SAR TEST REPORT

Equipment Under Test	:	PDA
Model No.	:	BM-150R
Applicant	:	Bluebird Soft., Inc.
Address of Applicant	:	558-5, Sinsa-dong, Kangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
FCC ID		SS4BM150RE
Device Category	:	Portable Device
Exposure Category	:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure
Date of Receipt	:	2007-09-07
Date of Test(s)	:	2007-11-14 ~ 2007-11-16
Date of Issue	:	2007-12-20
Max. SAR	:	0.897 W/kg (Head), 1.21 W/kg(Body)

Standards:

FCC OET Bulletin 65 supplement C
IEEE 1528, 2003
ANSI/IEEE C95.1, C95.3

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Remarks:

Tested by	: **Leo Kim**		**2007-12-20**
Approved by	: **Denny Ham**		**2007-12-20**

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A. Photographs of EUT & EUT's Test Setup
B. DASY4 SAR Report
C. Uncertainty Analysis
D. Calibration certificate

1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd.
Wireless Div. 2FL, 18-34, Sanbon-dong, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 435-040
Telephone : +82 +31 428 5700
FAX : +82 +31 427 2371
Homepage : www.electrolab.kr.sgs.com

1.2 Details of Applicant

Manufacturer : Bluebird Soft., Inc.
Address : 558-5, Sinsa-dong, Kangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
Contact Person : Gicheol Seong
Phone No. : 82-2-541-4002
Fax No. : 82-2-548-0870

1.3 Version of Report

Version Number	Date	Revision
00	2007-12-20	Initial issue

1.4 Description of EUT(s)

EUT Type	: PDA
Model	: BM-150R
Serial Number	: 016209
Hardware Version	: UM-1-R60-MP
Software Version	: UM1EA0MD
Mode of Operation	: CDMA(1xRTT, 1xEVDO), WLAN 11b/g, Bluetooth
Duty Cycle	: CDMA 100%, WLAN/BT 100%
Body worn Accessory	: None
Tx Frequency Range	: 824.70 ~ 848.31 MHz(CDMA) 2412 ~ 2462 MHz(WLAN), 2402~ 2480 MHz(Bluetooth)
Antenna	: CDMA(Type : Inverted F, Fixed) WLAN/Bluetooth(Type : PCB type SMD, Fixed)
Max Conducted Power (Peak)	: 28.30 dBm(CDMA 1xEVDO), 27.95 dBm(CDMA 1xRTT) 17.67 dBm(WLAN 11b)
Battery Type	: DC 3.7V(Li-ion Battery)

1.5 Test Environment

Ambient temperature	: 22 ~ 23 ° C
Tissue Simulating Liquid	: 22 ~ 23 ° C
Relative Humidity	: 40 ~ 60 %

1.6 Operation Configuration

The device in GSM mode was controlled by using a Communication tester(CMU200). Communication between the device and the tester was established by air link. For WLAN and BT, the client provided a special driver and test program which can control the frequency and power of the module.. Measurements were performed at the lowest, middle and highest channels of the operating band. The EUT was set to maximum power level during all tests and at the beginning of each test the battery was fully charged.

The DASY4 system measures power drift during SAR testing by comparing e-field in the same location at the beginning and at the end of measurement.

1.7 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

- Power Reference Measurement Procedures

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 2.7 mm for an ET3DV6 probe type).

- The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface

6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within –2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.

The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30x30x30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

1.8 The SAR Measurement System

A photograph of the SAR measurement System is given in Fig. a. This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (Speag Dasy 4 professional system). A Model ET3DV6 1782 E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant. The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

•A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An

arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

•A dosimeter probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

•A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

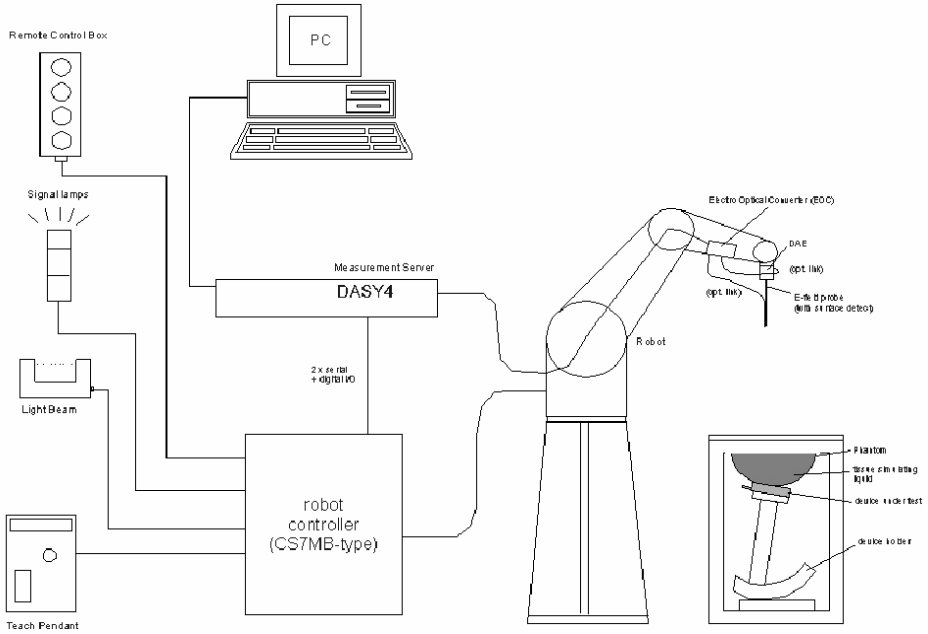


Fig a. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

• The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.

• The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.

• A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.

• A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.

• DASY4 software.

• Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

• The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.

• The device holder for handheld mobile phones.

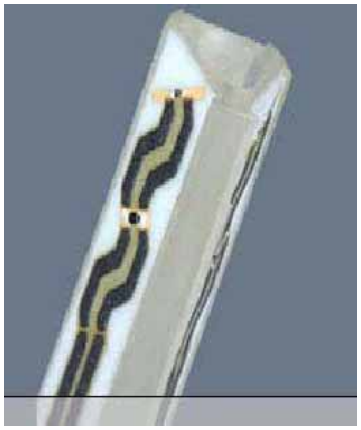
• Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

• Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

1.9 System Components

ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

Construction	**:**	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g. glycol).
Calibration	**:**	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain simulating tissue (accuracy ± 8%)
Frequency	**:**	10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	**:**	±0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ±0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	**:**	5 µW/g to >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Srfce. Detect	**:**	±0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Dimensions	**:**	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	:	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phone



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

NOTE:

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference “APPENDIX D” for the Calibration Certification Report.

SAM Phantom

Construction: **The SAM Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot**

SAM Phantom

Shell Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.1 mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

DEVICE HOLDER

Construction In combination with the Twin SAM PhantomV4.0/V4.0C or Twin SAM, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Device Holder

1.10 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. b. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. These tests were done at 835MHz and 2450 MHz. The tests for EUT were conducted within 24 hours after each validation. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 1 (SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 20~23 °C, the relative humidity was in the range 40~60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.

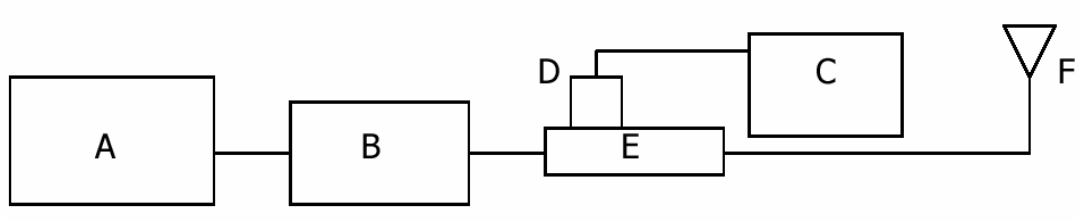


Fig b. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

A. Agilent Model E4421B Signal Generator
B. EMPOWER Model 2001-BBS3Q7ECK Amplifier
C. Agilent Model E4419B Power Meter
D. Agilent Model 9300H Power Sensor
E. Agilent Model 777D/778D Dual directional coupling
F. Reference dipole Antenna

Photo of the dipole Antenna

System Validation Results

Validation Kit	Tissue	Target SAR 1 g from Calibration Certificate (Input Power : 250 mW)	Measured SAR 1 g (Input Power : 250 mW)	Deviation (%)	Date	Liquid Temp. (°C)
D835V2 S/N: 490	835 MHz Brain	2.27 W/kg	**2.17 W/kg**	**-4.41**	2007-11-14	22.4
D2450V2 S/N: 734	2450 MHz Brain	13.3 W/kg	**12.5 W/kg**	**-6.02**	2007-11-16	22.5

Table 1. Results system validation

1.11 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this simulant fluid were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070D Dielectric Probe (rates frequence band 200 MHz to 20 GHz) in conjunction with Agilent E5070B Network Analyzer(300 KHz-3000 MHz) by using a procedure detailed in Section V.

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			Permittivity	Conductivity	Simulated Tissue Temp(℃)
835	Head	Measured, 2007-11-14	**42.5**	**0.875**	**22.4**
		Recommended Limits	41.5	0.90	22.0
		Deviation(%)	2.41	-2.78	-
	Body	Measured, 2007-11-14	**53.15**	**0.97**	**22.4**
		Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	22.0
		Deviation(%)	-3.71	0	-
2450	Head	Measured, 2007-11-16	**38.3**	**1.84**	**22.5**
		Recommended Limits	39.2	1.80	22.0
		Deviation(%)	-2.30	2.22	-
	Body	Measured, 2007-11-16	**53.07**	**1.92**	**22.5**
		Recommended Limits	52.7	1.95	22.0
		Deviation(%)	0.7	-1.54	-

The composition of the brain tissue simulating liquid

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	**Frequency (MHz)**									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99^{+}% Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98^{+}% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 $M\Omega^{+}$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99^{+}% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

1.12 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (‘‘SAR’’) in Section 4.2 of ‘‘IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz,’’ ANSI/IEEE C95.3–2003, Copyright 2003 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in ‘‘Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields,’’ NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in

paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter. Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

(1) Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over an 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.

(2) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure. Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.(Table .4)

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Partial Peak SAR (Partial)	1.60 m W/g	8.00 m W/g
Partial Average SAR (Whole Body)	0.08 m W/g	0.40 m W/g
Partial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 m W/g	20.00 m W/g

Table .4 RF exposure limits

2. Instruments List

Maunfacturer	Device	Type	Serial Number	Due date of Calibration
Stäubli	Robot	RX90BL	F03/5W05A1/A/01	N/A
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1782	April 23, 2008
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	835 MHz System Validation Dipole	D835V2	490	August 27, 2008
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	734	August 20, 2008
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition Electronics	DAE3	567	September 20, 2008
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY 4 V4.7	-	N/A
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Phantom	SAM Phantom V4.0	TP-1299 TP-1300	N/A
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5070B	MY42100282	May 11, 2008
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	2184	N/A
Agilent	Power Meter	E4419B	GB43311126	December 6, 2008
Agilent	Power Sensor	E9300H	MY41495308 MY41495314	December 6, 2008
Agilent	Signal Generator	E4421B	MY43350132	December 6, 2008
Empower RF Systems	Power Amplifier	2001-BBS3Q7ECK	1032 D/C 0336	May 11, 2008
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	777D 778D	50128 50454	December 6, 2008
Microlab	LP Filter	LA-15N LA-30N	N/A	December 6, 2008
Agilent	Mobile Test Unit	E5515C	GB43345198	May 11, 2008

3.Summary of Results

SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA 1xRTT

These procedures were followed according to FCC "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Device", May 2006.

3G CDMA2000 1xRTT

This procedure assumes the Agilent 8960 Test Set has the following application.

Application – CDMA2000 Mobile Test

The Agilent 8960 Test Set has the following procedure.

- Call Setup >Shift & Preset
- Protocol Rev >6 (IS-2000-0)
- Radio Config.(RC)>RC3 (Fwd3, Rvs3)
- Traffic Data Rate > Full
- Cell Info > Cell Parameters > System ID(SID) > 2222
- Call Channel > 779

Once "Active Cell" show "Conducted" then change "Rvs Power Ctrl" from "Active bits" to "All Up bits" to get the maximum power.

Worst-case Measurement Result @ Low, Middle and High Channel

Radio Configuration(RC)	Service Optin (SO)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	
				Average	Peak
RC3 (Fwd3, Rvs3)	RC3 (Fwd3, Rvs3)	1013	824.70	23.72	27.90
		384	836.52	23.84	27.95
		777	848.31	23.79	27.88

Preliminary Measurement Results @ middle channel

Radio Configuration(RC)	Service Optin (SO)	Output Power(dBm)	
		Average	Peak
RC1 (Fwd1, Rvs1)	1 (Voice)		
	2 (Loopback)	23.57	23.71
	3 (Voice)		
	55 (Loopback)	23.26	27.66
RC2 (Fwd2, Rev2)	9 (Loopback)	23.45	27.89
	17 (Voice)		
	55 (Loopback)	23.61	27.84
RC3 (Fwd3, Rvs3)	1 (Voice)		
	2 (Loopback)	23.79	27.92
	3 (Voice)		
	55 (Loopback)	23.84	27.95
	32 (+ F-SCH)	23.23	27.62
	32 (+ SCH)	23.36	27.74
RC43 (Fwd4, Rvs3)	1 (Voice)		
	2 (Loopback)	23.45	27.95
	3 (Voice)		
	55 (Loopback)	23.24	27.85
	32 (+ F-SCH)	23.34	27.95
	32 (+ SCH)	23.23	27.77
RC54 (Fwd5, Rev4)	9 (Loopback)	23.21	27.67
	17 (Voice)		
	55 (Loopback)	23.17	27.54

SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA 1xEVDO

These procedures were followed according to FCC "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Device", May 2006.

3G CDMA2000 1xEVDO Release 0

This procedure assumes the Agilent 8960 Test Set has the following application.

Application – 1xEVDO Terminal Test

The Agilent 8960 Test Set has the following procedure.

FTAP

- Call Setup >Shift & Preset
- Protocol Rev >0 (1xEVDO)
- Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > FTAP
- FTAP Rate > 307.2 kbps (2Slot, QPSK)
- Access Network Info > Cell Parameters > Sector ID > 00000000 > Subnet Mask > 0
- Generator Info > Termination Parameters > Max Forward Packet Duration > 16 Slots
- Rvs Power Ctrl > All Up bits (to get the Maximum power)

RTAP

- Call Setup > Shift & Preset
- Protocol Rev >0 (1xEVDO)
- Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > RTAP
- FTAP Rate > 153.6 kbps
- Access Network Info > Cell Parameters > Sector ID > 00000000 > Subnet Mask > 0
- Generator Info > Termination Parameters > Max Forward Packet Duration > 16 Slots
- Rvs Power Ctrl > All Up bits (to get the Maximum power)

Worst-case Measurement Result @ Low, Middle and High Channel

Cellular Band - FTAP				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	FTAP Rate	Output Power(dBm)	
			Average	Peak
1013	824.70	307.2 kbps (2 slot, QPSK)	23.95	28.21
384	836.52		23.62	27.72
777	848.31		23.55	27.52

Cellular Band - RTAP				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RTAP Rate	Output Power(dBm)	
			Average	Peak
1013	824.70	153.6	23.85	28.16
384	836.52		23.80	28.30
777	848.31		23.57	27.62

Preliminary Measurement Results @ middle channel

Cellular Band - RTAP

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RTAP Rate	Output Power(dBm)	
			Average	Peak
384	836.52	9.6	23.60	27.70
		19.2	23.67	27.75
		38.4	23.69	28.05
		76.8	23.73	28.02
		153.6	23.80	28.30

Cellular Band – FTAP

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RTAP Rate	Output Power(dBm)	
			Average	Peak
384	836.52	307.2 kbps (2 slot, QPSK)	23.62	27.72

Ambient Temperature (°C)	22.4
Liquid Temperature (°C)	22.4
Date	2007-11-14

CDMA835 Head SAR

Head	Position (RC3 Option)	Traffic Channel		Power Drift(dB)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	1 g SAR Limits (W/kg)
		Frequency (MHz)	Channel			
Left	Cheek	836.52	384	-0.060	0.835	1.6
	Cheek	848.31	777	0.075	**0.897**	
	Cheek	824.70	1013	0.004	0.788	
	15°Tilt	836.52	384	-0.096	0.568	
Right	Cheek	836.52	384	0.055	0.766	
	15°Tilt	836.52	384	-0.040	0.469	

Ambient Temperature (°C)	22.4
Liquid Temperature (°C)	22.4
Date	2007-11-14

CDMA 835 Body SAR

CDMA	Position	Traffic Channel		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1 g SAR Limits (W/kg)
		Frequency (MHz)	Channel			
1xRTT	Face Up	836.52	384	0.022	1.02	1.6
1xRTT	Face Up	848.31	777	-0.072	1.1	
1xRTT	Face Up	824.70	1013	-0.008	0.933	
1xEVDO(R)	Face Up	836.52	384	0.062	1.02	
1xEVDO(R)	Face Up	848.31	777	0.035	1.11	
1xEVDO(R)	Face Up	824.70	1013	0.053	1.08	
1xEVDO(F)	Face Up	836.52	384	-0.068	1.09	
1xEVDO(F)	Face Up	848.31	777	0.105	**1.21**	
1xEVDO(F)	Face Up	824.70	1013	-0.052	1.01	
1xEVDO(F)	Face Down	836.52	384	0.086	0.596	
1xEVDO(F)	Face Down	848.31	777	-0.012	0.674	
1xEVDO(F)	Face Down	824.70	1013	0.082	0.609	
1xEVDO(F) +Bluetooth ON	Face Up	848.31	777	-0.080	1.2	

Ambient Temperature (°C)	22.5
Liquid Temperature (°C)	22.5
Date	2007-11-16

WLAN Body SAR

Mode	Position	Traffic Channel		Power Drift (dB)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1 g SAR Limits (W/kg)
		Frequency (MHz)	Channel			
11b	Face Up	2437	6	0.28	0.00518	1.6
11g	Face Up	2437	6	-0.18	0.00858	
11g	Face Down	2437	6	0.12	0.00675	
11g	Face Up	2462	11	-0.29	0.00649	
11g	Face Up	2412	1	-0.278	**0.013**	
11g+ Bluetooth ON	Face Up	2412	1	-0.29	0.012	

Appendix

List

Appendix A	Photographs	- EUT - Test Setup
Appendix B	DASY4 Report (Plots of the SAR Measurements)	- 835, 2450 MHz Validation Test - CDMA835 Test - WLAN
Appendix C	Uncertainty Analysis	
Appendix D	Calibration Certificate	- PROBE - DAE - DIPOLE

Appendix A

EUT Photographs

Front View of EUT

Rear View of EUT

Right View of EUT

Left View of EUT

Top View of EUT

Bottom View of EUT

Inside View of EUT

CDMA Antenna **Bluetooth Antenna** **LAN Antenna**

Test Setup Photographs

Right Head Cheek Position

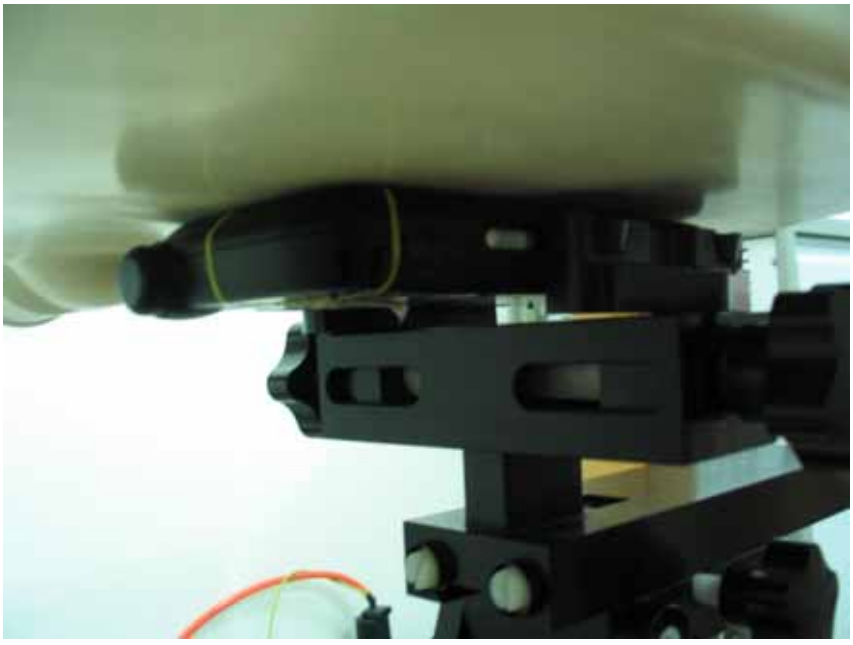
Right Head Tilt Position

Left Head Cheek Position

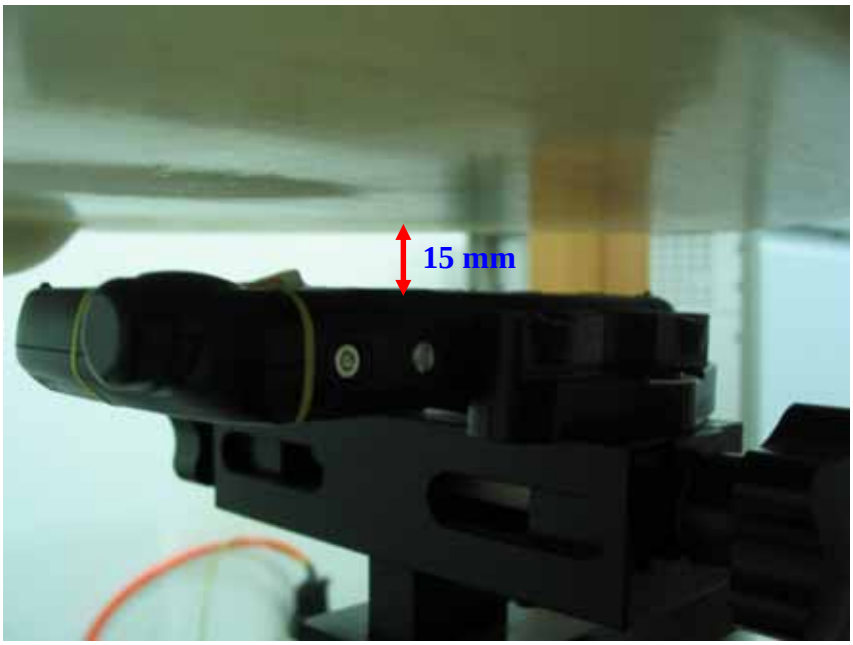
Left Head Tilt Position

CDMA Body Face Up Position with Ear phone

CDMA 1xEVDO Body Face Up Position

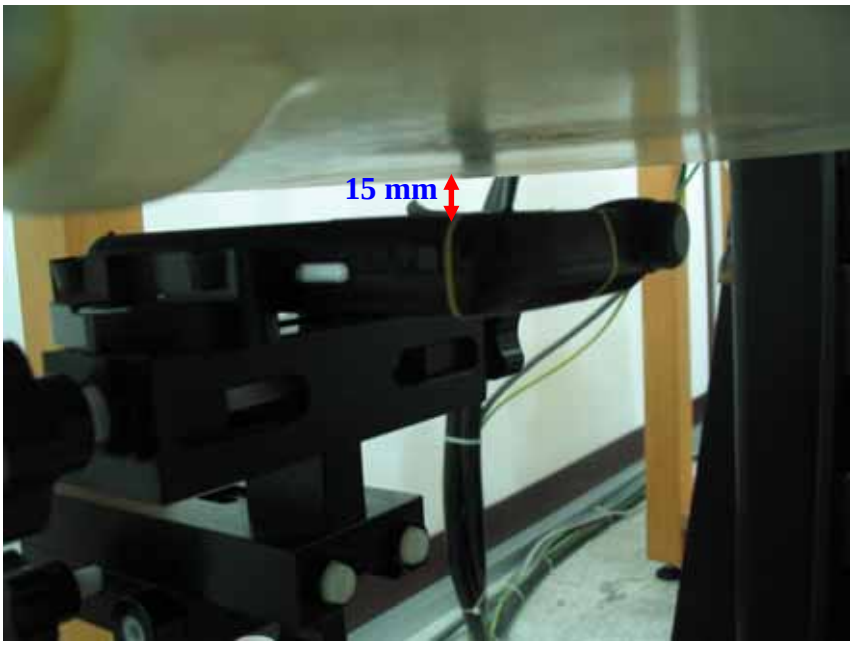


CDMA Body Face Down Position



WLAN / WLAN with Bluetooth ON Body Face Up Position

WLAN Body Face Down Position



Appendix B

Test Plot - DASY4 Report

835 MHz Validation Test

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 11:58:33

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: Validation835.da4

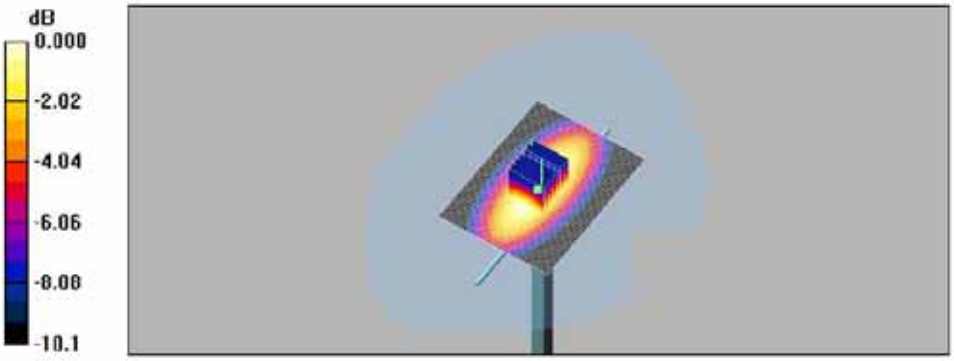
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:490
Program Name: Validation_835MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.875 mho/m; ε_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Validation_835MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.33 mW/g

Validation_835MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.07 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 mW/g



0 dB = 2.35mW/g

2450 MHz Validation Test

Date/Time: 2007-11-16 10:31:51

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: Validation2450.da4

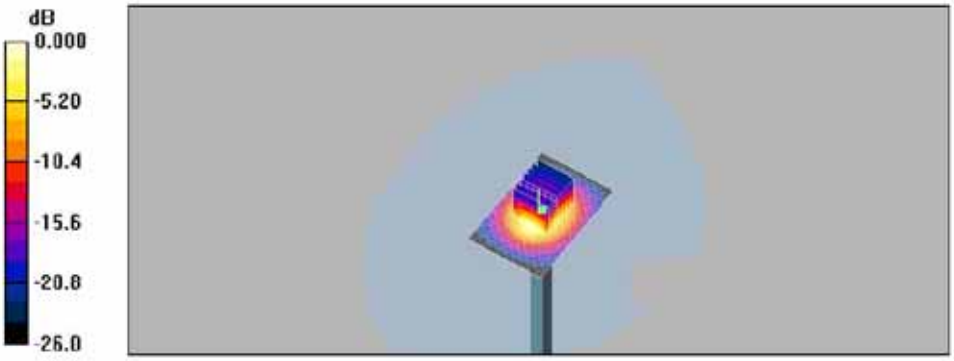
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 735
Program Name: Validation_2450MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.84 mho/m; ε_r = 38.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Validation_2450MHz/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 mW/g

Validation_2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 93.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.57 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 mW/g



0 dB = 14.0mW/g

CDMA Head SAR Test

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 2:33:24

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Left Ear.da4

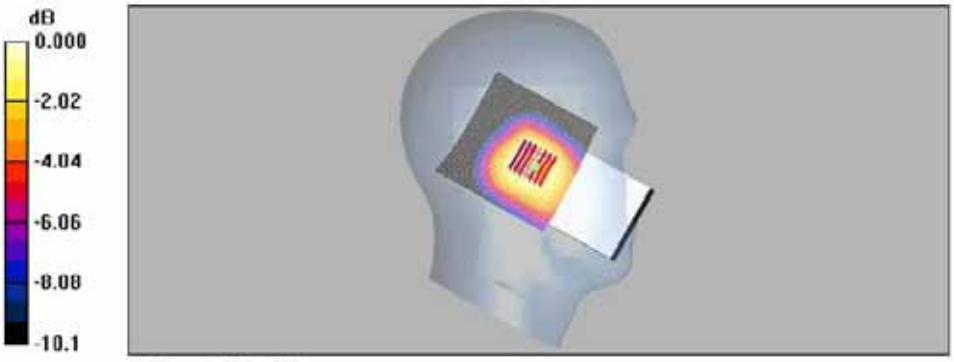
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Left Ear

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.878 mho/m; ε_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Ear_Cheek_Mid/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.885 mW/g

Left Ear_Cheek_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.060 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.835 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.617 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.886 mW/g



0 dB = 0.886mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 3:17:27

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Left Ear.da4

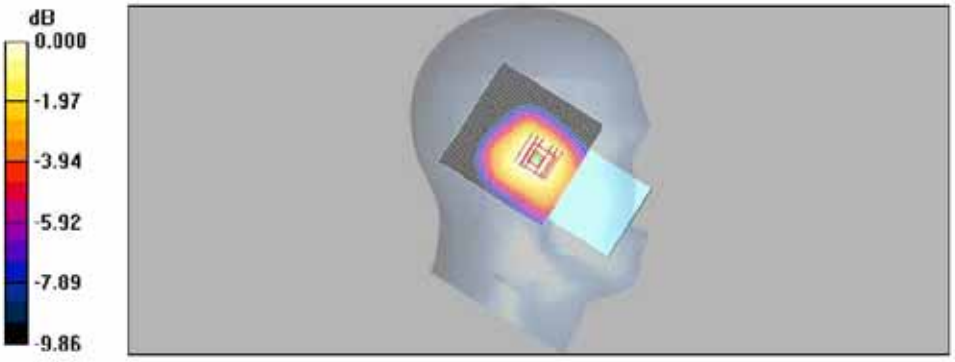
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Left Ear

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 848.5 MHz; σ = 0.895 mho/m; ε_r = 42.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Ear_Cheek_High/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.960 mW/g

Left Ear_Cheek_High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.897 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.664 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.947 mW/g



0 dB = 0.947mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 3:56:49

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Left Ear.da4

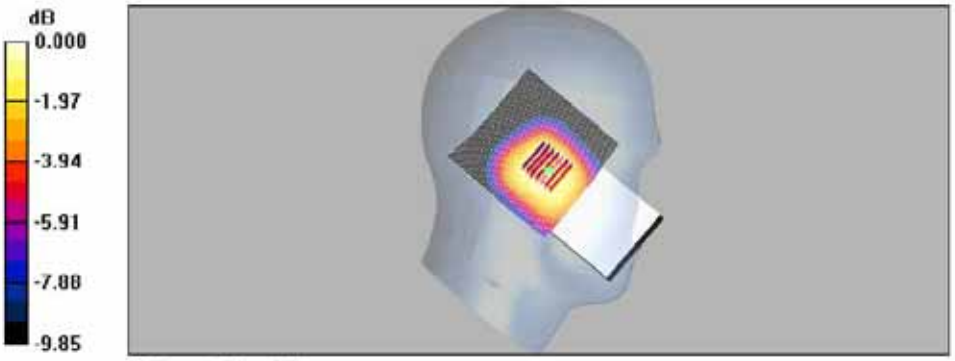
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Left Ear

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.861 mho/m; ε_r = 42.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Ear_Cheek_Low/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.853 mW/g

Left Ear_Cheek_Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.963 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.788 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.587 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.830 mW/g



0 dB = 0.830mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 4:32:41

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Left Ear.da4

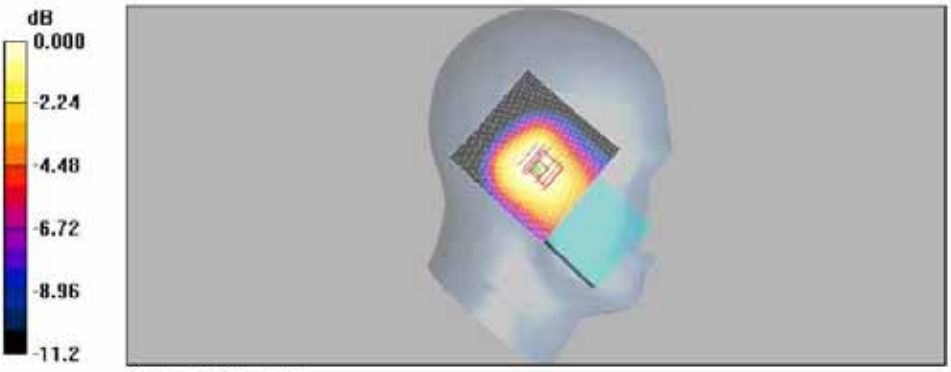
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Left Ear

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.878 mho/m; ε_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Ear_Tilt_Mid/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.612 mW/g

Left Ear_Tilt_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.096 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.729 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.568 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.601 mW/g



0 dB = 0.601mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 6:10:57

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Right Ear.da4

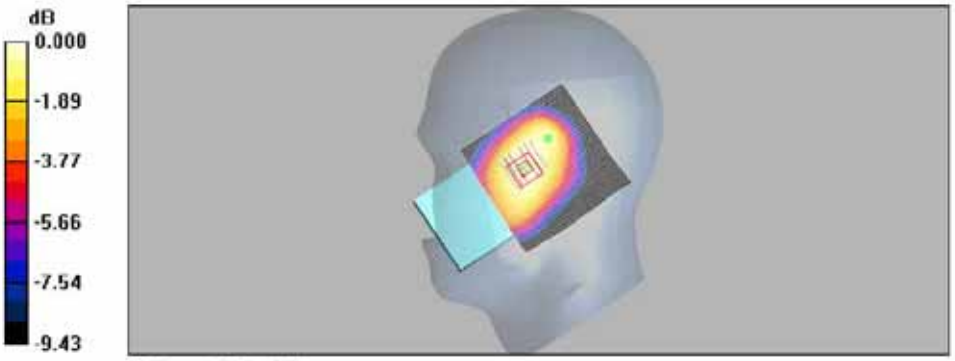
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Right Ear

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.878 mho/m; ε_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Right Ear_Cheek_Mid/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.803 mW/g

Right Ear_Cheek_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 25.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.055 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.946 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.766 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.578 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.806 mW/g



0 dB = 0.806mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 6:52:52

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Right Ear.da4

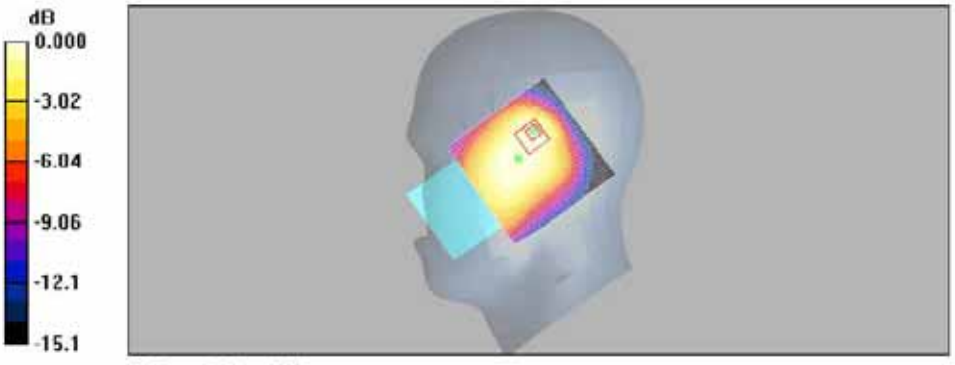
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Right Ear

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.878 mho/m; ε_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Right Ear_Tilt_Mid/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.550 mW/g

Right Ear_Tilt_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.040 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.783 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.313 mW/g.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.511 mW/g



0 dB = 0.511mW/g

CDMA Body SAR Test

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 8:22:16

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

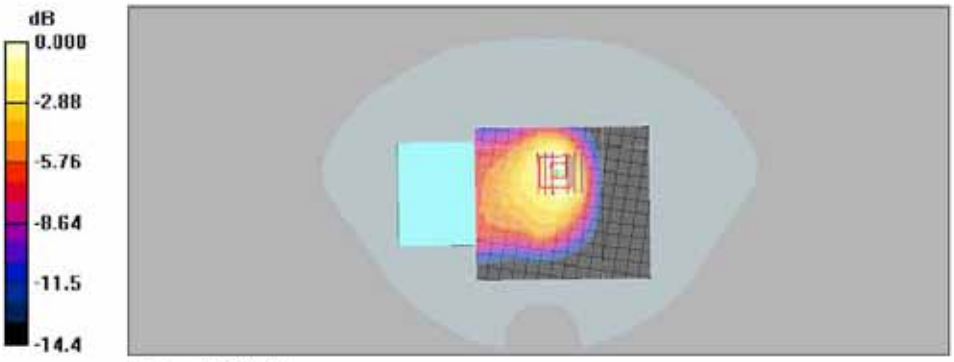
Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.972 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_Mid_Ear phone/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

Face up_Mid_Ear phone/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.597 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 mW/g



0 dB = 1.12mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 8:55:09

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

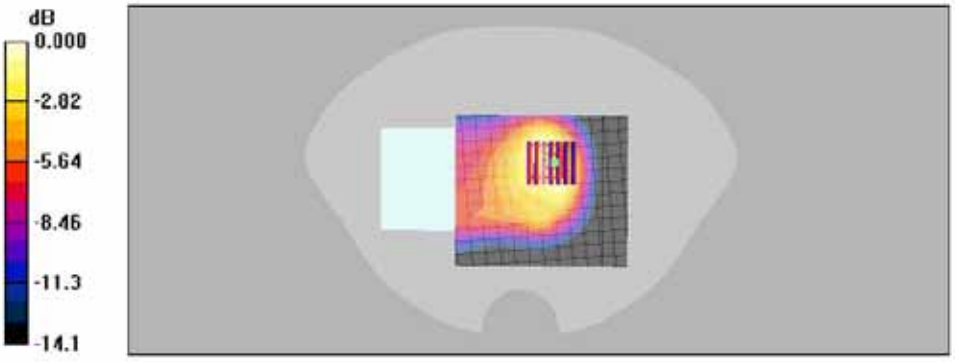
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 848.5 MHz; σ = 0.984 mho/m; ε_r = 53; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_High_Ear phone/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 mW/g

Face up_High_Ear phone/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.072 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.664 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g



0 dB = 1.19mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 9:29:13

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

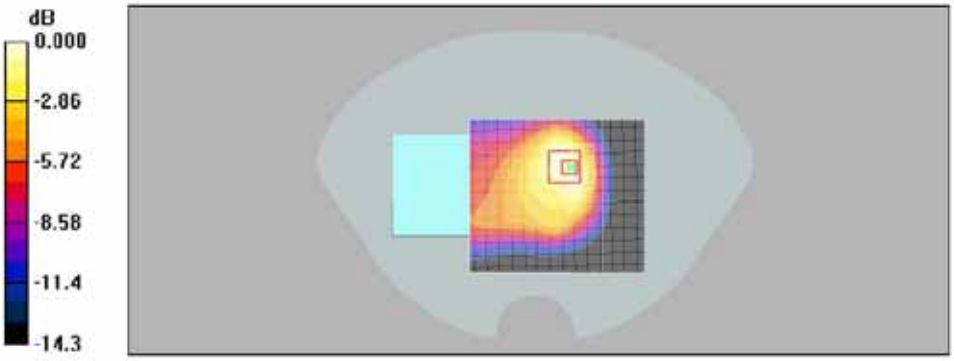
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_Low_Ear phone/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 mW/g

Face up_Low_Ear phone/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.933 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.565 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



0 dB = 1.01mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 9:58:02

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

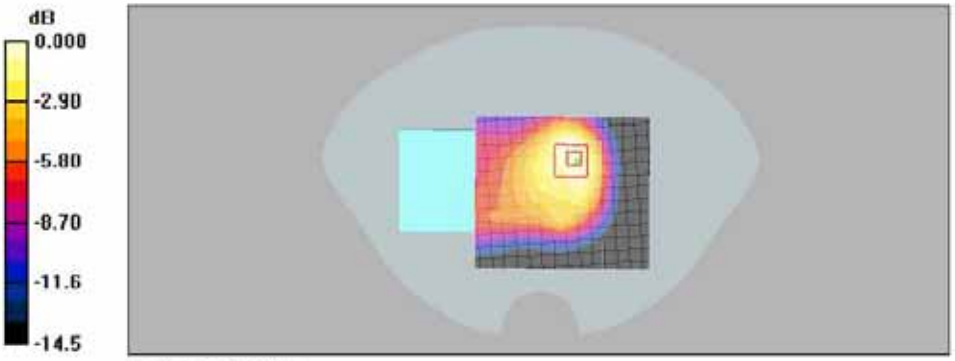
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.972 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_Mid_1xEVDO_RTAP/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 mW/g

Face up_Mid_1xEVDO_RTAP/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.062 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.622 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 mW/g



0 dB = 1.13mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 10:27:12

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

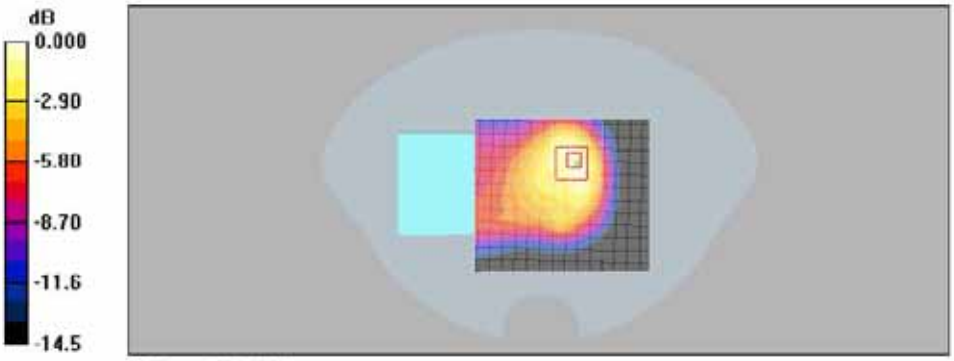
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 848.5 MHz; σ = 0.984 mho/m; ε_r = 53; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_High_1xEVDO_RTAP/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 mW/g

Face up_High_1xEVDO_RTAP/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.665 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g



0 dB = 1.24mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 10:56:57

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

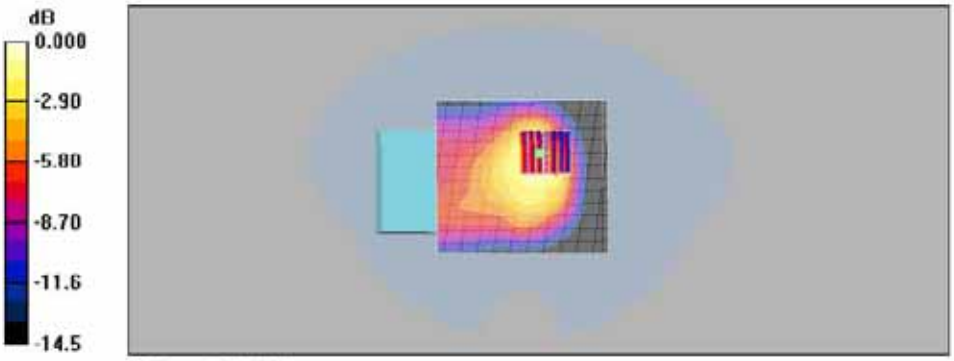
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_Low_1xEVDO_RTAP/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 mW/g

Face up_Low_1xEVDO_RTAP/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.654 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g



0 dB = 1.19mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 11:27:17

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

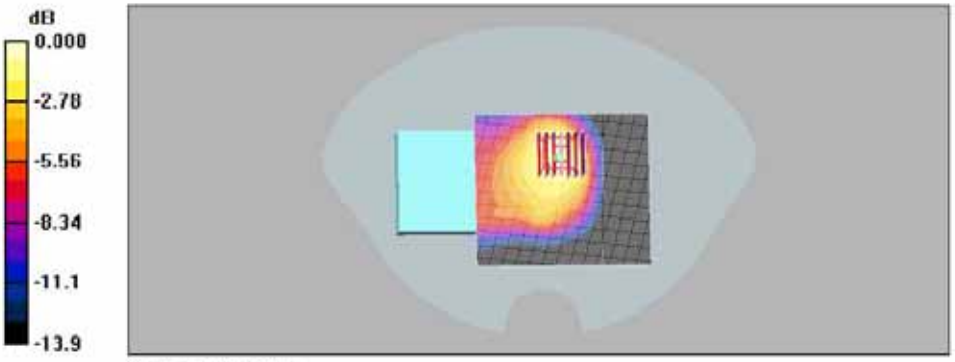
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.972 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_Mid_1xEVDO_FTAP/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 mW/g

Face up_Mid_1xEVDO_FTAP/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.658 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g



0 dB = 1.19mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-14 11:54:48

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

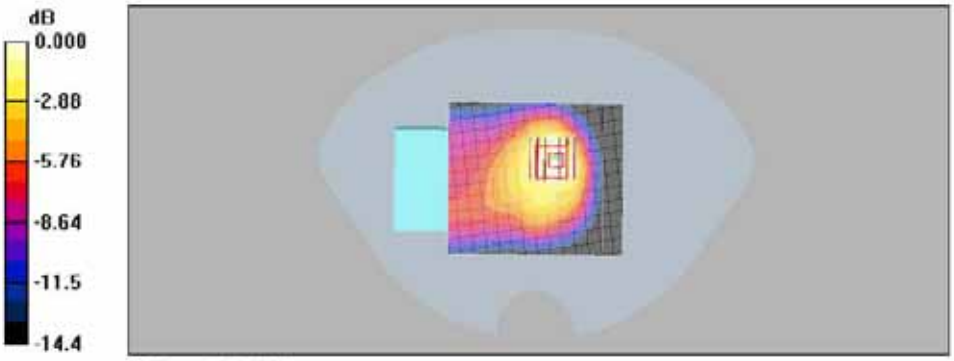
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 848.5 MHz; σ = 0.984 mho/m; ε_r = 53; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_High_1xEVDO_FTAP/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 mW/g

Face up_High_1xEVDO_FTAP/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.21 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.732 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 mW/g



0 dB = 1.34mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-15 12:28:19

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

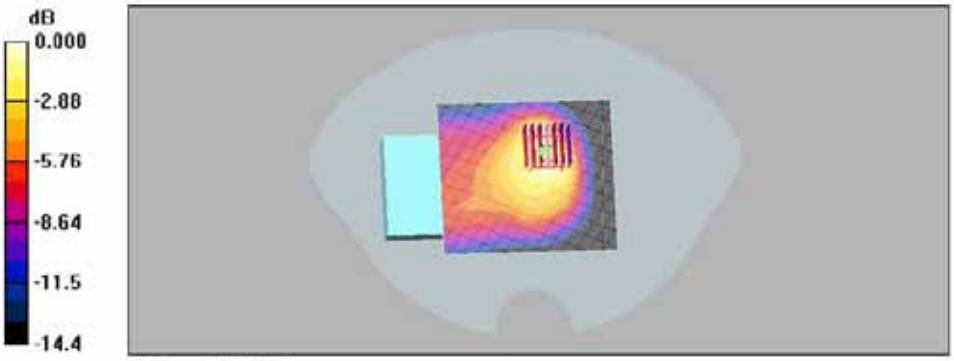
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_Low_1xEVDO_FTAP/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.18 mW/g

Face up_Low_1xEVDO_FTAP/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.609 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g



0 dB = 1.09mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-15 9:26:22

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

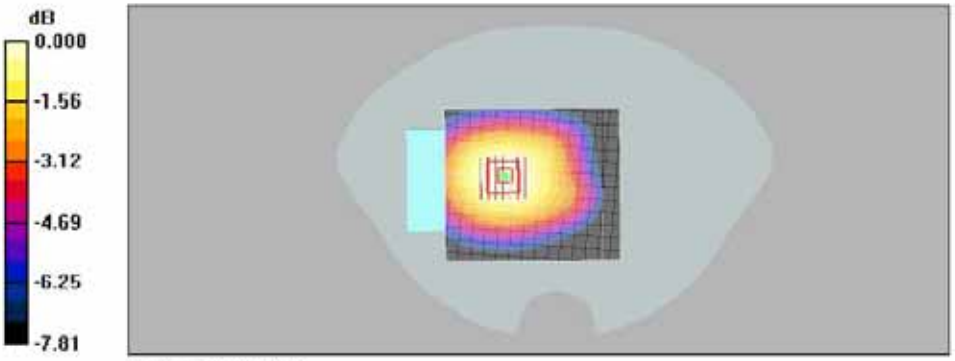
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz; σ = 0.972 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face Down_Mid_1xEVDO_FTAP/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.618 mW/g

Face Down_Mid_1xEVDO_FTAP/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.086 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.703 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.596 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.450 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.630 mW/g



0 dB = 0.630mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-15 9:56:53

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

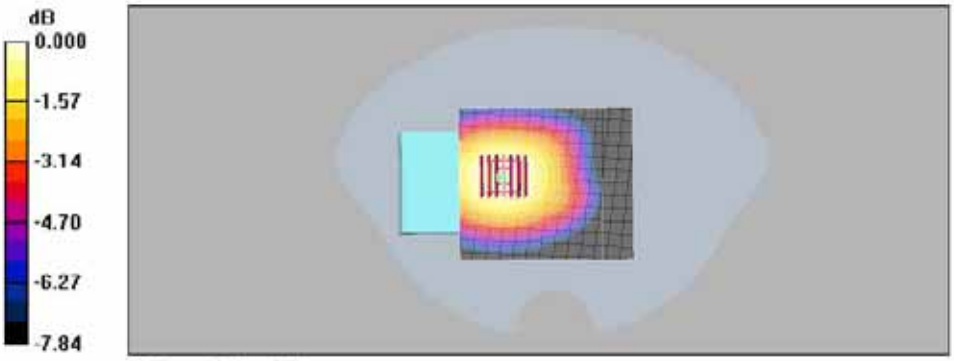
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 848.5 MHz; σ = 0.984 mho/m; ε_r = 53; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face Down_High_1xEVDO_FTAP/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.710 mW/g

Face Down_High_1xEVDO_FTAP/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 22.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.798 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.674 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.511 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.710 mW/g



0 dB = 0.710mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-15 10:23:41

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

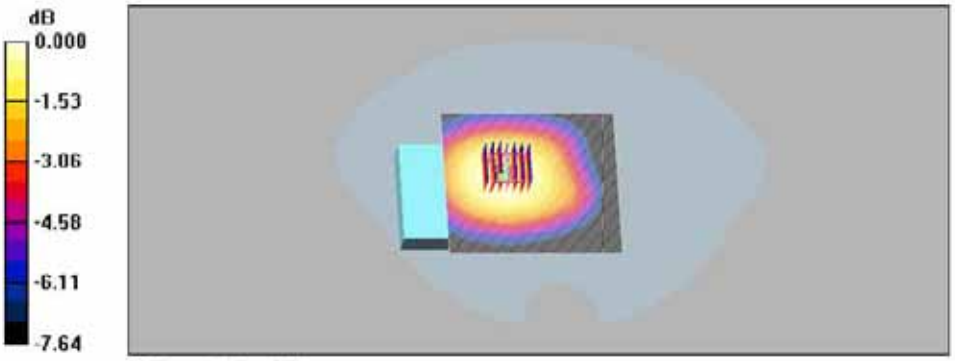
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face Down_Low_1xEVDO_FTAP/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.656 mW/g

Face Down_Low_1xEVDO_FTAP/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.082 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.715 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.609 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.463 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.640 mW/g



0 dB = 0.640mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-15 10:54:00

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: CDMA_Body.da4

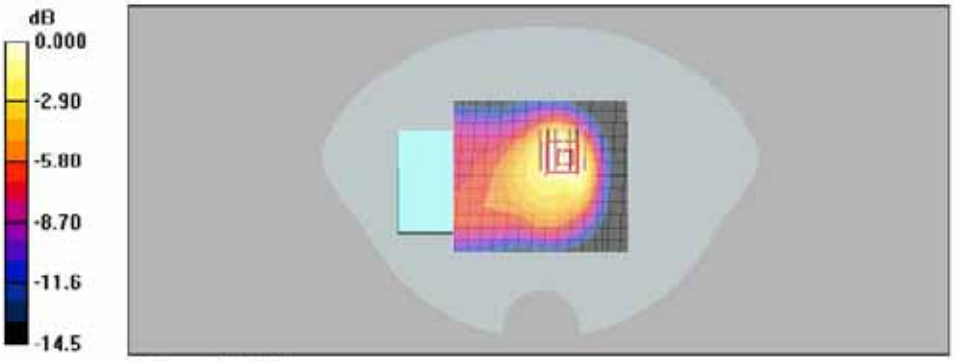
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: CDMA_Body

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 848.5 MHz; σ = 0.984 mho/m; ε_r = 53; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(5.96, 5.96, 5.96); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP_900MHz; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Face up_High_1xEVDO_FTAP_Bluetooth ON/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 mW/g

Face up_High_1xEVDO_FTAP_Bluetooth ON/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.080 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.719 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 mW/g



0 dB = 1.30mW/g

WLAN Body SAR Test

Date/Time: 2007-11-16 11:13:32

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: WLAN.da4

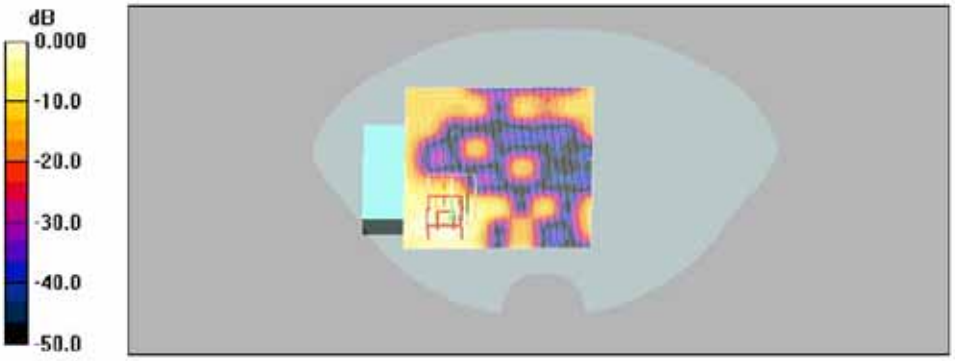
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: WLAN_2450MHz

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

11b_Face Up_Mid/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.005 mW/g

11b_Face Up_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.385 V/m; Power Drift = 0.28 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.024 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.00518 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00196 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.005 mW/g



0 dB = 0.005mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-16 11:42:56

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: WLAN.da4

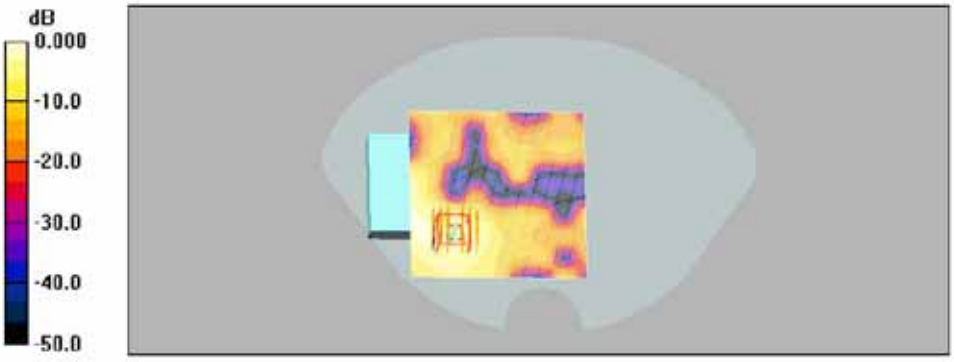
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: WLAN_2450MHz

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

11g_Face Up_Mid/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.010 mW/g

11g_Face Up_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.597 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.019 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.00858 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00364 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.010 mW/g



0 dB = 0.010mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-16 12:13:12

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: WLAN.da4

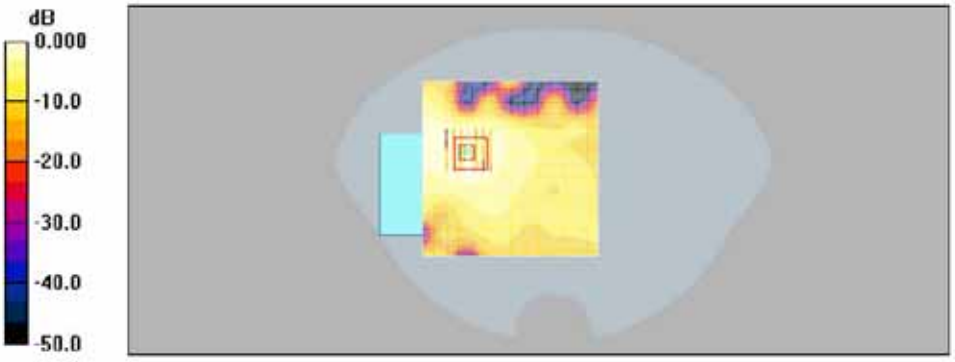
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: WLAN_2450MHz

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

11g_Face Down_Mid/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.007 mW/g

11g_Face Down_Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.851 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.016 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.00675 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00347 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.007 mW/g



0 dB = 0.007mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-16 13:26:38

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: WLAN.da4

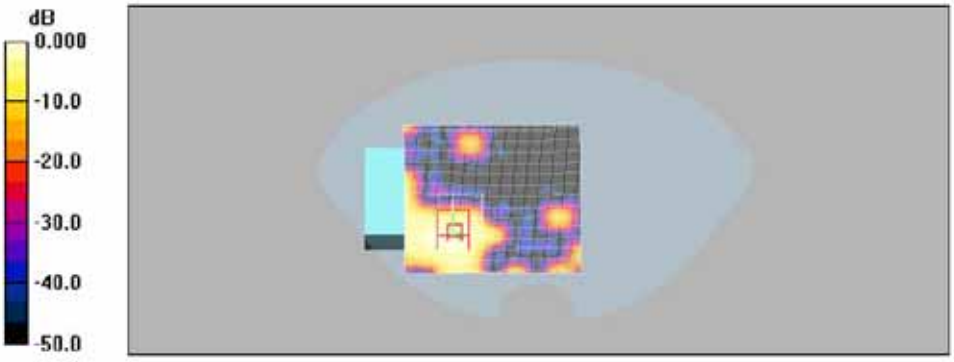
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: WLAN_2450MHz

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.94 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

11g_Face Up_High/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.008 mW/g

11g_Face Up_High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.412 V/m; Power Drift = -0.29 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.015 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.00649 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00274 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.008 mW/g



0 dB = 0.008mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-16 13:54:34

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: WLAN.da4

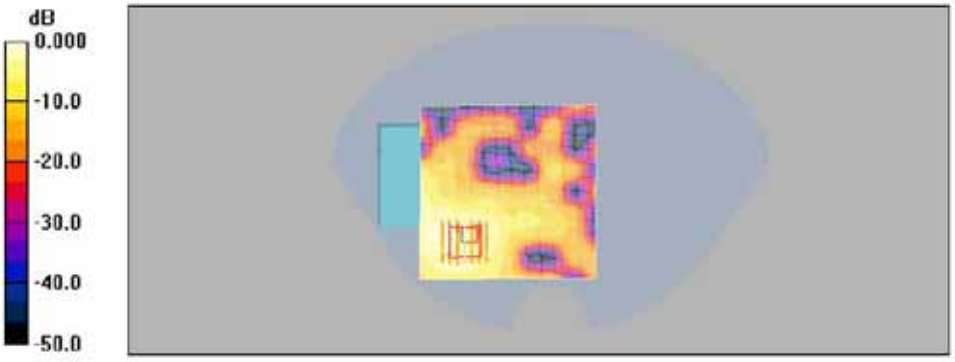
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: WLAN_2450MHz

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.86 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

11g_Face Up_Low/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.016 mW/g

11g_Face Up_Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.502 V/m; Power Drift = -0.278 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.032 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00547 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.015 mW/g



0 dB = 0.015mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-11-16 14:31:31

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea
File Name: WLAN.da4

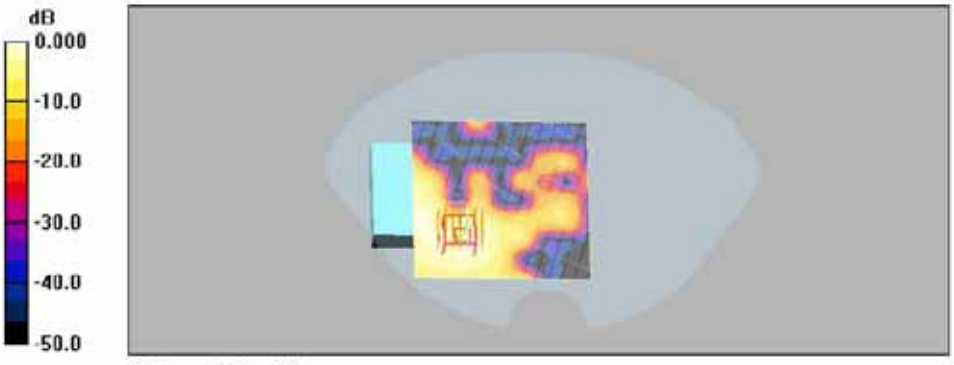
DUT: BM-150R(CDMA); Type: Bar; Serial: 016209
Program Name: WLAN_2450MHz

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.86 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1782; ConvF(4.14, 4.14, 4.14); Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2007-09-20
- Phantom: SAM MIC #2000-93 with CRP; Type: SAM MIC #2000-93; Serial: TP-1299
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

11g_Face Up_Low_Bluetooth ON/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.014 mW/g

11g_Face Up_Low_Bluetooth ON/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.498 V/m; Power Drift = -0.29 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.029 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00503 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.013 mW/g



0 dB = 0.013mW/g

Appendix C

Uncertainty Analysis

Uncertainty of SAR equipments for measurement

Items	Uncertainty value %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci 1 1g	Standard unc (1g)	vi or Veff
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	4.8	normal	1	1	4.8%	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	rectangular	√ 3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	1.9%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	rectangular	√ 3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	3.9%	∞
Boundary effects	1.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.6%	∞
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	√ 3	1	2.7%	∞
System Detection limits	1.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1.0%	∞
Response time	0.8	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.5%	∞
Integration time	2.6	rectangular	√ 3	1	1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	1.7%	∞
Mech. constrains of robot	0.4	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	2.9	rectangular	√ 3	1	1.7%	∞
Extrap. and integration	1.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.6%	∞

Uncertainty of measurements

Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	2.9	normal	1	1	2.9%	145
Device holder uncertainty	3.6	normal	1	1	3.6%	5
Power drift	5.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom uncertainty	4.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	√ 3	0.64	1.8%	∞
Liquid conductivity(meas.)	5.0	normal	1	0.64	3.2%	∞
Liquid permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	√ 3	0.6	1.7%	∞
Liquid permittivity(meas.)	5.0	normal	1	0.6	3.0%	∞

Uncertainty of SAR system

Combined Standard Uncertainty				10.6%	
Expanded Standard Uncertainty(k=2)				20.6%	

Appendix D

Calibration Certificate

- **PROBE**
- **DAE**
- **835 MHz, 2450 MHz DIPOLE**

- PROBE Calibration Certificate

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client: SGS KES (Dymstec)

Certificate No: ET3-1782_Apr07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ET3DV6 - SN:1782
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-12.v4 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	April 23, 2007
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592)	Aug-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07)	Jan-08
DAE4	SN: 654	21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06)	Jun-07

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	

Issued: April 23, 2007

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \le 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \le 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1782

Manufactured:	April 15, 2003
Last calibrated:	May 2, 2006
Recalibrated:	April 23, 2007

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 23, 2007

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1782

Sensitivity in Free Space[A] Diode Compression[B]

NormX	**2.02** ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m)^2	DCP X	**92** mV
NormY	**1.75** ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m)^2	DCP Y	**93** mV
NormZ	**1.75** ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m)^2	DCP Z	**91** mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.9	4.6
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.2

TSL **1810 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.7	8.5
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.1

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	**2.7** mm

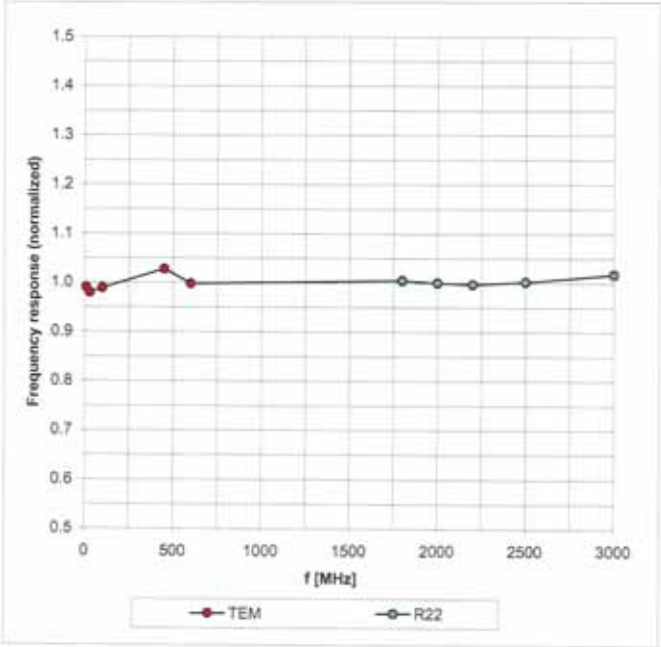
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 23, 2007

Frequency Response of E-Field

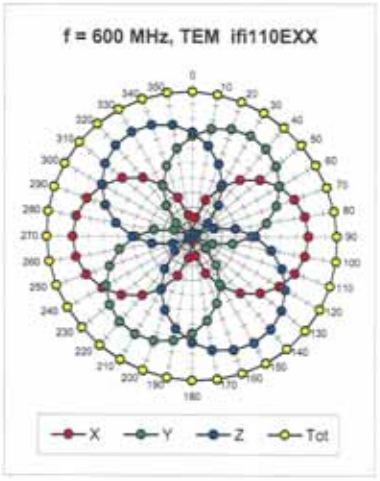
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

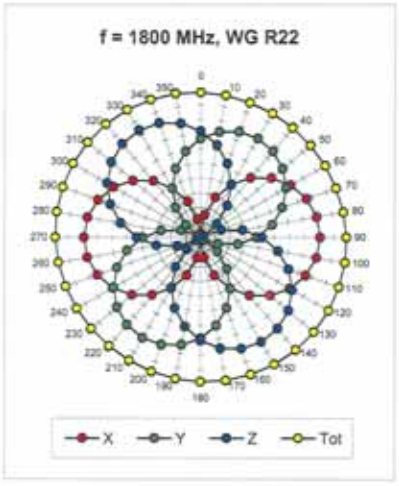


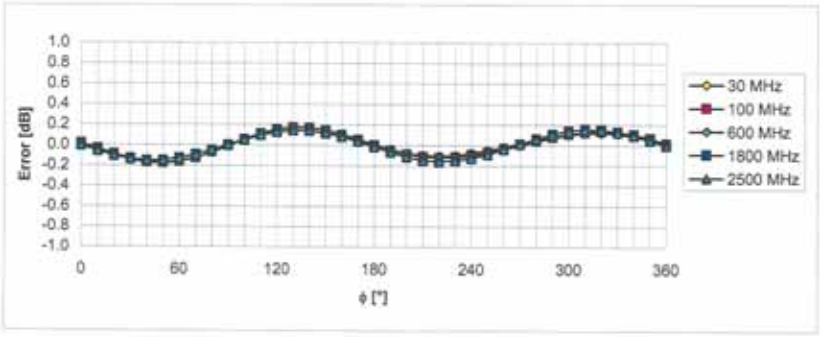
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 23, 2007

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°





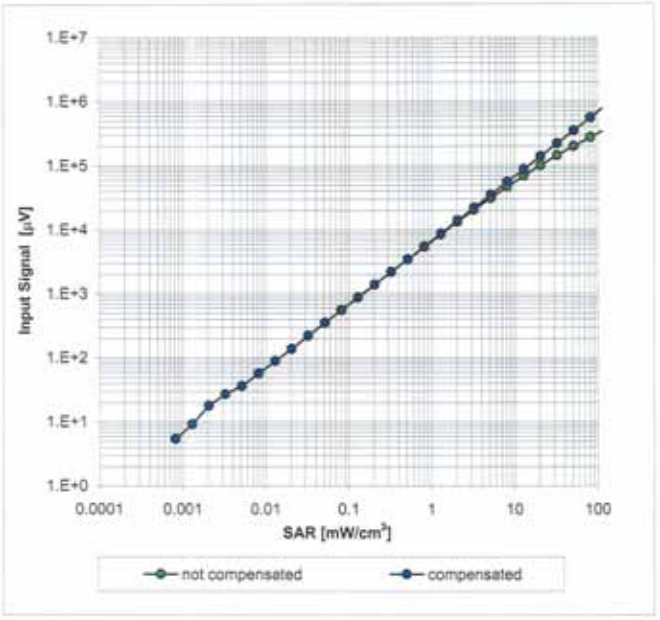


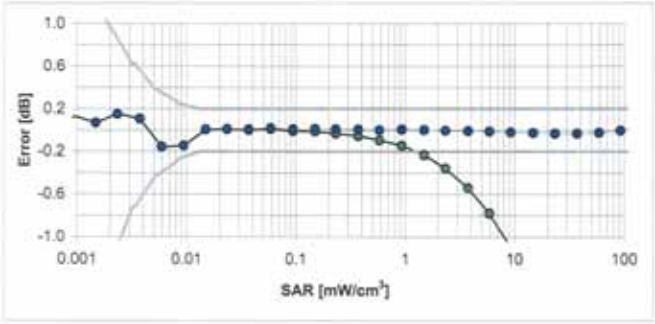
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 23, 2007

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

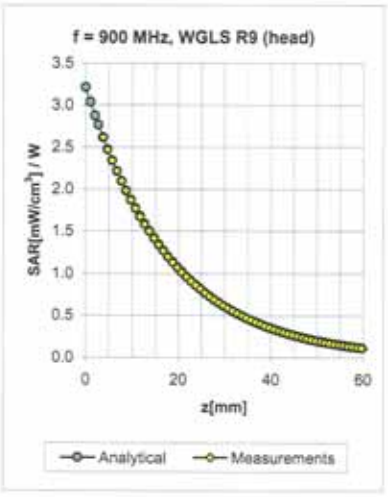


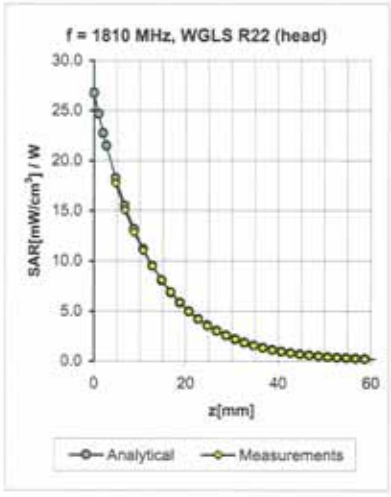


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 23, 2007

Conversion Factor Assessment





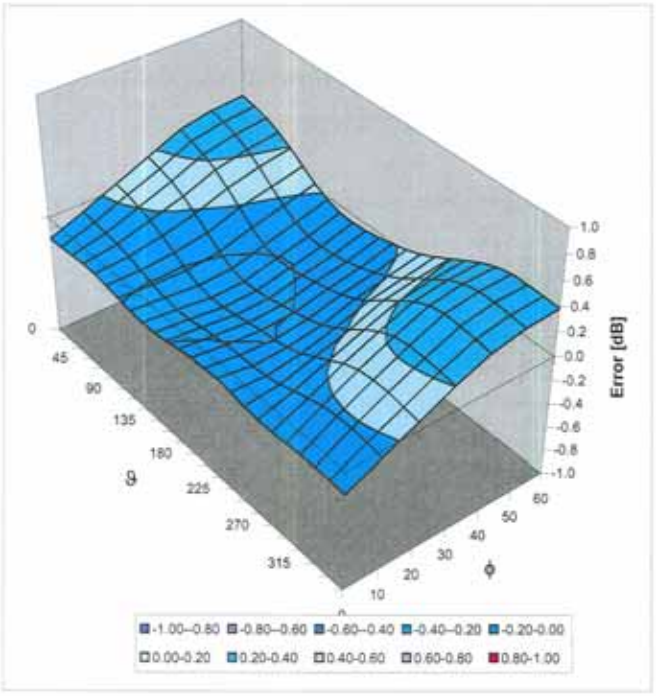
f [MHz]	Validity [MHz][C]	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.40	1.93	7.08 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.36	2.79	6.18 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.44	2.87	5.16 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.51	2.77	4.82 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.59	2.36	4.62 ± 11.8% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.33	1.93	7.86 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.59	2.23	5.96 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.57	2.78	4.84 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.58	2.61	4.51 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.66	2.22	4.14 ± 11.8% (k=2)

[C] The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

ET3DV6 SN:1782 April 23, 2007

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

-DAE Calibration Certificate

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Dymstec

Certificate No: DAE4-614_Aug07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BA - SN: 614
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v12 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	August 30, 2007
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	13-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5492)	Oct-07
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5478)	Oct-07
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	25-Jun-07 (SPEAG, in house check)	In house check Jun-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dominique Steffen	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	

Issued: August 30, 2007

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- *Input resistance:* DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV ,	full range =	-100...+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.926 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.433 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.056 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95357 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93461 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.00299 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	231 ° ± 1 °

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200000	200000	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20000	20008.58	0.04
Channel X	- Input	20000	-19999.47	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200000	200000.6	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000	20007.85	0.04
Channel Y	- Input	20000	-20001.41	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200000	199999.9	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000	20006.37	0.03
Channel Z	- Input	20000	-20004.86	0.02

Low Range		Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	200	199.76	-0.12
Channel X	- Input	200	-199.68	-0.16
Channel Y	+ Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200	199.84	-0.08
Channel Y	- Input	200	-200.52	0.26
Channel Z	+ Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200	199.27	-0.37
Channel Z	- Input	200	-201.19	0.59

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	1.30	0.67
	- 200	-0.13	-0.60
Channel Y	200	8.11	7.55
	- 200	-9.10	-9.60
Channel Z	200	-10.71	-10.45
	- 200	9.01	8.76

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	2.57	-0.89
Channel Y	200	0.47	-	4.63
Channel Z	200	-0.15	0.69	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16227	16192
Channel Y	16375	15850
Channel Z	16067	15373

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.31	-0.54	1.27	0.41
Channel Y	-2.27	-3.06	-1.38	0.34
Channel Z	-0.93	-2.53	0.20	0.41

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	196.9
Channel Y	0.2000	200.7
Channel Z	0.2000	202.1

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	–0.01	-8	-9

- 835 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client SGS KES (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D835V2-490_Aug07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 490
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	August 27, 2007
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN 1507	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN 601	30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07)	Jan-08

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 29, 2007

Calibration Laboratory of
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.3 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.8 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.27 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.08 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**9.05 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.49 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	5.96 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**5.93 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

[1] Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 Ω - 4.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.380 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 19, 2003

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 27.08.2007 13:05:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

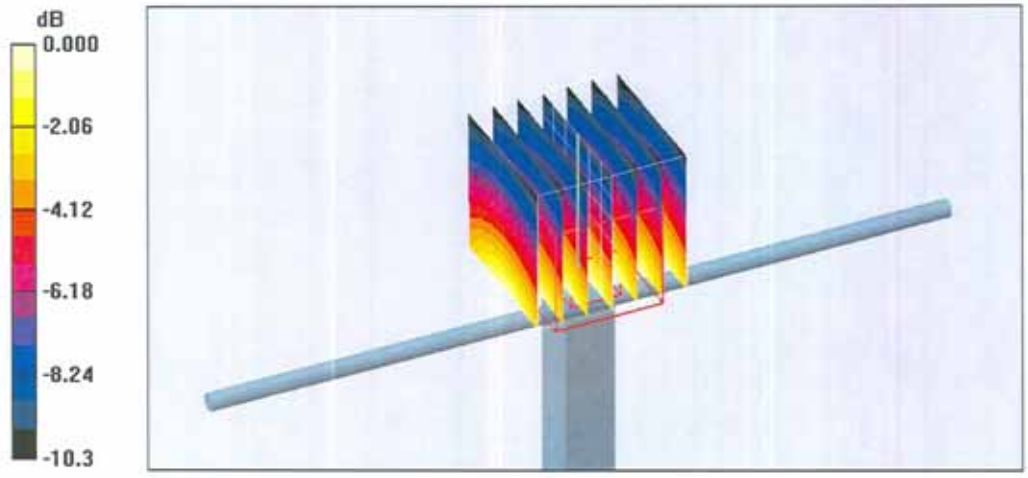
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:490

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 900 MHz;
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.881 mho/m; ε_r = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

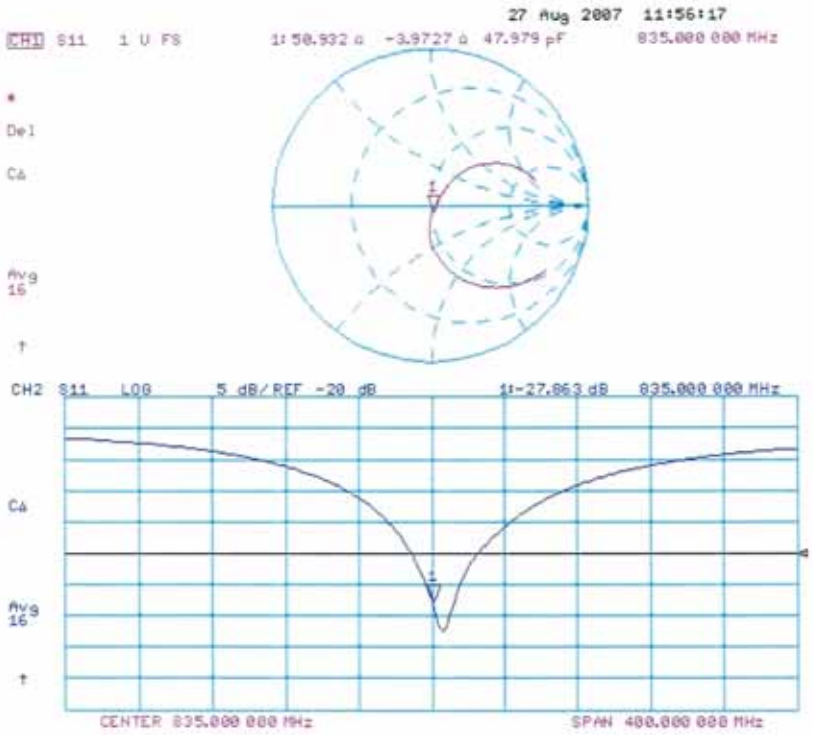
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.041 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.26 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.49 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.45 mW/g



0 dB = 2.45mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



- 2450 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client SGS KES (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D2450V2-734_Aug07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 734
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v6 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	August 20, 2007
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN 3025	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN 601	30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07)	Jan-08

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 21, 2007

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.7 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	-------	------

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**52.8 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.16 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**24.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

[1] Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω + 4.7 jΩ
Return Loss	– 25.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 07, 2003

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 20.08.2007 13:22:31

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

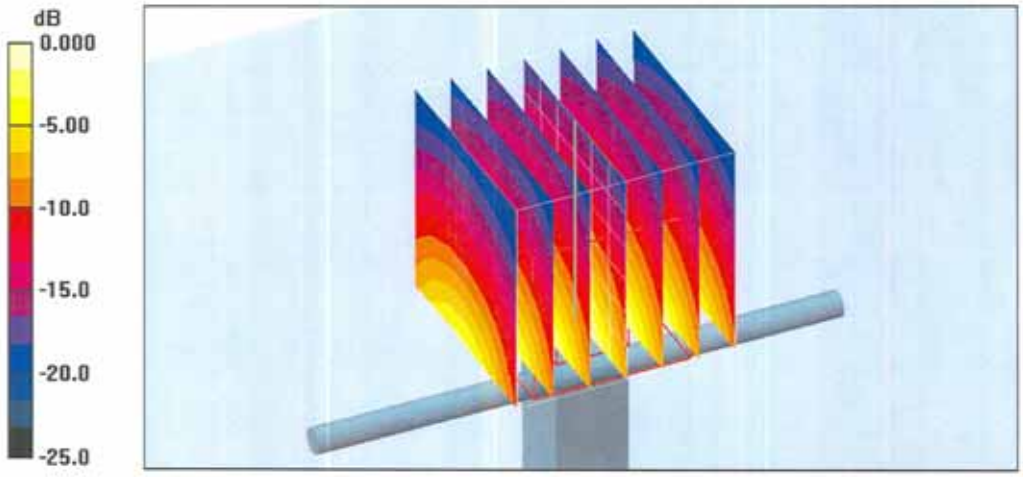
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN734

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL U10 BB;
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.81 mho/m; ε_r = 38.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 91.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 mW/g



0 dB = 14.6mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL