APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	300Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router						
Model	DL4323; DL4323D						
RF Module	Realtek Model: RTL8188ER-CG						
Model Discrepancy	ALL THE MODEL NUMBERS (LIST ON THIS REPORT) ARE IDENTICAL, JUST FOR MARKETING PURPOSE ONLY EXCEPT ANTENNA. Model Number Antenna DL4323 Fixed DL4323D Detachable						
Frequency band (Operating)	 ⊠ 802.11b/g/n HT20: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz 802.11n HT40: 2.422GHz ~ 2.452GHz □ Others 						
Device category	□ Portable (<20cm separation)☑ Mobile (>20cm separation)□ Others						
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm2)						
Antenna Specification	2.4GHz: Antenna1 Gain: 5.00 dBi (Numeric gain: 3.16) 2.4GHz: Antenna2 Gain: 5.00 dBi (Numeric gain: 3.16)						
Maximum Average output power	IEEE 802.11b Mode: 16.18 dBm (41.495 mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode: 15.78 dBm (37.844 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 Mode: 16.01 dBm (39.902 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 Mode: 13.79 dBm (23.933 mW)						
Maximum Tune up Power	IEEE 802.11b Mode: 17.00 dBm (50.119 mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode: 16.00 dBm (39.811 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 Mode: 17.00 dBm (50.119 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 Mode: 15.00 dBm (31.623 mW)						
Evaluation applied							

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Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	2014/04/28	Initial Issue	ALL	Scott Hsu

Date of Issue: April 28, 2014

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{377}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = *Distance in meters*

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{377 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

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Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

IEEE 802.11b mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
1	2412	50.119	3.16	20	0.0315	1

IEEE 802.11g mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
1	2412	39.811	3.16	20	0.0250	1

IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode:

	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
ĺ	1	2412	50.119	3.16	20	0.0315	1

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode:

I	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
ſ	6	2437	31.623	3.16	20	0.0199	1