SAR TEST REPORT

For

Handheld Data Terminal

Model Number: V5000, RX-V5

FCC ID: SWSV5000

Report Number : WT138003685

Test Laboratory: Shenzhen Academy of Metrology and Quality

Inspection

National Digital Electronic Product Testing Center

Site Location : No.4 Tongfa Road, Xili Town, Nanshan District,

Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel : 0086-755-86928965

Fax : 0086-755-86009898-31396

Web: www.smq.com.cn

Test report declaration

Applicant : Shenzhen Urovo Technology Co.,Ltd

Address : A7, Zondy Cyber Building, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

Manufacturer : Shenzhen Urovo Technology Co.,Ltd

Address : A7, Zondy Cyber Building, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

EUT Description : Handheld Data Termianl

Model No. : V5000, RX-V5

Trade mark : UROVO

Serial Number : W5221309026323 FCC ID : W5221309026324

Test Standards:

IEEE 1528-2003 FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01

The EUT described above is tested by Shenzhen Academy of Metrology and Quality Inspection EMC Laboratory to determine the compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

Shenzhen Academy of Metrology and Quality Inspection EMC Laboratory is assumed full responsibility for the accuracy of the test results.

The results documented in this report only apply to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.

The test report shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of the laboratory.

Project Engineer:	刘锋	Date:	Nov.19,2013
Checked by:	(Liu Zheng) ばみ子		
		Date:	Nov.19,2013
	(Yang Dongping)		
Approved by:	#Fail	Date:	Nov.19,2013
	/Lin Din)	_	1404.13,2013
	(Lin Bin)		

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1. REPORTED SAR SUMMARY

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

Highest Reported Standalone SAR Summary

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Highest Reported1g-SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported1g-SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.336		
	GSM1900	0.279		
	WCDMA Band V	0.765		
	WCDMA Band II	0.670	РСВ	0.77
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.060	DTS	0.06

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Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)
Body worn 0mm	WCDMA BAND V	PCB0.765	0.79
	Bluetooth	DSS 0.066	00
Body worn 0mm	WCDMA BAND V	PCB 0.765	0.83
Body World Ollilli	WIFI	DTS 0.060	0.00

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2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1.Report information

This report is not a certificate of quality; it only applies to the sample of the specific product/equipment given at the time of its testing. The results are not used to indicate or imply that they are application to the similar items. In addition, such results must not be used to indicate or imply that SMQ approves recommends or endorses the manufacture, supplier or use of such product/equipment, or that SMQ in any way guarantees the later performance of the product/equipment.

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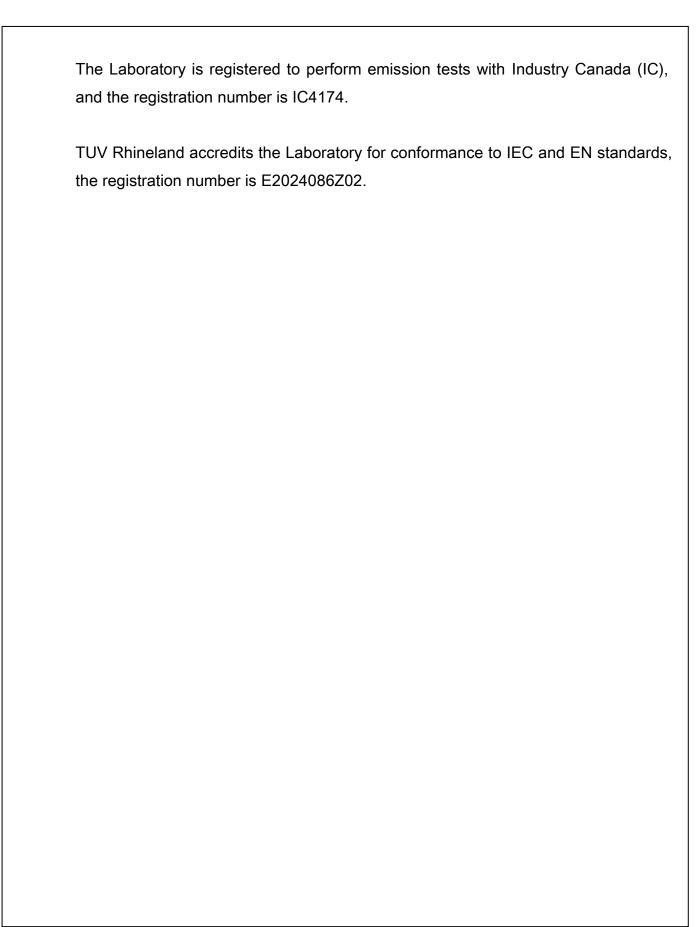
2.2. Laboratory Accreditation and Relationship to Customer

The testing report were performed by the Shenzhen Academy of Metrology and quality Inspection EMC Laboratory (Guangdong EMC compliance testing center), in their facilities located at Bldg. of Metrology & Quality Inspection, Longzhu Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. At the time of testing, Laboratory is accredited by the following organizations:

China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) accredits the Laboratory for conformance to FCC standards, EMC international standards and EN standards. The Registration Number is CNAS L0579.

The Laboratory is listed in the United States of American Federal Communications Commission (FCC), and the registration number are 446246 806614 994606 (semi anechoic chamber).

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3. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST (DUT)

3.1.DUT Description

Frequency Bands GSM850/PCS1900MHz/

WCDMA850MHz/WCDMA1900MHz

802.11b&802.11g: 2.4GHz

Bluetooth: 2.4GHz

Modulation Mode GSM:GMSK 8PSK

802.11b: DSSS 802.11g: OFDM

WCDMA (HSDPA only):BPSK uplink, QPSK

downlink

Bluetooth: GFSK, pi/4DQPSK, 8DPSK

Power Class GSM900:4,DCS1800:1 WCDMA:3

GPRS Multislot Class 12

Antenna type Fixed Internal Antenna

Battery Model HBL5000

Battery Specification 3.8V-4500mAh

Hardware Version SQ35

Software Version Full_smdkv210-eng 2.3.1 GINGERBREAD

eng.urovo.20130221.140926 test-keys

The model V5000 and RX-V5 are identical in all aspects, except model numbers for marketing purpose. Tests were performed on V5000 only.

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3.2. RF output power Tune up limit

Maximum Tune up Burst Average power					
Mode	GSM 850	GSM 1900			
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33	30			
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33	30			
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	31	28			
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	29.5	26.5			
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	28	25			
GPRS (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.5	27.5			
GPRS (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.5	26			
GPRS (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	25	24.5			
GPRS (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	24.5	24			

Maximum Tune up Target power					
Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II			
RMC 12.2K	24.5	24.5			
HSDPA Subtest-1	24.5	24.5			
HSDPA Subtest-2	24.5	24.5			
HSDPA Subtest-3	24.5	24.5			
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.5	22.5			

Mode / Band	Bluetooth Average Power(dBm)		
Bluetooth	2		

Maximum Target Average Power for Production Unit (dBm)						
	IEEE 802.11					
Mode / Band	а	b	g			
WLAN 2.4 GHz Band		15	14			

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3.3. Applied Standards

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- · ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05
- · FCC KDB 648474 D04v01
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02
- · FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01

3.4. SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

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4. TEST CONDITIONS

4.1. Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	21-22
Ambient humidity (RH %):	59-60

4.2. Introduction of SAR

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for general public group.

SAR Definition:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right) \qquad SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \qquad SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

In the first equation, the SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ρ).

In the second equation, C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration.

The last equation relates to the electrical field, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement

is typically applied.

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

4.3. Test Configuration

GSM Test Configuration

The tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator by air link. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is

allocated to 128, 190 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM850, to 512, 700 and 885 respectively in the case of GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM850 and GSM1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 10 for this EUT, it has at most 2 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The EGPRS class is 10 for this EUT, it has at most 2 timeslots in uplink, and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests. Using CMU200 the power control level is set to "5" for GSM850, set to "0" for GSM1900.

WCDMA Test Configuration

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT supports power Class 3, which has a nominal maximum output power of 24 dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Mode	Rel99
	Subtest	
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
WCDMA General	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c / β_d	8/15

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT.

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5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENTS

5.1. Measurement System and Components

	1	1				
No.	Equipment	Model No.	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Period
				Data		
1	SAR test system	TX60L	SPEAG	SB6810		
2	SAR Probe	ES3DV3	SPEAG	SB6810/02	2013.10.31	1year
3	System Validation	D835V2	SPEAG	SB6810/04	2012.09.24	2veer
3	Dipole,835MHz	D835V2	SPEAG	SB0810/04	2012.09.24	2year
4	System Validation	D4000\(0	00540	000040/05	0040 00 04	0
4	Dipole,1900MHz	D1900V2	SPEAG	SB6810/05	2012.09.21	2year
_	System Validation	D0 (50) (0	00510	070040404	2242424	
5	Dipole,2450MHz	D2450V2	SPEAG	SB6810/04	2012.10.18	2year
6	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	SPEAG	SB6810/12		
7	Dual-directional	7700	Agilopt	CD6940/07		
7	coupler,0.10-2.0GHz	778D	Agilent	SB6810/07		
0	Dual-directional		Agilont	CDC040/00		
8	coupler,2.00-18GHz	772D	Agilent	SB6810/08		
9	Coaxial attenuator	8491A	Agilent	SB6810/09		
10	Power Amplifier	ZHL42W	Agilent	SB6810/10		
11	Signal Generator	SMR20	R&S	SB3438	2013.01.17	1year
12	Power Meter	NRVD	R&S	SB3437	2013.01.20	1year
13	Call Tester	CMU 200	R&S	SB3441	2013.03.31	1year
	Data Acquisition	5.5.	00510	07004040	0010100	
14	Electronics	DAE4	SPEAG	SB6810/01	2013.10.31	1Year
L		L	L	I	1	1

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY5, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the "advanced extrapolation" algorithm.

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5.2. Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g.,

butyl diglycol)

Calibration Calibration certificate in Appendix C

Frequency 10MHz to 4GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ±0.2dB (30MHz to 4GHz)

Directivity \pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range $5 \mu W/g$ to > 100 m W/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 dB$

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm

Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 4 GHz

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

5.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

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5.4. Tissue-equivalent Liquids

Tissue-equivalent liquids that are used for testing, which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solution. All tests were carried out using tissue-equivalent liquids whose dielectric parameters were within \pm 5% of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the Tissue-equivalent liquid was 15.0±0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point (ERP) during system checking and device measurements.

Tissue-equivalent liquid Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head Tissue-equivalent liquid(s):

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Ingredient	Frequency Band	d		
(% by weight)	800-900	1800-1900	800-900	1800-1900
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Body	Body
Water	40.6	56.1	50.8	68.9
Sugar	58.2		48.2	
Salt	1.0	0.03	0.9	0.1
Preventol D-7	0.1		0.1	
DGMBE		43.87		31
Cellulose	0.1			
Ingredient	Frequency Band	d		
(% by weight)	2450	2450		
Tissue Type	Head	Body		
Water	54.8	68.4		
Sugar				
Salt				
Preventol D-7				
DGMBE	45.2	31.6		
Cellulose				

Tissue-equivalent liquids used in the Measurements

Dielectric parameters of the Tissue-equivalent liquids were measured before testing using the dielectric probe kit and the Network Analyzer. The measurement is carried out following the Agilent 85070 dielectric probe software instruction. A calibration of the probe open in air, probe with shorting block and probe in water is performed before measurement. After calibration, Insert the probe into the tissue liquid, trigger a measurement on software interface and record the data.

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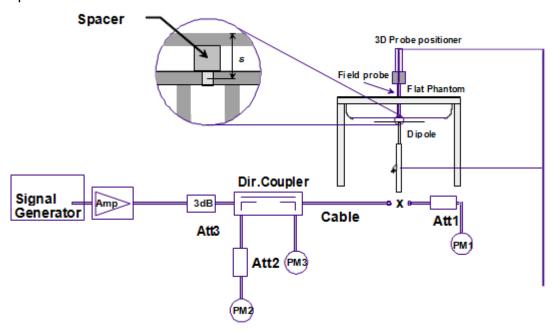
Body Tissue-equivalent liquid measurements:

f/MHz	Date Tested	Dielectri	Target	Delta(%)	Tolerance	Temp
		С			(%)	(°C)
		Paramet				
		ers				
835	2013.11.17	\mathcal{E}_r =55.6	55.2	0.72%	±5	21
		<i>σ</i> =0.93	0.97	-4.12%		
1900	2013.11.16	[€] _r =52.8	53.3	-0.94%	±5	22
		<i>σ</i> =1.45	1.52	-4.61%		
2450	2013.11.16	ε_r =51.3	52.7	-2.66%	±5	22
		σ =1.96	1.95	0.51%		

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System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.



The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, Body Tissue-equivalent liquid:

f/MHz	Date Tested	SAR(W/kg),	Target	Delta(%)	Tolerance	Temp
		1g			(%)	(°C)
835	2013.11.17	9.28	9.76	-4.92%	±10	21
1900	2013.11.16	41.08	41.2	-0.30%	±10	22
2450	2013.11.16	48.8	52	-6.16%	±10	22

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

5.5. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by

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SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

5.6. Test Position

Against Phantom Head

The Mobile phone shall be tested in the "cheek" and "tilted" position on left and right sides of the phantom.

Define of the " cheek" position:

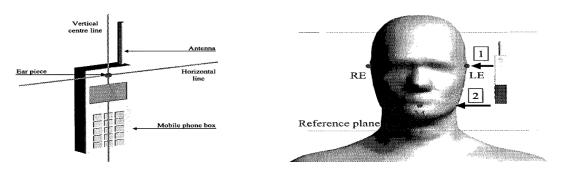
- a) Position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M, RE and LE) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- b) Translate the mobile phone box towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the

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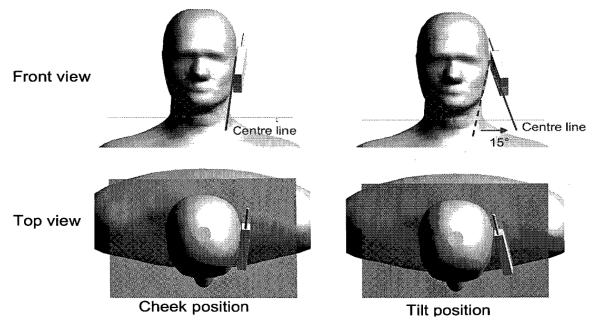
device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Define of the "tilted" position:

- a) Position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- b) While maintaining the device the reference planes described above and pivoting against the ear, move it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.



Define of the reference lines and points, on the phone and on the phantom and initial position



" Cheek" and " tilted" position of the mobile phone on the left side

Body Worm Configuration

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Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. The distance between of the device and the phantom was kept 15mm.

5.7.Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.8.SAR Averaging Methods

The DASY5 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR values. The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement in a volume of (30mm)3 (7x7x7 points). The maximum SAR value was averaged over the cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy5 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method.

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

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6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

6.1.Uncertainty for SAR Test

Uncertainty Budget of DASY for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Uncertainty Dadget of Brief Hequel	Tol.	Prob	Div	ci	ci.ui(%)	vi
	(%)	Dist.		(10g)	(10g)	
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	œ
Axial Isotropy	±4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	±3.9	œ
Boundary Effect	±1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.6	œ
Linearity	±4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.7	œ
System Detection Limits	±1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.6	œ
Readout Electronics	±0.3	N	1	1	±0.3	∞
Response Time	±0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.5	œ
Integration Time	±2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±1.5	œ
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	±3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±1.7	œ
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	±3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±1.7	œ
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	±0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	±2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±1.7	œ
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms	±1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.6	∞ o
for Max. SAR Evaluation						
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample Positioning	±2.9	N	1	1	±2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	±3.6	N	1	1	±3.6	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	±5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.9	œ
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	±4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.3	œ
Conductivity Target - tolerance	±5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.43	±1.2	œ
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	±2.5	N	1	0.43	±1.1	∞
Permittivity Target - tolerance	±5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.49	±1.4	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	±2.5	N	1	0.49	±1.2	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty					±10.7	387
Expanded STD Uncertainty					±21.4	

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6.2. Uncertainty for System Validation

Uncertainty Component	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(ci)	Std. Unc.	(vi)
	value	Dist.		(10g)	(10g)	veff
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1	1	±6.55 %	1
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.7 %	1
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	±0 %	1
Boundary E_ects	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.6 %	1
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.7 %	1
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.6 %	1
Modulation Response	±0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0 %	1
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	±0.3 %	1
Response Time	±0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0 %	1
Integration Time	±0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0 %	1
RF Ambient Noise	±1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.6 %	1
RF Ambient Re		R	$\sqrt{3}$	1		
ections	±1.0 %		·		±0.6 %	1
Probe Positioner	±0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±0.5 %	1
Probe Positioning	±6.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±3.9 %	1
Max. SAR Eval.	±2.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±1.2 %	1
Dipole Related						
Deviation of exp. dipole	±5.5 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±3.2 %	1
Dipole Axis to Liquid Dist.	±2.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±1.2 %	1
Input power & SAR drift	±3.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.0 %	1
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	±2.3 %	1
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.84	±0.9 %	1
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	N	1	0.71	±1.8 %	1
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	N	1	0.26	±0.7 %	1
Temp. uncConductivity	±1.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.71	±0.7 %	1
Temp. uncPermittivity	±0.3 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	±0.0 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					±10.1 %	
Expanded STD Uncertainty					±20.1 %	

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7. CONDUCTED TEST RESULTS

GSM Conducted Power Measurement Results

Band: GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame	Average Pov	wer (dBm)
Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.9	32.7	32.8	23.9	23.7	23.8
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.8	32.6	32.6	<mark>23.8</mark>	23.6	23.6
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	30.7	30.7	30.6	24.7	24.7	24.6
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	28.9	28.7	28.8	24.64	24.44	24.54
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27.4	27.4	27.4	24.4	24.4	24.4
GPRS (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.9	28.7	28.7	19.9	19.7	19.7
GPRS (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.5	26.2	26.3	20.5	20.2	20.3
GPRS (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.9	24.7	24.8	20.64	20.44	20.54
GPRS (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	23.9	23.7	23.8	20.9	20.7	20.8

Band: GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame	Frame Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.6	29.5	29.4	20.6	20.5	20.4	
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.5	29.1	29.1	20.5	20.1	20.1	
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	27.8	27.6	27.2	<mark>21.8</mark>	21.6	21.2	
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	25.7	25.2	25.5	21.44	20.94	21.24	
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	24.2	24	23.8	21.2	21	20.8	
GPRS (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.9	26.9	26.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	
GPRS (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	25.3	25.8	25.7	19.3	19.8	19.7	
GPRS (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.5	24.3	24	20.24	20.04	19.74	
GPRS (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	23.8	23.7	23.4	20.8	20.7	20.4	

Remark:

- 1. The EUT do not support DTM function.
- 2. For Body worn mode SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest frame-average power.
- 3 The frame-averaged power is linearly calculated from the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculation method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx slots) - 3 dB

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WCDMA Conducted Power Measurement Results

Band	nd WCDMA Band V WCI			WCDMA Ba	ınd II	
Channel	4,132	4,182	4,233	9,262	9,400	9,538
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1,852.40	1,880.00	1,907.60
RMC 12.2K	24.1	24.2	24.1	24.2	24.2	24.1
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.4	23.4	23.4	23.5	23.3	23.5
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.8	22.8	22.9	23.1	22.9	23.1
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.5	22.5	22.4	22.8	22.5	22.9
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.7	21.7	21.6	21.9	21.7	22

Remark:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR.

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WLAN 2.4GHz Band Conducted Power

802.11b A	802.11b Average Power (dBm)						
Channe	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate (bps)					
'		1M bps	2M bps	5.5M bps	11M bps		
CH 01	2,412	14.63	14.52	14.4	14.4		
CH 06	2,437	14.77	14.74	14	14		
CH 11	2,462	14.56	14.52	14.82	14.82		

802.11g Av	802.11g Average Power (dBm)								
Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate (bps)							
		6M bps	9M bps	12M bps	18M bps	24M bps	36M bps	48M bps	54M bps
CH 01	2,412	12.44	12.69	12.74	12.66	12.58	12.46	12.24	12.15
CH 06	2,437	12.35	12.23	12.24	13.08	12.98	12.62	12.53	12.34
CH 11	2,462	13.48	12.61	12.56	12.36	12.41	12.31	11.93	11.53

Remark:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion
- 2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. 2.4GHz WLAN SAR was tested on 802.11b 1Mbps.
- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, 11g, 11n-HT20 and 11n-HT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.

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Bluetooth	2 4GHz	Rand	Conducted	Power
DIUGIOUII	Z.7UIIZ	Danu	COHUCIE	1 I OWGI

Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
CH 0	2,402	1.12
CH 39	2,441	1.33
CH 78	2,480	1.48

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8. EXPOSURE POSITIONS CONSIDERATION





Remark:

- 1 According to KDB 447498 D01v05, for handsets the test separation distance is typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. Which is 0mm for body-worn SAR for the DUT.
- 2 Voice call is possible with wired headset, As the product is not designed to be used next to ear, Head SAR is not tested.
- 3 Since the front and rear faces of this product may be used closed to human body on normal operation, the SAR was tested on the front and rear faces of this terminal

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directly against with the flat phantom.

4 For minimum test separation distance \leq 50mm, Bluetooth standalone SAR test exclusion power threshold is determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

	Wireless Interface	Bluetooth
	Tune-up Maximum power (dBm)	2
Exposure Position	Tune-up Maximum rated power (mW)	1.58
	Antenna to user (mm)	5
	SAR exclusion threshold (mW)	10
Head	SAR testing required?	NO
	Antenna to user (mm)	15
	SAR exclusion threshold (mW)	29
Body 1.5 cm(Body Worn)	SAR testing required?	NO
	Antenna to user (mm)	10
	SAR exclusion threshold (mW)	19
Body 1.0 cm(Body Worn)	SAR testing required?	NO

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9. SAR TEST RESULTS

Remark:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Scaling Factor

2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05, for each exposure position, if the mid channel or highest output channel reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing are not necessary

9.1.GSM 850 SAR results

Distance 0mm

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Burst Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	Front	190	836.6	30.7	31	1.202	0.314	0.336
GSM850	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	Back	190	836.6	30.7	31	1.202	0.254	0.272

9.2.GSM 1900 SAR results

Distance 0mm

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Burst Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Measure d SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	Front	661	1880.0	27.6	28	1.202	0.244	0.268
GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	Back	661	1880.0	27.6	28	1.202	0.254	0.279

9.3.WCDMA 850 SAR results

Distance 0mm

Band M	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power	Tune-Up Limit	Scaling Factor	Measure d	Reported SAR

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					(dBm)	(dBm)		SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)
WCDMA850	RMC12.2	Front	4182	836.4	24.2	24.5	1.054	0.594	0.636
WCDMA850	RMC12.2	Back	4182	836.4	24.2	24.5	1.054	0.714	0.765

9.4. WCDMA 1900 SAR results

Distance 0mm

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Measure d SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA1900	RMC12.2	Front	9400	1880	23.41	23.76	1.084	0.421	0.456
WCDMA1900	RMC12.2	Back	9400	1880	23.41	23.76	1.084	0.618	0.670

9.5. WIFI SAR results

Distance 0mm

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Measure d SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
WIFI 2.4G	11b	Front	6	2437	14.77	15	1.054	0.057	0.060
WIFI 2.4G	11b	Back	6	2437	14.77	15	1.054	0.019	0.020

9.6. Repeated SAR results

Remark:

- 1 According to KDB 865664 D01v01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2 KDB 865664 D01v01, if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20% and the measured SAR<1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3 The variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Measure d SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Ratio

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10. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION SAR ANALYSIS

Mode	Wireless Technology	Frequency Band
Data	Bluetooth	2. 4GHz
Voice/Data	GSM/GPRS	850 1900
Voice/Data	WCDMA	Band V II
DATA	WIFI	2. 4GHz

	Position	Applicable Combination
		WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz Band
	Hotspot	WWAN + Bluetooth
		WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz Band
Simultaneous Transmission	Body-worn	WWAN + Bluetooth

Remark:

- 1 GSM/WCDMA share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously
- 2 The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 3 Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05 based on the formula below.
- i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]• [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- ii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

0mm

Wireless Interface	Bluetooth
Tune-up Maximum power (dBm)	2
Rounded Power in mW	2
Distance mm	0
Frequency GHz	2.45
Estimated SAR for simultaneous	0.066
transmission analysis	0.000

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5 According to KDB 447498 D01v05, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- (i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
- (ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.

If SPLSR $\, \leqslant \, 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

(iii) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

Simultaneously transmission Analysis of the highest reported SAR

Body worn 0mm

	WWAN (PCE)		Bluetooth (DSS)	WWAN+		Simultaneou
Position	WWAN Band	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth (W/kg)	SPLSR≤ 0.04	s transmission SAR test exclusion
Front	WCDMA BAND V	PCB0.765	0.066	0.831	-	Excluded

Ī		WWAN (PCE)		WIFI 2.4G (DTS)	WWAN+		Simultaneou
•	Position	WWAN Band	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max DTSSAR (W/kg)	DTS (W/kg)	SPLSR≤ 0.04	s transmission SAR test exclusion
	Front	WCDMA BAND V	PCB0.765	0.060	0.825	-	Excluded

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APPENDIX A:	SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

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SystemPerformanceCheck-D835 Body

Date: 2013.11.17

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d141

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: Not Specified; Frequency: 835 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.93 mho/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 55.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.50 W/kg

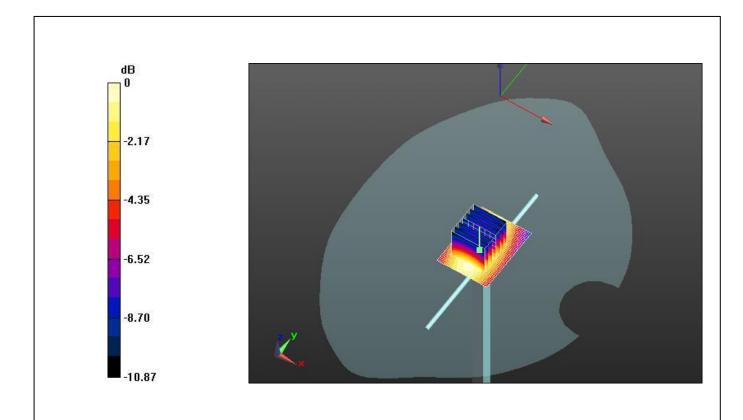
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 49.842 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.430 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.52 W/kg

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0 dB = 2.52 W/kg

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SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 Body

Date 2013.11.16.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d162

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: Not Specified; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.45 mho/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 52.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 W/kg

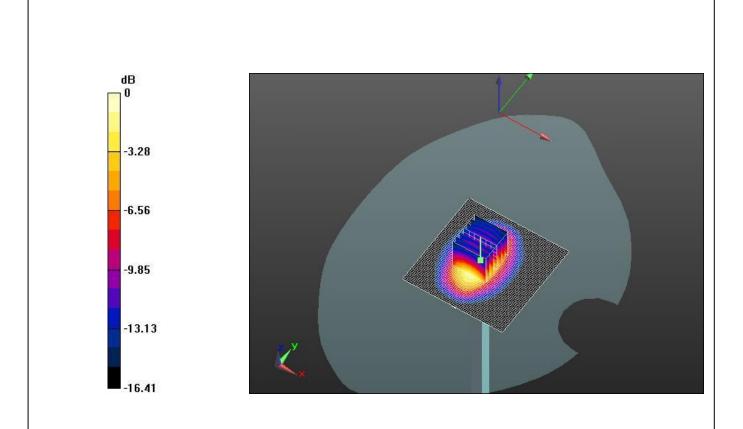
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 85.933 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.503 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 10.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg

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0 dB = 14.6 W/kg

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SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450 Body

Date: 2013.11.16.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:818

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: Not Specified; Frequency: 2450

MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3203; ConvF(5.07, 5.07,5.07); Calibrated: 2013. 10. 31.

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013. 10. 31.

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

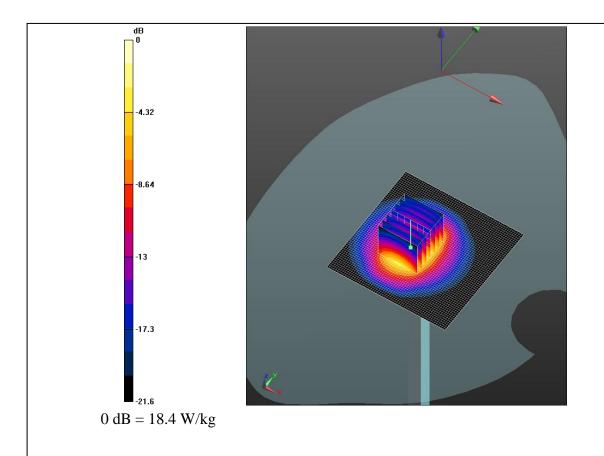
Reference Value = 82.311 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.691 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

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APPENDIX B: System Validation

Per KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. SAR measurement systems are validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01v01. The validation status is documented according to the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probe and tissue dielectric parameters. When multiple SAR system is used, the validation status of each SAR system is needed to be documented separately according to the associated system components.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probe and tissue dielectric parameters are shown as below.

Date	Probe	Tested Freq	Tissue		CW			Mod. Validatio	n
	S/N	MHz		Sensitivity	Linearity	Isotropy	Mod	Duty Factor	Peak to
									Average Power
									Ration
2013-11.17	3203	835	Body	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
2013-11-16	3203	1900	Body	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
2013-11-16	3203	2450	Body	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	Pass	N/A

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APPENDIX C: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2013.11.16

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 GPRS850 Body Rear Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: GPRS FDD(TDMA, GSMK); Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0

849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 7 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 55.858; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

GPRS 850_Facedown/Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 16.275 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.313 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.331 W/kg

GPRS 850_Facedown/Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.275 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

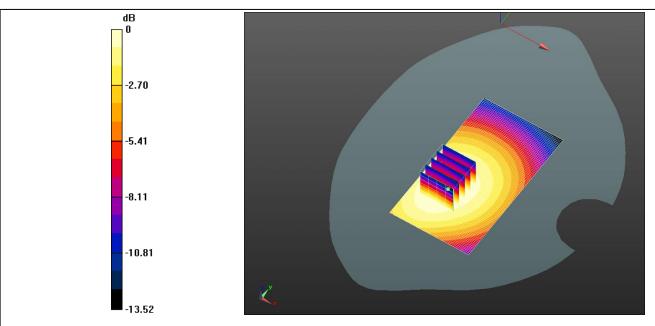
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.382 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.314 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 W/kg

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0 dB = 0.331 W/kg = -9.62 dB W/kg

Date/Time: 2013.11.16

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 GPRS850 Body Front Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: GPRS FDD(TDMA, GSMK); Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0

849.0 MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 7 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 55.858; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

GPRS 850_Faceup/Mid/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500

Reference Value = 14.600 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

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Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.252 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.266 W/kg

GPRS 850_Faceup/Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

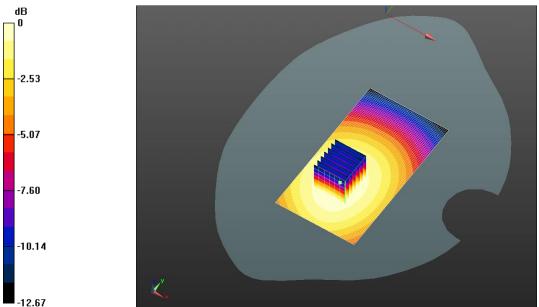
Reference Value = 14.600 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.309 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.254 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.267 W/kg



0 dB = 0.266 W/kg = -11.50 dB W/kg

Date/Time: 2013.11.16

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 GPRS1900 Body Front Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: GPRS FDD (TDMA, GSMK); Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850. ♦

- 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 7 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.82$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

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DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

GPRS1900 Flat/GPRS1900 Faceup-Mid/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Reference Value = 11.243 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.242 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 W/kg

GPRS1900 Flat/GPRS1900 Faceup-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid

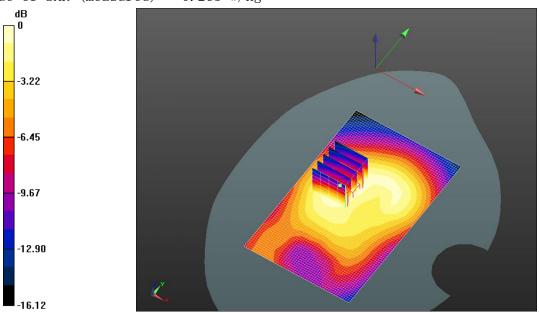
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.243 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.244 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 W/kg



0 dB = 0.264 W/kg = -11.57 dB W/kg

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Date/Time: 2013.11.16

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 GPRS1900 Body Rear Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: GPRS FDD(TDMA, GSMK); Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850. ♦

- 1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Communication System PAR: 7 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.82$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63. 19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

GPRS1900 Flat/GPRS1900 Facedown-Low/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Reference Value = 13.363 V/m: Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.274 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.305 W/kg

GPRS1900 Flat/GPRS1900 Facedown-Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

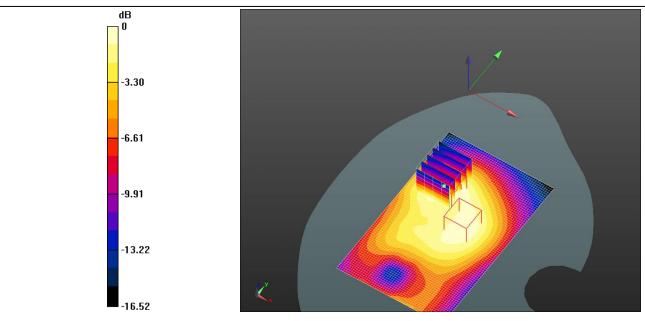
Reference Value = 13.363 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.443 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.254 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.279 W/kg

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0 dB = 0.305 W/kg = -10.32 dB W/kg

Date/Time: 2013.11.16

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 WCDMA Body BAND2(RMC) Front Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: UMTS-FDD; Communication System Band: Band 2, UTRA/FDD (1850.0

1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 2.91 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.82$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

UMTS Band 2 Flat/Frontup-Mid/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 18.732 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.434 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 mW/g

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Info: Extrapolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.478 W/kg

UMTS Band 2 Flat/Frontup-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

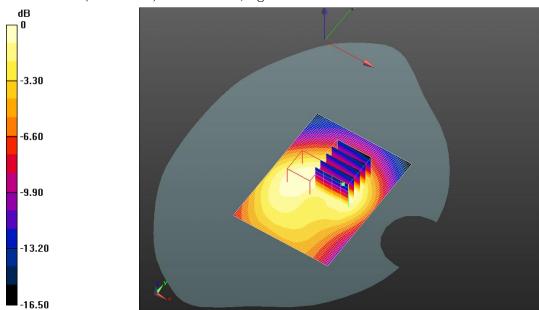
Reference Value = 18.732 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.786 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.421 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 mW/g

Info: Extrapolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.460 W/kg



0 dB = 0.478 W/kg = -6.41 dB W/kg

Date/Time: 2013.11.16

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 WCDMA Body BAND2(RMC) Rear Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: UMTS-FDD; Communication System Band: Band 2, UTRA/FDD (1850.0

1910.0 MHz); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System PAR: 2.91 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.55 mho/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 52.82; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

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- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

UMTS Band 2 Flat/Backup-Mid/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 17.688 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.624 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 mW/g

Info: Extrapolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.693 W/kg

UMTS Band 2 Flat/Backup-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

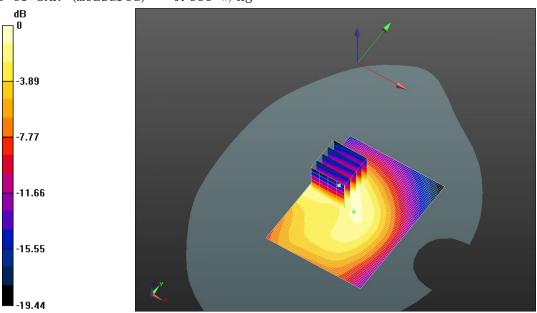
Reference Value = 17.688 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.238 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.618 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.339 mW/g

Info: Extrapolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.666 W/kg



0 dB = 0.693 W/kg = -3.19 dB W/kg

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Date/Time: 2013.11.17

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 WCDMA Body BAND5(RMC) Front Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: UMTS-FDD; Communication System Band: Band 5, UTRA/FDD (824.0 - 849. ♦

MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 2.91 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 55.858; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

UMTS Band 5_body Faceup/Mid/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 18.952 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.589 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.416 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.621 W/kg

UMTS Band 5_body Faceup/Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dv=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.952 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

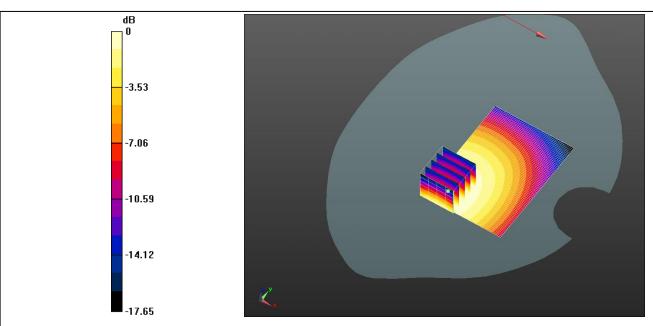
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.727 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.594 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.461 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.621 W/kg

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0 dB = 0.621 W/kg = -4.14 dB W/kg

Date/Time: 2013.11.17

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 WCDMA Body BAND5(RMC) Rear Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: UMTS-FDD; Communication System Band: Band 5, UTRA/FDD (824.0 - 849.0

MHz); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Communication System PAR: 2.91 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 55.858; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63. 19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(6.55, 6.55, 6.55); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CC; Serial: TP:1504
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

UMTS Band 5_body Facedown/Mid/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 21.119 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

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Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.709 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.500 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.749 W/kg

UMTS Band 5_body Facedown/Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

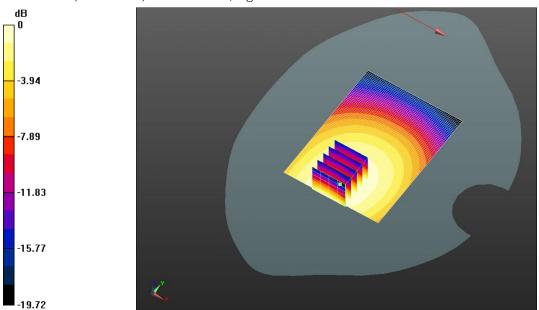
Reference Value = 21.119 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.857 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.714 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.554 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.748 W/kg



0 dB = 0.749 W/kg = -2.51 dB W/kg

Date/Time: 2013.11.16

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 WiFi 802.11b Body Rear Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: 802. 11b WiFi 2. 4GHz (DSSS, 1Mbps); Communication System Band: 802. 11b;

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.599 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; σ = 2.011 mho/m; $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 50.719; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

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DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3203; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

802.11b-Flat/Faceup-Mid/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 1.787 V/m; Power Drift = 3.76 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.055 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0622 W/kg

802.11b-Flat/Faceup-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.787 V/m; Power Drift = 3.76 dB

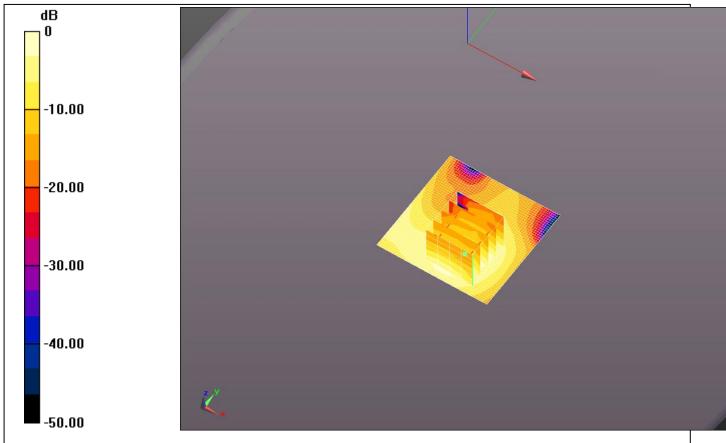
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.107 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0646 W/kg

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0 dB = 0.0622 W/kg = -24.13 dB W/kg

Date/Time: 2013.11.16

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

V5000 WiFi 802.11b Body Front Mid

DUT: default; Type: default; Serial: default

Communication System: 802. 11b WiFi 2. 4GHz (DSSS, 1Mbps); Communication System Band: 802. 11b;

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 3.599 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 2.011 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.719$; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3203; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 2013.10.31.;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn876; Calibrated: 2013.10.31.

• Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:xxxx

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• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

802.11b-0mm/Faceup-Mid/Area Scan (51x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 3.406 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.017 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00577 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0223 W/kg

802.11b-0mm/Faceup-Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

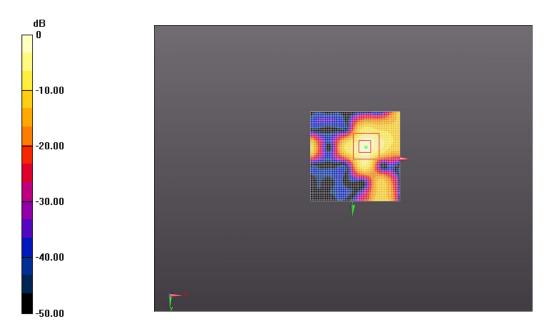
Reference Value = 3.406 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.110 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.019 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00640 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0352 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0223 W/kg = -33.02 dB W/kg

Date/Time: 2013.11.16

Test Laboratory: The name of your organization

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Acceptable Conditions for SAR Measurements Using Probes and Dipoles Calibrated under the SPEAG-TMC Dual-Logo Calibration Program to Support FCC Equipment Certification

The acceptable conditions for SAR measurements using probes, dipoles and DAEs calibrated by TMC (Telecommunication Metrology Center of MITT in Beijing, China), under the Dual-Logo Calibration Certificate program and quality assurance (QA) protocols established between SPEAG (Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Switzerland) and TMC, to support FCC (U.S. Federal Communications Commission) equipment certification are defined and described in the following.

- The agreement established between SPEAG and TMC is only applicable to calibration services performed by TMC where its clients (companies and divisions of such companies) are headquartered in the Greater China Region, including Taiwan and Hong Kong. This agreement is subject to renewal at the end of each calendar year between SPEAG and TMC. TMC shall inform the FCC of any changes or early termination to the agreement.
- 2) Only a subset of the calibration services specified in the SPEAG-TMC agreement, while it remains valid, are applicable to SAR measurements performed using such equipment for supporting FCC equipment certification. These are identified in the following.
 - a) Calibration of dosimetric (SAR) probes EX3DVx, ET3DVx and ES3DVx.
 - i) Free-space E-field and H-field probes, including those used for HAC (hearing aid compatibility) evaluation, temperature probes, other probes or equipment not identified in this document, when calibrated by TMC, are excluded and cannot be used for measurements to support FCC equipment certification.
 - ii) Signal specific and bundled probe calibrations based on PMR (probe modulation response) characteristics are handled according to the requirements of KDB 865664; that is, "Until standardized procedures are available to make such determination, the applicability of a signal specific probe calibration for testing specific wireless modes and technologies is determined on a case-by-case basis through KDB inquiries, including SAR system verification requirements."
 - b) Calibration of SAR system validation dipoles, excluding HAC dipoles.
 - c) Calibration of data acquisition electronics DAE3Vx, DAE4Vx and DAEasyVx.
 - d) For FCC equipment certification purposes, the frequency range of SAR probe and dipole calibrations is limited to 700 MHz - 6 GHz and provided it is supported by the equipment identified in the TMC QA protocol (a separate attachment to this document).
 - The identical system and equipment setup, measurement configurations, hardware, evaluation algorithms, calibration and QA protocols, including the format of calibration certificates and reports used by SPEAG shall be applied by TMC
 - The calibrated items are only applicable to SPEAG DASY 4 and DASY 5 or higher version systems.

Report No.: WT138003685



- 3) The SPEAG-TMC agreement includes specific protocols identified in the following to ensure the quality of calibration services provided by TMC under this SPEAG-TMC Dual-Logo calibration agreement are equivalent to the calibration services provided by SPEAG. TMC shall, upon request, provide copies of documentation to the FCC to substantiate program implementation.
 - a) The Inter-laboratory Calibration Evaluation (ILCE) stated in the TMC QA protocol shall be performed between SPEAG and TMC at least once every 12 months. The ILCE acceptance criteria defined in the TMC QA protocol shall be satisfied for the TMC, SPEAG and FCC agreements to remain valid.
 - b) Check of Calibration Certificate (CCC) shall be performed by SPEAG for all calibrations performed by TMC. Written confirmation from SPEAG is required for TMC to issue calibration certificates under the SPEAG-TMC Dual-Logo calibration program. Quarterly reports for all calibrations performed by TMC under the program are also issued by SPEAG.
 - c) The calibration equipment and measurement system used by TMC shall be verified before each calibration service according to the specific reference SAR probes, dipoles, and DAE calibrated by SPEAG. The results shall be reproducible and within the defined acceptance criteria specified in the TMC QA protocol before each actual calibration can commence. TMC shall maintain records of the measurement and calibration system verification results for all calibrations.
 - d) Quality Check of Calibration (QCC) certificates shall be performed by SPEAG at least once every 12 months. SPEAG shall visit TMC facilities to verify the laboratory, equipment, applied procedures and plausibility of randomly selected certificates.
- 4) A copy of this document, to be updated annually, shall be provided to TMC clients that accept calibration services according to the SPEAG-TMC Dual-Logo calibration program, which should be presented to a TCB (Telecommunication Certification Body), to facilitate FCC equipment approval.
- TMC shall address any questions raised by its clients or TCBs relating to the SPEAG-TMC Dual-Logo calibration program and inform the FCC and SPEAG of any critical issues.

Change Note: Revised on June 26 to clarify the applicability of PMR and Bundled probe calibrations according to the requirements of KDB 865664.



In Collaboration with



Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.emcite.com



Client

SMQ

Certificate No: J13-2-2921

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3203

Calibration Procedure(s)

TMC-OS-E-02-195

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

October 31, 2013

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

3	Name	Function	Signature
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	15-Feb-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-781)	Feb-14
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	01-Jul-13 (TMC, No.JW13-045)	Jun-14
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
DAE4	SN 777	22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13)	Feb -14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	03-Sep-13(SPEAG,No.EX3-3846_Sep13)	Sep-14
Reference20dBAttenuator	BT0267	12-Dec-12(TMC,No.JZ12-866)	Dec-14
Reference10dBAttenuator	BT0520	12-Dec-12(TMC,No.JZ12-867)	Dec-14
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	01-Jul-13 (TMC, No.JW13-044)	Jun-14
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-13 (TMC, No.JW13-044)	Jun-14
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-13 (TMC, No.JW13-044)	Jun-14
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration

Name

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

是

Reviewed by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Approved by:

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

posts

Issued: November 4, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: J13-2-2921

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In Collaboration with

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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
 frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
 data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
 probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Add: No.52 Huayuanbei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: Info@emcite.com Http://www.emcite.com

Probe ES3DV3

SN: 3203

Calibrated: October 31, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: J13-2-2921

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ei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.emeite.com Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: Info@emcite.com

DASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3203

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)2)A	1.30	1.26	1.11	±10.8%
DCP(mV) ⁸	103.9	104.0	105.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc E (k=2)
0 CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	200.4 ±	±3.5%	
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		184.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		184.4	1.4

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3203

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	6.55	6.55	6.55	0.39	1.77	±12%
1810	40.0	1.40	5.41	5.41	5.41	0.31	2.22	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	5.07	5.07	5.07	0.54	1.66	±12%

 $^{\rm G}$ Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

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DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3203

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	6.75	6.75	6.75	2.14	0.90	±12%
1810	53.3	1.52	5.12	5.12	5.12	0.32	2.38	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	4.72	4.72	4.72	0.64	1.49	±12%

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to $\pm 10\%$ if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to $\pm 5\%$. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

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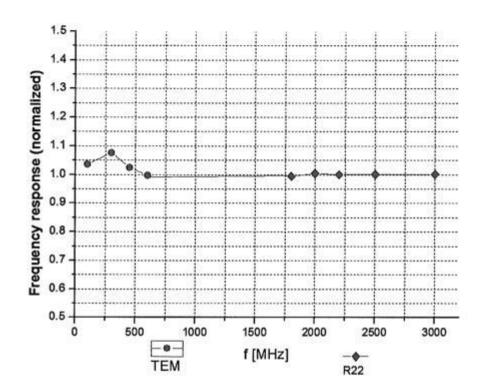
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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.5% (k=2)

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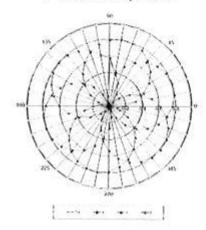


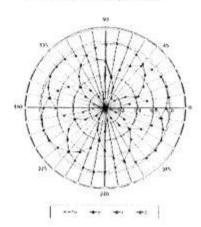
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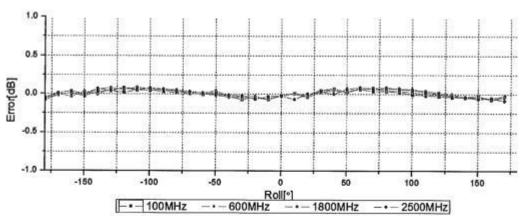
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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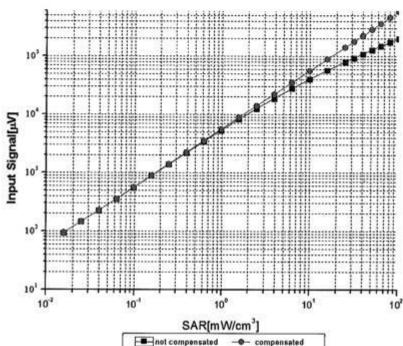
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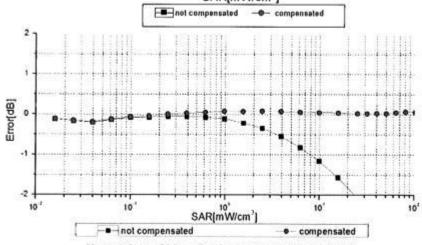
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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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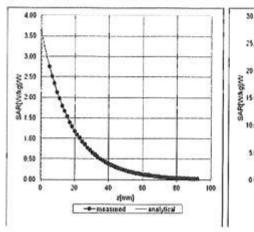


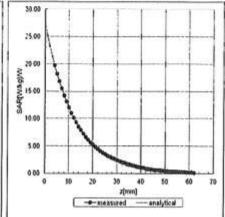
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Conversion Factor Assessment

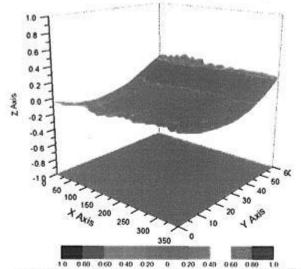
f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1810 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)





Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±2.8% (K=2)

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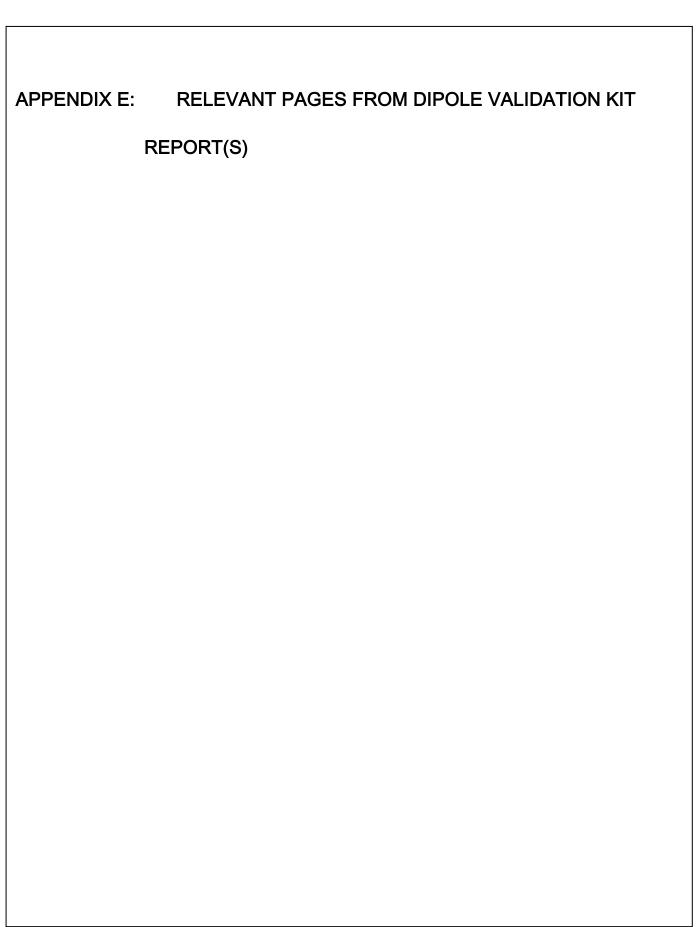
DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3203

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	175
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	10mm
Tip Diameter	4mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3mm

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service sulsse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client SMQ (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D835V2-4d141_Sep12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d141

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: September 24, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
	35		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	0. 2.0
			1 Men El Dagge
			// / /

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: September 24, 2012

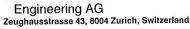
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d141_Sep12

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner







Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)",

February 2005

c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D835V2-4d141_Sep12

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Measurement Conditions

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.3 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.34 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.35 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.12 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.2 ± 6 %	1.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.44 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.46 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.60 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.25 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d141_Sep12

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω - 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.1 Ω - 1.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 34.6 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.391 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 27, 2012

Certificate No: D835V2-4d141_Sep12

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DLT: Dinole 835 MHz: Tyng: D835V2: Sesia at 20835V2-314: 4d141

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

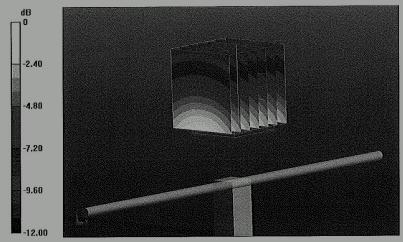
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.647 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.447 mW/g

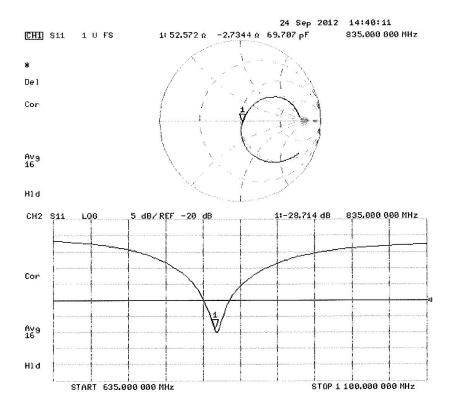
SAR(1 g) = 2.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 W/kg



0 dB = 2.71 W/kg = 8.66 dB W/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.09.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d141

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.2(969); SEMCAD X 14.6.6(6824)

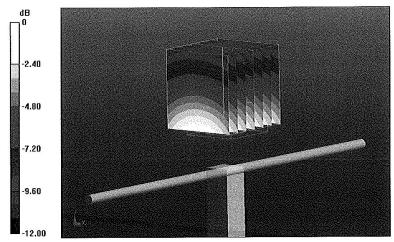
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.345 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.541 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg



0 dB = 2.85 W/kg = 9.10 dB W/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

