



# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

## EUT Specification

<b>EUT</b>	150Mbps Wireless N ADSL2+ Modem Router		
<b>Model</b>	DL4310; DL4310D		
<b>RF Module</b>	Realtek	Model:	RTL8188ER-CG
<b>Model Discrepancy</b>	All the model numbers (list on this report) are identical, just for marketing purpose only except Antenna.		
	<b>Model Number</b>	<b>Antenna</b>	
	DL4310	Fixed	
	DL4310D	Detachable	
<b>Frequency band (Operating)</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 802.11b/g/n HT20: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz 802.11n HT40: 2.422GHz ~ 2.452GHz <input type="checkbox"/> Others		
<b>Device category</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation) <input type="checkbox"/> Others		
<b>Exposure classification</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )		
<b>Antenna Specification</b>	2.4GHz: Antenna Gain : 5.00 dBi (Numeric gain 3.16)		
<b>Maximum Average output power</b>	IEEE 802.11b Mode: 12.96 dBm (19.770 mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode: 15.23 dBm (33.343 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 Mode: 15.22 dBm (33.266 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 Mode: 17.43 dBm (55.335 mW)		
<b>Maximum Tune up Power</b>	IEEE 802.11b Mode: 14.00 dBm (25.119 mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode: 16.00 dBm (39.811 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 Mode: 16.00 dBm (39.811 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 Mode: 18.00 dBm (63.096 mW)		
<b>Evaluation applied</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation* <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> N/A		



## Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	2014/03/28	Initial Issue	ALL	Scott Hsu



## **TEST RESULTS**

**No non-compliance noted.**

### **Calculation**

Given  $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$  &  $S = \frac{E^2}{377}$

Where  $E =$  Field strength in Volts / meter

$P =$  Power in Watts

$G =$  Numeric antenna gain

$d =$  Distance in meters

$S =$  Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P \text{ (mW)} = P \text{ (W)} / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d \text{ (cm)} = d \text{ (m)} / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{377 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2} \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

Where  $d =$  Distance in cm

$P =$  Power in mW

$G =$  Numeric antenna gain

$S =$  Power density in mW / cm<sup>2</sup>



**Maximum Permissible Exposure**

Substituting the MPE safe distance using  $d = 20$  cm into Equation 1:

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where  $P =$  Power in mW

$G =$  Numeric antenna gain

$S =$  Power density in mW / cm<sup>2</sup>

**IEEE 802.11b mode:**

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
6	2437	25.119	3.16	20	0.0158	1

**IEEE 802.11g mode:**

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
6	2437	39.811	3.16	20	0.0250	1

**IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode:**

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
6	2437	39.811	3.16	20	0.0250	1

**IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode:**

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
6	2437	63.096	3.16	20	0.0397	1