

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S

Service suisse d'étalonnage C

- Servizio svizzero di taratura s
 - Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

DT&C (Dymstec) Client

Certificate No: D2600V2-1103_Feb20

Dbject	D2600V2 - SN:1	103	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz		
Calibration date:	February 20, 202	20	
The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical uni robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C	d are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
	and a market of the		Apr-20
ower sensor NRP-701	ISN: 103245		
	SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	
teference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
eference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator ype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20 Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
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Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
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Certificate No: D2600V2-1103_Feb20

Page 1 of 8



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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service**

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2600V2-1103_Feb20

Page 2 of 8



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.8 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	57.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.52 W/kg

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.9 ± 6 %	2.21 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	55.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.30 W/kg

Certificate No: D2600V2-1103_Feb20

Page 3 of 8



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.5 Ω - 5.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.3 Ω - 4.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1 147 ns
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.147 115

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by SPEAG

Page 4 of 8



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.02.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1103

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.03$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 121.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 14.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.52 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.8 W/kg



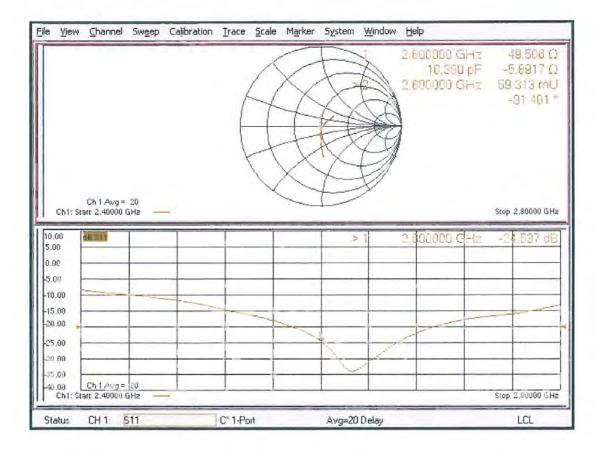
0 dB = 24.8 W/kg = 13.94 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2600V2-1103_Feb20

Page 5 of 8



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D2600V2-1103_Feb20

Page 6 of 8



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 20.02.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1103

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.21$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 111.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.3 W/kg** Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.5 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.5% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.6 W/kg



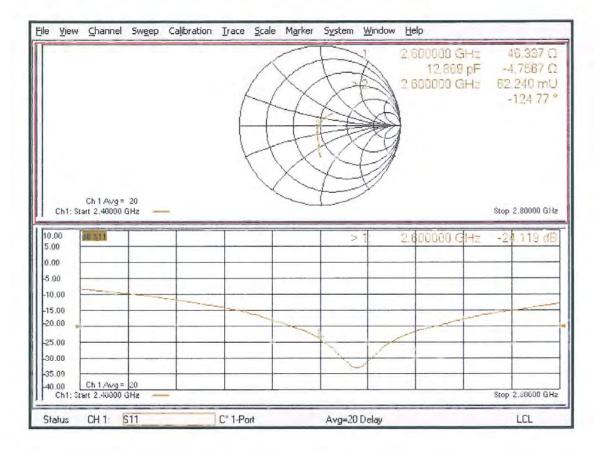
0 dB = 23.6 W/kg = 13.73 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D2600V2-1103_Feb20

Page 7 of 8



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D2600V2-1103_Feb20

Page 8 of 8





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Client DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Object	D5GHzV2 - SN:1	212	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v4 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-6 GH		
Calibration date:	February 27, 202	20	
The measurements and the uncert	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical un probability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°(d are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	10#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
	ONL COTO (DOLL	04 Apr 10 /No. 017 00004)	Arr DO
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
	SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20 Apr-20
ype-N mismatch combination			
ype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3503	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-3503_Dec19)	Apr-20 Dec-20
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3503 SN: 601	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-3503_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20
Fype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3503 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-3503_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
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Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 1 of 16



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Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
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Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 2 of 16



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.1 ± 6 %	4.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 16



23.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL condition	SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL condition	SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.19 W/kg
	SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAB measured 100 mW input power 2.32 W/kg	SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
	SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg

normalized to 1W

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.78 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.69 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	86.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR overaged over 10 cm ³ (10 d) of Head TSI	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition 100 mW input power	2.44 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 4 of 16



Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	4.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	5.08 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAB averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.29 W/kg

Page 5 of 16



Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.4 ± 6 %	5.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.2 ± 6 %	5.59 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.9 ± 6 %	5.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.91 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.18 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.7 ± 6 %	5.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.16 W/kg

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.3 ± 6 %	6.27 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 8 of 16



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.6 Ω - 4.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 Ω - 0.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 36.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.3 Ω + 1.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.5 Ω + 2.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 33.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.3 Ω + 2.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.4 dB

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 9 of 16



Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.6 Ω - 2.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω + 0.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 33.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.5 Ω + 3.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω + 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4 Ω + 3.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.189 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 10 of 16



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.02.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1212

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 4.48 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 4.57 S/m; ϵ_r = 34.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 4.78 S/m; ϵ_r = 34.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.88 S/m; ϵ_r = 34.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.08 S/m; ϵ_r = 34.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.8, 5.8, 5.8) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 79.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 6.9 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 69% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 78.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 68.8% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 11 of 16

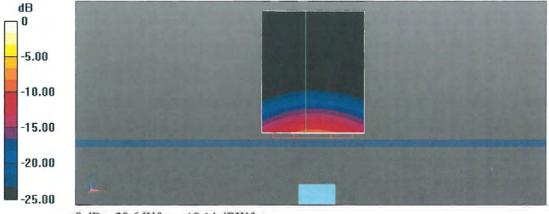
Dt&C

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 77.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 77.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.2% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 75.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



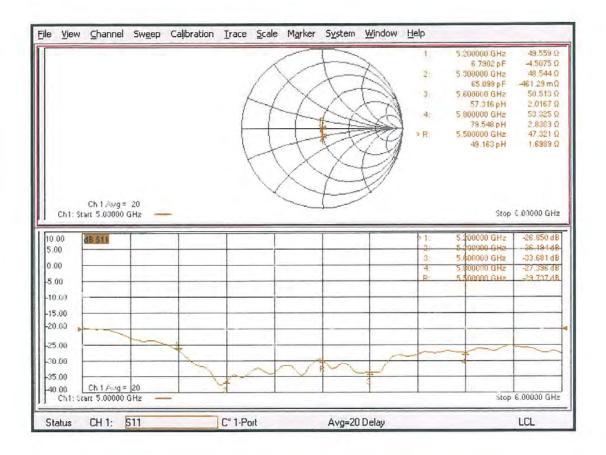
0 dB = 20.6 W/kg = 13.14 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 12 of 16



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 13 of 16



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 27.02.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1212

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.45 S/m; ϵ_r = 47.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 5.59 S/m; ϵ_r = 47.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 5.86 S/m; ϵ_r = 46.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.99 S/m; ϵ_r = 46.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.27 S/m; ϵ_r = 46.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29) @ 5200 MHz, ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(4.84, 4.84, 4.84) @ 5500 MHz, ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 67.7%Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 66.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 66.2% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

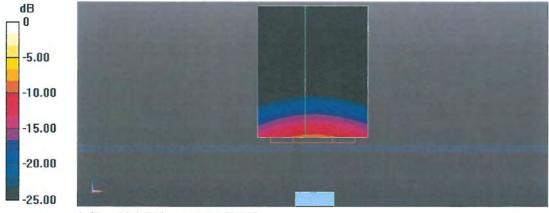
Page 14 of 16

Dt&C

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 68.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.4% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.7% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



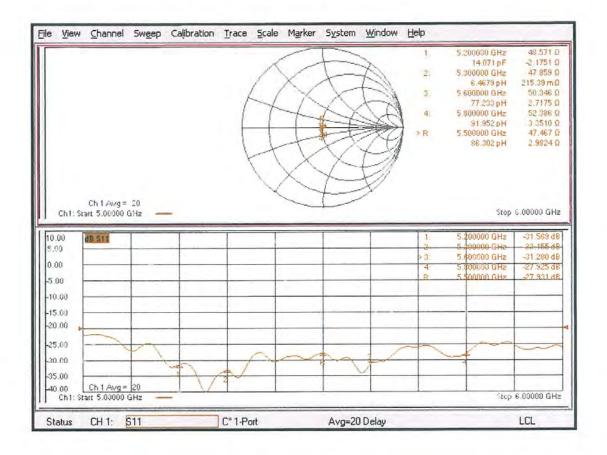
0 dB = 18.9 W/kg = 12.76 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 15 of 16



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1212_Feb20

Page 16 of 16



APPENDIX C. – SAR Tissue Specifications



The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table C.1, C.2). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.



Figure 3.9 Simulated Tissue

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	835		1 9	000	2 4	50	5 200 ~ 5 800			
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body		
Water	40.19	50.75	55.24	70.23	71.88	73.40	65.52	80.00		
Salt (NaCl)	1.480	0.940	0.310	0.290	0.160	0.060	-	-		
Sugar	57.90	48.21	-	-	-	-	-	-		
HEC	0.250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Bactericide	0.180	0.100	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Triton X-100	-	-	-	-	19.97	-	17.24	-		
DGBE	-	-	44.45	29.48	7.990	26.54	-	-		
Diethylene glycol hexyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.24	-		
Polysorbate (Tween) 80	-	-	-	-	-	-		20.00		
Target for Dielectric Constant	41.5	55.2	40.0	53.3	39.2	52.7	_	-		
Target for Conductivity (S/m)	0.90	0.97	1.40	1.52	1.80	1.95	-	-		

Table C.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Salt:	99 % Pure Sodium Chloride	Sugar:	98 % Pure Sucrose
Water:	De-ionized, 16M resistivity	HEC:	Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
DGBE:	99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl eth	er,[2-(2-butoxye	ethoxy) ethanol]
Triton X-100(ultra pure):	Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3	3,3-tetramethylb	outyl)phenyl] ether

ltom	Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL1 750				
Item	Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL1 750				
Туре No	SL AAH 175, SL AAM 175				
Manufacturer	SPEAG				
The item is composed of the following ingredients:					
H ² O	Water, (52 – 75) %				
C8H18O3	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), (25 – 48) %				
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, < 1.0%				



APPENDIX D. – SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013.Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

SAR	Freq.	Date	Probe	Probe	Brobo C	PERM Probe CAL. Point		COND.	CW Validation			MOD. Validation		
System	[MHz]	Date	SN	Туре	Probe C/	AL. Point	(ɛr)	(σ)	Sensi- tivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isortopy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
D	835	2019.10.04	3933	EX3DV4	835	Head	40.322	0.904	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
D	1 800	2019.10.07	3933	EX3DV4	1 800	Head	39.115	1.368	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
D	1 900	2019.10.07	3933	EX3DV4	1 900	Head	38.874	1.345	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
D	2 450	2019.10.08	3933	EX3DV4	2 450	Head	38.450	1.830	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS	PASS
D	2 600	2019.10.08	3933	EX3DV4	2 600	Head	38.070	1.950	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A
D	5 300	2019.10.10	3933	EX3DV4	5 300	Head	34.630	4.768	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
D	5 800	2019.10.11	3933	EX3DV4	5 800	Head	34.205	5.280	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

Table D.1 SAR System Validation Summary

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both a CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.



APPENDIX E. – Description of Test Equipment



E.1 SAR Measurement Setup

Measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. E.1.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller each pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Intel Core i7-3 770 3.40 GHz desktop computer with Windows 7 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5,A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robotis connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

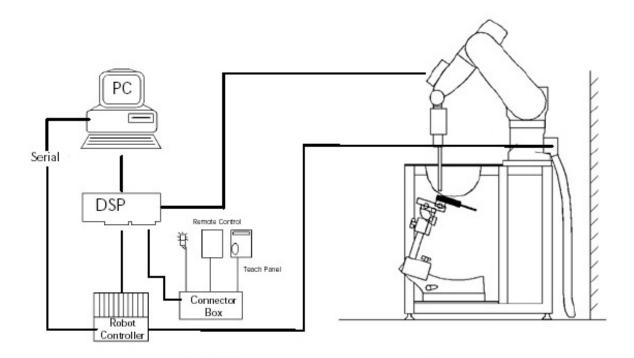


Figure E.1.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail.

E.2 Probe Specification

Frequency	14 MHz to 10 GHz	
Linearity	±0.2 dB(30 MHz to 10 GHz)	
Dynamic	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g, 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g	54.7
Range	Linearity : ±0.2 dB	A-BEAM
Dimensions	Overall length : 337 mm	
Tip length	20 mm	Figure E.2.1 Triangular Probe Configurations
Body diameter	12 mm	a la
Tip diameter	2.5 mm	e la
Distance from p	robe tip to sensor center 1.0 mm	
Application	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones	
		Figure E.2.2 Probe Thick-Film Technique



DAE System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 designed in the classical triangular configuration(see E.2.1) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multitier line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



E.3 E-Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent the remits or based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

σ

ρ =

SAR =
$$C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

where:

$$\mathsf{SAR} = \frac{\left|\mathsf{E}\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

simulated tissue conductivity,

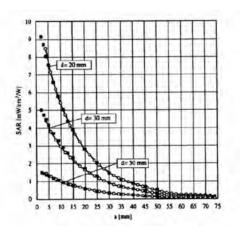
Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

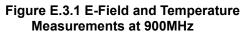
 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;





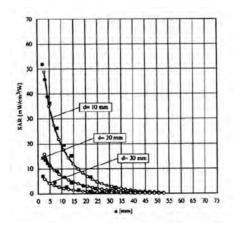


Figure E.3.2 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1 800MHz

E.4 Data Extrapolation

The DASY5 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$
 with V_{i} = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 U_{i} = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_{i} = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

V.

with

E Gold probas

E-field probes:

$$E_{i} = \sqrt{\frac{V_{i}}{Norm_{i} \cdot ConvF}}$$
with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z)
Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $\mu V/(V/m)^{2}$ for E-field probes
ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution
E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_{x}^{2} + E_{y}^{2} + E_{z}^{2}}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR Ε _{ια} σ	 = local specific absorption rate in W/g = total field strength in V/m = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pur} = \frac{E_{bd}^2}{3770}$$
 with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm²
= total electric field strength in V/m



E.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V5.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. E.5.1)

SAM Twin Phantom Specification:



Figure E.5.1 SAM Twin Phantom

Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin
	(SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation
	of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region.
	A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the
	complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
	Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material
	as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.
Shell Thickness	(2 ± 0.2) mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm
	Width: 500 mm
	Height: adjustable feet

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications:

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. E.5.2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure E.5.2 Sam Twin Phantom shell



E.6 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c, V5.0 or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the warst case, condition (the hand absorb, antenna autout power), the hand is emitted

worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure E.6.1 Mounting Device



E.7 Automated Test System Specifications

Positioner

Robot Repeatability No. of axis	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX90XL 0.02 mm 6
Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System	
<u>Cell Controller</u> Processor Clock Speed Operating System Data Card	Intel Core i7-3 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional DASY5 PC-Board
Data Converter Features Software Connecting Lines	Signal, multiplexer, A/D converter. & control logic DASY5 Optical downlink for data and status info Optical uplink for commands and clock
<u>PC Interface Card</u> Function	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE 4 16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot
<u>E-Field Probes</u> Model Construction Frequency Linearity	EX3DV4 S/N: 3933 Triangular core fiber optic detection system 4 MHz to 10 GHz ±0.2 dB(30 MHz to 10 GHz)
<u>Phantom</u> Phantom Shell Material Thickness	SAM Twin Phantom (V5.0) Composite (2.0 ± 0.2) mm



Figure E.7.1 DASY5 Test System