

# CHC<sup>®</sup> P5E<sup>™</sup> GNSS Reference Receiver

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**Safety Warnings**

The Global Positioning System (GPS) is operated by the U.S. Government, which is solely responsible for the accuracy and maintenance of the GPS network. Accuracy can also be affected by poor satellite geometry and obstructions, like buildings and heavy canopy.

**FCC interference statement**

This equipment has been designed to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules in the Portable Mode. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

The distance between user and products should be no less than 50cm



*P5E GNSS Reference Receiver User Guide – Revision 1.1  
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## SAFETY INFORMATION

Before you use your CHC® P5E™ GNSS reference receiver, make sure that you have read and understood all safety requirements.

### REGULATIONS AND SAFETY

The receiver contains an internal wireless modem for communicating signals through Bluetooth® wireless technology or through an external data communications radio. Regulations regarding the use of the wireless modem vary greatly from country to country. In some countries, the unit can be used without obtaining an end-user license. Other countries require end-user licensing. For licensing information, consult your local CHC dealer.

Before operating a P5E GNSS reference receiver, determine if authorization or a license to operate the unit is required in your country. It is the responsibility of the end-user to obtain an operator's permit or license for the receiver for the location or country of use.

### TYPE APPROVAL

Type approval, or acceptance, covers technical parameters of the equipment related to emissions that can cause interference. Type approval is granted to the manufacturer of the transmission equipment, independent from the operation or licensing of the units. Some countries have unique technical requirements for operation in particular radio modem frequency bands. To comply with those requirements, CHC may have modified your equipment to be granted Type approval. Unauthorized modification of the units voids the Type approval, the warranty, and the operational license of the equipment.

### EXPOSURE TO RADIO FREQUENCY RADIATION

*Safety.* Exposure to RF energy is an important safety consideration. The FCC has adopted a safety standard for human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic energy emitted by FCC regulated equipment. Proper use of this radio modem results in exposure below government limits. The following precautions are recommended:

- **Do not** touch the antenna.
- **Do not** operate the transmitter unless all RF connectors are secure and any open connectors are correctly terminated.
- **Do not** operate the equipment near electrical blasting caps or in an

explosive atmosphere.

- All equipment must be correctly grounded for safe operation.
- All equipment should be serviced only by a qualified technician.

## BATTERY SAFETY



**WARNING** – Do not damage the rechargeable Lithium-ion battery. A damaged battery can cause an explosion or fire, and can result in personal injury and/or property damage. To prevent injury or damage:

- Do not use or charge the battery if it appears to be damaged. Signs of damage include, but are not limited to, discoloration, warping, and leaking battery fluid.
- Do not expose the battery to fire, high temperature, or direct sunlight.
- Do not immerse the battery in water.
- Do not use or store the battery inside a vehicle during hot weather.
- Do not drop or puncture the battery.
- Do not open the battery or short-circuit its contacts.



**WARNING** – Avoid contact with the rechargeable Lithium-ion battery if it appears to be leaking. Battery fluid is corrosive, and contact with it can result in personal injury and/or property damage. To prevent injury or damage:


- If the battery leaks, avoid contact with the battery fluid.
- If battery fluid gets into your eyes, immediately rinse your eyes with clean water and seek medical attention. Do not rub your eyes!
- If battery fluid gets onto your skin or clothing, immediately use clean water to wash off the battery fluid.




**WARNING** – Charge and use the rechargeable Lithium-ion battery only in strict accordance with the instructions. Charging or using the battery in unauthorized equipment can cause an explosion or fire, and can result in personal injury and/or equipment damage. To prevent injury or damage:


- Do not charge or use the battery if it appears to be damaged or leaking.
- Charge the Lithium-ion battery only in a CHC product that is specified to charge it.
- Discontinue charging a battery that gives off extreme heat or a burning odor.
- Use the battery only in CHC equipment that is specified to use it.
- Use the battery only for its intended use and according to the instructions in the product documentation.


## DC POWER SUPPLY SAFETY

 **WARNING** – When DC voltage is applied to this receiver through COM 1 or COM 2 (Lemo connectors), the DC voltage must be limited to no more than 36 V DC +0% under both normal and single fault conditions. If the recommended input voltage is exceeded, the receiver may present an electrical hazard.

## WET LOCATION SAFETY

 **WARNING** – This receiver is not intended to be used in a wet location, or a location that may become wet, when it is powered by the external DC power supply. Use the receiver in a wet location **only** when operating it on its own internal battery.

 **WARNING** – The external power adapter and its associated power cord and plug are not intended to be installed outdoors, or in a wet location.

 **WARNING** – Do not power the receiver through external power when operating in a wet environment or an environment that may become wet. The power input connections must be sheltered.

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# 1. INTRODUCTION

The P5E GNSS Reference Receiver User Guide describes how to set up and use the CHC® P5E™ GNSS reference receiver.

In this manual, “the receiver” refers to the P5E GNSS reference receiver unless otherwise stated.

Even if you have used other Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) products before, CHC recommends that you spend some time reading this manual to learn about the special features of this product. If you are not familiar with GNSS, go to [www.chcnav.com](http://www.chcnav.com) for an interactive look at CHC and GNSS.

## 1.1. ABOUT THE RECEIVER

The P5E GNSS reference receiver (“the receiver”) is a multiple-frequency GNSS receiver. It can track all GPS (L1/L2/L5), GLONASS (L1/L2), BDS (B1/B2) and GALILEO(E1/E2/E5) signals.

You can use the front panel of the receiver or an office computer to configure the receiver, access files, and publish data files to a company Intranet or to the Internet. The receiver makes it easy for you to set up a powerful, flexible, and reliable reference station for continuous operation.

The receiver serves in all common geodetic reference receiver roles. It can be the main component in a Continuously Operating Reference Station (CORS), streaming data to CHC GNSS Infrastructure software. It can also work well as a campaign receiver prior to permanent deployment. The receiver makes an excellent portable RTK base station with its internal battery. It also has specialized capabilities that make it an excellent reference receiver for scientific applications.

## 1.2. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

If you have a problem and cannot find the information you need in the product documentation or CHC website ([www.chcnav.com](http://www.chcnav.com)), contact your local CHC dealer from which you purchased the receiver(s).

If you need to contact CHC technical support, please contact us by email ([support@chcnav.com](mailto:support@chcnav.com)) or Skype ([chc\\_support](https://www.skype.com/join/chc_support)).



### **1.3. DISCLAIMER**

Before using the receiver, please make sure that you have read and understood this User Guide, as well as the safety requirements. CHC holds no responsibility for the wrong operation by users and for the losses incurred by the wrong understanding about this User Guide. However, CHC reserves the rights to update and optimize the contents in this guide regularly. Please contact your local CHC dealer for new information.

### **1.4. YOUR COMMENTS**

Your feedback about this user guide will help us to improve it in future revision. Please email your comments to [support@chcnv.com](mailto:support@chcnv.com).

## 2. OVERVIEW

This chapter introduces the P5E GNSS reference receiver (“the receiver”). This receiver makes it easy to set up a powerful and reliable Continuously Operating Reference Station (CORS) or to collect data from temporary field locations.

The receiver is ideal for the following infrastructure applications:

- As part of a GNSS Infrastructure network in conjunction with CHC Reference Station Network (CPS) software.
- As part of a permanent reference station with or without supporting software.
- A temporary field base station to broadcast RTK corrections and collect observations for post processing.

### 2.1. RECEIVER FRAMEWORK

The receiver integrates the multi-frequency GNSS technology into a specialized processing and communications framework. The receiver can operate as a standalone reference station or it can be integrated into a scalable network.

With an Internet Protocol (IP) as the primary communications method, you can use public domain tools, such as a web browser and FTP client, to configure the receiver and access logged data files.

---

**NOTE** - All references to the Internet refer to either a Wide Area Network (WAN) or a Local Area Network (LAN) connection.

The receiver adopts a secured system that requires a password protected login for configuration changes and/or file access.

Use the network management features to create a base/rover configuration with a variety of operating modes. You can then enable those modes as necessary instead of switching the global state of the receiver from one mode to another. For example, you can configure a number of streaming services with different configurations (such as any combination of data stream, sample interval) on different TCP or UDP ports. To activate one or more modes, open the connection to the specific port. This allows multiple clients to access any given streaming service.

These features and many more, shift the model of a GNSS receiver toward the concept of a "network appliance".

### 2.1.1. THE NETWORK APPLIANCE CONCEPT

Traditionally, a GNSS receiver has one operator. That person is the only user of the receiver so they can change settings without affecting other users.

With the P5E GNSS reference receiver, an operator can configure a receiver once, and then make it available as a network appliance for general use by one or more users (or clients).

This network appliance concept lets you set up the receiver to provide one or more services that one or more users can access through a Local Area Network (LAN) or a Wide Area Network (WAN), such as the Internet. Once the receiver is set up, you need make only minimal changes, if any, to the receiver configuration.

When the receiver is operating as a network appliance, it provides services to all users attached to the receiver through the network.

Different streamed services may be configured on different ports, for example, with differing data rates or data combination. To obtain a service, the client has only to connect to a specific port. In this way, most users do not need to control the receiver. Changing global settings, such as masks, will affect all users of all services.

The receiver provides the following standard configuration and data logging services:

| Use... | To perform...                                                                           |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HTTP   | All manual and automated configuration operations to manage the logged data file space. |
| FTP    | Remote manual and/or automated operations to manage the logged data file upload path.   |

## 2.2. RECEIVER SERVICES

The receiver can provide one or more streaming or query services over a RS-232 serial port or a TCP/IP port:

- Streaming service

Anyone with authorized access can obtain streamed information, such as GNSS measurements or RTCM corrections, without having to control or issue commands to the receiver. The client simply connects to the port that is streaming the required information.

## 2.3. RECEIVER FEATURES

- 32 GB internal data logging storage
- External USB drive support
- Integrated battery, provides up to 24 hours operation
- Integrated display and keypad for system configuration without a controller
- Integrated Bluetooth wireless technology for cable-free data transmission
- Permanent/semi-permanent and mobile quick setup base station capability
- Easy-to-use Web-interface menu system for rapid configuration and status checking
- Rugged, weatherproof construction with an IP67 environmental rating
- -40°C to +65°C (-40°F to +149°F) operating temperature range
- 9 V to 36 V DC input power range
- Data file generated in HCN
- Eight independent data logging sessions with configurable memory pooling
- Circulating data logging method
- FTP push to allow uploading of logged data files to remote sites
- Ethernet configuration through the front panel
- Multiple languages available through the Web interface
- NTRIP (Networked Transport of RTCM via Internet Protocol) client/server/caster support

## 2.4. USE AND CARE

This receiver can withstand the rough treatment and tough environment that typically occurs in CORS installation. However, it is a high-precision electronic instrument and should be treated with reasonable care.



**CAUTION** – Operating or storing the receiver outside the specified temperature range can damage it. For more information, see [Chapter 8 Specifications](#).

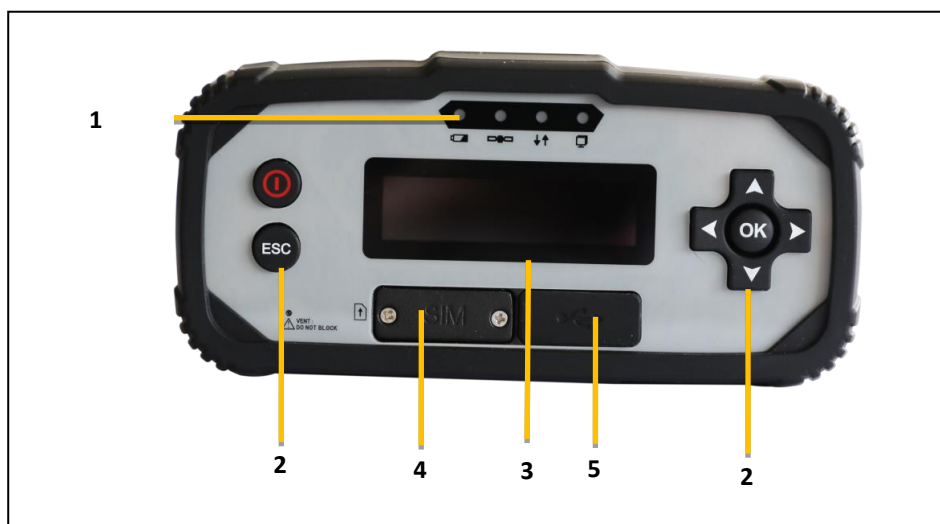
## 2.5. ELECTRONIC INTERFACE

High-power signals from a nearby radio or radar transmitter can overwhelm the receiver circuits. This does not harm the instrument, but it can prevent the receiver electronics from functioning correctly.

Avoid locating the receiver or antenna within 400 meters of powerful radar, television, or other transmitters or GNSS antennas. Low-power transmitters,

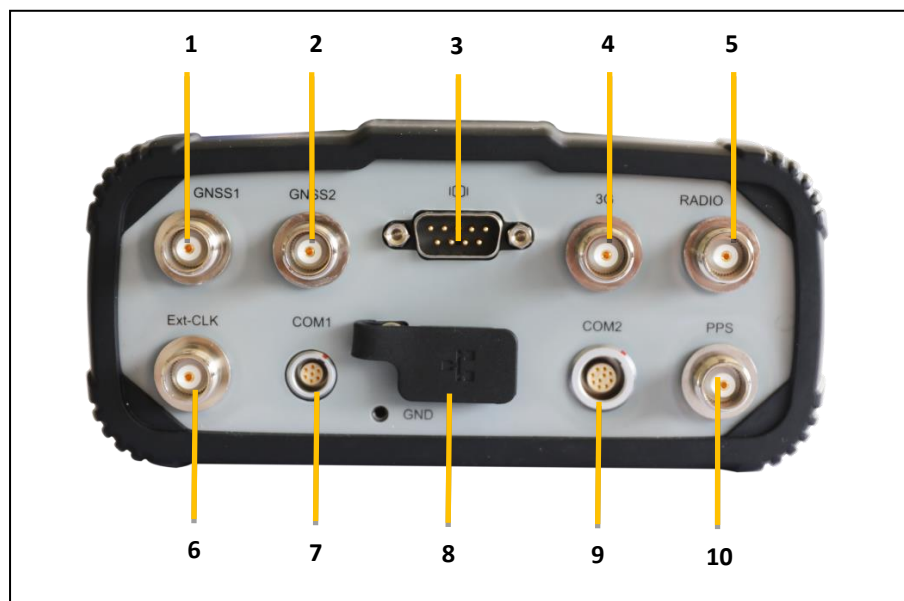
such as those in cell phones and two-way radios, normally do not interfere with receiver operations.

## 2.6. KEYPAD AND DISPLAY



| Feature          | Description                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Indicator LEDs | Shows the working status. See 5.1. Indicator LEDs                                                                                                     |
| 2 Buttons        | Use to turn on, turn off or configure the receiver. See 5.1. Button functions.                                                                        |
| 3 Display        | This Vacuum Fluorescent display enables you view the current configuration settings of receiver and the operation by operators. See 5.3. Home screen. |
| 4 Mini USB port  | Support DEVICE/HOST.                                                                                                                                  |
| 5 3G card slot   | Insert 3G card to support mobile network                                                                                                              |

## 2.7. REAR CONNECTORS



| Connector type         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 TNC                  | Connect to the GNSS antenna.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 2 TNC                  | Reserved for dual antennas.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 3 DB9                  | RS-232 serial port, 9-pin male connector.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 4 TNC                  | Connect the 3G antenna to enhance the 3G signal.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 5 TNC                  | Connect the rod antenna to enhance the radio signal.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 6 TNC                  | Connect to the atomic clock for time calibration.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 7 Lemo (7-pin) Port 1  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power from an external AC/DC power supply.</li> <li>RS-232 serial communications using a 7-pin Lemo cable (CHC Data Cable).</li> <li>Data streaming transmission port.</li> </ul>                      |
| 8 RJ45 jack            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supports links to 10BaseT/100BaseT auto-negotiate networks</li> <li>HTTP, TCP/IP, UDP, FTP, NTRIP Caster, NTRIP Server, NTRIP Client</li> <li>Simultaneously transmits multiple data stream</li> </ul> |
| 9 Lemo (10-pin) Port 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power from an external AC/DC power supply.</li> <li>RS-232 serial communications using a 10-pin Lemo cable (CHC Data Cable).</li> <li>Data streaming transmission port.</li> </ul>                     |
| 10 TNC                 | Connect to peripheral device for time calibration                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## 3. BATTERIES AND POWER

The P5E GNSS reference receiver uses an internal rechargeable Lithium-ion battery, which can be replaced only at an Authorized CHC Service Center.

The receiver can also be powered by an external power source that is connected to either of the Lemo ports.

The operational time provided by the internal battery depends on the type of measurement and operating conditions. Typically, the internal battery provides up to 24 hours operation.

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**NOTE** – All battery operational tests are carried out with new, fully-charged batteries at room temperature, tracking both GPS and GLONASS satellites while storing and streaming data at 1 Hz. Older batteries, at temperatures significantly higher or lower than room temperature, will have a reduced performance. Power consumption increases with an increasing number of actively tracked satellites and with increasing observation and storage rates.

### 3.1. EXTERNAL POWER

The receiver uses an external power source in preference to its internal battery. If the receiver is not connected to an external power source, or if the external power supply fails, the internal battery is used.

CHC recommends that the applied external power offers between 9 V DC and 36 V DC and is able to supply at least 6.5 W of power for the long-term installations and ensuring that the internal battery is charged and ready to compensate for power supply disruptions.

While carrying out static measurements for post-processed computations using the internal memory, if no external power is supplied and the internal battery is drained, the receiver shuts down. No data is lost; however, when power is restored, the receiver should be configured again.



**WARNING** – The external AC power adapter and its associated power cord and plug are not intended to be installed outdoors, nor in a wet location. Do not power the receiver through external power when operating in a wet environment or an environment that may become wet. The power input connections must be sheltered.



**WARNING** – When you apply DC voltage to this product through the Lemo connector, the DC voltage must be limited to 36V DC +0% under both normal and single fault conditions. This product may present an electrical

hazard if the recommended input voltage is exceeded.

### 3.2. BATTERY SAFETY

The receiver is powered by a rechargeable internal Lithium-ion battery. Charge and use the battery only in strict accordance with the following instructions.



**WARNING** – Do not damage the rechargeable Lithium-ion battery. A damaged battery can cause an explosion or fire, and can result in personal injury and/or property damage.

To prevent injury or damage:

- Do not use or charge the battery if it appears to be damaged. Signs of damage include, but are not limited to, discoloration, warping, and leaking battery fluid.
- Do not expose the battery to fire, high temperature, or direct sunlight.
- Do not immerse the battery in water.
- Do not use or store the battery inside a vehicle during hot weather.
- Do not drop or puncture the battery.
- Do not open the battery or short-circuit its contacts.



**WARNING** – Avoid contact with the rechargeable Lithium-ion battery if it appears to be leaking. Battery fluid is corrosive, and contact with it can result in personal injury and/or property damage.

To prevent injury or damage:

- If the battery leaks, avoid contact with the battery fluid.
- If battery fluid gets into your eyes, immediately rinse your eyes with clean water and seek medical attention. Do not rub your eyes!
- If battery fluid gets onto your skin or clothing, immediately use clean water to wash off the battery fluid.

### 3.3. BATTERY PERFORMANCE

To optimize battery performance and extend battery life:

- Fully charge all new batteries before use.
- Do not use at extreme temperatures. The receiver is designed to operate at -40 °C to +65 °C (-40 °F to +149 °F). However, operation at temperatures of less than 0 °C (32 °F) can cause a rapid drop in battery life.



### 3.4. CHARGING THE BATTERY

The rechargeable Lithium-ion battery is supplied partially charged. Charge the battery completely before using it for the first time. If the battery has been stored for longer than three months, charge it before use.

When connected to a suitable power source, the internal battery charges fully in 10 hours.



**WARNING** – Charge and use the rechargeable Lithium-ion battery only in strict accordance with the instructions. Charging or using the battery in unauthorized equipment can cause an explosion or fire, and can result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.

To prevent injury or damage:

- Do not charge or use the battery if it appears to be damaged or leaking.
- Charge the Lithium-ion battery only within the P5E receiver. The battery can only be removed by an authorized CHC Service Center.

### 3.5. STORING THE BATTERY

The internal Lithium-ion battery adopts a self-protection mechanism that protects the battery from discharge when its voltage is below 6 V and shuts down the receiver. The internal battery will be activated when charged by the external power supply.

Do not store the receiver at temperatures outside the range -40°C to +85 °C (-40°F to 176°F).

The receiver is supplied with a mains power supply unit that recharges the battery inside the receiver when it is connected through the adaptor to either of the Lemo ports. When you use the receiver in a long-term installation, CHC recommends that you use this power supply or another that provides at least 9 V DC at all times to keep the internal battery charged. This will ensure that the internal battery provides an uninterrupted power supply that will keep the receiver operational for up to 24 hours after a power failure.

### 3.6. REMOVING THE BATTERY

The internal Lithium-ion battery may be removed only at an authorized CHC Service Center. If the battery is removed at an unauthorized service center, the remaining warranty on the product will be void.

## 4. SETTING UP THE RECEIVER

This chapter describes best practices for setting up the equipment, and outlines the precautions that you must take to protect the equipment. It also describes the typical installation diagram of reference station composed of P5E GNSS receiver, GNSS antenna, external power and network cable.

The antenna installation guidelines described here are the *minimum* standards. When installing a geodetic antenna to gather precise observation data, always follow recommended CORS installation practices to the greatest extent possible.

### 4.1. GUIDELINES

When you set up the receiver, follow these guidelines.

#### 4.1.1. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

The receiver has a waterproof housing but you must take reasonable care to keep the unit dry.

To improve the performance and long-term reliability of the receiver, do not expose the receiver to extreme environmental conditions, such as:

- Water
- Heat greater than 65 °C (149 °F)
- Cold less than -40 °C (-40 °F)
- Corrosive fluids and gases

#### 4.1.2. SOURCES OF ELECTRICAL INTERFERENCE

Do not place the GNSS antenna near the following sources of electrical and magnetic noise:

- Gasoline engines (spark plugs)
- Televisions and computer monitors
- Alternators and generators
- Electric motors
- Equipment with DC-to-AC converters
- Fluorescent lights
- Switching power supplies
- Arc welding equipment

#### 4.1.3. UNINTERRUPTABLE POWER SUPPLY

CHC recommends that you use an uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to

power the receiver. The internal battery can also operate as a UPS for up to 24 hours. A UPS protects the equipment from power surges and spikes, and keeps the receiver running during short power outages.

For more information, contact your local CHC dealer.

#### 4.1.4. LIGHTING AND SURGE PROTECTION

CHC recommends that you install lightning protection equipment at permanent sites. All connections to the receiver should have surge protection. Typically, the minimum protection should include a surge protector in the antenna feed line, on the receiver's power supply system. If serial devices are attached to the receiver, those serial connections should also be provided with surge protection. Also, protect any communications and power lines at building entry points. If you use other antennas, such as a radio modem that distributes real-time correction messages, install surge protection on those antenna feeds as well.

No surge protection devices can offer protection unless they are connected to an excellent ground using very low impedance conductors. Equipment damage caused by electrical surges occurs in many permanent installations even though surge protection is in place. Commonly, this is because the grounding system used was designed to protect against AC electrical hazards rather than to dissipate the sudden, high current surges caused by lightning. Please consult with a lightning protection expert or research the topic when planning permanent installations.

For more information, contact your local CHC dealer.

#### 4.1.5. PLACING THE ANTENNA

The antenna location will have a significant effect on the quality of your P5E receiver's performance. In temporary developments it may not always be possible to set up on an ideal location with an excellent sky view. However, when installing a permanent station, be sure to plan the antenna location and mounting system carefully.

The general requirements for the antenna location and mount are:

- Keep the distance from the objects that may cause the multipath effects (such as buildings, trees, reflective surface) for at least 200 m (656 feet)
- Clear sky above 10 degrees elevation
- Away from electromagnetic interference region (e.g. Microwave station, radio transmitting station, high voltage wires) at least 200 m (656 feet)
- Mounted 1.5 m (5 feet) above any nearby signal reflectors.

- Mount stability that is not influenced by thermal expansion, wind loading, or soil expansion/contraction.

For additional information on this topic, research the reference antenna installation guidelines published by the:

- US National Geodetic Survey  
([http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/PUBS\\_LIB/CORS\\_guidelines.pdf](http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/PUBS_LIB/CORS_guidelines.pdf))
- International GNSS Service  
(<http://igs.cb.jpl.nasa.gov/network/guidelines/guidelines.html>)

## 4.2. SYSTEM INSTALLATION

### 4.2.1. SUPPORTED ANTENNA

The receiver provides a TNC-type female connector for connecting to an antenna. The receiver is intended for use with a CHC Geodetic GNSS antenna or a CHC GNSS Choke Ring antenna.



**CHC A220GR GNSS  
Geodetic Antenna**

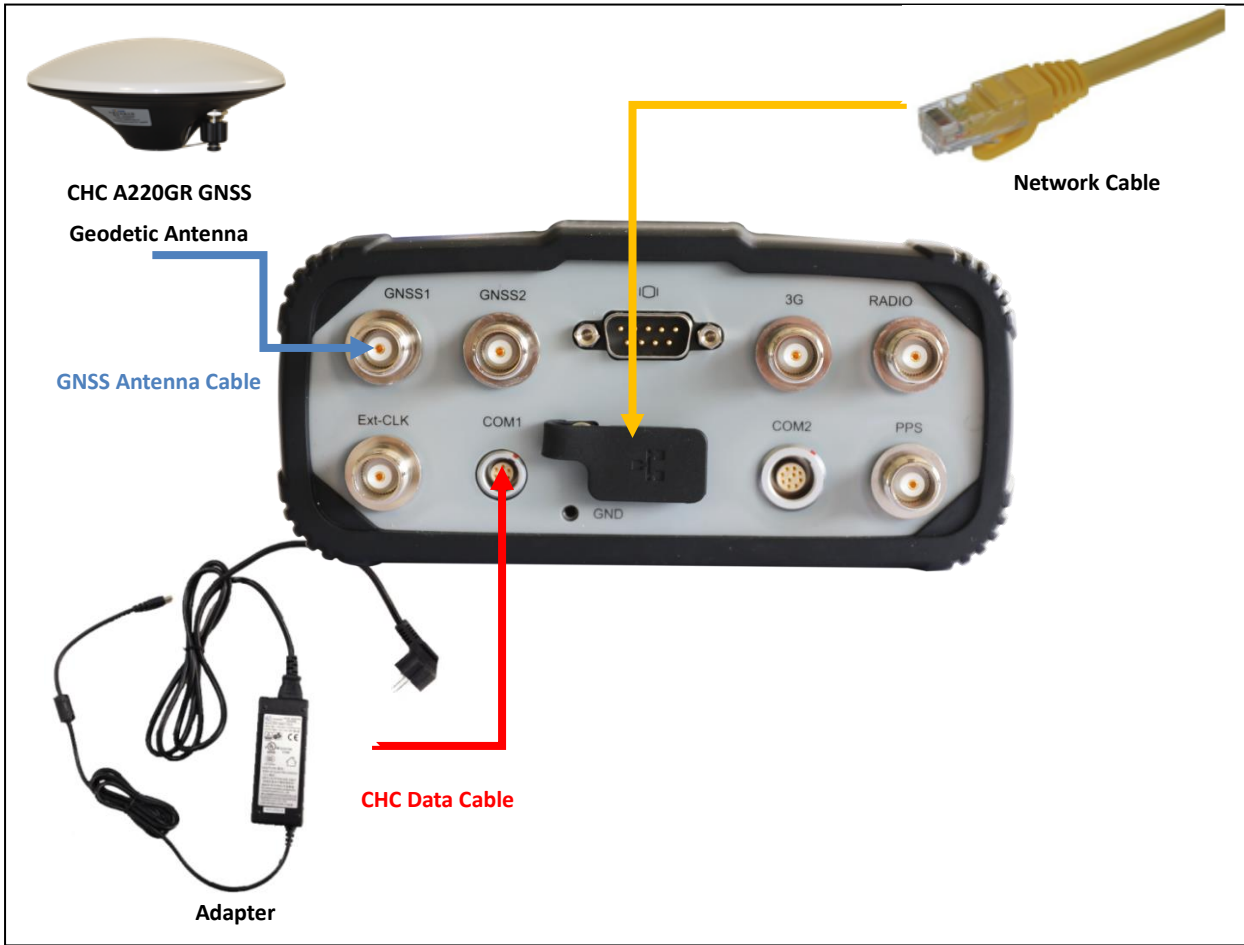


**CHC C220GR GNSS  
Choke Ring Antenna**

Other GNSS antennas may however be used ensuring that the antenna receive the proper GNSS frequencies and operates at either 3.3V or 7.1V with a signal greater than 40 dB at the antenna port.

### 4.2.2. SYSTEM INSTALLATION DIAGRAM

The typical installation diagram of the CHC P5E GNSS receiver connected with CHC A220GR GNSS Geodetic Antenna, external power supply and network cable.



1. Install the GNSS antenna at the appropriate location (see 4.1.5. Place the antenna for the guidelines); connect the antenna to the TNC Plug Socket of P5E via the GNSS Antenna Cable.
2. Power the P5E by external power source (e.g. mains supply) with Adapter via CHC Data Cable.
  - A. Connect the 7-pin Lemo of CHC Data Cable to COM 1 or the 10-pin Lemo of CHC Data Cable COM 2 of P5E.
  - B. Plug the male jack connector of Adapter into the female connector of CHC Data Cable.
  - C. Connect two leg plugs or three leg plugs of Adapter to the mains supply.
3. Connect the network cable to the RJ45 jack of P5E to link the P5E with network.



**NOTE:** Also, the P5E can be powered by external battery via CHC Data Cable. And the power supply voltage should be controlled between 9 to 36 V DC.








## 5. CONFIGURING THE RECEIVER: KEYPAD, INDICATOR

### LEDS AND DISPLAY





The P5E GNSS reference receiver features a front panel user interface with a keypad, four indicator LEDs and a two-line alphanumeric display (see page 12). This interface enables you to configure many of the receiver's features without using an external controller or computer.

#### 5.1. BUTTON FUNCTIONS

Use the buttons on the front panel to turn on or turn off the receiver and to check or change the receiver settings.

| Button                                                                              | Name   | Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    | Power  | Turn on or turn off the receiver.<br>When the receiver is only powered by internal battery: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• To turn on the receiver, press and hold for 3 seconds.</li><li>• To turn off the receiver, press and hold for 2 seconds.</li></ul> When the receiver is powered by external power supply: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The receiver will be on with power.</li><li>• The receiver will be turned off by removing the power supply from the CHC cable.</li></ul> |
|  | Escape | Return to the previous screen or cancel changes you make on a screen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|  | OK     | Advance to the next screen or accept changes you make on a screen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|  | Up     | Move the cursor between multiple fields on a screen, or make changes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|  | Down   | Move the cursor between multiple fields on a screen, or make changes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|  | Left   | Move the cursor between characters in an editable field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|  | Right  | Move the cursor between characters in an editable field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## 5.2. INDICATOR LEDS

| Indicator                                                                           | Name           | Color                      | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LEDs                                                                                |                |                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|    | Power LED      | Green/<br>Red              | <p>The indicator to show whether M6GNSS is on or off.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Green: The receiver operates in the absence of a power supply.</li> <li>Red green: the status of charging and normally operating.</li> <li>Red: Not booting and the status of charging.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                |
|    | Satellites LED | Green                      | <p>Shows the number of satellites that the receiver has tracked.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the receiver is searching satellites, the green LED flashes once every 5 seconds.</li> <li>When the receiver has tracked N satellites, the green LED will flash N times every 5 seconds.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                               |
|  | Correction LED | Yellow/<br>Yellow<br>green | <p>Indicates whether the receiver is transmitting/receiving differential data.</p> <p>The yellow LED flashes once per second when</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As a Base station: successfully transmitting differential data.</li> <li>As a Rover station: indicates single or float status</li> </ul> <p>The green LED flashes once per second when</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As a Rover station: indicates fix status</li> </ul> |
|  | Network LED    | Yellow                     | <p>Indicates whether the receiver connects to network.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates the receiver connects to network When the LED is on, conversely, the receiver does not.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |


### 5.3. HOME SCREEN


The Home screen shows:

- The name of the product.
- The position solution.
- The number of satellites being tracked.

As a power-saving feature, the front panel goes dark after a short period of inactivity. If the display is not lit and the receiver is on, press ANY BUTTON to reactivate the display.

### 5.4. STATUS SCREENS

To review the receiver's current settings in the status screens, press 

or  on the front panel. The status screens show the following information:

- Current Longitude
- Current Latitude
- Current Height
- Marker name
- Marker number
- Net State
- ETH Mode
- Set ETH Mode
- Current IP address (editable)
- Current IP mask (editable)
- Current Gateway (editable)
- Current DNS Server (editable)
- Current HTTP port (editable)
- MAC Address
- WIFI AP
- Set WIFI AP
- The internal battery power remaining
- Charging State
- Battery Temperature
- Internal Temperature
- Environment Temperature
- Internal storage memory remaining
- Receiver hardware version and software version
- Firmware Version















- Receiver serial number and part number
- Resume

## 5.5. SETTING UP THE RECEIVER AS PART OF AN ETHERNET

### CONFIGURATION

Use the keypad to set up the receiver as part of an Ethernet configuration.

Press  or  to move between different status screens, and then press  to enter the edit mode.

1. Turn on receiver by press  or connect the receiver with external power supply.
2. Press  or  to move to **IP Addr** status screen.
3. Press  to edit IP address.
4. Press  or  to select the character to edit and then press  or  to change it.
5. When finished, press , and then the "Setting Success" message will appear on the display.
6. Follow the **step 2** to **step 5** to edit IP mask, gateway, DNS server and HTTP port in the **IP MASK**, **Gateway**, **DNS Server** and **HTTP PORT** status screen, respectively.

## 6. CONFIGURING THE RECEIVER: OTHER THAN KEYPAD AND DISPLAY

You can configure the P5E GNSS reference receiver to perform a wide variety of functions. This chapter describes the configuration methods other than the front panel display, and explains when and why each method is used.

The WinFlash utility described in this chapter is used primarily to update the receiver firmware.

### 6.1. CONFIGURING THE ETHERNET SETTINGS

The receiver Ethernet port connects to an Ethernet network, through which you can access, configure, and monitor the receiver. No serial cable connection to the receiver is necessary.

The receiver has the following Ethernet settings:

- IP address
- IP mask
- Gateway
- DNS server
- HTTP port

The default setting for the HTTP port is 80: This port is not assigned by the network. HTTP port 80 is the standard port for web servers and enables you to connect to the receiver by entering only the receiver's IP address in a web browser.

For example, using port 80: **http://192.168.32.132**

If the receiver is set to use a port other than 80, you must enter the IP address followed by the port number in a web browser.

For example, port 9971: **http://192.168.32.132:9971**

Users can configure the Ethernet settings through the front panel (see 5.4. Setting up the receiver as part of an Ethernet configuration) and a web server. To use a web server, the receiver must be connected to a network and have a valid Ethernet configuration.

---

**NOTE:** The receiver should be configured the Ethernet settings through the front panel for its first connection to the Internet.

## 6.2. CONFIGURING THROUGH A WEB BROWSER

Supported browsers:

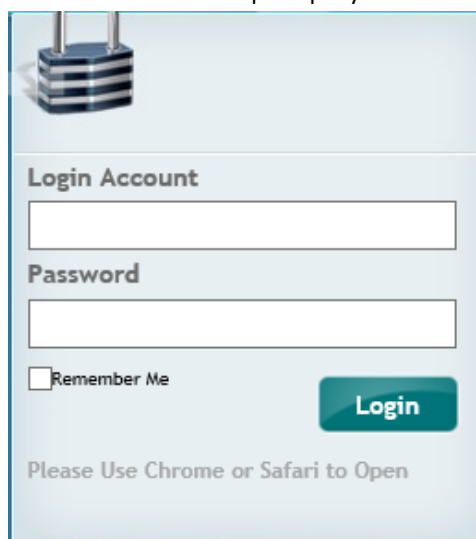
- Google Chrome
- Microsoft Internet Explorer® version 10, or higher
- Apple Safari

To connect to the receiver through a web browser:

1. Enter the IP address of the receiver into the address bar of the web browser:



2. The web browser prompts you to enter a username and password:

A screenshot of a web browser displaying a login page. At the top left is a small icon of a server rack. Below it is the heading "Login Account". There is a text input field for the username. Below that is the heading "Password" and another text input field for the password. Under the password field is a checkbox labeled "Remember Me". To the right of the input fields is a green "Login" button. At the bottom of the form, there is a note: "Please Use Chrome or Safari to Open".

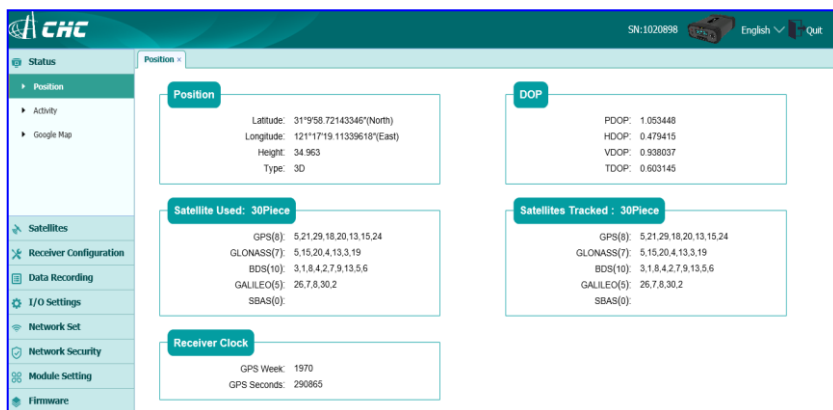
The default login account for the receiver is:

- Login Account: admin
- Password: password

---

**NOTE:** Tick **remember me** option, and then the browser will remember the Login Account and Password you entered for the next time you enter this login screen.

3. Once you are logged in, the web page appears as follows:



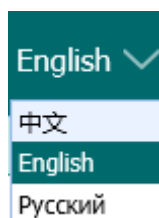
### 6.2.1. CHANGING THE SETTINGS

The web interface shows the configuration menus on the left of the browser window, and the setting on the right. Each configuration menu contains the related submenus to configure the receiver and monitor receiver performance.

This section describes each configuration menu.

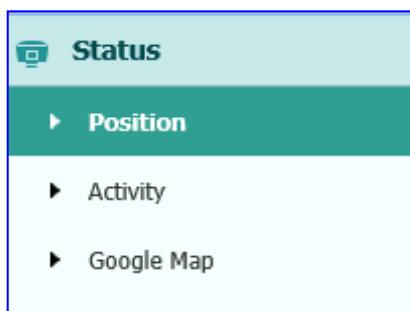
To view the web interface in another language, select the corresponding language name from the drop-down list in the upper right corner of the interface.

Currently, three languages are available:



#### 6.2.1.1. Status menu

This menu provides a quick link to review the receiver's position information, satellites tracked, runtime, current data log status, current outputs, available memory, and more.



- Position

This page shows the relevant position information about the receiver's position solution which including the position, DOP values, satellites used and tracked, and the receiver clock information.

The screenshot shows the 'Position' menu with the following data:

- Position:** Latitude: 31°9'58.71924095"(North), Longitude: 121°17'19.11270093"(East), Height: 34.881, Type: 3D
- DOP:** PDOP: 1.114537, HDOP: 0.487425, VDOP: 1.002301, TDOP: 0.651936
- Satellite Used: 29Piece:** GPS(7): 5,21,18,20,13,15,24; GLONASS(7): 5,15,20,4,13,3,19; BDS(10): 3,1,8,4,2,7,9,13,5,6; GALILEO(5): 26,7,8,30,2; SBAS(0)
- Satellites Tracked : 29Piece:** GPS(7): 5,21,18,20,13,15,24; GLONASS(7): 5,15,20,4,13,3,19; BDS(10): 3,1,8,4,2,7,9,13,5,6; GALILEO(5): 26,7,8,30,2; SBAS(0)
- Receiver Clock:** GPS Week: 1970, GPS Seconds: 291000

- Activity

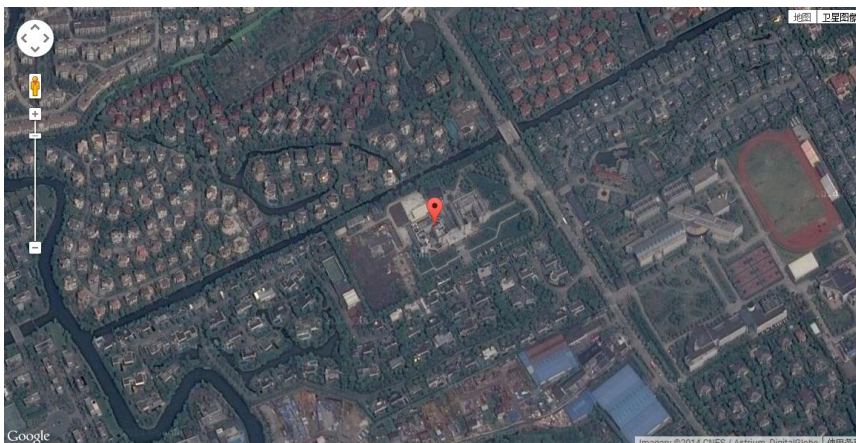
Lists several important items to help you understand how the receiver is being used and its current operating condition. Items include the identities of currently tracked satellites, internal and external storage usage rate. With this information, it is easy to tell exactly what functions the receiver is performing:

The screenshot shows the 'Activity' menu with the following data:

- Satellites Track: 32Piece:** GPS(10): 30,18,5,15,20,24,29,13,2,21; GLONASS(6): 21,4,15,5,19,20; BDS(11): 1,2,7,4,3,14,13,11,9,8,6; GALILEO(5): 24,5,3,22,9; SBAS(0)
- UTC Time:** 2017-10-12 08:04:57 (UTC), Operation Duration: 00-00-00 05:24:39
- Storage:** Internal Storage: 1.34% (400MB/29767MB), External Storage: 0% (Not Connected)
- Power & Battery:** Outer Power: Connected, Charge state: Charging, Current Capacity: 49%, Battery temperature: 32°C
- Temperatures:** Operating temperature: 52°C, Environment Temperature: 36°C

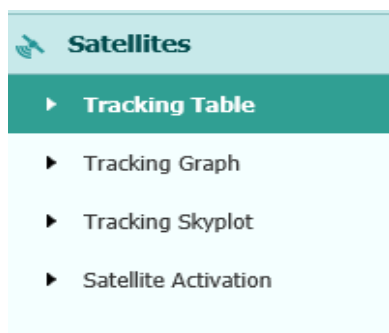
- Google map

Tap this submenu to show the location of the receiver on Google map.



### 6.2.1.2. Satellites menu

Use the Satellites menu to view satellite tracking details and enable/disable GPS, SBAS, GLONASS, BDS and Galileo constellations. These menus include tabular and graphical displays to provide all required information on satellite tracking status.



- Tracking Table

Provides the status of satellites tracked in general, such as the satellite ID, satellite type, attitude angle, azimuth angle, L1 SNR, L2 SNR, L5 SNR and enable/disable status of each one.

## 6. Configuring the Receiver: Other Than Keypad and Display

All  GPS  GLONASS  BDS  GALILEO  SBAS

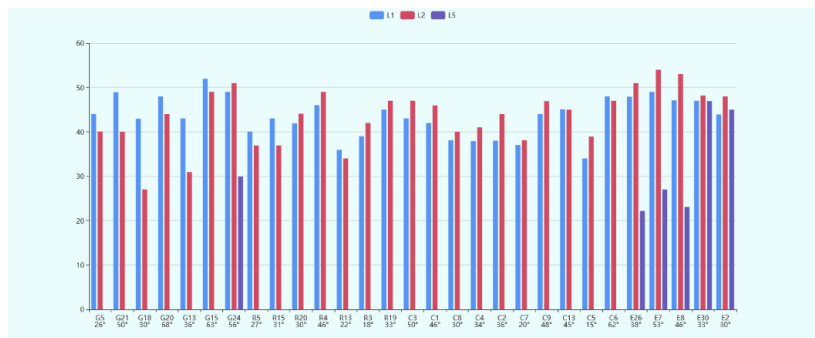
| SV | Type    | Elevation Angle | Azimuth Angle | L1/B1/E1 SNR | L2/B2/E2 SNR | L6/S1/E5 SNR | Enable/Disable |
|----|---------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 5  | GPS     | 27              | 100           | 43.000       | 39.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 21 | GPS     | 49              | 294           | 48.000       | 40.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 18 | GPS     | 29              | 310           | 42.000       | 29.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 20 | GPS     | 68              | 54            | 48.000       | 43.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 13 | GPS     | 36              | 40            | 45.000       | 30.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 15 | GPS     | 63              | 7             | 51.000       | 49.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 24 | GPS     | 55              | 175           | 50.000       | 50.000       | 30.000       | Yes            |
| 5  | GLONASS | 27              | 308           | 39.000       | 35.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 15 | GLONASS | 30              | 152           | 42.000       | 36.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 20 | GLONASS | 30              | 301           | 39.000       | 46.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 4  | GLONASS | 46              | 11            | 49.000       | 47.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 13 | GLONASS | 22              | 39            | 36.000       | 35.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 3  | GLONASS | 19              | 70            | 41.000       | 42.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 19 | GLONASS | 34              | 233           | 45.000       | 46.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 3  | BDS     | 50              | 199           | 43.000       | 48.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 1  | BDS     | 46              | 147           | 42.000       | 45.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 8  | BDS     | 30              | 192           | 40.000       | 41.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 4  | BDS     | 34              | 123           | 38.000       | 42.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 2  | BDS     | 36              | 236           | 38.000       | 45.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 7  | BDS     | 19              | 171           | 37.000       | 39.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 9  | BDS     | 48              | 297           | 44.000       | 46.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 13 | BDS     | 45              | 222           | 47.000       | 46.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 5  | BDS     | 15              | 255           | 34.000       | 39.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 6  | BDS     | 62              | 340           | 47.000       | 48.000       | 0.000        | Yes            |
| 26 | GALILEO | 38              | 280           | 47.000       | 47.000       | 26.000       | Yes            |
| 7  | GALILEO | 53              | 317           | 49.000       | 53.000       | 27.000       | Yes            |
| 8  | GALILEO | 46              | 48            | 49.000       | 53.000       | 25.000       | Yes            |
| 30 | GALILEO | 33              | 135           | 46.000       | 49.000       | 47.000       | Yes            |
| 2  | GALILEO | 30              | 72            | 44.000       | 48.000       | 45.000       | Yes            |

- Tracking Graph

The following figure is an example of satellite track diagram page. Users can determine the satellite types and the corresponding SNR of L-band carriers to be displayed in any combination.

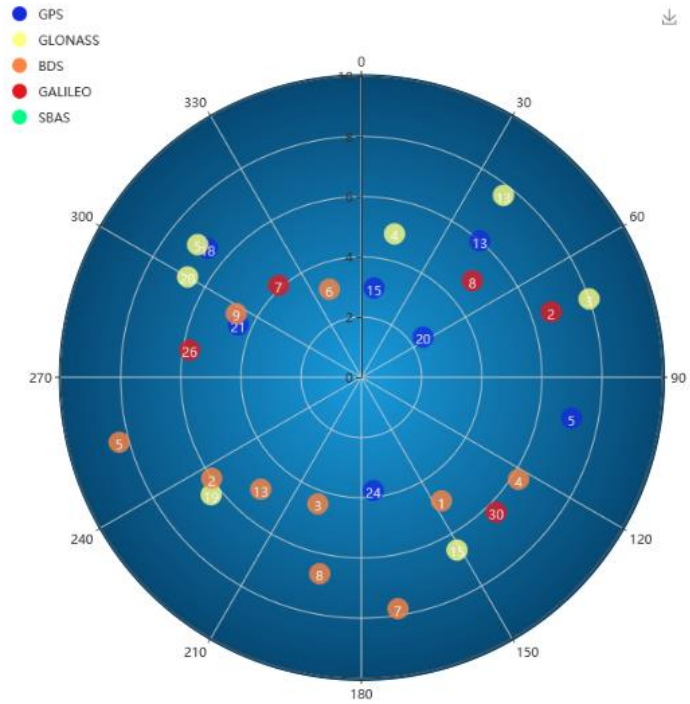
Satellite Type:  GPS(S)  GLONASS(R)  BDS(C)  GALILEO(E)  SBAS(S)

SNR:  L1  L2  L5



- Tracking SkyPlot

The following figure is an example of Skyplot page.



- Tracking Activation

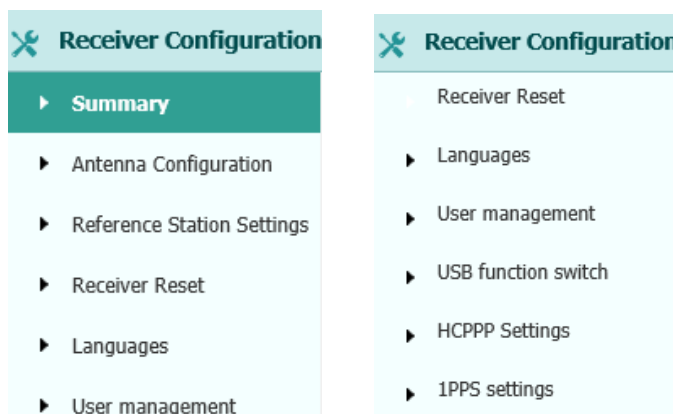
In this submenu, users can enable/disable GPS, SBAS, GLONASS, BDS and Galileo constellations.

| GPS GLONASS BDS GALILEO SBAS                           |                                     |              |                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Select All Unselect All Confirm Enable All Disable All |                                     |              |                                     |
| Satellite Id                                           | Enable                              | Satellite Id | Enable                              |
| 1                                                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 3                                                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 4            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5                                                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 7                                                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 8            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 9                                                      | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 10           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 11                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 12           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 13                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 14           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 15                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 16           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 17                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 18           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 19                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 20           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 21                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 22           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 23                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 24           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 25                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 26           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 27                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 28           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 29                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 30           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 31                                                     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 32           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |



## 6.2.1.3. Receiver Configuration menu

Use this menu to configure settings such as the antenna type and height, elevation mask and PDOP setting, the reference station coordinates, receiver resetting and web interface language:



- Summary

This submenu shows the receiver information and reference station information, including antenna related information, elevation mask angle, reference station work mode and position, etc.

## Receiver Info

Antenna Type:  
 Antenna Number: 1020898  
 Measure Way: Antenna Phase Center  
 Antenna Height: 2.0000(Meter)  
 Elevation Mask: 0  
 PDOP Mask: 6

## Reference Station Info

Reference Station Mode: Auto Rover  
 Reference Latitude: 0°0'0.00000000"(South)  
 Reference Longitude: 0°0'0.00000000"(West)  
 Reference Height: 0.0000

- Antenna Param Settings

Use this screen to configure all of the items relating to the GNSS antenna. You must enter the correct values for all antenna-related fields, as the choices you make significantly affect the accuracy for logged data and broadcast RTK correctors:

**Antenna Configuration**

Measure Way:

Antenna manufacturer:

Antenna Type:

Antenna Number:

Antenna Height:  (Meter)

Elevation Mask:

PDOP Mask:

- Reference Station Settings

Use this screen to configure settings such as the station coordinates. You must enter accurate information in these fields, as this data significantly affects the accuracy of logged data files and broadcast RTK correctors.

Reference Station Mode:

Base Station Name:

Base Station Number:

Reference Latitude: ° ' "  N  S

Reference Longitude: ° ' "  E  W

Reference Height:

**Sample for Average**

Positioning Constraint:  Single Solution Coordinates  Fixed Solution Coordinates

Sampling Amount:

Coordinates transfer threshold value(Meter):

Reference Station Settings ×

Reference Station Mode:

Base Station Name:

Base Station Number:

Reference Latitude: ° ′ ″  N  S

Reference Longitude: ° ′ ″  E  W

Reference Height:

**Sample for Average**

Positioning Constraint:  Single Solution Coordinates  Fixed Solution Coordinates

Sampling Amount:

#### For Reference Station Mode:

There are three available options: Auto Rover, Auto Base and Manual Base.

- **Auto Rover:** The receiver will serve as Rover after the restart.
- **Auto Base:** The receiver will serve as Base after the restart, and then broadcast RTK correctors based on coordinates obtained through single-point positioning automatically.
- **Manual Base:** The receiver will serve as Base after the restart, and then broadcast RTK correctors based on the coordinates before power off.

#### For Reference Latitude and Reference Longitude:

There are mainly three methods to enter the reference coordinates and shown as follows:

- **Acquire Current Position:** Click this button to acquire current position obtained through single-point positioning automatically.
- **Manual Input:** Manually input a known coordinates.
- **From CORS:** After logging in CORS, the receiver will obtain a coordinates based on fix solution. (See [6.2.1.5. I/O Settings menu](#) for more details about logging in CORS.)


#### For Sample for Average:

Users can determine the positioning limit and sampling amount.

The positioning limit falls into two types:

- **Single Solution Coordinates:** Collect the coordinates of receiver obtained through single-point positioning.
- **Fixed Solution Coordinates:** Only collect coordinates of receiver based on fix solution.

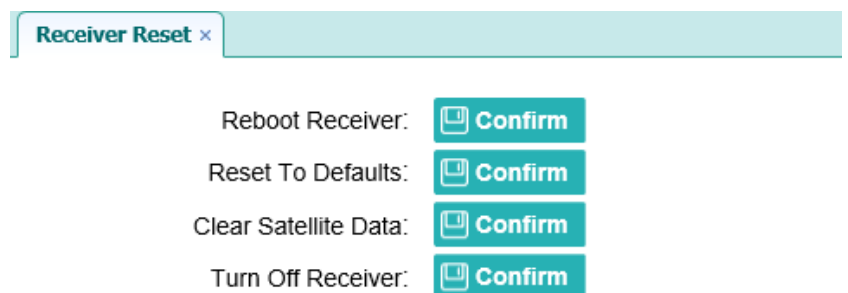
After the configuration of positioning limit and sampling amount,

click  to carry out sampling and averaging → the result will be served as the coordinates of current position.

Also, users can click  to save the current settings.

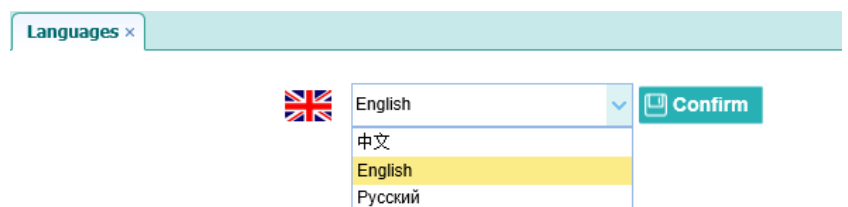
- Receiver Reset

Use this screen to completely or partially reset the receiver:



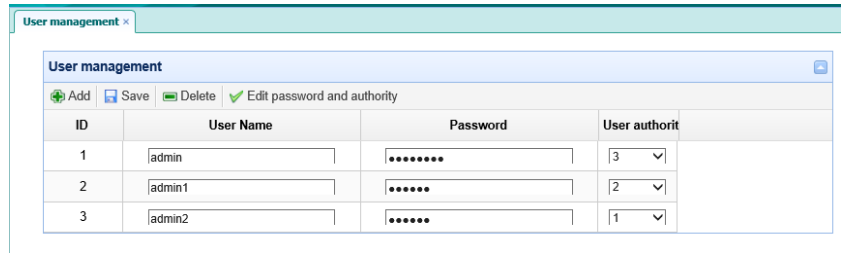
- Languages

Use this screen to select the web interface language:



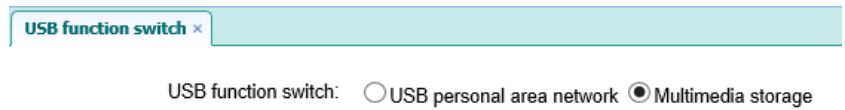
- User management

Use this screen to edit user management:



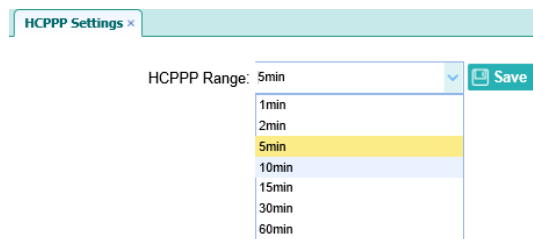
- USB function switch

Use this screen to switch USB function:



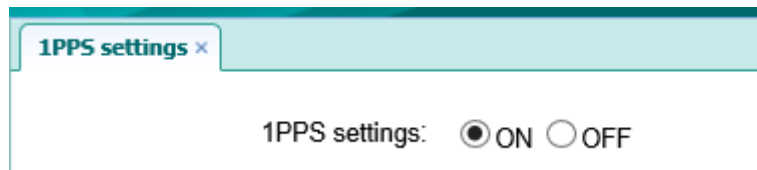
- HCPPP Settings

Use this screen to set HCPPP:



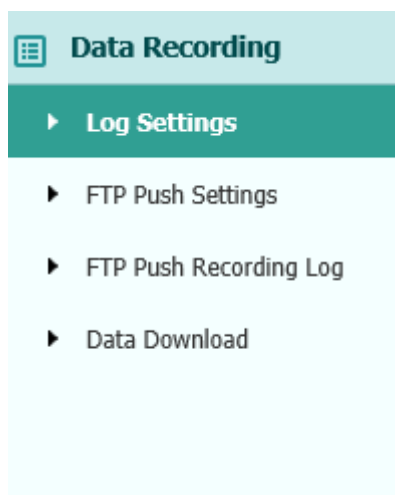
- 1PPS settings

Use this screen to set 1PPS:



#### 6.2.1.4. Data Recording menu

Use the Data Logging menu to set up the receiver to log static GNSS data and to view the logging settings. You can configure settings such as observable rate, recording rate, continuous logging limit, and whether to auto delete old files if memory is low. This menu also provides the controls for the FTP push feature:



- Log Settings

Shows the data logging status, internal and external storage usage and data logging status of each storage thread. Also, users can configure the data logging settings for each storage thread, including recording name, saving location, storage limit, store formats, start time, etc.

Log Settings >

| Store Info |                  |               |                   |
|------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|            | Position         | Total Storage | Storage Available |
| 1          | Internal Storage | 29767MB       | 29373MB           |
| 2          | External Storage | 0MB           | 0MB               |

Attention: Total assigned storage size of 8 threads should be less than 27GB. It will stop recording when the storage is full.

| Record Info   |           |          |               |                   |        |            |
|---------------|-----------|----------|---------------|-------------------|--------|------------|
| Recording Nur | File Name | Activate | Log Status    | Setting Parameter | Switch | Clear Data |
| 1             | record1   | Yes      | Recording     | Modify Delete     | ON OFF | Clear      |
| 2             | record2   | No       | Not Recording | Modify Delete     | ON OFF | Clear      |
| 3             | record3   | No       | Not Recording | Modify Delete     | ON OFF | Clear      |
| 4             | record4   | No       | Not Recording | Modify Delete     | ON OFF | Clear      |
| 5             | record5   | No       | Not Recording | Modify Delete     | ON OFF | Clear      |
| 6             | record6   | No       | Not Recording | Modify Delete     | ON OFF | Clear      |
| 7             | record7   | No       | Not Recording | Modify Delete     | ON OFF | Clear      |
| 8             | record8   | No       | Not Recording | Modify Delete     | ON OFF | Clear      |

To open or close all the storage threads, click the [ON] or [OFF] button to the right of Log Status field.

**NOTE** – The [ON] and [OFF] button to the right of Log Status field are the **Master Log Switch**. Every storage thread can log data only when the **Master Log Switch** is ON. And users can edit the settings of storage threads only when the **Master Log Switch** is OFF.

To edit the settings of each storage thread, click the [Modify] button to the right of the required storage thread, and then the Recording Edit screen appears:

In this screen, you can set all data logging parameters, and determine whether the recording files will be affected by the FTP Push. The parameters are mainly as follows:

- **Auto Record:** Select “Yes” or “No” to determine whether to log data when the **Master Log Switch** is ON.
- **Sample Interval:** Select the observable rate from the dropdown list.
- **Store Location:** Determine whether to store at internal storage or external storage.
- **Start Date:** Set the start time of data log in UTC. Select “Yes” or “No” option below to determine whether to start logging from the set time.
- **Duration Time:** Set the time interval of recording.
- **Storage:** Set the storage limit of this thread.
- **Circulating Memory:** Select “Yes” or “No” to determine whether to auto delete old files if the storage space is full.
- **Storage Format:** The default format of recording files is HCN.
- **FTP Push:** Decide whether to push the stored files to the FTP server of your choice.

Click  **Save** to save the settings and back to the Log Settings

screen. Also, users can click  **Back** to abandon the changed settings and back to Log Settings screen.

**NOTE** – to delete the record data, you can remove all the eight record data by the total button **clear all accounts**. Also you can delete each record data by **clear** button under the selected thread.

To delete the recorded files of **ANY** storage thread, click the **Clear** button to the right of the required storage thread.

To delete the recorded files of **ALL** storage threads, click **[Clear All]** button.

- FTP Push Settings

Use this screen to configure the receiver to push stored files to the FTP server of your choice. Only files that are configured to use FTP push are transmitted. Click **Modify** to the right of the required FTP server and the FTP Push Settings screen appears:

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "FTP Push Settings" with a close button in the top right corner. The dialog contains the following fields and values:

- Server IP: 192.168.3.72
- Port: 21
- Remote Directory: /repo/first
- Local directory: mnt/repo (dropdown menu)
- Server Description: ftp server 1
- User Name: ftpuser1
- Password: [masked with dots]

At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: a green "Save" button with a checkmark icon and a red "Back" button with an 'X' icon.

- FTP Push Recording

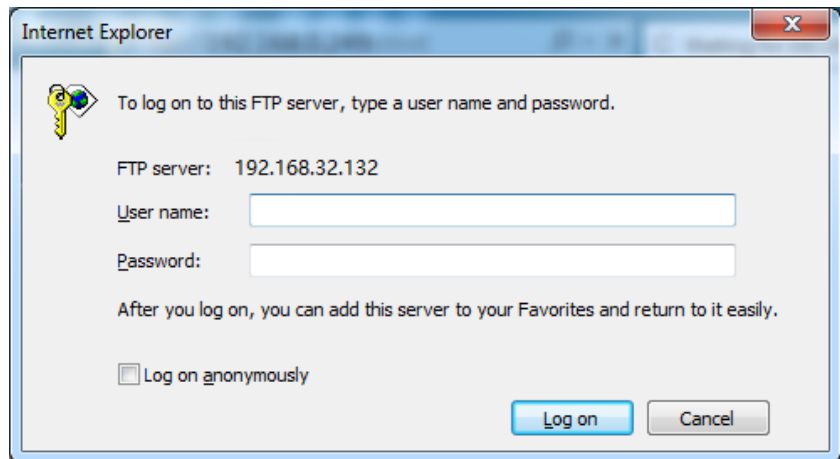
Shows the related information about the recorded files that be pushed. And users can click **[Clear FTP Push Log]** in the upper right corner to clear the status of FTP Push operations.

- Data Download

In this submenu, users can download the data files that recorded in the internal storage through the internal FTP site.

1. Click this submenu, and then the log on dialogue box will prompt you to enter a user name and password:





The default logon account for the internal FTP site is:

- User name: ftp
- Password: ftp

2. Click the directory named as **repo** to view and download the files currently stored on the receiver:

### FTP directory /mnt at 192. 168. 32. 132

To view this FTP site in File Explorer: press Alt, click View, and then click **Open FTP Site in File Explorer**.

[Up to higher level directory](#)

|                    |           |                                 |
|--------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| 01/01/1980 12:00AM | 30,208    | <a href="#">conf.tar</a>        |
| 01/01/1980 12:00AM | 6,144     | <a href="#">log.tar</a>         |
| 01/01/1980 12:00AM | Directory | <a href="#">repo</a>            |
| 01/01/1980 12:00AM | 1,833,936 | <a href="#">update-used.tar</a> |

3. To find the file need to be downloaded, click the name of storage thread → the date of file that be recorded → the format of the file → the name of the target file.

### FTP directory /mnt/repo/record\_1/20141110/hcn/ 192. 168. 32. 132

To view this FTP site in File Explorer: press Alt, click View, and then click **Open FTP Site in File Explorer**.

[Up to higher level directory](#)

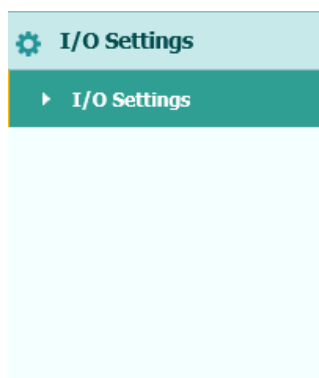
|                    |           |                                 |
|--------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| 11/10/2014 01:50AM | 2,022,286 | <a href="#">000227313A0.HCN</a> |
| 11/10/2014 02:10AM | 1,931,090 | <a href="#">000227313A1.HCN</a> |
| 11/10/2014 02:30AM | 2,027,918 | <a href="#">000227313A2.HCN</a> |
| 11/10/2014 02:51AM | 1,971,546 | <a href="#">000227313A3.HCN</a> |
| 11/10/2014 03:11AM | 2,064,760 | <a href="#">000227313A4.HCN</a> |
| 11/10/2014 03:27AM | 240,187   | <a href="#">000227313A5.HCN</a> |

4. To download a file, left-click the name of the target file → download the file according to the prompts.

#### 6.2.1.5. I/O Settings menu

Use the I/O Settings menu to set up all receiver outputs and inputs. The receiver can output CMR, RTCM, Raw data, Ephemeris data, GPGGA, GPGSV,

on TCP/IP, UDP, serial port, or Bluetooth ports.



- I/O Settings

The following figure shows an example of the screen that appears when you select this submenu.

| Type                        | Summary            | Output                                                    | Connection Sta | Modify                |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 1 RTK Client                | 211.144.118.5:2102 | ---                                                       | Unconnected    | Connect Disconnecting |
| 2 TCP/UDP_Client1/Ntrip Ser | 192.168.3.18.9900  | ---                                                       | Unconnected    | Connect Disconnecting |
| 3 TCP/UDP_Client2/Ntrip Ser | 192.168.3.18.9901  | ---                                                       | Unconnected    | Connect Disconnecting |
| 4 TCP/UDP_Client3/Ntrip Ser | 192.168.3.18.9902  | ---                                                       | Unconnected    | Connect Disconnecting |
| 5 TCP/UDP_Client4/Ntrip Ser | 192.168.3.18.9903  | ---                                                       | Unconnected    | Connect Disconnecting |
| 6 TCP/UDP_Client5/Ntrip Ser | 192.168.3.18.9904  | ---                                                       | Unconnected    | Connect Disconnecting |
| 7 TCP/UDP_Client6/Ntrip Ser | 192.168.3.18.9905  | ---                                                       | Unconnected    | Connect Disconnecting |
| 8 TCP Server/NTRIP Caster1  | 9901               | Raw Data:1Hz,GPGGA:1Hz,RTK:Auto,Differential Data RTCM3.2 | Closed         | Connect Disconnecting |
| 9 TCP Server/NTRIP Caster2  | 9902               | ---                                                       | Closed         | Connect Disconnecting |
| 10 TCP Server/NTRIP Caster3 | 9903               | ---                                                       | Closed         | Connect Disconnecting |
| 11 TCP Server/NTRIP Caster4 | 9904               | ---                                                       | Closed         | Connect Disconnecting |
| 12 Serial Port(DB9)         | 9600               | ---                                                       | ---            | Settings              |
| 13 Serial Port(COM2)        | 9600               | ---                                                       | ---            | Settings              |
| 14 Bluetooth                | GNSS-1020898       | ---                                                       | ---            | Settings              |
| 15 Radio                    | 458.0500MHz        | ---                                                       | ---            | Settings              |

In this submenu, users can configure 6 types of input and output settings.

### 1. RTK Client

After configuring the settings of RTK client, users can log on CORS or APIS. Click the **[Connect]** button to the right → the **I/O Settings** screen will appear → choose one of the connection protocols among the NTRIP, APIS\_BASE and APIS\_ROVER → configure the related parameters → click **[Confirm]** to log on CORS or APIS.

- Connection Protocol: NTRIP

The screenshot shows the 'RTK Client' window with the following fields and options:

- Connection Protocol: NTRIP (dropdown menu)
- Server IP: [Empty text box]
- Port: [Empty text box]
- Source List: asd (dropdown menu) with a 'Get' button to its right
- User Name: [Empty text box]
- Password: [Empty text box]
- Buttons: 'Confirm' (green) and 'Back' (red)

➤ Connection Protocol: APIS\_BASE

The screenshot shows the 'RTK Client' window with the following fields and options:

- Connection Protocol: APIS\_BASE (dropdown menu)
- Server IP: [Empty text box]
- Port: [Empty text box]
- Differential Data: OFF (dropdown menu)
- Buttons: 'Confirm' (green) and 'Back' (red)

➤ Connection Protocol: APIS\_ROVER

The screenshot shows the 'RTK Client' window with the following fields and options:

- Connection Protocol: APIS\_ROVER (dropdown menu)
- Server IP: [Empty text box]
- Port: [Empty text box]
- Base ID: [Empty dropdown menu]
- Buttons: 'Confirm' (green) and 'Back' (red)

## 2. TCP/UDP Client

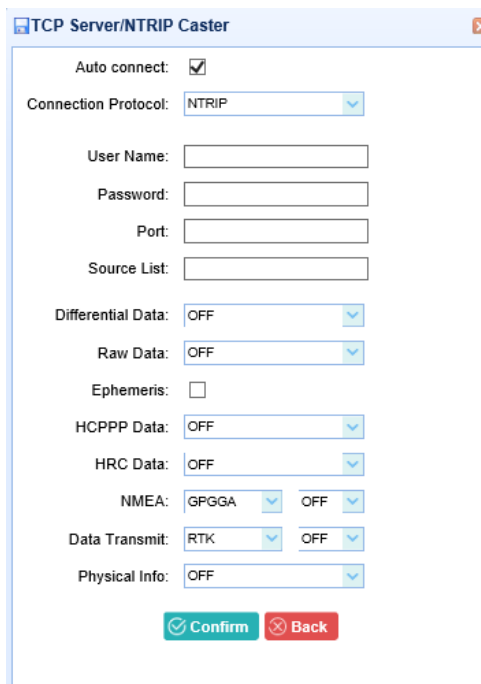
Click the [**Connect**] button to the right of required TCP/UDP Client → the **TCP/UDP Client** screen will appear → select the connection protocol from the dropdown list → enter the IP and Port of the target server → configure messages that you want to output to the target server → click [**Confirm**] to save and complete the connection.

**NOTE:** If the receiver and server are under the same Local Area Network (LAN), users can use the IP address in LAN of the server with any Port. However, if the receiver and server are under the two different LAN, users should use the public IP address of the server and configure the port mapping of the server.

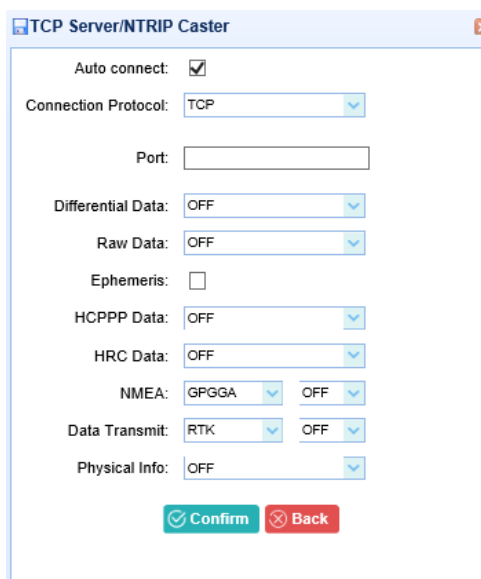
### 3. TCP/IP Server

Click the **[Connect]** button to the right of required TCP/IP Server → the **TCP Server/Ntrip Caster** screen will appear → select one of the connection protocols between NTRIP and TCP → configure the other related parameters → click **[Confirm]** to save the settings and open the server.

- Connection Protocol: NTRIP

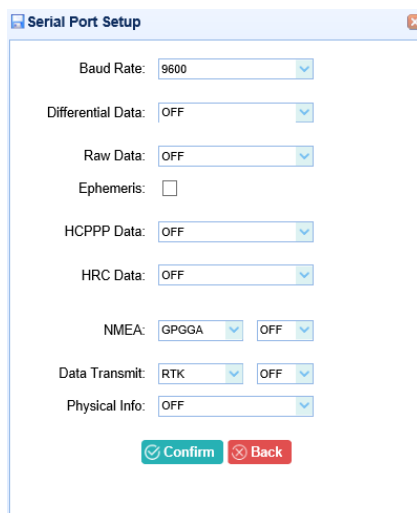


➤ Connection Protocol: TCP



4. COM Port

Click the [Settings] button to the right of required COM Port → the **Serial Port Setup** screen will appear → select Baud Rate used to transmit data → configure the messages that you want to output through the serial port → click [Confirm] to save the settings and start to transmit.



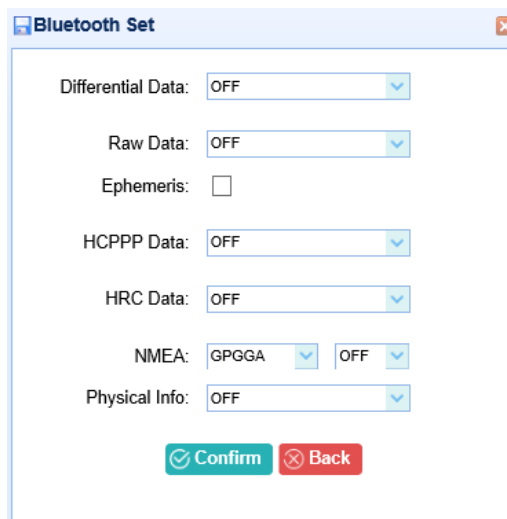
The screenshot shows the 'Serial Port Setup' dialog box. It contains the following settings:

- Baud Rate: 9600
- Differential Data: OFF
- Raw Data: OFF
- Ephemeris:
- HCPPP Data: OFF
- HRC Data: OFF
- NMEA: GPGGA, OFF
- Data Transmit: RTK, OFF
- Physical Info: OFF

At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'Confirm' (green) and 'Back' (red).

## 5. Bluetooth

Click the [**Settings**] button to the right of Bluetooth → the **Bluetooth Set** screen will appear → configure the messages that you want to transmit through Bluetooth → click [**Confirm**] to save the settings and start to transmit.



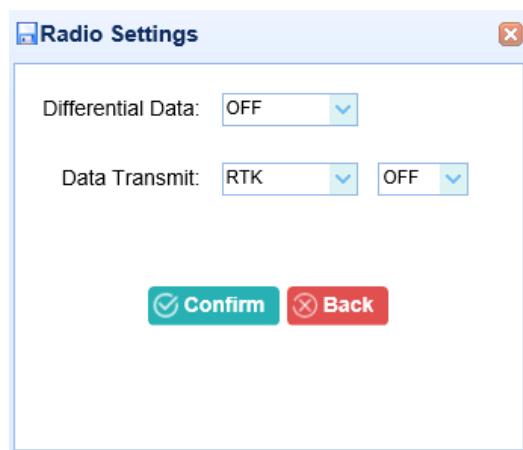
The screenshot shows the 'Bluetooth Set' dialog box. It contains the following settings:

- Differential Data: OFF
- Raw Data: OFF
- Ephemeris:
- HCPPP Data: OFF
- HRC Data: OFF
- NMEA: GPGGA, OFF
- Physical Info: OFF

At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'Confirm' (green) and 'Back' (red).

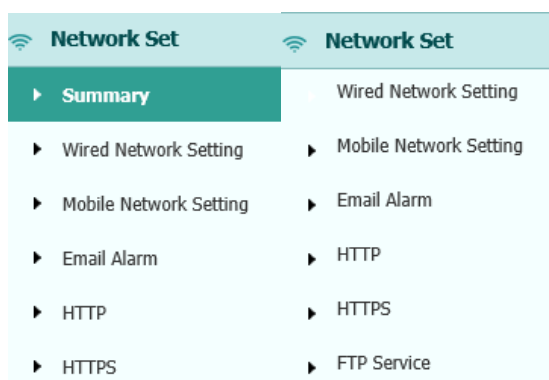
## 6. Radio

Click the [**Settings**] button to the right of Radio → the **Radio Settings** screen will appear → configure the messages that you want to transmit through Radio → click [**Confirm**] to save the settings and start to transmit.



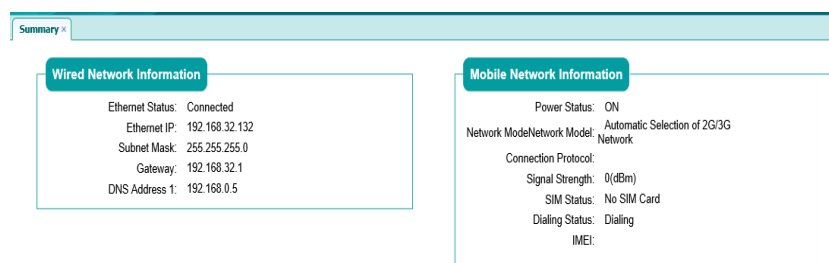
#### 6.2.1.6. Network Set menu

Use this menu to check and configure the Ethernet settings:



- Summary

The following figure shows an example of the screen that appears when you select this submenu:



- Wired Network Setting

Use this submenu to configure the related parameters of the Network, including static IP, subnet mask, etc.

Wired Network Setting
✕

Static IP  DHCP

**Ethernet**

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Gateway:

**DNS:**

DNS Address 1:

Save

- Mobile Network Setting

Use this submenu to configure the settings of the Network, then support mobile network.

Mobile Network Setting
✕

Network Set

GPRS Model Status: ON  ON  OFF

Auto Start:  Yes  No

---

Network ModeNetwork Model:  Only Use The 2G Network  Only Use The 3G Network  
 Automatic Selection of 2G/3G Network

---

Dialing Status: Dialing  Dial  Break

Auto Connect:  Yes  No

---

APN:

Dialing String:

User NameUser Name:

PasswordPassword:

Save

- Email Alarm

Email Alarm
✕

TO

Email Address 1:

Email Address 2:

Email Address 3:

Save

From

Account:

Password:

Server Address:

Save

Email Alert

Receiver is powered on

External power is off

Battery level is low

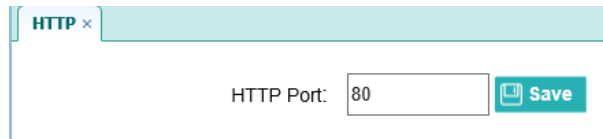
Flip push is failed

Receiver(license) will be expired in 7 days.


Save



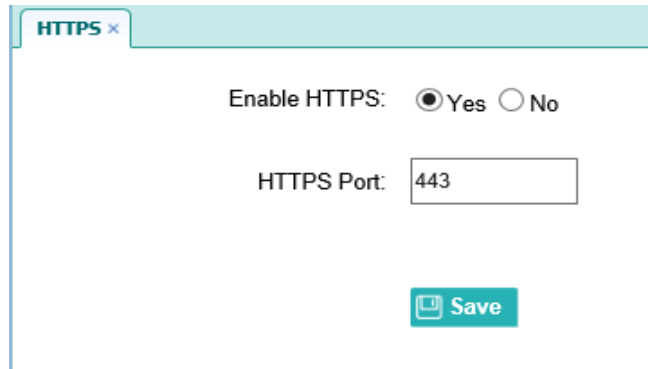
- HTTP



HTTP x

HTTP Port: 80 


- HTTPS



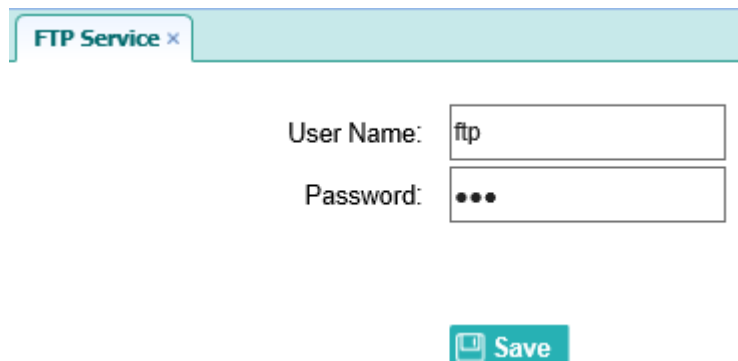
HTTPS x

Enable HTTPS:  Yes  No

HTTPS Port: 443




- FTP Service



FTP Service x

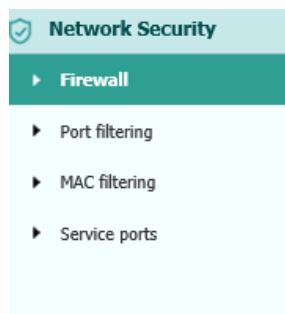
User Name: ftp

Password: ●●●



### 6.2.1.7. Network security menu

Use this menu to check and configure the Network Security.



- Firewall

Firewall x

Firewall

Attack Protection:

Firewall level: Low

Save

Help Information

**Anti-attack protection:**  
Against DDOS, syn\_flood and other common attacks

**Firewall Level Description:**  
High: Disable Ping.  
Low: Enable Ping.

- Port filtering

Use this submenu to control the access to the corresponding port of the receiver.

Port filtering x

filter mode: BlackList x

Disable  
BlackList

| ID | start port - end port                       | IP/Network Subnet    | protocol | Enable                   | Delete                   |
|----|---------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1  | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2  | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3  | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4  | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5  | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6  | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7  | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8  | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 9  | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 10 | <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | ALL      | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Save

**Help Information**

You can use the port filter function to control the access to the corresponding port of the receiver.

**Instructions:**  
If you want to clear the items that have been set, click on the "Delete" button after the item and then save to take effect.

**BlackList:**  
prohibits the entry of IP or network access to the corresponding receiver port, the format of the network subnet: 192.168.30.0/24.

- MAC filtering

Use this submenu to control the computer's access to the receiver on the LAN.

MAC filtering ×

filter mode: BlackList

| ID | MAC address          | Enable                   | Delete                   |
|----|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1  | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2  | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3  | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4  | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5  | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6  | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7  | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8  | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 9  | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 10 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

[Save](#)

**Help Information**

You can use the MAC address filtering function to control the computers access to the receiver on the LAN.

**Instructions:**  
If you want to clear the items that have been set, click the "Delete" button after the item and then save to take effect.

**Blacklist:**  
Disables access to the receiver for MAC addresses that are enabled in the table.

- Service ports

Service ports ×

**Service ports**

- telnet
- ssh
- ftp

[Save](#)

**Help Information**

**Enable:** Receiver starts the service

**Disable:** Receiver disables the service

### 6.2.1.8. Module Setting menu

Use this menu to check and configure the Module settings.

**Module Setting**

- ▶ Summary
- ▶ Wifi Settings
- ▶ Bluetooth Set
- ▶ Radio Settings

- Summary

The following figure shows an example of the screen that appears when

you select this submenu:

The screenshot shows a 'Summary' screen with two main sections: 'Wi-Fi Information' and 'Radio Information'.

| Wi-Fi Information       | Radio Information                   |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Power Status: ON        | Radio Type: Integrated Satel Radio  |
| Wifi Mode: Access Point | Radio Power: 1W                     |
| MAC: da:ad:be:02:08:98  | OTA Baud Rate: 9600                 |
| Access Point Details    | Radio Frequency: 456.0500MHz        |
| SSID: GNSS-1020898      | Radio Protocol: CHC                 |
| Encrypt Type: WAP       | Radio Frequency Channel: Full Range |
| Password: 12345678      | Frequency Range: 410MHz---470MHz    |

- Wi-Fi Settings

Use this submenu to configure the related parameters of the Wi-Fi settings, including Wi-Fi mode, encrypt type, password, etc.

The screenshot shows the 'Wifi Settings' screen. It includes the following fields and controls:

- Power Status: ON (with a red 'OFF' button)
- Auto Start:  Yes  No
- Internet:  Yes  No
- Wifi Mode: Access Point (dropdown menu)
- SSID: GNSS-1020898 (text input)
- Encrypt Type: WAP (dropdown menu)
- Password: •••••••• (password input)
- Start button

- Bluetooth Settings

The following figure shows an example of the screen that appears when you select this submenu:

The screenshot shows the 'Bluetooth Set' screen. It includes the following fields and controls:

- Local Name: GNSS-1020898
- MAC Address: F0:C7:7F:37:42:1B
- Visible:  Yes  No
- PIN: 1234 (text input)
- Save button

- Radio Settings

Use this submenu to configure the related parameters of the Radio settings, including radio protocol, spacing, OTA Baud Rate, power and frequency.

Radio Settings

Radio Status: ON  ON  OFF

Auto Start:  Yes  No

---

Radio Protocol: CHC

Radio Spacing : 25 (kHz)

OTA Baud Rate: 9600

Radio Power: 1W

Radio Frequency: 7 456.0500 (410MHz---470MHz)

#### 6.2.1.9. Firmware menu

Use this menu to check the current firmware information, download the system log, update the receiver firmware, download or update the configuration file and register the receiver.

- Firmware Info

Use this submenu to check the current firmware information. The following figure shows an example of the firmware information.

Firmware Info

Firmware Version: 1.0.29

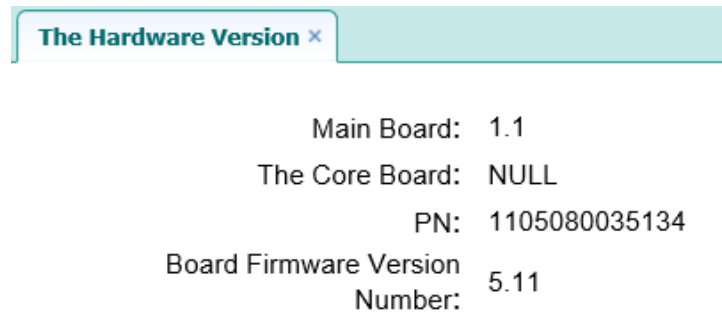
Firmware Release Time: 20170719\_7902

CHC Protocol Version: 1.5.5

- The Hardware Version

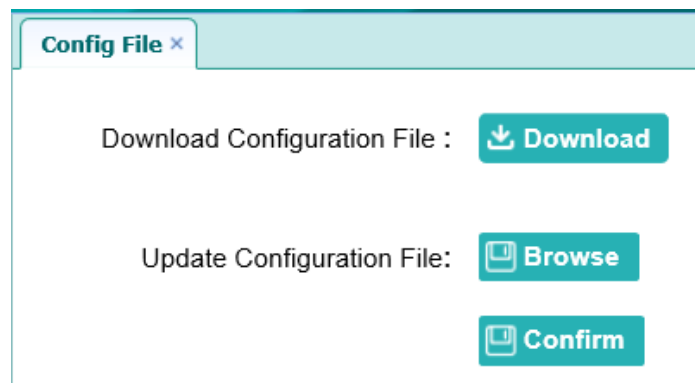
Use this submenu to check the current hardware information. The

following figure shows an example of the hardware information.



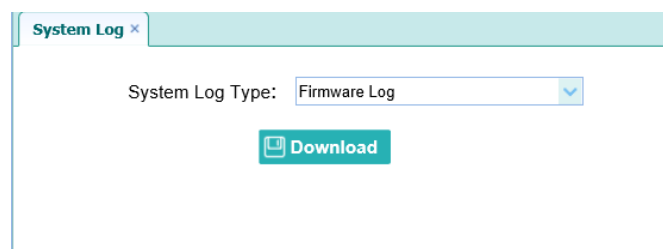
- Config File

In this submenu, users can download the configuration file by clicking [**Download**] button and determine a saving path to download the configuration file (.cfg file). Also, users can click the [**Browse**] button to locate the existing configuration file → click [**Confirm**] button to confirm the selected file and start updating.



- System Log

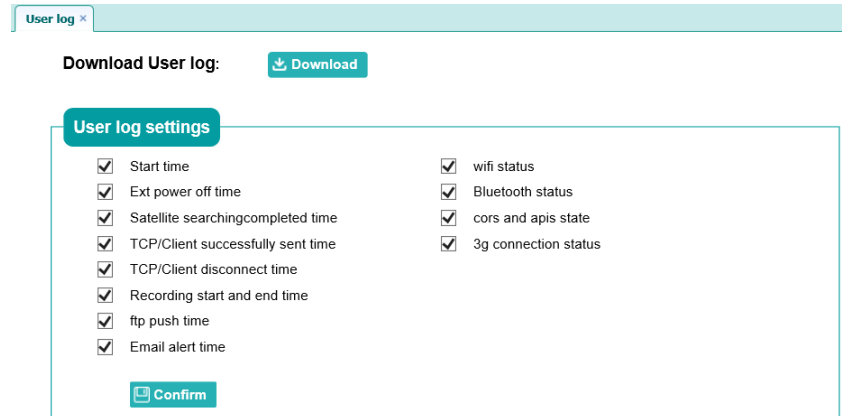
Use this submenu to download the system log of the receiver.



- User Log

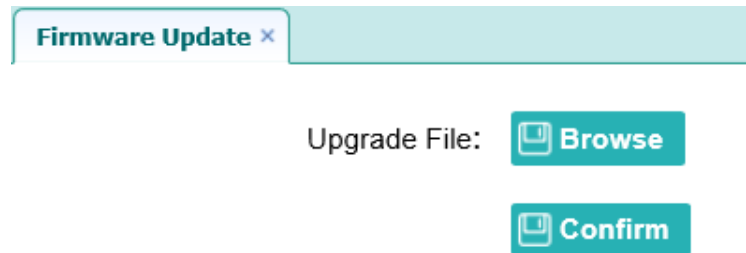
Use this submenu to tick which log files and download the user log of

the receiver.



- Firmware Update

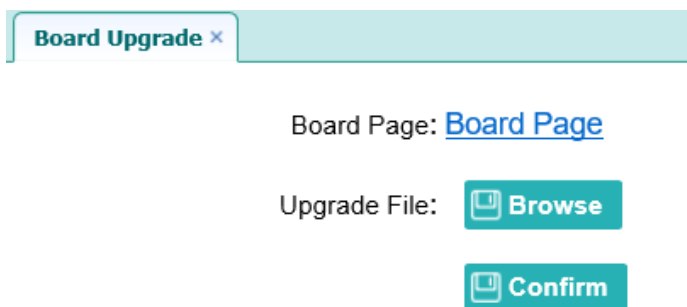
Use this submenu to load new firmware to the receiver across the network. Click the **[Browse]** button to locate the upgrade file → click **[Confirm]** button to confirm the selected upgrading file and start upgrading.



**NOTE:** It will take about 2 or 3 minutes to complete the firmware upgrading.

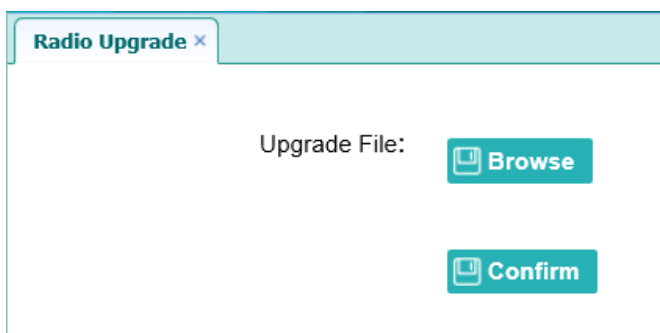
- Board Upgrade

Use this submenu to upgrade board. Click **[Browse]** to choose upgrade files and Click **[Confirm]** to upgrade.

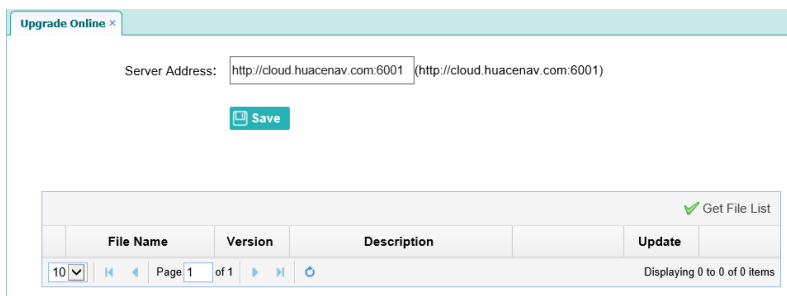


- Radio Upgrade

Use this submenu to upgrade radio. Click **[Browse]** to choose upgrade files and Click **[Confirm]** to upgrade.



- Upgrade Online



- GNSS Registration

Use this submenu to register the receiver. Paste or enter the registration code to the **Registration Code** field → click **[Registration]** button to complete the registration.



**GNSS Registration** ×

Serial Number:

Registration Limit:

Registration Code:

 **Registration**

## 7. DEFAULT SETTING AND CONFIGURATION FILES

Most of the receiver settings are stored in application files. The default application file, Default.cfg, is stored permanently in the receiver, and contains the factory default settings for the P5E GNSS reference receiver.

Whenever the receiver is reset to its factory defaults, the current settings (stored in the current configuration file, copy.cfg) are reset to the values in the default application file.

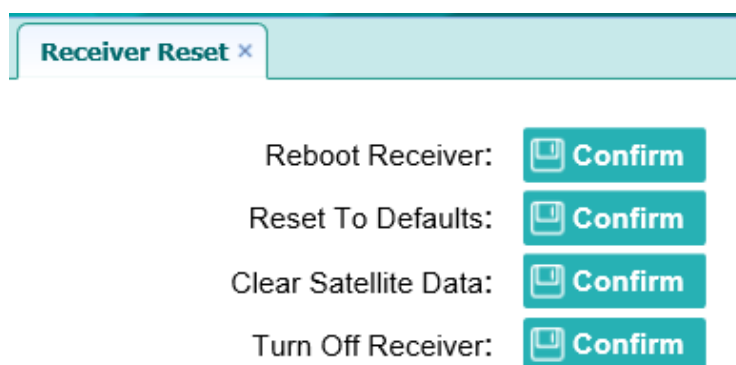
The P5E GNSS reference receiver extends the use of configuration files to allow simplified receiver setting duplication in multiple receivers. This is sometimes referred to as **receiver cloning** and is very useful when preparing a large group of receivers for a field data collection campaign.

### 7.1. DEFAULT RECEIVER SETTINGS

| Function            |                | Factory default values |
|---------------------|----------------|------------------------|
| SV Enable           |                | All SVs enabled        |
| General controls    | Elevation mask | 0°                     |
|                     | PDOP mask      | 6                      |
| Lemo port           | Baud rate      | 9600                   |
|                     | Format         | 8-None-1               |
|                     | Flow control   | None                   |
| DB9 port            | Baud rate      | 9600                   |
|                     | Format         | 8-None-1               |
|                     | Flow control   | None                   |
| Log status          |                | OFF                    |
| Differential data   |                | OFF                    |
| Raw data            |                | OFF                    |
| Ephemeris data      |                | OFF                    |
| NMEA (GPGGA, GPGSV) |                | OFF                    |
| Reference position  | Latitude       | 0°0'0.00000000''       |
|                     | Longitude      | 0°0'0.00000000''       |
|                     | Height         | 0.000                  |
| Antenna             | Type           | None                   |
|                     | Measure Method | 2.0000 (Meter)         |
|                     | Height         | Antenna Phase Center   |

#### 7.1.1. RESETTING THE RECEIVER TO FACTORY DEFAULTS

Log in the web page of the receiver → tap and unfold the **Receiver Reset** menu → tap the **Receiver Reset** submenu → click the **[Confirm]** button to the right of **Reset to Defaults** field.



### 7.1.2. USING CONFIGURATION FILES TO DUPLICATE RECEIVER SETTINGS

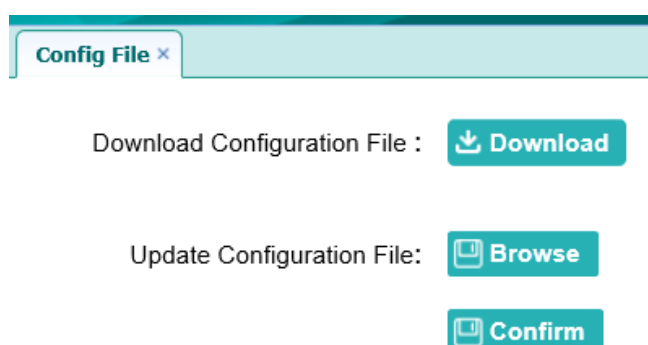
The P5E GNSS reference receiver allows the extensive use of application files in order to retain a unique receiver configuration. With this receiver, you can create a configuration file that includes most of the receiver's unique configuration settings. You can then update that configuration file onto one or more other P5E GNSS reference receivers to quickly configure them to match the receiver which creates that configuration file.

---

**NOTE:** The configuration file includes most of the configuration settings except IP Address, IP Mask, Gateway and DNS Server.

This is called receiver configuration cloning or cloning. Receiver cloning greatly reduces the time required to prepare a large group of receivers for field operations.

Log in the web page of the receiver → tap and unfold the **Firmware** menu → tap the **Config File** submenu → click the [**Browse**] button to locate the existing configuration file → click [**Confirm**] button to confirm the selected file and start updating.



## 8. SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter describes the specifications for the P5E GNSS reference receiver.

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

## 8.1. GNSS CHARACTERISTICS

| Feature                    | Specification                                                    |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Real Time Kinematic (RTK)  | Horizontal: 8 mm + 1 ppm RMS<br>Vertical: 15 mm + 1 ppm RMS      |
| Post Processing Static     | Horizontal: 2.5 mm + 0.5 ppm RMS<br>Vertical: 5 mm + 0.5 ppm RMS |
| Initialization time        | Typically < 10 s                                                 |
| Initialization reliability | Typically > 99.9%                                                |

## 8.2. COMMUNICATION

| Feature                 | Specification                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RJ45 Jack               | Ethernet                                                                                                                                      |
| DB9 male                | 3-wire RS232, see C.III. CHC P5E receiver db9 male connector definition for details                                                           |
| COM1 (7-pin LEMO port)  | 8-wire RS232, see C.II. CHC P5E receiver COM 1 (7-pin LEMO port) definition for details                                                       |
| COM2 (10-pin LEMO port) | 9-wire RS232, see C.I. CHC P5E receiver COM 2 (10-pin LEMO port) definition for details                                                       |
| USB port                | Type-A USB receptacle, operates in Host mode                                                                                                  |
| Bluetooth               | Fully integrated, fully sealed 2.4 GHz Bluetooth wireless technology                                                                          |
| Protocols               | Correction formats: CMR, CMR+, SCMR, RTCM2.3, 3.0<br>Observables: RT17, RT27, RTCM3.X<br>Position/Status I/O: NMEA-0183 V2.30 (GPGGA & GPGSV) |

## 8.3. PHYSICAL

| Feature                   | Specification                                                                                            |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Size                      | 200 x 150 x 69 mm (7.9 x 5.9 x 2.7 in)                                                                   |
| Weight                    | 2.24 kg (79 oz)                                                                                          |
| Operating temperature     | -40 °C to +65 °C (-40 °F to +149 °F)                                                                     |
| Storage temperature       | -45 °C to +80 °C (-40°F to 176°F)                                                                        |
| Humidity                  | 100% condensation                                                                                        |
| Waterproof and dust proof | Tested to IP67; waterproof for temporary immersion to a depth of 1 m (3.28 ft) for 30 minutes; dustproof |
| Shock                     | Designed to survive a 1 m (3.28 ft) drop onto concrete                                                   |

## 8.4. ELECTRICAL

| Feature                            | Specification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Power consumption                  | 4 W nominal, dependent on user settings                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Internal                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Integrated internal battery 7.4 V, 17000 mA-h, Lithium-ion</li> <li>Internal battery can operate as a UPS in the event of external power source outage</li> <li>Internal battery will charge from the external power source when the internal battery is not fully charged</li> </ul>               |
| External                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power source supply (Internal / External) is hot swap capable in the event of power source removal or cut-off</li> <li>Power input on Lemo ports is 9 V DC to 36 V DC external power input</li> <li>Receiver will auto power on when connected to external power with voltage above 11 V</li> </ul> |
| Operation time on internal battery | Up to 24 hours continuous operation, dependent on user setting                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## 8.5. GENERAL

| Feature             | Specification                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Front panel display | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vacuum Fluorescent Display (VFD)</li> <li>Power button and indicator LED</li> <li>Escape, OK and 4 arrow keys (up, down, left, right)</li> <li>USB port and 3G slot</li> </ul> |
| Receiver type       | GNSS reference receiver                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Antenna type        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CHC A220GR GNSS Geodetic antenna or CHC C220GR GNSS Choke Ring antenna preferred.</li> <li>Other models supported.</li> </ul>                                                  |

## 8.6. DATA STORAGE

| Feature          | Specification                                                 |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Internal storage | 32 GB                                                         |
| External storage | Supporting USB drive or portable hard drive                   |
| Storage method   | 8-thread logging, circulating data logging                    |
| Data format      | HCN, RINEX, original binary data                              |
| Data download    | FTP push, online download, storage on an external USB devices |



## A. UPGRADING THE RECEIVER FIRMWARE

The receiver is supplied with the latest version of the receiver firmware already installed. If a later version of the firmware becomes available, use the USB device to upgrade the firmware on your receiver. For the latest firmware resource, please consult your local CHC dealer.

You can also upgrade the receiver through the web interface. The firmware file required to upgrade the receiver through the Web interface is located in the folder where the user saves the file. The file type required is the format update\_P5E\_e\_vXXXXX\_bYYYYMMDD.bin where XXXXX represents the version of firmware and YYYYMMDD represents the firmware encapsulation date.

### A.I. THE WINFLASH UTILITY

The WinFlash utility communicates with CHC products to perform various functions including:

- load or verify GPS software of the mainboard
- update or verify the receiver options

For more information, online help is also available when using the WinFlash utility.

#### A.I.i. INSTALLING THE WINFLASH UTILITY

You can download the WinFlash utility from the Trimble website. This self-extracting executable guides you through the software installation process.

## A.II. UPGRADING THE RECEIVER FIRMWARE

### A.II.i. UPGRADING THROUGH USB PORT

1. Copy the firmware file to the root directory of external storage device such as USB drive, portable hard drive.
2. Connect the external storage device with receiver through USB port.
3. Restart the receiver and then the screen will prompt you whether to upgrade the firmware.
4. Press **OK** button to upgrade the firmware.
5. When the upgrading is completed, the receiver will be restarted and the screen will prompt you whether to upgrade the firmware again.
6. Press one of the arrow keys to quit the upgrading and then remove the external storage device.

### A.II.ii. UPGRADING THROUGH A BROWSER

Please connect to the receiver through a web browser according to **6.2. Configuring through a web browser**, and then refer to **6.2.1.9 Firmware menu** → **Firmware Update** for detail operation steps.

---

**NOTE:** After the receiver firmware upgrading, the IP information may be changed. Please confirm the IP setting of the receiver before using it.



## B. TROUBLESHOOTING

Use this appendix to identify and solve common problems that may occur during the use of the receiver.

Please read this section before you contact CHC Technical Support.

### B.I. RECEIVER ISSUES

This section describes some possible receiver issues, possible causes, and how to solve them.

| Issue                                               | Possible cause                                                    | Solution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The receiver does not turn on.                      | External power is too low.                                        | Check the charge on the external battery and, if applicable, check the fuse.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                     | Internal power is too low.                                        | Check the charge on the internal battery.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                     | External power is not properly connected.                         | Check that the Lemo connector is seated correctly and that the cable is secured to the receiver.<br>Check for broken or bent pins in the connector.                                                                                                                        |
|                                                     | Faulty power cable.                                               | Check that you are using the correct cable for the connection between Lemo port and external power supply.<br>Check that the correct external power supply is connected to a particular Lemo port.<br>Check pinouts with a multimeter to ensure internal wiring is intact. |
| Receiver does not log data.                         | The receiver is tracking fewer than four satellites.              | Wait until the receiver display shows that more than four satellites are being tracked.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| The receiver is not responding.                     | Receiver needs a soft reset.                                      | Turn off the receiver and then turn it back on again.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| The reference station receiver is not broadcasting. | Port settings between reference receiver and radio are incorrect. | Check the port settings for the receiver by using the Web interface. Check that the radio ports are correctly set up.                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                     | Faulty cable between receiver and radio.                          | Try a different cable.<br>Examine the ports for missing pins.<br>Use a multimeter to check pinouts.                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                     | No power to radio.                                                | If the radio has its own power supply, check the charge and connections.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| The receiver is not receiving satellite signals     | The GNSS antenna cable is loose.                                  | Make sure that the GNSS antenna cable is tightly seated in the antenna connector on the GNSS antenna.                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                     | The cable is damaged.                                             | Check the cable for any signs of damage. A damaged cable can inhibit signal detection from the antenna at the receiver.                                                                                                                                                    |

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The GNSS antenna is not in clear line of sight to the sky.

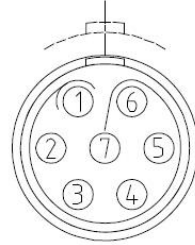
Make sure that the GNSS antenna is located with a clear view of the sky.  
Restart the receiver as a last resort (turn off and then turn it on again).

---

## C. COMMUNICATION PORTS DEFINITION

### C.I. CHC P5E RECEIVER COM 1 (7-PIN LEMO PORT)

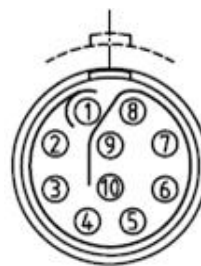
#### DEFINITION



| PIN | FUNCTION          |
|-----|-------------------|
| 1   | Ground ( - )      |
| 2   | Ground ( - )      |
| 3   | RS232-TX (Output) |
| 4   | PPS               |
| 5   | Not Used          |
| 6   | VIN               |
| 7   | RS232-RX (Input)  |

### C.II. CHC P5E RECEIVER COM 2 (10-PIN LEMO PORT)

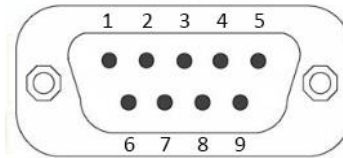
#### DEFINITION



| PIN | Signal Name | Description                                                 |
|-----|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | RXD         | RS232-RX (receive data through this pin)                    |
| 2   | TXD         | RS232-TX (transmit data through this pin)                   |
| 3   | PWR         | External Power Input (positive pole)                        |
| 4   | PWR         | External Power Input (positive pole)                        |
| 5   | PWR, GND    | External Power Input (negative pole), External Power Ground |
| 6   | PWR, GND    | External Power Input (negative pole), External Power Ground |
| 7   | VBUS        | USB device                                                  |
| 8   | DM          | USB device                                                  |

|    |          |            |
|----|----------|------------|
| 9  | DP       | USB device |
| 10 | Not Used |            |

### C.III. CHC P5E RECEIVER DB9 MALE CONNECTOR DEFINITION



| PIN | Signal Name | Description                               |
|-----|-------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 1   | Not Used    |                                           |
| 2   | TXD         | RS232-TX (transmit data through this pin) |
| 3   | RXD         | RS232-RX (receive data through this pin)  |
| 4   | Not Used    |                                           |
| 5   | GND         | External Power Ground                     |
| 6   | Not Used    |                                           |
| 7   | Not Used    |                                           |
| 8   | Not Used    |                                           |
| 9   | Not Used    |                                           |

## D. GLOSSARY

|                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>base station</b>            | Also called reference station. A base station in construction, is a receiver placed at a known point on a jobsite that tracks the same satellites as an RTK rover, and provides a real-time differential correction message stream through radio to the rover, to obtain centimeter level positions on a continuous real-time basis. A base station can also be a part of a virtual reference station network, or a location at which GPS observations are collected over a period of time, for subsequent postprocessing to obtain the most accurate position for the location.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>carrier</b>                 | A radio wave having at least one characteristic (such as frequency, amplitude, or phase) that can be varied from a known reference value by modulation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>carrier frequency</b>       | The frequency of the unmodulated fundamental output of a radio transmitter. The GPS L1 carrier frequency is 1575.42 MHz.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>carrier phase</b>           | The time taken for the L1 or L2 carrier signal generated by the satellite to reach the GPS receiver. Measuring the number of carrier waves between the satellite and receiver is a very accurate method of calculating the distance between them.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>CMR</b>                     | Compact Measurement Record. A real-time message format developed by Trimble                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>CMR+</b>                    | for broadcasting corrections to other Trimble mainboard receivers. CMR is a more efficient alternative to RTCM.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>DGPS</b>                    | See real-time differential GPS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>differential correction</b> | Differential correction is the process of correcting GPS data collected on a rover with data collected simultaneously at a base station. Because the base station is on a known location, any errors in data collected at the base station can be measured, and the necessary corrections applied to the rover data. Differential correction can be done in real-time, or after the data has been collected by postprocessing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Differential GPS</b>        | See real-time differential GPS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>DOP</b>                     | Dilution of Precision. A measure of the quality of GPS positions, based on the geometry of the satellites used to compute the positions. When satellites are widely spaced relative to each other, the DOP value is lower, and position accuracy is greater. When satellites are close together in the sky, the DOP is higher and GPS positions may contain a greater level of error. PDOP (Position DOP) indicates the three-dimensional geometry of the satellites. Other DOP values include HDOP (Horizontal DOP) and VDOP (Vertical DOP), which indicate the accuracy of horizontal measurements (latitude and longitude) and vertical measurements respectively. PDOP is related to HDOP and VDOP as follows:<br>$PDOP^2 = HDOP^2 + VDOP^2$ |
| <b>dual-frequency GPS</b>      | A type of receiver that uses both L1 and L2 signals from GPS satellites. A dual-frequency receiver can compute more precise position fixes over longer distances and under more adverse conditions because it compensates for ionospheric delays.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>EGNOS</b>                   | European Geostationary Navigation Overlay Service. A satellite-based augmentation system (SBAS) that provides a free-to-air differential correction service for GPS. EGNOS is the European equivalent of WAAS, which is available in the United                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

|                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                    | States.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>elevation mask</b>              | The angle below which the receiver will not track satellites. Normally set to 10 degrees to avoid interference problems caused by buildings and trees, and multipath errors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>ephemeris /<br/>ephemerides</b> | A list of predicted (accurate) positions or locations of satellites as a function of time. A set of numerical parameters that can be used to determine a satellite's position.<br>Available as broadcast ephemeris or as postprocessed precise ephemeris.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>epoch</b>                       | The measurement interval of a GPS receiver. The epoch varies according to the measurement type: for real-time measurement it is set at one second; for postprocessed measurement it can be set to a rate of between one second and one minute. For example, if data is measured every 15 seconds, loading data using 30-second epochs means loading every alternate measurement.                                                      |
| <b>firmware</b>                    | The program inside the receiver that controls receiver operations and hardware.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>GLONASS</b>                     | Global Orbiting Navigation Satellite System. GLONASS is a Soviet space-based navigation system comparable to the American GPS system. The operational system consists of 21 operational and 3 non-operational satellites in 3 orbit planes.                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>GNSS</b>                        | Global Navigation Satellite System.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>GSOFF</b>                       | General Serial Output Format. A Trimble proprietary message format.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>HDOP</b>                        | Horizontal Dilution of Precision. HDOP is a DOP value that indicates the accuracy of horizontal measurements. Other DOP values include VDOP (vertical DOP) and PDOP (Position DOP).<br>Using a maximum HDOP is ideal for situations where vertical precision is not particularly important, and your position yield would be decreased by the vertical component of the PDOP ( for example, if you are collecting data under canopy). |
| <b>L1</b>                          | The primary L-band carrier used by GPS satellites to transmit satellite data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>L2</b>                          | The secondary L-band carrier used by GPS satellites to transmit satellite data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>L5</b>                          | The third L-band carrier used by GPS satellites to transmit satellite data. L5 will provide a higher power level than the other carriers. As a result, acquiring and tracking weak signals will be easier.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>MSAS</b>                        | MTSAT Satellite-Based Augmentation System. A satellite-based augmentation system (SBAS) that provides a free-to-air differential correction service for GPS. MSAS is the Japanese equivalent of WAAS, which is available in the United States.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>multi-frequency<br/>GPS</b>     | A type of receiver that uses multiple carrier phase measurements (L1, L2, and L5) from different satellite frequencies.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>multipath</b>                   | Interference, similar to ghosts on a television screen that occurs when GPS signals arrive at an antenna having traversed different paths. The signal traversing the longer path yields a larger pseudorange estimate and increases the error. Multiple paths can arise from reflections off the ground or off structures near the antenna.                                                                                           |
| <b>NMEA</b>                        | National Marine Electronics Association. NMEA 0183 defines the standard for interfacing marine electronic navigational devices. This standard defines a number of 'strings' referred to as NMEA strings that contain navigational details such as positions. Most CHC GPS receivers can output positions as NMEA strings.                                                                                                             |
| <b>PDOP</b>                        | Position Dilution of Precision. PDOP is a DOP value that indicates the accuracy of                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

|                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                   | three-dimensional measurements. Other DOP values include VDOP (vertical DOP) and HDOP (Horizontal Dilution of Precision).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                   | Using a maximum PDOP value is ideal for situations where both vertical and horizontal precision are important.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>postprocessing</b>             | Postprocessing is the processing of satellite data after it has been collected, in order to eliminate error. This involves using computer software to compare data from the rover with data collected at the base station.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>real-time differential GPS</b> | Also known as <i>real-time differential correction</i> or <i>DGPS</i> . Real-time differential GPS is the process of correcting GPS data as you collect it. Corrections are calculated at a base station and then sent to the receiver through a radio link. As the rover receives the position it applies the corrections to give you a very accurate position in the field.<br><br>Most real-time differential correction methods apply corrections to code phase positions. RTK uses carrier phase measurements.<br><br>While DGPS is a generic term, its common interpretation is that it entails the use of single-frequency code phase data sent from a GPS base station to a rover GPS receiver to provide sub-meter position accuracy. The rover receiver can be at a long range (greater than 100 km (62 miles)) from the base station. |
| <b>reference station</b>          | See base station                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>rover</b>                      | A rover is any mobile GPS receiver that is used to collect or update data in the field, typically at an unknown location.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>RTCM</b>                       | Radio Technical Commission for Maritime Services. A commission established to define a differential data link for the real-time differential correction of roving GPS receivers. There are three versions of RTCM correction messages. All CHC GPS receivers use Version 2 protocol for single-frequency DGPS type corrections. Carrier phase corrections are available on Version 2, or on the newer Version 3 RTCM protocol, which is available on certain CHC dual-frequency receivers. The Version 3 RTCM protocol is more compact but is not as widely supported as Version 2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>RTK</b>                        | Real-time kinematic. A real-time differential GPS method that uses carrier phase measurements for greater accuracy.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>SBAS</b>                       | Satellite-Based Augmentation System. SBAS is based on differential GPS, but applies to wide area (WAAS/EGNOS and MSAS) networks of reference stations. Corrections and additional information are broadcast via geostationary satellites.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>signal-to-noise ratio</b>      | SNR. The signal strength of a satellite is a measure of the information content of the signal, relative to the signal's noise. The typical SNR of a satellite at 30° elevation is between 47 and 50 dBHz. The quality of a GPS position is degraded if the SNR of one or more satellites in the constellation falls below 39.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>skyplot</b>                    | The satellite skyplot confirms reception of a differentially corrected GPS signal and displays the number of satellites tracked by the GPS receiver, as well as their relative positions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>SNR</b>                        | See signal-to-noise ratio                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>UTC</b>                        | Universal Time Coordinated. A time standard based on local solar mean time at the Greenwich meridian.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>VRS</b>                        | Virtual Reference Station. A VRS system consists of GNSS hardware, software, and                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

communication links. It uses data from a network of reference stations to provide corrections to each rover that are more accurate than corrections from a single base station.

To start using VRS corrections, the rover sends its position to the VRS server. The VRS server uses the reference station data to model systematic errors (such as ionospheric noise) at the rover position. It then sends RTCM or CMR correction messages back to the rover.

## **WAAS**


Wide Area Augmentation System. WAAS was established by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for flight and approach navigation for civil aviation. WAAS improves the accuracy and availability of the basic GPS signals over its coverage area, which includes the continental United States and outlying parts of Canada and Mexico.

The WAAS system provides correction data for visible satellites. Corrections are computed from ground station observations and then uploaded to two geostationary satellites. This data is then broadcast on the L1 frequency, and is tracked using a channel on the GPS receiver, exactly like a GPS satellite.

Use WAAS when other correction sources are unavailable, to obtain greater accuracy than autonomous positions. For more information on WAAS, refer to the FAA website at <http://gps.faa.gov>.

The EGNOS service is the European equivalent and MSAS is the Japanese equivalent of WAAS.





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