



13. Radio Frequency Exposure

13.1. Applicable Standards

The measurements shown in this test report were made in accordance with the procedures given in FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1091)

13.2. EUT Specification

Frequency band (Operating)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2412MHz ~ 2462MHz <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5150MHz ~ 5250MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5250MHz ~ 5350MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5470MHz ~ 5725MHz <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5725MHz ~ 5850MHz <input type="checkbox"/> Bluetooth: 2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
Device category	<input type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation)
Exposure classification	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure ($S = 5\text{mW/cm}^2$) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure ($S=1\text{mW/cm}^2$)
Antenna diversity	<input type="checkbox"/> Single antenna <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multiple antennas <input type="checkbox"/> Tx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Rx diversity <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tx/Rx diversity
Evaluation applied	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation* <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> N/A

Remark:

1. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
2. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

13.3. Test Results

No non-compliance noted.



13.4.Calculation

$$\text{Given } E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 and

d (cm) = d (m) / 100

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2} \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power density in mW / cm²

13.5.Maximum Permissible Exposure

(Beamforming Mode)

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power(dBm)	Max. Tune up power (dBm)	Antenna Gain(dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)
5180-5240	25.55	25.55	9.52	27	0.3508	1
5745-5825	23.43	23.43	12.53	27	0.4306	1

**Maximum Permissible Exposure(Co-location)**

Beamforming

Modulation Type	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power (dBm)	Max. Tune up power (dBm)	Antenna Gain(dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm2)	Limit (mW/cm2)	MPE Ratio
11b	2412-2462	28.98	28.98	4	27	0.2168	1.000	0.2168
11ac VHT40	5150-5250	25.55	25.55	9.52	27	0.3508	1.000	0.3508
11ax HE20	5725-5850	23.43	23.43	12.53	27	0.4306	1.000	0.4306
Co-location Total								0.9982
Σ MPE ratios Limit								1