry Canada RSS-213 Issue 2.
The cond	ucted test meth	ods have been in accordance with ANSI C63.17-2006 where applicable.
		ducted is accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003. Radiated emissions are made in a nber. A description of the test facility is on file with the FCC and Industry Canada
	Submission II Permissive C	<ul><li>☑ Production Unit</li><li>hange</li><li>☑ Pre-production Unit</li></ul>
	uipment Code	☐ Family Listing

### THIS TEST REPORT APPLIES ONLY TO THE ITEM(S) AND CONFIGURATIONS TESTED.

Deviations from, additions to, or exclusions from the test specifications are described in "Summary of Test Data".



**TEST REPORT NO: 95524-3** 

TESTED BY: Trade Svov

Frode Sveinsen, Chief Engineer

DATE: 18 January 2008

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# 3.2 Test Summary

Name of test	FCC CFR 47 Paragraph #	IC RSS-213 Paragraph #	Verdict
Coordination with fixed microwave	15.307(b)	N/A	Complies
Digital Modulation Techniques	15.319(b)	6.1	Complies
Labeling requirements	15.19(a)(3)	RSS-GEN 5.2	Complies
Antenna Requirement	15.317, 15.203	4.1(e)	Complies
Power Line Conducted Emission	15.107(a) 15.207(a)	6.3 RSS-GEN 7.2.2	Complies
Emission Bandwidth	15.323(a)	6.4	Complies
In-band emissions	15.323(d)	6.7.2	Complies
Out-of-band emissions	15.323(d)	6.7.1	Complies
Peak transmit Power	15.319(c)(e), 15.31(e)	6.5	Complies
Power Spectral Density	15.319(d)	4.3.2.1	Complies
Automatic discontinuation of transmission	15.319(f)	4.3.4(a)	Complies
Carrier frequency stability	15.323(f)	6.2	Complies
Frame repetition stability	15.323(e)	4.3.4(c)	Complies
Frame period and jitter	15.323(e)	4.3.4(c)	Complies
Monitoring threshold, Least interfered channel	15.323(c)(2);(5); (9)	4.3.4(b)	Complies
Monitoring of intended transmit window and maximum reaction time	15.323(c)(1)	4.3.4	Complies
Threshold monitoring bandwidth	15.323(c)(7)	4.3.4	Complies
Reaction time and monitoring interval	15.323(c)(1);(5); (7)	4.3.4	Complies
Access criteria test interval	15.323(c)(4);(6)	4.3.4	Complies
Access Criteria functional test	15.323(c)(4);(6)	4.3.4	Complies
Acknowledgements	15.323(c)(4)	4.3.4	Complies
Transmission duration	15.323(c)(3)	4.3.4	Complies
Dual access criteria	15.323(c)(10)	4.3.4	Complies
Alterative monitoring interval	15.323(c)(10);(11)	4.3.4	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Spurious Emissions (Antenna Conducted)	15.323(d)	6.7.1	Complies <sup>2</sup>
Spurious Emissions (Radiated)	15.319(g) 15.109(a) 15.209(a)	4.3.3 RSS-GEN 7.2.3	N/A <sup>3</sup>
Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	6.8	Complies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The client declares that the tested equipment does not implement this provision

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The tested equipment has integrated antennas only

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not required if the Conducted Out-of-Band Emissions test is Passed



## 4 TEST RESULTS

### 4.1 Power Line Conducted Emissions

Para. No.: 15.207 (a)

Test Performed By: G. Suhantakumar Date of Test: 31-Oct-2007

Measurement procedure: ANSI C63.4-2003 using 50 μH/50 ohms LISN.

Test Results: Complies

Measurement Data: See attached graph, (Peak detector).

Highest measured value (L1 and N):

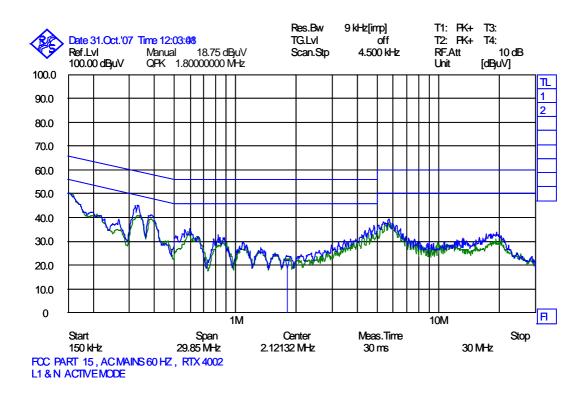
All values were below the Average Limit even when measured with Peak Detector.

Frequency	Detector	Measured value	Limit	Margin
KHz	Peak/QP/A V	dΒμV	dBμV	dB
/	QP	1	1	1
/	AV	1	1	1
1	QP	1	1	1
1	AV	1	1	1

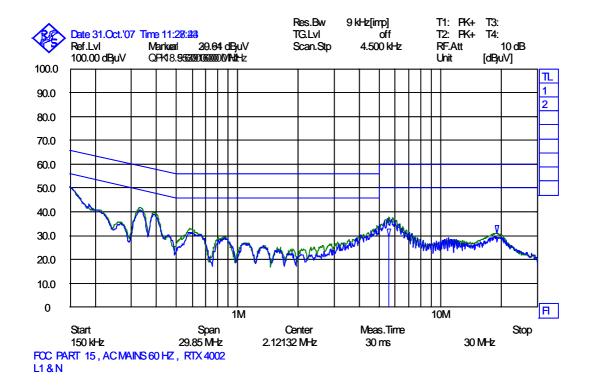
This test was performed with 120 V AC.

The supplied AC Adaptor FW7600/05 was used for this test.

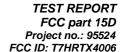




### **Power-Line Conducted Emissions, Active Mode**



**Power-Line Conducted Emissions, Standby Mode** 





#### 4.2 Coordination with fixed microwave

The affidavit from UTAM, Inc. is included in the documentation supplied by the applicant:			
⊠ Yes	□ No		

### Requirement, FCC 15.307 (b):

Each application for certification of equipment operating under the provisions of this Subpart must be accompanied by an affidavit from UTAM, Inc. certifying that the applicant is a participating member of UTAM, Inc. In the event a grantee fails to fulfill the obligations attendant to participation in UTAM, Inc., the Commission may invoke administrative sanctions as necessary to preclude continued marketing and installation of devices covered by the grant of certification, including but not limited to revoking certification.

## 4.3 Digital Modulation Techniques

The tested equipment is based on DECT technology described in the ETSI standard EN 300175, the only difference is that the channel allocation is modified to operate in the 1920-1930 MHz band.

The EUT used Multi Carrier / Time Division Multiple Access / Time Division Duplex and Digital GFSK modulation.

For further details see the operational description provided by the applicant.

### Requirement, FCC 15.319(b):

All transmissions must use only digital modulation techniques.

### 4.4 Labeling Requirements

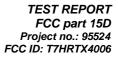
See separate documents showing the label design and the placement of the label on the EUT.

### **Requirements FCC 15.19**

The FCC Identifier shall be displayed on the label, and the device(s) shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device or in the user manual if the device is too small:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The label itself shall be of a permanent type, not a paper label, and shall last the lifetime of the equipment.





4.5 Antenna Requirement

Does the EUT have detachable antenna(s)?	Yes	☐ No
If detachable, is the antenna connector(s) non-standard?		□ No

The tested equipment has integral antennas and a connector for an external antenna.

The antenna connector is of SMB-type. The antenna connector is not used, no antennas will be available to end users.

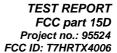
Requirement: FCC 15.203, 15.204, 15.317.

# 4.6 Channel Frequencies

UPCS CHANNEL	FREQUENCY (MHz)
Upper Band Edge	1930.000
0 (Highest)	1928.448
1	1926.720
2	1924.992
3	1923.264
4 (Lowest)	1921.536
Lower Band Edge	1920.000

Requirement: FCC 15.303 (d), (g)

Within 1920 -1930 MHz band for isochronous devices.





### 4.7 Automatic Discontinuation of Transmission

Does the EUT transmit Control and	⊠ YES	□NO	
TYPE OF EUT :	☐ INITIATING DEVICE	⊠ RESPO	NDING DEVICE

The following tests simulate the reaction of the EUT in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure after a connection with the companion device is established.

Number	Test	EUT Reaction	Verdict
1	Power removed from the EUT	С	Pass
2	EUT Switch Off	NA	Pass
3	Hook-On by Handset	С	Pass
4	Hook-On by EUT	NA	Pass
5	Power Removed from Base	А	Pass
6	Handset Switch Off or Power Removed	В	Pass

- A Connection breakdown, Cease of all transmissions
- B Connection breakdown, EUT transmits control and signaling information
- C Connection breakdown, Companion Device transmits control and signaling information
- NA Not Applicable (the EUT does not have an on/off switch and can not perform Hook-On)

## Requirements, FCC 15.319(f)

The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. These provisions are not intended to preclude transmission of control and signaling information or use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals.



## 4.8 Peak Power Output

**Test Method:** 

ANSI C63.17, clause 6.1.2.

**Test Results: Complies** 

**Measurement Data:** 

**Maximum Conducted Output Power** 

### Integral Antennas:

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Radiated Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Antenna Gain (dBi)
4	1921.536	20.0	23.3	3.3
2	1924.992	20.1	23.2	3.1
0	1928.448	20.0	22.9	2.9

The Radiated Output Power is measured as Output Power with correction factors stored in the Spectrum Analyzer.

#### External Antenna Connector on PCB:

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)
4	1921.536	17.1
2	1924.992	17.1
0	1928.448	17.0

The External Antenna Connector has 3 dB Attenuation.

For this test it was also checked that input voltage variation of 85 and 115% of nominal value did not have any effect on the measured output power, neither radiated nor conducted.

#### Limit:

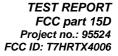
Conducted: 100 µW x SQRT(B) where B is the measured Emission Bandwidth in Hz

FCC 15.319(c)(e): 20.8 - 0.3 = 20.5 dBmRSS-213, Issue 2: 20.7 - 0.3 = 20.4 dBm

The transmit power limit is reduced by the amount of antenna gain that exceeds 3.0 dBi.

The Maximum allowed antenna gain of any antenna used on the antenna connector of this equipment is 6.7 dB for FCC and 6.6 dB for Industry Canada.

This is calculated by the formula: Max Antenna Gain = Power Limit + 3dB - Measured Conducted Power





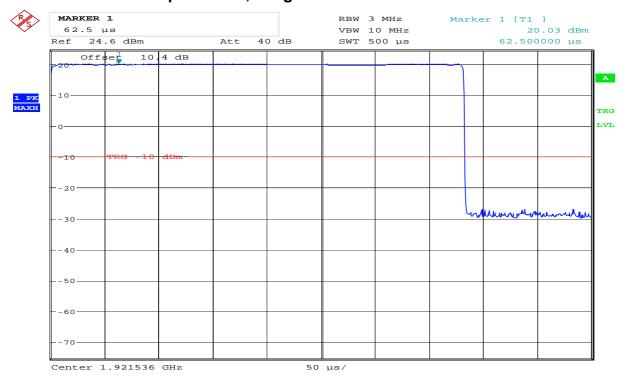
Requirements, FCC 15.319(c)(e), RSS-213, Issue 2

Peak transmit power shall not exceed 100 microwatts multiplied by the square root of the Emission Bandwidth in Hertz.

The peak transmit power shall be reduced by the amount in decibels that the maximum directional gain of the antenna exceeds 3 dBi.

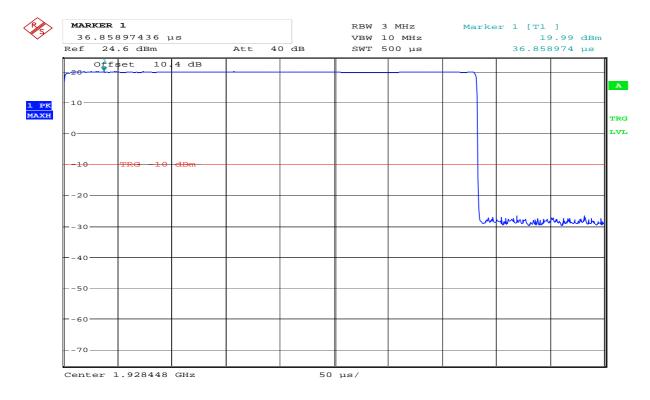


# **Conducted Peak Output Power, Integral Antennas**



Date: 29.OCT.2007 09:42:55

### **Lower Channel**

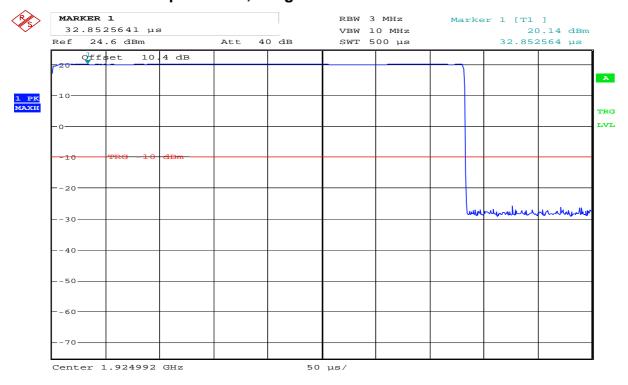


Date: 29.OCT.2007 09:43:48

### **Upper Channel**



# **Conducted Peak Output Power, Integral Antennas**

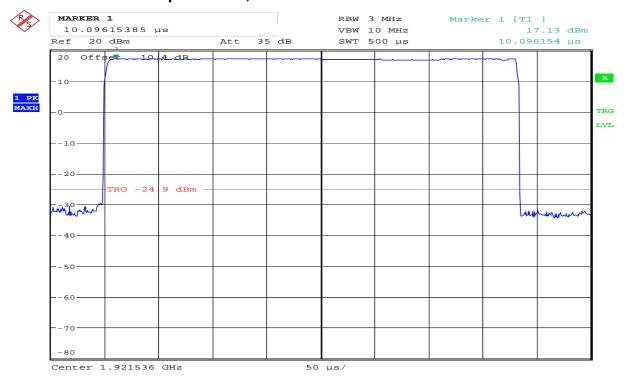


Date: 29.OCT.2007 09:30:42

### **Middle Channel**

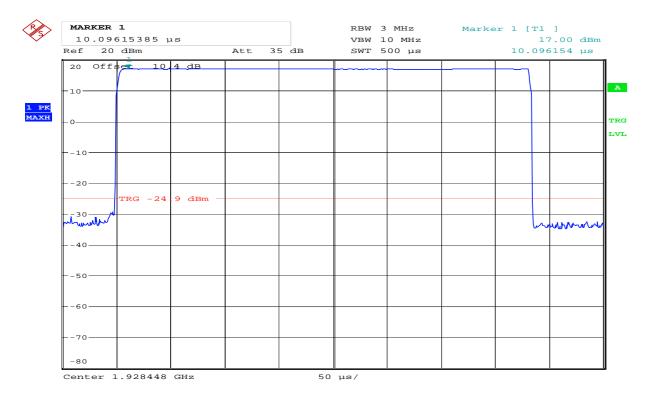


# **Conducted Peak Output Power, Antenna Connector**



Date: 30.OCT.2007 16:01:55

### **Lower Channel**

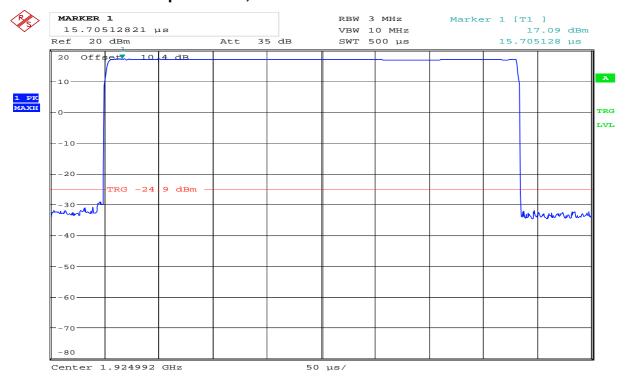


Date: 30.OCT.2007 16:05:44

### **Upper Channel**



# **Conducted Peak Output Power, Antenna Connector**

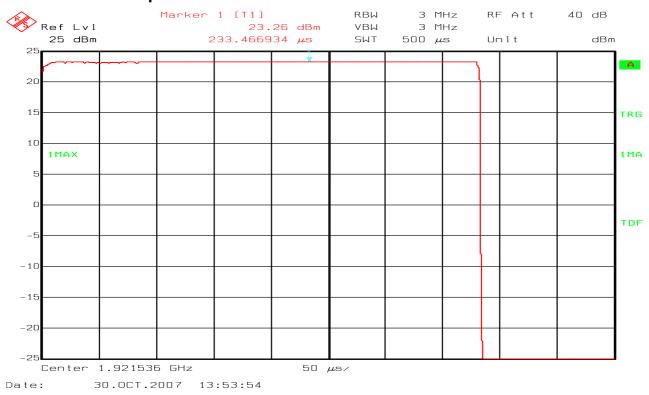


Date: 30.OCT.2007 16:06:59

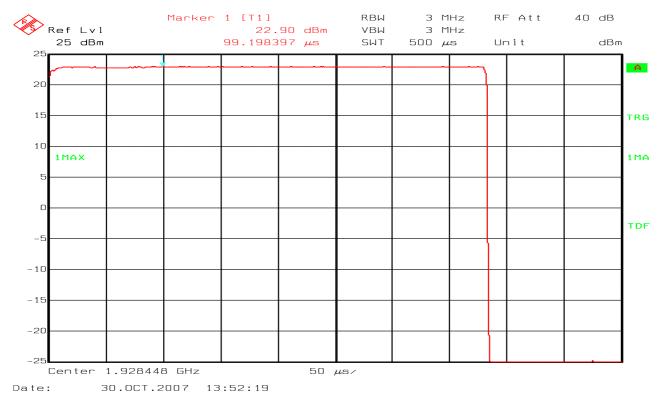
### **Middle Channel**



# **Radiated Peak Output Power**

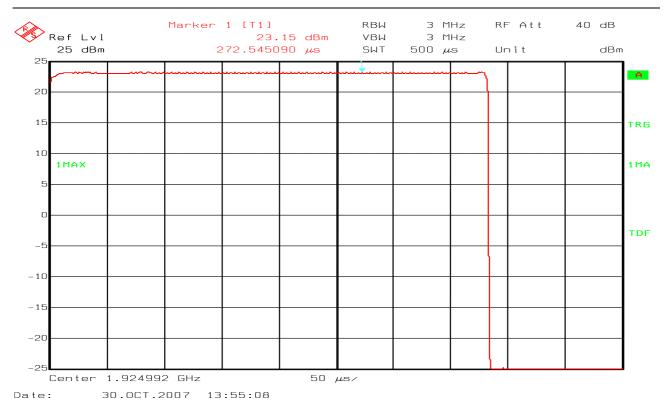


## Lower Channel (Max: Ant 2, HP)



**Upper Channel (Max: Ant 2, HP)** 





Middle Channel (Max: Ant 2, HP)



### 4.9 Emission Bandwidth B

### **Test Method:**

ANSI C63.17, clause 6.1.3.

**Test Results: Complies** 

### **Measurement Data:**

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth <i>B</i> (kHz)
4	1921.536	1474.4
0	1928.448	1442.3

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (kHz)
2	1924.992	1354.2

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)
4	1921.536	NA
0	1928.448	NA
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	12 dB Bandwidth (kHz)
4	1921.536	NA
0	1928.448	NA

## Requirements, FCC 15.323(a)

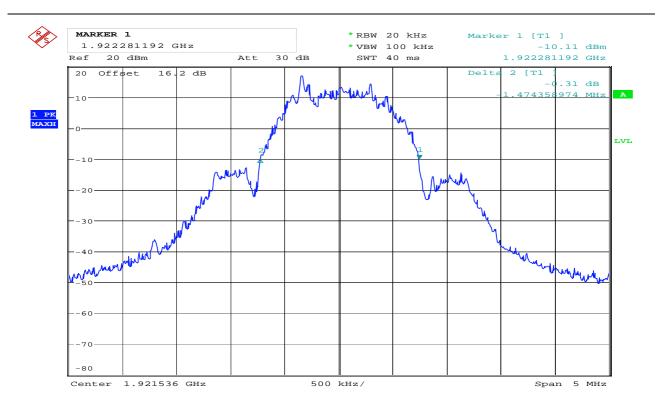
The 26 dB Bandwidth B shall be larger than 50 kHz and less than 2.5 MHz.

## Requirements, RSS-213 Issue 2, clause 6.4

The 20 dB Bandwidth shall be larger than 50 kHz and less than 2.5 MHz.

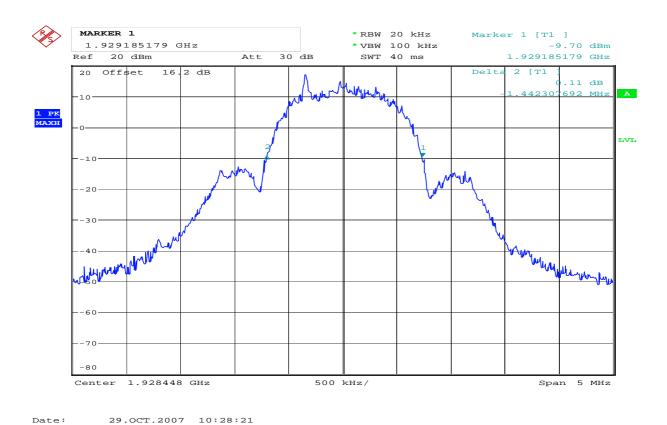
No requirements for 6 and 12 dB Bandwidth, these values are only used for testing Monitoring Bandwidth if the Simple Compliance test fails (ANSI C63.17, clause 7.4).





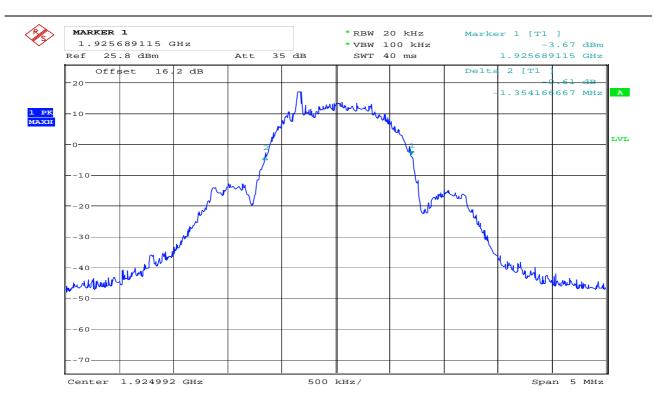
# Emission Bandwidth B, Lower Channel

29.OCT.2007 10:24:35



Emission Bandwidth B, Upper Channel





Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:15:34

20dB Bandwidth, Middle Channel



# 4.10 Power Spectral Density

## **Test Method:**

ANSI C63.17, clause 6.1.5.

**Test Results: Complies** 

### **Measurement Data:**

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm)
4	1921.536	2.9
0	1928.448	2.9

Averaged over 1000 sweeps.

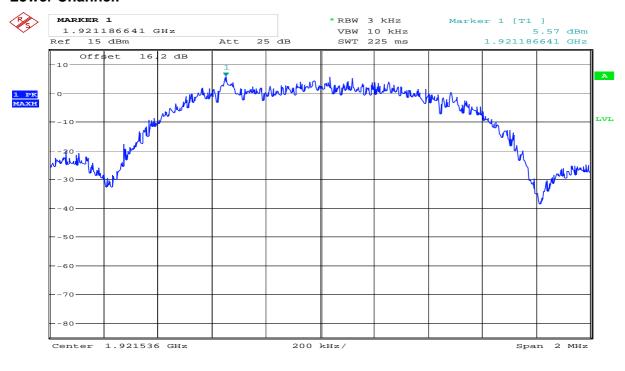
# Requirements, FCC 15.319(d)

The Power Spectral Density shall be less than 3 mW (4.77 dBm) when averaged over at least 100 sweeps.



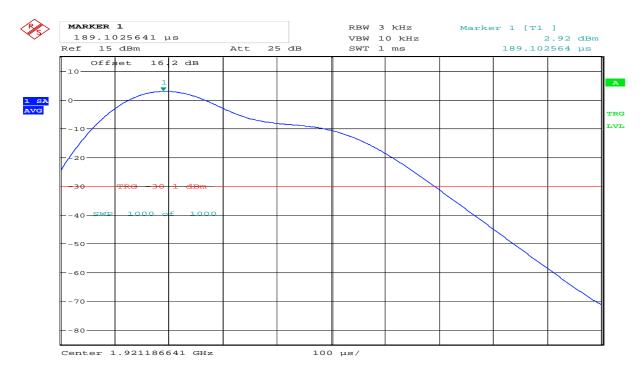
# **Power Spectral Density**

## **Lower Channel:**



Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:39:16

#### Overview

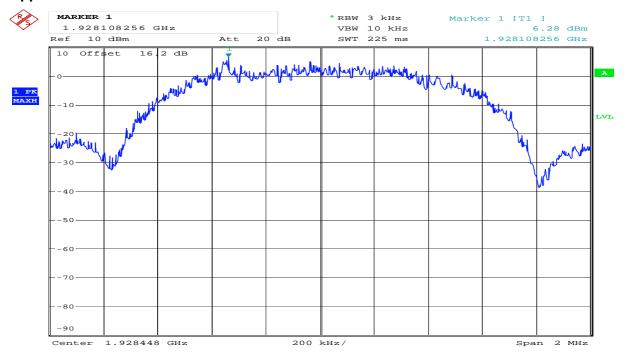


Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:41:42

## Averaged, 1000 Sweeps

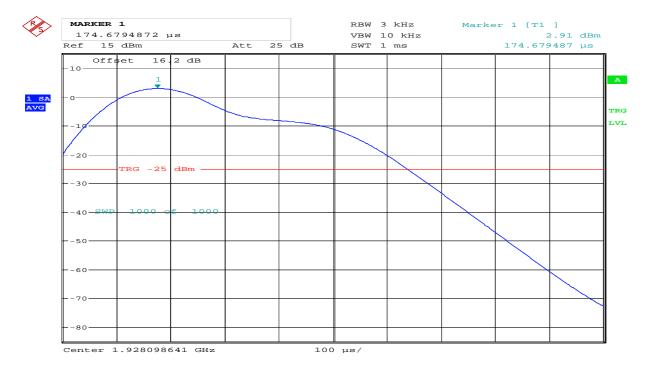


## **Upper Channel:**



Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:31:22

#### Overview



Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:35:36

## Averaged, 1000 Sweeps



# 4.11 In-Band Unwanted Emissions, Conducted

### **Test Method:**

ANSI C63.17, clause 6.1.6.1.

**Test Results: Complies** 

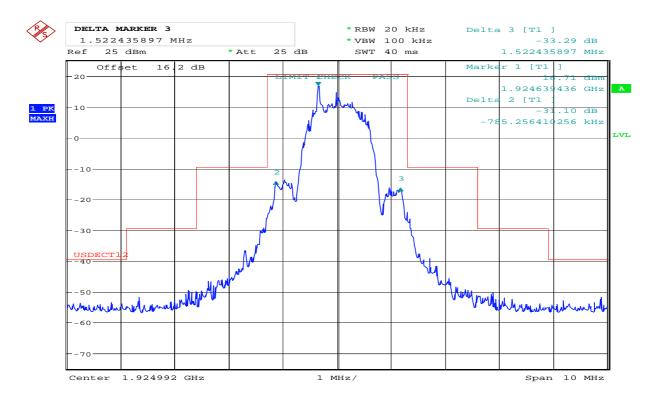
### **Measurement Data:**

See plots.

### Requirements, FCC 15.323(d):

 $B < f \le 2B$ : less than or equal to 30 dB below max. permitted peak power level  $2B < f \le 3B$ : less than or equal to 50 dB below max. permitted peak power level

 $3B < f \le UPCS$  Band Edge: less than or equal to 60 dB below max, permitted peak power level

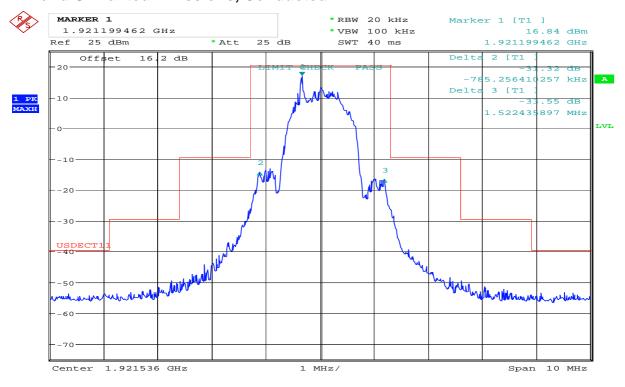


Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:51:37

## **Middle Channel**

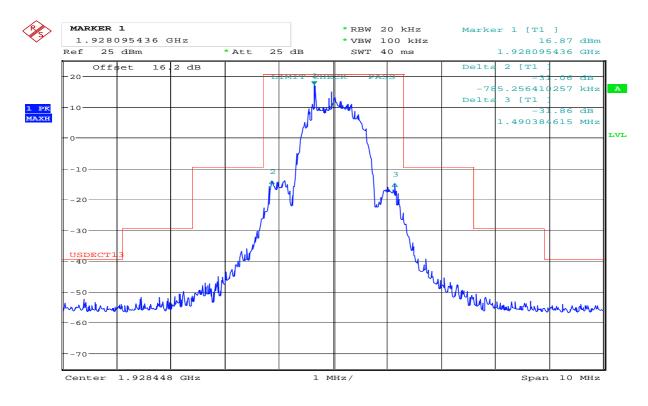


## In-Band Unwanted Emissions, Conducted



Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:56:17

#### **Lower Channel**



Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:53:45

### **Upper Channel**



# 4.12 Out-of-band Emissions, Conducted

### **Test Method:**

ANSI C63.17, clause 6.1.6.2.

**Test Results: Complies** 

**Measurement Data:** 

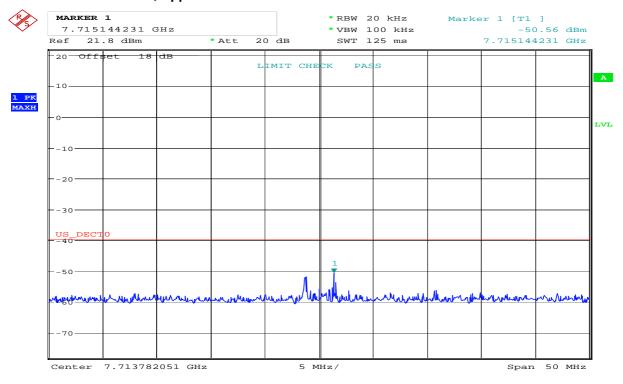
See plots.

## Requirements, FCC 15.323(d):

 $f \le 1.25 \text{MHz}$  outside UPCS band :  $\le -9.5 \text{dBm}$ 1.25MHz  $\le f \le 2.5 \text{MHz}$  outside UPCS band :  $\le -29.5 \text{dBm}$  $f \ge 2.5 \text{MHz}$  outside UPCS band :  $\le -39.5 \text{dBm}$ 

# **Out-of-Band Emissions, Conducted**

# 4<sup>th</sup> Harmonic of Carrier, Upper Channel:

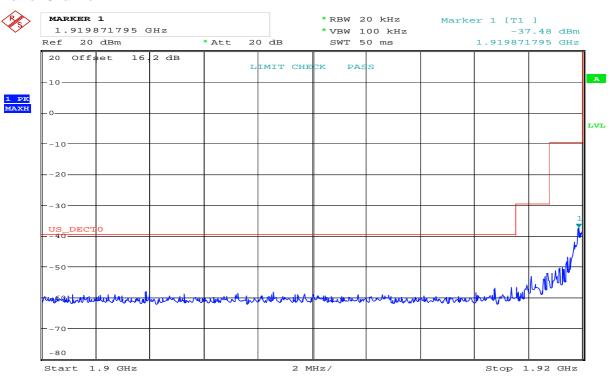


Date: 29.OCT.2007 11:12:48

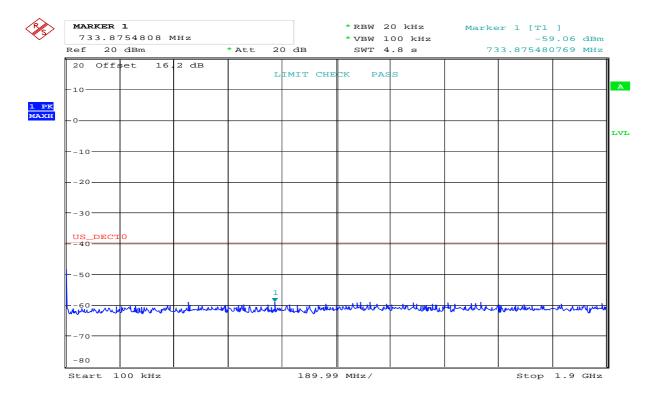


## **Out-of-Band Emissions, Conducted**

### **Lower Channel:**



Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:58:14

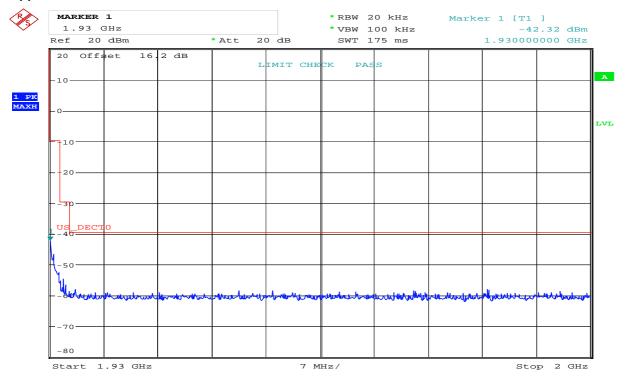


Date: 29.OCT.2007 10:59:40

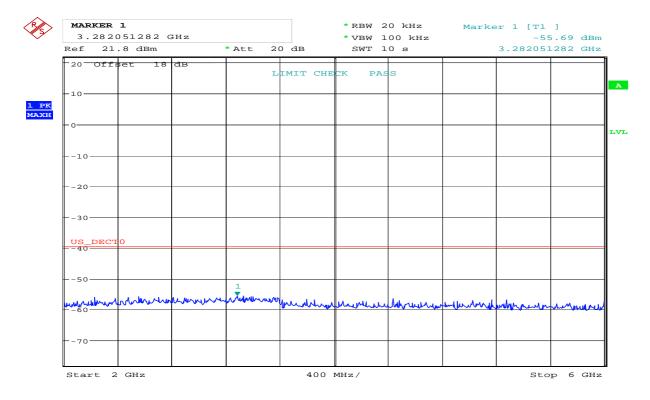


# **Out-of-Band Emissions, Conducted**

## **Upper Channel:**



Date: 29.OCT.2007 11:02:48

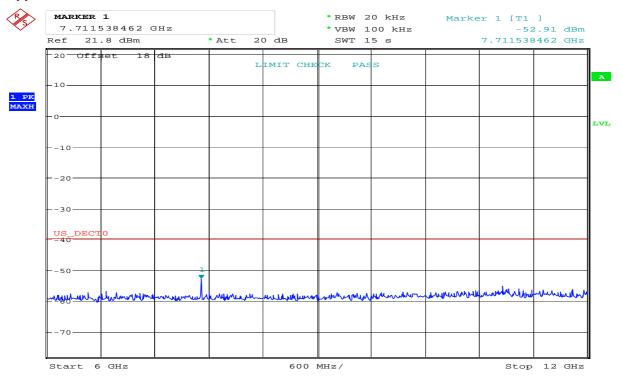


Date: 29.OCT.2007 11:10:19

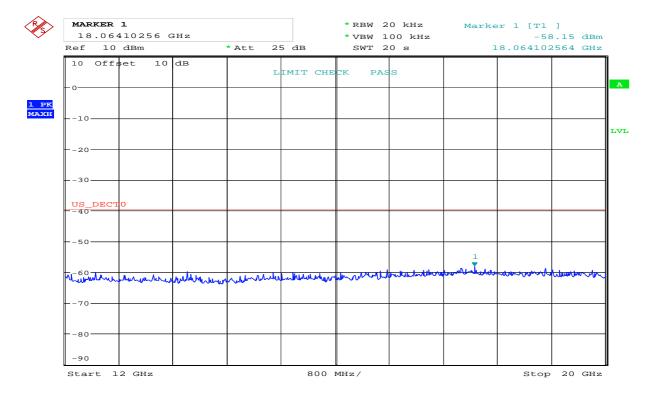


# **Out-of-Band Emissions, Conducted**

### **Upper Channel:**



Date: 29.OCT.2007 11:11:33



Date: 29.OCT.2007 11:16:15



# 4.13 Carrier Frequency Stability

### **Test Method:**

ANSI C63.17, clause 6.2.1.

Test Results: Complies
Measurement Data:

The Frequency Stability is measured with the CMD60. The CMD60 was logged by a computer programmed to get new readings as fast as possible (about 3 readings per second) over the noted time period or number of readings. The peak-to-peak difference was recorded and the mean value and deviation in ppm was calculated.

The Carrier Frequency Stability over Power Supply Voltage and over Temperature is measured with a Frequency Domain Analyzer in histogram mode.

### **Carrier Frequency Stability over Time at Nominal Temperature**

Average Mean Carrier Frequency (MHz)	Max. Diff. (kHz)	Min. Diff. (kHz)	Mean. Diff. (kHz)	Max. Dev. (ppm)	Limit
1925.012718	35.879	14.589	20.718	7.88	±10 ppm

Deviation ppm = ((Max.Diff. - Mean Diff) / Mean Carrier Freq.) x 10<sup>6</sup>

Deviation (ppm) is calculated from 3000 readings with the CMD60.

#### Frequency Stability over Power Supply Voltage at Nominal Temperature

Voltage	Measured Carrier Frequency (MHz)	Difference (kHz)	Deviation (ppm)	Limit
V <sub>nom</sub>	1924.972247	0	0	
85% of V <sub>nom</sub>	1924.971786	-0.5	-0.2	±10 ppm
115% of V <sub>nom</sub>	1924.972040	-0.2	-0.1	

Deviation ppm =  $((Mean - Measured Frequency) / Mean) \times 10^6$ 

## **Frequency Stability over Temperature**

Temperature	Measured Carrier Frequency (MHz)	Difference (kHz)	Deviation (ppm)	Limit
T = +20 ℃	1924.972247	0	0	
T = -20 ℃	1924.980916	8.7	4.5	±10 ppm
T = +50 ℃	1924.953353	-18.9	-9.8	

Deviation ppm =  $((Mean - Measured Frequency) / Mean) \times 10^6$ 



# 4.14 Frame Repetition Stability

### **Test Method:**

ANSI C63.17, clause 6.2.2.

Test Results: Complies
Measurement Data:

The envelope of the RF signal from the EUT is detected with a Crystal Detector and the mean and standard deviation of the frame repetition frequency is then gated over 100 frames and measured with a Frequency Domain Analyzer. The frame repetition stability is 3 times the standard deviation.

Carrier Frequency	Mean	Standard Deviation	Frame Repetition
(MHz)	(Hz)	(Hz)	Stability (ppm)
1924.992	100.000	0.00000218	

### Limit:

Frame Repetition Stability	±10 ppm (TDMA)
----------------------------	----------------

Ref. FCC 15.323(e), ANSI C63.17, clause 6.2.2

### 4.15 Frame Period and Jitter

**Test Method:** 

ANSI C63.17, clause 6.2.3.

Test Results: Complies

Measurement Data:

Carrier Frequency (MHz)	Frame Period (ms)	Max Jitter (μs)	3xStandard Deviation of Jitter (μs)
1924.992	9.99998	-0.0518	-0.0330

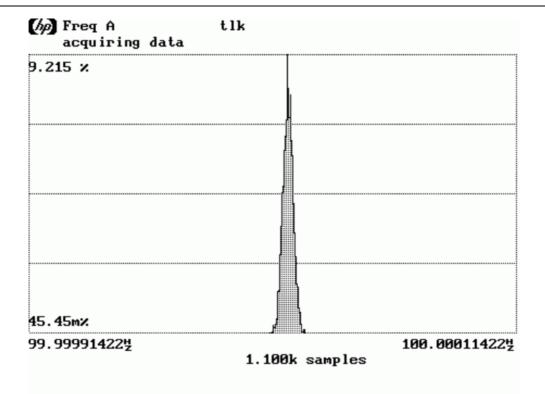
Max Jitter = 1/ (Frame period + Pk-Pk/2) - 1/Frame Period, when Pk-Pk and Frame Period are in Hz 3xSt.Dev.Jitter = 3x (1/(Frame Period + St.Dev) - 1/St.Dev) x  $10^6$ 

### Limit:

Frame Period	20 or 10 ms
Max Jitter	25 μs
3 times St.Dev of Jitter	12.5 µs

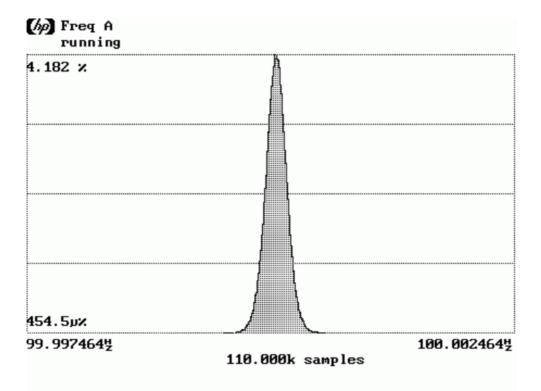
Ref. FCC 15.323(e), ANSI C63.17, clause 6.2.3





Mean 100.0000205272½ 1/Mean 10.000ms Pk-Pk 14.70μ½ Std Dev 2.1804μ½

Frame Repetition Stability, Gated over 100 Frames



 Mean
 100.000021124 $\frac{1}{2}$  1/Mean
 10.000ms

 Pk-Pk
 1.036m $\frac{1}{2}$  Std Dev
 110.164 $\mu$  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

Frame Period and Jitter



# 4.16 Monitoring Threshold, Least Interfered Channel

## **Monitoring Threshold Limits:**

Lower Threshold:

$$T_L = 15 \log B - 184 + 30 - P_{EUT}$$
 (dBm)

Upper Threshold:

$$T_U = 15 \log B - 184 + 50 - P_{EUT}$$
 (dBm)

*B* is measured Emission Bandwidth in Hz P<sub>EUT</sub> is measured Transmitter Power in dBm

### Calculated values:

Lower Threshold	-81.7 dBm
Upper Threshold	-61.7 dBm

The Lower Threshold is applicable for systems which have defined less than 40 duplex system access channels. The Upper Threshold is applicable for systems with more than 40 duplex system access channels and that implements the Least Interfered Channel Procedure (LIC).

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

The Upper or Lower Threshold is found by the procedure defined in ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.1 or 7.3.2.

Least Interfered Channel Procedure NOT used:			
Lower Threshold	NA	dBm	
Least Interfered Channel Procedure:			
Upper Threshold	-63.9	dBm	

### Least Interfered Channel (LIC) Procedure Test, FCC 15.323(b), (c)(2) and (c)(5)

ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.3 ref.	Observation	Verdict
b) $f_1 T_L + 13 dB$ , $f_2 at T_L + 6 dB$	Transmission always on $f_2$	Pass
c) $f_1 T_L + 6 \text{ dB}$ , $f_2 \text{ at } T_L + 13 \text{ dB}$	Transmission always on $f_I$	Pass
d) $f_1 T_L + 7 dB$ , $f_2$ at $T_L$	Transmission always on $f_2$	Pass
e) $f_1 T_L$ , $f_2$ at $T_L + 7 dB$	Transmission always on $f_I$	Pass

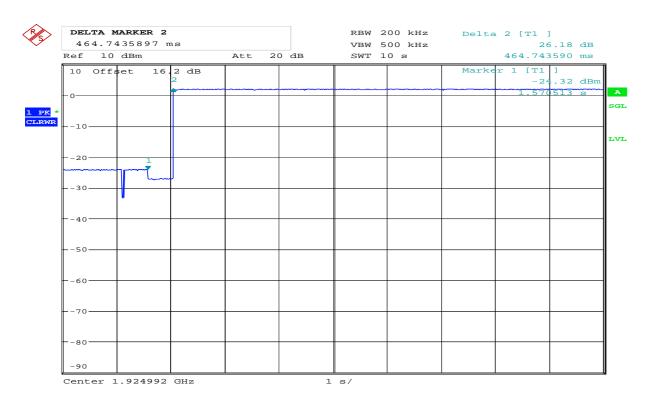


### Selected Channel Confirmation, FCC 15.323(c)(1) and (5)

ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.4	Observation	Verdict
b) Shall <b>not</b> transmit on $f_I$	EUT transmits on $f_2$	Pass
d) Shall <b>not</b> transmit on f <sub>2</sub>	EUT transmits on $f_I$	Pass

#### Limits:

Lower Threshold + 6 dB margin	-75.7 dBm
Upper Threshold + 6 dB margin	-55.7 dBm



Date: 29.OCT.2007 12:58:53

7.3.4 Selected Channel Confirmation, Connection 0.46s After Interferer Removed



### 4.17 Threshold Monitoring Bandwidth

This test is only required if a dedicated monitoring receiver is used. However, if the test is not carried out the manufacturer shall declare and provide proper evidence that the monitoring is made through the radio receiver used for communication.

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

Simple Compliance Test, ANSI C63.17, clause 7.4.1

More Detailed Test, ANSI C63.17, clause 7.4.2

The test is passed if either the Simple Compliance Test or the More Detailed test is passed.

During this test the spectrum analyzer is observed visually to see if the EUT transmits or not.

#### **Test Results:**

Test performed	Observation	Verdict
Simple Compliance test, at ±30% of B	No transmissions	Pass
More Detailed Test, at -6 dB points	N/A	N/A
More Detailed Test, at -12 dB points	N/A	N/A

The more detailed test must be pass at both the -6 and -12 dB points if the Simple Compliance test fails.

**Comment:** The Simple Compliance Test was performed with the level at T<sub>U</sub> + U<sub>M</sub> + 10 dB to check that the EUT did not transmit at all.

The tested EUT uses the same receiver for monitoring and communication, this test is therefore not required. However the test has been performed nonetheless and the test is passed.

### Limits, FCC 15.323(c)(7):

The monitoring system bandwidth must be equal to or greater than the emission bandwidth of the intended transmission.



### 4.18 Reaction Time and Monitoring Interval

#### **Measurement Procedure**

ANSI C63.17, clause 7.5

#### Test results:

By administrative commands and out-of-operating region interference, the EUT is restricted to operate on a single carrier frequency.

Time-synchronized pulsed interference was then applied on the carrier at pulsed levels  $T_U + U_M$  to check that the EUT does not transmit at all. The level was raised 6 dB for part d) with 35  $\mu$ s pulses.

The pulses are synchronized with the EUT timeslots and applied centered within all timeslots.

Pulse Width, ref. to ANSI C63.17 clause 7.5	Observation	Verdict
c) > largest of 50 μs and 50*SQRT(1.25/ <i>B</i> )	No transmissions	Pass
d) > largest of 35 μs and 35*SQRT(1.25/ <i>B</i> ), and with interference level raised 6 dB	No transmissions	Pass

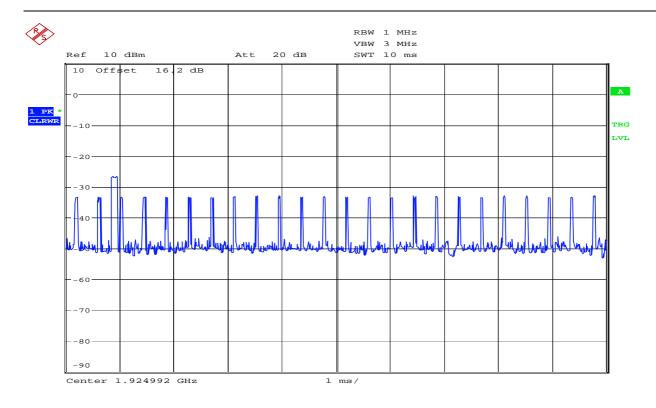
Comment: Since B is larger than 1.25 MHz the test was performed with pulse lengths of 50 µs and 35 µs.

#### Limits, FCC 15.323(c)(1), (5) and (7)

The maximum reaction time must be less than 50xSQRT (1.25/emission bandwidth in MHz) microseconds for signals at the applicable threshold level but shall not be required to be less than 50 microseconds.

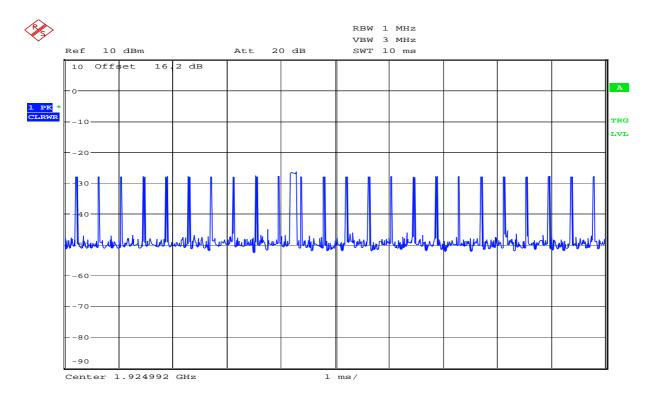
If a signal is detected that is 6 dB or more above the applicable threshold level, the maximum reaction time shall be 35xSQRT (1.25/emission bandwidth in MHz) microseconds but shall not be required to be less than 35 microseconds.





Date: 29.OCT.2007 13:18:46

### 50 µs Pulses



Date: 29.OCT.2007 13:17:54

### 35 µs Pulses



### 4.19 Time and Spectrum Window Access Procedure

This requirement is only for EUTs which transmit unacknowledged control and signaling information.

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

Timing for EUTs using control and signaling channel type transmissions: ANSI C63.17, clause 8.1

#### Test results:

Access Criteria, ref. to ANSI C63.17 clause 8.1.1	Observation	Verdict
b) Check that the EUT transmits on the interference free time-slot	EUT transmits on the interference free time-slot	Pass
b) The EUT must terminate or pause in its repetitive transmission of the control and signalling channel on the open channel to repeat the access criteria not less frequently than every 30 s	Transmission paused every 2.56s	Pass

#### If FCC 15.323(c)(6) option, If Random Waiting Interval is NOT implemented

Access Criteria, ref. to ANSI C63.17 clause 8.1.2	Observation	Verdict
b) Check that the EUT changes to an interference-free slot when interference is introduced on the time slot in use	EUT changes to the interference-free time-slot, and stays there	Pass

#### If FCC 15.323(c)(6) option, Only if Random Waiting Interval is implemented

Access Criteria, ref. to ANSI C63.17 clause 8.1.3	Observation	Verdict	
b-d) Check that the EUT uses random waiting interval before continuing transmission on an interfered time slot	N/A	N/A	

Comment: The tested EUT does not support the Random Waiting Interval option.

#### Limits:

#### FCC 15.323(c)(4):

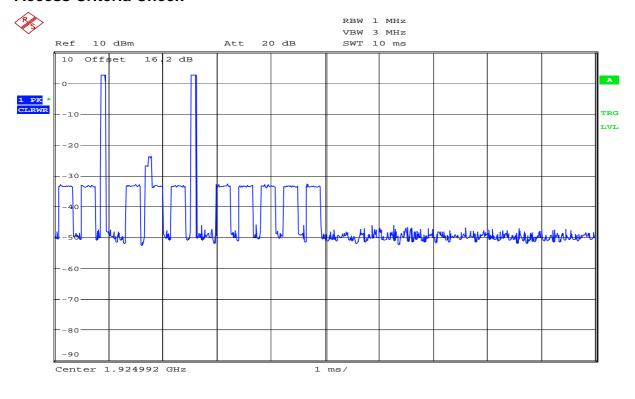
Once access to specific combined time and spectrum windows is obtained an acknowledgement from a system participant must be received by the initiating transmitter within one second or transmission must cease. Periodic acknowledgements must be received at least every 30 seconds or transmission must cease. Channels used exclusively for control and signaling information may transmit continuously for 30 seconds without receiving an acknowledgement, at which time the access criteria must be repeated.

#### FCC 15.323(c)(6):

If the selected combined time and spectrum windows are unavailable, the device may either monitor and select different windows or seek to use the same windows after waiting an amount of time, randomly chosen from a uniform random distribution between 10 and 150 milliseconds, commencing when the channel becomes available



### **Access Criteria Check**

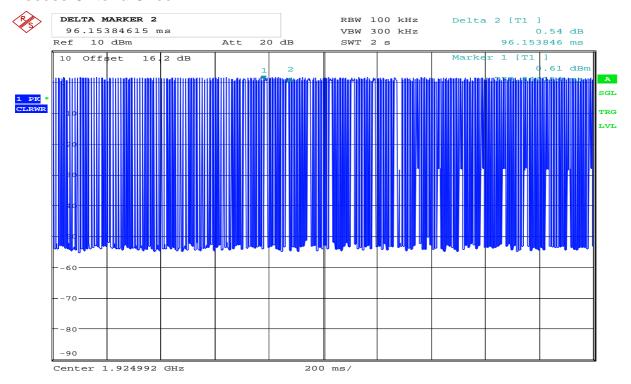


Date: 29.OCT.2007 13:20:30

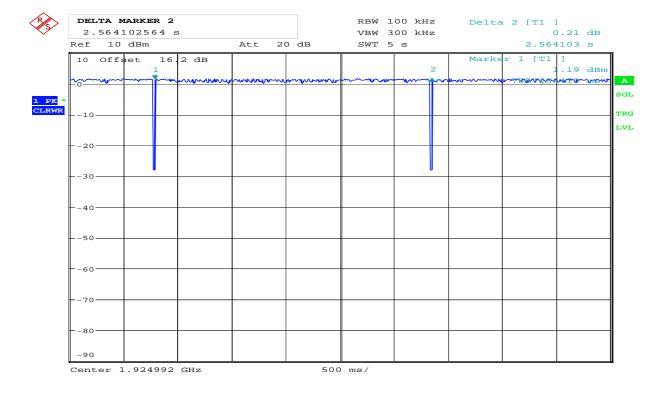
8.1.1a) EUT Transmits on Unblocked Slot



#### **Access Criteria Check**







Date: 29.OCT.2007 13:23:31

### 8.1.1b) Access Criteria check Interval



#### 4.20 **Acknowledgements and Transmission Duration**

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

Acknowledgements: ANSI C63.17, clause 8.2.1 Transmission Duration: ANSI C63.17, clause 8.2.2

During the test Initial transmission without acknowledgements the signal from the EUT to the companion device is blocked by circulators in addition to the tunable attenuator.

The test Transmission time after loss of acknowledgements is performed by cutting-off the signal from the companion device by a RF switch and measuring the time until the EUT stops transmitting.

The **Transmission Duration** test is performed by monitoring the slot in use and measuring the time until the EUT changes to a different slot.

#### **Test Results:**

### **Acknowledgements**

Test ref. to ANSI C63.17 clause 8.2.1	Observation	Verdict
a) Initial transmission without acknowledgements	< 1s	Pass
c) Transmission time after loss of acknowledgements	5s	Pass

#### **Transmission Duration**

Test ref. to ANSI C63.17 clause 8.2.2	Observation	Verdict
b) Transmission duration on same time and frequency window	30 min	Pass

Comment: Initial transmission without acknowledgements is tested with the WRS connected to the Base and with the spectrum analyzer in Gated Trig Mode with only the transmit direction from the WRS to the Base.

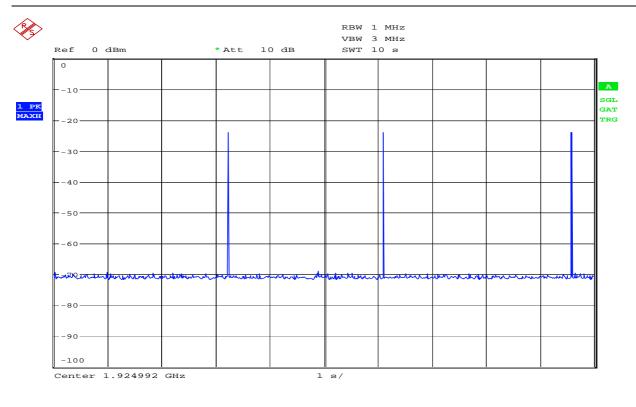
#### Limits, FCC 15.323(c)(3) and (4)

Occupation of the same combined time and spectrum windows by a device or group of cooperating devices continuously over a period of time longer than 8 hours is not permitted without repeating the access criteria.

Once access to specific combined time and spectrum windows is obtained an acknowledgement from a system participant must be received by the initiating transmitter within one second or transmission must cease.

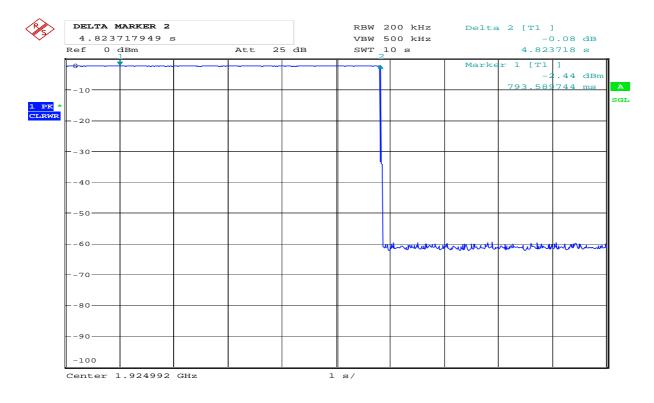
Periodic acknowledgements must be received at least every 30 seconds or transmission must cease. Channels used exclusively for control and signaling information may transmit continuously for 30 seconds without receiving an acknowledgement, at which time the access criteria must be repeated.





Date: 29.NOV.2007 11:31:23

### 8.2.1a Initial transmission without acknowledgements



Date: 30.OCT.2007 16:45:43

### 8.2.1c Transmission time after loss of acknowledgements



#### 4.21 Dual Access Criteria Check

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

EUTs that does not implement the Upper Threshold: ANSI C63.17, clause 8.3.1

EUTs that implement the Upper Threshold: ANSI C63.17, clause 8.3.2

This test is required for equipment that uses the access criteria in FCC 15.323(c)(10).

#### **Test Results:**

#### **EUTs that do NOT Implement the Upper Threshold:**

Test ref. to ANSI C63.17 clause 8.3.1 Observation		Verdict
b) EUT is restricted to a single carrier $f_I$ for TDMA systems. The Test is Pass if EUT can transmit	N/A	N/A
c) d) No transmissions on interference-free <b>receive</b> time/spectrum window. All transmit slots blocked.	N/A	N/A
e) f) No transmission on interference-free <b>transmit</b> time/spectrum window. All receive slots blocked.	N/A	N/A

#### **EUTs that Implements the Upper Threshold:**

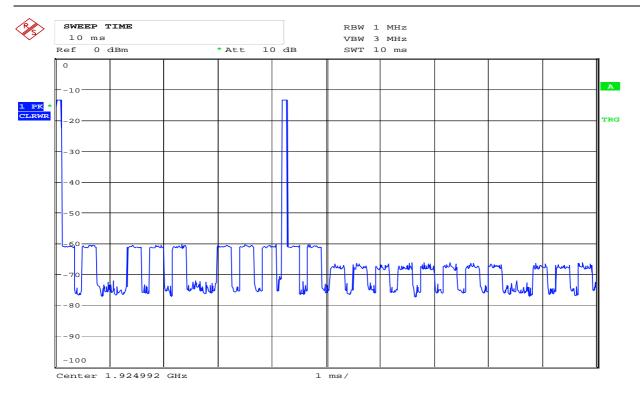
Test ref. to ANSI C63.17 clause 8.3.2 Observation		Verdict
b) EUT is restricted to a single carrier $f_I$ for TDMA systems. The Test is Pass if EUT can transmit	EUT can transmit	Pass
c) d) Transmission on interference-free <b>receive</b> time/spectrum window	EUT transmits on interference free <b>receive</b> slot	Pass
e) f) Transmission on interference-free <b>transmit</b> time/spectrum window	EUT transmits on interference free <b>transmit</b> slot	Pass
g) Transmission not possible on any time/spectrum window	No connection possible	Pass

Comment: See Plots.

#### Limits, FCC 15.323(c)(10)

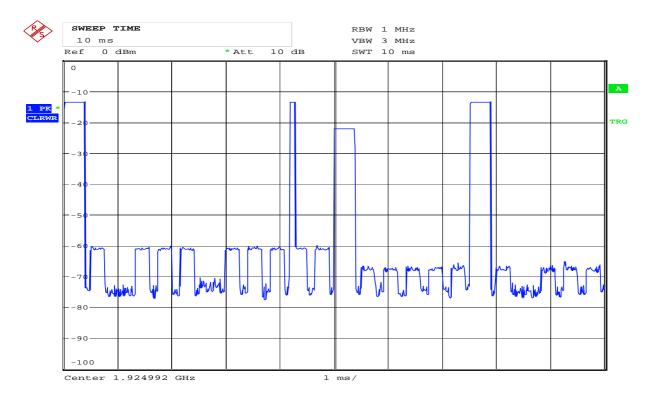
An initiating device may attempt to establish a duplex connection by monitoring both its intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows. If both the intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows meet the access criteria, then the initiating device can initiate a transmission in the intended transmit time and spectrum window. If the power detected by the responding device can be decoded as a duplex connection signal from the initiating device, then the responding device may immediately begin transmitting on the receive time and spectrum window monitored by the initiating device.





Date: 29.OCT.2007 15:10:02

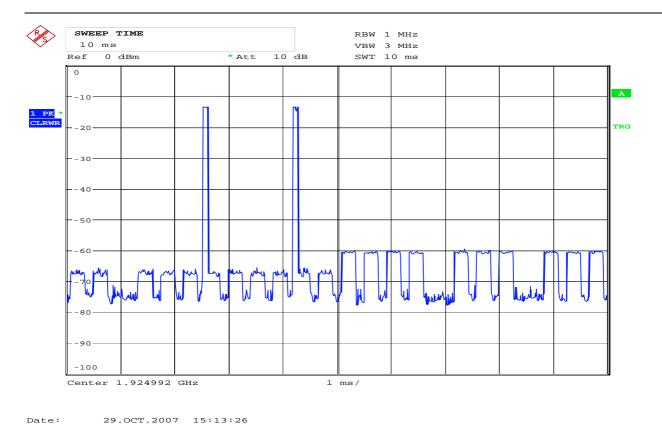
### 8.3.2c) EUT Transmits on Interference Free RECEIVE Slot, BEFORE



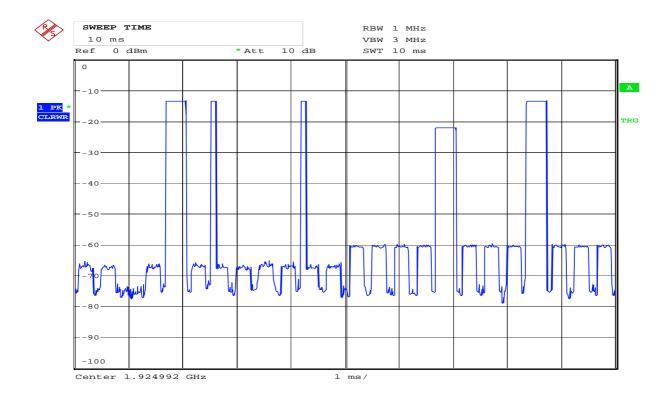
Date: 29.OCT.2007 15:09:25

### 8.3.2c) EUT Transmits on Interference Free RECEIVE Slot, AFTER





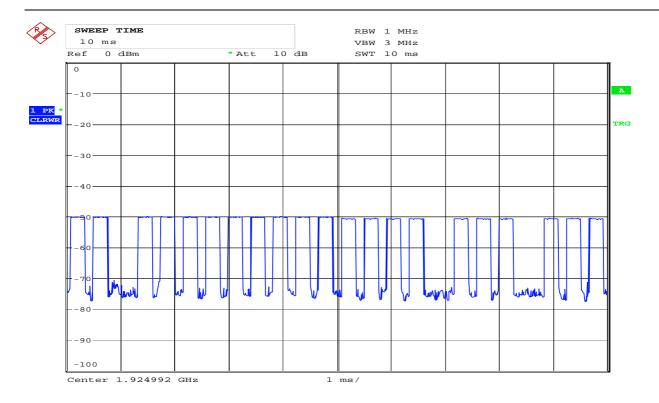
### 8.3.2e) EUT Transmits on Interference Free TRANSMIT Slot, BEFORE



8.3.2e) EUT Transmits on Interference Free TRANSMIT Slot, AFTER

29.OCT.2007 15:12:10





Date: 29.OCT.2007 15:17:26

### 8.3.2g) No Connection



### 4.22 Alternative Monitoring Interval

Test procedure described in ANSI C63.17 clause 8.4.

This test is required if the EUT implements the provisions of FCC 15.323(c)(11).

#### Test result:

Not Tested. The tested EUT does not implement this provision. See manufacturers' declaration.

### 4.23 Spurious Emissions (Radiated)

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

FCC 15.209

#### **Test Results:**

Not tested. This test is not required when the Out-of-Band Emissions test is tested Conducted and is Pass.



### 4.24 Receiver Spurious Emissions

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

Industry Canada RSS-213 paragraph 6.8 and RSS-GEN paragraphs 4.8 and 6.

#### Test results:

Frequency MHz	Carrier No.	Measured Value Conducted dBm	Conducted Limit dBm	Margin dB
0.100 – 1,000	all	< -76	-57	≥ 19
1,000 – 20,000	all	< -76	-53	≥ 23

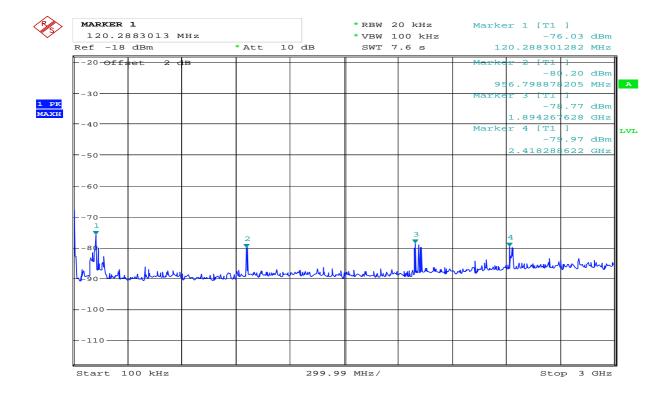
The test was performed with the EUT in Receive-Only Mode with the Carrier disabled by software.

#### Requirements, RSS-GEN Issue 2, clause 6

The measurement can be performed either radiated or conducted.

**When measured Conducted**: no spurious signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nW per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nW above 1 GHz.

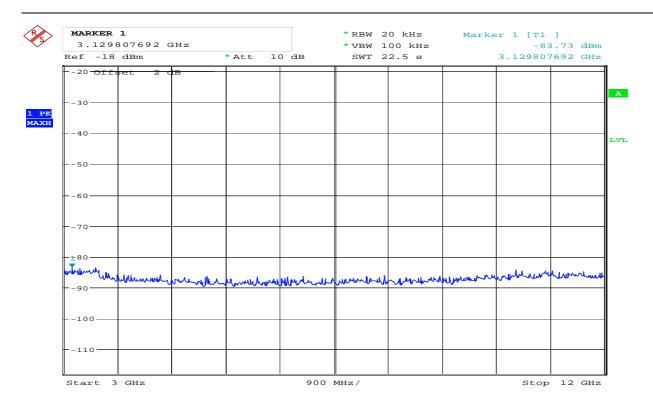
When measured Radiated: See Table 1 in RSS-GEN Issue 2, clause 6.



Date: 29.0CT.2007 11:35:18

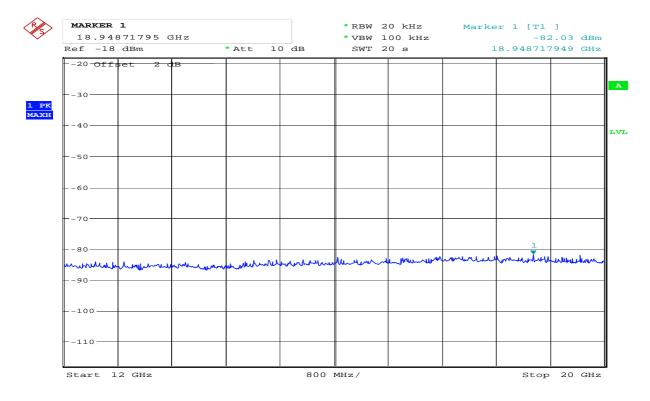
Receiver Conducted Emissions, 100 kHz - 3 GHz





Date: 29.OCT.2007 11:27:55

#### Receiver Conducted Emissions, 3 - 12 GHz



Date: 29.OCT.2007 11:33:29

#### Receiver Conducted Emissions, 12 - 20 GHz



## 5 Test Setups

### 5.1 Frequency Measurements



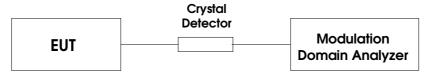
Test equipment included: 5

#### Test Set-up 1

This setup is used for measuring Carrier frequency stability at normal and extreme temperatures.

The EUT was in loopback-mode and was controlled with the CMD60 for this test. The modulation pattern was set to 01010101...

### 5.2 Timing Measurements



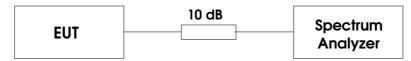
Test equipment included: 5, 7

#### Test Set-up 2

This setup is used for measuring Frame repetition stability, Frame period and Jitter.

The EUT was in loopback-mode and was controlled with the CMD60 for this test. The modulation pattern was set to 01010101...

#### 5.3 Conducted Emission Test



Test equipment included: 1, 13, 29

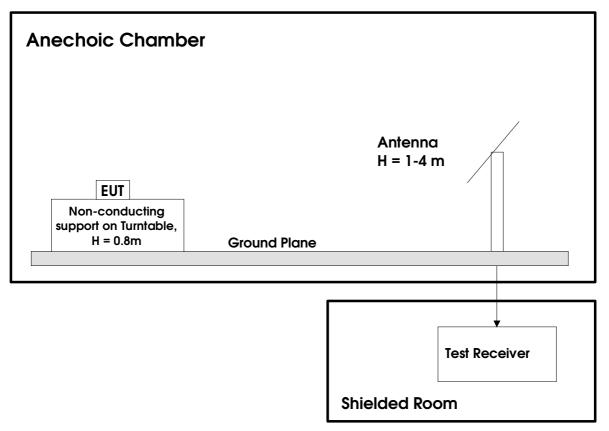
#### **Test Set-up 3**

This setup is used for all conducted emission tests.

The EUT was in loopback-mode and was controlled with the CMD60 for this test. The modulation pattern was set to Pseudo-Random bit sequence to simulate normal speech.



#### 5.4 Radiated Emissions Test

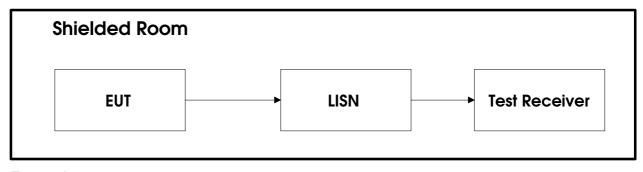


Test equipment: 1, 8, 9, 10, 11, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26

### Test Set-Up 4

This test setup is used for all radiated emissions tests. For frequencies below 30 MHz the measuring distance is 10 m, for all other frequencies it is 3m or 1m. Emissions above 1 GHz were measured with a Spectrum Analyzer and Horn Antenna and with the preamplifier after the antenna. For measurements above 18 GHz the test receiver is moved inside the anechoic chamber and located next to the antenna to minimize the cable loss.

#### 5.5 Power Line Conducted Emissions Test

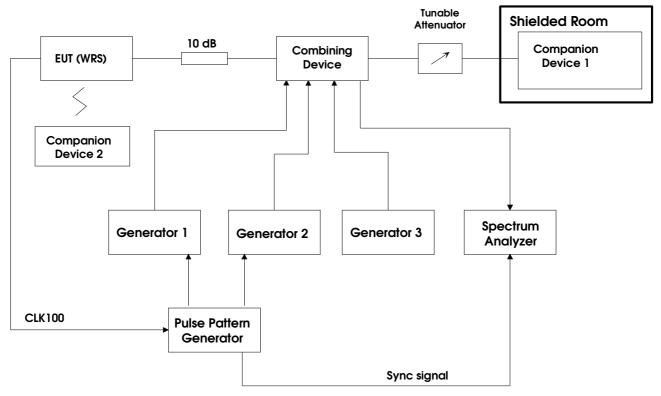


Test equipment: 12, 27, 28

#### **Test Set-Up 5**



### 5.6 Monitoring Tests, WRS test



Test equipment: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 29

#### Test Set-Up 6

This test setup is used for all Monitoring and Time and Spectrum Access Procedure tests. The path loss from the signal generators to the EUT is measured with a power meter before the testing is started.

The CLK100 is used to synchronize the Pulse-/ Pattern generator to the start of the DECT frame, this signal always comes from the base station. The CLK100 signal is regenerated in the Pulse-/ Pattern Generator and is used to synchronize the Spectrum Analyzer to the DECT frame when in zero span. The Pulse-/ Pattern Generator is used to generate time synchronized pulses and blocking patterns for specific time slots.

When testing a WRS both a Base and a Handset are used as Companion Devices. The Base is Companion Device 1 and the Handset Companion Device 2 when the WRS is initiating device, and vice versa for the tests where the WRS is responding device.



# 6 Test Equipment Used

To facilitate inclusion on each page of the test equipment used for related tests, each item of test equipment and ancillaries are identified (numbered) by the Testhouse.

No.	Instrument/ancillary	Type of instrument/ancillary	Manufacturer	Ref. no.
1	FSEK30	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1337
2	SME03	Signal generator	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1238
3	SMP04	Signal generator	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1336
4	SMP22	Signal generator	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1287
5	53310A	Modulation Domain Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	LR 1483
6	81104A	Pulse-/ Pattern Generator	Agilent	LR 1502
7	8470B	Crystal Detector	Hewlett Packard	LR 1207
8	8449B	Preamplifier	Hewlett Packard	LR 1322
9	CMD60	DECT Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1335
10	ESVS30	Measuring Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1101
11	ESN	Measuring Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1237
12	ESAI	Measuring Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1090
13	6810.17B	Attenuator	Narda	LR 1212
14	6810.17A	Attenuator	Narda	LR 1184
15	745-69	Step Attenuator	Narda	LR 1442
16	WE 1506A	Power Splitter	Weinchel	LR 244
17	WE 1506A	Power Splitter	Weinchel	LR 245
18	H-9	Hybrid	Anzac	LR 1095
19	H-9	Hybrid	Anzac	LR 257
20	S212DS	RF Switch	Narda	LR 1244
21	3115	Horn Antenna	EMCO	LR 1226
22	PM7320-X	Horn Antenna	Sivers Lab	LR 102
23	DBF-520-20	Horn Antenna	Systron Donner	LR 100
24	638	Horn Antenna	Narda	LR 1480
25	HL223	Log-period Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1261
26	HK116	Biconical Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1260
27	HFH2-Z2	Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 285
28	ESH3-Z5	Two Line V-Network	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1076
29	80S	Signal Generator	Powertron	LT 502
30	FSU26	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	LR 1504
31	77	Multimeter	Fluke	LR 302
32	436A	Power Meter	Hewlett Packard	LR 181
33	8485A	Power Sensor	Hewlett Packard	LR 1450