Nemko-CCL, Inc.

1940 West Alexander Street Salt Lake City, UT 84119 801-972-6146

Test Report

Certification

Test Of:

318LIPW4CK

Test Specifications:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C

FCC ID #: SU7318LIPW4CK

Test Report Serial No: 216749-3.1

Applicant:

Controlled Entry Distributors, Inc.
DBA Community Controls
2500 South 3850 West, Suite A
Salt Lake City, UT 84120
U.S.A.

Dates of Test: August 8, 2012

Report Issue Date: August 30, 2012

Accredited Testing Laboratory By:

NVLAP Lab Code 100272-0

Page 2 of 30

CERTIFICATION OF ENGINEERING REPORT

This report has been prepared by Nemko-CCL, Inc. to document compliance of the device described below with the certification requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart C. This report may be reproduced in full. Partial reproduction of this report may only be made with the written consent of the laboratory. The results in this report apply only to the sample tested.

- Applicant: Controlled Entry Distributors, Inc.

DBA Community Controls

- Manufacturer: Key Automation S.r.l.

- Brand Name: Key

- Model Number: 318LIPW4CK

- FCC ID #: SU7318LIPW4CK

On this 30th day of August 2012, I, individually, and for Nemko-CCL, Inc., certify that the statements made in this engineering report are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge, and are made in good faith.

Although NVLAP has accredited the Nemko-CCL, Inc. EMC testing facilities, this report must not be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government.

Nemko-CCL, Inc.

Tested by: Norman P. Hansen

EMC Technician

Reviewed by: Thomas C. Jackson

General Manager

The

Page 3 of 30

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
SECTION 1.0 CLIENT INFORMATION	4
SECTION 2.0 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	5
SECTION 3.0 TEST SPECIFICATION, METHODS & PROCEDURES	6
SECTION 4.0 OPERATION OF EUT DURING TESTING	10
SECTION 5.0 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	11
SECTION 6.0 MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS AND DERIVED RESULTS.	12
APPENDIX 1 TEST PROCEDURES AND TEST EQUIPMENT	19
APPENDIX 2 PHOTOGRAPHS	22

REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12

Page 4 of 30

SECTION 1.0 CLIENT INFORMATION

1.1 Applicant:

Company Name: Controlled Entry Distributors, Inc.

DBA Community Controls 2500 South 3850 West, Suite A Salt Lake City, UT 84120

U.S.A.

Contact Name: Brad Kofford Title: President

1.2 Manufacturer:

Company Name: Key Automation S.r.l.

Via Alessandro Volta, 30 30020 Noventa di Piave

Venice, Italy

Contact Name: Andrea Peruch

Title: Export Sales Manager

REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12

Page 5 of 30

SECTION 2.0 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)

2.1 Identification of EUT:

Brand Name: Key

Model Number: 318LIPW4CK

Serial Number: 7
Country of Manufacture: Italy

2.2 Description of EUT:

The 318LIPW4CK is a transmitter operating at 318 MHz used for access control at doors and gates. The 318LIPW4CK is a pulse modulated device with 4 buttons. The 318LIPW4CK is powered by one CR2032 battery.

2.3 EUT and Support Equipment:

Brand Name Model Number	FCC ID Number or Compliance	Description	Name of Interface Ports / Interface Cables
BN: Key	SU7318LIPW4CK	318 MHz	See Section 2.4
MN: 318LIPW4CK		Transmitter	
SN: 7			

2.4 Interface Ports on EUT:

There are no interface ports on the EUT.

2.5 Modification Incorporated/Special Accessories on EUT:

There were no modifications or special accessories required to comply with the specification

REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12

Page 6 of 30

SECTION 3.0 TEST SPECIFICATION, METHODS & PROCEDURES

3.1 Test Specification:

Title: FCC PART 15, Subpart C (47 CFR 15)

Section 15.203 Section 15.231

Periodic operation in the band 40.66-40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz.

Purpose of Test: The tests were performed to demonstrate initial compliance.

3.2 Methods & Procedures:

3.2.1 §15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

<u>3.2.2 §15.231</u>

(a) The provisions of this section are restricted to periodic operation within the band 40.66-40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz. Except as Shown in paragraph (e) of this section, the intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Radio control of toys is not permitted. Continuous transmissions, such as voice or video, and data transmissions are not permitted. The prohibition against data transmissions does not preclude the use of recognition codes. Those codes are used to identify the sensor that is activated or to identify the particular component as being part of the system. The following conditions shall be met to comply with the provisions for this periodic operation:

Page 7 of 30

- (1) A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released.
- (2) A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation.
- (3) Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted. However, polling or supervision transmission to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the periodic rate of transmission does not exceed one transmission of not more than one second duration per hour for each transmitter.
- (4) Intentional radiators which are employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security, and safety of life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the pendency of the alarm condition.
- (b) In addition to the provisions of §15.205, the field strength of emission from intentional radiators operated under this section shall not exceed the following:

Fundamental frequency (MHz)	Field strength of fundamental (microvolts/meter)	Field strength of spurious emissions (microvolts/meter)
40.66 - 40.70	2,250	225
70 –130	1,250	125
130 – 174	1,250 to 3,750 **	125 to 375 **
174 - 260	3,750	375
260 – 470	3,750 to 12,500 **	375 to 1,250 **
Above 470	12,500	1,250

^{**} Linear interpolations

[Where F is the frequency in MHZ, the formula for calculating the maximum permitted field strengths are as follows: for the band 130-174 MHz, μ V/m at 3 meters = 56.81818(F)-6136.3636; for the band 260-470 MHz, μ V/m at 3 meters = 41.6667(F)-7083.3333. The maximum permitted unwanted emission level is 20 dB below the maximum permitted fundamental level.]

(1) The above field strength limits are specified at a distance of 3 meters. The tighter limits apply at the band edges.

REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12

Page 8 of 30

(2) Intentional radiators operating under the provisions of this section shall demonstrate compliance with the limits on the field strength of emissions, as shown in the above table, based on the average value of the measured emissions. As an alternative, compliance with the limits in the above table may be based on the use of measurement instrumentation with a CISPR quasi-peak detector. The specific method of measurement employed shall be specified in the application for equipment authorization. If average emission measurements are employed, the provision in §15.35 for averaging pulsed emission and for limiting peak emissions apply. Further, compliance with the provisions of §15.205 shall be demonstrated using the measurement instrumentation specified in that section.

- (3) The limits on the field strength of the spurious emission in the above table are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Spurious emission shall be attenuated to the average (or, alternatively, CISPR quasi-peak) limits shown in this table or to the general limits shown in §15.209, whichever limit permits a higher field strength.
- (c) The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25% of the center frequency for devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5% of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20 dB down from the modulated carrier.
- (d) For devices operation within the frequency band 40.66-40.70 MHz, the bandwidth of the emission shall be confined within the band edges and the frequency tolerance of the carrier shall be $\pm 0.01\%$. This frequency tolerance shall be maintained for a temperature variation of -20 degrees to +50 degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation on the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.
- (e) Intentional radiators may operate at a periodic rate exceeding that specified in paragraph (a) of this section and may be employed for any type of operation, including operation prohibited in paragraph (a) of this section, provided that intentional radiator complies with the provisions of paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section except the field strength table in paragraph (b) of this section is replaced by the following:

Page 9 of 30

Fundamental frequency (MHz)	Field strength of fundamental (microvolts/meter)	Field strength of spurious emissions (microvolts/meter)
40.66 - 40.70	1,000	100
70 –130	500	50
130 – 174	500 to 1,500 **	50 to 150 **
174 - 260	1,500	150
260 – 470	1,500 to 5,000 **	150 to 500 **
Above 470	5,000	500

^{**} Linear interpolations

[Where F is the frequency in MHZ, the formula for calculating the maximum permitted field strengths are as follows: for the band 130-174 MHz, μ V/m at 3 meters = 22.72727(F)-2454.545; for the band 260-470 MHz, μ V/m at 3 meters = 16.6667(F)-2833.3333. The maximum permitted unwanted emission level is 20 dB below the maximum permitted fundamental level.]

In addition, devices operated under the provisions of this paragraph shall be provided with a means for automatically limiting operation so that the duration of each transmission shall not be greater than one second and the silent periods between transmissions shall be at least 30 times the duration of the transmission but in no case less than 10 seconds.

3.2.3 Test Procedure

The testing was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and 47 CFR Part 15. Testing was performed at the Nemko-CCL, Inc. Wanship open area test site #2, located at 29145 Old Lincoln Highway, Wanship, UT. This site has been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC, and was accepted in a letter dated February 15, 2012 (90504).

Nemko-CCL, Inc. is accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP); NVLAP Lab Code: 100272-0, which is effective until September 30, 2013.

REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12

Page 10 of 30

SECTION 4.0 OPERATION OF EUT DURING TESTING

4.1 Operating Environment:

Power Supply: 3 Vdc from one CR2032 battery

4.2 Operating Modes:

The EUT was tested on 3 orthogonal axes while constantly transmitting. A new battery was used for testing.

4.3 EUT Exercise Software:

Internal firmware was used to exercise the EUT.

Page 11 of 30

SECTION 5.0 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

5.1 FCC Part 15, Subpart C

5.1.1 Summary of Tests:

Part 15, Subpart C Reference	Test Performed	Frequency Range (MHz)	Result
15.203	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Complied
15.231 (a)	Periodic Operation	318	Complied
15.231 (b)	Radiated Emissions	30 to 3180	Complied
15.231 (c)	Bandwidth	318	Complied
15.231 (d)	Frequency Stability		Not Applicable
15.231 (e)	Radiated Emissions		Not Applicable

5.2 Result

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

SECTION 6.0 MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS AND DERIVED RESULTS

6.1 General Comments:

This section contains the test results only. Details of the test methods used and a list of the test equipment used during the measurements can be found in Appendix 1 of this report.

6.2 Test Results:

<u>6.2.1 §15.203</u>

Demonstration of Compliance:

The antenna is an etched portion of the PCB and cannot be replaced by the user.

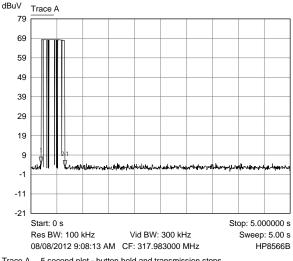
RESULT

The EUT complied with the requirements of this section.

6.2.2 §15.231 (a)

Demonstration of Compliance:

1. A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released. The EUT is activated when a button is pressed. A plot is shown below that demonstrates the EUT ceases to transmit within 5 seconds. The transmitter will stop transmitting even if the button is held and not released.



Trace A 5 second plot - button held and transmission stops

195.000000 ms 2-1 460.000000 ms 7 -1.9000 dB

REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12

Page 13 of 30

- 2. The 318LIPW4CK is not automatically activated.
- 3. The 318LIPW4CK does not transmit at regular predetermined intervals. The 318LIPW4CK only transmits if activated by sensing motion.

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of this section.

6.2.3 §15.231 (b) Radiated Emissions

Demonstration of Compliance:

The 318LIPW4CK operates at 318 MHz, therefore; the field strength of the fundamental must be less than 6,166.6773 μ V/m (75.8 dB μ V/m) at 3 meters. The maximum permitted field strength of any unwanted emission must be 20 dB below the maximum allowable fundamental field strength (55.89 dB μ V/m).

Emissions in the restricted bands of §15.205 must meet the limits specified in §15.209.

Measurement Data Fundamental and Harmonic Emissions:

The frequency range from the lowest frequency generated in the device to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency was investigated to measure any radiated emissions.

Pulsed Emission Averaging Factor

The 318LIPW4CK transmitter is a pulsed emission device; therefore, the method of §15.35 for averaging a pulsed emission may be used. A timing diagram of the pulsed transmission, plots of the pulse train, and the average factor calculations are shown below:

TEST REPORT: 216749-3.1 REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12 Page 14 of 30

142.000000 ms

Mkr	X-Axis	Value
1 ∇	600.000000 us	68.1000 dBuV

-67.3000 dB

dBuV	Trace	A									
79	1										
69	1111		1111	111	111	11					
59											
49											
39											
29											
19											
9								2-1			
-1	Why had by	hard A Jaky Kah	My had My	han kum han t	hy 1 ⁴⁴ 1 ⁴⁴ 14	/\ _{\\\\} \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	rad Adres Adres	of Araponer Apr	A)euppykvan	hat pharmatinhan	
-11								'			
-21											
	Start: 0 s Stop: 200.000000 ms										
	Res BW: 100 kHz Vid BW: 300 kHz Sweep: 200.00 m										
Tropo A	08/08/2012 9:11:47 AM CF: 317.983000 MHz HP8566B										

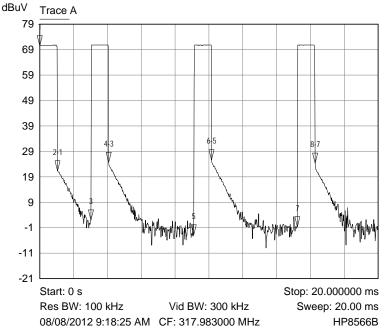
Trace A 200 ms plot

dBuV 79	Tr	ace	e <i>F</i>	٨																				
69	1	2 ∇	3	3	4 ∇		5 7	6	- 1	7	8	9 7	1	0	11 7	12	2 1	3	14 77		15 V	16 7	1	7
59		1	1						_		Ĭ I	1	ļ		Ĺ				Å		Ĺ	1		
49																								
39			+					H	+				H			+						+		
29	\parallel		+						+							+						+		
19									+							+								
9	H	\ \	1	<u>.</u>	\		\setminus	\			.	h		\ \ \ \ !	$\Big \Big $. al	. .	1			\	\parallel		
-1	1	1	ry!	MM	1 1/1	`\\\	' '¥	Y	1911	mi		<u> </u>	M	Y wy		Mw/	111111	1411	<u> </u>	lηh	m	1 <mark> </mark>	i produnt	MM
-11																					<u> </u>			
-21		art			00							14/-	_	00.1										ms
	Res BW: 100 kHz Vid BW: 300 kHz Swe 08/08/2012 9:14:41 AM CF: 317.983000 MHz									ee	p: ′			ms 66B										

Trace A 100 ms plot

Mkr	X-Axis	Value
1 ∇	700.000000 us	65.8000 dBuV
2 ▽	3.900000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
3 ∑	10.000000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
4 ∇	16.200000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
5	25.200000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
6 ∇	28.300000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
7 🎖	34.200000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
8 ∑	40.500000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
9 🏻	46.400000 ms	65.9000 dBuV
10 🏹	52.300000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
11 🎖	58.500000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
12 ▽	64.000000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
13 🏹	70.400000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
14 ▽	76.900000 ms	65.9000 dBuV
15 🏹	82.700000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
16 🎖	88.400000 ms	65.8000 dBuV
17 🎖	94.400000 ms	65.8000 dBuV

Page 15 of 30



Mkr	X-Axis	Value
1 ∇	0 s	70.5000 dBuV
2-1∇	1.060000 ms	-49.1000 dB
3 ∇	3.020000 ms	2.0000 dBuV
4-3∇	1.060000 ms	22.6000 dB
5 ∇	9.100000 ms	-3.9000 dBuV
6-5∇	1.060000 ms	29.5000 dB
7 ▽	15.220000 ms	-0.6000 dBuV
8-7∇	1.060000 ms	24.9000 dB

Trace A 20 ms plot

Average factor calculation

From the plots above, the pulse train is greater than 100 ms in duration; therefore, the Average Factor will be calculated using the 100 ms period in the pulse train that provides the most transmit on time as specified in FCC §15.35(c). There are 17 pulses in 100 ms. Each pulse is 1.06 ms in duration.

The Average Factor is calculated by the equation:

Average Factor = $20 \log (\text{on time/pulse train time})$

Pulse train time = 100 ms per FCC §15.35(c)

On time = 17 pulses x 1.06 ms = 18.02 ms

Average Factor = 20 log (18.02 / 100) = -14.88 dB

\$15.35(b) specifies a 20 dB maximum between the peak and average measurements; therefore, a -14.9 dB averaging factor is allowed by the FCC specification.

The data in the tables shown below are the worst-case emissions seen at the listed

REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12

Page 16 of 30

frequency and antenna polarity using the test configurations shown in Appendix 2 Photos 1 through 3.

Radiated Interference Measurements – (Vertical Polarity)

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Average Factor (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Delta (dB)
318.0	Peak	60.8	-14.9	18.6	64.5	75.8	-11.3
636.0	Peak	22.1	-14.9	26.2	33.4	55.8	-22.4
954.0	Peak	21.5	-14.9	31.0	37.6	55.8	-18.2
1272.0	Peak	28.0	-14.9	27.0	40.1	55.8	-15.7
1590.0*	Peak	21.0	-14.9	28.2	34.3	54.0	-19.7
1908.0	Peak	17.6	-14.9	29.7	32.4	55.8	-23.4
2226.0*	Peak	19.8	-14.9	31.0	35.9	54.0	-18.1
2544.0	Peak	20.5	-14.9	32.1	37.7	55.8	-18.1
2862.0*	Peak	19.8	-14.9	33.1	38.0	54.0	-16.0
3180.0	Peak	25.6	-14.9	34.2	44.9	55.8	-10.9
* Emissions	within restri	icted bands					

Radiated Interference Measurements - (Horizontal Polarity)

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Average Factor (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Delta (dB)
318.0	Peak	64.2	-14.9	18.6	67.9	75.8	-7.9
636.0	Peak	23.2	-14.9	26.2	34.5	55.8	-21.3
954.0	Peak	21.1	-14.9	31.0	37.2	55.8	-18.6
1272.0	Peak	29.8	-14.9	27.0	41.9	55.8	-13.9
1590.0*	Peak	22.8	-14.9	28.2	36.1	54.0	-17.9
1908.0	Peak	23.4	-14.9	29.7	38.2	55.8	-17.6
2226.0*	Peak	26.0	-14.9	31.0	42.1	54.0	-11.9
2544.0	Peak	28.0	-14.9	32.1	45.2	55.8	-10.6
2862.0*	Peak	21.6	-14.9	33.1	39.8	54.0	-14.2
3180.0	Peak	31.6	-14.9	34.2	50.9	55.8	-4.9
* Emissions	within restri	icted bands					

Page 17 of 30

Sample Field Strength Calculation:

The field strength is calculated by adding the Correction Factor (Antenna Factor + Cable Factor) and the Average Factor to the measured level of the receiver. The receiver amplitude reading is compensated for any amplifier gain.

The basic equation with a sample calculation is shown below:

FS = RA + CF + AV Where

FS = Field Strength

RA = Receiver Amplitude Reading

CF = Correction Factor (Antenna Factor + Cable Factor)

AV = Averaging Factor

Assume a receiver reading of 44.2 dB μ V is obtained from the receiver, with an average factor of -8.6 dB and a correction factor of 17.5 dB. The field strength is calculated by adding the correction factor and the average factor, giving a field strength of 53.1 dB μ V/m, FS = 44.2 + 17.5 + (-8.6) = 53.1 dB μ V/m

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of this section.

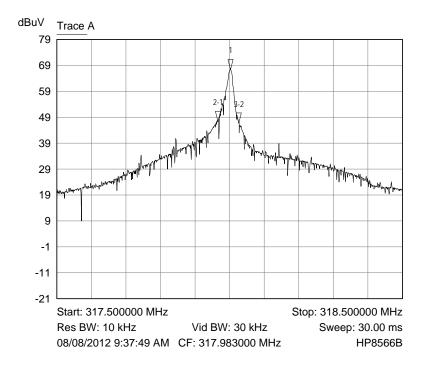
6.2.4 §15.231 (c) Bandwidth

Demonstration of Compliance:

The bandwidth of the emission must not be wider than 0.25% of the center frequency. The center frequency is 318 MHz, therefore the bandwidth must not be wider than 795 kHz. The 318LIPW4CK bandwidth was 60 kHz. See spectrum analyzer plot below.

Page 18 of 30

Bandwidth Plot



Mkr	X-Axis	Value	
1 🎖	318.002000 MHz	67.4000 dBuV	
2-1∇	-36.000000 kHz	-20.0000 dB	
3-2∇	60.000000 kHz	-0.8000 dB	

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of this section.

Page 19 of 30

APPENDIX 1 TEST PROCEDURES AND TEST EQUIPMENT

The radiated emissions from the intentional radiator were measured using a spectrum analyzer with a quasi-peak adapter for peak and quasi-peak readings.

A loop antenna was used to measure emissions below 30 MHz. Emission readings more than 20 dB below the limit at any frequency may not be listed in the reported data. For frequencies between 9 kHz and 30 MHz, or the lowest frequency generated or used in the device greater than 9 kHz, and less than 30 MHz, the spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth was set to 9 kHz and the video bandwidth was set to 30 kHz. For average measurements, the spectrum analyzer average detector was used.

For frequencies above 30 MHz, an amplifier and preamplifier were used to increase the sensitivity of the measuring instrumentation. The quasi-peak adapter uses a bandwidth of 120 kHz, with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth set at 1 MHz, for readings in the 30 to 1000 MHz frequency ranges. For peak emissions above 1000 MHz the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth was set to 1 MHz and the video bandwidth was set to 3 MHz. For average measurements above 1000 MHz the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth was set to 1 MHz and the average detector of the analyzer was used.

A biconilog antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 30 to 1000 MHz and a Double Ridge Guide Horn antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 1 GHz to 18 GHz, and a Pyramidal Horn antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 18 GHz to 25 GHz, at a distance of 3 meters and/or 1 meter from the EUT. The readings obtained by the antenna are correlated to the levels obtained with a tuned dipole antenna by adding antenna factors.

The configuration of the EUT was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. The EUT was connected to the peripherals listed in Section 2.3 via the interconnecting cables listed in Section 2.4. A technician manually manipulated these interconnecting cables to obtain worst-case radiated disturbance. The EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission. Where there were multiple interface ports all of the same type, cables are either placed on all of the ports or cables added to these ports until the emissions do not increase by more than 2 dB.

Desktop EUT are measured on a non-conducting table 0.8 meters above the ground plane. The table is placed on a turntable, which is level with the ground plane. For equipment normally placed on floors, the equipment shall be placed directly on the turntable.

Type of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Date of Last Calibration
Wanship Open Area Test Site #2	Nemko-CCL, Inc.	N/A	N/A	11/16/2011

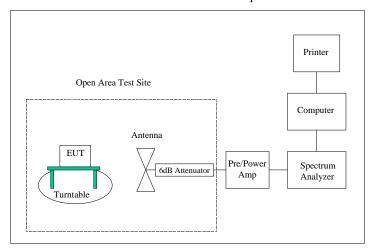
TEST REPORT: 216749-3.1 REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12 Page 20 of 30

Type of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Date of Last Calibration
Test Software	Nemko-CCL, Inc.	Radiated Emissions	Revision 1.3	N/A
Spectrum Analyzer/Receiver	Rhode & Schwarz	1302.6005.40	100064	07/28/2012
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	8566B	2230A01711	01/17/2012
Quasi-Peak Detector	Hewlett Packard	85650A	2043A00137	01/18/2012
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	2011	03/11/2011
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3142	9601-1009	04/21/2011
Double Ridged Guide Antenna	EMCO	3115	9604-4779	03/10/2011
High Frequency Amplifier	Miteq	AFS4-01001800- 43-10P-4	1096455	06/26/2012
20' High Frequency Cable	Microcoax	UFB197C-1-3120- 000000	1297	05/14/2012
3 Meter Radiated Emissions Cable Wanship Site #2	Microcoax	UFB205A-0-4700- 000000	1295	05/10/2011
Pre/Power-Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	8447F	3113A05161	08/25/2011
6 dB Attenuator	Hewlett Packard	8491A	32835	12/14/2011

An independent calibration laboratory or Nemko-CCL, Inc. personnel calibrates all the equipment listed above at intervals defined in ANSI C63.4:2003 Section 4.4 following outlined calibration procedures. All measurement instrumentation is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Supporting documentation relative to tractability is on file and is available for examination upon request.

TEST REPORT: 216749-3.1 REPORT ISSUE DATE: 08/30/12 Page 21 of 30

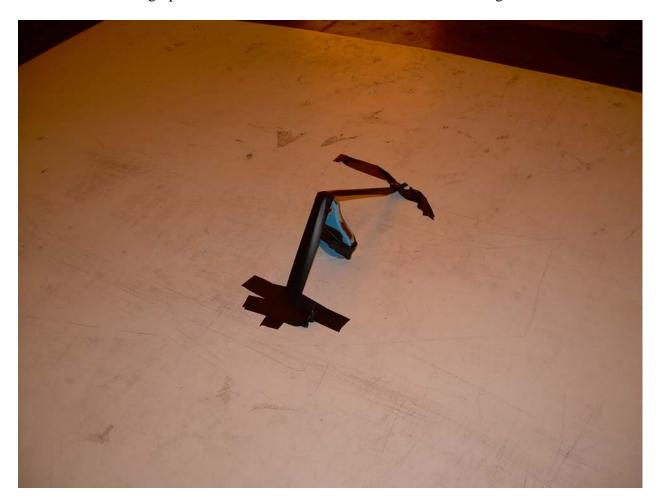
Radiated Emissions Test Setup



Page 22 of 30

APPENDIX 2 PHOTOGRAPHS

Photograph 1 – View Radiated Disturbance - Vertical Configuration



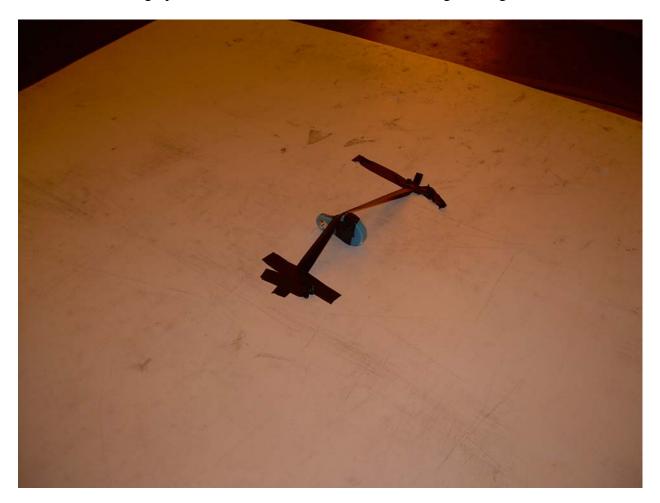
Page 23 of 30

Photograph 2 – View Radiated Disturbance - Horizontal Configuration



Page 24 of 30

Photograph 3 – View Radiated Disturbance – On Edge Configuration



Page 25 of 30

Photograph 4 – Front View of the EUT – White Plastic Housing



Page 26 of 30

Photograph 5 –Back View of the EUT – White Plastic Housing



Page 27 of 30

Photograph 6 – EUT in Blue Plastic Housing



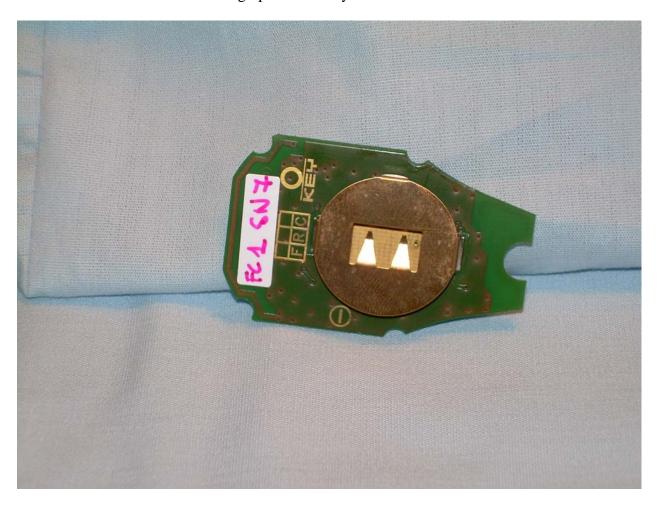
Page 28 of 30

Photograph 7 – EUT in Orange Plastic Housing



Page 29 of 30

Photograph 8 – Battery Side of the PCB



Page 30 of 30

Photograph 8 – Button Side of the PCB

