

Center Fred	q 1.905000000	Center Freq: 1.905000000 GHz Trig: Free Run Avg Held: 30/30 #Atten: 30 dB			Radio Std: None Radio Device: BTS		Frequency	
10 dB/div	Ref Offset 8.46 dB Ref 40.00 dBm							
Log 30.8								Center Free 1.905000000 GH
18.0 0.00					***			
-10.0 -20.0								
40.0					- Turn	dan na sagang ng	~	
Center 1.90 #Res BW 20			#VBW 620 kHz			Spa #Sweep	CF Step 4.000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man	
Occupied Bandwidth					22.	22.1 dBm		
Transmit	17 Freg Error	.792 MH		Power	0	9.00 %		Freq Offse 0 H
x dB Ban		18.52 MH		POwer		.00 dB		
2								
MSG		STATUS						

Band25-20MHz-16QAM-26590-100RB#0-17.792

# 5.4. Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminal

#### 5.4.1.Test Standard

FCC: CFR Part 2.1051, CFR Part 22.917, CFR Part 24.238, CFR Part 27.53

### 5.4.2.Test Limit

The radio frequency voltage or power generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in FCC 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P) dB$ . For all power levels +30dBm to 0dBm, this becomes a constant specification of -13dBm.

FCC 22.917 Emission limitations for cellular equipment.

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Cellular Radio telephone Service.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 100 kHz of 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

FCC 24.238 Emission limitations for Broadband PCS equipment.

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 100 kHz of 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center

frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

#### FCC: §27.53

(c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

(1) On any frequency outside the 746-758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$ ;

(2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$ ;

(3) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than 76 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;

(4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than 65 + 10 log (P) dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed. (h) AWS emission limits—(1) General protection levels. Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10 log10 (P) dB.

(m)(4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than  $43 + 10 \log (P)dB$  at the channel edge and  $55 + 10 \log (P) dB$  at 5.5 megahertz from the channel edges. (Channel edges are defined under

§27.5 (i) Frequency assignment for the BRS/EBS band)

(m)(6) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 100 kHz of 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

#### FCC 90.691

(a) Out-of-band emission requirement shall apply only to the "outer" channels included

in an EA license and to spectrum adjacent to interior channels used by incumbent licensees. The emission limits are as follows:

(1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 116 Log10(f/6.1) decibels or 50 + 10 Log10(P) decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.

(2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least 43 + 10Log10(P) decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.

The power of any emission shall be attenuated below the mean output power P(dBW) by at least 43 + 10 log10(p), measured in a 100 kHz bandwidth for frequencies less than or equal to 1 GHz, and in a 1 MHz bandwidth for frequencies greater than 1 GHz.

### 5.4.3.Test Procedure

1. Connect the equipment as shown in the above diagram.

2. Set the spectrum analyzer to measure peak hold with the required settings.

3. Set the signal generator to a known output power and record the path loss in dB (LOSS) for frequencies up to the tenth harmonic of the EUT's carrier frequency.

LOSS = Generator Output Power (dBm) – Analyzer reading (dBm).

4. Replace the signal generator with the EUT.

5. Adjust the settings of the Universal Radio Communication Tester (CMU) to set the EUT to its maximum power at the required channel.

6. Set the spectrum analyzer to measure peak hold with the required settings. Offset the spectrum analyzer reference level by the path loss measured above.

7. Measure and record all spurious emissions up to the tenth harmonic of the carrier frequency.

8. Measurements are to be performed with the EUT set to the low, middle and high channel of each frequency band.

9. If necessary steps 6 and 7 may be performed with the spectrum analyzer set to average detector.

(Note: Step 3 above is performed prior to testing and LOSS is recorded by test software. Steps 2, 6, and 7 above are performed with test software.)

5.4.4.Test Data

### **Out of Band Emissions**

#### For GSM

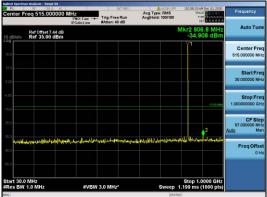
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- Test Mode=GSM/TM1

## Test Channel=LCH



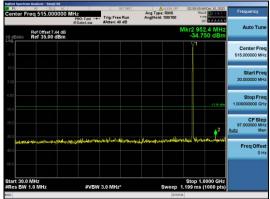


### Test Channel=MCH



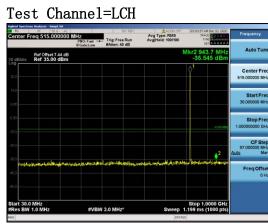


### Test Channel=HCH





# Test Mode=GSM/TM2



RL	RF 50 Q /		INT REF	ALION OFF	03:04:07 AM Dec 10, 2020	1 - Contractor - C
Center F	enter Freq 5.500000000 GHz PNO: Fast H IFGainLow		- Trig: Free Run #Atten: 40 dB	Avg Type: RMS Avg Hold: 62/100	TYPE AAAAAA	Frequency
0 dB/div	Ref Offset 9.02 o Ref 35.00 dB			Auto Tur		
30						Center Free 5.500000000 GH
15.0 5.00						Start Free 1.00000000 GH
5.00					-13.00 dPn	Stop Free 10.000000000 GH
		1				CF Ste 900.000000 MH Auto Ma
45.0	a la sel a la sel de					Freq Offse 0 H
55.0						
start 1.00					Stop 10.000 GHz	
start 1.00 Res BW		#VBV	V 3.0 MHz*	Sweep 1	Stop 10.000 GHz 5.29 ms (8190 pts)	

## Test Channel=MCH

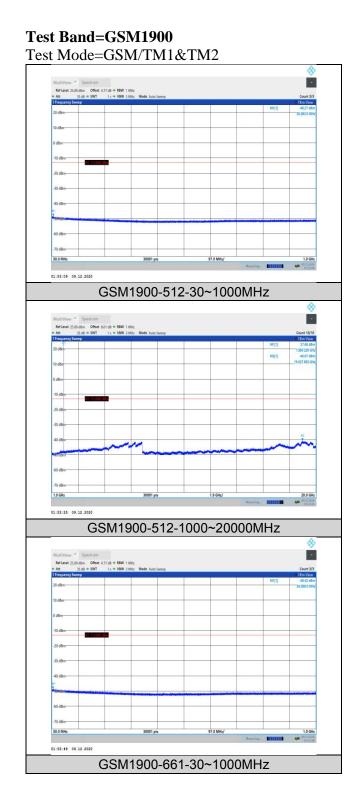


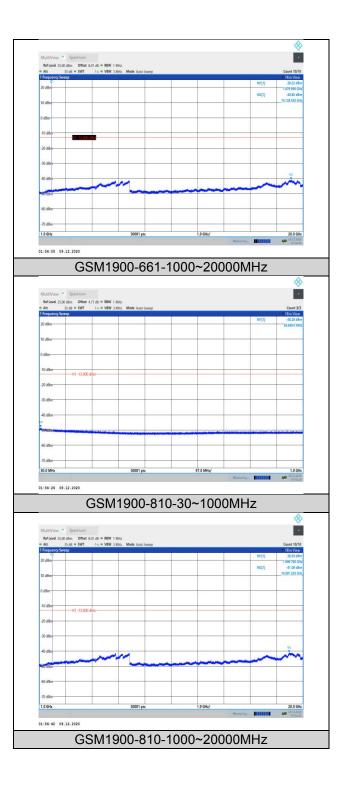


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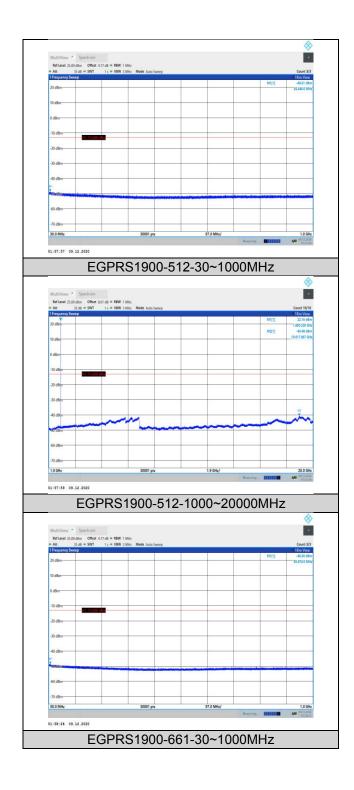


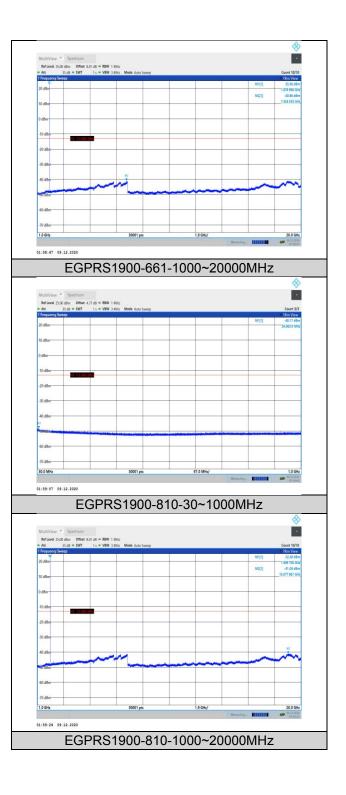




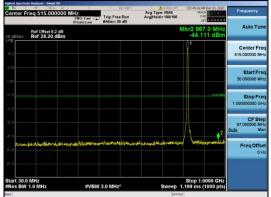


# Report No.:WT208001280





### For WCDMA Test Band=WCDMA850 Test Mode=UMTS/TM3 Test Channel=LCH





#### Test Channel=MCH





#### Test Channel=HCH





