




# TESTREPORT

Applicant Name : YEALINK(XIAMEN) NETWORK TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.  
Address : No.666 Hu'an Rd. Huli District Xiamen City, Fujian, P.R. China  
Report Number: RA221111-53265E-RF  
FCC ID: T2C-BT51  
IC: 10741A-BT51

## Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 15.247; RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, FEBRUARY 2021 AMENDMENT 2; RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017

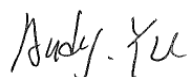
## Sample Description

Product Type: Bluetooth USB Dongle  
Model No.: BT51A  
Multiple Model(s) No.: BT52A  
Trade Mark:   
Date Received: 2022/11/11  
Report Date: 2022/11/21

Test Result:	Pass*
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\* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

## Prepared and Checked By:



Audy Yu  
EMC Engineer

## Approved By:



Candy Li  
EMC Engineer

Note: This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "\*" .

Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with an asterisk "\*\*". Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

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## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Product	Bluetooth USB Dongle
Tested Model	BT51A
Multiple Models	BT52A (model difference see product declaration letter of similarity)
HVIN	BT51
FVIN	BT51
Frequency Range	Bluetooth: 2402~2480MHz
Transmit Peak Power	-0.20dBm
Modulation Technique	Bluetooth: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Antenna Specification*	0.51dBi (It is provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC5V from USB Port
Sample serial number	1Q9M-2 For Conducted Emission Test 1Q9N-3 for Radiated Emissions Test 1Q9J-1 for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by ATC)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition

### Objective

This test report is in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017, RSS-GEN Issue 5, Feb. 2021Amendment 2 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017, RSS-GEN Issue 5, Feb. 2021Amendment 2 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

All emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

## Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		5%
RF Frequency		$0.082 \times 10^{-7}$
RF output power, conducted		0.73dB
Unwanted Emission, conducted		1.6dB
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions		2.72dB
Emissions, Radiated	9kHz - 30MHz	2.66dB
	30MHz - 1GHz	4.28dB
	1GHz - 18GHz	4.98dB
	18GHz - 26.5GHz	5.06dB
	26.5GHz- 40GHz	4.72dB
Temperature		1°C
Humidity		6%
Supply voltages		0.4%

*Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.*

## Test Facility

The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358, the FCC Designation No.: CN1189.

Accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). The Certificate Number is 4297.01

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0016. The Registration Number is 5077A.

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in an engineering mode.

### EUT Exercise Software

EUT testing in engineering mode and the power level is 7\*. The power level was provided by the applicant.

### Special Accessories

No special accessory.

### Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

### Support Equipment List and Details

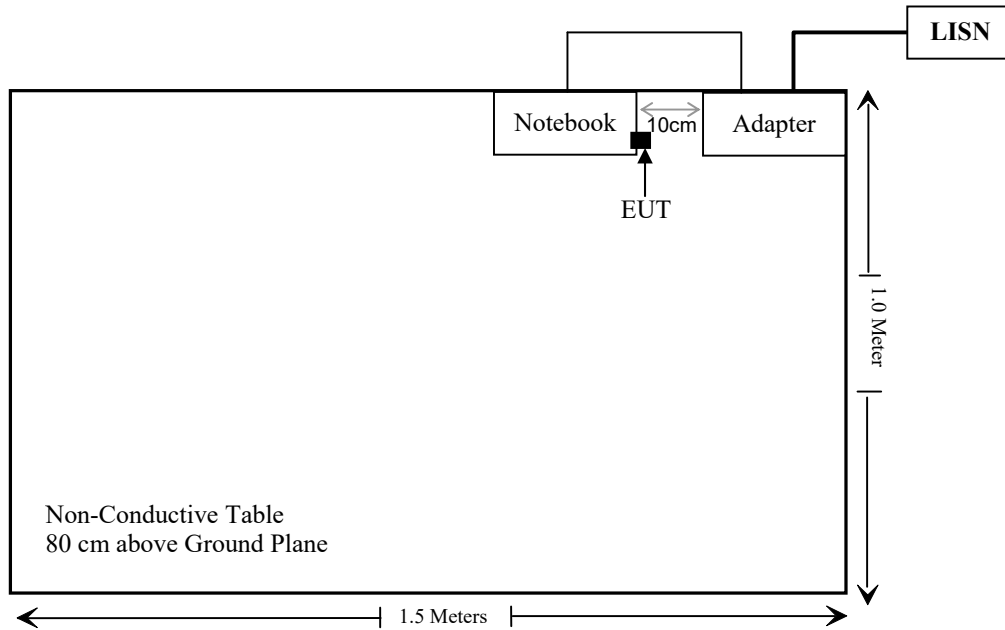
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Lenovo	Notebook	Y430P	Unknown
Lenovo	AC Adapter	ADP-120LH B	11S36200400ZZ1004BR12L

### External I/O Cable

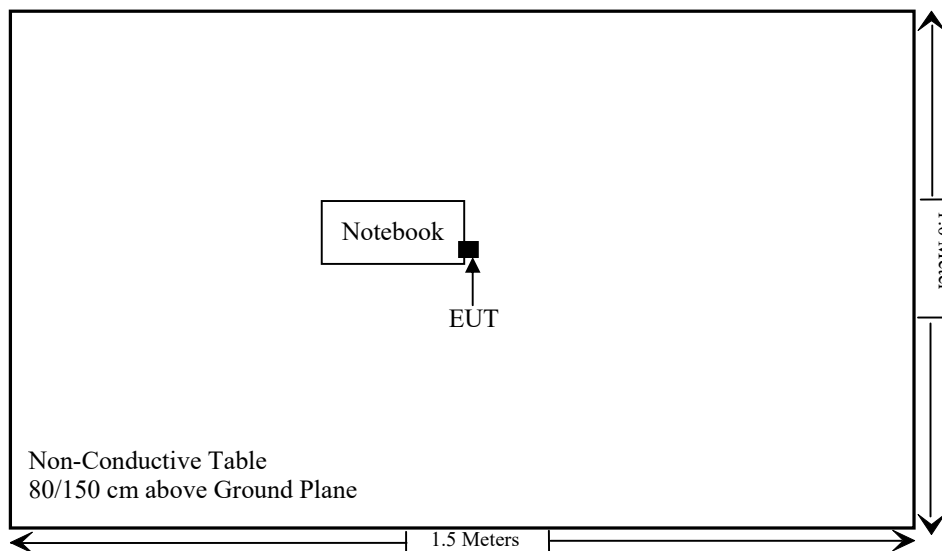
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Un-shielded Detachable DC Cable	1.0	Notebook	Adapter
Un-shielded Detachable AC Cable	1.0	Adapter	LISN

### Block Diagram of Test Setup

For conducted emission:



For radiated emission:



## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (3) & §2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliant
RSS-102 § 2.5.1	Exemption Limits For Routine Evaluation-SAR evaluation	Compliant
FCC §15.203 RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207(a) RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d) RSS-247 § 5.5, RSS-GEN § 8.10	Radiated Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(1) RSS-247 § 5.1(a), RSS-GEN § 6.7	20 dB Emission Bandwidth & 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(1) RSS-247 § 5.1 (b)	Channel Separation Test	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii) RSS-247 § 5.1 (d)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii) RSS-247 § 5.1 (d)	Quantity of hopping channel Test	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(1) RSS-247 § 5.1(b) & § 5.4(b)	Peak Output Power Measurement	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) RSS-247 § 5.5	Band edges	Compliant



**TEST EQUIPMENT LIST**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Conducted Emissions Test					
Rohde& Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100784	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Rohde & Schwarz	L.I.S.N.	ENV216	101314	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Anritsu Corp	50 Coaxial Switch	MP59B	6100237248	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.17	N0350	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Conducted Emission Test Software: e3 19821b (V9)					
Radiated Emissions Test					
Rohde& Schwarz	Test Receiver	ESR	102725	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101949	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
SONOMA INSTRUMENT	Amplifier	310 N	186131	2022/11/08	2023/11/07
A.H. Systems, inc.	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	135	2022/11/08	2023/11/07
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-J0	15964001002	2022/11/08	2023/11/07
Schwarzbeck	Bilog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-323	2021/07/06	2024/07/05
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D	9120D-1067	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Schwarzbeck	HORN ANTENNA	BBHA9170	9170-359	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Radiated Emission Test Software: e3 19821b (V9)					
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.10	N050	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.11	N1000	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.12	N040	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.13	N300	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.14	N800	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.15	N600	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.16	N650	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Wainwright	High Pass Filter	WHKX3.6/18G-10SS	5	2021/12/14	2022/12/13

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
RF Conducted Test					
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV-40	101495	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Tonscend	RF Control Unit	JS0806-2	19G8060182	2022/07/06	2023/07/05
HP	6dB Attenuator	8493B 6dB Attenuator	2708A 04769	2021/12/14	2022/12/13
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	No.31	RF-01	Each time	

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (3) &§2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (3), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission’s guideline.

According to KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance

SAR-Based Exemption:

SAR-based thresholds are derived based on frequency, power, and separation distance of the RF source. The formula defines the thresholds in general for either available maximum timeaveraged power or maximum time-averaged ERP, whichever is greater.

Per § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B), for single RF sources (i.e., any single fixed RF source, mobile device, or portable device, as defined in paragraph (b)(2) of this section): A single RF source is exempt if:

the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold  $P_{th}$  (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive).  $P_{th}$  is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left( \frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz};$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

$d$  = the separation distance (cm);

**For worst case:**

Exemption limit:

For  $f=2.48\text{GHz}$ ,  $d=0.5\text{cm}$ , the  $P_{th}=2.72\text{mW}$

The higher of the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP):

The antenna gain is 0.51 dBi (-1.64dBd), 0dBd=2.15dBi

The maximum tune-up conducted power is 0.5dBm (1.12mW), which less than 2.72mW@2480MHz exemption limit.

**So the stand-alone SAR evaluation can be exempted.**

## RSS-102 § 2.5.1 –EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION-SAR EVALUATION

### Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 Issue 5 § (2.5.1), SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.

**Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance<sup>4,5</sup>**

Frequency (MHz)	Exemption Limits (mW)				
	At separation distance of ≤5 mm	At separation distance of 10 mm	At separation distance of 15 mm	At separation distance of 20 mm	At separation distance of 25 mm
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW

Frequency (MHz)	Exemption Limits (mW)				
	At separation distance of 30 mm	At separation distance of 35 mm	At separation distance of 40 mm	At separation distance of 45 mm	At separation distance of ≥50 mm
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW

4. The exemption limits in Table 1 are based on measurements and simulations of half-wave dipole antennas at separation distances of 5 mm to 25 mm from a flat phantom, providing a SAR value of approximately 0.4 W/kg for 1 g of tissue. For low frequencies (300 MHz to 835 MHz), the exemption limits are derived from a linear fit. For high frequencies (1900 MHz and above), the exemption limits are derived from a third order polynomial fit.

5. Transmitters operating between 0.003-10 MHz, meeting the exemption from routine SAR evaluation, shall demonstrate compliance to the instantaneous limits in Section 4.

Output power level shall be the higher of the maximum conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power. For controlled use devices where the 8 W/kg for 1 gram of tissue applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 5. For limb-worn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5. If the operating frequency of the device is between two frequencies located in Table 1, linear interpolation shall be applied for the applicable separation distance. For test separation distance less than 5 mm, the exemption limits for a separation distance of 5 mm can be applied to determine if a routine evaluation is required.

For medical implants devices, the exemption limit for routine evaluation is set at 1 mW. The output power of a medical implants device is defined as the higher of the conducted or e.i.r.p to determine whether the device is exempt from the SAR evaluation.

### **Test Result:**

For worst case:

The higher of the conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power:

$$(2480-2450)/(3500-2450) = (4-P)/(4-2)$$

The exemption limit of 2480MHz is  $P = 3.94\text{mW}$

The antenna gain is 0.51dBi

The maximum tune up conducted power is 0.5dBm

The maximum tune up e.i.r.p. is  $0.5\text{dBm} + 0.51\text{dBi} = 1.01\text{dBm}$  (1.26mW), which less than 3.94mW@2480MHz exemption limit

**So the stand-alone SAR test is not required.**

## **FCC §15.203 & RSS-GEN §6.8 – ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

According to FCC § 15.203, the applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device. Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has one internal antenna arrangement which was permanently attached and the maximum antenna gain is 0.51dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Antenna Type	Antenna Gain	Impedance	Frequency Range
internal	0.51dBi	50 Ω	2.4~2.5GHz

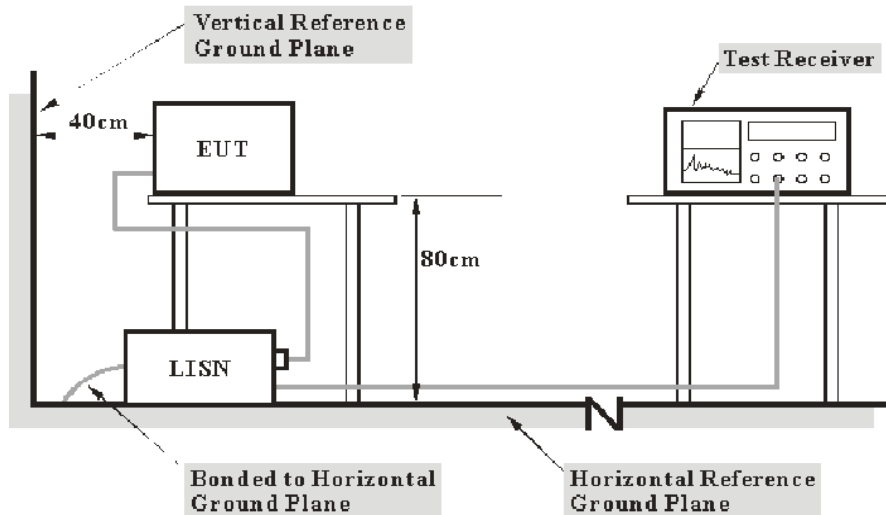
**Result:** Compliance

**FCC §15.207 (a) & RSS-GEN § 8.8 – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS**

**Applicable Standard**

FCC §15.207(a), RSS-GEN § 8.8

**EUT Setup**



- Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.  
 2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The measurement procedure of EUT setup is according with ANSI C63.10-2013. The related limit was specified in FCC Part 15.207 & RSS-Gen.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

**EMI Test Receiver Setup**

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz



## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

## Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Transd factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor) and Cable Loss. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Transd Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss}$$

The “**Over limit**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over limit of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Over Limit} &= \text{Level} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor} \end{aligned}$$

## Test Data

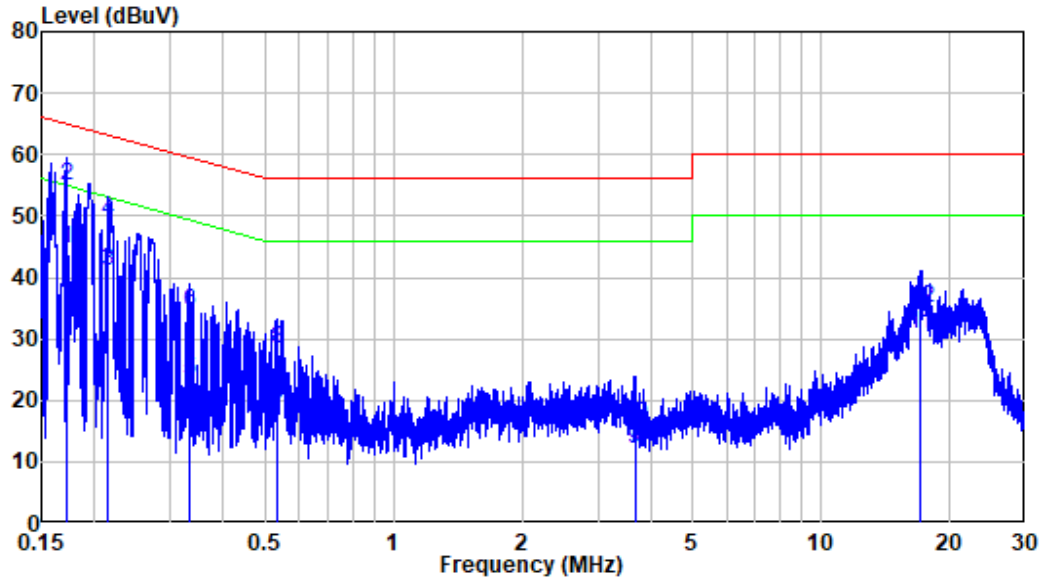
### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	23 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	60 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Jason Liu on 2022-11-17.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting (the worst case is 8DPSK Mode, High channel)*

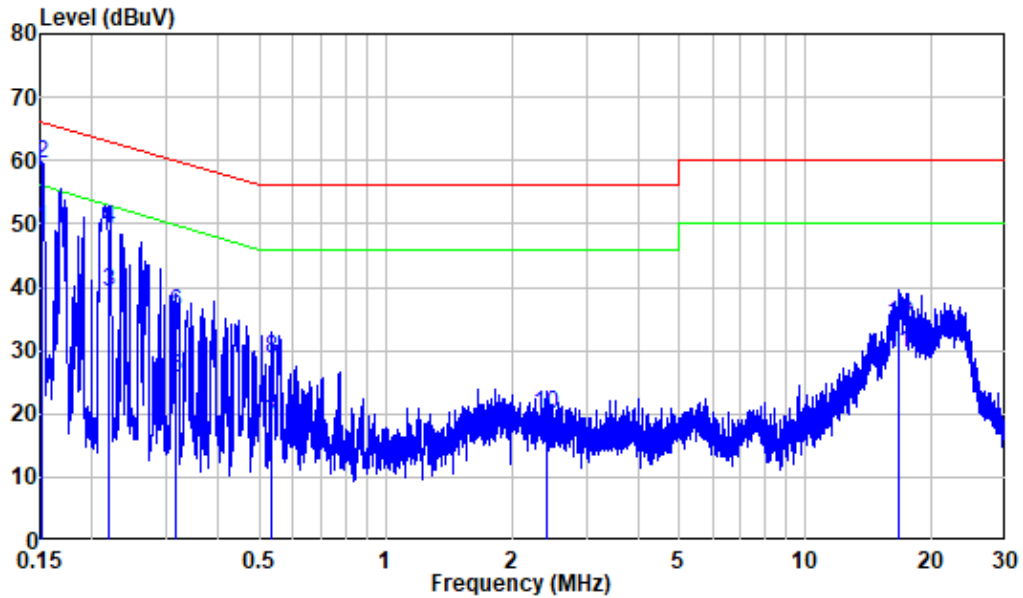
**AC 120V/60 Hz, Line**



Site : Shielding Room  
 Condition: Line  
 Job No. : RA221111-53265E-RF  
 Mode : BT Transmitting  
 Power : AC 120V 60Hz

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1	0.172	9.80	34.85	44.65	54.88	-10.23	Average
2	0.172	9.80	45.01	54.81	64.88	-10.07	QP
3	0.215	9.80	31.12	40.92	53.02	-12.10	Average
4	0.215	9.80	39.56	49.36	63.02	-13.66	QP
5	0.332	9.80	13.39	23.19	49.40	-26.21	Average
6	0.332	9.80	24.73	34.53	59.40	-24.87	QP
7	0.531	9.81	7.81	17.62	46.00	-28.38	Average
8	0.531	9.81	18.43	28.24	56.00	-27.76	QP
9	3.661	9.84	2.27	12.11	46.00	-33.89	Average
10	3.661	9.84	6.05	15.89	56.00	-40.11	QP
11	17.029	9.97	20.85	30.82	50.00	-19.18	Average
12	17.029	9.97	25.06	35.03	60.00	-24.97	QP

**AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral**



Site : Shielding Room  
 Condition: Neutral  
 Job No. : RA221111-53265E-RF  
 Mode : BT Transmitting  
 Power : AC 120V 60Hz

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	
1	0.152	9.80	39.28	49.08	55.91	-6.83	Average
2	0.152	9.80	49.65	59.45	65.91	-6.46	QP
3	0.219	9.80	29.50	39.30	52.86	-13.56	Average
4	0.219	9.80	39.41	49.21	62.86	-13.65	QP
5	0.316	9.80	15.86	25.66	49.81	-24.15	Average
6	0.316	9.80	26.09	35.89	59.81	-23.92	QP
7	0.536	9.81	8.73	18.54	46.00	-27.46	Average
8	0.536	9.81	18.97	28.78	56.00	-27.22	QP
9	2.407	9.82	7.39	17.21	46.00	-28.79	Average
10	2.407	9.82	10.02	19.84	56.00	-36.16	QP
11	16.628	10.07	19.49	29.56	50.00	-20.44	Average
12	16.628	10.07	23.96	34.03	60.00	-25.97	QP

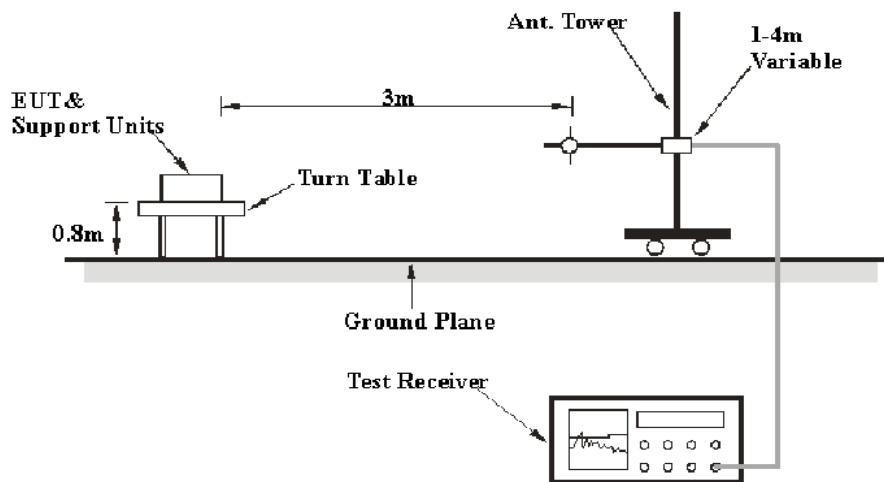
## FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) & RSS-247§ 5.5 - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

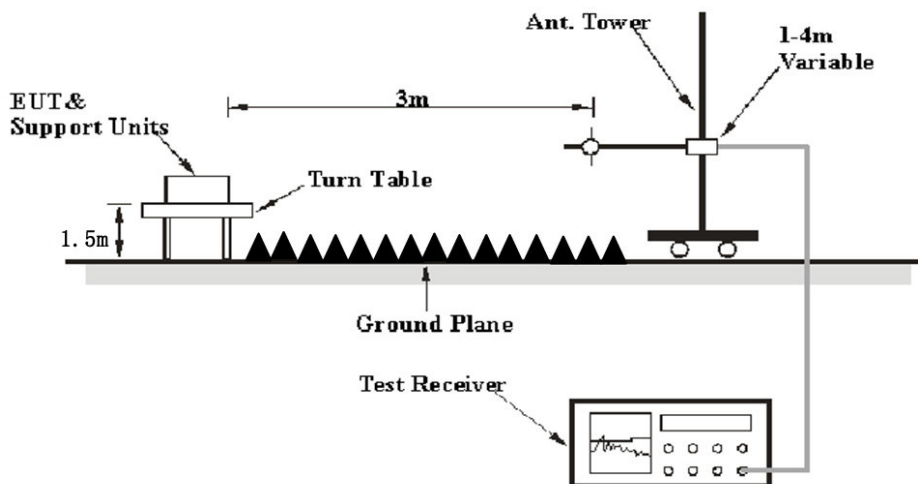
FCC §15.205; §15.209; §15.247(d); RSS-247§ 5.5; RSS-GEN § 8.10

### EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013 & RSS-Gen. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247/RSS-247 limits.

## EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	/	PK

For average measurement:

use the duty cycle factor correction factor method per 15.35(c).

Duty cycle=On time/100milliseconds, On time= $N1*L1+N2*L2+\dots+Nn-1*Ln-1+Nn*Ln$ ,

where N1 is number of type 1 pulses, L1 is length of type 1 pulse, etc.

Average Emission Level=Peak Emission Level+20\*log(Duty cycle)

## Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All final data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz -1 GHz and peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

## Factor & Margin Calculation

The Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Over Limit/Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over Limit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Over Limit/Margin} &= \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor} \end{aligned}$$

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24~25.6 °C
Relative Humidity:	50~60%
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

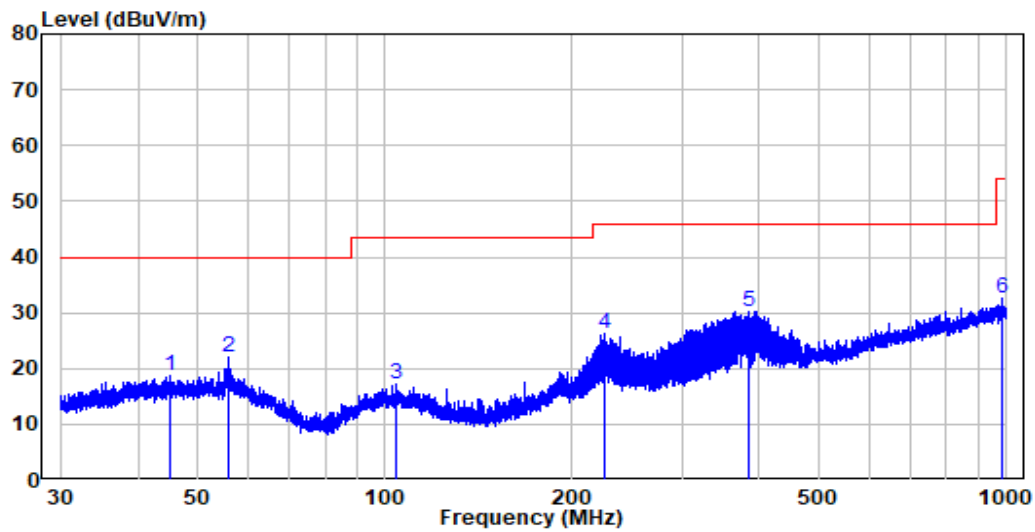
*The testing was performed by Jimi on 2022-11-18 for below 1GHz, and Zeki Ma from 2022-11-14 to 2022-11-15 for above 1GHz.*

EUT operation mode: Transmitting (Pre-scan in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case of X-axes orientation was recorded)

**Below 1GHz:** (the worst case is 8DPSK Mode, Middle channel)

Note: When the test result of Peak was more than 6dB below the limit of QP, just the Peak value was recorded.

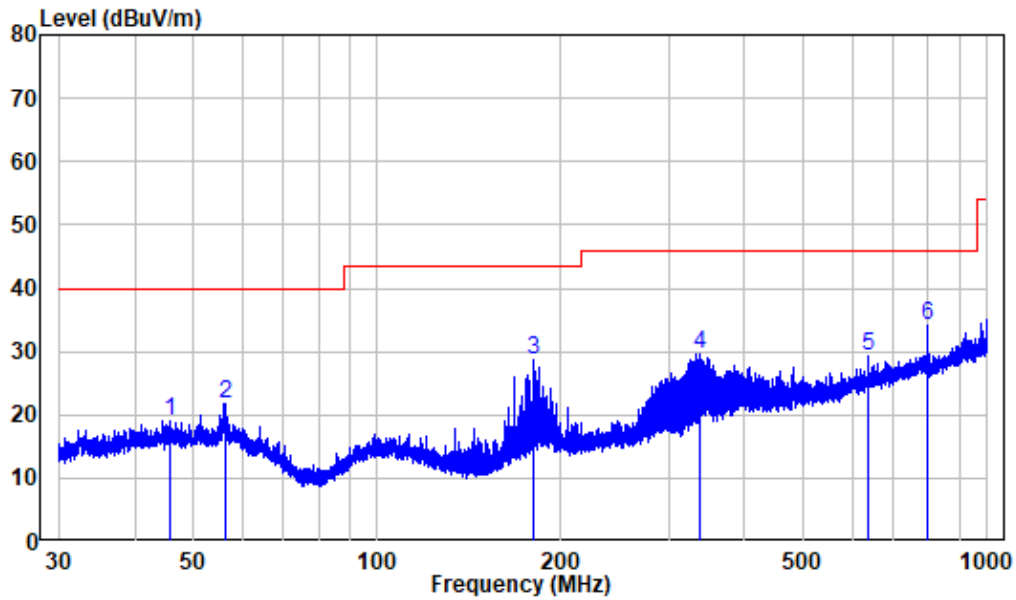
Horizontal



Site : chamber  
 Condition: 3m HORIZONTAL  
 Job No. : RA221111-53265E-RF  
 Test Mode: BT Transmitting

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	45.058	-9.94	28.72	18.78	40.00	-21.22	Peak
2	55.976	-10.18	32.23	22.05	40.00	-17.95	Peak
3	103.942	-11.73	28.93	17.20	43.50	-26.30	Peak
4	225.111	-11.26	37.58	26.32	46.00	-19.68	Peak
5	383.932	-7.08	37.38	30.30	46.00	-15.70	Peak
6	985.640	2.73	29.87	32.60	54.00	-21.40	Peak

Vertical



Site : chamber  
 Condition: 3m VERTICAL  
 Job No. : RA221111-53265E-RF  
 Test Mode: BT Transmitting

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Limit Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	45.615	-9.97	29.00	19.03	40.00	-20.97	Peak
2	56.173	-10.16	31.83	21.67	40.00	-18.33	Peak
3	180.017	-12.77	41.37	28.60	43.50	-14.90	Peak
4	338.252	-7.49	37.19	29.70	46.00	-16.30	Peak
5	636.134	-1.98	31.35	29.37	46.00	-16.63	Peak
6	799.681	-0.34	34.32	33.98	46.00	-12.02	Peak

**Above 1GHz: (worst case for GFSK, DH5)**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Angle Degree	Rx Antenna		Factor (dB/m)	Absolute Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	PK/Ave		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel(2402MHz)									
2310	60.91	PK	295	1.8	H	-7.24	53.67	74	-20.33
2310	61.94	PK	195	1.3	V	-7.24	54.70	74	-19.30
2390	63.13	PK	45	1.6	H	-7.22	55.91	74	-18.09
2390	63.25	PK	294	2.3	V	-7.22	56.03	74	-17.97
4804	59.59	PK	226	1.5	H	-3.51	56.08	74	-17.92
4804	57.91	PK	20	1.5	V	-3.51	54.40	74	-19.60
Middle Channel(2441MHz)									
4882	57.87	PK	297	1.5	H	-3.37	54.50	74	-19.50
4882	57.15	PK	28	1.5	V	-3.37	53.78	74	-20.22
High Channel(2480 MHz)									
2483.5	67.58	PK	331	1.1	H	-7.20	60.38	74	-13.62
2483.5	64.74	PK	56	2.1	V	-7.20	57.54	74	-16.46
2500	64.71	PK	310	1.4	H	-7.18	57.53	74	-16.47
2500	63.82	PK	54	1.8	V	-7.18	56.64	74	-17.36
4960	57.39	PK	30	1.4	H	-3.01	54.38	74	-19.62
4960	58.28	PK	300	1.4	V	-3.01	55.27	74	-18.73



Field Strength of Average							
Frequency (MHz)	Peak Measurement @3m (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Polar (H/V)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V/m)	FCC Part 15.247		
					Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
Low Channel(2402MHz)							
2310	53.67	H	-24.76	28.91	54	-25.09	Band edge
2310	54.70	V	-24.76	29.94	54	-24.06	Band edge
2390	55.91	H	-24.76	31.15	54	-22.85	Band edge
2390	56.03	V	-24.76	31.27	54	-22.73	Band edge
4804	56.08	H	-24.76	31.32	54	-22.68	Harmonic
4804	54.40	V	-24.76	29.64	54	-24.36	Harmonic
Middle Channel(2441MHz)							
4882	54.50	H	-24.76	29.74	54	-24.26	Harmonic
4882	53.78	V	-24.76	29.02	54	-24.98	Harmonic
High Channel(2480MHz)							
2483.5	60.38	H	-24.76	35.62	54	-18.38	Band edge
2483.5	57.54	V	-24.76	32.78	54	-21.22	Band edge
2500	57.53	H	-24.76	32.77	54	-21.23	Band edge
2500	56.64	V	-24.76	31.88	54	-22.12	Band edge
4960	54.38	H	-24.76	29.62	54	-24.38	Harmonic
4960	55.27	V	-24.76	30.51	54	-23.49	Harmonic

## Note:

Absolute Level = Corrected Factor + Reading

Margin = Corrected. Amplitude - Limit

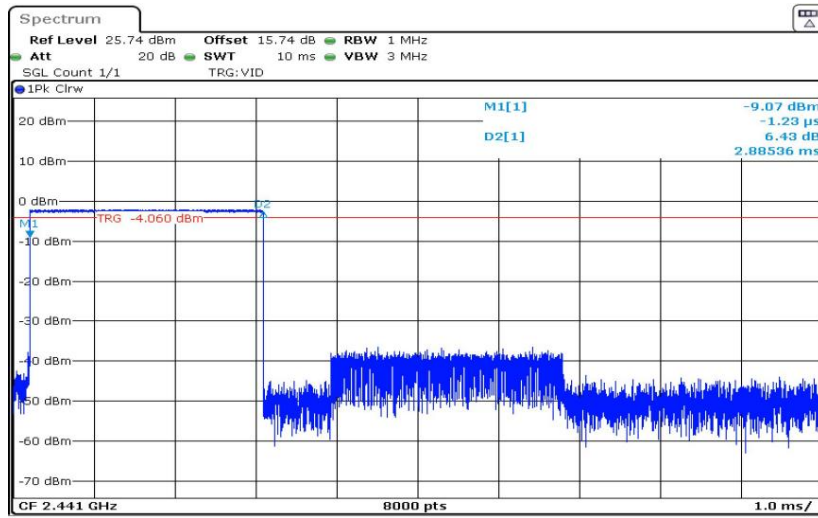
Average level= Peak level+ Duty Cycle Corrected Factor

The worst case duty cycle as below:

Duty cycle = Ton/100ms = 2.89\*2/100=0.0578

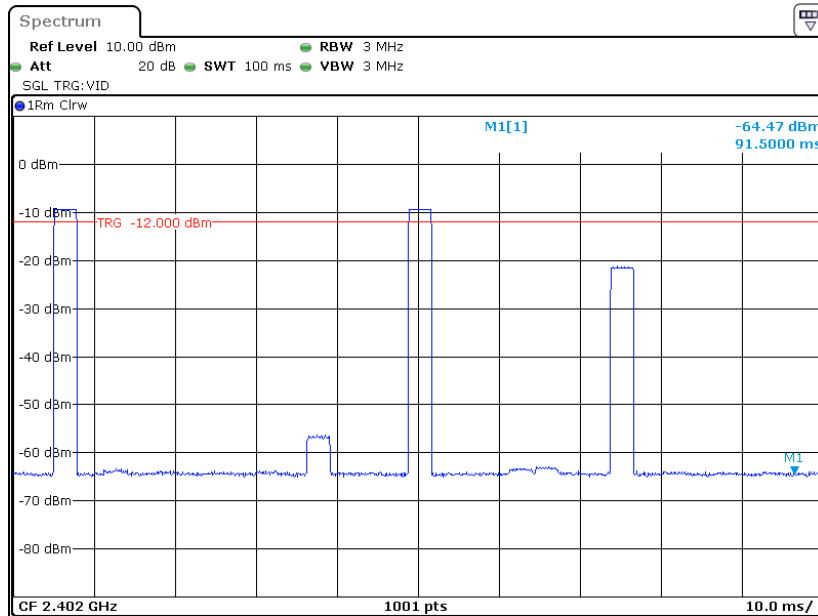
Duty Cycle Corrected Factor = 20lg (Duty cycle) = 20lg0.0578= -24.76

### Pulse length: 2.89ms



Date: 14.NOV.2022 17:07:31

### Maximum Pulse number in 100ms: 2

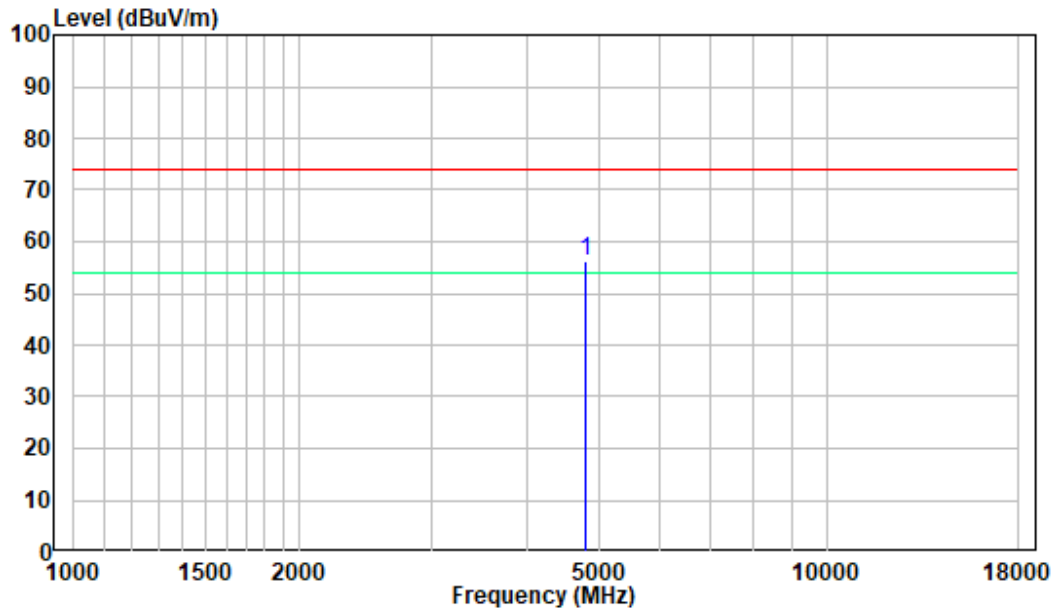


Date: 15.NOV.2022 13:24:20

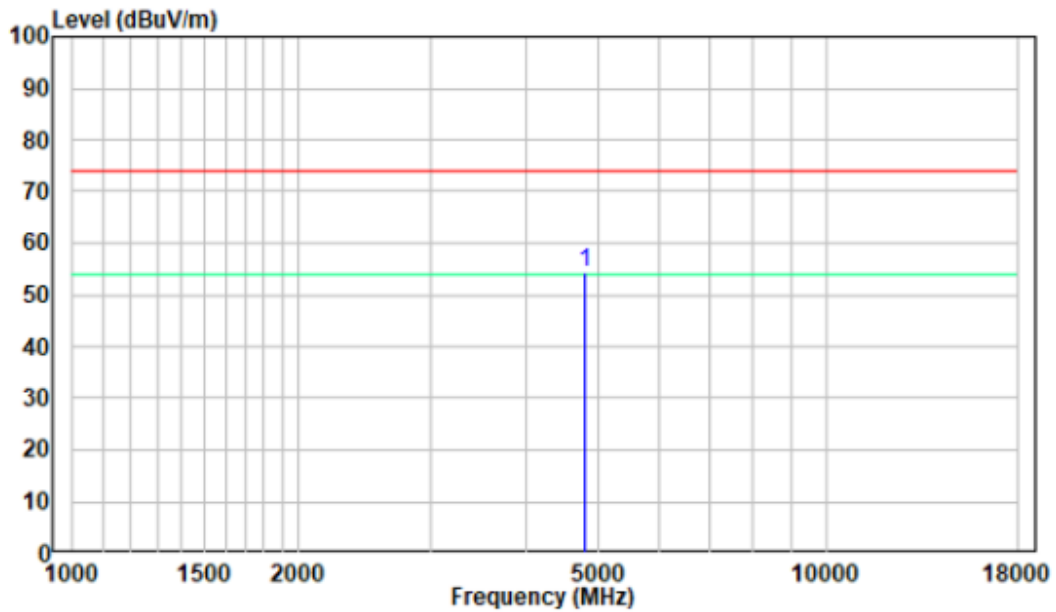
1 GHz - 18 GHz: (Pre-Scan plots)

Low channel

Horizontal



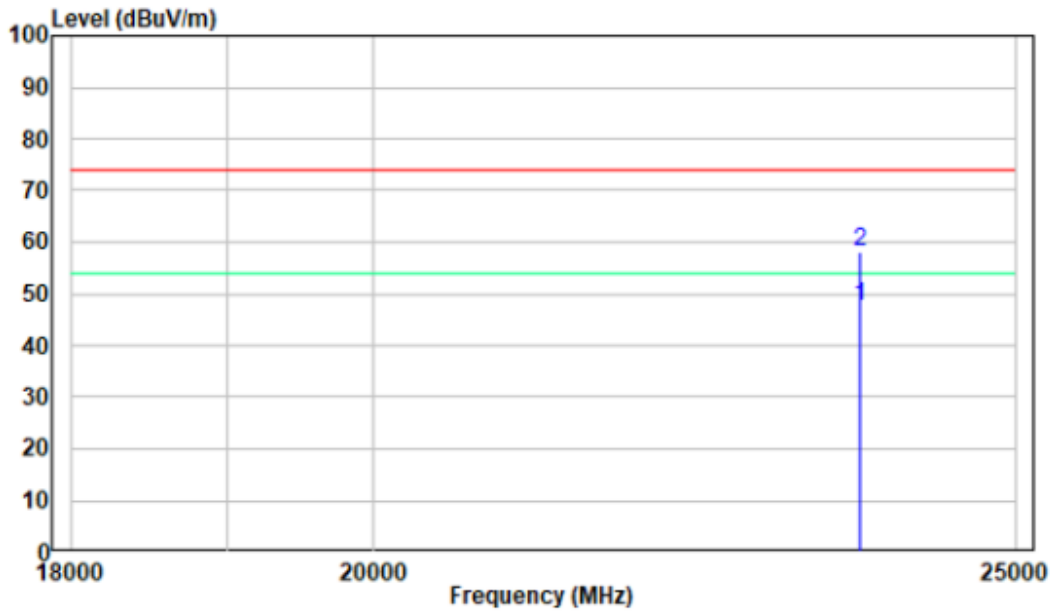
Vertical



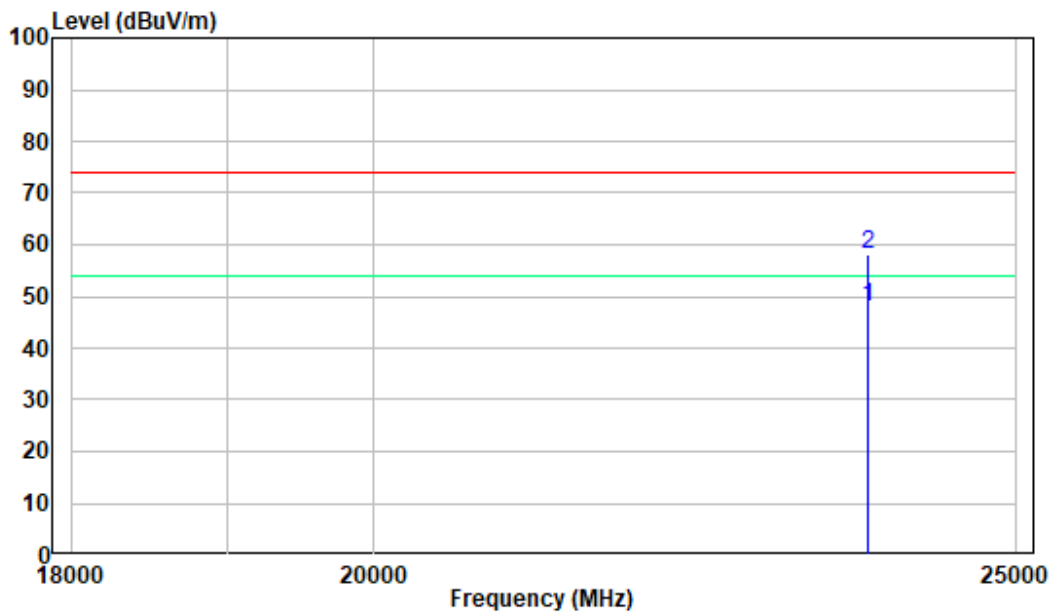
18-25GHz: (Pre-Scan plots)

Low channel

Horizontal



Vertical



## FCC §15.247(a) (1) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (b) -CHANNEL SEPARATION TEST

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1):

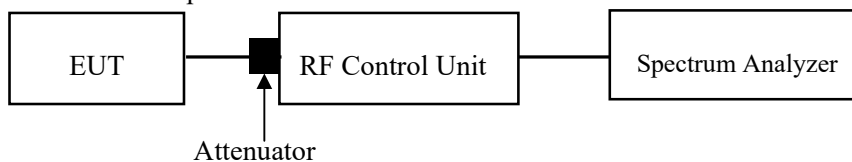
Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

According to RSS-247 § 5.1 (b):

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two thirds of the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### Test Procedure

1. Set the EUT in transmitting mode, max hold the channel.
2. Set the adjacent channel of the EUT and max hold another trace.
3. Measure the channel separation.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Audy Yu on 2022-11-14.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

## **FCC §15.247(a) (1) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (a), RSS-GEN § 6.7 – 20 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH & 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1):

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

According to RSS-247 § 5.1 (a), RSS-GEN § 6.7:

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “20 dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated 20 dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

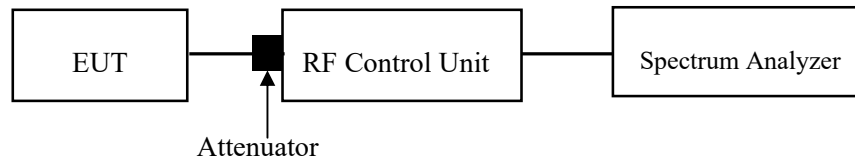
### **Test Procedure**

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and 20 dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / 20 dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / 20 dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).



## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Audy Yu on 2022-11-14.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix

## FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (d) - QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNEL TEST

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii):

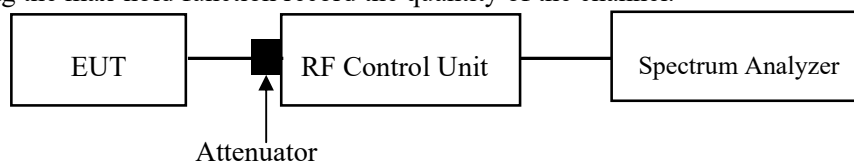
Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

According to RSS-247 § 5.1 (d):

Frequency hopping systems (FHSS) operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds, multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that at least 15 hopping channels are used.

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Set the EUT in hopping mode from first channel to last.
3. By using the max-hold function record the quantity of the channel.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Audy Yu on 2022-11-14.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.



## FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (d) - TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii):

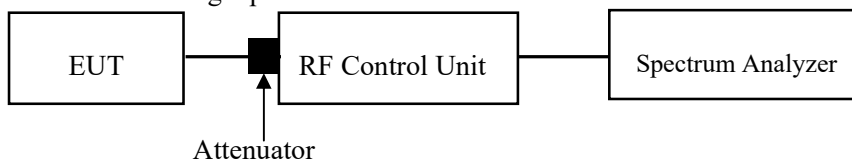
Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

According to RSS-247 § 5.1 (d):

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds, multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that at least 15 hopping channels are used.

### Test Procedure

4. The EUT was worked in channel hopping.
5. Set the RBW to: 1MHz.
6. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
7. Set the span to 0Hz.
8. Detector = peak.
9. Sweep time = auto couple.
10. Trace mode = max hold.
11. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
12. Recorded the time of single pulses



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Audy Yu on 2022-11-14.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

## FCC §15.247(b) (1) & RSS-247§ 5.1(b) &§ 5.4(b) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (1):

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. And for all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

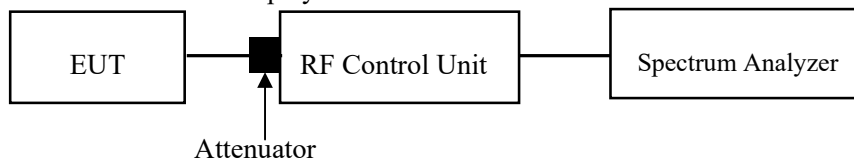
According to RSS-247§ 5.1(b) &§ 5.4(b):

For frequency hopping systems (FHSs) operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W (see Section 5.4(e) for exceptions).

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two thirds of the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W.

### Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



### Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Audy Yu on 2022-11-14.*

*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

## FCC §15.247(d) & RSS-247 § 5.5 - BAND EDGES TESTING

### Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(d).

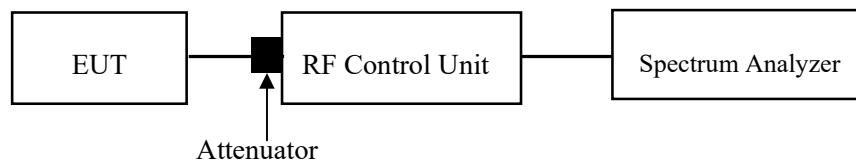
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to RSS-247 § 5.5.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(e), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

### Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	25 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	50 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Audy Yu on 2022-11-14.*

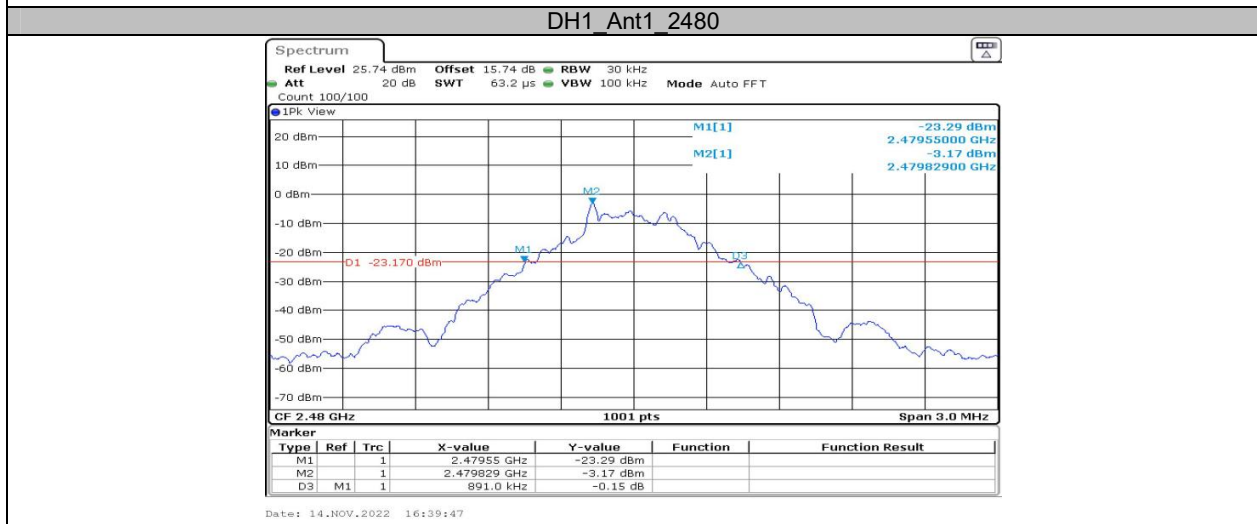
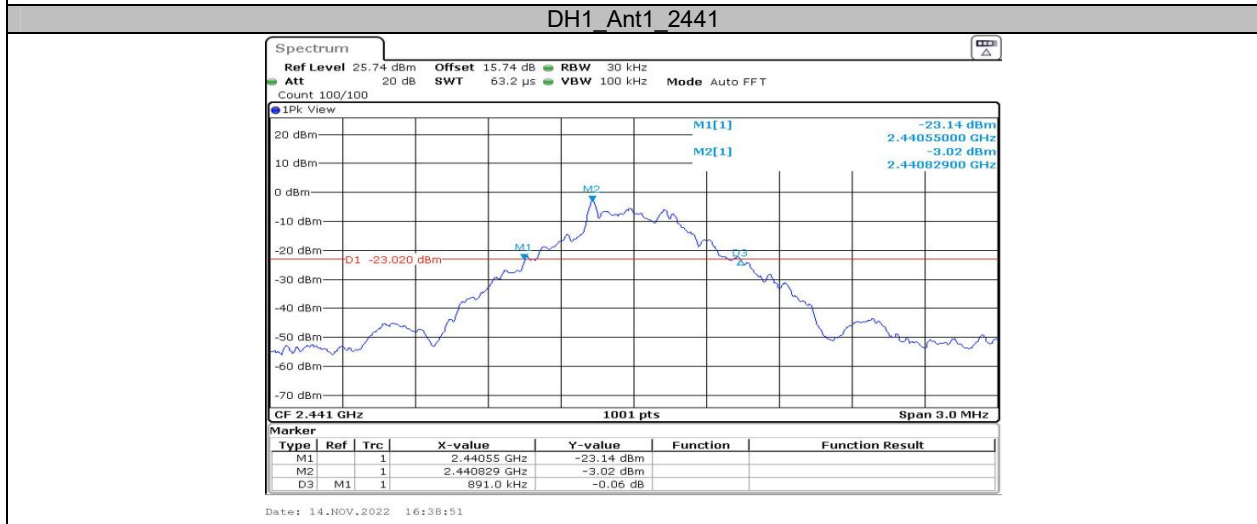
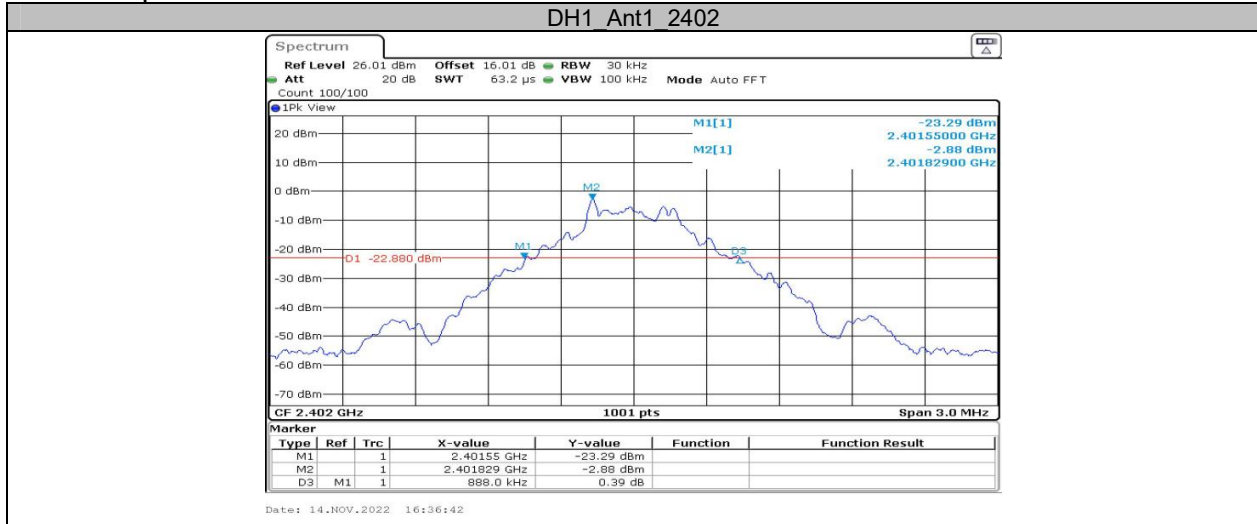
*EUT operation mode: Transmitting*

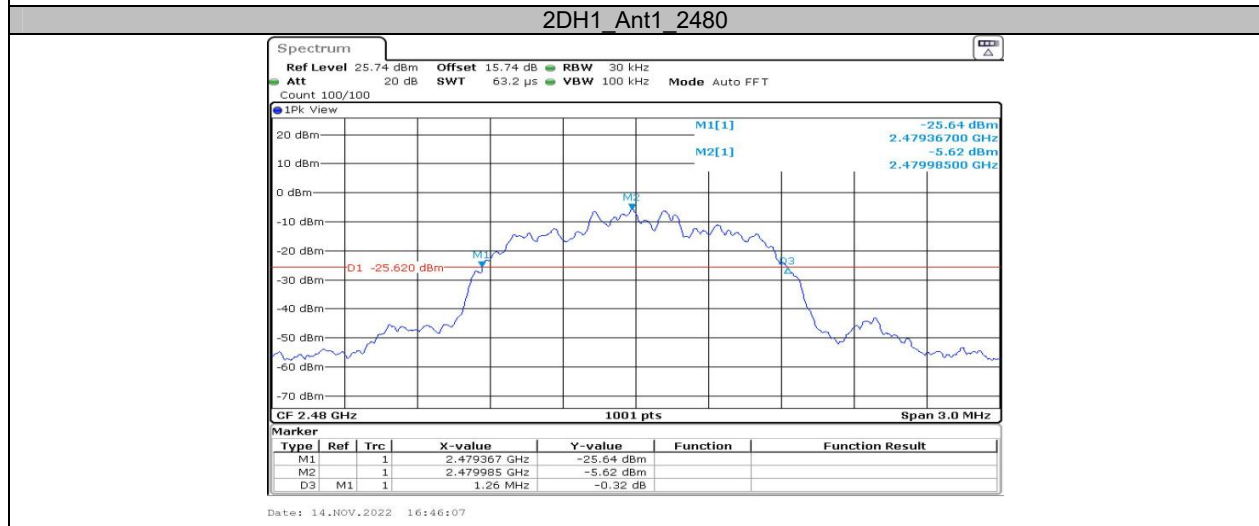
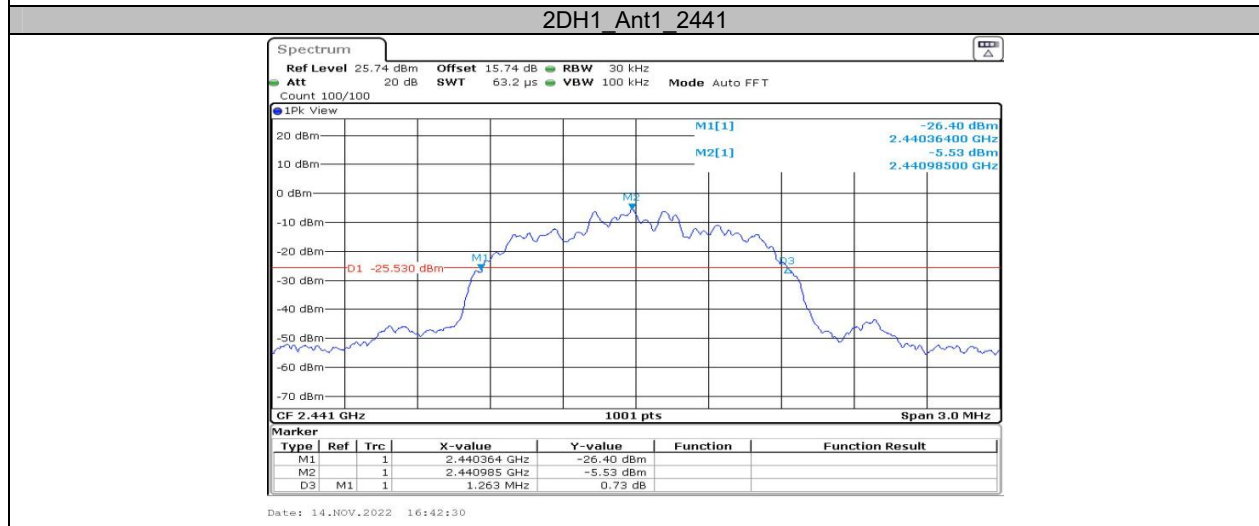
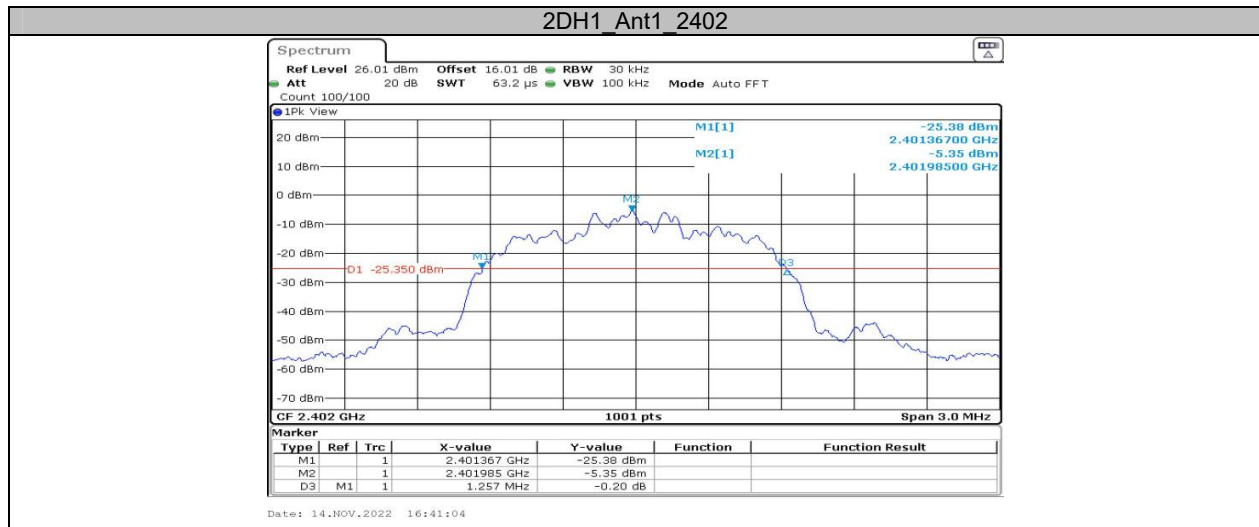
Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

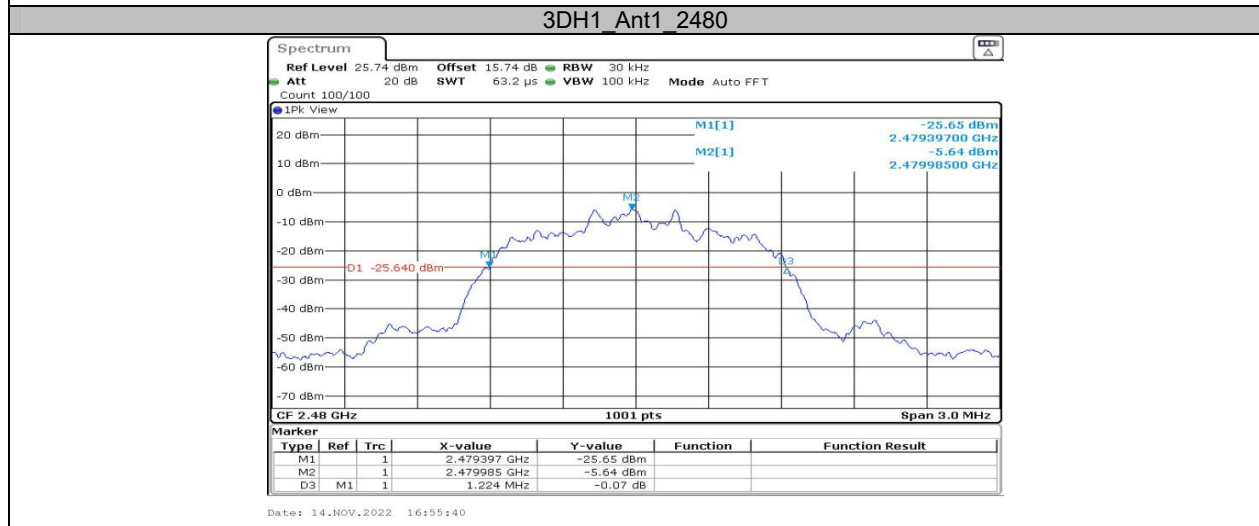
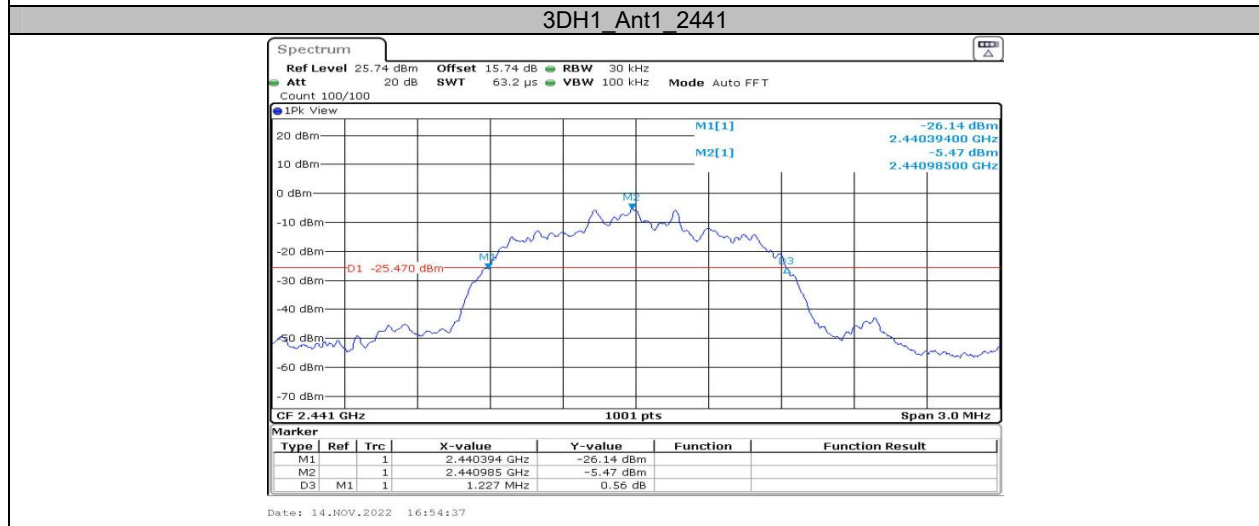
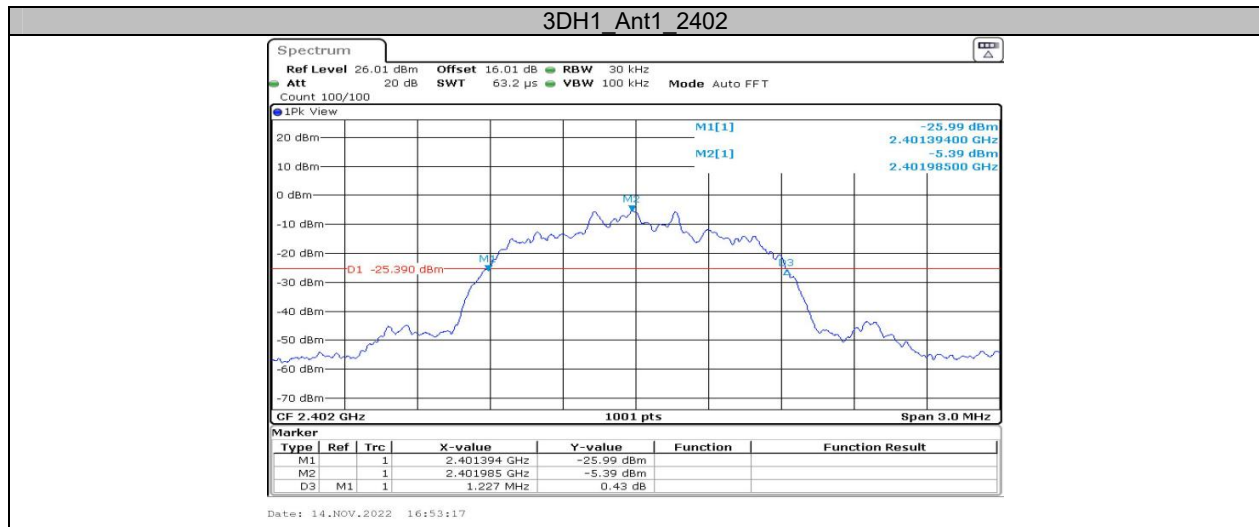
**APPENDIX****Appendix A: 20dB Emission Bandwidth  
Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	20db EBW[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	2402	0.89	---	---
		2441	0.89	---	---
		2480	0.89	---	---
2DH1	Ant1	2402	1.26	---	---
		2441	1.26	---	---
		2480	1.26	---	---
3DH1	Ant1	2402	1.23	---	---
		2441	1.23	---	---
		2480	1.22	---	---

Test Graphs





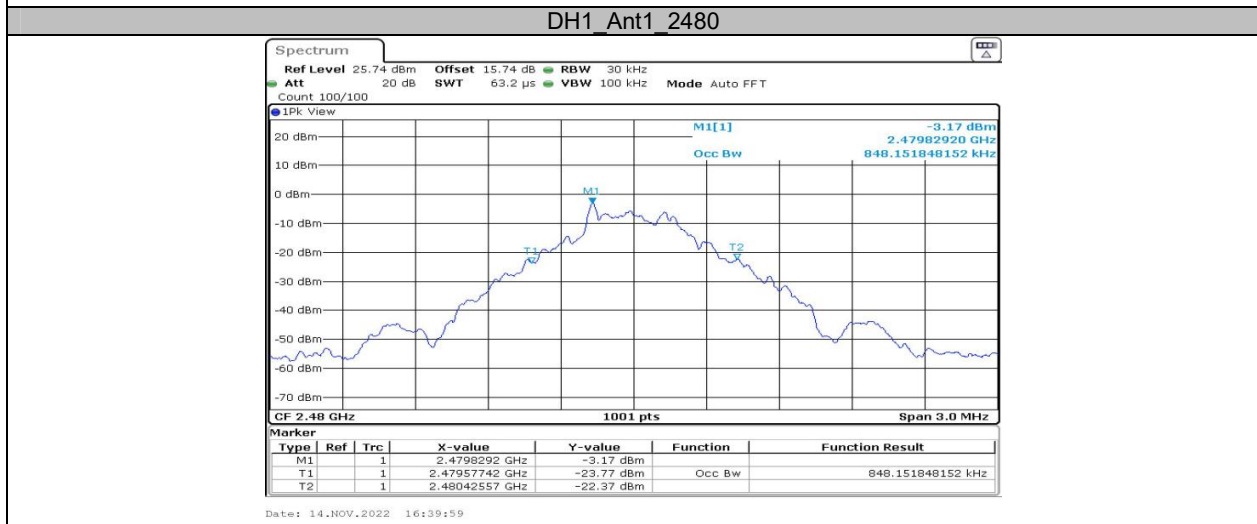
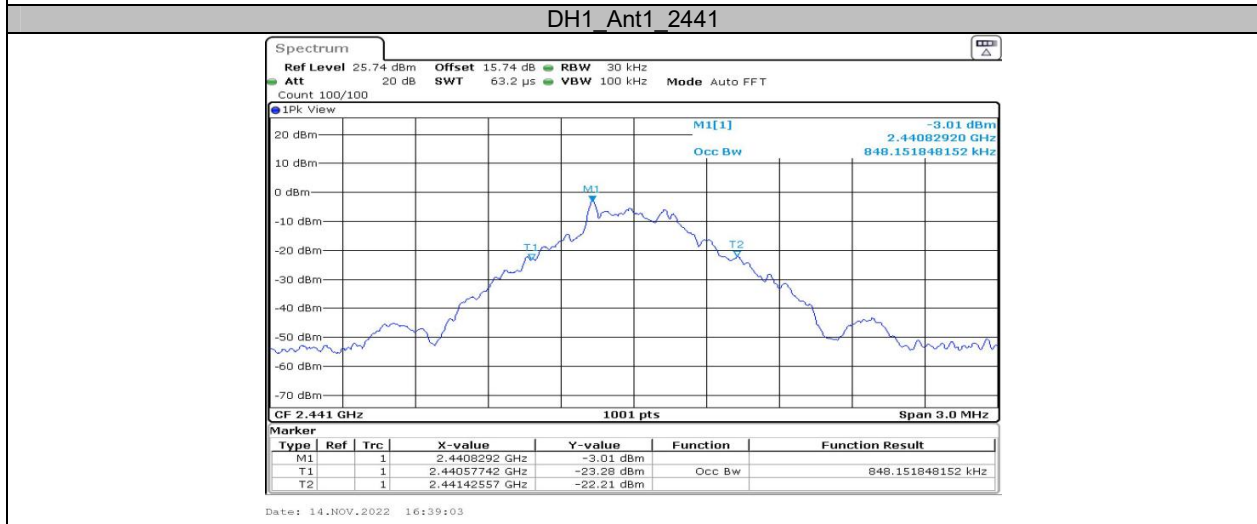
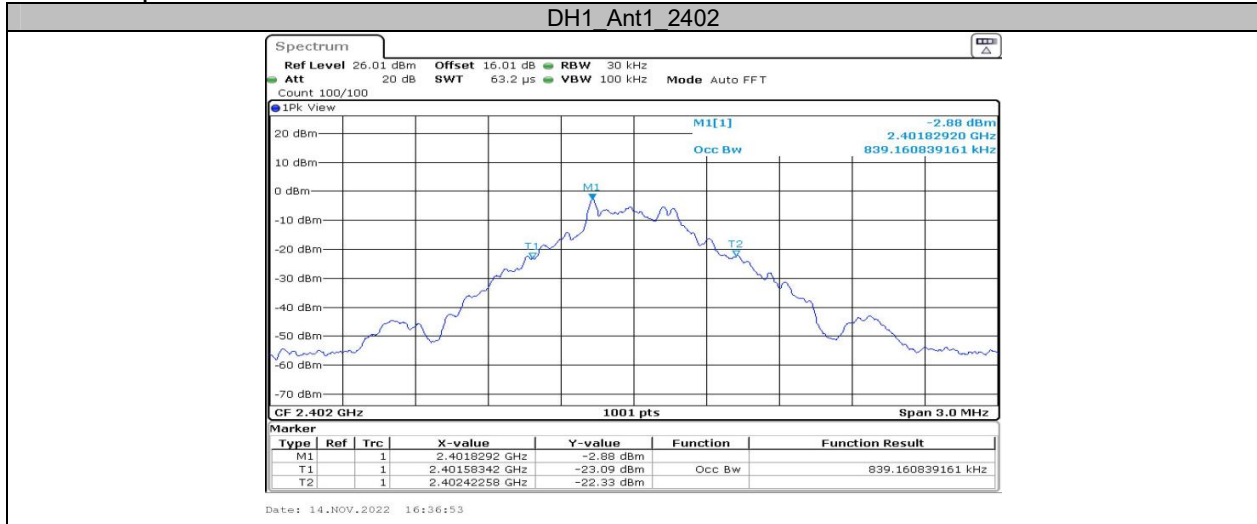


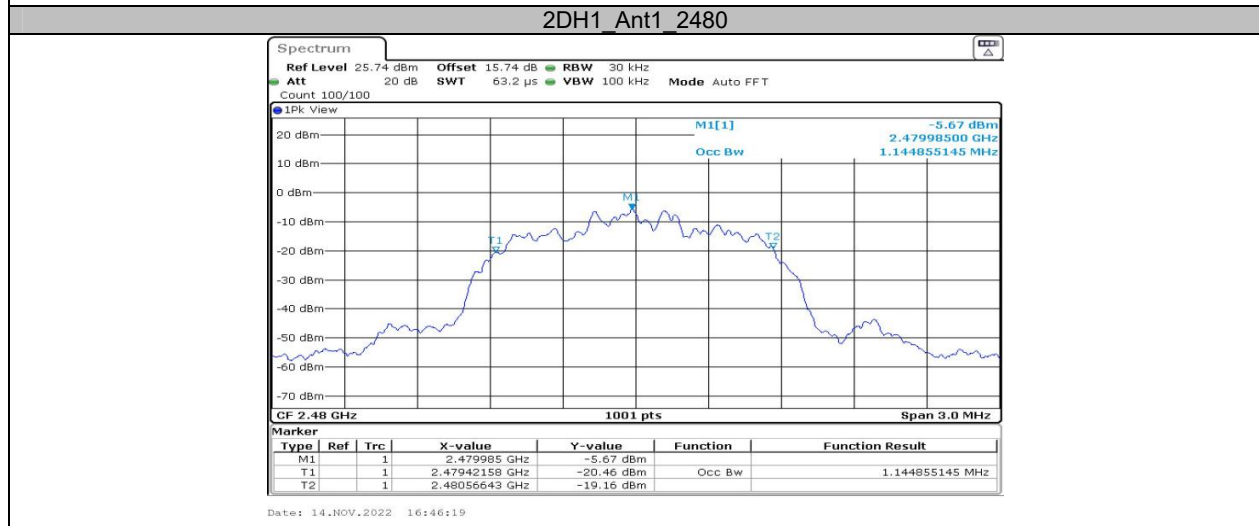
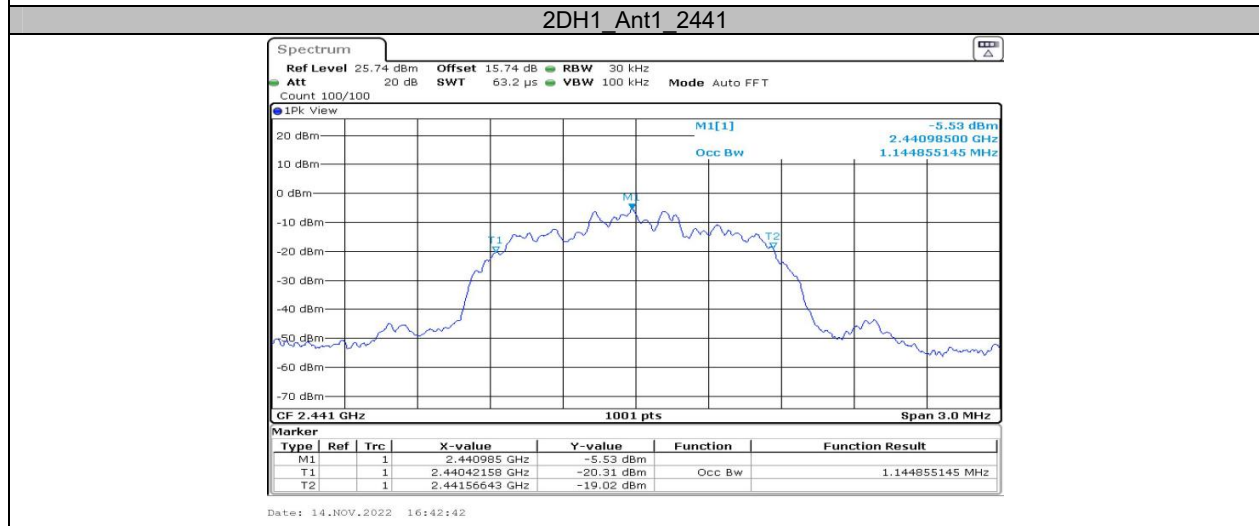
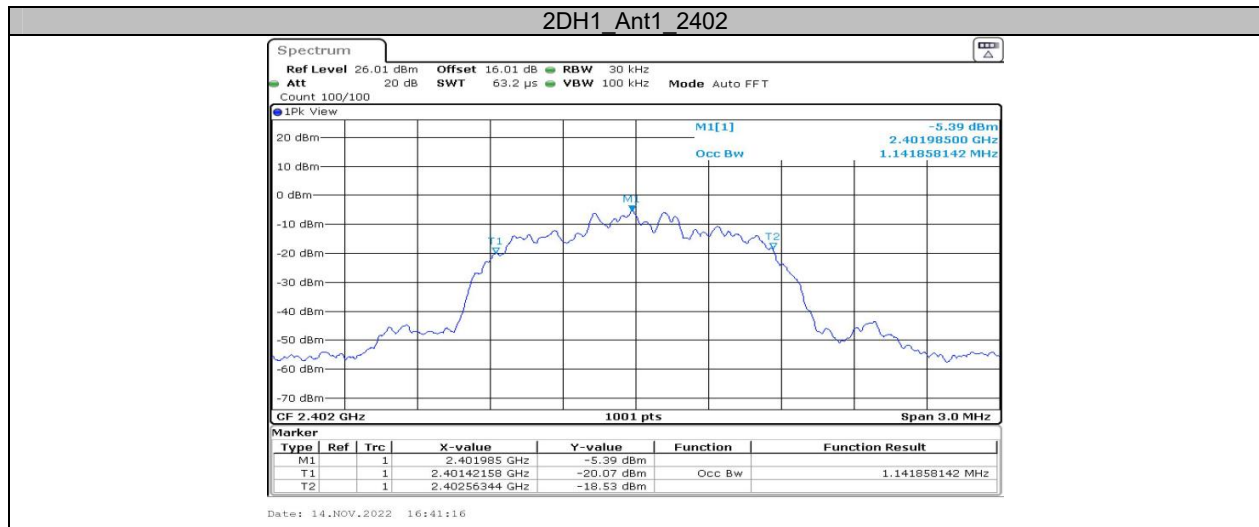


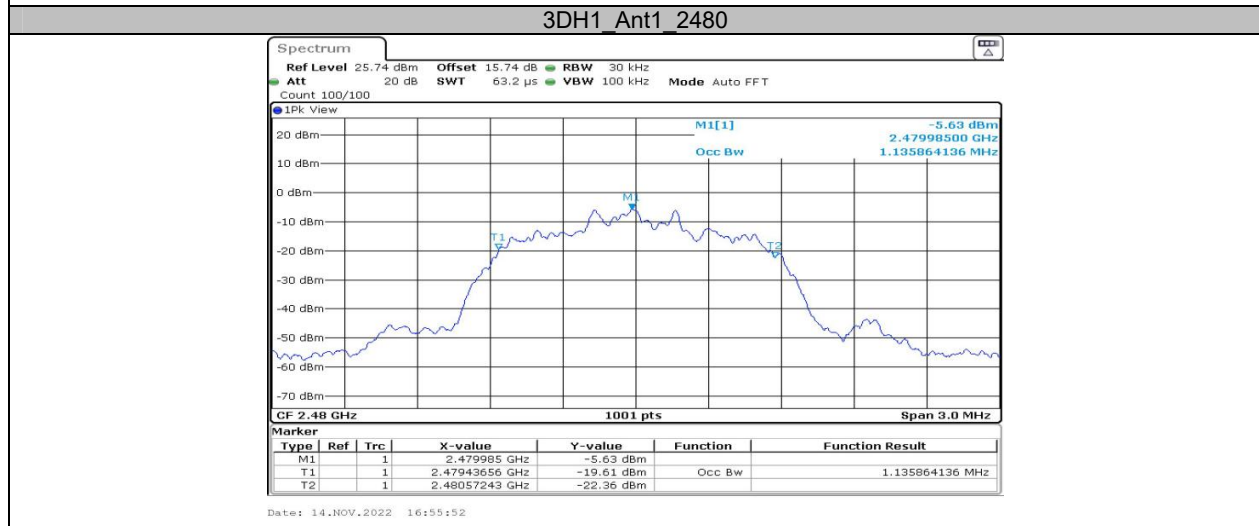
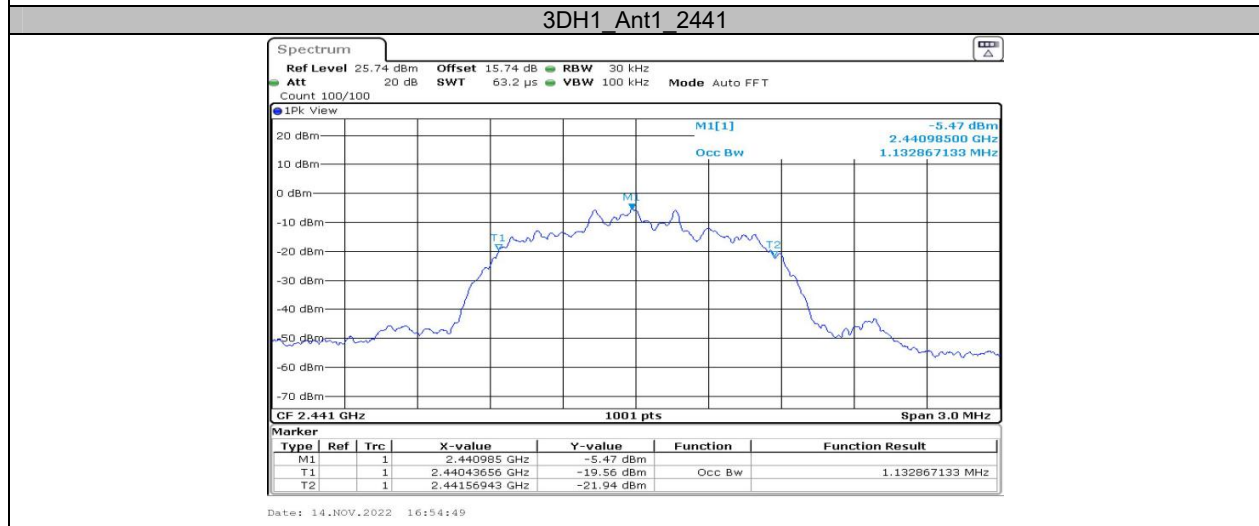
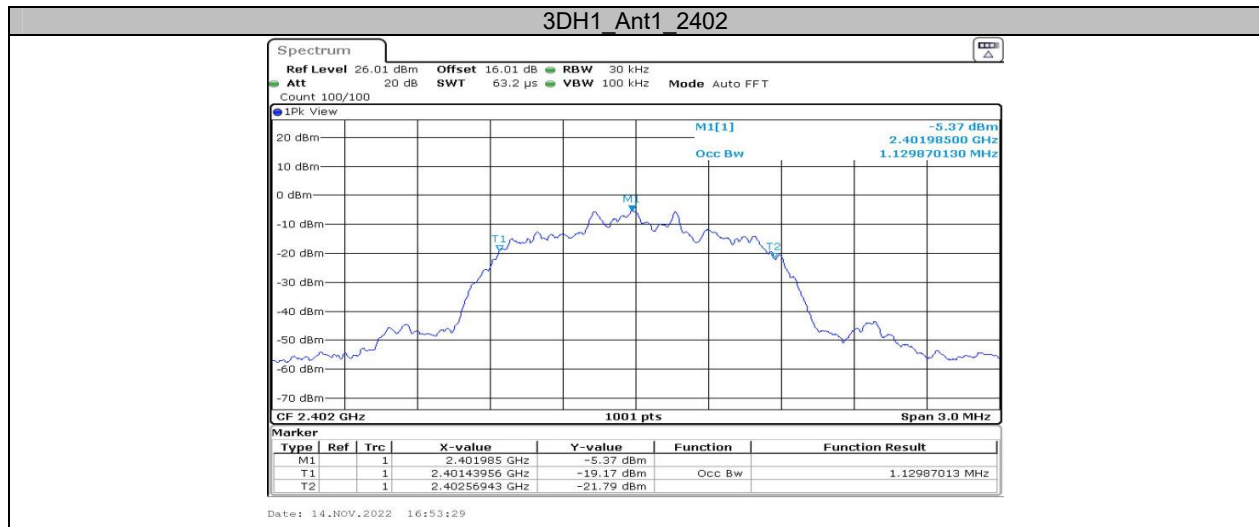
**Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth  
Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	OCB [MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	2402	0.839	---	---
		2441	0.848	---	---
		2480	0.848	---	---
2DH1	Ant1	2402	1.142	---	---
		2441	1.145	---	---
		2480	1.145	---	---
3DH1	Ant1	2402	1.13	---	---
		2441	1.133	---	---
		2480	1.136	---	---

Test Graphs





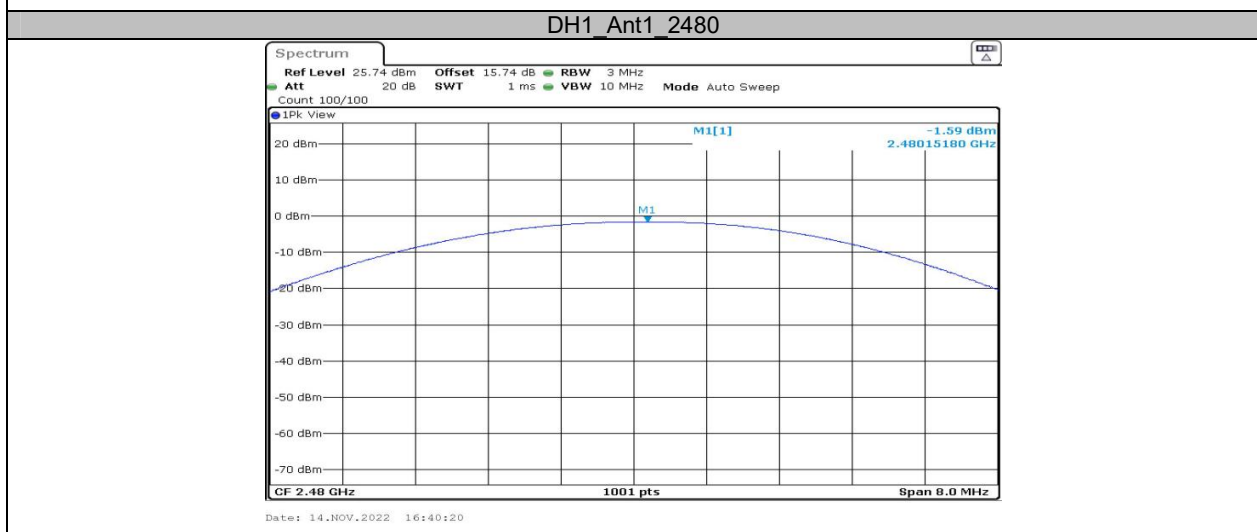
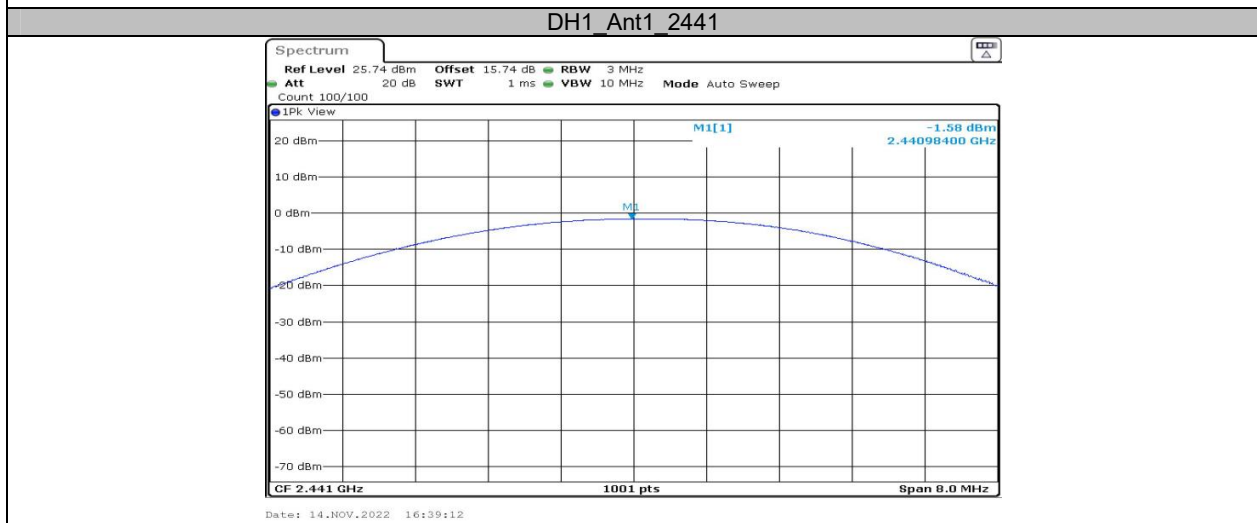
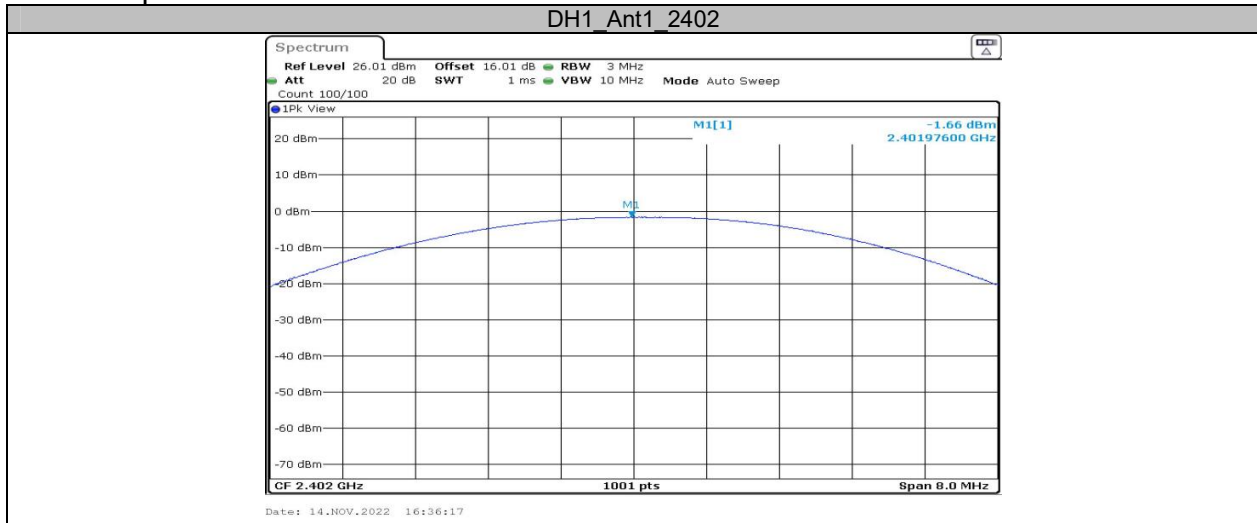


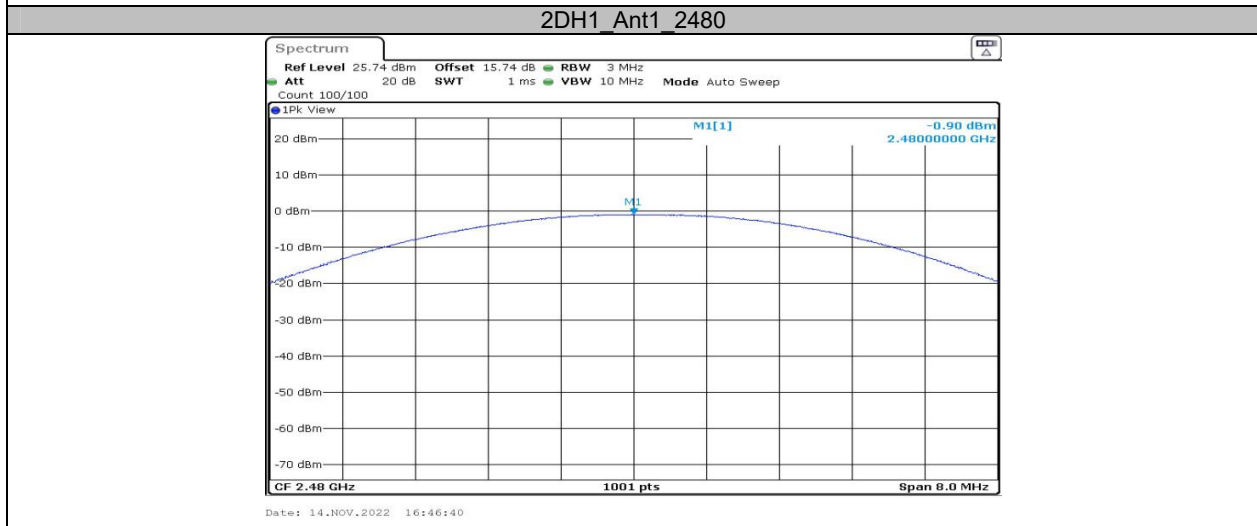
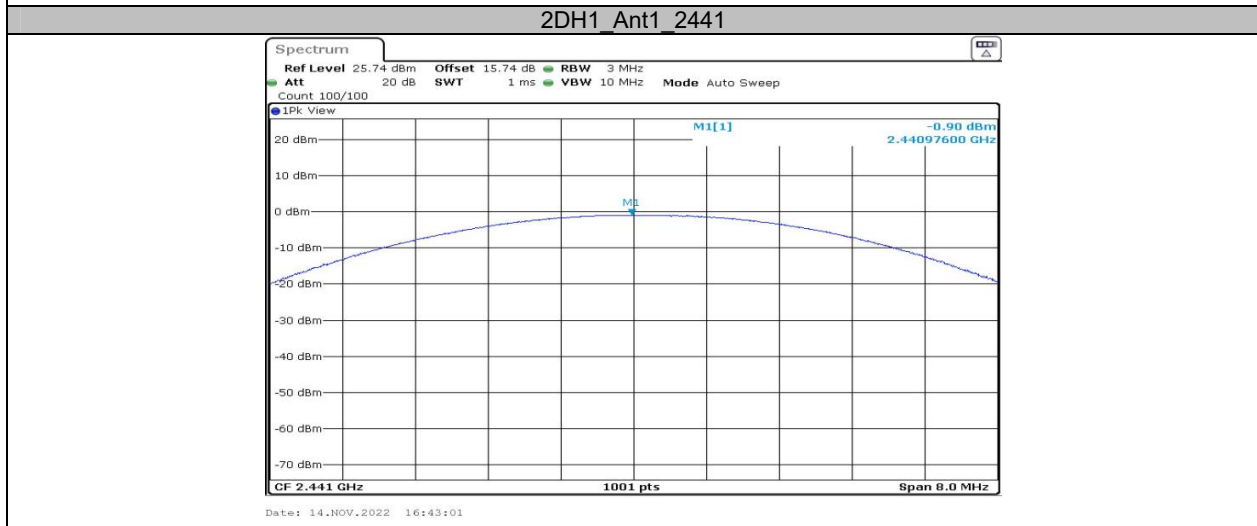
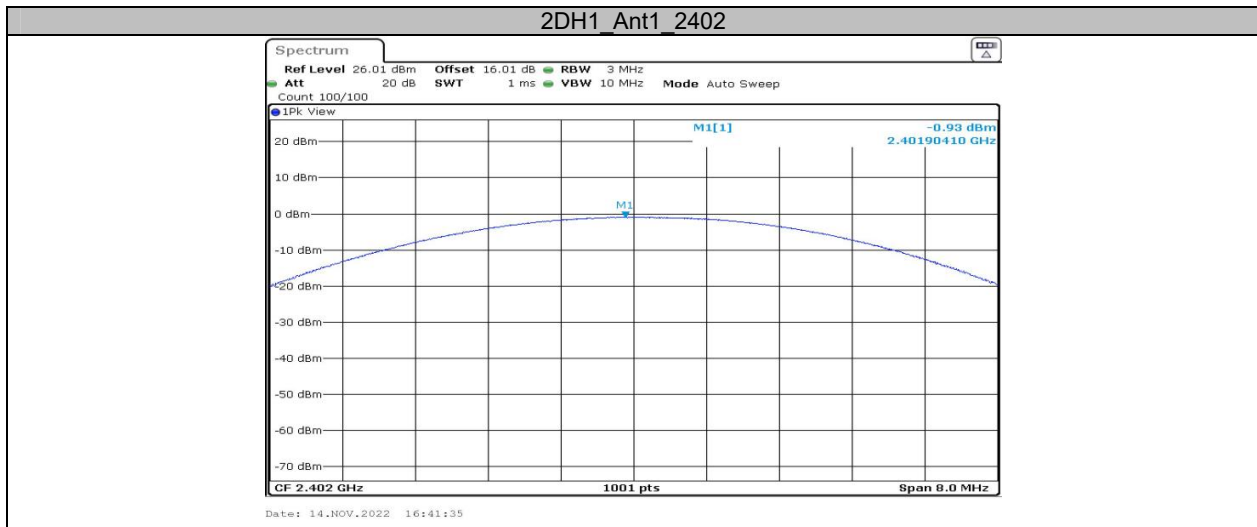
**Appendix C: Maximum conducted Peak output power  
Test Result**

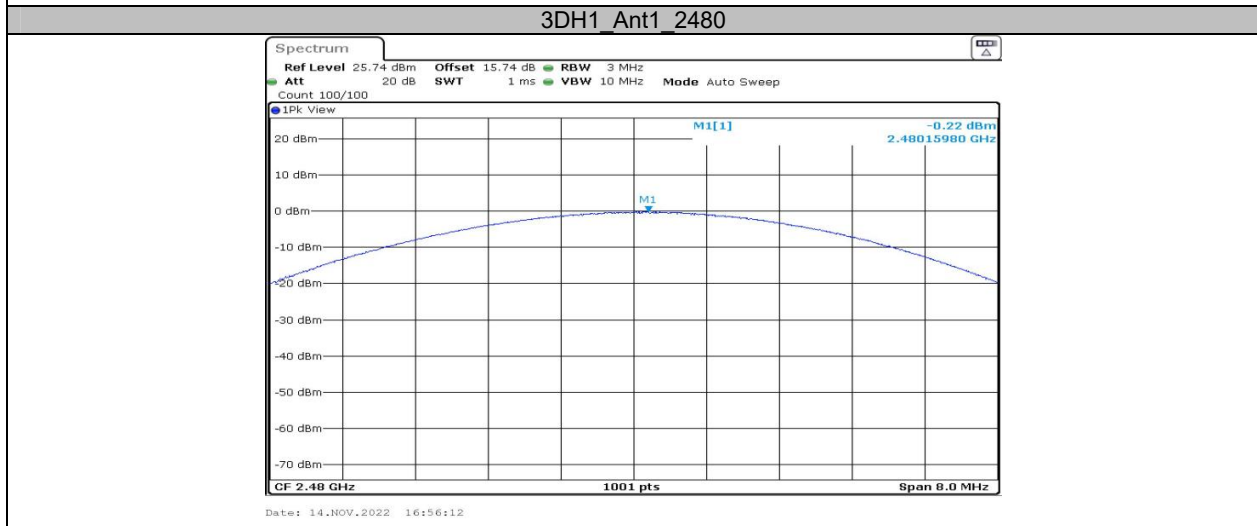
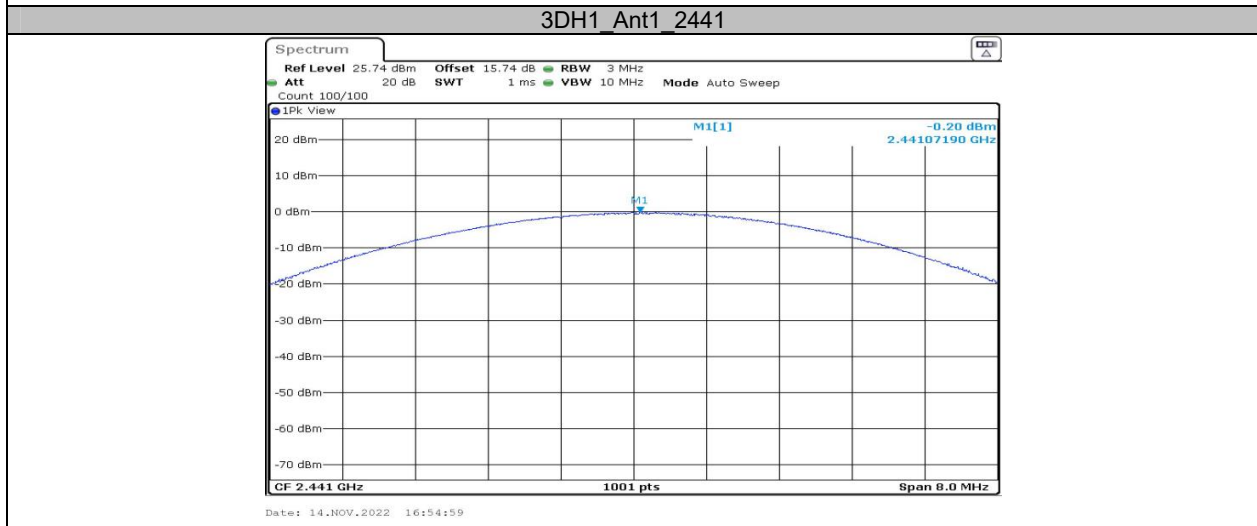
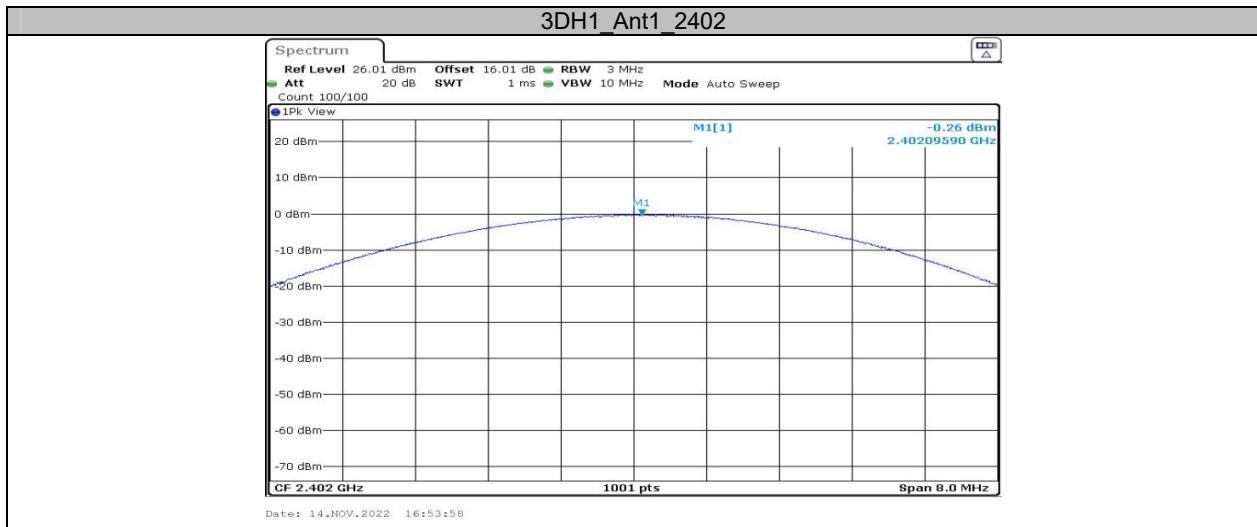
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	2402	-1.66	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	-1.58	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	-1.59	≤20.97	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	2402	-0.93	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	-0.9	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	-0.9	≤20.97	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	2402	-0.26	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	-0.20	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	-0.22	≤20.97	PASS

Note: antenna gain=0.51 dBi, the maximum EIRP=-0.20dBm+0.51 dBi=0.31 <36dBm, so it can meet the EIRP limit of ISEDC.

### Test Graphs





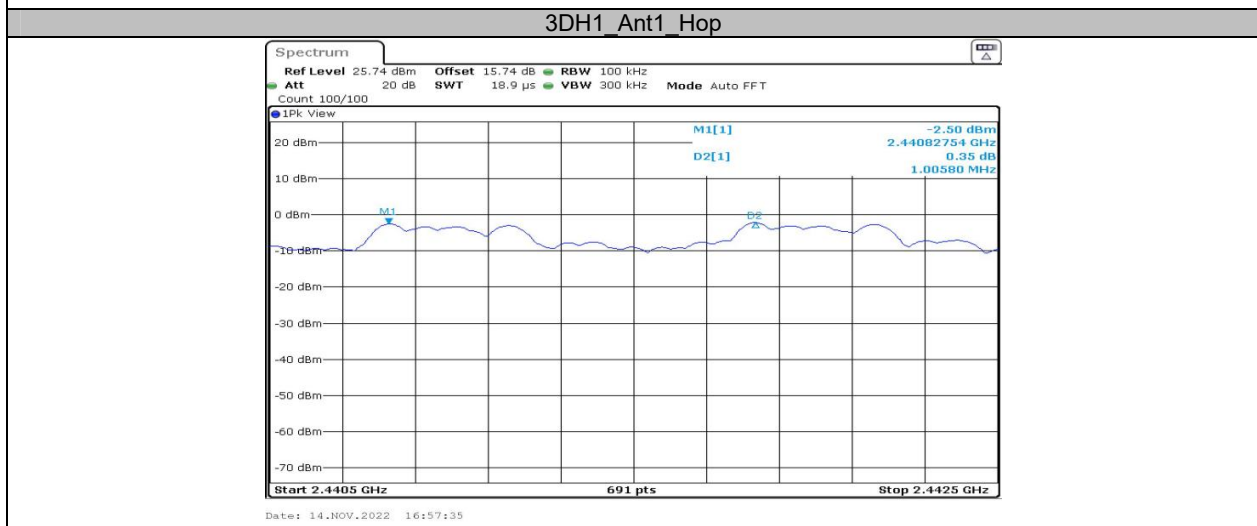
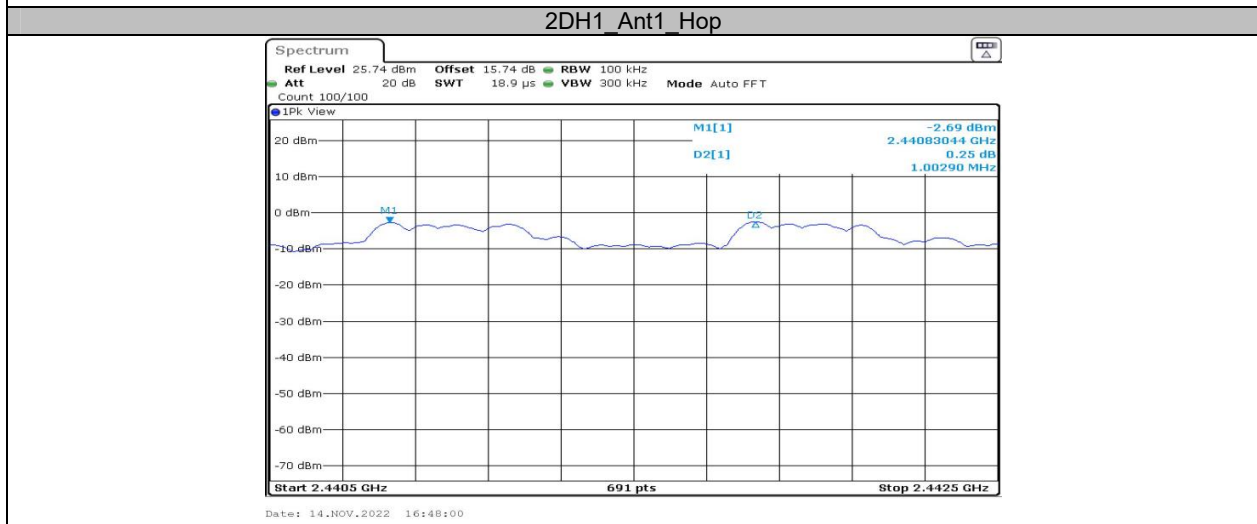
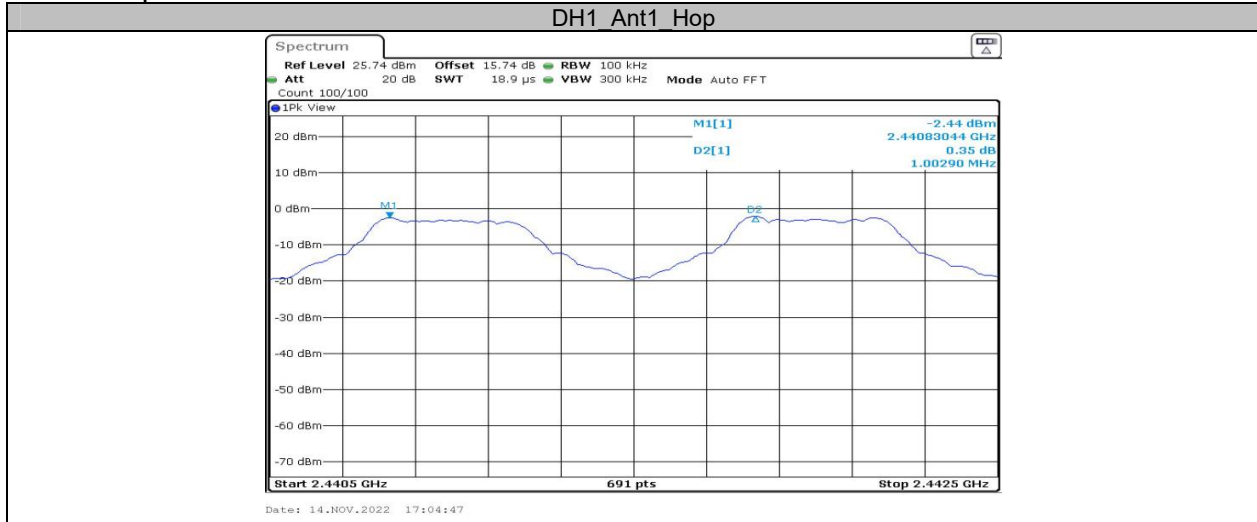




**Appendix D: Carrier frequency separation  
Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	1.003	$\geq 0.593$	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	1.003	$\geq 0.840$	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	1.006	$\geq 0.820$	PASS

Test Graphs



### Appendix E: Time of occupancy Test Result

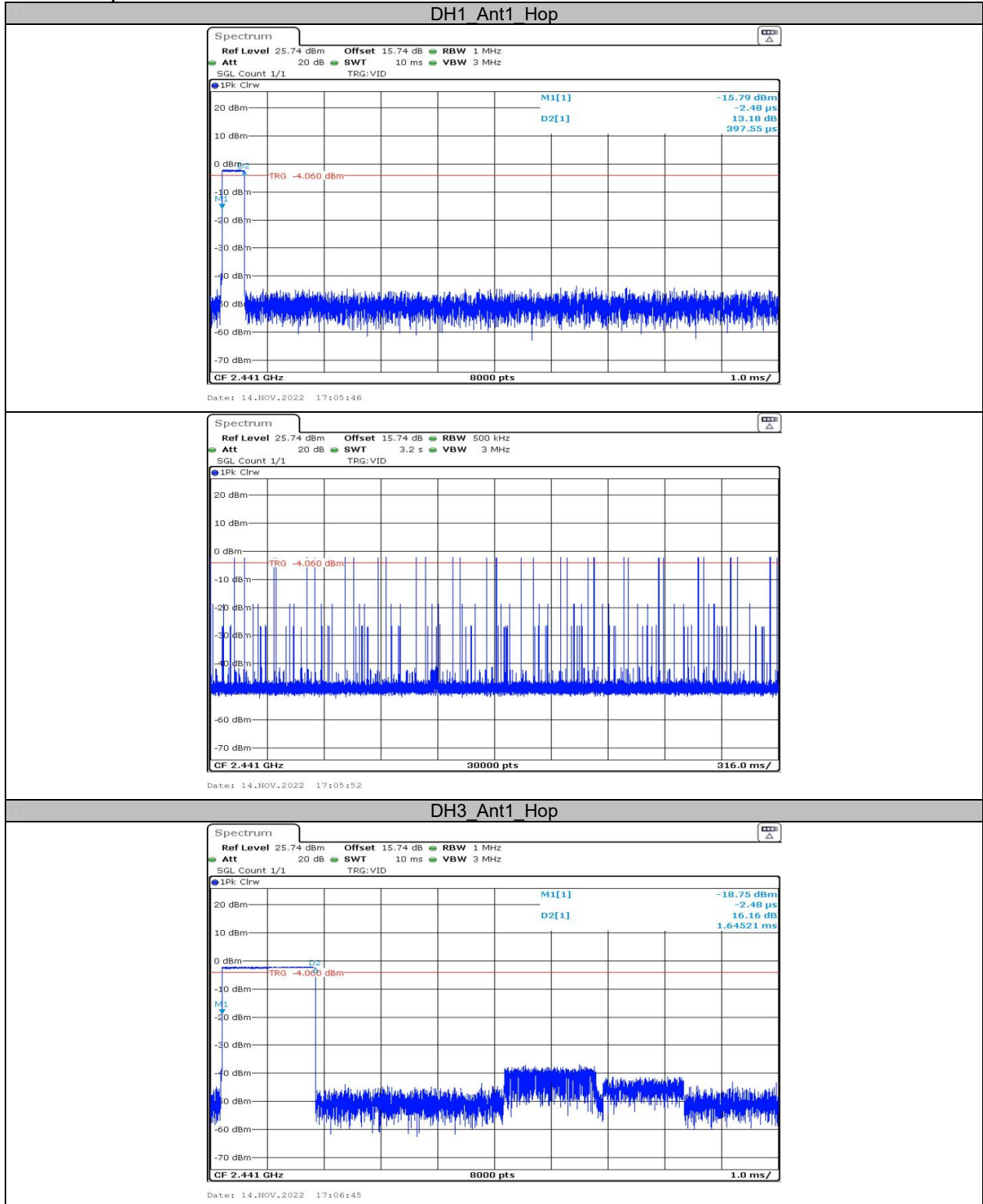
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Burst Width [ms]	Total Hops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.40	330	0.132	≤0.4	PASS
DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.65	160	0.264	≤0.4	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.89	120	0.347	≤0.4	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.39	330	0.129	≤0.4	PASS
2DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.64	160	0.262	≤0.4	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.88	120	0.346	≤0.4	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.39	330	0.129	≤0.4	PASS
3DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.64	160	0.262	≤0.4	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.88	130	0.374	≤0.4	PASS

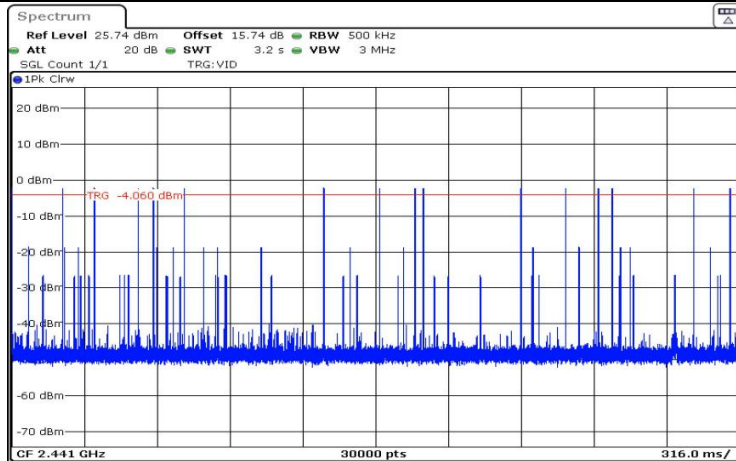
Note 1: A period time= $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6(S)$ , Result=Burst Width\*Total hops

Note 2: Total hops=Hopping Number in  $3.16s \times 10$

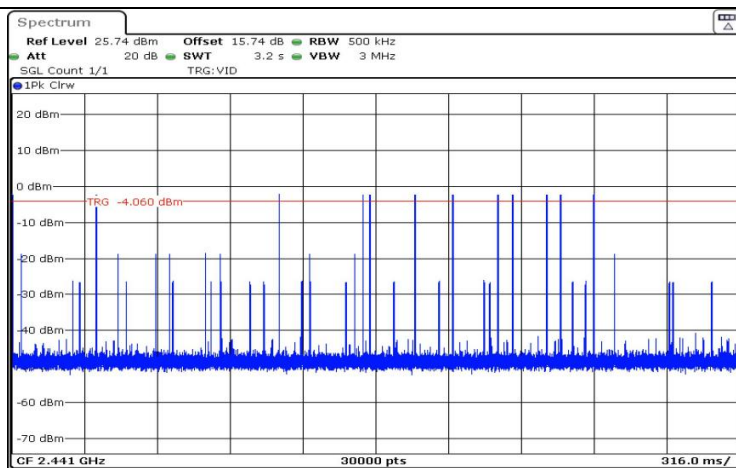
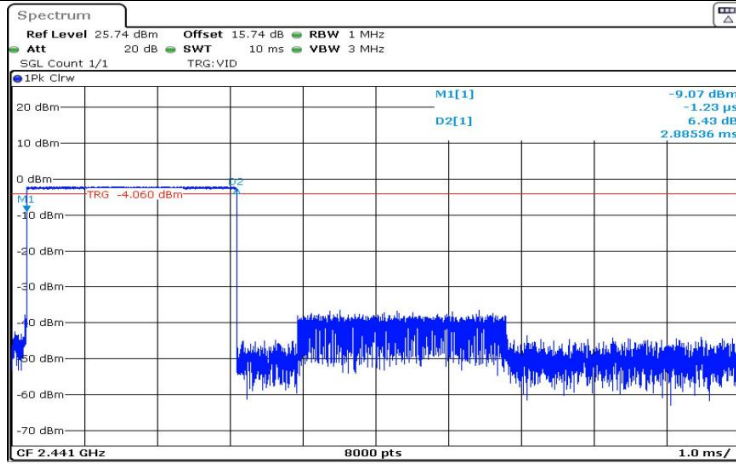
Note 3: Hopping Number in  $3.16s =$  Total of highest signals in  $3.16s$  (Second high signals were other channel)

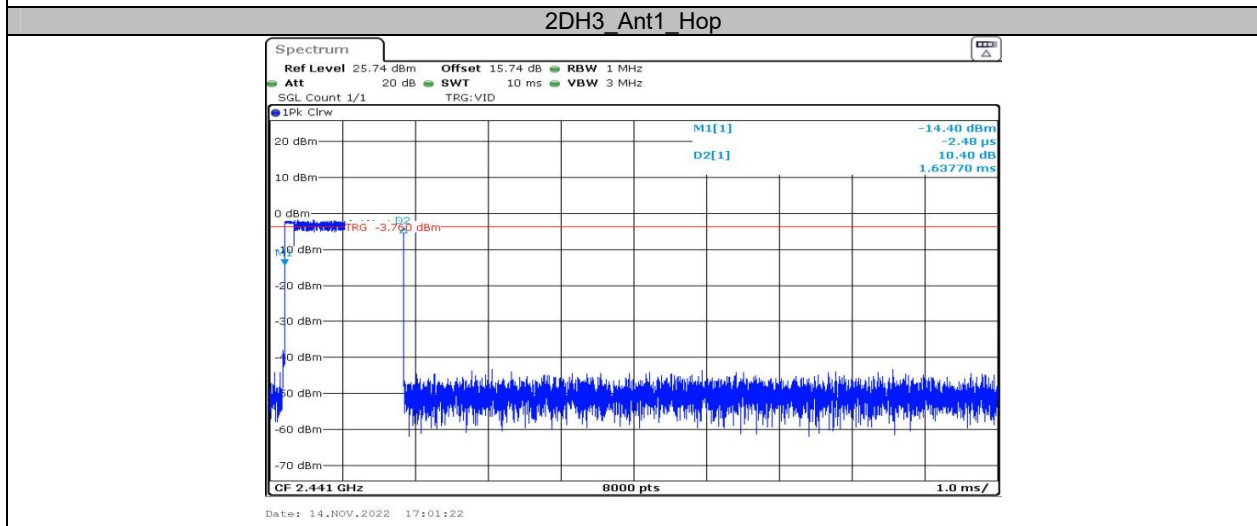
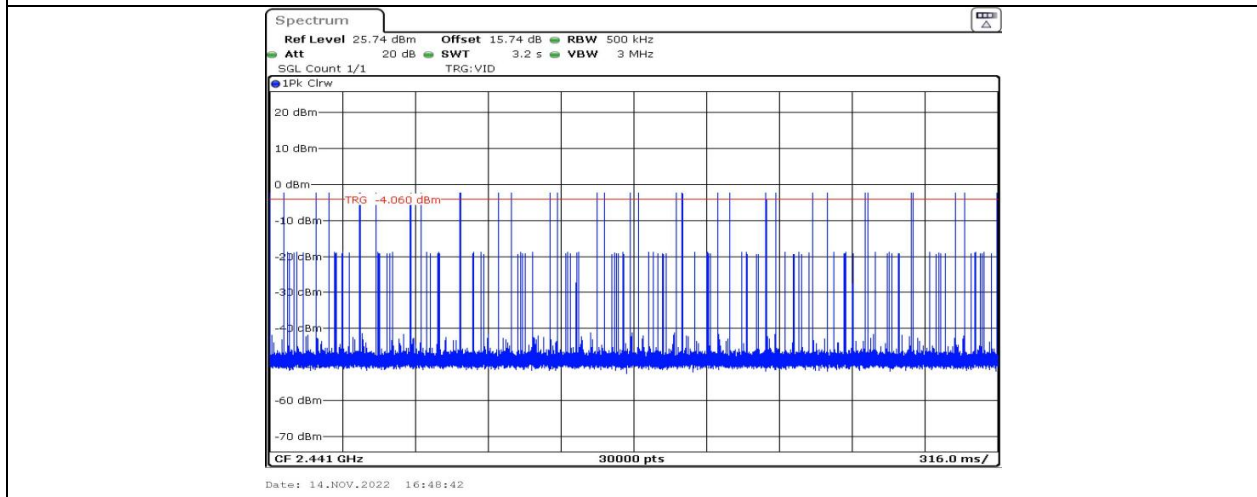
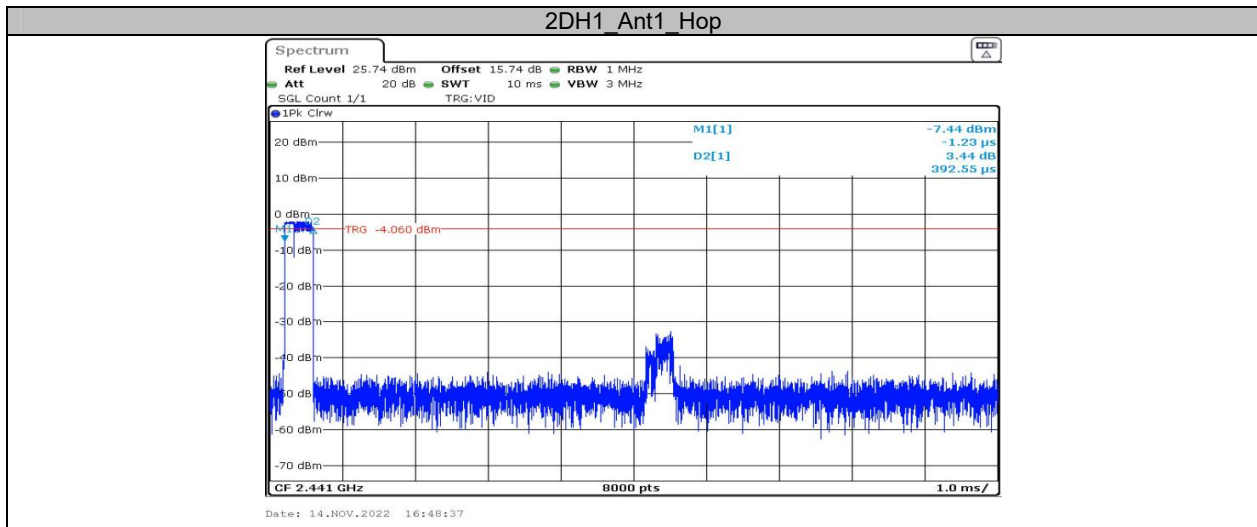
Test Graphs

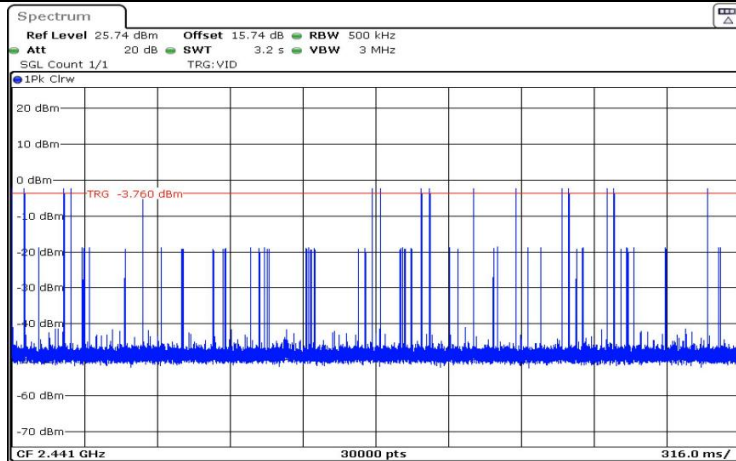




DH5 Ant1 Hop

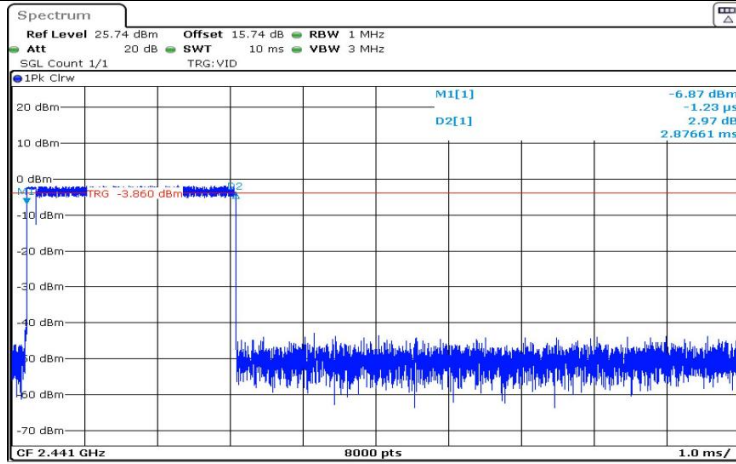




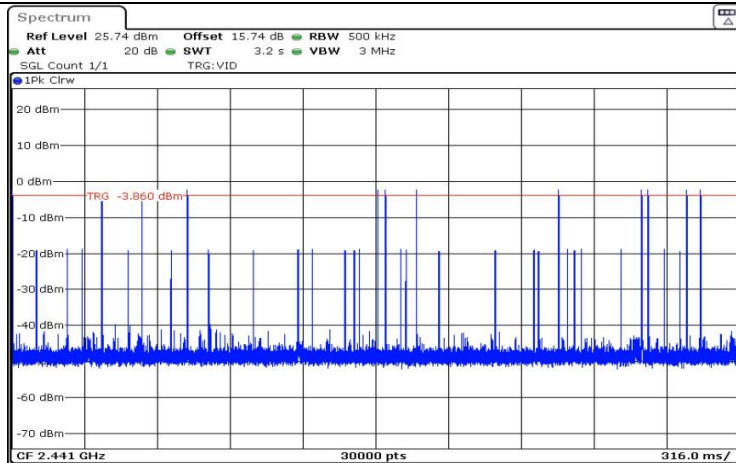


Date: 14.NOV.2022 17:01:28

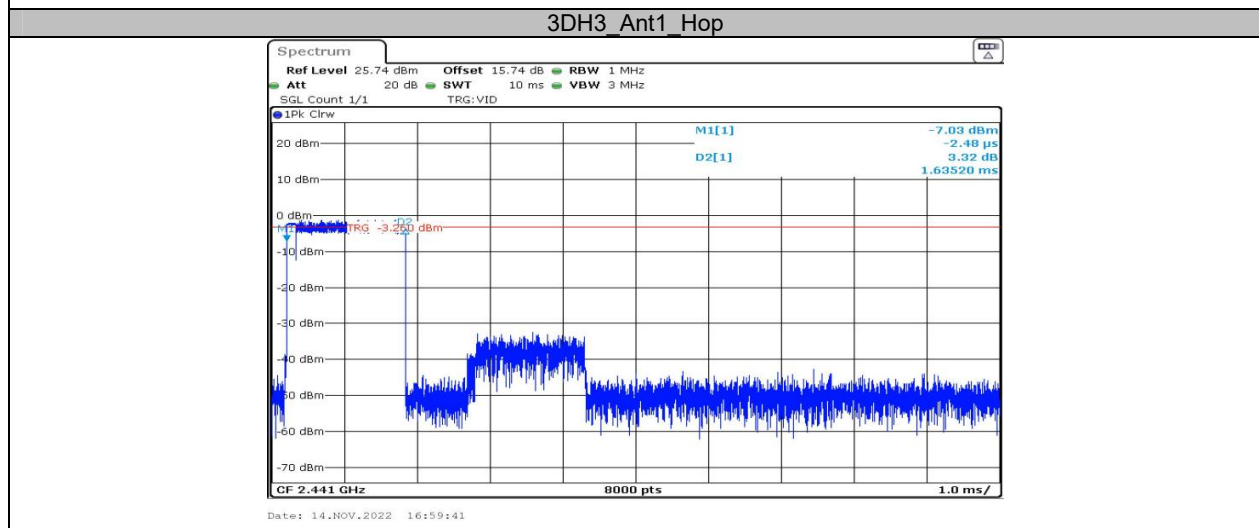
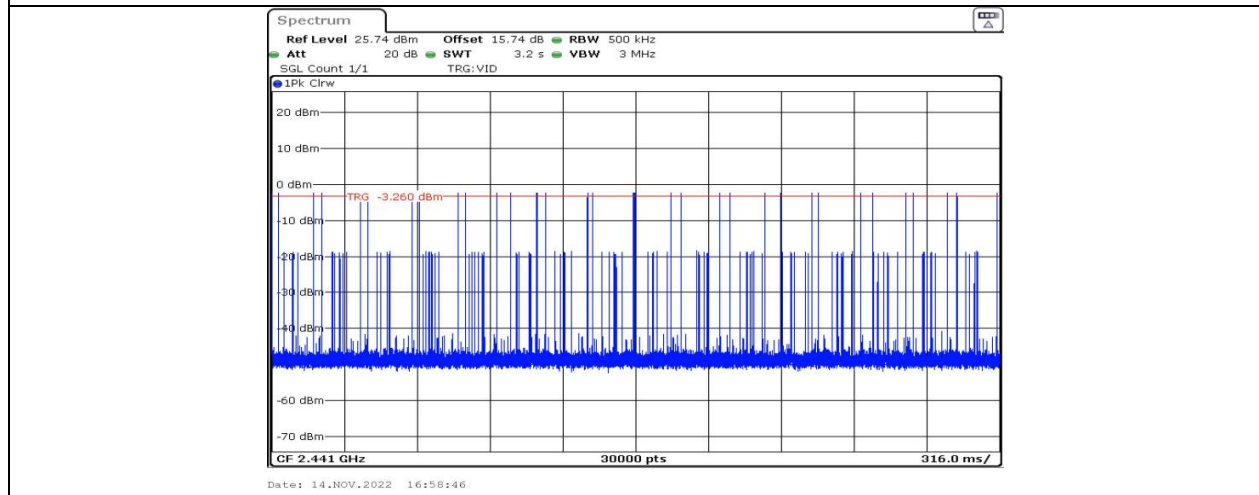
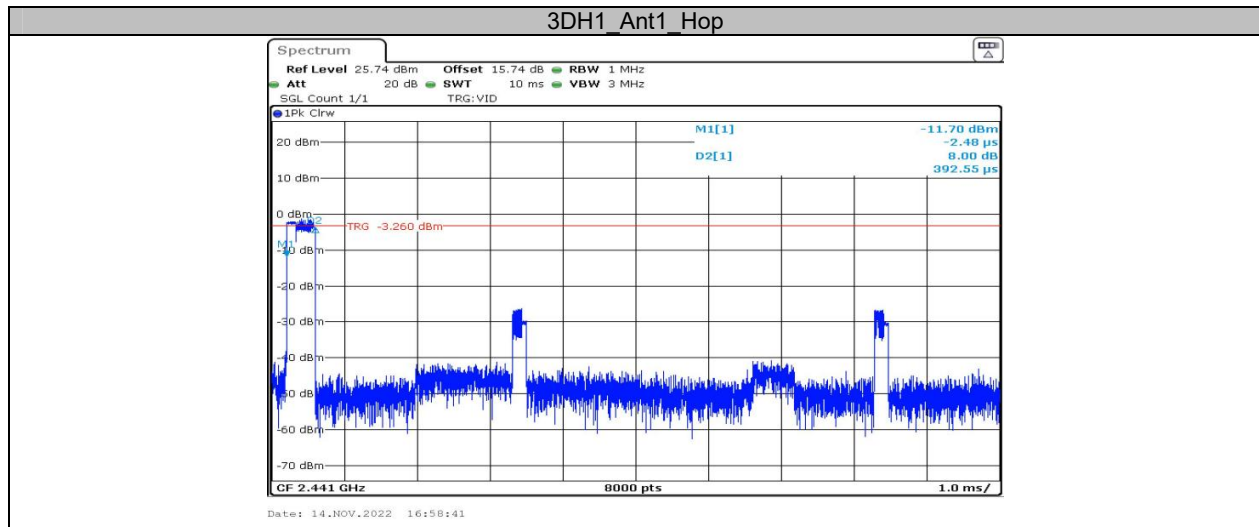
2DH5\_Ant1\_Hop



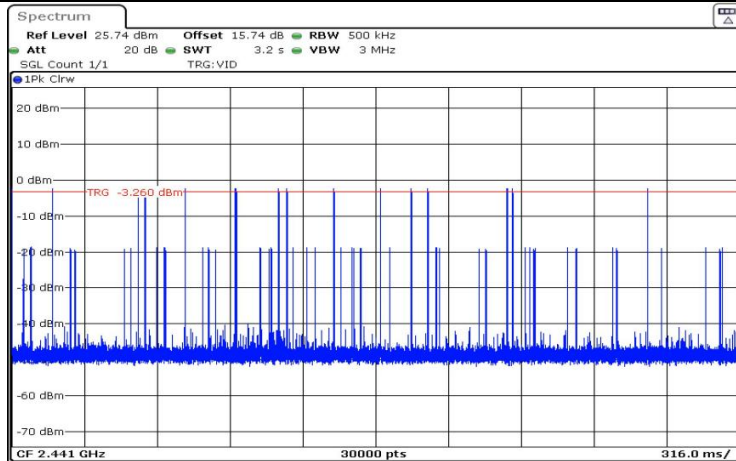
Date: 14.NOV.2022 16:52:14



Date: 14.NOV.2022 16:52:19

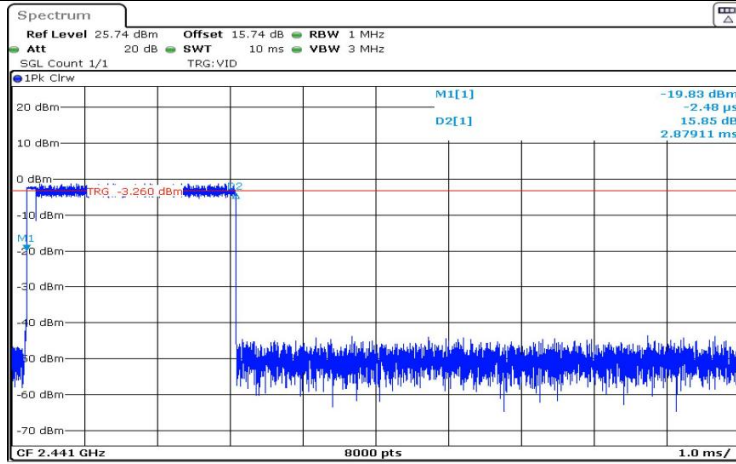




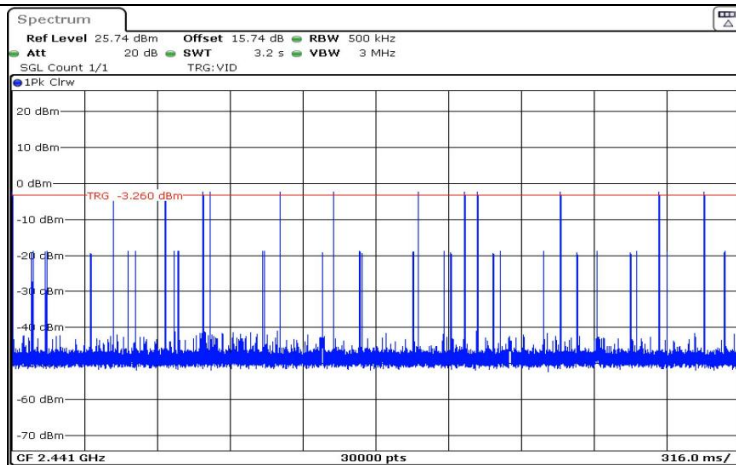


Date: 14.NOV.2022 16:59:47

3DH5\_Ant1\_Hop



Date: 14.NOV.2022 17:00:28

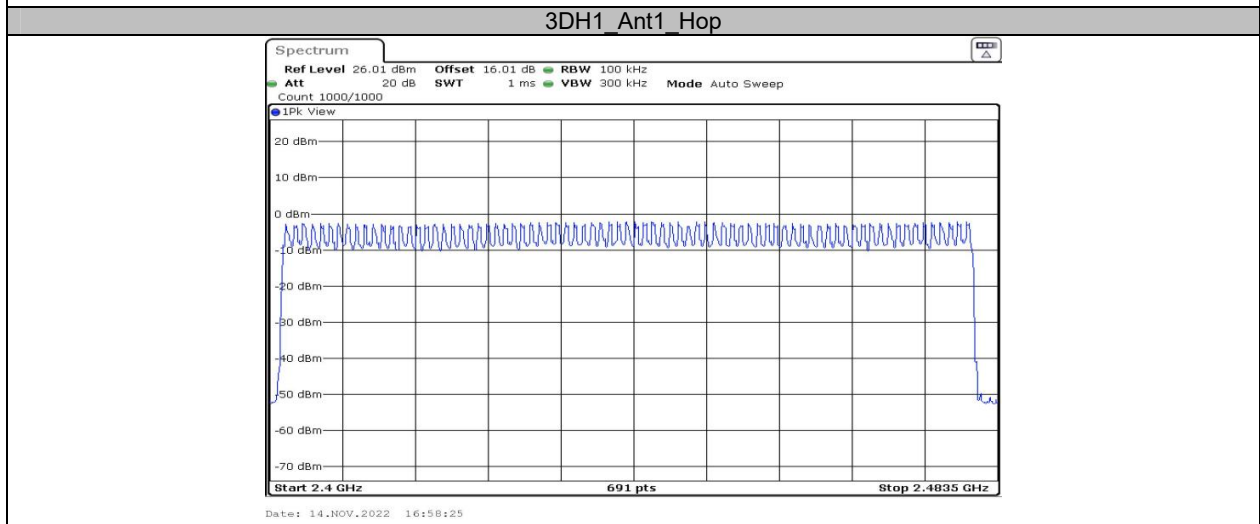
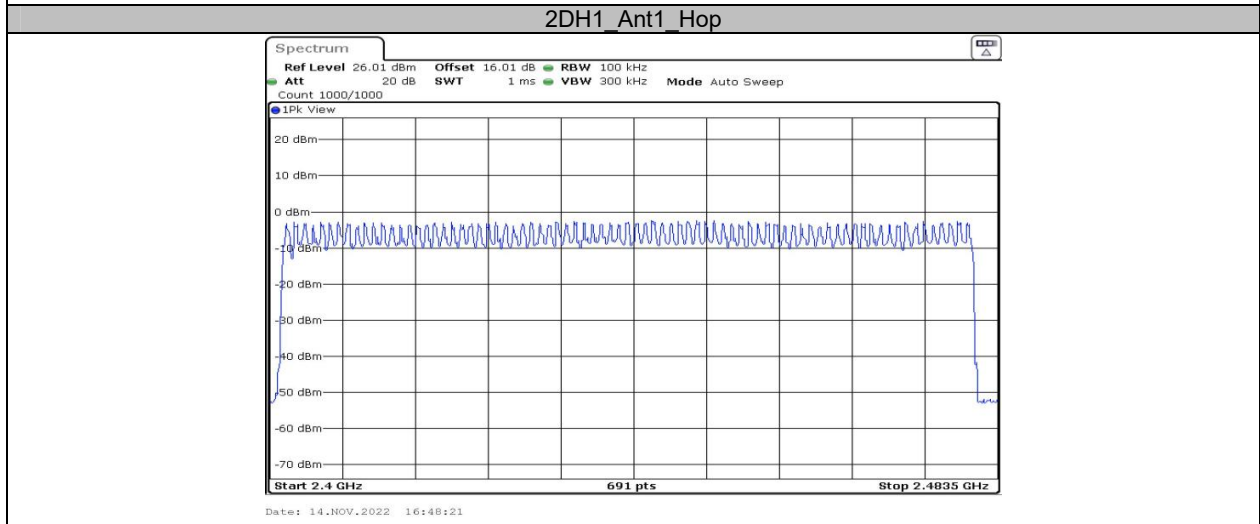
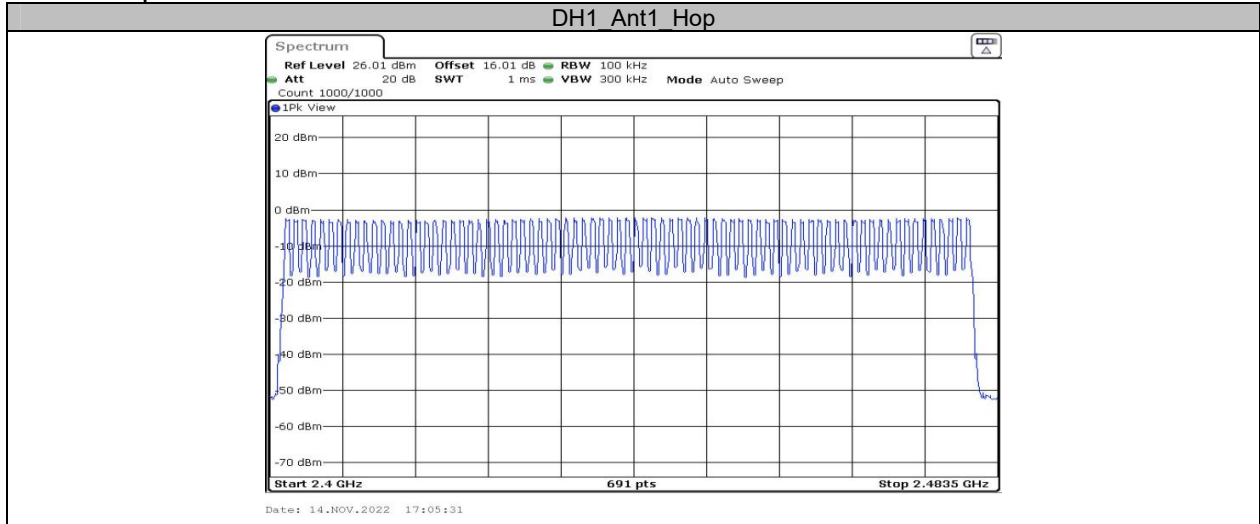


Date: 14.NOV.2022 17:00:34

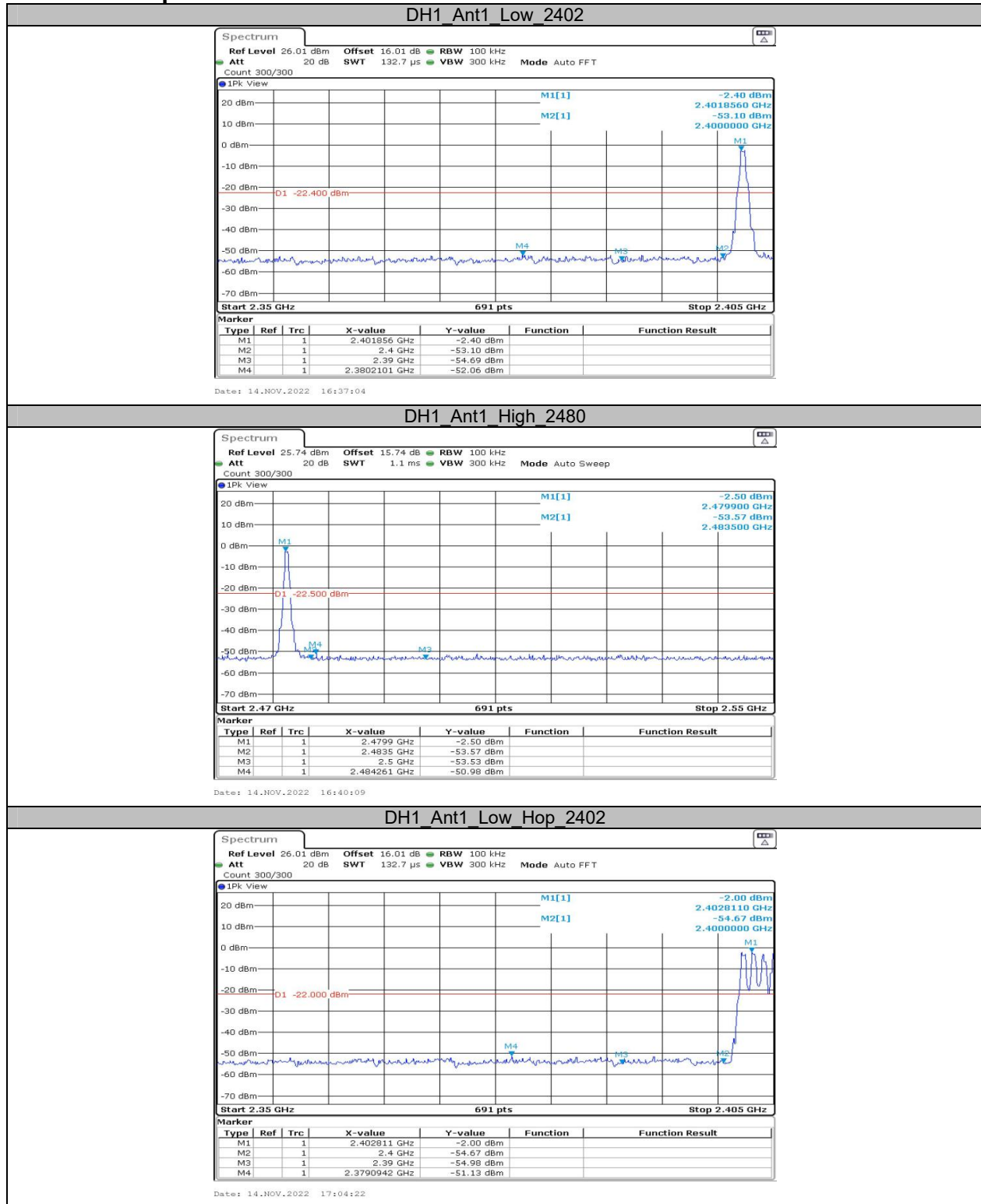
**Appendix F: Number of hopping channels  
Test Result**

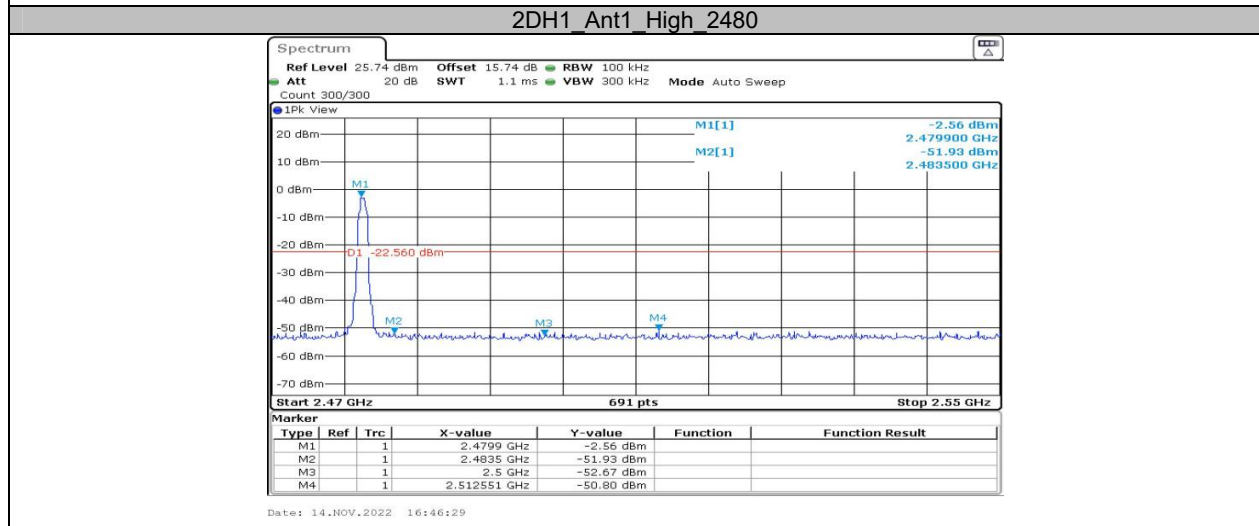
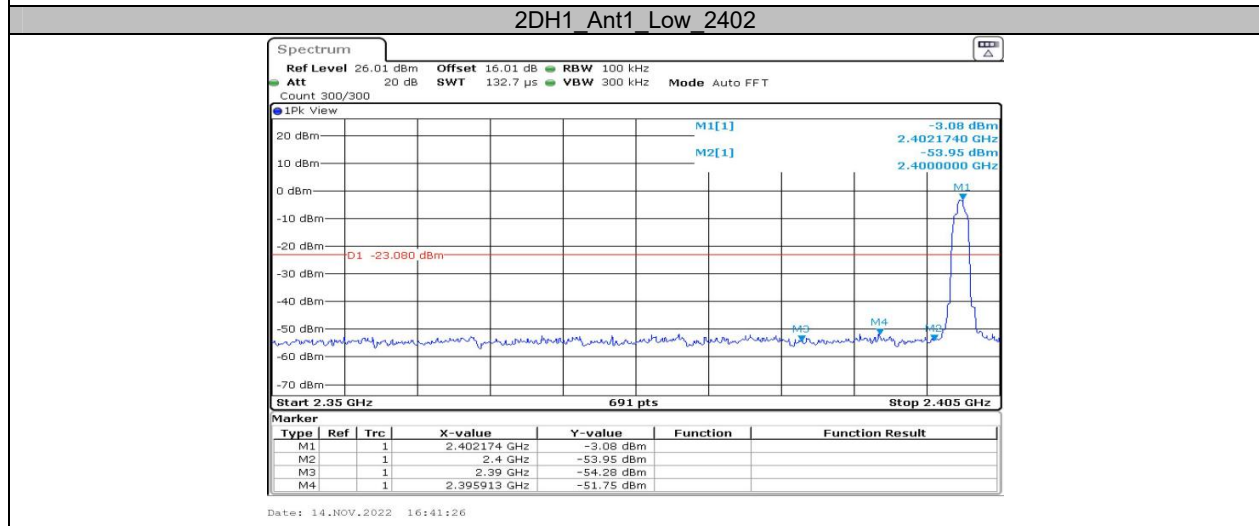
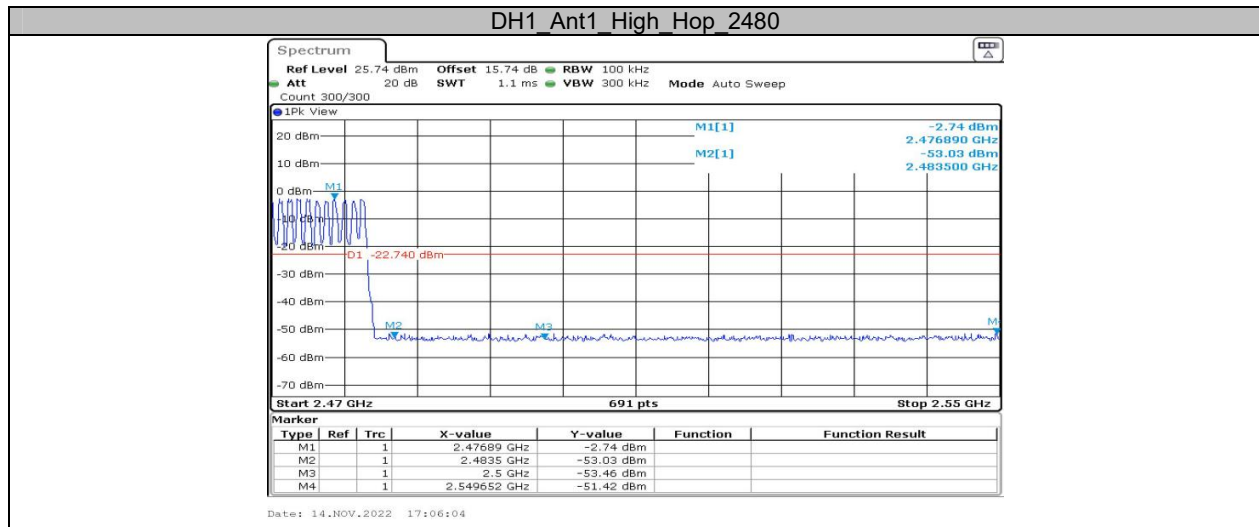
Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS

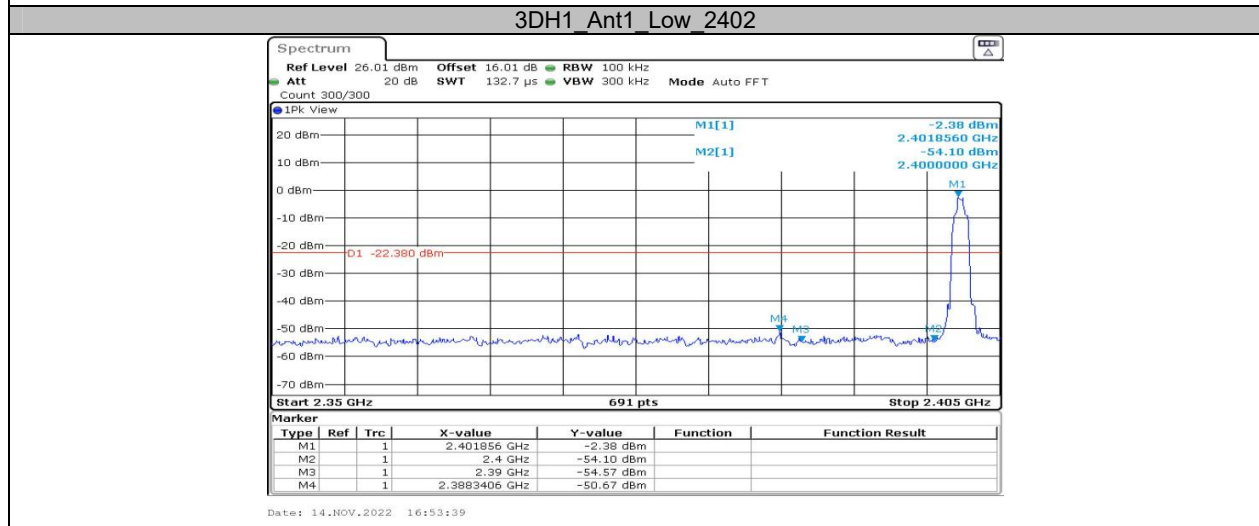
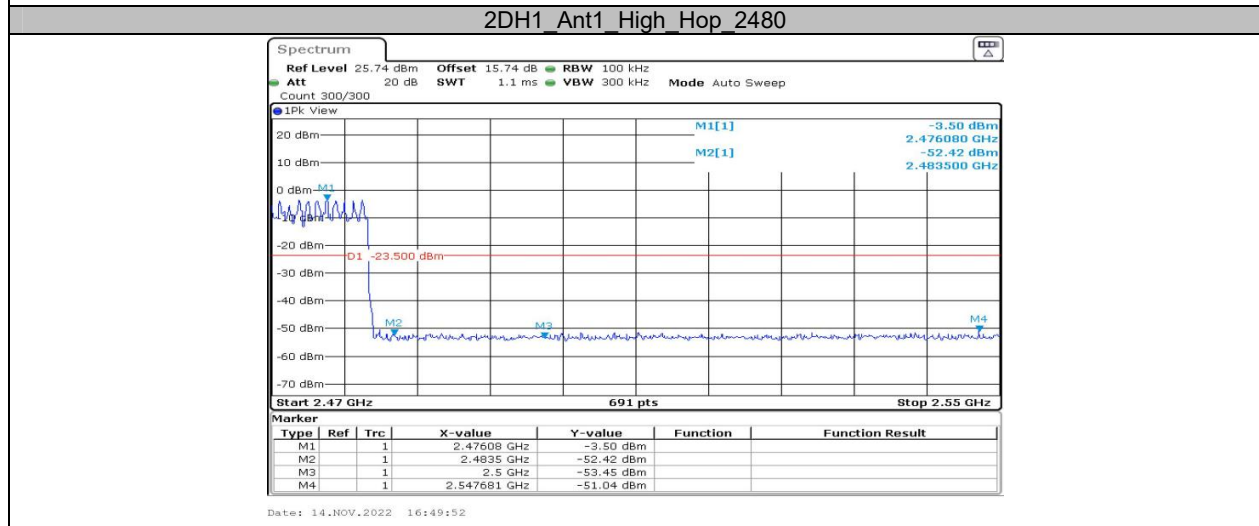
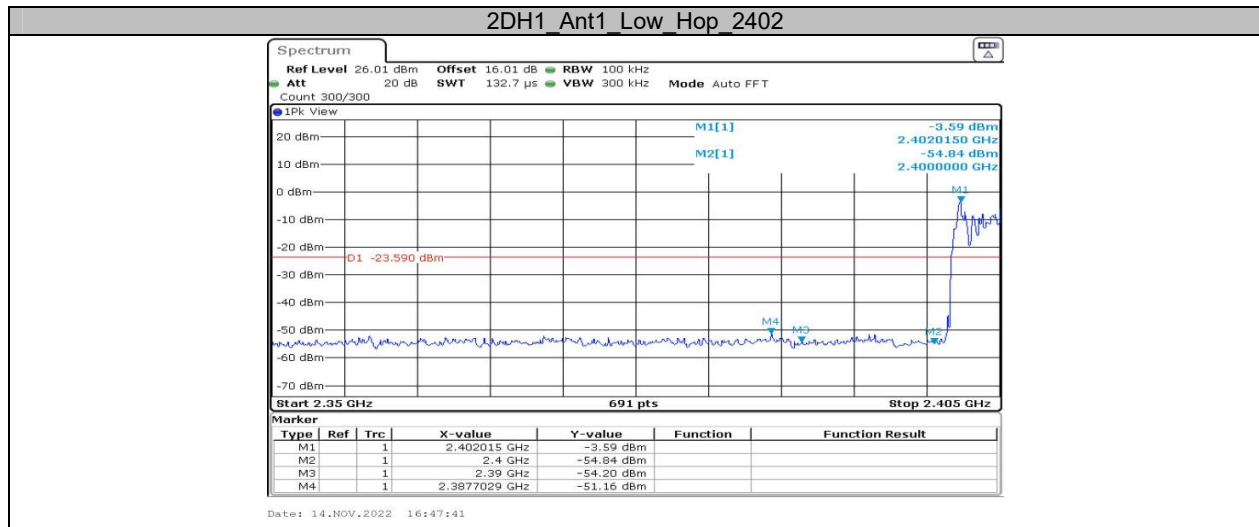
### Test Graphs

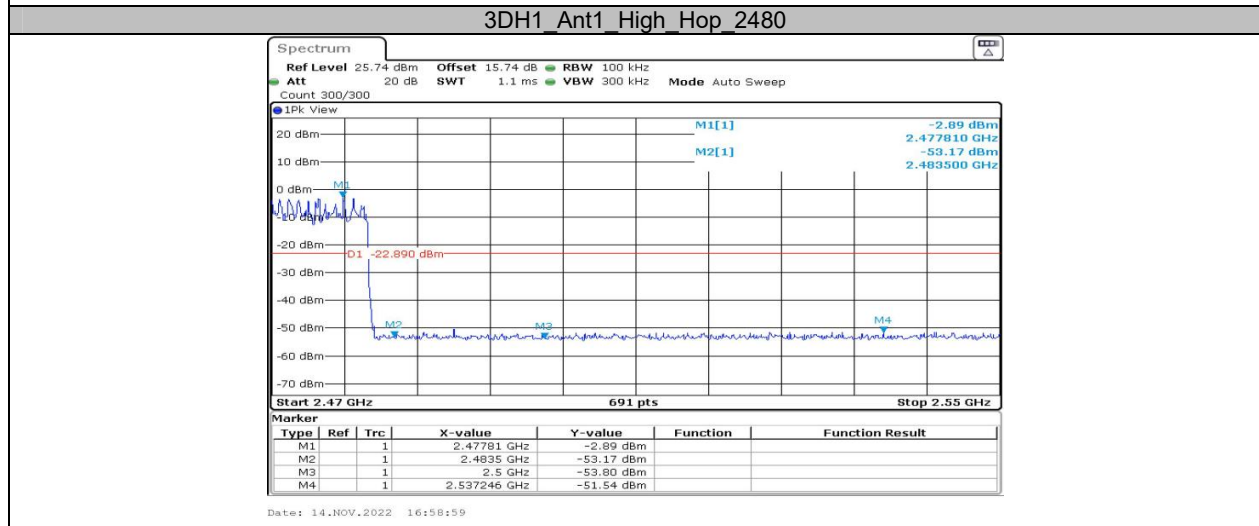
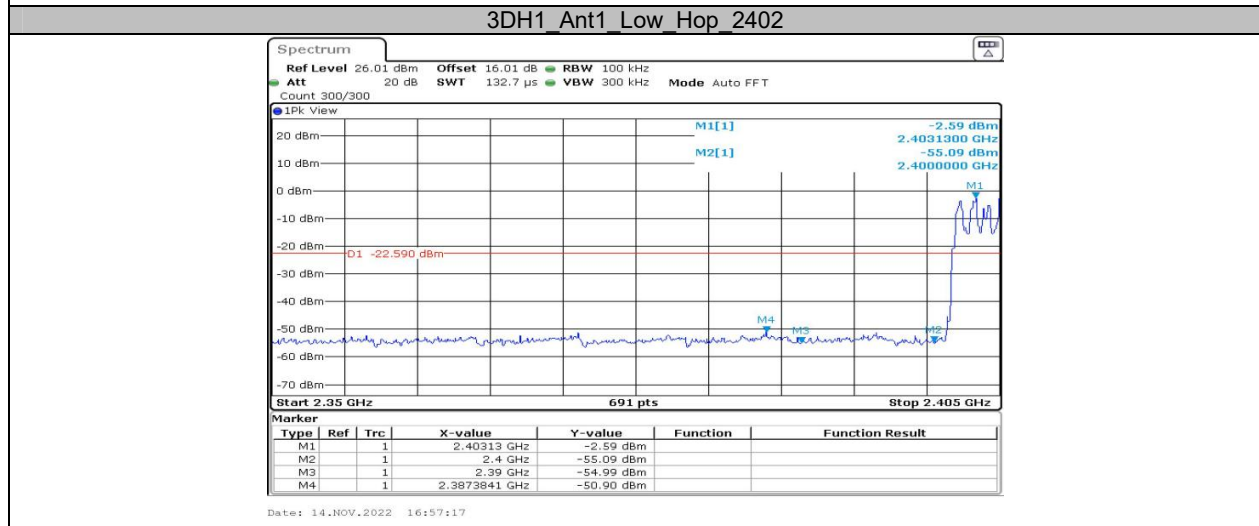
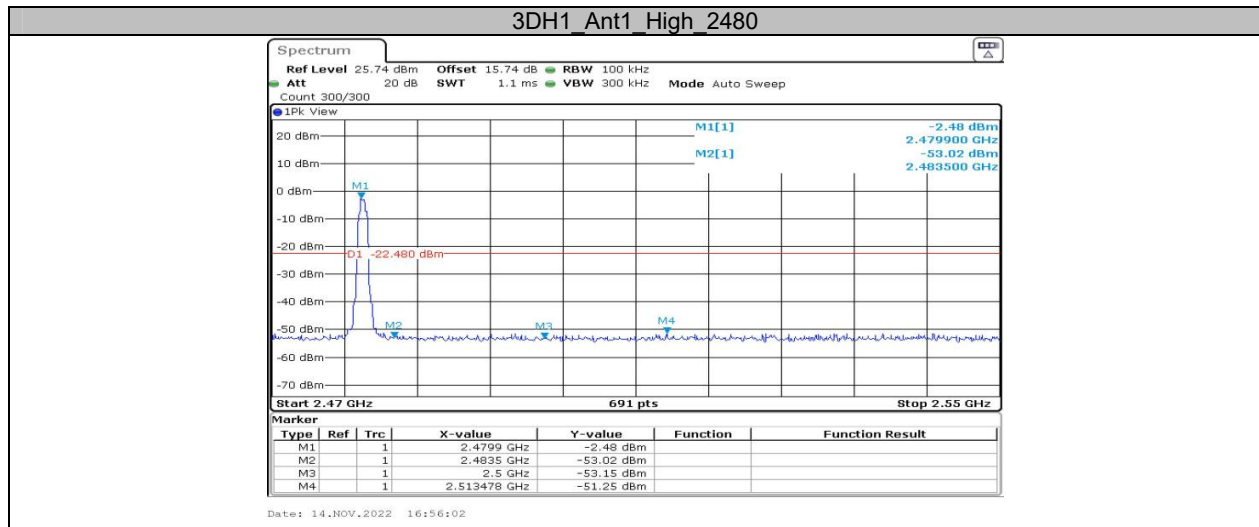


### Appendix G: Band edge measurements Test Graphs









\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*