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#### Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

For the

Ubiquiti Networks Model XR5

Verified under

The FCC Certification Rules Contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.247, Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

#### MET Report: EMCS21035C-FCC247\_REV1

May 2, 2008

**Prepared For:** 

Ubiquiti Networks 495-499 Montague Expressway Milpitas, CA 95035

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 4855 Patrick Henry Dr., Building 6 Santa Clara, CA 95054



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#### **Tested Under**

The FCC Certification Rules Contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.247, Subpart C For Intentional Radiators

Shawn McMillen, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

1 igenation

Jennifer Sanchez Documentation Department

**Engineering Statement:** The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Part 15.247, of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Tony Permsombut, Manager Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



## **Report Status Sheet**

Revision Report Date		Reason for Revision	
Ø	January 15, 2007	Initial Issue.	
1	May 2, 2008	Correct Antenna List (15.203 section)	



### **Table of Contents**

I.	Executive Summary	1
	A. Purpose of Test	
	B. Executive Summary	2
II.	Equipment Configuration	3
	A. Overview	4
	B. References	5
	C. Test Site	6
	D. Description of Test Sample	6
	E. Equipment Configuration	
	F. Support Equipment	
	G. Ports and Cabling Information	
	H. Mode of Operation	
	I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation	
	J. Modifications	
	a) Modifications to EUT	10
	b) Modifications to Test Standard	
	K. Disposition of EUT	
III.	Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators	11
	§ 15.107(a) Conducted Emissions Limits	
	§ 15.109(a) Radiated Emission Limits	
	§ 15.09(a) Radiated Emissions Limits	
IV.	Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators	20
	§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement	
	§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits	
	§ 15.247(a) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth	
	§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure	
	§ 15.247(d) Spurious Emissions Requirements – Radiated and RF Conducted	
	§ 15.207(a) Radiated Emissions Limits	
	§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density	
v.	Test Equipment	
VI.	Certification & User's Manual Information	
	A. Certification Information	
	B. Label and User's Manual Information	52



## **List of Tables**

Table 1 Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting	
Table 2. Equipment Configuration	
Table 3. Support Equipment	
Table 4. Ports and Cabling Information	
Table 5. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Section 15.107(a) (b)	
Table 6. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)	
Table 7. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)	
Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)	17
Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	
Table 10. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)	
Table 11. Output Power Requirements from §15.247	
Table 12. Restricted Bands of Operation	
Table 13. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)	

## **List of Figures**

Figure 1.	Block Diagram of Test Configuration	(Radiated Emissions)	1
Figure 2.	Block Diagram of Test Configuration	(Conducted Measurement)	3

## List of Photographs

Photograph 1. Ubiquiti Networks XR5	6
Photograph 2. Conducted Emissions Test Setup – Front View	
Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions Test Setup – Rear View	16
Photograph 4. Radiated Emission Test Setup 30 MHz - 1 GHz	
Photograph 5. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements Panel Antenna	33



AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBµA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBµV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current $\mu$
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
Н	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μΗ	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane

# List of Terms and Abbreviations



Electromagnetic Compatibility Executive Summary CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B &C

# I. Executive Summary



Ubiquiti Networks		
XR5		

#### A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Ubiquiti Networks XR5, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the XR5. Ubiquiti Networks should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the XR5, has been **permanently** discontinued

#### **B.** Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Ubiquiti Networks, purchase order number 610004. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference	RSS-210 and RSS-GEN	Description	Results
Transmitter Mode (TX)			
§15.207	6.6	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.203/15.247(c)	A8.4	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.247(a)(3)	A8.2	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3)	A8.4	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209	A8.5	Spurious Radiated and Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.247(e)	A8.2/RSS-102	Peak Power Spectral Density and RF Exposure	Compliant
Receiver Mode (RX)			
15.107	7.4	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
15.109	7.3	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant

 Table 1 Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting



Electromagnetic Compatibility Equipment Configuration CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B &C

# **II. Equipment Configuration**



#### A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Ubiquiti Networks to perform testing on the XR5, under Ubiquiti Networks's purchase order number 610004.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Ubiquiti Networks, XR5.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	XR5		
Model(s) Covered:	XR5		
	Primary Power: 110 V A	C, 60 Hz	
	FCC ID: SWX-XR5		
	Type of Modulations:	-Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing(OFDM)	
EUT Specifications:	Emission Designators:	16M4D7D	
	Equipment Code:	DTS	
	Peak RF Output Power:	802.11/a Mode: 29.98dBm	
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	: 5745-5825MHz	
Analysis:	The results obtained relate	e only to the item(s) tested.	
	Temperature (15-35° C)		
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity (30-60	%)	
	Barometric Pressure (860-1060 mbar)		
Evaluated by:	Shawn McMillen, Billy Kwan		
Report Date:	January 15, 2007		
Revision Date:	May 2, 2008		



#### **B.** References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart CFederal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulation Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, Radio Frequencies	
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices	
ANSI C63.4:2003Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-V Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GH	
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements	
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories



#### C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 4855 Patrick Henry Drive, Building 6, Santa Clara, California 95054. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories. In accordance with §2.948(d), MET Laboratories has been accredited by A2LA (Certificate Number 591.02).

#### **D.** Description of Test Sample

The Ubiquiti Networks XR5, is a 5.8GHz modular wireless device (PCMCIA)



Photograph 1. Ubiquiti Networks XR5



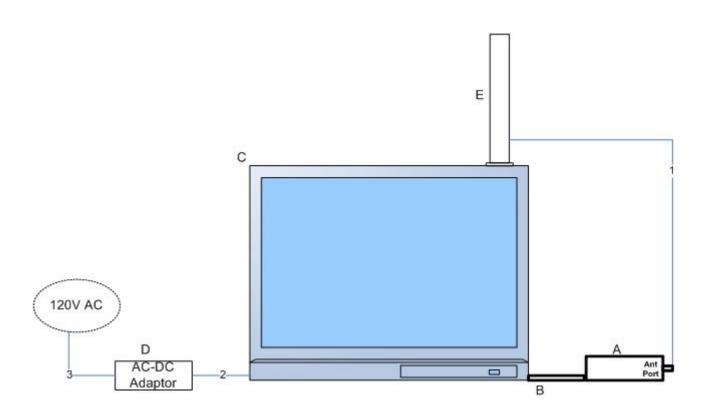


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration (Radiated Emissions)



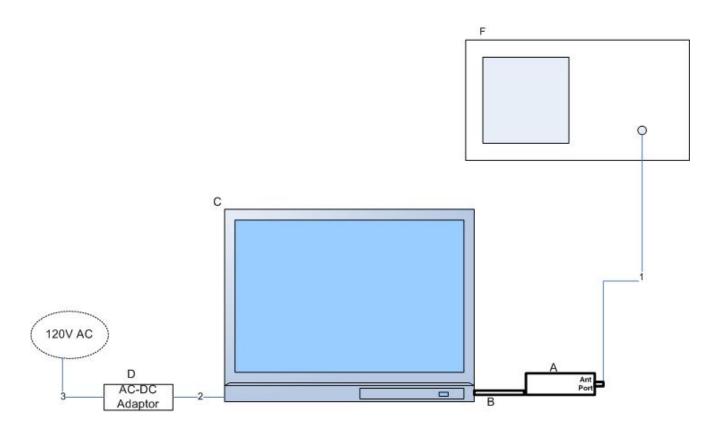


Figure 2. Block Diagram of Test Configuration (Conducted Measurement)



#### E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
Α	5.8GHz mini-PCI 802.11a w/24dBi antenna	XR5C	Proto 1
E	Antenna (Ubiquity Networks)	SR4-ANT	N/A

#### Table 2. Equipment Configuration

#### F. Support Equipment

Ubiquiti Networks supplied support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the XR5. All support equipment supplied is listed in the following Support Equipment List.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
В	PCMCIA Extension Card	Accurite Technologies	307507
С	Laptop	Dell	Latitude
D	AC-DC PWR Adaptor	Dell	PA-2
F	Spectrum Analyzer	HP	E4407B
G	50ohms terminator	N/A	N/A
Н	Printer	HP	DeskJet 932C
Ι	USB Mouse	Microsoft	IntelliMouse 3.0A

Table 3. Support Equipment



Ref. ID	Port name on EUT	Cable Description or reason for no cable	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded?	Termination Box ID & Port ID			
	Conducted Measurement								
1	A, Antenna	Coax	1	1.5	Yes	F, Input			
2	C, PWR	DC Power Cord	1	1.5	No	D, DC Output			
3	D, AC Input	AC Cable	1	1.5	No	AC PWR Outlet			
	Spurious Emission								
1	A, Antenna	Coax	1	0.5	Yes	E, Antenna			
2	C, PWR	DC Power Cord	1	1.5	No	D, DC Output			
3	D, AC Input	AC Cable	1	1.5	No	AC PWR Outlet			
		15.107 & 15	5.109						
1	C, PWR	DC Power Cord	1	1.5	No	D, DC Output			
2	D, AC Input	AC Cable	1	1.5	No	AC PWR Outlet			
3	C, Printer	DB25	1	2	Yes	Н			
4	C,USB	USB	1	2	Yes	Ι			

#### G. Ports and Cabling Information

#### Table 4. Ports and Cabling Information

#### H. Mode of Operation

OFDM

#### I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

Laptop with Atheros radio test software.

#### J. Modifications

#### a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

#### b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

#### K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Ubiquiti Networks upon completion of testing.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Unintentional Radiators CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B

# III.Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators



#### § 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): 15.107 (a) "Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 5. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals."

**15.107** (b) "For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 5. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges."

Frequency range	15.107(b), Cla (dBµ		15.107(a), Class B Limits (dBµV)			
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average		
0.15-0.5	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46		
0.5 - 5.0	73	60	56	46		
5.0 - 30	73	60	60	50		
Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.						

 Table 5. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15

 Section 15.107(a) (b)

- **Test Procedures:** The EUT was placed on a 0.8m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing, test conditions, and test procedures of ANSI C63.4 were used. The EUT was powered through a  $50\Omega/50\mu$ H LISN. An EMI receiver, connected to the measurement port of the LISN, scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz in order to find the peak conducted emissions. All peak emissions within 6 dB of the limit were measured using a quasipeak and/or average detector as appropriate.
- **Test Results:** The EUT complies with the Class A requirements of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.
- **Test Engineer(s):** Billy Kwan

Test Date(s): October 27, 2006



#### Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
3.798	36.11	73	PASS	-36.89	28.39	60	PASS	-31.61
5.068	40.23	73	PASS	-32.77	33.91	60	PASS	-26.09
10.375	43.62	73	PASS	-29.38	37.78	60	PASS	-22.22

Table 6. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)

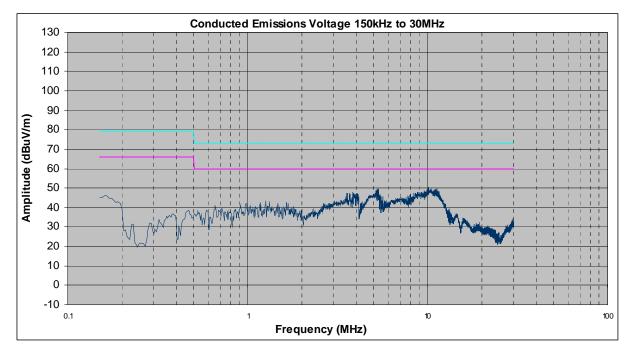
#### Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
3.483	37.75	73	PASS	-35.25	30.82	60	PASS	-29.18
4.997	41.39	73	PASS	-31.61	35.55	60	PASS	-24.45
10.987	42.72	73	PASS	-30.28	36.94	60	PASS	-23.06

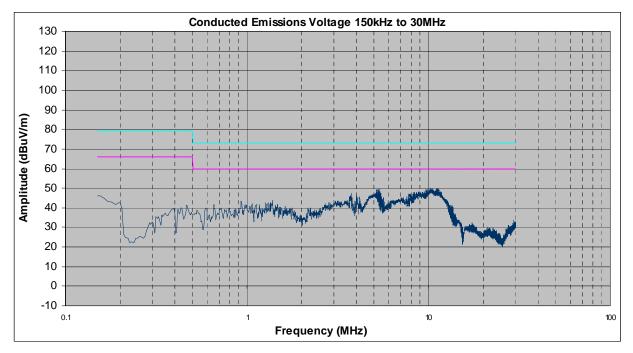
 Table 7. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)







**Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot** 



**Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot** 



#### **Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup**



Photograph 2. Conducted Emissions Test Setup - Front View



#### **Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup**



Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions Test Setup – Rear View



#### **Radiated Emission Limits**

#### § 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

# **Test Requirement(s):** 15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 8.

**15.109** (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 8.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)				
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a),Class B Limit (dBμV) @ 3m			
30 - 88	39.00	40.00			
88 - 216	43.50	43.50			
216 - 960	46.40	46.00			
Above 960	49.50	54.00			

Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

**Test Procedures:** The EUT was placed on a 0.8m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 10 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

**Test Results:** The EUT was found Compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits

Test Engineer(s):Billy Kwan

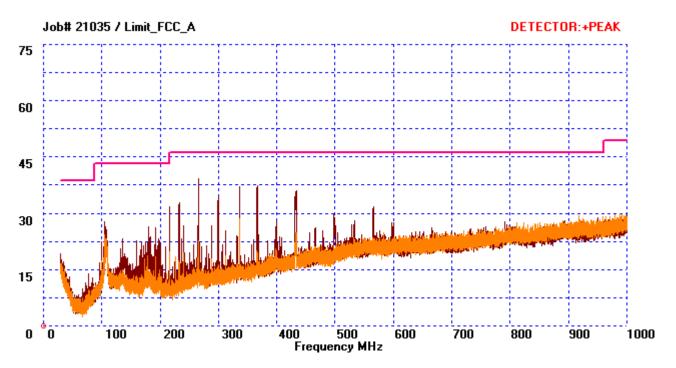
Test Date(s): October 27, 2006



#### Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude QP Detector (dBuv)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
216.4	Н	102	3.86	19.05	9.03	2.55	30.63	46.40	-15.77
265.56	Н	327	3.44	25.29	13.27	2.70	41.25	46.40	-5.15
299.88	Н	207	2.26	18.55	12.80	2.93	34.28	46.40	-12.12
336.64	Н	156	2.57	23.99	14.07	3.13	41.18	46.40	-5.22
366.56	Н	355	2.68	18.33	14.70	3.30	36.33	46.40	-10.07
431.52	Н	16	1.77	13.63	16.90	3.66	34.19	46.40	-12.21

Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 30 MHz - 1 GHz







#### **Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup**



Photograph 4. Radiated Emission Test Setup 30 MHz - 1 GHz





#### § 15.203 Antenna Requirement

**Test Requirement:** § 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

**Results:** The EUT as tested meets the criteria of this rule by virtue of having professionally installed. The EUT is therefore compliant with §15.203.

Manufacturer	Туре	Model	Gain
Microcom	Panel	58EP23	23dBi
Radio Waves	Parabolic	SP1.5(2/3)-5.8	31.4dBi

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s): October 27, 2006



#### § 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50  $\Sigma$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)				
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average			
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46			
0.45 - 0.5	56	46			
0.5 - 30	60	50			

Table 10. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

**Test Procedure:** The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50  $\Omega/50 \mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50  $\Omega/50 \mu$ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. The tests were conducted in a RF-shielded enclosure.

**Test Results:** The EUT complies with the requirements of this section.

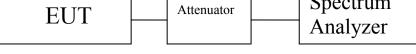
Test Engineer(s): Billy Kwan

Test Date(s): October 27, 2006



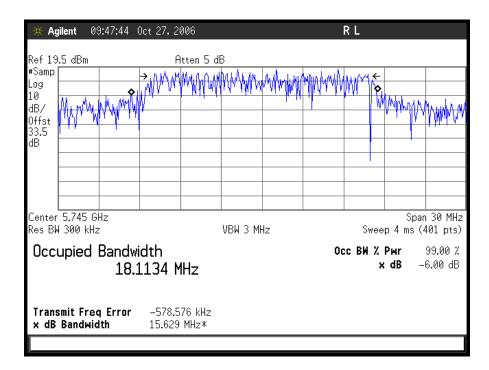
#### § 15.247(a) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements:	<b>§ 15.247(a):</b> Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:
	For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.
Test Procedure:	The transmitter was set to the mid channel at the highest output power and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, $VBW > RBW$ . The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were repeated at the low and high channels.
Test Results	Equipment complies with § 15.247 (a). The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.
Test Engineer(s):	Shawn McMillen,
Test Date(s):	October 27, 2006
	Spectrum

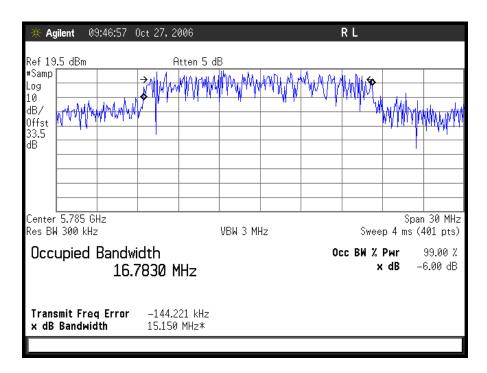


Block Diagram 1. Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup



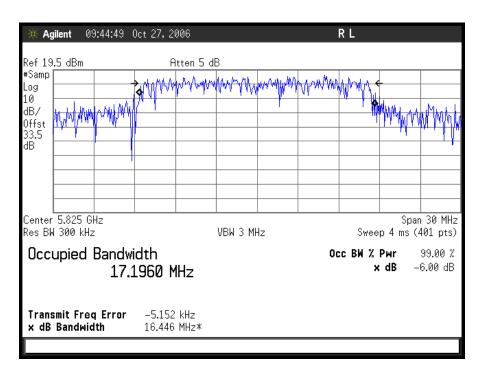


802.11/a Low Ch Occupied Band Width.



#### 802.11/a Mid Ch Occupied Band Width





802.11/a High Ch Occupied Band Width



§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

Test Requirements:

**§15.247(b):** The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400–2483.5	1.000
5725-5850	1.000

#### Table 11. Output Power Requirements from §15.247

**§15.247(c):** if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 11, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-topoint operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected to a calibrated Peak Power Meter. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at a data rate which gave the maximum power level.



#### **Test Results:**

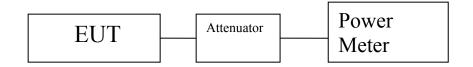
Equipment complies with the Peak Power Output limits of § 15.247(b).

802.11a							
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power	Measured Average Output Power				
	. ,	dBm	dBm				
Low	5745	29.95	27.20				
Mid	5785	29.98	27.12				
High	5825	29.92	27.01				

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s):

10/27/06



Block Diagram 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup



#### § 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

- **RF Exposure Requirements:** §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.
- **RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 5745-5825 MHz; highest conducted power = 29.98dBm (peak) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> or 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>

EUT maximum antenna gain = **31.4 dBi Dish Antenna** 

Power Density Determination:

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2$  or  $R = \int (PG / 4\pi S)$ 

where,  $S = Power Density (1 mW/cm^2)$ 

- P = Linear Power Input to antenna (995.4)
- G = Numerical Antenna Gain (1380.4)
- R = Radius (20cm)

 $R = (995.4*1380.4/4\pi)^{1/2} = (1374050.1/12.56)^{1/2} = 330.75cm$  separation required to meet Uncontrolled RF exposure limit of 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 5745-5825 MHz; highest conducted power = 29.98dBm (peak) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> or 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>

EUT maximum antenna gain = 23dBi Panel Antenna

Power Density Determination:

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2$  or  $R = \int (PG / 4\pi S)$ 

where,  $S = Power Density (1 mW/cm^2)$ 

P = Linear Power Input to antenna (995.4)

- G = Numerical Antenna Gain (199.5)
- R = Radius (20cm)

 $R = (995.4*199.5/4\pi)^{1/2} = (198609.5/12.56)^{1/2} = 125.75$ cm separation required to meet Uncontrolled RF exposure limit of 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>



#### § 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions – Radiated and Conducted

**Test Requirements: §15.247(d)**; Error! Reference source not found.; **§15.205:** Emissions outside the frequency band.

**§15.247(d):** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

**§15.205(a):** Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5-5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495–0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25–7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123–138	2200-2300	14.47–14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310-2390	15.35–16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	( <sup>2</sup> )

#### Table 12. Restricted Bands of Operation

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6



#### § 15.209 Radiated Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** § 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 13.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBμV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

#### Table 13. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was set to the mid channel at the highest output power and placed on a 0.8 m high wooden table inside in a semi-anechoic chamber. Measurements were performed with the EUT rotated 360 degrees and varying the adjustable antenna mast with 1 m to 4 m height to determine worst case orientation for maximum emissions. Measurement were repeated the measurement at the low and highest channels.

For frequencies from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per (15.33(a)(1)) and (15.33(a)(4)); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

In accordance with §15.35(b) the limit on the radio frequency emissions as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function shall be 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit for the frequency being investigated unless a different peak emission limit is otherwise specified in the rules.

EUT Field Strength Final Amplitude = Raw Amplitude – Preamp gain + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Distance Correction Factor (1 meter)

Test Results:The EUT was found compliant with the Radiated Emission limits of §15.209(a) for Intentional<br/>Radiators. See following pages for detailed test results.

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen, Billy Kwan

**Test Date(s):** October 27, 2006



# § 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11a) Parabolic

Antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
11490	V	47.8	34.7	39.0	9.4	61.5	74	-12.5	pk
11490	V	34.2	34.7	39.0	9.4	47.9	54	-6.1	avg
17235	V	44.4	33.0	44.5	11.8	67.7	74	-6.3	pk
				Low Chann	el 5745MHz	Z			
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
11570	V	47.0	34.7	39.0	9.4	60.7	74	-13.3	pk
11570	V	33.3	34.7	39.0	9.4	47.0	54	-7.0	avg
17355	V	42.4	33.0	44.5	11.8	65.7	74	-8.3	pk
				Mid Cha	nnel 5785				
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
11650	V	43.7	34.7	39.0	9.4	57.4	74	-16.6	pk
11650	V	32.2	34.7	39.0	9.4	45.9	54	-8.1	avg
17475	V	43.1	33.0	44.5	11.8	66.4	74	-7.6	pk
				High Chanr	el 5825MH	Z			

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer



# § 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11a) Panel Antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
11490	V	41.4	34.7	39.0	9.4	55.1	74	-18.9	pk
11490	V	29.9	34.7	39.0	9.4	43.6	54	-10.4	avg
17235	V	43.2	33.0	44.5	11.8	66.5	74	-7.5	pk
Low Channel 5745MHz									
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
11570	V	43.2	34.7	39.0	9.4	56.9	74	-17.1	pk
11570	V	30.5	34.7	39.0	9.4	44.2	54	-9.8	avg
17355	V	42.2	33.0	44.5	11.8	65.5	74	-8.5	pk
				Mid Cha	nnel 5785				
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
11650	V	44.1	34.7	39.0	9.4	57.8	74	-16.2	pk
11650	V	31.2	34.7	39.0	9.4	44.9	54	-9.1	avg
17475	V	42.1	33.0	44.5	11.8	65.4	74	-8.6	pk
High Channel 5825MHz									

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer





Photograph 3. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements Parabolic Antenna



Photograph 5. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements Panel Antenna

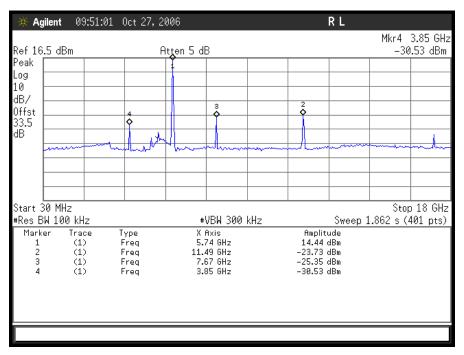


## § 15.247(d) Spurious Emissions Requirements –RF Conducted

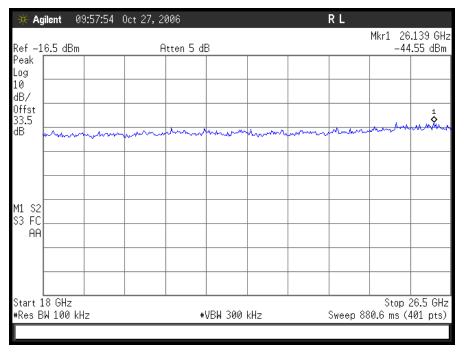
Test Procedure:	For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per $15.33(a)(1)$ and $15.33(a)(4)$ ; i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the $10^{th}$ harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.						
	For frequencies 1-18GHz, measurements were made at coupler port of a 20dB directional coupler. The output of the coupler was terminated by a 50 $\Omega$ load. For frequencies 18-40GHz a HP11970A and HP11970K harmonic mixer was used. Each harmonic mixer was fed with a SMA to wave guide adapter.						
Test Results:	Equipment complies with the Spurious Emissions Requirements – Radiated and RF Conducted limits of <b>§ 15.247 (c)</b> . For Radiated Emissions result, refer to section "§15.209: Radiated Emission Limits". See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions and §15.205.						
Test Engineer(s):	Shawn McMillen						
Test Date(s):	October 27, 2006						
	EUT Attenuator Spectrum Analyzer						

Block Diagram 3. Spurious Conducted Emissions Test Setup



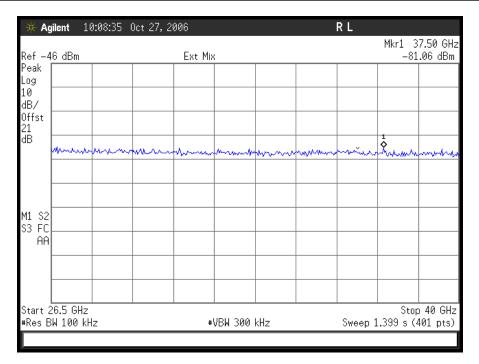


802.11/a - Low Channel Conducted Emissions 30MHz - 18GHz

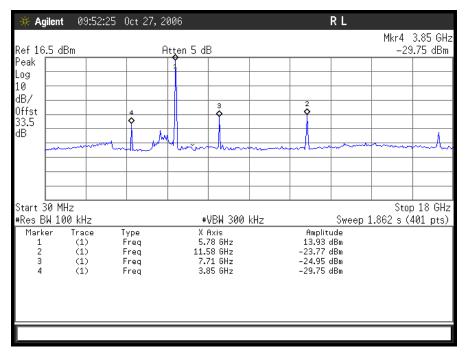


802.11/a - Low Channel Conducted Emissions 18-26.5GHz





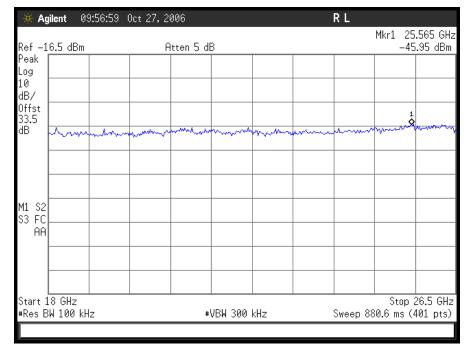
802.11/a - Low Channel Conducted Emissions 26.5 - 40GHz



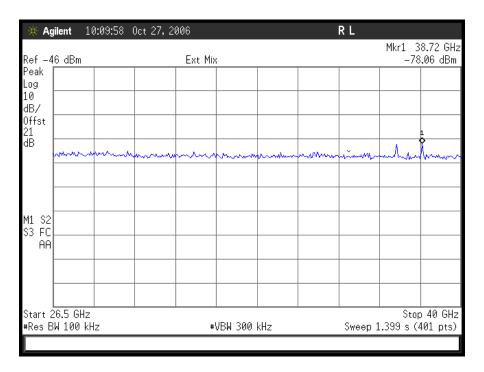
802.11/a - Mid Channel Conducted Emissions, 30MHz - 1GHz



Electromagnetic Compatibility Intentional Radiators CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C

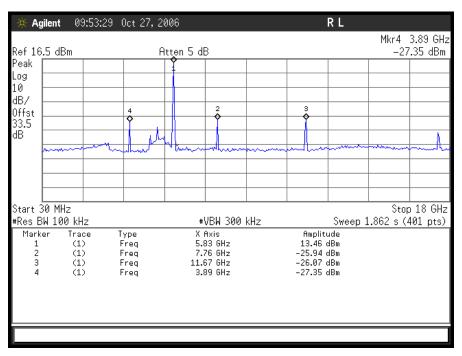


802.11/a – Mid Channel Conducted Emissions, 18 – 26.5GHz

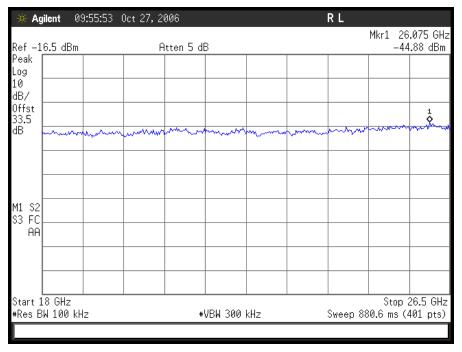


802.11/a - Mid Channel Conducted Emissions 26.5 - 40GHz



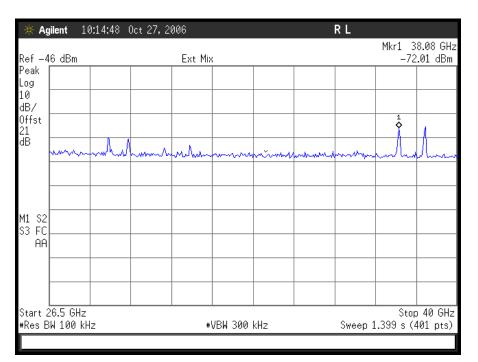


802.11/a - High Channel Conducted Emissions 30MHz- 18GHz



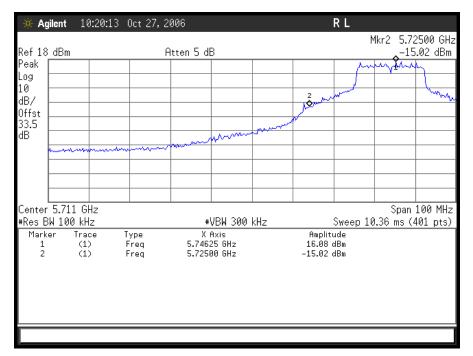
802.11/a - High Channel Conducted Emissions 18 - 26.5GHz





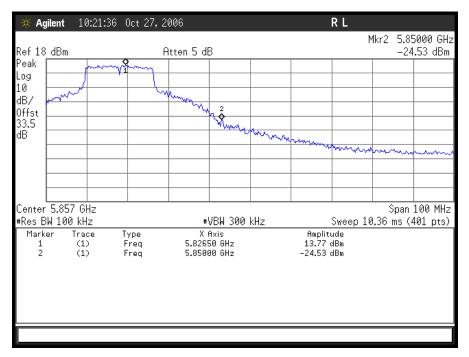
802.11/a - High Channel Conducted Emissions 26.5 - 40GHz





## § 15.205 Spurious Emissions Requirements –Band Edge (Conducted)

802.11/b – Lower Band Edge



#### 802.11/b –Upper Band Edge

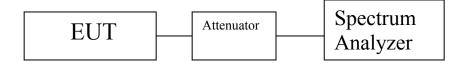


#### § 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

- **Test Requirements:** §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
- **Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Peak Power Meter. The power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW and VBW were set to 3 kHz and a SPAN of 3.0 MHz with a 100 second sweep to the Spectrum Analyzer. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.
- **Test Results:** Equipment complies with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e). The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).
- Test Engineer: Shawn McMillen,
- Test Date: October 27, 2006

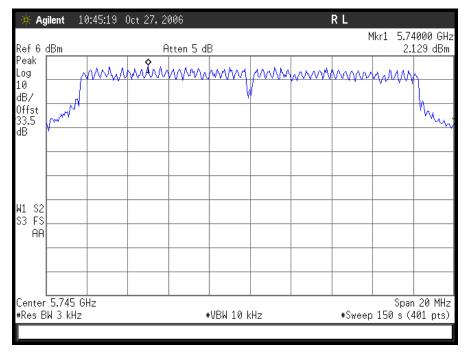


802.11a							
Carrier	Frequency	Measured PPSD	Limit	Margin			
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	( <b>dB</b> )			
Low	5745	2.129	8	5.871			
Mid	5785	1.598	8	6.402			
High	5825	1.764	8	6.236			



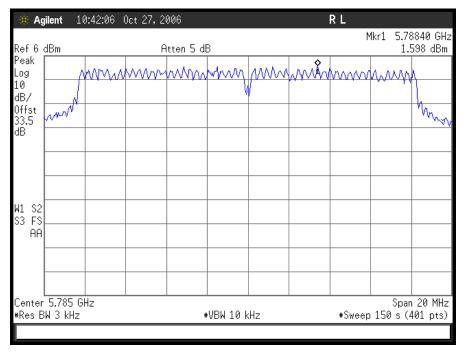
Block Diagram 4. Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup





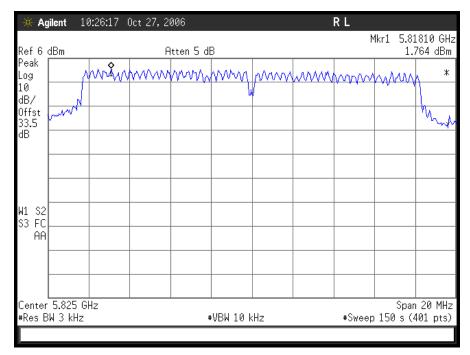
## § 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density (802.11 a)

802.11/a - Low Ch Peak Power Spectral Density



802.11/a – Mid Ch Peak Power Spectral Density





## § 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density (802.11 a)

802.11/a – High Ch Peak Power Spectral Density



Electromagnetic Compatibility Test Equipment CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B & C

# **IV. Test Equipment**



## **Test Equipment**

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date	
182421	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESIB 7	2/9/2006	2/9/2007	
1S2184	BILOG ANTENNA	CHASE	CBL6112A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007	
182121	PRE-AMPLIFIER	HEWLETT PACKARD	8449B	11/28/2006	11/28/2007	
1S2198	ANTENNA, HORN	EMCO 3115		8/17/2006	8/17/2007	
182202	ANTENNA, HORN, 1 METER	EMCO	3116	3/23/2004	3/23/2007	
N/A	HIGH PASS FILTER	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM13146	SEE 1	NOTE	
182263	CHAMBER, 10 METER	RANTEC	N2-14	8/15/2006	8/15/2007	
182430	WIDEBAND POWER METER	ANRITSU COMPANY	ML2488A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007	
182432	WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR	ANRITSU COMPANY	MA2491A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007	
182034	COUPLER, DIRECTIONAL 1-20 GHz	KRYTAR	101020020	SEE NOTE		
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE 1	EE NOTE	
182460	Analyzer, Spectrum 9 kHz-40GHz	Agilent	E4407B	07/06/2005	07/06/2008	
182430	WIDEBAND POWER METER	ANRITSU COMPANY	ML2488A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007	
182432	WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR	ANRITSU COMPANY	MA2491A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007	
182034	COUPLER, DIRECTIONAL 1-20 GHz	KRYTAR	101020020	SEE NOTE		
182041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE NOTE		
182128	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970A	10/26/2006	10/26/2007	
182129	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970K	10/26/2006	10/26/2007	

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Certification & User's Manual Information CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B & C

# V. Certification & User's Manual Information



## **Certification & User's Manual Information**

## A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

#### § 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

#### § 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
  - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
  - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
  - (*i*) *Compliance testing;*
  - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
  - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
  - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
  - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



# **Certification & User's Manual Information**

# The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

#### § 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.<sup>1</sup> In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

#### § 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



## **Certification & User's Manual Information**

#### § 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

- (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
- (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
- (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



## **Certification & User's Manual Information**

### Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

#### § 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
  - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

#### § 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



## Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

#### § 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



Electromagnetic Compatibility End of Report CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B & C

# **End of Report**

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