

## RF TEST REPORT for Intentional Radiator No. 160700135SHA-002

Applicant : Lenbrook Industries Limited  
633 Granite Court, Pickering Ontario, L1W 3K1, Canada  
Manufacturer : Lenbrook Industries Limited  
633 Granite Court, Pickering Ontario, L1W 3K1, Canada  
Product Name : HYBRID DIGITAL DAC AMPLIFIER  
Type/Model : C 368  
**TEST RESULT : PASS**

### SUMMARY

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s):

**47CFR Part 15 (2016):** Radio Frequency Devices

**ANSI C63.10 (2013):** American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

**RSS-247 Issue 1(May 2015):** Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

**RSS-Gen Issue 4 (November 2014):** General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

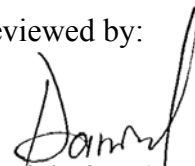
Date of issue: October 26, 2016

Prepared by:



Wade Zhang (*Project Engineer*)

Reviewed by:



Daniel Zhao (*Reviewer*)



**FCC ID: SVC-C368**  
**IC: 152C-C368**

## **Description of Test Facility**

Name: Intertek Testing Services Limited Shanghai  
Address: Building No.86, 1198 Qinzhou Road(North), Shanghai 200233, P.R.  
China  
FCC Registration Number: 236597  
IC Assigned Code: 2042B-1  
Name of contact: Jonny Jing  
Tel: +86 21 61278271  
Fax: +86 21 54262353

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## 1. Test Summary

This report applies to tested sample only. This report shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Intertek Testing Service Shanghai Limited.

Test Items	FCC Reference	IC Reference	Result
Minimum 6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 Issue 1 Clause 5	Pass
Output power	15.247(b)	RSS-247 Issue 1 Clause 5	Pass
Power spectrum density	15.247(e)	RSS-247 Issue 1 Clause 5	Pass
Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands	15.247(d)	RSS-247 Issue 1 Clause 5	Pass
Emissions in restricted frequency bands	15.247(d) & 15.205 & 15.209	RSS-247 Issue 1 Clause 5	Pass
Power line conducted emission	15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 4 Clause 8.8	NA

## 2. General Information

### 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant : Lenbrook Industries Limited  
633 Granite Court, Pickering Ontario, L1W 3K1, Canada  
Name of contact : Heather Yan  
Tel : +1 905 831 0799  
Fax : +1 905 837 6357  
Manufacturer : Lenbrook Industries Limited  
633 Granite Court, Pickering Ontario, L1W 3K1, Canada  
Factory : Hansong (Nanjing) Technology Ltd.  
8th Kangping Road, Jiangning Economy and Technology  
Development Zone, Nanjing, 211106, China.

### 2.2 Identification of the EUT and Technical specification

Equipment : HYBRID DIGITAL DAC AMPLIFIER  
Type/model : C 368  
Operation Frequency : 2402-2480MHz  
EUT Modes of : BT4.0 BLE  
Modulation  
Type of Modulation : GFSK  
Transfer Rate : 1Mbps  
Power Class : Class II  
Channel Number : 40 (0-39)  
Antenna : 2dBi Dipole antenna  
Description of EUT : The EUT is an amplifier which supports BT4.0 function, and it has only one model, we tested it and listed the BLE result in this report.  
Rating : 100-120V/220-240V~ 50/60Hz 100W  
Category of EUT : Class B  
EUT type :  Table top  Floor standing  
Sample received date : July 04, 2016  
Sample Identification : \*0160704-19-001\*  
No  
Date of test : July 04, 2016 ~ September 19, 2016

### 2.3 Channel List

Frequency Band (MHz)				2402 ~ 2480			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
<b>0</b>	<b>2402</b>	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
2	2406	12	2426	22	2446	32	2466
3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
9	2420	<b>19</b>	<b>2440</b>	29	2460	<b>39</b>	<b>2480</b>

### 2.4 Test software and Power Setting

The test setting software is offered by the manufactory. The pre-scan for the conducted power with all rates in each modulation and bands was used, and the worst case was found and used in all test cases.

Test software and Power Setting parameter			
Test Software	CSR Bluesuite 2.4.8		
Working Mode	BLE		
Test Channel	2402MHz	2440MHz	2480MHz
Power Setting	0	0	0

### 3. Test Specification

#### 3.1 Instrument list

Selected	Equipment	Type	Manu.	Internal no.	Cal. Date	Due date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PXA Analyzer	N9030A	Agilent	EC5338	2016/3/4	2017/3/3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Vector SG	N5182B	Agilent	EC5175	2016/3/4	2017/3/3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power sensor	U2021XA	Agilent	EC5338-1	2016/3/4	2017/3/3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MXG Analog SG	N5181A	Agilent	EC5338-2	2016/3/4	2017/3/3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Power meter	N1911A/N1921A	Agilent	EC4318	2016/4/10	2017/4/9
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EMI Receiver	ESCS 30	R&S	EC 2107	2015/10/20	2016/10/19
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	A.M.N.	ESH2-Z5	R&S	EC 3119	2015/12/16	2017/12/15
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	I.S.N.	FCC-TLISN-T8-02	FCC	EC3756	2016/2/16	2017/2/15
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EMI chamber	3m	Albatross	EC 3048	2016/5/5	2017/5/4
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Test Receiver	ESIB 26	R&S	EC 3045	2015/10/20	2016/10/19
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Test Receiver	ESCI 7	R&S	EC4501	2016/2/24	2017/2/23
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Bilog Antenna	CBL 6112D	TESEQ	EC 4206	2016/5/30	2017/5/29
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	HF 906	R&S	EC 3049	2016/9/11	2017/9/10
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	HAP18-26W	TOYO	EC 4792-3	2014/6/12	2017/6/11
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pre-amplifier	Pre-amp 18	R&S	EC 5262	2016/5/24	2017/5/23
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pre-amplifier	Tpa0118-40	R&S	EC 4792-2	2016/4/11	2017/4/10
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Shielded room	-	Zhongyu	EC 2838	2016/1/9	2017/1/8

#### 3.2 Test Standard

47CFR Part 15 (2016): Radio Frequency Devices

RSS-247 Issue 1(May 2015): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

RSS-Gen Issue 4 (November 2014): General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

ANSI C63.10 (2013): American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

### 3.3 Mode of operation during the test / Test peripherals used

While testing transmitting mode of EUT, the internal modulation and continuously transmission was applied.

Radiated test mode:

Mode 1: EUT transmitted signal with BT antenna;

Conducted test mode:

Mode 2: EUT transmitted signal from BT RF port connected to SPA directly;

Test peripherals used:

Item No	Description	Band and Model	S/No
1	Laptop computer	HP ProBook 6470b	NA

Note: The accessories are used for configuration only and not used during test.



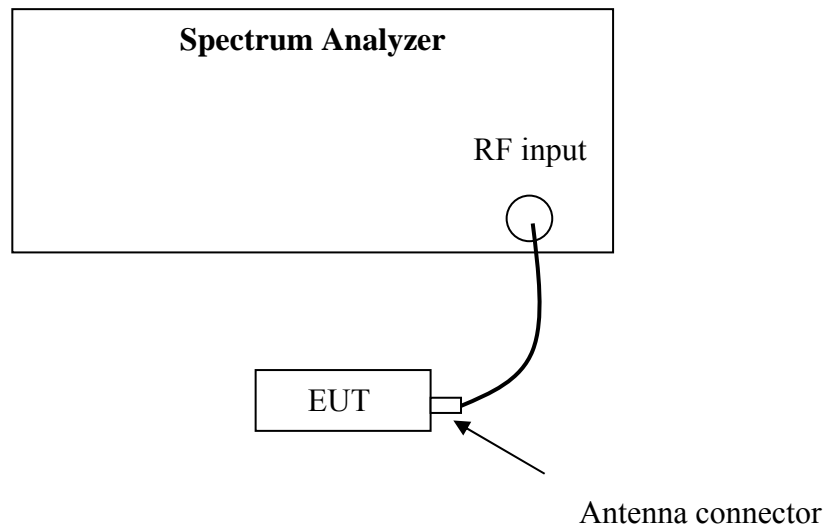
## 4. Minimum 6dB Bandwidth

Test result: PASS

### 4.1 Limit

For systems using digital modulation techniques that may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 4.2 Test Configuration



### 4.3 Test Procedure and test setup

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

#### 4.4 Test Protocol

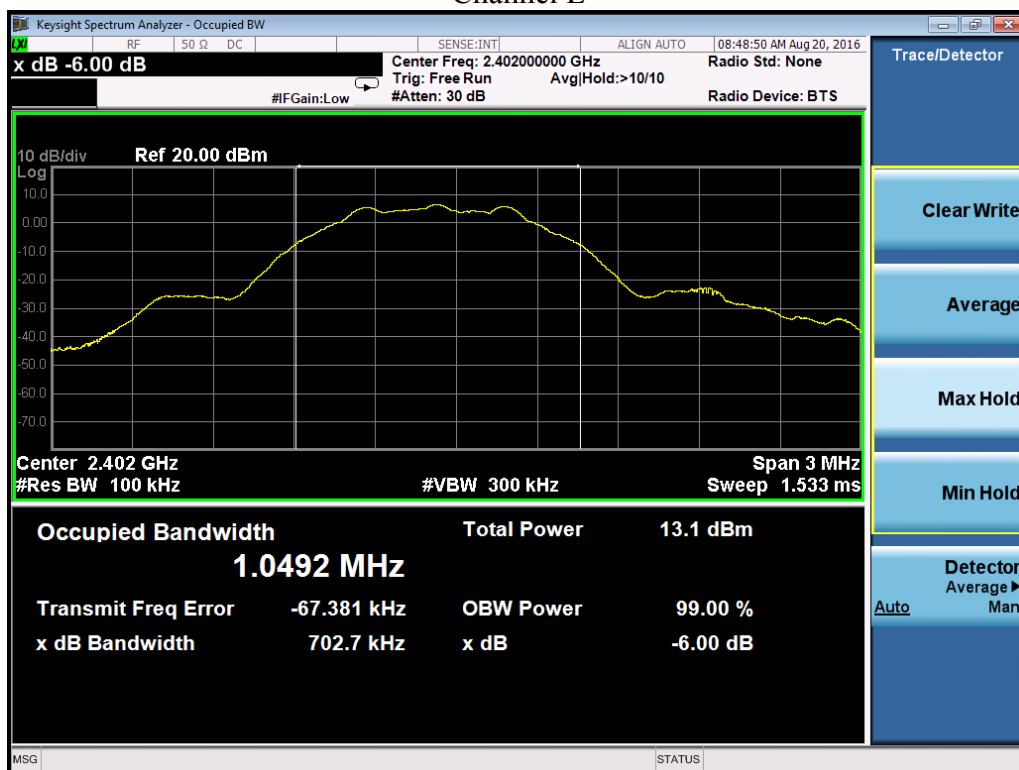
Temperature: 22°C

Relative Humidity: 53%

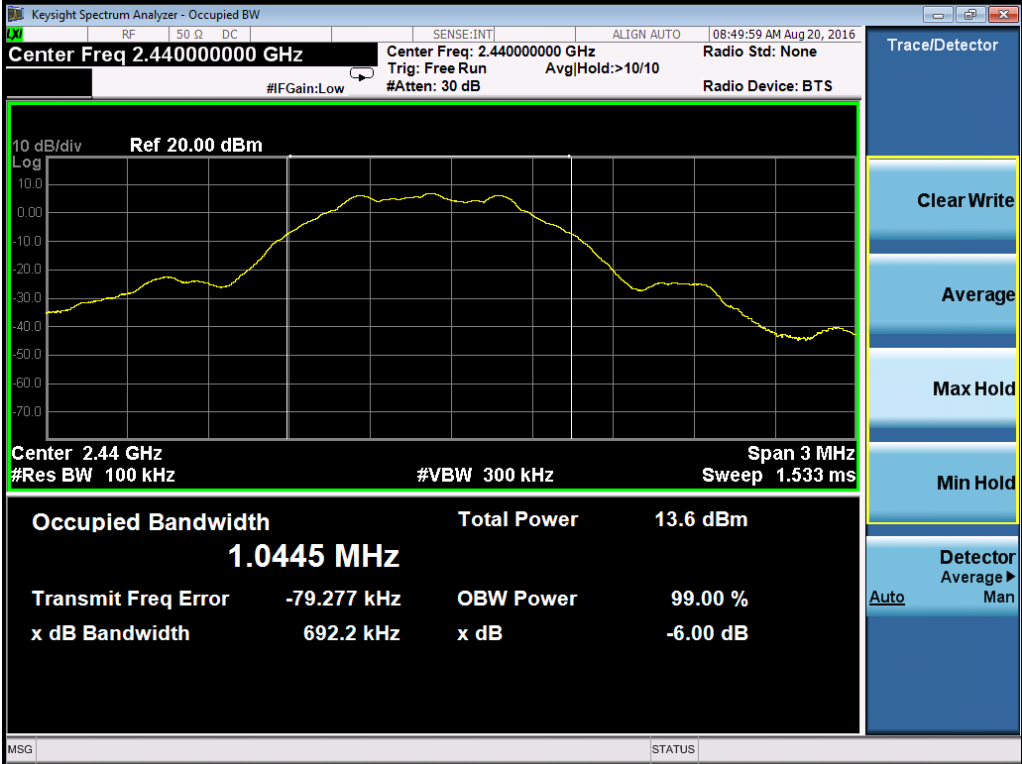
Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Minimum 6dB Bandwidth (KHz)	Limits (KHz)
BLE	2402	702.7	> 500
	2440	692.2	> 500
	2480	698.4	> 500

Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
BLE	2402	1.0492
	2440	1.0445
	2480	1.0450

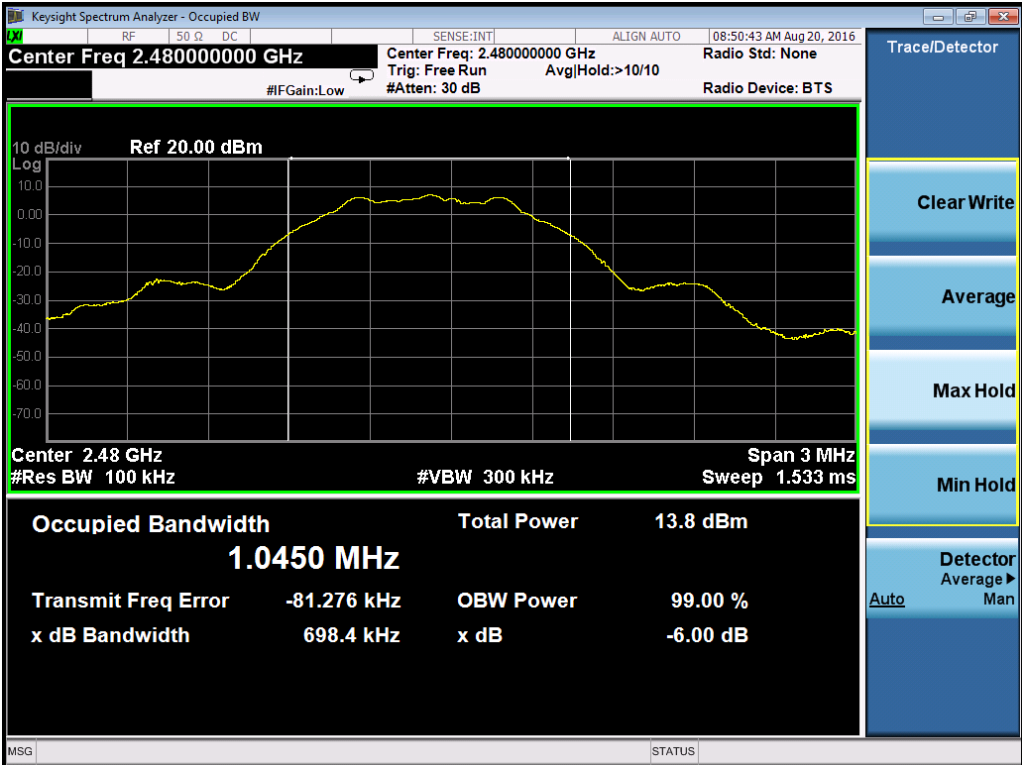
#### Channel L



Channel M



Channel H



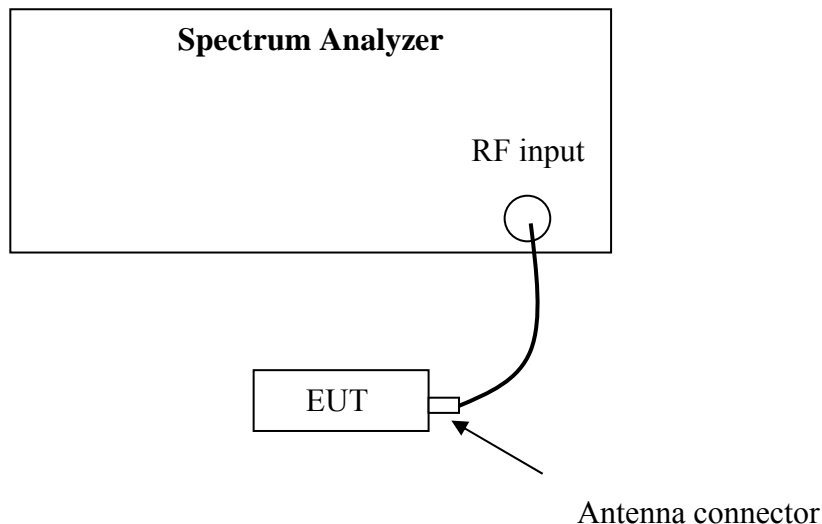
## 5. Maximum Conducted Output power

**Test result: Pass**

### 5.1 Test limit

- For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt
- For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts
- For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

### 5.2 Test Configuration



### 5.3 Test procedure and test setup

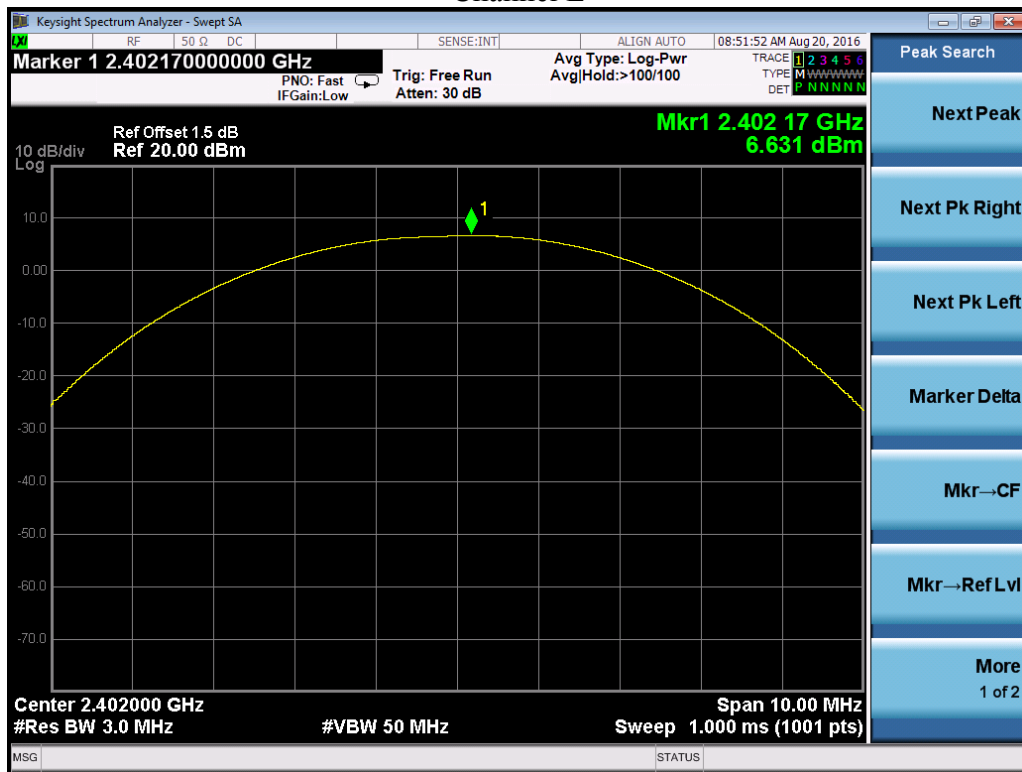
- a) Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- c) Set span  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

### 5.4 Test protocol

Temperature: 22 °C  
Relative Humidity: 53 %

Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	MaxConducted Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
BLE	2402	6.631	30
	2440	7.130	30
	2480	7.202	30

Channel L





## 6. Maximum Power spectrum density

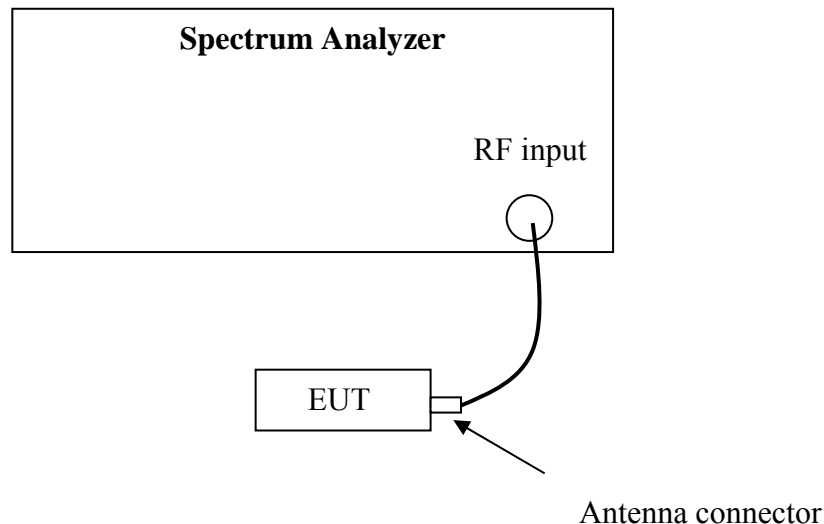
**Test result:** Pass

### 6.1 Test limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. If there have a beam forming type, the limit should be the minimum of 8dBm/MHz and  $8 + (6 - \text{antenna gain} - \text{beam forming gain})$ .

### 6.2 Test Configuration



### 6.3 Test procedure and test setup

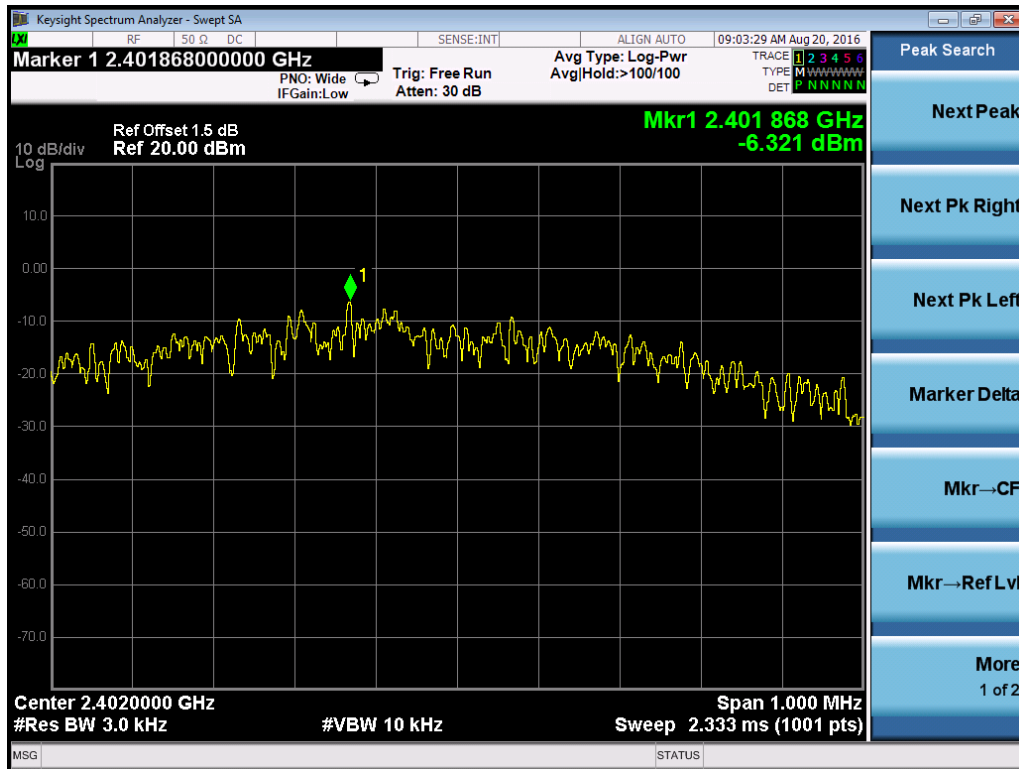
- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .
- d) Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$ .
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### 6.4 Test Protocol

Temperature: 22 °C  
Relative Humidity: 53 %

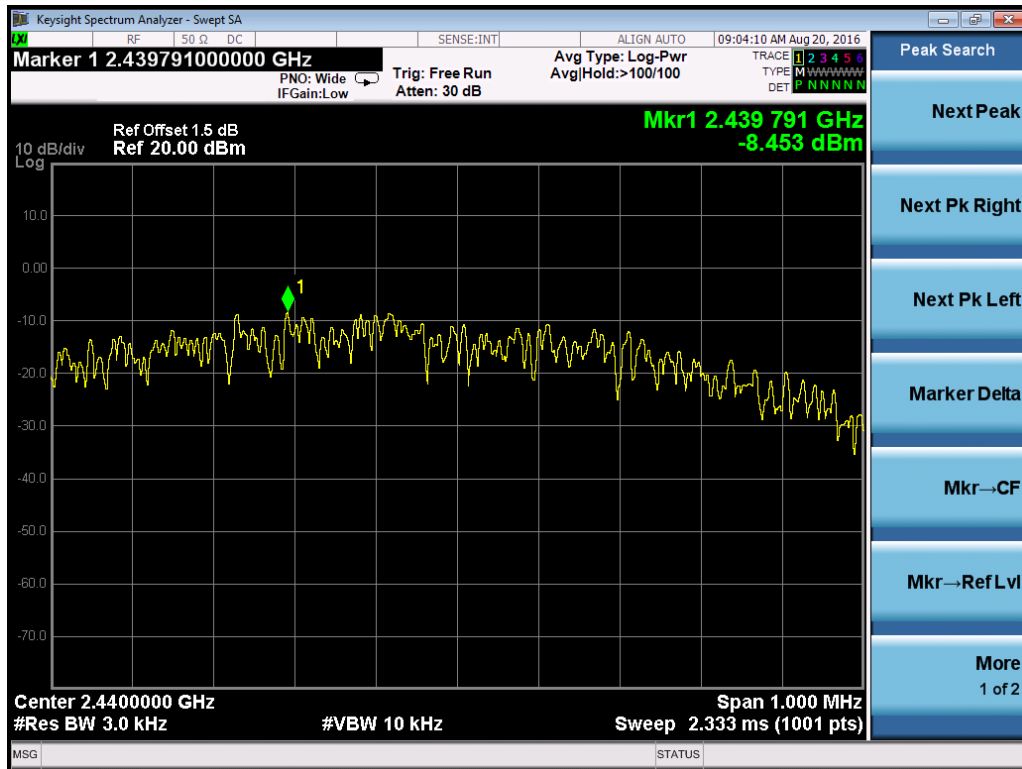
Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power spectrum density (dBm/3KHz)	Limit (dBm/3KHz)
BLE	2402	-6.321	8
	2440	-8.453	8
	2480	-7.359	8

Channel L

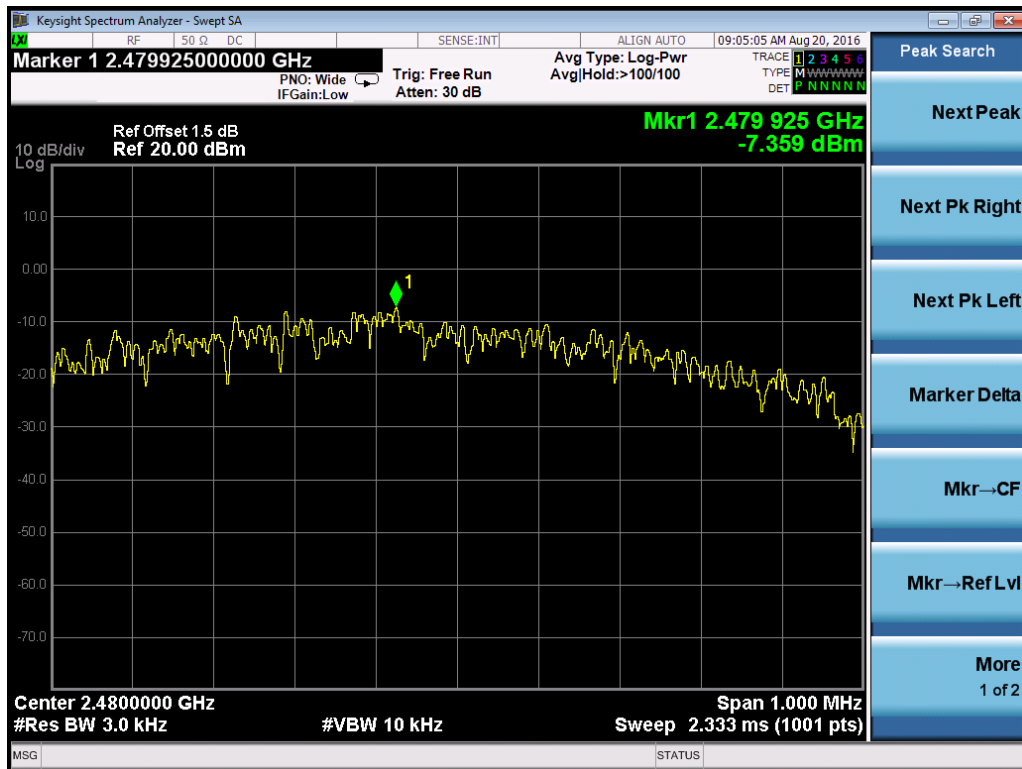




### Channel M



### Channel H



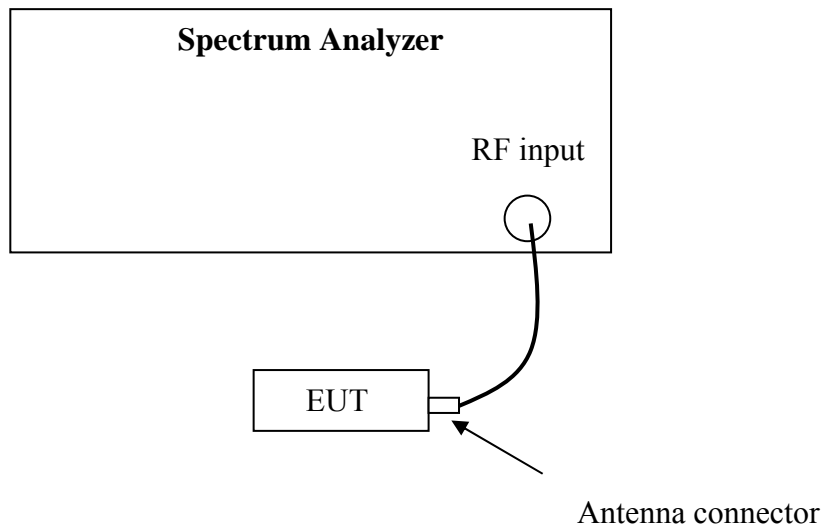
## 7. Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands

Test result: Pass

### 7.1 Test limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

### 7.2 Test Configuration



### 7.3 Test procedure and test setup

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to  $\geq 1.5$  times the *DTS bandwidth*.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

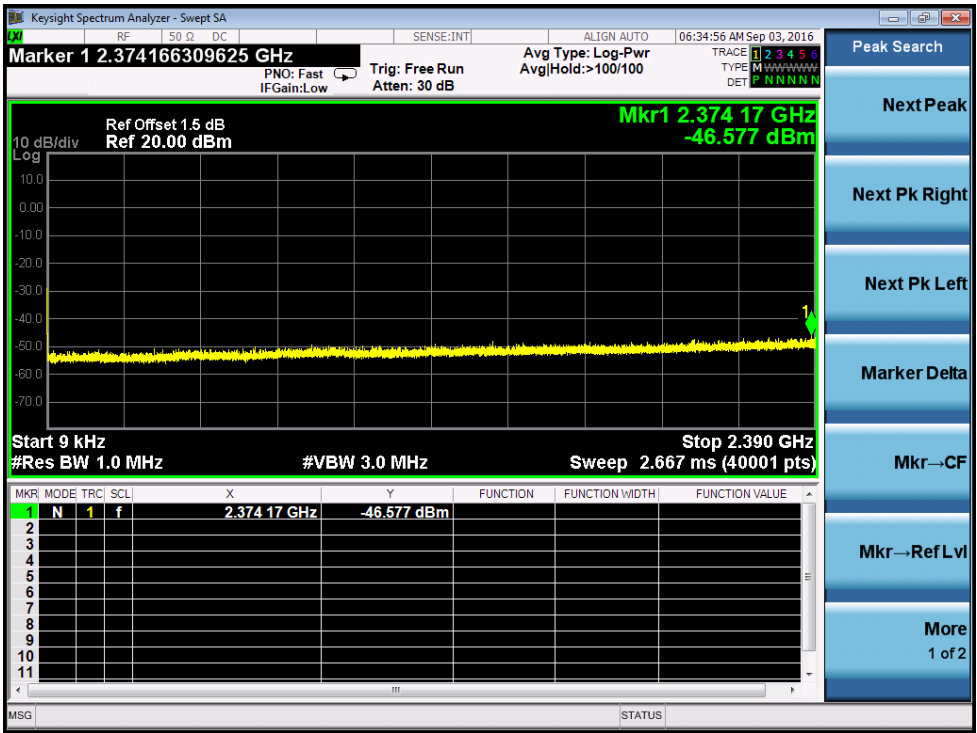
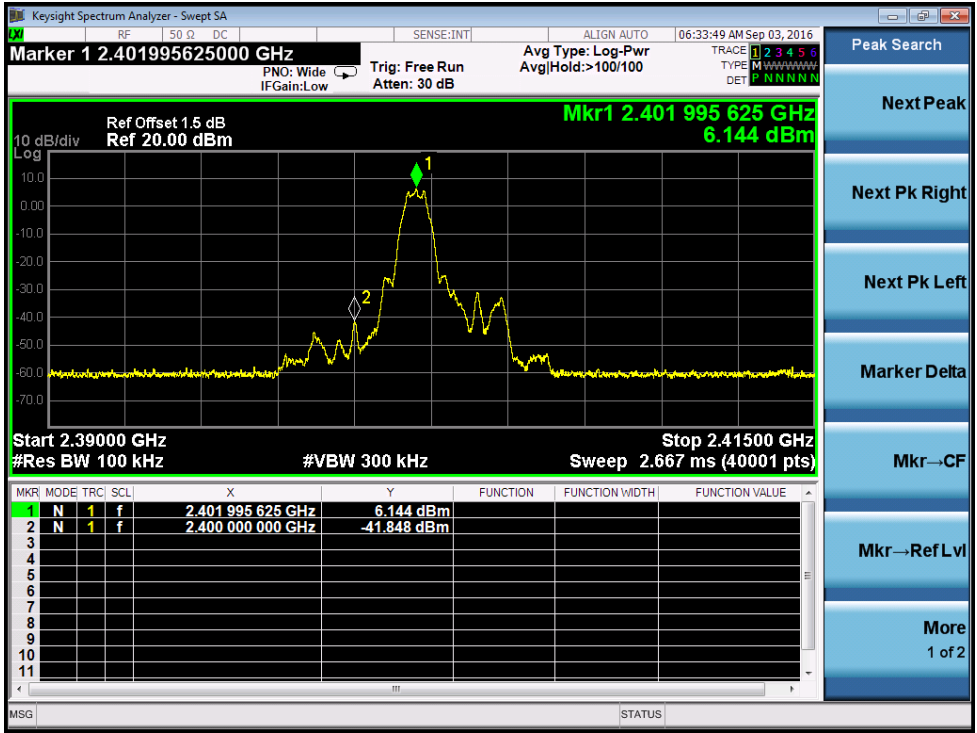
#### Emission level measurement

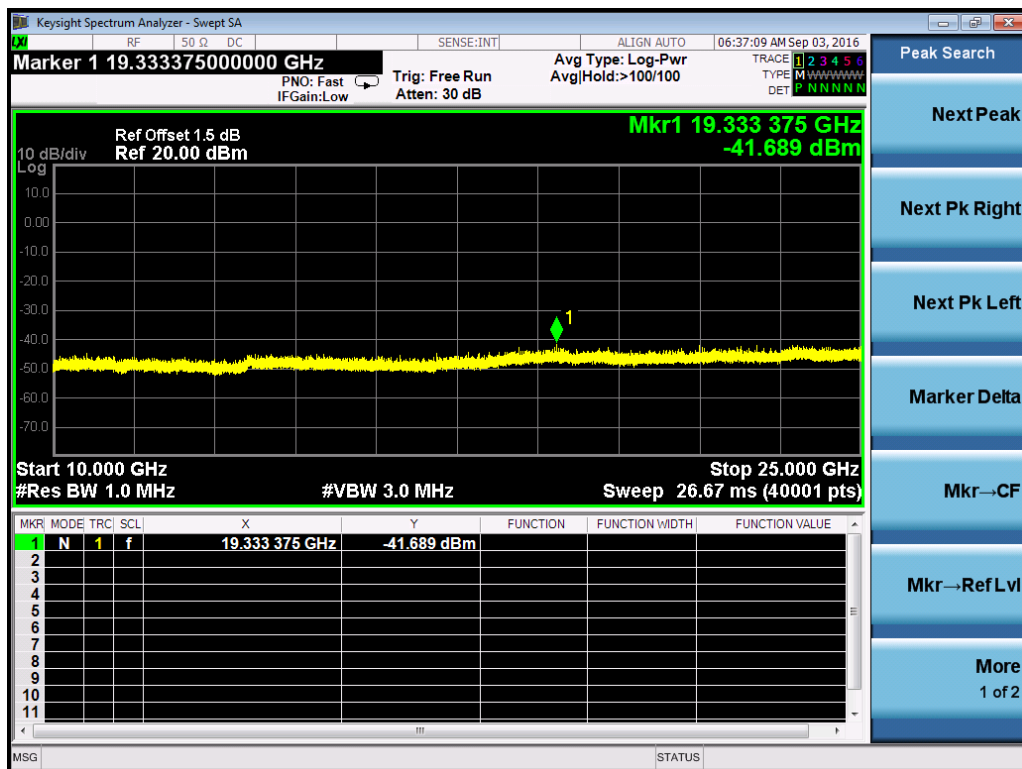
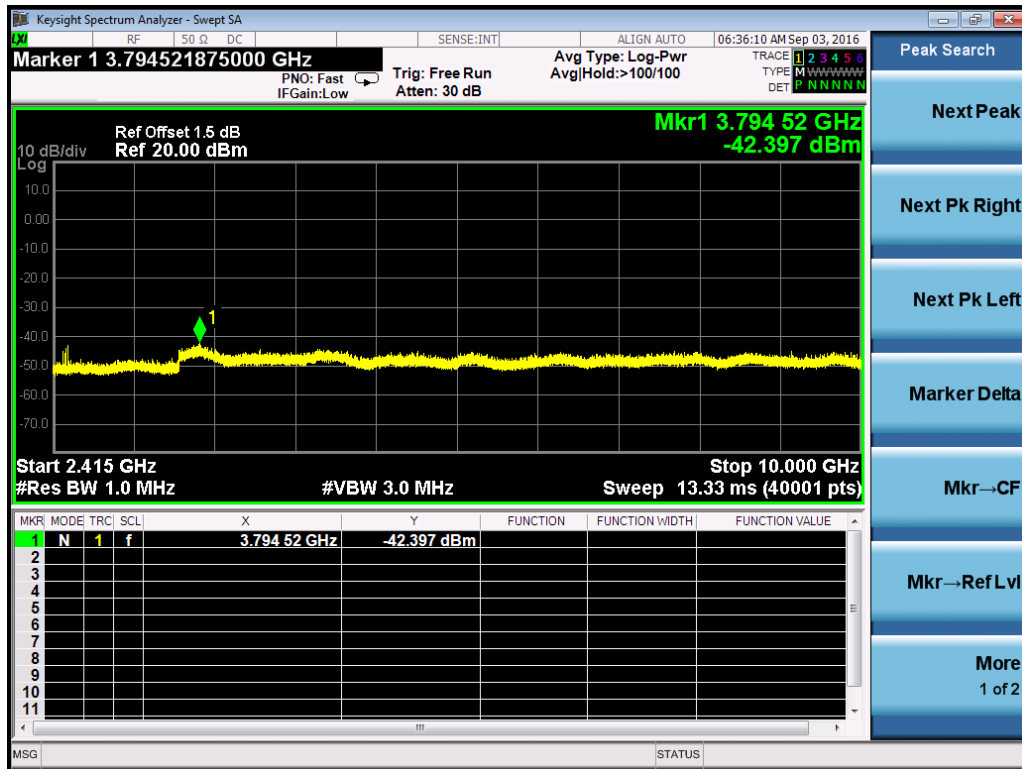
- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq$  span/RBW
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

7.4 Test Protocol

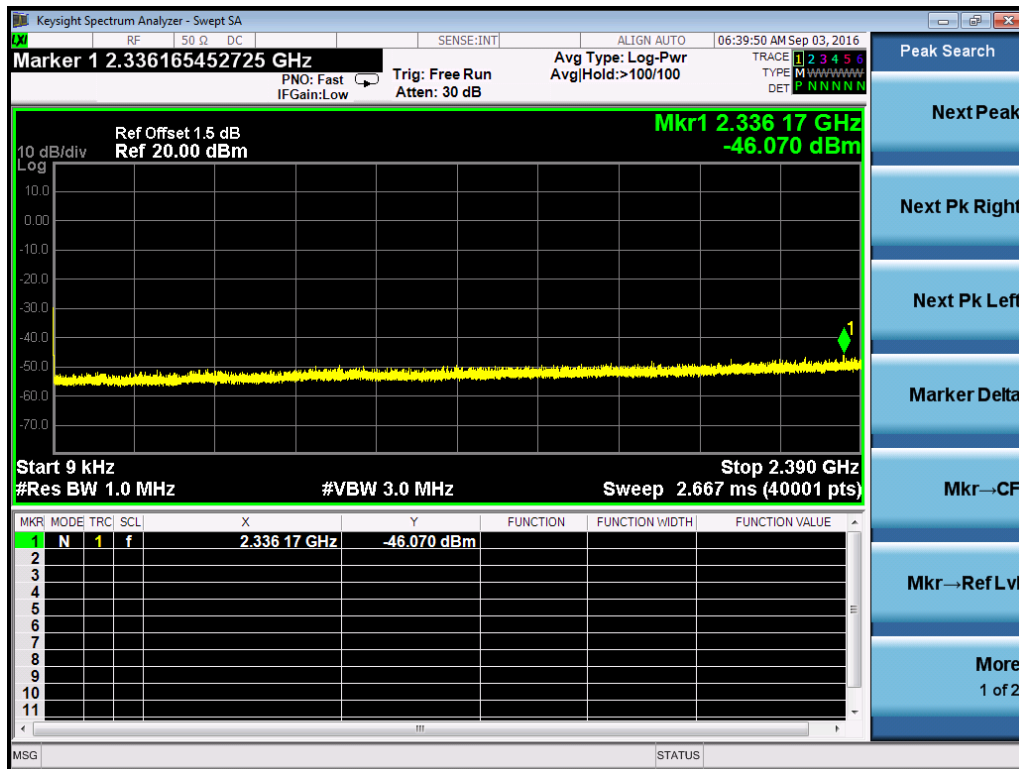
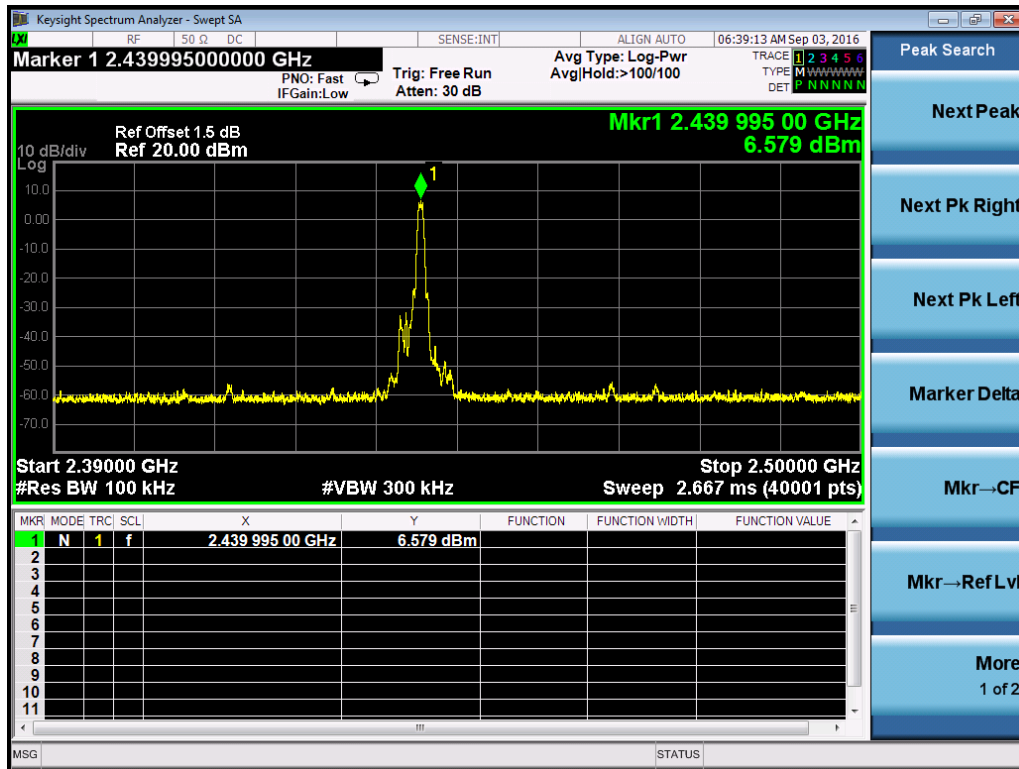
Temperature: 22 °C  
Relative Humidity: 53 %

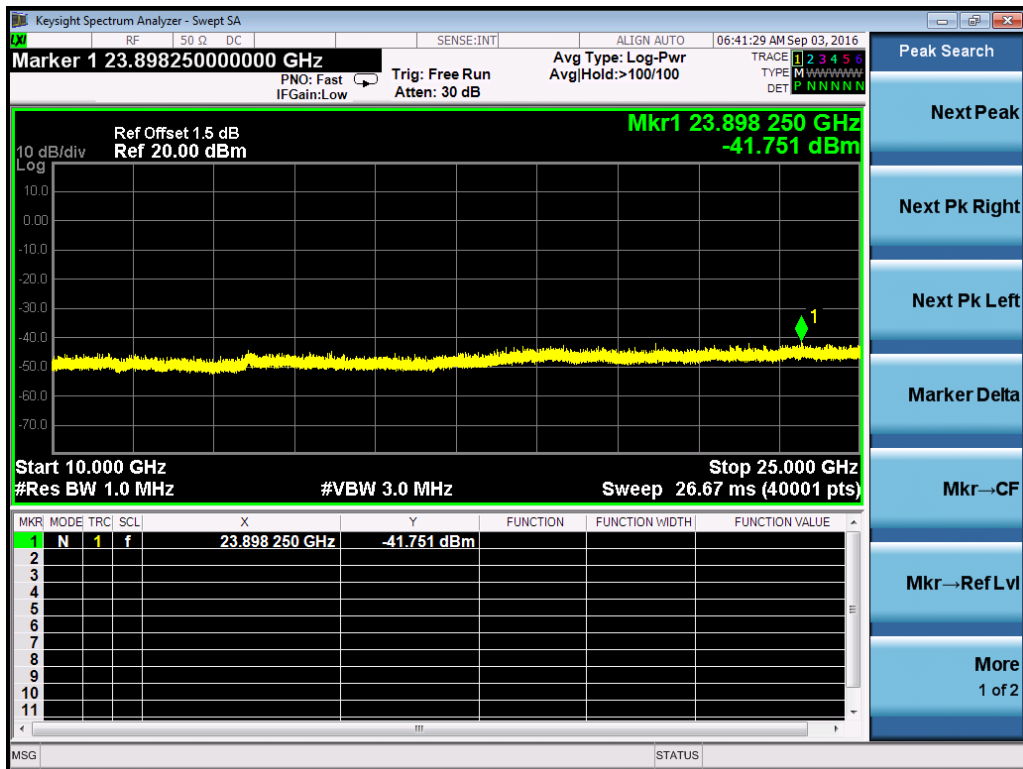
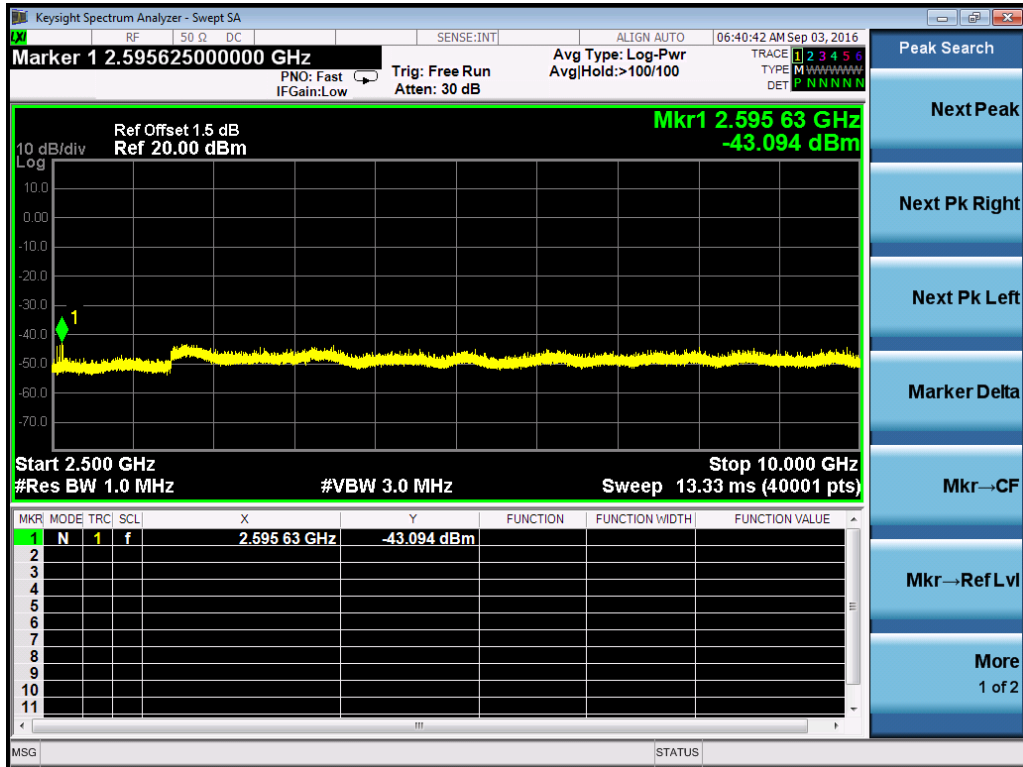
Channel L



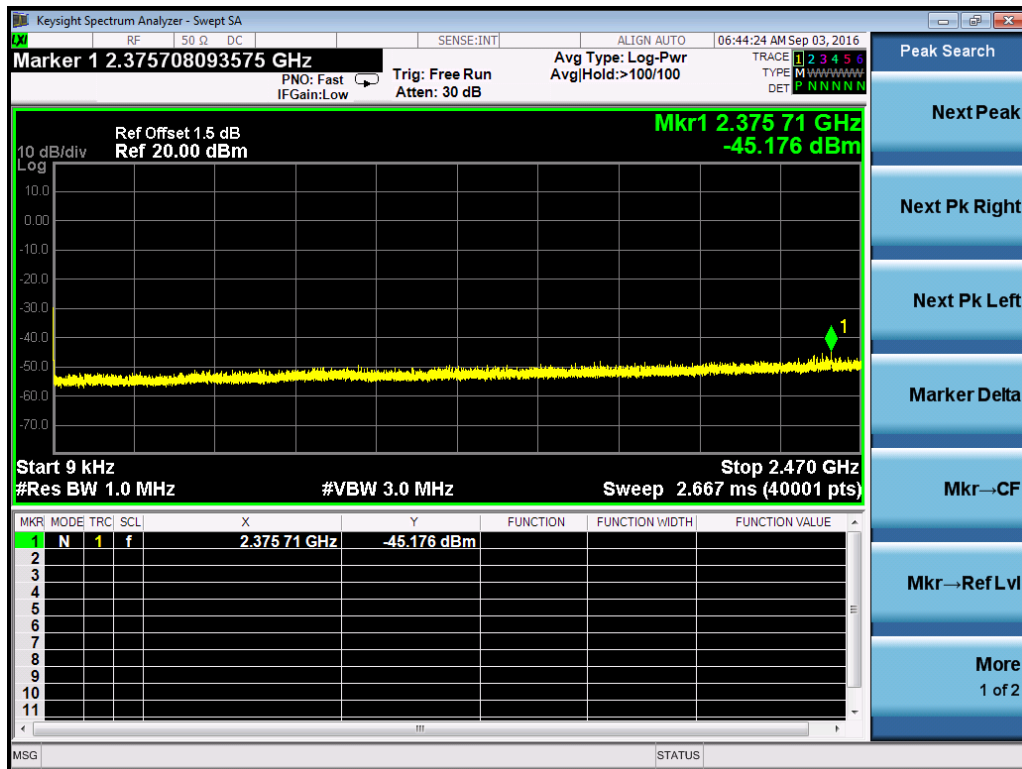
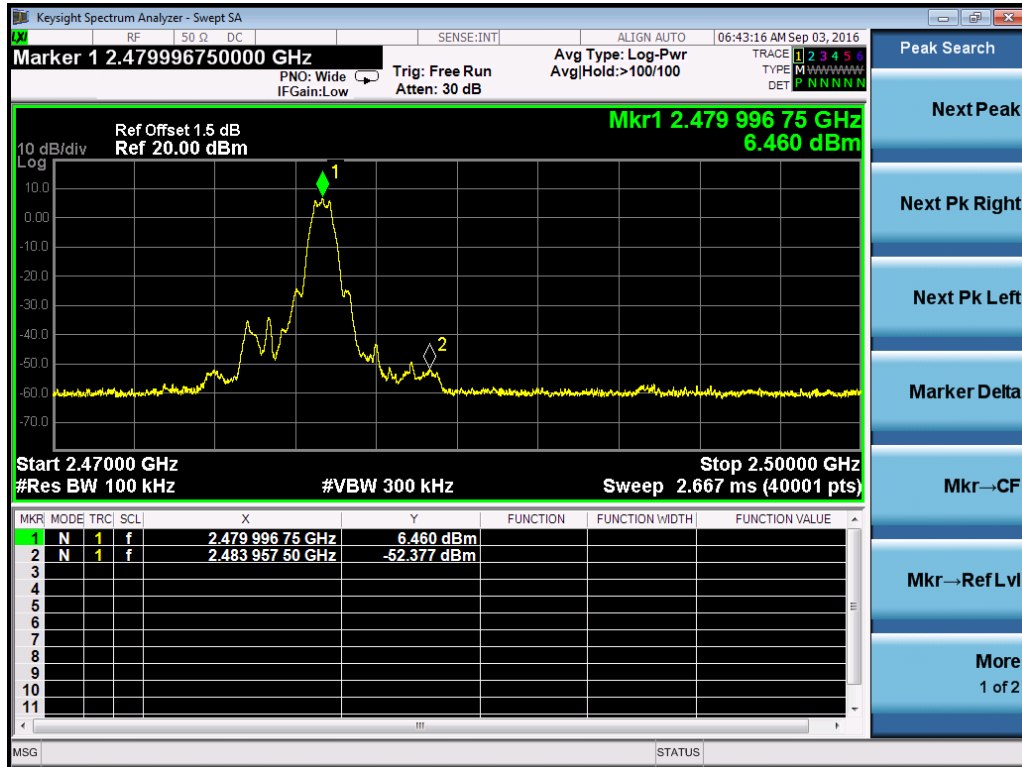


Channel M

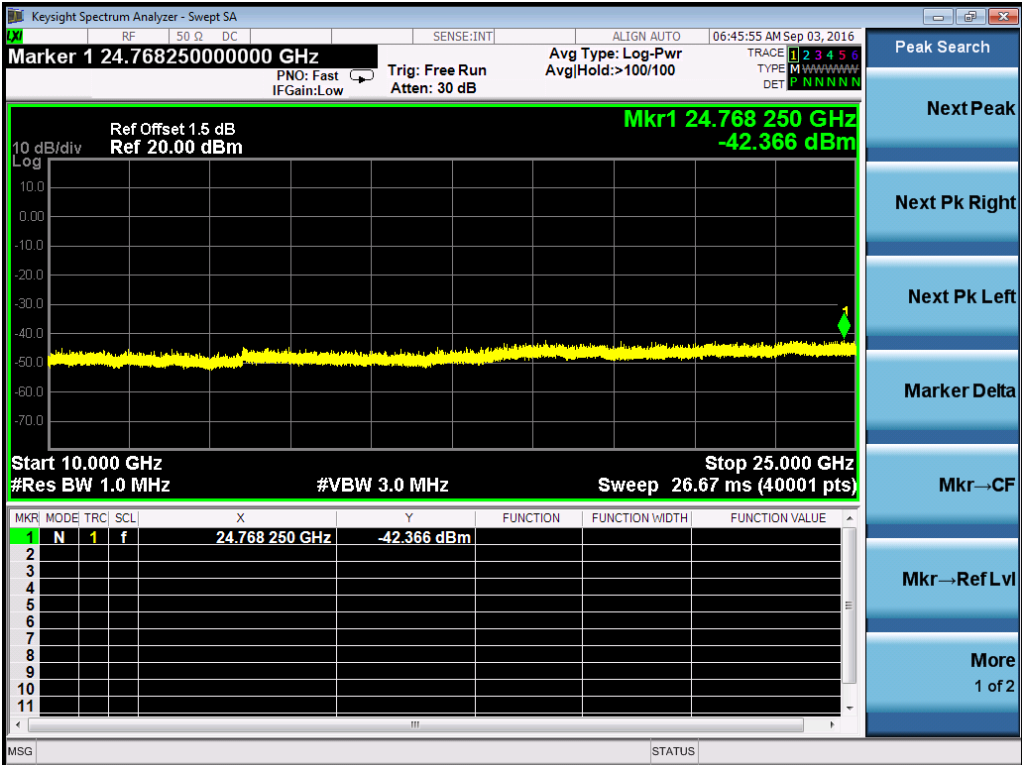
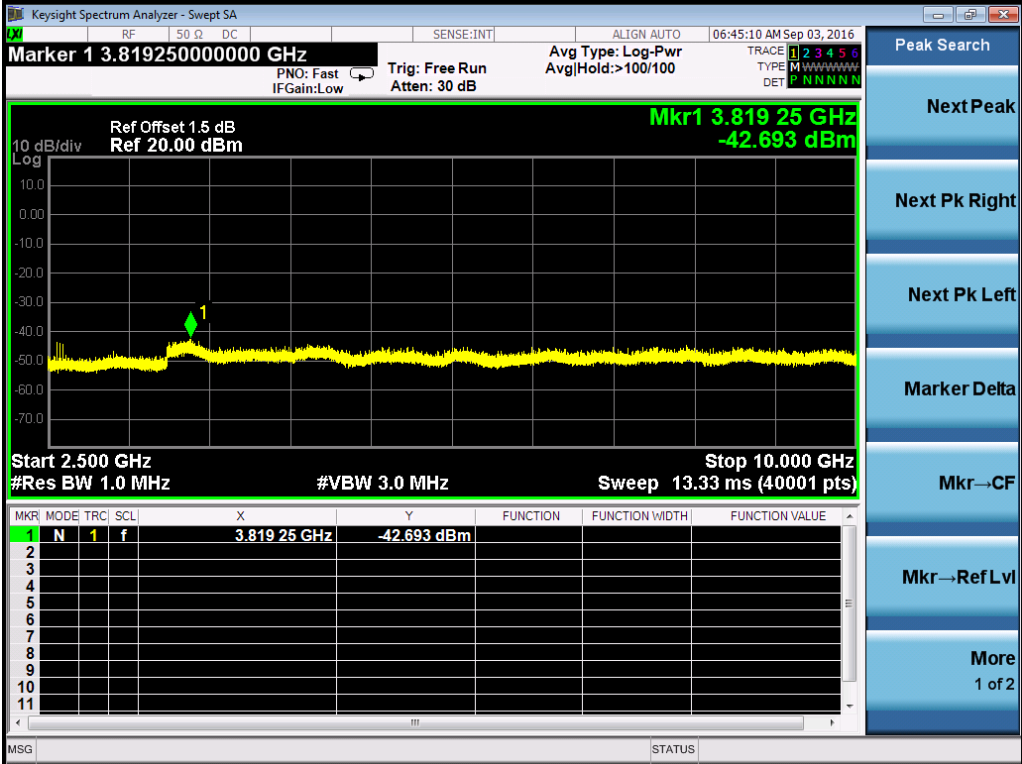




Channel H







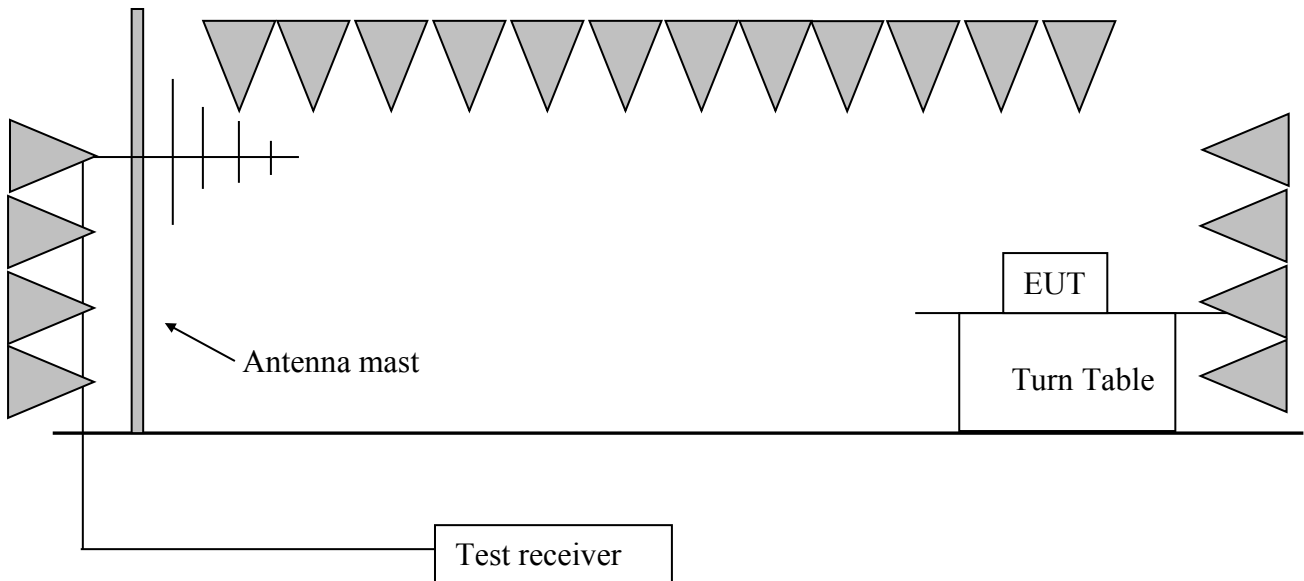
## 8. Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands

Test result: Pass

### 8.1 Test limit

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 8.2 Test Configuration



### 8.3 Test procedure and test setup

The measurement was applied in a semi-anechoic chamber. While testing for spurious emission higher than 1GHz, if applied, the pre-amplifier would be equipped just at the output terminal of the antenna.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a nonconducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by 1.5 m. For emissions testing at or below 1 GHz, the table height shall be 80 cm above the reference ground plane. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height shall be 1.5 m.

The turn table rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the maximum emission level. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the receiving antenna which was mounted on an antenna mast. The antenna moved up and down between from 1meter to 4 meters to find out the maximum emission level.

The radiated emission was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with the resolutions bandwidth set as:

RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz (30MHz-1GHz)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz (>1GHz for PK);

Remark:

1. Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (-Amplifier, is employed)
2. Measured level= Original Receiver Reading + Factor
3. Margin = limit – Measured level
4. If the PK measured level is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

Example:

Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,

Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10dBuV.

Then Factor = 30.20 + 2.00 – 32.00 = 0.20dB/m;

Measured level = 10dBuV + 0.20dB/m = 10.20dBuV/m

Assuming limit = 54dBuV/m,

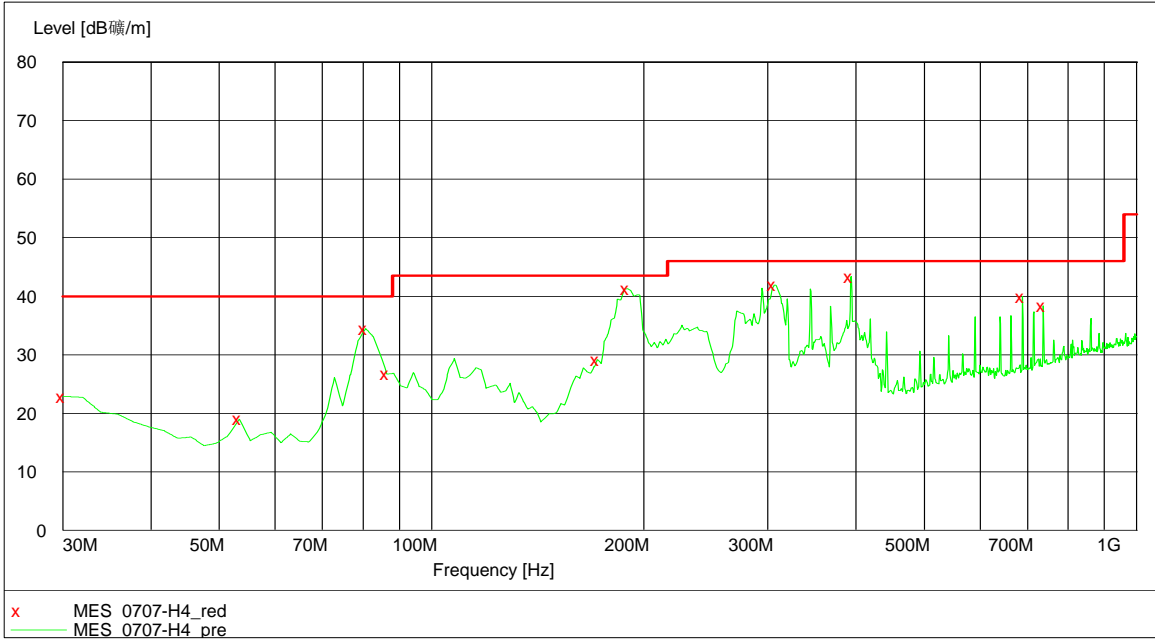
Measured level = 10.20dBuV/m, then Margin = 54 -10.20 = 43.80dBuV/m.

### 8.4 Test Protocol

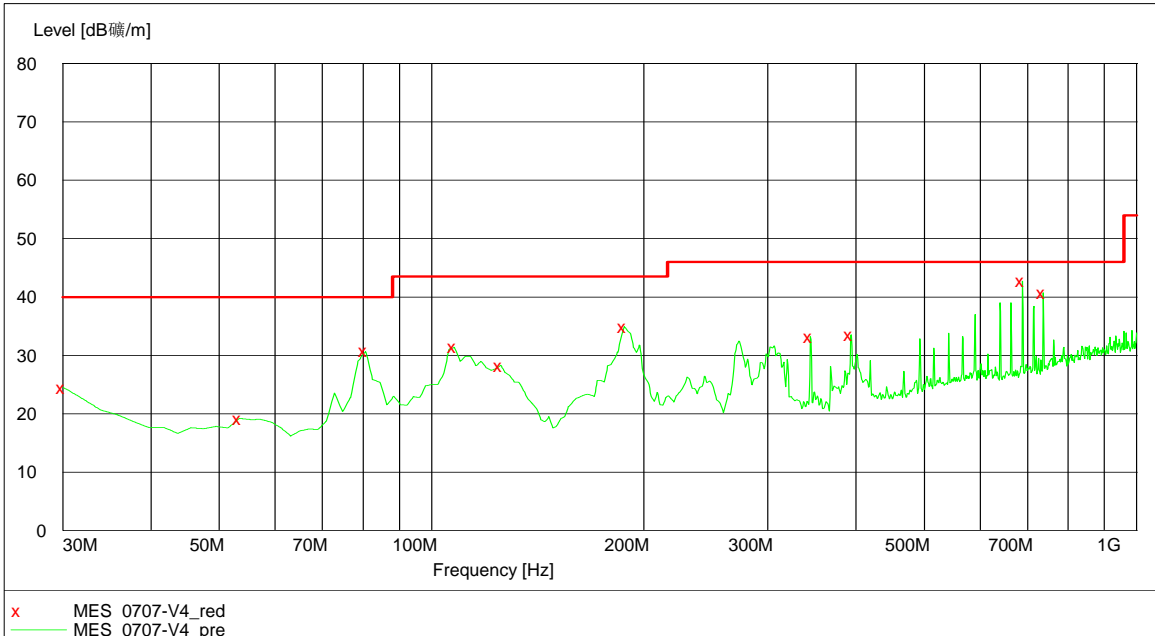
Temperature: 25 °C  
Relative Humidity: 55 %

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line and not reported.

Horizontal



Vertical



**Test data (30MHz~1GHz):**

Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Measured level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
H	30.00	22.9	40.0	17.1	PK
	53.33	19.0	40.0	21.0	PK
	80.54	34.5	40.0	5.5	PK
	86.37	26.7	40.0	13.3	PK
	171.90	29.2	43.5	14.3	PK
	189.40	41.3	43.5	2.2	PK
	306.03	41.9	46.0	4.1	PK
	393.51	43.3	46.0	2.7	PK
	688.98	40.0	46.0	6.0	PK
737.58	38.3	46.0	7.7	PK	
V	30.00	24.5	40.0	15.5	PK
	53.33	19.2	40.0	20.8	PK
	80.54	30.7	40.0	9.3	PK
	107.76	31.4	43.5	12.1	PK
	125.25	28.3	43.5	15.2	PK
	187.45	34.9	43.5	8.6	PK
	344.91	33.2	46.0	12.8	PK
	393.51	33.5	46.0	12.5	PK
	688.98	42.7	46.0	3.3	PK
737.58	40.7	46.0	5.3	PK	

Note: The test result (30MHz to 1GHz) of channel M (2480MHz) chosen to list in the report as representative.

**Test result above 1GHz:**

CH	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
L	H	2402.00	30.70	97.30	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	2402.00	30.70	94.60	Fundamental	/	PK
	H	2390.00	30.30	48.20	74.00	25.80	PK
	H	2390.00	30.30	41.50	54.00	12.50	AV
	H	4804.00	-1.50	48.30	74.00	25.70	PK
	H	7206.00	3.50	49.10	74.00	24.90	PK
	V	2390.00	30.30	45.20	74.00	28.80	PK
	V	2390.00	30.30	37.80	54.00	16.20	AV
	V	4804.00	-1.50	44.60	74.00	29.40	PK
	V	7206.00	3.50	45.30	74.00	28.70	PK
M	H	2440.00	30.70	99.20	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	2440.00	30.70	95.30	Fundamental	/	PK
	H	4880.00	-1.10	47.60	74.00	26.40	PK
	H	7320.00	3.60	48.20	74.00	25.80	PK
	V	4880.00	-1.10	44.10	74.00	29.90	PK
	V	7320.00	3.60	45.60	74.00	28.40	PK
H	H	2480.00	30.70	98.60	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	2480.00	30.70	94.80	Fundamental	/	PK
	H	2483.50	30.80	48.20	74.00	25.80	PK
	H	2483.50	30.80	41.10	54.00	12.90	AV
	V	2483.50	30.80	46.40	74.00	27.60	PK
	V	2483.50	30.80	40.60	54.00	13.40	AV
	H	4960.00	-0.80	47.60	74.00	26.40	PK
	H	7440.00	3.80	48.70	74.00	25.30	PK
	V	4960.00	-0.80	45.30	74.00	28.70	PK
	V	7440.00	3.80	44.60	74.00	29.40	PK

- Remark: 1. For fundamental emission, no amplifier is employed.  
 2. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (-Amplifier, is employed)  
 3. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor  
 4. Margin = limit – Corrected Reading  
 5. If the PK reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.  
 6. The emission was conducted from 30MHz to 25GHz.

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,  
Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10dBuV.  
Then Correct Factor =  $30.20 + 2.00 - 32.00 = 0.20\text{dB/m}$ ; Corrected Reading =  
 $10\text{dBuV} + 0.20\text{dB/m} = 10.20\text{dBuV/m}$

Assuming limit = 54dBuV/m, Corrected Reading = 10.20dBuV/m, then Margin =  $54 - 10.20 = 43.80\text{dBuV/m}$

## 9. Power line conducted emission

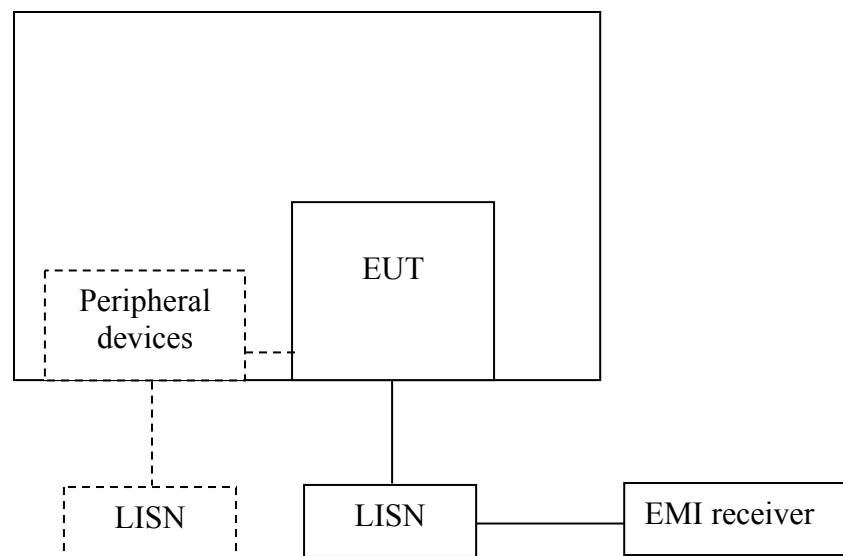
Test result: Pass

### 9.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	QP	AV
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### 9.2 Test configuration



For table top equipment, wooden support is 0.8m height table

For floor standing equipment, wooden support is 0.1m height rack.



### **9.3 Test procedure and test set up**

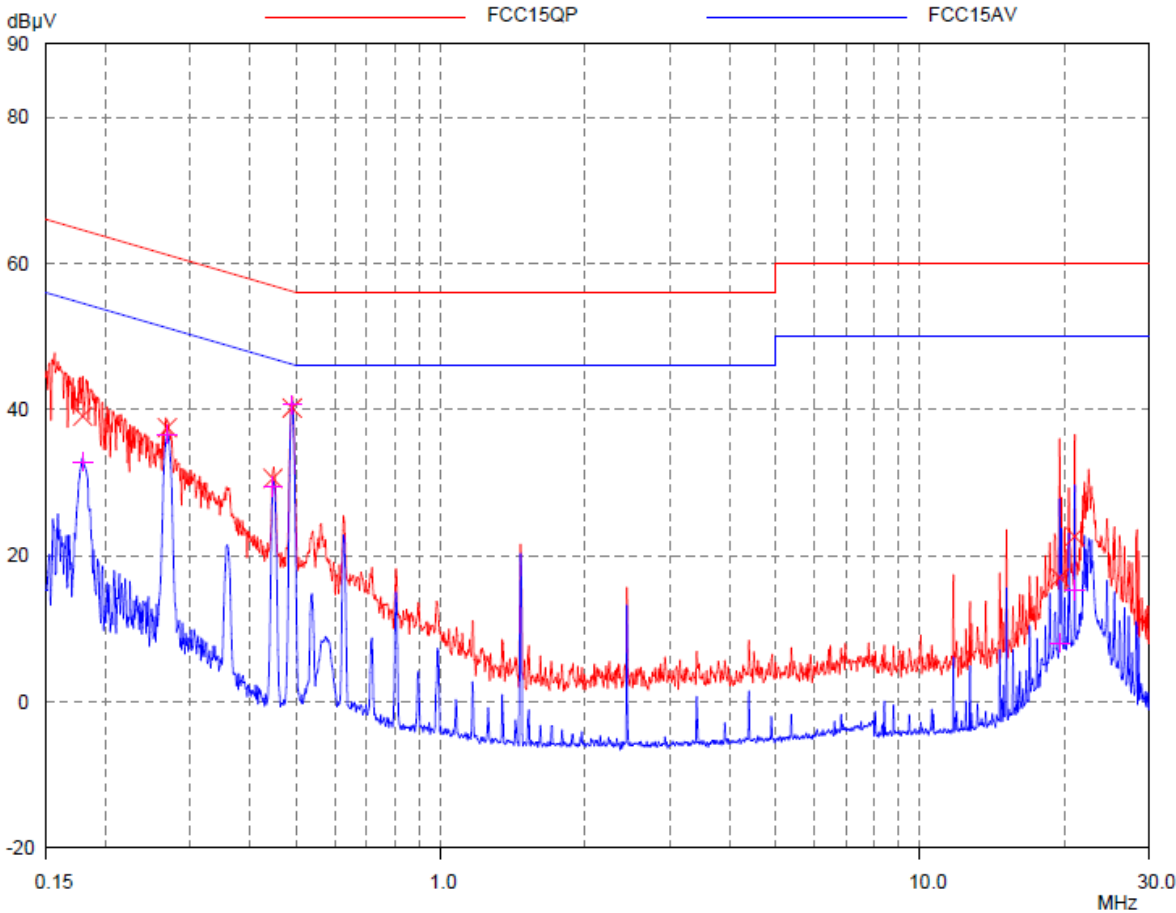
The EUT are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). This provides a  $50\Omega/50\mu\text{H}$  coupling impedance for the measuring equipment. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a  $50\Omega/50\mu\text{H}$  coupling impedance with  $50\Omega$  termination.

Both sides (Line and Neutral) of AC line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to RSS-gen on conducted measurement. The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.

**9.4 Test protocol**

Temperature : 25 °C  
Relative Humidity : 55 %

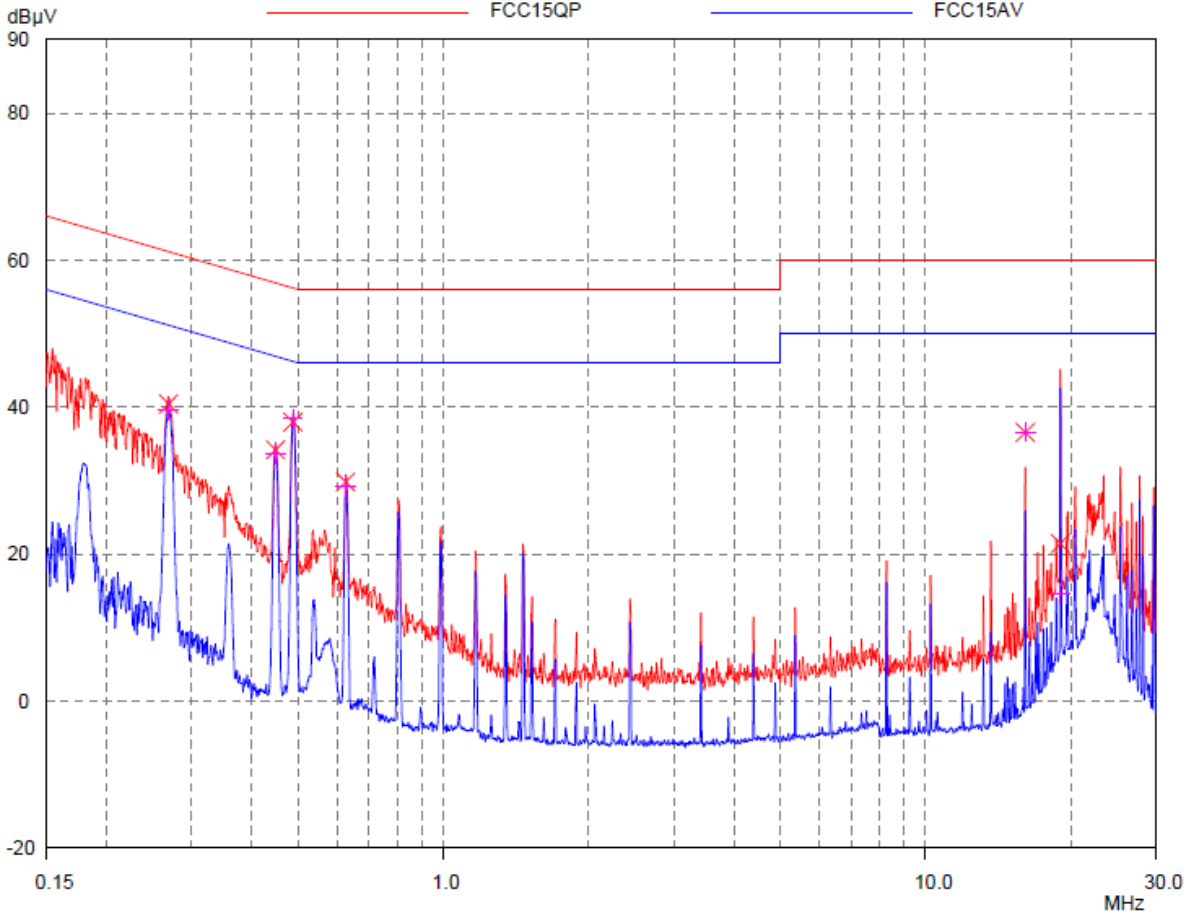
L line



**Test Data:**

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-peak			Average		
	level dB(µV)	Limit dB(µV)	Margin (dB)	level dB(µV)	limit dB(µV)	Margin (dB)
0.179	39.08	64.54	25.46	32.86	54.54	21.68
0.269	37.52	61.16	23.64	36.66	51.16	14.50
0.446	30.56	56.95	26.39	29.42	46.95	17.53
0.489	40.20	56.19	15.99	40.65	46.19	5.54
19.553	17.01	60.00	42.99	8.02	50.00	41.98
21.010	22.63	60.00	37.37	15.27	50.00	34.73

**N line**



**Test Data:**

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-peak			Average		
	level dB(µV)	Limit dB(µV)	Margin (dB)	level dB(µV)	limit dB(µV)	Margin (dB)
0.269	40.44	61.16	20.72	39.64	51.16	11.52
0.448	34.20	56.92	22.72	33.61	46.92	13.31
0.487	37.98	56.22	18.24	38.47	46.22	7.75
0.626	29.82	56.00	26.18	29.28	46.00	16.72
16.079	36.59	60.00	23.41	36.60	50.00	13.40
19.014	21.46	60.00	38.54	14.61	50.00	35.39

## 10. Antenna Requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

**The manufacturer used a no-standard electrical connector, so fulfill this requirement.**