# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

## **EUT Specification**

EUT	UniFi AP-HD				
Model Number	UAP-Outdoor+				
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul><li>⋈ 802.11b/g/n HT20: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li><li>802.11n HT40: 2.422GHz ~ 2.452GHz</li><li>☐ Others</li></ul>				
Device category	<ul><li>☐ Portable (&lt;20cm separation)</li><li>☐ Mobile (&gt;20cm separation)</li><li>☐ Others</li></ul>				
Exposure  classification  Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²)  General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)					
Antenna Specification	Dipole Antenna / Gain: 5 dBi, (Numeric gain: 3.16) MIMO: Total ANT=5+10*LOG(2)=8.01dBi, (Numeric gain: 6.32)				
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11b : 15.89 dBm (38.815mW) IEEE 802.11g : 16.41 dBm (43.752mW) IEEE 802.11n HT20 : 17.56 dBm (57.016mW) IEEE 802.11n HT40 : 15.26 dBm (33.574mW)				
Evaluation applied	<ul><li></li></ul>				
Remark: The maximum output power is 17.56dBm (57.016mW) at 2437MHz (with 6.32numeric antenna gain.)					

Date of Issue: June 13, 2013

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## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

#### **Calculation**

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{377}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

*d* = *Distance in meters* 

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{377 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 

### **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$ 

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 

#### **IEEE 802.11b mode:**

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
11	2462	38.815	3.16	20	0.0244	1

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## IEEE 802.11g mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
6	2437	43.752	3.16	20	0.0275	1

#### IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode:

	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
ĺ	6	2437	57.016	6.32	20	0.0717	1

#### IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode:

	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm <sup>2</sup>	Limit (mW/cm2)
ĺ	6	2437	33.574	6.32	20	0.0422	1