

# MPE REPORT

**FCC ID** : SYMQI-1208A  
**Applicant** : CCA ELECTRONIC FACTORY  
**Address** : Building 82-83th Pinghuan Industrial City, PingShan Town, LongGang District, ShenZhen, Guangdong, China  
**Manufacturer** : The same as above  
**Address** : The same as above

**Equipment Under Test (EUT) :**

Product Name : Wireless Charger  
Model No. : QI-1208A  
Brand Name : CCA

**Rule** : FCC Part 1(1.1310) and Part 2(2.1091)

**Date of Test** : May 10 ~ May 13, 2013

**Date of Issue** : May 14, 2013

**Test Result** : Pass \*

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company.

The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of compiler and approver.

**Prepared By:**

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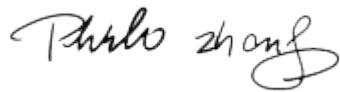
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## 2.1 General Description of E.U.T.

**Product Name** : Wireless Charger  
**Model No.** : QI-1208A  
**Model Difference** : N/A  
**Operation Frequency** : 110-205kHz

## 2.2 Equipments List

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1.	E-Field Probe(100kHz-3GHz)	Narda	EF 0391	A-1238	Aug. 13,2012	Aug. 13,2013
2.	H-Field Probe(300kHz-30MHz)	Narda	HF 3061	A-0333	Aug. 13,2012	Aug. 13,2013
3.	Broadband Field Meter	Narda	NBM-550	E-0477	Aug.14,2012	Aug. 14,2013

## 3 RF Exposure

Test Requirement: FCC Part 1.1310 and Part 2.1091

Test Procedure: OET Bulletin 65

### 3.1 Requirements:

Three different categories of transmitters are defined by the FCC in OET Bulletin 65.

These categories are fixed installation, mobile, and portable and are defined as follows:

- o Fixed Installations: fixed location means that the device, including its antenna, is physically secured at a permanent location and is not able to be easily moved to another location. Additionally, distance to humans from the antenna is maintained to at least 2 meters.
- o Mobile Devices: a mobile device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to be generally used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimeters is normally maintained between the transmitter's radiating structures and the body of the user or nearby persons. Transmitters designed to be used by consumers or workers that can be easily re-located, such as a wireless modem operating in a laptop computer, are considered mobile devices if they meet the 20 centimeter separation requirement. The FCC rules for evaluating mobile devices for RF compliance are found in 47 CFR §2.1091.
- o Portable Devices: a portable device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used so that the radiating structure(s) of the device is/are within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Portable device requirements are found in Section 2.1093 of the FCC's Rules (47 CFR§2.1093). The FCC also categorizes the use of the device as based upon the user's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. The two categories defined are Occupational/ Controlled Exposure and General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure. These two categories are defined as follows:
- o Occupational/Controlled Exposure: In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means. Awareness of the potential for RF exposure in a workplace or similar environment can be provided through specific training as part of a RF safety program. If appropriate, warning signs and labels can also be used to establish such awareness by providing prominent information on the risk of potential exposure and instructions on methods to minimize such exposure

risks.

- o General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: The general population / uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity. Warning labels placed on low-power consumer devices such as cellular telephones are not considered sufficient to allow the device to be considered under the occupational/controlled category, and the general population/uncontrolled exposure limits apply to these devices.

### 3.2 The procedures / limit

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> , H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> , H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz ; \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

### 3.3 Test Configuration

- 1,The field strength of both E-field and H-field was measured at 10cm using the equipment list above for determining compliance with the MPE requirements of FCC Part 1.1310.
- 2,The RF power density was measured with the battery at 4 different charge conditions: battery at 0% (depleted), battery at 50% charge, battery near 100% charge, max resistive load (Wireless charging cover with resistor attached).
- 3,Maximum E-field and H-field measurements were made 10cm from each side of the EUT. Along the side of the EUT and still 10cm away from the edge of the EUT, the field probes were positioned at the location where there is maximum field strength. The maximum E-field and H-field is reported below.
- 4, This device uses a wireless charging circuit for power transfer operating at the frequency of 112 – 205kHz. Thus, the 300kHz limits were used: E-field Limit = 614 (V/m); H-field limit = 1.63 (A/m).

### 3.4 Test Data

Table 1. E-field MPE Data

EUT Sides	E-Field Measurement (10cm)				
	Left(V/m)	Right(V/m)	Top(V/m)	Bottom(V/m)	Z-Axis(above) (V/m)
Battery at 0%(depleted)	1.26	1.09	1.12	0.86	0.91
Battery at 50%(charge)	1.01	1.02	1.13	0.76	0.73
Battery near 100%( charge)	1.03	0.96	1.06	0.72	0.82

Table 2. H-field MPE Data

EUT Sides	E-Field Measurement (10cm)				
	Left(A/m)	Right(A/m)	Top(A/m)	Bottom(A/m)	Z-Axis(above) (A/m)
Battery at 0%(depleted)	0.020	0.018	0.035	0.019	0.052
Battery at 50%(charge)	0.181	0.022	0.041	0.032	0.041
Battery near 100%( charge)	0.043	0.038	0.037	0.036	0.066

Remark: The device meets the mobile RF exposure limit at a 10cm separation distance as specified in §2.1091 of the FCC Rules. f.

The maximum leakage fields at 10 cm surrounding the device from all simultaneous transmitting coils are demonstrated to be less than 30% of the MPE limit.

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