\$1.1307 (b) (1) & \$2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.319(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Electric Field Strength (V/m) | Magnetic Field Strength (A/m) | Power Density (mW/cm ²) | Averaging Time (minute) | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.3-1.34 | 614 | 1.63 | *(100) | 30 | | | | | |
| 1.34-30 | 842/f | 2.19/f | *(180/f\2\) | 30 | | | | | |
| 30-300 | 27.5 | 0.073 | 0.2 | 30 | | | | | |
| 300-1500 | / | / | f/1500 | 30 | | | | | |
| 1500-100,000 | / | / | 1.0 | 30 | | | | | |

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

MPE Calculation

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R =distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

For worst case:

| Frequency | Antenna Gain | | Maximum Tune- up power | | Evaluation Distance | Power Density | MPE Limit |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| (MHz) | (dBi) | (numeric) | (dBm) | (mW) | (cm) | $(\mathrm{mW/cm}^2)$ | $(\mathrm{mW/cm}^2)$ |
| 1921.536 - 1928.448 | 0 | 1.0 | 20 | 100 | 20 | 0.02 | 1.0 |

Result: The device meets MPE limit at 20 cm distance.