FCC §15.247 (i) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Applicable Standard

According to FCC 15.247(i) and subpart §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	**Electric Field Strength (V/m)**	**Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)**	**Power Density (mW/cm^2)**	**Averaging Time (minutes)**
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f²)	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500–100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz;
* = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

MPE Calculation

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm2)
P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).
G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.
R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

Calculated Data, worst case as below:

Frequency (MHz)	**Antenna Gain**		**Conducted Power**		**Evaluation Distance (cm)**	**Power Density (mW/cm^2)**	**MPE Limit (mW/cm^2)**
	(dBi)	**(numeric)**	**(dBm)**	**(mW)**			
2437	2	1.58	17.68	58.61	20	0.01843	1

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

To comply with FCC RF exposure requirements, a minimum separation distance of 20 cm is required between the antenna and all public persons.

Result: Compliance