



SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant ZTE Corporation
FCC ID SRQ-ZTEBLADEA3
Product LTE/WCDMA/GSM(GPRS)
Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
Model ZTE BLADE A3
Report No. R1807A0334-S1V1
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TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528-2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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Table of Contents

1	Test Laboratory.....	3
1.1	Notes of the Test Report.....	3
1.2	Test facility.....	3
1.3	Testing Location.....	4
1.4	Laboratory Environment.....	4
2	Statement of Compliance.....	5
3	Description of Equipment under Test.....	6
4	Test Specification, Methods and Procedures.....	8
5	Operational Conditions during Test.....	9
5.1	Test Positions.....	9
5.1.1	Against Phantom Head.....	9
5.1.2	Body Worn Configuration.....	9
5.2	Test Configuration.....	10
5.2.1	GSM Test Configuration.....	10
5.2.2	3G Test Configuration.....	10
5.2.2.1	WCDMA Test Configuration.....	10
5.2.3	LTE Test Configuration.....	15
5.2.4	Wi-Fi Test Configuration.....	16
5.2.5	BT Test Configuration.....	17
6	SAR Measurements System Configuration.....	18
6.1	SAR Measurement Set-up.....	18
6.2	DASY5 E-field Probe System.....	19
6.3	SAR Measurement Procedure.....	20
7	Main Test Equipment.....	22
8	Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification.....	23
8.1	Tissue Verification.....	23
8.2	System Performance Check.....	25
9	Normal and Maximum Output Power.....	27
9.1	GSM Mode.....	27
9.2	WCDMA Mode.....	28
9.3	LTE Mode.....	29
9.4	WLAN Mode.....	35
9.5	Bluetooth Mode.....	36
10	Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results.....	37
10.1	EUT Antenna Locations.....	37
10.2	Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations.....	38
10.3	Measured SAR Results.....	39
10.4	Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.....	49
11	Measurement Uncertainty.....	52
	ANNEX A: Test Layout.....	53
	ANNEX B: System Check Results.....	53
	ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results.....	53
	ANNEX D: Calibration Certificate.....	53

1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2 Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number:L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
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1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR

Mode	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)		
	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)
GSM 850	0.331	0.353	0.408
GSM 1900	0.140	0.234	0.513
WCDMA Band II	0.232	0.398	0.990
WCDMA Band IV	0.192	0.240	0.647
WCDMA Band V	0.399	0.388	0.523
LTE FDD 5	0.310	0.490	0.551
LTE FDD 7	0.368	1.069	1.071
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	0.649	0.039	0.081
BT	0.055	/	/
Date of Testing:	June 21, 2018 ~ June 27, 2018		
Note: The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6 W/kg and 4.0 W/kg) specified in ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.			

Table 2.2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	1.048	1.209	1.281
Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.4.			

3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	ZTE Corporation
Applicant address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China
Manufacturer	ZTE Corporation
Manufacturer address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China

General Technologies

Application Purpose:	Original Grant
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Model:	ZTE BLADE A3
IMEI:	869930030002115
Hardware Version:	uzfA
Software Version:	CLA_GT_A3_V1.0
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Device Class:	B
Wi-Fi Hotspot	Wi-Fi 2.4G
Power Class:	GSM 850:4 GSM 1900:1 UMTS Band II/IV/V:3 LTE FDD 5/7:3
Power Level	GSM 850:level 5 GSM 1900:level 0 UMTS Band II/IV/V:all up bits LTE FDD 5/7:max power
EUT Accessory	
Adapter	Manufacturer: Shenzhen Dokocom Energy Technology Co., Ltd. Model: STC-A508A-Z
Battery	Manufacturer: Jiade Energy Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. Model: Li3824T43P4h695945
Earphone	Manufacturer: Shenzhen FDC Electronics Co., Ltd. Model: DEM-66
USB Extend Cable	70cm Cable, Shielded

Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

Wireless Technology		Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)
GSM	850	Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK) EGPRS(GMSK,8PSK)	<input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:8-1UP <input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:10-2UP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:12-4UP <input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:33-4UP	824 ~ 849
	1900			1850 ~ 1910
Does this device support DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				
UMTS	Band II	QPSK	HSDPA UE Category:24 HSUPA UE Category:6	1850 ~ 1910
	Band IV			1710 ~ 1755
	Band V			824 ~ 849
LTE	FDD 5	QPSK, 16QAM	Rel.: 9	824 ~ 849
	FDD 7			2500 ~ 2570
	Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No			
Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				
BT	2.4G	Version 4.2 LE		2402 ~2480
Wi-Fi	2.4G	DSSS,OFDM	802.11b/g/n HT20	2412 ~ 2462
		OFDM	802.11n HT40	2422 ~ 2452
Does this device support MIMO <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				



4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01
690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03

5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Test Positions

5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

5.2 Test Configuration

5.2.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Output power of reductions:

Table 5.1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

5.2.2 3G Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.³ This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as “otherwise” in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

5.2.2.1 WCDMA Test Configuration

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1’s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be

measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 5.2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$



Note2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$.

Note3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 6 HSPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the ‘WCDMA Handset’ and ‘Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices’ sections of this document

Table 5.3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1} 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2} 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 5.4: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
	2	4	10	4	14484	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	11484	5.76
	4	4	10		20000	2.00
7 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
	4	4	10		20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.
 UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)

HSPA and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration

Measurement is required for HSPA or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements.³⁵ Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PBA is required for TCB approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

2) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

3) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA or DC-HSDPA: a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.

i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.

b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.

c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.

4) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.

Table 5.5: HS-DSCH UE category

Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories

HS-DSCH category	Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received	Minimum inter-TTI interval	Maximum number of bits of an HS-DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1	Total number of soft channel bits	Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation	Supported modulations with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation	Supported modulations with dual cell operation
Category 1	5	3	7298	19200	QPSK, 16QAM	Not applicable (MIMO not supported)	Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)
Category 2	5	3	7298	28800			
Category 3	5	2	7298	28800			
Category 4	5	2	7298	38400			
Category 5	5	1	7298	57600			
Category 6	5	1	7298	67200			
Category 7	10	1	14411	115200			
Category 8	10	1	14411	134400			
Category 9	15	1	20251	172800			
Category 10	15	1	27952	172800			
Category 11	5	2	3630	14400	QPSK	Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)	
Category 12	5	1	3630	28800	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Category 13	15	1	35280	259200			
Category 14	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM		
Category 15	15	1	23370	345600			
Category 16	15	1	27952	345600	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		-
Category 17 NOTE 2	15	1	35280	259200			
			23370	345600	-		QPSK, 16QAM
Category 18 NOTE 3	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		-
			27952	345600	-		QPSK, 16QAM
Category 19	15	1	35280	518400	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	-	
Category 20	15	1	42192	518400			
Category 21	15	1	23370	345600	-	-	QPSK, 16QAM
Category 22	15	1	27952	345600			
Category 23	15	1	35280	518400			
Category 24	15	1	42192	518400			

5.2.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

5.2.4 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported* SAR for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the *initial test position* to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - ✧ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - ✧ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test

positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.

- ✧ The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

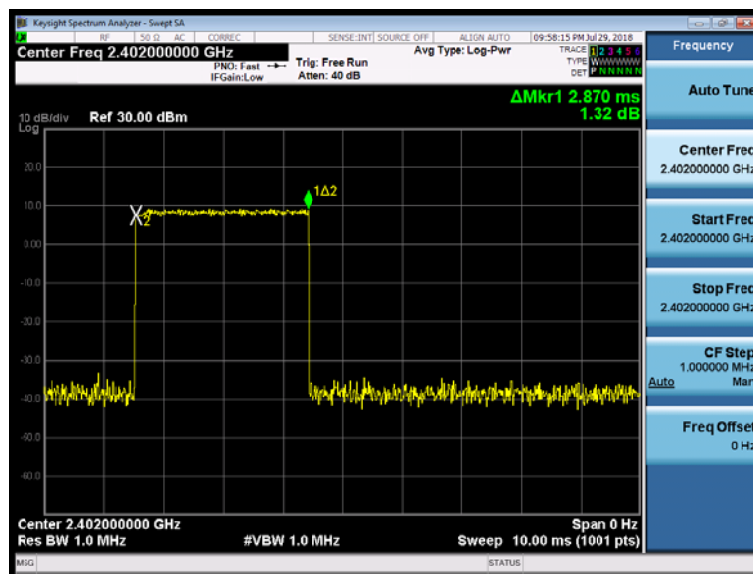
To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

5.2.5 BT Test Configuration

For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. And the CBT control the EUT operating with hopping off and data rate set for 3DH5.

The SAR measurement takes full account of the BT duty cycle and is reflected in the report, and the duty factor of the device is as follow:

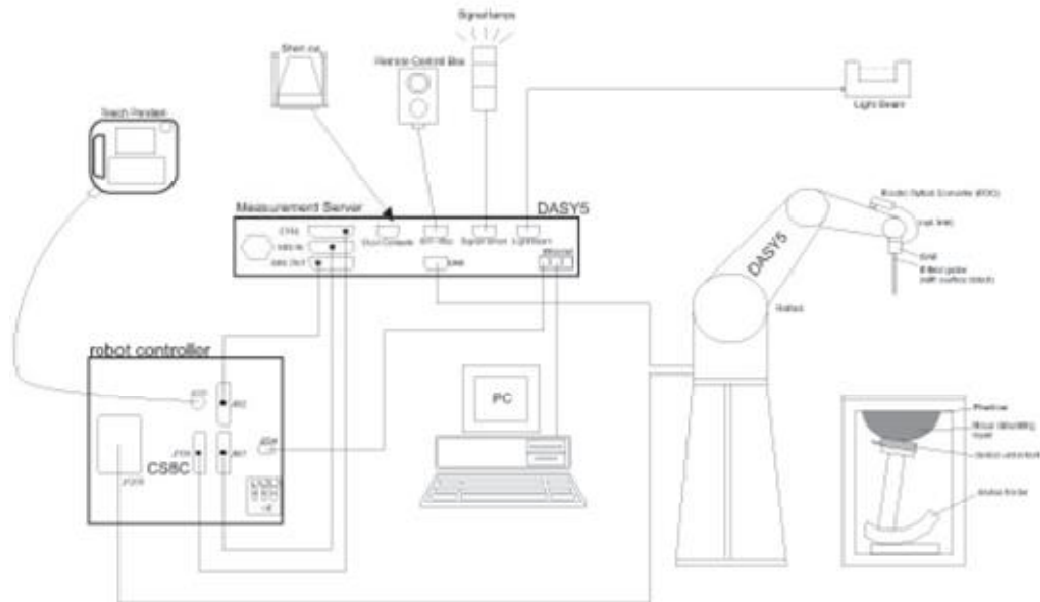


Note: Duty factor= Ton (ms)/ T(on+off) (ms)=2.870/3.67=78.2%

6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

ES3DV3 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones



E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based

temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \Delta T / \Delta t$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$SAR = |E|^2 \sigma / \rho$$

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½ · δ · ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: ΔxArea, ΔyArea	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{zoom} Δy_{zoom}			≤2GHz: ≤8mm 2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm* 4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Uniform grid: $\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$		≤5mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
	Graded grid	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤4mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
		$\Delta z_{zoom}(n > 1)$: between subsequent points	≤1.5• $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	X, y, z		≥30mm	3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm 4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm 5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm
<p>Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.</p> <p>* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.</p>				

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070E	US44020115	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2018-05-21	2019-05-20
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	2018-05-21	2019-05-20
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
BT Base Station Simulator	R&S	CBT	100271	2018-05-14	2019-05-13
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3240	2018-03-28	2019-03-27
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d092	2018-06-20	2020-06-19
Validation Kit 1800MHz	SPEAG	D1800V2	2d150	2018-05-23	2020-05-22
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d018	2018-06-21	2020-06-22
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	809	2018-05-22	2020-05-21
Validation Kit 2600MHz	SPEAG	D2600V2	1058	2018-06-29	2020-06-18
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3240	2018-05-28	2019-05-27
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	420	2018-05-22	2019-05-21
EXG-B RF Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5171B	MY53051777	2017-12-10	2018-12-09
USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MY55430035	2017-12-10	2018-12-09
USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MY55430023	2017-12-10	2018-12-09
Thermometer	Shanghai Gao Zhi Precision Instrument Co., Ltd.	HB6801	120100323	2018-5-29	2019-05-28

8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within ± 2°C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	
Head	835	41.45	1.45	56	0	0.1	1.0	41.5	0.90
	1800	55.24	0.31	0	44.45	0	0	40.0	1.40
	1900	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	40.0	1.40
	2450	62.7	0.5	0	36.8	0	0	39.2	1.80
	2600	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	39.0	1.96
Body	835	52.5	1.4	45	0	0.1	1.0	55.2	0.97
	1800	69.91	0.12	0	29.97	0	0	53.3	1.52
	1900	69.91	0.13	0	29.96	0	0	53.3	1.52
	2450	73.2	0.1	0	26.7	0	0	52.7	1.95
	2600	72.6	0.1	0	27.3	0	0	52.5	2.16

**Measurements results**

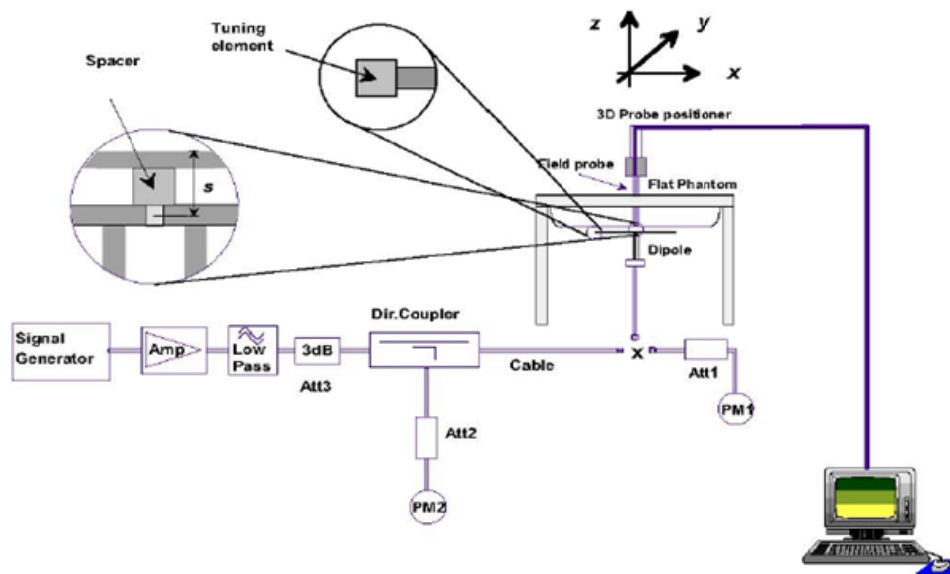
Frequency (MHz)		Test Date	Temp °C	Measured Dielectric Parameters		Target Dielectric Parameters		Limit (Within ±5%)	
				ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	Dev ϵ_r (%)	Dev σ (%)
835	Head	6/24/2018	21.5	43.0	0.93	41.5	0.90	3.53	3.44
1800	Head	6/25/2018	21.5	40.4	1.42	40.0	1.40	1.11	1.21
1900	Head	6/25/2018	21.5	39.5	1.39	40.0	1.40	-1.27	-0.50
2450	Head	6/27/2018	21.5	37.9	1.84	39.2	1.80	-3.34	2.06
2600	Head	6/27/2018	21.5	38.3	2.05	39.0	1.96	-1.68	4.59
835	Body	6/23/2018	21.5	56.1	1.00	55.2	0.97	1.60	2.58
1800	Body	6/21/2018	21.5	54.5	1.54	53.3	1.52	2.24	1.25
1900	Body	6/21/2018	21.5	52.9	1.54	53.3	1.52	-0.78	1.58
2450	Body	6/26/2018	21.5	52.8	2.01	52.7	1.95	0.24	2.82
2600	Body	6/26/2018	21.5	52.4	2.20	52.5	2.16	-0.28	1.67

Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.

8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1 System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo

**System Check results**

Frequency (MHz)		Test Date	Temp °C	10mW/ 100mW Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)
835	Head	6/24/2018	21.5	0.098	9.80	9.40	4.26
1800	Head	6/25/2018	21.5	4.070	40.70	39.90	2.01
1900	Head	6/25/2018	21.5	0.378	37.80	40.10	-5.74
2450	Head	6/27/2018	21.5	0.493	49.30	52.20	-5.56
2600	Head	6/27/2018	21.5	0.553	55.30	55.80	-0.90
835	Body	6/23/2018	21.5	0.094	9.37	9.68	-3.20
1800	Body	6/21/2018	21.5	4.140	41.40	39.90	3.76
1900	Body	6/21/2018	21.5	3.730	37.30	40.20	-7.21
2450	Body	6/26/2018	21.5	0.476	47.60	50.70	-6.11
2600	Body	6/26/2018	21.5	0.531	53.10	54.40	-2.39

Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.

9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 GSM Mode

GSM 850		Burst-Averaged output power(dBm)				Division Factors	Frame-Averaged output power(dBm)			
		Tune-up	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)				Tune-up	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)		
		MAX	128	190	251		MAX	128	190	251
			824.2	836.6	848.8		824.2	836.6	848.8	
GSM	CS	33.00	32.53	32.52	32.27	9.03	23.97	23.50	23.49	23.24
GPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	33.00	32.50	32.51	32.52	9.03	23.97	23.47	23.48	23.49
	2 Tx Slots	30.50	29.90	29.89	29.85	6.02	24.48	23.88	23.87	23.83
	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.22	28.27	28.16	4.26	24.74	23.96	24.01	23.90
	4 Tx Slots	27.00	26.25	26.35	26.19	3.01	23.99	23.24	23.34	23.18
EGPRS (8PSK)	1 Tx Slot	28.00	27.12	27.04	26.84	9.03	18.97	18.09	18.01	17.81
	2 Tx Slots	27.50	26.65	26.85	26.37	6.02	21.48	20.63	20.83	20.35
	3 Tx Slots	27.50	26.62	26.81	26.53	4.26	23.24	22.36	22.55	22.27
	4 Tx Slots	27.00	26.59	26.13	25.88	3.01	23.99	23.58	23.12	22.87
GSM 1900		Burst-Averaged output power(dBm)				Division Factors	Frame-Averaged output power(dBm)			
		Tune-up	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)				Tune-up	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)		
		MAX	512	661	810		MAX	512	661	810
			1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM	CS	31.00	30.42	30.14	30.04	9.03	21.97	21.39	21.11	21.01
GPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	31.00	30.43	30.15	30.00	9.03	21.97	21.40	21.12	20.97
	2 Tx Slots	29.00	28.02	27.75	27.65	6.02	22.98	22.00	21.73	21.63
	3 Tx Slots	27.00	26.09	25.86	25.82	4.26	22.74	21.83	21.60	21.56
	4 Tx Slots	25.00	24.05	23.84	23.74	3.01	21.99	21.04	20.83	20.73
EGPRS (8PSK)	1 Tx Slot	27.00	26.17	26.01	25.92	9.03	17.97	17.14	16.98	16.89
	2 Tx Slots	26.50	26.03	25.94	25.72	6.02	20.48	20.01	19.92	19.70
	3 Tx Slots	26.50	25.90	25.39	25.02	4.26	22.24	21.64	21.13	20.76
	4 Tx Slots	24.00	23.01	23.01	22.76	3.01	20.99	20.00	20.00	19.75

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

1. Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 3 time slots for Max power, GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 2 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.

9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

WCDMA		Band II(dBm)				Band IV(dBm)				Band V(dBm)			
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up	4132	4183	4233	Tune-up
Frequency(MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6	Limit (dBm)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	Limit (dBm)	826.4	836.6	846.6	Limit (dBm)
RMC	12.2kbps	23.35	22.87	22.89	24.00	22.09	22.55	21.62	23.00	24.27	24.12	24.21	25.00
AMR	12.2kbps	23.28	22.82	22.81	24.00	22.02	22.50	21.54	23.00	24.20	24.07	24.13	25.00
HSDPA	Sub 1	22.31	21.79	21.83	23.00	21.05	21.47	20.56	22.00	23.23	23.04	23.15	24.00
	Sub 2	22.30	21.81	21.80	23.00	21.04	21.49	20.53	22.00	23.22	23.06	23.12	24.00
	Sub 3	21.77	21.31	21.32	22.50	20.51	20.99	20.05	21.50	22.69	22.56	22.64	23.50
	Sub 4	21.78	21.32	21.30	22.50	20.52	21.00	20.03	21.50	22.70	22.57	22.62	23.50
HSUPA	Sub 1	22.27	21.78	21.78	23.00	21.01	21.46	20.51	22.00	23.19	23.03	23.10	24.00
	Sub 2	21.26	20.76	20.77	22.00	20.00	20.44	19.50	21.00	22.18	22.01	22.09	23.00
	Sub 3	21.73	21.24	21.26	22.50	20.47	20.92	19.99	21.50	22.65	22.49	22.58	23.50
	Sub 4	21.19	20.73	20.74	22.00	19.93	20.41	19.47	21.00	22.11	21.98	22.06	23.00
	Sub 5	22.20	21.71	21.72	23.00	20.94	21.39	20.45	22.00	23.12	22.96	23.04	24.00
DC-HSDPA	Sub 1	22.19	21.73	21.73	23.00	20.93	21.41	20.46	22.00	23.11	22.98	23.05	24.00
	Sub 2	22.18	21.72	21.72	23.00	20.92	21.40	20.45	22.00	23.10	22.97	23.04	24.00
	Sub 3	21.76	21.21	21.23	22.50	20.50	20.89	19.96	21.50	22.68	22.46	22.55	23.50
	Sub 4	21.75	21.20	21.22	22.50	20.49	20.88	19.95	21.50	22.67	22.45	22.54	23.50

Note: 1.Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

9.3 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

LTE FDD Band 5				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				20407/824.7	20525/836.5	20643/848.3	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.78	23.46	23.72	24.00
		1	2	23.62	23.41	23.53	24.00
		1	5	23.67	23.46	23.76	24.00
		3	0	23.46	23.44	23.41	24.00
		3	2	23.40	23.33	23.35	24.00
		3	3	23.40	23.38	23.44	24.00
	16QAM	6	0	22.39	22.53	22.49	23.00
		1	0	23.07	23.09	23.23	23.50
		1	2	23.05	22.89	22.99	23.50
		1	5	22.82	22.72	22.86	23.50
		3	0	22.46	22.42	22.43	23.50
		3	2	22.50	22.42	22.45	23.50
		3	3	22.31	22.32	22.31	23.50
		6	0	21.44	21.50	21.49	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20415/825.5	20525/836.5	20635/847.5	
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.79	23.49	23.74	24.00
		1	7	23.66	23.47	23.58	24.00
		1	14	23.69	23.50	23.79	24.00
		8	0	22.56	22.56	22.54	23.00
		8	4	22.53	22.44	22.46	23.00
		8	7	22.50	22.51	22.55	23.00
		15	0	22.48	22.58	22.54	23.00
	16QAM	1	0	23.09	23.10	23.25	23.50
		1	7	23.08	22.96	23.03	23.50
		1	14	22.84	22.76	22.88	23.50



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20425/826.5	20525/836.5	20625/846.5	
		8	0	21.58	21.56	21.56	22.50
		8	4	21.60	21.54	21.56	22.50
		8	7	21.41	21.44	21.44	22.50
		15	0	21.48	21.55	21.51	22.50
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.78	23.45	23.72	24.00
		1	13	23.64	23.46	23.55	24.00
		1	24	23.66	23.45	23.75	24.00
		12	0	22.54	22.52	22.51	23.00
		12	6	22.50	22.39	22.42	23.00
		12	13	22.47	22.48	22.51	23.00
		25	0	22.46	22.54	22.49	23.00
	16QAM	1	0	23.04	23.08	23.23	23.50
		1	13	23.06	22.93	23.01	23.50
		1	24	22.81	22.72	22.85	23.50
		12	0	21.55	21.54	21.53	22.50
		12	6	21.57	21.49	21.52	22.50
		12	13	21.39	21.40	21.41	22.50
		25	0	21.45	21.50	21.47	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20450/829	20525/836.5	20600/844	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.75	23.41	23.69	24.00
		1	25	23.63	23.42	23.53	24.00
		1	49	23.64	23.44	23.72	24.00
		25	0	22.51	22.47	22.47	23.00
		25	13	22.48	22.35	22.39	23.00
		25	25	22.44	22.43	22.47	23.00
		50	0	22.43	22.49	22.45	23.00
	16QAM	1	0	23.21	23.04	23.18	23.50
		1	25	23.02	22.91	22.97	23.50
		1	49	22.79	22.69	22.83	23.50
		25	0	21.52	21.50	21.50	22.50
		25	13	21.54	21.47	21.49	22.50
		25	25	21.36	21.35	21.37	22.50
		50	0	21.43	21.46	21.44	22.50

LTE FDD Band 7 Hotspot off				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.64	23.59	23.63	24.00
		1	13	23.53	23.28	23.72	24.00
		1	24	23.46	23.74	23.64	24.00
		12	0	22.54	22.47	22.55	23.00
		12	6	22.56	22.35	22.49	23.00
		12	13	22.50	22.50	22.37	23.00
		25	0	22.42	22.50	22.65	23.00
	16QAM	1	0	22.87	23.04	23.10	23.50
		1	13	22.85	22.70	22.94	23.50
		1	24	22.38	22.55	22.46	23.50
		12	0	21.51	21.44	21.50	22.50
		12	6	21.52	21.39	21.48	22.50
		12	13	21.42	21.44	21.37	22.50
		25	0	21.56	21.57	21.65	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.66	23.60	23.66	24.00
		1	25	23.56	23.33	23.76	24.00
		1	49	23.48	23.78	23.67	24.00
		25	0	22.57	22.52	22.59	23.00
		25	13	22.59	22.40	22.53	23.00
		25	25	22.52	22.54	22.42	23.00
		50	0	22.50	22.52	22.69	23.00
	16QAM	1	0	22.89	23.07	23.12	23.50
		1	25	22.88	22.74	22.97	23.50
		1	49	22.41	22.57	22.49	23.50
		25	0	21.54	21.49	21.54	22.50
		25	13	21.54	21.43	21.51	22.50
		25	25	21.45	21.49	21.41	22.50
		50	0	21.59	21.62	21.69	22.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.65	23.56	23.64	24.00
		1	38	23.54	23.32	23.73	24.00
		1	74	23.45	23.73	23.63	24.00
		36	0	22.55	22.48	22.56	23.00



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560	
		36	18	22.56	22.35	22.49	23.00
		36	39	22.49	22.51	22.38	23.00
		75	0	22.48	22.48	22.64	23.00
	16QAM	1	0	22.84	23.05	23.10	23.50
		1	38	22.86	22.71	22.95	23.50
		1	74	22.38	22.53	22.46	23.50
		36	0	21.51	21.47	21.51	22.50
		36	18	21.51	21.38	21.47	22.50
		36	39	21.43	21.45	21.38	22.50
		75	0	21.56	21.57	21.65	22.50
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.62	23.52	23.61	24.00
		1	50	23.53	23.28	23.71	24.00
		1	99	23.43	23.72	23.60	24.00
		50	0	22.52	22.43	22.52	23.00
		50	25	22.54	22.31	22.46	23.00
		50	50	22.46	22.46	22.34	23.00
		100	0	22.45	22.43	22.60	23.00
	16QAM	1	0	23.02	23.01	23.05	23.50
		1	50	22.82	22.69	22.91	23.50
		1	99	22.36	22.50	22.44	23.50
		50	0	21.48	21.43	21.48	22.50
		50	25	21.48	21.36	21.44	22.50
		50	50	21.40	21.40	21.34	22.50
		100	0	21.54	21.53	21.62	22.50

LTE FDD Band 7 Hotspot on				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.76	20.66	20.87	21.00
		1	13	20.60	20.59	20.65	21.00
		1	24	20.50	20.60	20.69	21.00
		12	0	20.57	20.53	20.53	21.00
		12	6	20.46	20.41	20.49	21.00
		12	13	20.61	20.51	20.44	21.00
		25	0	20.51	20.54	20.70	21.00
	16QAM	1	0	20.61	20.60	20.88	21.00
		1	13	20.59	20.57	20.64	21.00
		1	24	20.46	20.55	20.65	21.00
12		0	20.56	20.48	20.46	21.00	



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565	
		12	6	20.45	20.38	20.45	21.00
		12	13	20.58	20.50	20.43	21.00
		25	0	20.55	20.52	20.68	21.00
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.75	20.65	20.86	21.00
		1	25	20.61	20.60	20.66	21.00
		1	49	20.49	20.59	20.68	21.00
		25	0	20.57	20.53	20.53	21.00
		25	13	20.47	20.42	20.48	21.00
		25	25	20.61	20.53	20.45	21.00
		50	0	20.57	20.55	20.72	21.00
	16QAM	1	0	20.60	20.59	20.87	21.00
		1	25	20.59	20.59	20.64	21.00
		1	49	20.46	20.55	20.64	21.00
		25	0	20.57	20.49	20.47	21.00
		25	13	20.44	20.37	20.44	21.00
		25	25	20.58	20.50	20.43	21.00
		50	0	20.56	20.53	20.67	21.00
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.74	20.61	20.84	21.00
		1	38	20.59	20.59	20.63	21.00
		1	74	20.46	20.54	20.64	21.00
		36	0	20.55	20.49	20.50	21.00
		36	18	20.44	20.37	20.44	21.00
		36	39	20.58	20.50	20.41	21.00
		75	0	20.55	20.51	20.67	21.00
	16QAM	1	0	20.55	20.57	20.85	21.00
		1	38	20.57	20.56	20.62	21.00
		1	74	20.43	20.51	20.61	21.00
		36	0	20.54	20.47	20.44	21.00
		36	18	20.41	20.32	20.40	21.00
		36	39	20.56	20.46	20.40	21.00
		75	0	20.53	20.48	20.63	21.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.71	20.57	20.81	21.00
		1	50	20.58	20.55	20.61	21.00
		1	99	20.44	20.53	20.61	21.00



		50	0	20.52	20.44	20.46	21.00
		50	25	20.42	20.33	20.41	21.00
		50	50	20.55	20.45	20.37	21.00
		100	0	20.52	20.46	20.63	21.00
	16QAM	1	0	20.69	20.53	20.80	21.00
		1	50	20.53	20.54	20.58	21.00
		1	99	20.41	20.48	20.59	21.00
		50	0	20.51	20.43	20.41	21.00
		50	25	20.38	20.30	20.37	21.00
		50	50	20.53	20.41	20.36	21.00
		100	0	20.51	20.44	20.60	21.00

9.4 WLAN Mode

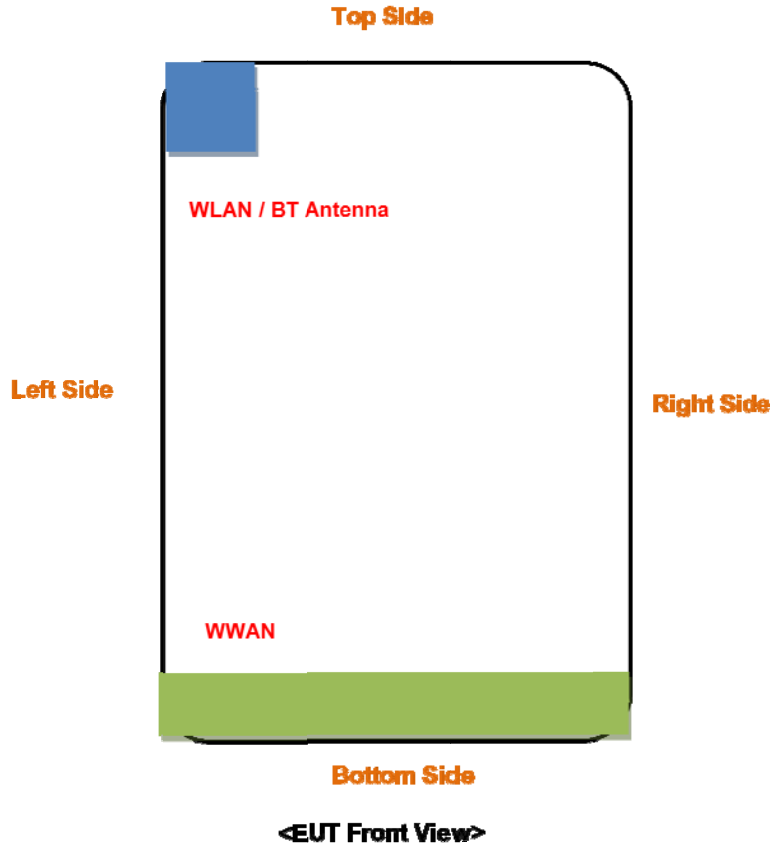
Wi-Fi 2.4G	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rates (bps)	Average Conducted Power Measured (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
802.11b	1	2412	1M	13.54	14	15
	6	2437	1M	13.22	14	15
	11	2462	1M	12.98	14	15
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	/	Average Conducted Power Measured (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
802.11g	1	2412	6M	10.95	12	13
	6	2437	6M	11.39	12	13
	11	2462	6M	11.22	12	13
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	/	Average Conducted Power Measured (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
802.11n (HT20)	1	2412	6.5M	10.04	11	12
	6	2437	6.5M	10.42	11	12
	11	2462	6.5M	10.32	11	12
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	/	Average Conducted Power Measured (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
802.11n (HT40)	3	2422	13.5M	7.95	10	12
	6	2437	13.5M	8.44	10	12
	9	2452	13.5M	8.90	10	12

9.5 Bluetooth Mode

BT	Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			
	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 39/2441 MHz	Ch 78/2480 MHz	
GFSK	8.68	9.04	7.33	10.0
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	9.48	9.77	8.10	10.0
8DPSK	9.89	9.69	8.53	10.0
BLE	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 19/2440 MHz	Ch 39/2480 MHz	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
GFSK	1.60	1.78	0.54	3.0

10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall (Length x Width): 131mm x 53mm						
Overall Diagonal: 154mm/Display Diagonal: 136mm						
Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antenna	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Main-Antenna	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	<25mm	>25mm
Hotspot mode, Positions for SAR tests						
Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Main-Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ (for 1g SAR) or $\leq 2 \text{ W/kg}$ (for 10g SAR) then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. When the original highest measured SAR is $\geq 0.80 \text{ W/kg}$, the measurement was repeated once.

4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

10.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Bluetooth	Distance (mm)	MAX Power (dBm)	Frequency (MHz)	Ratio	Evaluation
Head	5	10.0	2480	3.15	Yes
Body-worn	15	10.0	2480	1.05	No
Hotspot	10	10.0	2480	1.57	No

10.3 Measured SAR Results

Table 1: GSM 850

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel	Time slot	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR										
Right Cheek	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	-0.14	0.280	1.18	0.331	P01
Right Tilt	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	-0.06	0.132	1.18	0.156	/
Left Cheek	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	-0.11	0.238	1.18	0.282	/
Left Tilt	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	-0.03	0.122	1.18	0.144	/
Body-worn (Distance 15mm)										
Front Side	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	0.01	0.270	1.18	0.319	/
Back Side	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	0.02	0.298	1.18	0.353	P17
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)										
Front Side	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	0.01	0.258	1.18	0.305	/
Back Side	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	0.04	0.345	1.18	0.408	P09
Left Edge	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	-0.19	0.228	1.18	0.270	/
Right Edge	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	-0.04	0.339	1.18	0.401	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	190	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.27	-0.03	0.105	1.18	0.124	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
 2. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
 3. When the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg (1g), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.



Table 2: GSM 1900

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel	Time slot	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR										
Right Cheek	standard	512	GSM	29.00	28.02	0.10	0.112	1.25	0.140	P02
Right Tilt	standard	512	GSM	29.00	28.02	0.03	0.041	1.25	0.051	/
Left Cheek	standard	512	GSM	29.00	28.02	0.13	0.089	1.25	0.112	/
Left Tilt	standard	512	GSM	29.00	28.02	0.10	0.061	1.25	0.076	/
Body-worn (Distance 15mm)										
Front Side	standard	512	GSM	29.00	28.02	-0.06	0.109	1.25	0.137	/
Back Side	standard	512	GSM	29.00	28.02	-0.11	0.187	1.25	0.234	P18
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)										
Front Side	standard	512	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.02	0.09	0.181	1.25	0.227	/
Back Side	standard	512	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.02	-0.08	0.371	1.25	0.465	/
Left Edge	standard	512	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.02	-0.03	0.093	1.25	0.117	/
Right Edge	standard	512	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.02	0.19	0.079	1.25	0.099	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	512	3 Tx Slots	29.00	28.02	0.12	0.409	1.25	0.513	P10
<p>Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.</p> <p>2. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.</p> <p>3. When the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg (1g), SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.</p>										



Table 3: UMTS Band II

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel	Channel Type	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR										
Right Cheek	standard	9262	RMC12.2K	24.00	23.35	0.14	0.200	1.16	0.232	P03
Right Tilt	standard	9262	RMC12.2K	24.00	23.35	0.01	0.068	1.16	0.079	/
Left Cheek	standard	9262	RMC12.2K	24.00	23.35	0.16	0.185	1.16	0.215	/
Left Tilt	standard	9262	RMC12.2K	24.00	23.35	-0.02	0.106	1.16	0.123	/
Body-worn (Distance 15mm)										
Front Side	standard	9262	RMC 12.2K	24.00	23.35	0.00	0.199	1.16	0.231	/
Back Side	standard	9262	RMC 12.2K	24.00	23.35	0.03	0.343	1.16	0.398	P19
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)										
Front Side	standard	9262	RMC 12.2K	24.00	23.35	-0.02	0.378	1.16	0.439	/
Back Side	standard	9262	RMC 12.2K	24.00	23.35	0.05	0.760	1.16	0.883	/
Left Edge	standard	9262	RMC 12.2K	24.00	23.35	-0.02	0.167	1.16	0.194	/
Right Edge	standard	9262	RMC 12.2K	24.00	23.35	-0.04	0.154	1.16	0.179	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	9262	RMC 12.2K	24.00	23.35	-0.18	0.749	1.16	0.870	/
Back Side	standard	9400	RMC 12.2K	24.00	22.87	-0.04	0.763	1.30	0.990	P11
Back Side	standard	9538	RMC 12.2K	24.00	22.89	0.02	0.653	1.29	0.843	/
Bottom Edge	standard	9400	RMC 12.2K	24.00	22.87	-0.01	0.704	1.30	0.913	/
Bottom Edge	standard	9538	RMC 12.2K	24.00	22.89	0.03	0.686	1.29	0.886	/
<p>Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.</p> <p>2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.</p>										

Table 4: UMTS Band IV

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel	Channel Type	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR										
Right Cheek	standard	1413	RMC12.2K	23.00	22.55	0.08	0.173	1.11	0.192	P04
Right Tilt	standard	1413	RMC12.2K	23.00	22.55	0.00	0.075	1.11	0.083	/
Left Cheek	standard	1413	RMC12.2K	23.00	22.55	0.13	0.135	1.11	0.150	/
Left Tilt	standard	1413	RMC12.2K	23.00	22.55	-0.01	0.088	1.11	0.098	/
Body-worn (Distance 15mm)										
Front Side	standard	1413	RMC 12.2K	23.00	22.55	-0.07	0.148	1.11	0.164	/
Back Side	standard	1413	RMC 12.2K	23.00	22.55	0.12	0.216	1.11	0.240	P20
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)										
Front Side	standard	1413	RMC 12.2K	23.00	22.55	-0.08	0.274	1.11	0.304	/
Back Side	standard	1413	RMC 12.2K	23.00	22.55	0.19	0.452	1.11	0.501	/
Left Edge	standard	1413	RMC 12.2K	23.00	22.55	-0.03	0.088	1.11	0.098	/
Right Edge	standard	1413	RMC 12.2K	23.00	22.55	0.01	0.114	1.11	0.126	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1413	RMC 12.2K	23.00	22.55	0.02	0.583	1.11	0.647	P12

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.



Table 5: UMTS Band V

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel	Channel Type	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR										
Right Cheek	standard	4132	RMC12.2K	25.00	24.27	0.14	0.337	1.18	0.399	P05
Right Tilt	standard	4132	RMC12.2K	25.00	24.27	-0.07	0.153	1.18	0.181	/
Left Cheek	standard	4132	RMC12.2K	25.00	24.27	0.01	0.265	1.18	0.314	/
Left Tilt	standard	4132	RMC12.2K	25.00	24.27	0.05	0.132	1.18	0.156	/
Body-worn (Distance 15mm)										
Front Side	standard	4132	RMC 12.2K	25.00	24.27	0.06	0.314	1.18	0.371	/
Back Side	standard	4132	RMC 12.2K	25.00	24.27	-0.08	0.328	1.18	0.388	P21
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)										
Front Side	standard	4132	RMC 12.2K	25.00	24.27	0.00	0.347	1.18	0.411	/
Back Side	standard	4132	RMC 12.2K	25.00	24.27	-0.04	0.423	1.18	0.500	/
Left Edge	standard	4132	RMC 12.2K	25.00	24.27	-0.01	0.298	1.18	0.353	/
Right Edge	standard	4132	RMC 12.2K	25.00	24.27	-0.04	0.442	1.18	0.523	P13
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	4132	RMC 12.2K	25.00	24.27	-0.10	0.125	1.18	0.148	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Table 6: LTE Band 5 (10MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR (QPSK)											
Right Cheek	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	0.00	0.293	1.06	0.310	P06
Right Tilt	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	-0.09	0.139	1.06	0.147	/
Left Cheek	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	0.04	0.259	1.06	0.274	/
Left Tilt	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	0.16	0.139	1.06	0.147	/
Right Cheek	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	0.15	0.236	1.12	0.264	/
Right Tilt	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	0.03	0.121	1.12	0.135	/
Left Cheek	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	0.02	0.223	1.12	0.250	/
Left Tilt	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	0.06	0.117	1.12	0.131	/
Body-worn (QPSK, Distance 15mm)											
Front Side	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	-0.05	0.381	1.06	0.404	/
Back Side	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	0.05	0.463	1.06	0.490	P22
Front Side	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	0.07	0.317	1.12	0.355	/
Back Side	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	0.07	0.388	1.12	0.434	/
Hotspot (QPSK, Distance 10mm)											
Front Side	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	-0.05	0.372	1.06	0.394	/
Back Side	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	-0.03	0.520	1.06	0.551	P14
Left Edge	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	0.01	0.344	1.06	0.364	/
Right Edge	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	0.03	0.491	1.06	0.520	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1	0	20450	24.00	23.75	0.12	0.100	1.06	0.106	/
Front Side	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	0.09	0.318	1.12	0.356	/
Back Side	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	-0.10	0.426	1.12	0.477	/
Left Edge	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	0.00	0.291	1.12	0.326	/
Right Edge	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	0.00	0.407	1.12	0.456	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	25	0	20450	23.00	22.51	-0.02	0.085	1.12	0.095	/
<p>Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.</p> <p>2. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.</p>											



Table 7: LTE Band 7 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR (QPSK)											
Right Cheek	standard	1	99	21100	24.00	23.72	0.07	0.171	1.07	0.182	/
Right Tilt	standard	1	99	21100	24.00	23.72	-0.09	0.167	1.07	0.178	/
Left Cheek	standard	1	99	21100	24.00	23.72	0.07	0.345	1.07	0.368	P07
Left Tilt	standard	1	99	21100	24.00	23.72	0.09	0.138	1.07	0.147	/
Right Cheek	standard	50	25	20850	23.00	22.54	-0.15	0.114	1.11	0.127	/
Right Tilt	standard	50	25	20850	23.00	22.54	0.02	0.141	1.11	0.157	/
Left Cheek	standard	50	25	20850	23.00	22.54	0.02	0.245	1.11	0.272	/
Left Tilt	standard	50	25	20850	23.00	22.54	0.02	0.116	1.11	0.129	/
Body-worn (QPSK, Distance 15mm)											
Front Side	standard	1	99	21100	24.00	23.72	-0.01	0.367	1.07	0.391	/
Back Side	standard	1	99	21100	24.00	23.72	0.09	0.925	1.07	0.987	/
Front Side	standard	50	25	20850	23.00	22.54	-0.03	0.221	1.11	0.246	/
Back Side	standard	50	25	20850	23.00	22.54	0.14	0.579	1.11	0.644	/
Back Side	standard	1	0	20850	24.00	23.62	-0.15	0.711	1.09	0.776	/
Back Side	standard	1	50	21350	24.00	23.71	0.06	1.000	1.07	1.069	P23
Back Side	standard	100	0	21350	23.00	22.60	-0.06	0.789	1.10	0.865	/
Back Side	Repeated	1	50	21350	24.00	23.71	0.01	0.998	1.07	1.067	/
Hotspot (QPSK, Distance 10mm)											
Front Side	standard	1	0	21350	21.00	20.81	-0.05	0.319	1.04	0.333	/
Back Side	standard	1	0	21350	21.00	20.81	0.15	1.020	1.04	1.066	P15
Left Edge	standard	1	0	21350	21.00	20.81	-0.10	0.137	1.04	0.143	/
Right Edge	standard	1	0	21350	21.00	20.81	-0.06	0.036	1.04	0.038	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1	0	21350	21.00	20.81	-0.19	1.010	1.04	1.055	/
Front Side	standard	50	50	20850	21.00	20.55	-0.02	0.231	1.11	0.256	/
Back Side	standard	50	50	20850	21.00	20.55	0.03	0.787	1.11	0.873	/
Left Edge	standard	50	50	20850	21.00	20.55	0.07	0.113	1.11	0.125	/
Right Edge	standard	50	50	20850	21.00	20.55	-0.07	0.024	1.11	0.027	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50	50	20850	21.00	20.55	0.08	0.681	1.11	0.755	/
Back Side	standard	1	0	20850	21.00	20.71	0.08	0.731	1.07	0.781	/
Back Side	standard	1	0	21100	21.00	20.57	0.12	0.833	1.10	0.920	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1	0	20850	21.00	20.71	0.17	0.670	1.07	0.716	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1	0	21100	21.00	20.57	-0.06	0.790	1.10	0.872	/
Back Side	standard	50	50	21100	21.00	20.45	-0.04	0.944	1.14	1.071	/
Back Side	standard	50	0	21350	21.00	20.46	0.00	0.920	1.13	1.042	/
Back Side	standard	100	0	21350	21.00	20.63	-0.01	0.952	1.09	1.037	/



Bottom Edge	standard	100	0	21350	21.00	20.63	0.07	0.967	1.09	1.053	/
Back Side	Repeated	1	0	21350	21.00	20.81	0.04	1.010	1.04	1.055	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Body-worn (QPSK, Distance 15mm)				
Back Side	21350	1.000	0.998	1.00
Hotspot (QPSK, Distance 10mm)				
Back Side	21350	1.020	1.010	1.01

Note: 1) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
2) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Table 8: Wi-Fi (2.4G)

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel	Mode	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR											
Right Cheek	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	0.16	0.584	1.11	0.649	P08
Right Tilt	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	0.01	0.465	1.11	0.517	/
Left Cheek	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	0.02	0.264	1.11	0.293	/
Left Tilt	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	-0.01	0.239	1.11	0.266	/
Body-worn (Distance 15mm)											
Front Side	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	0.09	0.035	1.11	0.039	/
Back Side	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	-0.05	0.035	1.11	0.039	P24
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Front Side	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	-0.04	0.062	1.11	0.069	/
Back Side	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	0.04	0.067	1.11	0.074	/
Left Edge	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	-0.07	0.073	1.11	0.081	P16
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	standard	1	802.11b	1	14.00	13.54	0.03	0.061	1.11	0.068	/
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.											

MAX Adjusted SAR							
Mode	Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	802.11b Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Adjusted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
802.11g	Right Cheek	6/2480	0.649	14.00	12.00	0.63	0.409
802.11n HT20	Right Cheek	6/2480	0.649	14.00	11.00	0.50	0.325
802.11n HT40	Right Cheek	6/2480	0.649	14.00	10.00	0.40	0.258
Note: SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.							

Table 9: BT

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel /Frequency (MHz)	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR											
Right Cheek	standard	0/2402	8DPSK	78.20%	10.00	9.89	0.075	0.041	1.31	0.054	/
Right Tilt	standard	0/2402	8DPSK	78.20%	10.00	9.89	0.010	0.042	1.31	0.055	P25
Left Cheek	standard	0/2402	8DPSK	78.20%	10.00	9.89	0.190	0.020	1.31	0.026	/
Left Tilt	standard	0/2402	8DPSK	78.20%	10.00	9.89	0.020	0.019	1.31	0.025	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
 2. Initial test configuration is 8DPSK mode, since the highest maximum output power.

Band	Configuration	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	Body-worn	2480	10.0	15	0.140
	Hotspot	2480	10.0	10	0.210

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below.
 (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg
 For test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

10.4 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes
WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A
WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes
LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
GSM(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes
WCDMA(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A
WCDMA(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes
LTE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	N/A	N/A

General Note:

1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

The maximum SAR_{1g} Value for Main- Antenna

SAR _{1g} (W/kg)		GSM	GSM	WCDMA	WCDMA	WCDMA	LTE	LTE	MAX.
Test Position		850	1900	Band II	Band IV	Band V	FDD 5	FDD 7	SAR _{1g}
Head	Right Cheek	0.331	0.140	0.232	0.192	0.399	0.310	0.182	0.399
	Right Tilt	0.156	0.051	0.079	0.083	0.181	0.147	0.178	0.181
	Left Cheek	0.282	0.112	0.215	0.150	0.314	0.274	0.368	0.368
	Left Tilt	0.144	0.076	0.123	0.098	0.156	0.147	0.147	0.156
Body worn	Front Side	0.319	0.137	0.231	0.164	0.371	0.404	0.391	0.404
	Back Side	0.353	0.234	0.398	0.240	0.388	0.490	1.069	1.069
Hotspot	Front Side	0.305	0.227	0.439	0.304	0.411	0.394	0.333	0.439
	Back Side	0.408	0.465	0.990	0.501	0.500	0.551	1.071	1.071
	Left Edge	0.270	0.117	0.194	0.098	0.353	0.364	0.143	0.364
	Right Edge	0.401	0.099	0.179	0.126	0.523	0.520	0.038	0.523
	Top Edge	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bottom Edge	0.124	0.513	0.913	0.647	0.148	0.106	1.055	1.055

About BT and Main- Antenna

SAR _{1g} (W/kg)		Main-antenna	BT	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}
Test Position				
Head	Right Cheek	0.399	0.054	0.453
	Right Tilt	0.181	0.055	0.236
	Left Cheek	0.368	0.026	0.394
	Left Tilt	0.156	0.025	0.181
Body worn	Front Side	0.404	0.140	0.544
	Back Side	1.069	0.140	1.209
Hotspot	Front Side	0.439	0.210	0.649
	Back Side	1.071	0.210	1.281
	Left Edge	0.364	0.210	0.574
	Right Edge	0.523	0.210	0.733
	Top Edge	0	0.210	0.21
	Bottom Edge	1.055	0.210	1.265

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.

2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} = 1.281 W/kg <1.6 W/kg so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and Main-Antenna.

About Wi-Fi and Main- Antenna

SAR _{1g} (W/kg)		Main-antenna	Wi-Fi 2.4G	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}
Test Position				
Head	Right Cheek	0.399	0.649	1.048
	Right Tilt	0.181	0.517	0.698
	Left Cheek	0.368	0.293	0.661
	Left Tilt	0.156	0.266	0.422
Body worn	Front Side	0.404	0.039	0.443
	Back Side	1.069	0.039	1.108
Hotspot	Front Side	0.439	0.069	0.508
	Back Side	1.071	0.074	1.145
	Left Edge	0.364	0.081	0.445
	Right Edge	0.523	0	0.523
	Top Edge	0	0.068	0.068
	Bottom Edge	1.055	0	1.055

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.
 2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} = 1.145 W/kg <1.6 W/kg, so the SAR to peak location separation ratio should be considered



11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. This also applies to the 10-g SAR required for phablets in KDB Publication 648474.



ANNEX A: Test Layout

ANNEX B: System Check Results

ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

ANNEX D: Calibration Certificate