



SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant ZTE Corporation
FCC ID SRQ-MF920V
Product LTE Ufi
Model MF920V
Report No. RXA1706-0182SAR01
Issue Date July 26, 2017

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528-2013, ANSI/ IEEE C95.1-1992**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Jiang peng Lan

Performed by: Jiangpeng Lan

Kai Xu

Approved by: Kai Xu

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China

TEL: +86-021-50791141/2/3

FAX: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000



Table of Contents

1	Test Laboratory.....	4
1.1	Notes of the Test Report.....	4
1.2	Test facility.....	4
1.3	Testing Location.....	5
1.4	Laboratory Environment.....	5
2	Statement of Compliance.....	6
3	Description of Equipment under Test.....	7
4	Test Specification, Methods and Procedures.....	9
5	Operational Conditions during Test.....	10
5.1	Measurement Variability.....	10
5.2	Test Configuration.....	10
5.2.1	GSM Test Configuration.....	10
5.2.2	3G Test Configuration.....	11
5.2.2.1	WCDMA Test Configuration.....	11
5.2.3	LTE Test Configuration.....	15
5.2.4	Wi-Fi Test Configuration.....	17
6	SAR Measurements System Configuration.....	19
6.1	SAR Measurement Set-up.....	19
6.2	DASY5 E-field Probe System.....	20
6.3	SAR Measurement Procedure.....	21
7	Main Test Equipment.....	23
8	Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification.....	24
8.1	Tissue Verification.....	24
8.2	System Performance Check.....	25
9	Normal and Maximum Output Power.....	27
9.1	GSM Mode.....	27
9.2	WCDMA Mode.....	28
9.3	LTE Mode.....	29
9.4	WLAN Mode.....	38
10	Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results.....	39
10.1	EUT Antenna Locations.....	39
10.2	Measured SAR Results.....	40
10.3	Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.....	51
11	Measurement Uncertainty.....	53
	ANNEX A: Test Layout.....	54
	ANNEX B: System Check Results.....	58
	ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results.....	63
	ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate.....	73
	ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate.....	84
	ANNEX F: D1750V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate.....	92
	ANNEX G: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate.....	100



ANNEX H: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	108
ANNEX I: D2600V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	116
ANNEX J: DAE4 Calibration Certificate	124
ANNEX K: The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration	129

1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by any government agencies.

1.2 Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number:L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (recognition number is 428261)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China
City: Shanghai
Post code: 201201
Country: P. R. China
Contact: Xu Kai
Telephone: +86-021-50791141/2/3
Fax: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000
Website: <http://www.ta-shanghai.com>
E-mail: xukai@ta-shanghai.com

1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR

Mode	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)
	1g SAR (Separation 10mm)
GSM 850	1.441
GSM 1900	0.687
WCDMA Band II	1.335
WCDMA Band IV	1.254
WCDMA Band V	1.223
LTE FDD 2	1.230
LTE FDD 4	0.996
LTE FDD 5	1.174
LTE FDD 7	1.236
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	0.249
Date of Testing:	June 14, 2017 ~ July 13, 2017
Note: The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6 W/kg and 4.0 W/kg) specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.	

Table 2.2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	1.555
Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.3.	

3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	ZTE Corporation
Applicant address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China
Manufacturer	ZTE Corporation
Manufacturer address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China

General Technologies

Application Purpose:	Original Grant
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Model:	MF920V
IMEI:	861376030696704
Hardware Version:	dmsA
Software Version:	WEB_LAMF920V1AV1.0.0B01
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Device Class:	B
Wi-Fi Hotspot	Wi-Fi 2.4G
Power Class:	GSM 850:4 GSM 1900:1 UMTS Band II/IV/V:3 LTE FDD 2/4/5/7:3
Power Level	GSM 850:level 5 GSM 1900:level 0 UMTS Band II/IV/V:all up bits LTE FDD 2/4/5/7:max power
EUT Accessory	
Adapter	Manufacturer: Shenzhen Dokocom Energy Technology Co Ltd Model: STC-A51A-Z Input power: 100-240 Vac 50-60Hz 250mA Output power: 5 Vdc 1000mA
Battery	Manufacturer: ZhongShan Tianmao Battery Co., Ltd Model: Li3820T43P3h715345 Power Rating: DC 3.8V, 2000mAh, Li-ion
Data cable	98cm Cable, Shielded

Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

Wireless Technology		Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)
GSM	850	Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK) EGPRS(GMSK,8PSK)	<input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:8-1UP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:10-2UP (GPRS) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:12-4UP(EGPRS) <input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:33-4UP	824 ~ 849
	1900			1850 ~ 1910
Does this device support DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				
UMTS	Band II	QPSK	HSDPA UE Category:24 HSUPA UE Category:6	1850 ~ 1910
	Band IV			1710 ~ 1755
	Band V			824 ~ 849
LTE	FDD 2	QPSK, 16QAM	Rel.10 /Category 4	1850 ~ 1910
	FDD 4			1710 ~ 1755
	FDD 5			824 ~ 849
	FDD 7			2500 ~ 2570
Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				
Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				
Wi-Fi	2.4G	DSSS, OFDM	802.11b/g/n (HT20/HT40)	2402 ~2472
	Does this device support MIMO <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No			



4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01
941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet v01r02

5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

5.2 Test Configuration

5.2.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Output power of reductions:

Table 5.1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

5.2.2 3G Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.³ This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as “otherwise” in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

5.2.2.1 WCDMA Test Configuration

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1’s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 5.2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
 Note2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.
 Note3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 6 HSPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the ‘WCDMA Handset’ and ‘Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices’ sections of this document

Table 5.3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} 47/15 β_{ed2} 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 5.4: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
	2	4	10	4	14484	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	11484	5.76
	4	4	10		20000	2.00
7 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
	4	4	10		20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.
 UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)

HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration

Measurement is required for HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements.³⁵ Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PBA is required for TCB approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

2) SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.³⁶ Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.

3) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

4) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA: a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.

i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.

b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.

c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.

5) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.

Table 5.5: HS-DSCH UE category

Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories

HS-DSCH category	Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received	Minimum inter-TTI interval	Maximum number of bits of an HS-DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1	Total number of soft channel bits	Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation	Supported modulations with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation	Supported modulations with dual cell operation
Category 1	5	3	7298	19200	QPSK, 16QAM	Not applicable (MIMO not supported)	Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)
Category 2	5	3	7298	28800			
Category 3	5	2	7298	28800			
Category 4	5	2	7298	38400			
Category 5	5	1	7298	57600			
Category 6	5	1	7298	67200			
Category 7	10	1	14411	115200			
Category 8	10	1	14411	134400			
Category 9	15	1	20251	172800			
Category 10	15	1	27952	172800			
Category 11	5	2	3630	14400	QPSK	Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)	
Category 12	5	1	3630	28800	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Category 13	15	1	35280	259200			
Category 14	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM		
Category 15	15	1	23370	345600			
Category 16	15	1	27952	345600	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		-
Category 17 NOTE 2	15	1	35280	259200			
			23370	345600	-		QPSK, 16QAM
Category 18 NOTE 3	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		-
			27952	345600	-		QPSK, 16QAM
Category 19	15	1	35280	518400	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	-	
Category 20	15	1	42192	518400			
Category 21	15	1	23370	345600	-	-	QPSK, 16QAM
Category 22	15	1	27952	345600			
Category 23	15	1	35280	518400			
Category 24	15	1	42192	518400			QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM

5.2.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

5.2.4 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported SAR* for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the *initial test position* to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the *reported SAR* is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - ✧ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - ✧ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported SAR* is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported SAR* is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - ✧ The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

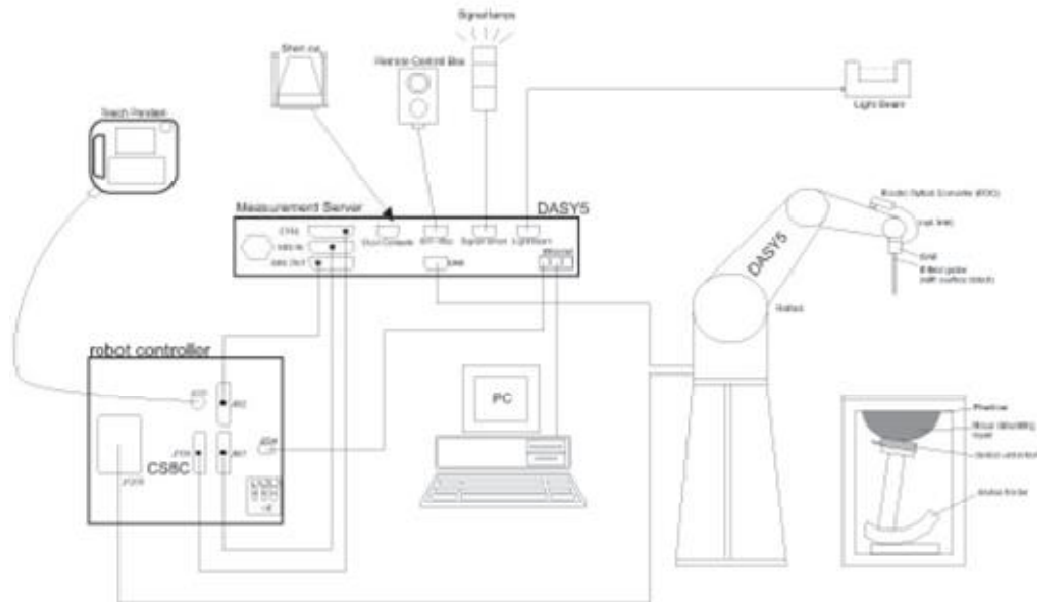


A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based

temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \Delta T / \Delta t$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$SAR = |E|^2 \sigma / \rho$$

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½ · δ · ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: ΔxArea, ΔyArea	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{zoom} Δy_{zoom}			≤2GHz: ≤8mm 2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm* 4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Uniform grid: $\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$		≤5mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
	Graded grid	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤4mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
		$\Delta z_{zoom}(n > 1)$: between subsequent points	≤1.5• $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	X, y, z		≥30mm	3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm 4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm 5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm
<p>Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.</p> <p>* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.</p>				

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASYS measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070E	US44020115	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2017-05-21	2018-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2017-05-21	2018-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	2017-05-21	2018-05-20
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Wideband radio communication tester	R&S	CMW 500	113645	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
BT Base Station Simulator	R&S	CBT	100271	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3677	2017-01-23	2018-01-22
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1317	2016-08-02	2017-08-01
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d020	2014-08-28	2017-08-27
Validation Kit 1750MHz	SPEAG	D1750V2	1033	2017-01-10	2020-01-09
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d060	2014-09-01	2017-08-31
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2014-09-01	2017-08-31
Validation Kit 2600MHz	SPEAG	D2600V2	1025	2014-12-08	2017-12-07
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	AA1009129	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Hygrothermograph	Anymetr	NT-311	20150732	2016-07-15	2017-07-14

8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within ± 2°C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	
Body	835	52.5	1.4	45	0	0.1	1.0	55.2	0.97
	1750	69.91	0.12	0	29.97	0	0	53.4	1.49
	1900	69.91	0.13	0	29.96	0	0	53.3	1.52
	2450	73.2	0.1	0	26.7	0	0	52.7	1.95
	2600	72.6	0.1	0	27.3	0	0	52.5	2.16

Measurements results

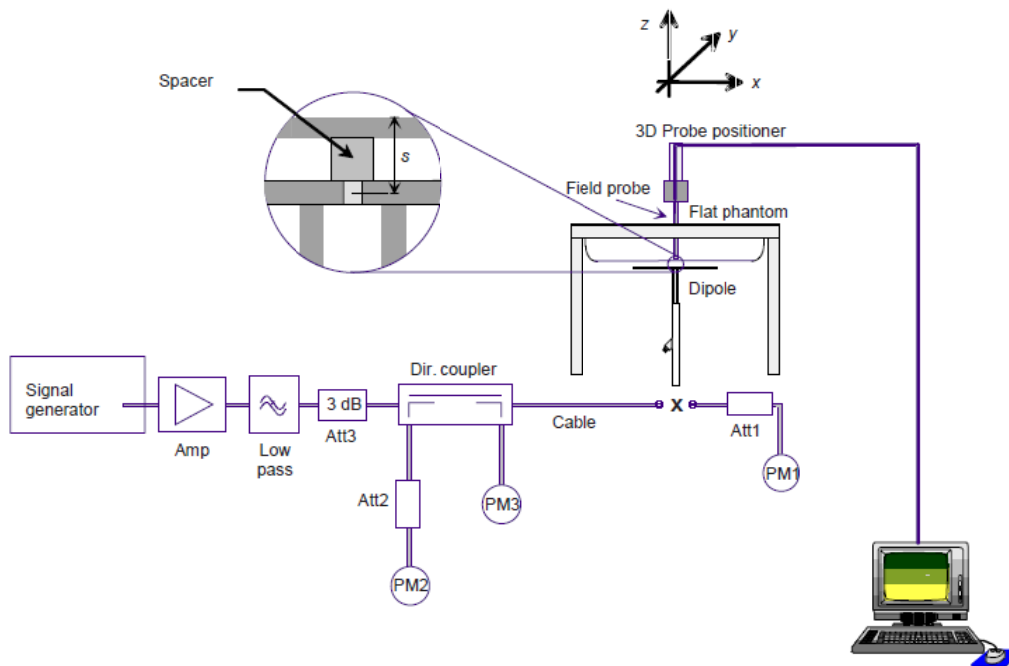
Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp °C	Measured Dielectric Parameters		Target Dielectric Parameters		Limit (Within ±5%)		
			ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	Dev ϵ_r (%)	Dev σ (%)	
835	Body	7/13/2017	21.5	54.2	0.96	55.2	0.97	-1.81	-1.03
1750	Body	6/14/2017	21.5	51.9	1.46	53.4	1.49	-2.81	-2.01
1900	Body	6/17/2017	21.5	52.6	1.51	53.3	1.52	-1.31	-0.66
2450	Body	7/12/2017	21.5	52.5	1.98	52.7	1.95	-0.38	1.54
2600	Body	7/12/2017	21.5	51.5	2.23	52.5	2.16	-1.90	3.24

Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.

8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASYS system.



Picture 1 System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo

**Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations**

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipole		Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
Dipole D835V2 SN: 4d020	Body Liquid	8/28/2014	-23.3	/	54.0	/
		8/27/2015	-23.9	2.6%	53.5	0.5 Ω
		8/26/2016	-24.2	-1.2%	53.1	0.4 Ω
Dipole D1900V2 SN: 5d060	Body Liquid	9/1/2014	-21.6	/	57.6	/
		8/31/2015	-20.8	3.8%	57.3	0.3 Ω
		8/30/2016	-20.8	3.5%	57.0	0.3 Ω
Dipole D2450V2 SN: 786	Body Liquid	9/1/2014	-23.7	/	56.0	/
		8/31/2015	-24.0	1.3%	55.8	0.2 Ω
		8/30/2016	-24.4	-1.6%	55.1	0.7 Ω
Dipole D2600V2 SN: 1025	Body Liquid	12/8/2014	-23.6	/	46.6	/
		12/7/2015	-24.0	1.7%	47.2	0.6 Ω
		12/6/2016	-24.4	-1.6%	47.1	0.1 Ω

System Check results

Frequency (MHz)		Test Date	Temp $^{\circ}\text{C}$	250mW Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit $\pm 10\%$)	Plot No.
835	Body	7/13/2017	21.5	2.41	9.64	9.54	1.05	1
1750	Body	6/14/2017	21.5	9.24	36.96	37.60	-1.70	2
1900	Body	6/17/2017	21.5	9.93	39.72	40.00	-0.70	3
2450	Body	7/12/2017	21.5	12.50	50.00	52.40	-4.58	4
2600	Body	7/12/2017	21.5	13.50	54.00	56.40	-4.26	5

Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.

9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 GSM Mode

GSM 850		Burst Average			Division Factors (dB)	Frame-Average			Burst Tune-up Limit (dBm)
		Power(dBm)				Power(dBm)			
Tx Channel		128	190	251	9.03	128	190	251	32.00
Frequency(MHz)		824.2	836.6	848.8		824.2	836.6	848.8	
GPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	31.21	31.16	30.82	9.03	22.18	22.13	21.79	32.00
	2Txslots	29.58	29.54	29.45	6.02	23.56	23.52	23.43	30.00
EGPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	31.18	31.19	30.87	9.03	22.15	22.16	21.84	32.00
	2Txslots	29.49	29.34	29.43	6.02	23.47	23.32	23.41	30.00
	3Txslots	27.57	27.55	27.61	4.26	23.31	23.29	23.35	28.00
	4Txslots	26.44	26.46	26.26	3.01	23.43	23.45	23.25	27.00
EGPRS (8PSK)	1Txslot	26.42	26.34	26.27	9.03	17.39	17.31	17.24	27.00
	2Txslots	24.07	23.54	23.66	6.02	18.05	17.52	17.64	25.00
	3Txslots	21.52	21.55	21.33	4.26	17.26	17.29	17.07	22.00
	4Txslots	20.59	20.57	20.50	3.01	17.58	17.56	17.49	21.00
GSM 1900		Power(dBm)			Division Factors (dB)	Power(dBm)			Burst Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency(MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8	9.03	1850.2	1880	1909.8	30.00
GPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	29.12	28.98	29.37		9.03	20.09	19.95	
	2Txslots	27.85	27.76	27.74	6.02	21.83	21.74	21.72	28.50
EGPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	29.10	28.97	29.24	9.03	20.07	19.94	20.21	30.00
	2Txslots	27.78	27.65	27.73	6.02	21.76	21.63	21.71	28.50
	3Txslots	26.06	25.84	25.90	4.26	21.80	21.58	21.64	27.00
	4Txslots	24.63	24.52	24.53	3.01	21.62	21.51	21.52	25.00
EGPRS (8PSK)	1Txslot	25.07	25.01	25.35	9.03	16.04	15.98	16.32	26.00
	2Txslots	23.40	23.08	23.02	6.02	17.38	17.06	17.00	24.00
	3Txslots	21.48	21.14	21.29	4.26	17.22	16.88	17.03	22.00
	4Txslots	20.08	19.74	19.85	3.01	17.07	16.73	16.84	21.00

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

- Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 2 time slots for Max power, GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 2 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.
- SAR is not required for EGPRS (8PSK) mode because its output power is less than that of GPRS Mode.

9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

WCDMA		Band II(dBm)				Band IV(dBm)				Band V(dBm)			
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	4132	4183	4233	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Frequency(MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		826.4	836.6	846.6	
RMC	12.2kbps	23.29	23.30	23.35	23.50	23.01	23.24	23.33	23.50	23.00	22.91	22.92	23.50
	64kbps	23.23	23.18	23.19	23.50	22.87	23.18	23.20	23.50	22.93	22.77	22.86	23.50
	144kbps	23.14	23.13	23.18	23.50	22.86	23.08	23.19	23.50	22.92	22.76	22.76	23.50
	384kbps	23.13	23.14	23.19	23.50	22.85	23.07	23.18	23.50	22.91	22.75	22.75	23.50
HSDPA	Sub 1	23.12	23.13	23.18	23.50	22.84	23.08	23.17	23.50	22.90	22.74	22.76	23.50
	Sub 2	23.20	23.21	23.26	23.50	22.85	23.07	23.19	23.50	22.84	22.75	22.75	23.50
	Sub 3	22.69	22.70	22.75	23.00	22.45	22.65	22.77	23.00	22.33	22.35	22.33	23.00
	Sub 4	22.68	22.69	22.74	23.00	22.44	22.67	22.76	23.00	22.34	22.34	22.35	23.00
HSUPA	Sub 1	23.17	23.18	23.23	23.50	22.93	23.16	23.25	23.50	22.83	22.83	22.84	23.50
	Sub 2	21.36	21.37	21.42	21.50	21.09	21.32	21.41	21.50	21.08	20.99	21.00	21.50
	Sub 3	22.09	22.10	22.31	22.50	21.91	22.14	22.23	22.50	21.90	21.81	21.82	22.50
	Sub 4	21.31	21.32	21.40	21.50	21.10	21.33	21.42	21.50	21.09	21.00	21.01	21.50
	Sub 5	23.23	23.24	23.29	23.50	22.89	23.12	23.21	23.50	22.88	22.79	22.80	23.50
DC-HSDPA	Sub 1	23.22	23.19	23.24	23.50	22.88	23.11	23.20	23.50	22.87	22.78	22.79	23.50
	Sub 2	23.21	23.18	23.23	23.50	22.86	23.10	23.19	23.50	22.96	22.76	22.78	23.50
	Sub 3	22.70	22.67	22.72	23.00	22.35	22.59	22.68	23.00	22.45	22.25	22.27	23.00
	Sub 4	22.69	22.76	22.70	23.00	22.34	22.58	22.67	23.00	22.44	22.24	22.26	23.00

Note: 1.Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps AMR with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

9.3 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

LTE FDD Band 2				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.43	22.37	22.76	23.50
		1	2	22.54	22.50	22.93	
		1	5	22.50	22.12	22.62	
		3	0	22.31	22.45	22.53	23.50
		3	2	22.35	22.42	22.53	
		3	3	22.34	22.19	22.52	
	16QAM	6	0	21.31	21.49	21.68	22.00
		1	0	21.09	21.31	21.46	22.00
		1	2	21.28	21.35	21.40	
		1	5	21.20	21.34	21.47	
		3	0	21.16	21.20	21.35	22.00
		3	2	21.30	21.37	21.49	
		3	3	21.21	21.31	21.55	
		6	0	20.32	20.55	20.56	21.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				18615/1851.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5	
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.45	22.41	22.79	23.50
		1	7	22.57	22.55	22.97	
		1	14	22.53	22.17	22.66	
		8	0	21.41	21.57	21.66	22.00
		8	4	21.47	21.52	21.65	
		8	7	21.44	21.30	21.62	
		15	0	21.34	21.53	21.71	
	16QAM	1	0	21.12	21.33	21.49	22.00
		1	7	21.31	21.40	21.44	



		1	14	21.22	21.38	21.50	
		8	0	20.27	20.33	20.47	21.00
		8	4	20.41	20.50	20.61	
		8	7	20.31	20.43	20.68	
		15	0	20.35	20.59	20.59	21.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.42	22.39	22.75	23.50
		1	13	22.55	22.51	22.94	
		1	24	22.50	22.12	22.62	
		12	0	21.38	21.52	21.62	22.00
		12	6	21.45	21.48	21.60	
		12	13	21.42	21.28	21.58	
	16QAM	25	0	21.32	21.52	21.69	22.00
		1	0	21.09	21.29	21.46	22.00
		1	13	21.28	21.38	21.41	
		1	24	21.19	21.36	21.46	
		12	0	20.25	20.29	20.44	21.00
		12	6	20.38	20.45	20.57	
		12	13	20.28	20.38	20.64	
		25	0	20.33	20.55	20.54	21.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.44	22.40	22.78	23.50
		1	25	22.58	22.56	22.98	
		1	49	22.52	22.16	22.65	
		25	0	21.41	21.57	21.66	22.00
		25	13	21.48	21.53	21.64	
		25	25	21.44	21.32	21.63	
	16QAM	50	0	21.40	21.54	21.73	22.00
		1	0	21.11	21.32	21.48	22.00
		1	25	21.31	21.42	21.44	
		1	49	21.22	21.38	21.49	
		25	0	20.28	20.34	20.48	21.00
		25	13	20.40	20.49	20.60	
		25	25	20.31	20.43	20.68	
		50	0	20.36	20.60	20.58	21.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				18675/1857.5	18900/1880	19125/1902.5	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.43	22.36	22.76	23.50



		1	38	22.56	22.55	22.95	22.00
		1	74	22.49	22.11	22.61	
		36	0	21.39	21.53	21.63	
		36	18	21.45	21.48	21.60	
		36	39	21.41	21.29	21.59	
		75	0	21.38	21.50	21.68	
	16QAM	1	0	21.06	21.30	21.46	22.00
		1	38	21.29	21.39	21.42	
		1	74	21.19	21.34	21.46	
		36	0	20.25	20.32	20.45	21.00
		36	18	20.37	20.44	20.56	
		36	39	20.29	20.39	20.65	
		75	0	20.33	20.55	20.54	
	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)		
				18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.40	22.32	22.73	23.50
		1	50	22.55	22.51	22.93	
		1	99	22.47	22.10	22.58	
		50	0	21.36	21.48	21.59	22.00
		50	25	21.43	21.44	21.57	
		50	50	21.38	21.24	21.55	
	16QAM	100	0	21.35	21.45	21.64	22.00
		1	0	21.04	21.26	21.41	22.00
		1	50	21.25	21.37	21.38	
		1	99	21.17	21.31	21.44	
		50	0	20.22	20.28	20.42	21.00
		50	25	20.34	20.42	20.53	
		50	50	20.26	20.34	20.61	
		100	0	20.31	20.51	20.51	

LTE FDD Band 4				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.21	22.15	22.33	23.00
		1	2	22.33	22.17	22.12	
		1	5	22.22	21.96	22.12	
		3	0	21.98	22.02	22.22	23.00
		3	2	21.98	22.00	22.03	
		3	3	21.94	21.90	22.01	
	6	0	20.97	21.18	21.09	22.00	
	16QAM	1	0	21.02	21.00	21.18	22.00



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)		
				19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5			
		1	2	21.06	20.80	21.25	22.00		
		1	5	21.02	21.13	21.09			
		3	0	20.98	20.88	21.20			
				3	2	20.94	21.04	20.98	21.00
				3	3	21.07	20.81	20.90	
				6	0	20.14	20.09	20.11	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)		
				19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5			
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.23	22.19	22.36	23.00		
		1	7	22.36	22.22	22.16			
		1	14	22.25	22.01	22.16			
		8	0	21.08	21.14	21.35	22.00		
		8	4	21.10	21.10	21.15			
		8	7	21.04	21.01	21.11			
			15	0	21.00	21.22	21.12	22.00	
	16QAM	1	0	21.05	21.02	21.21	22.00		
		1	7	21.09	20.85	21.29			
		1	14	21.04	21.17	21.12			
		8	0	20.09	20.01	20.32	21.00		
		8	4	20.05	20.17	20.10			
8		7	20.17	19.93	20.03				
		15	0	20.17	20.13	20.14	21.00		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)		
				19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5			
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.20	22.17	22.32	23.00		
		1	13	22.34	22.18	22.13			
		1	24	22.22	21.96	22.12			
		12	0	21.05	21.09	21.31	22.00		
		12	6	21.08	21.06	21.10			
		12	13	21.02	20.99	21.07			
			25	0	20.98	21.21	21.10	22.00	
	16QAM	1	0	21.02	20.98	21.18	22.00		
		1	13	21.06	20.83	21.26			
		1	24	21.01	21.15	21.08			
		12	0	20.07	19.97	20.29	21.00		
		12	6	20.02	20.12	20.06			
12		13	20.14	19.88	19.99				
		25	0	20.15	20.09	20.09	21.00		



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20000/1715	20175/1732.5	20350/1750	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.22	22.18	22.35	23.00
		1	25	22.37	22.23	22.17	
		1	49	22.24	22.00	22.15	
		25	0	21.08	21.14	21.35	22.00
		25	13	21.11	21.11	21.14	
		25	25	21.04	21.03	21.12	
	16QAM	50	0	21.06	21.23	21.14	22.00
		1	0	21.04	21.01	21.20	22.00
		1	25	21.09	20.87	21.29	
		1	49	21.04	21.17	21.11	
		25	0	20.10	20.02	20.33	21.00
		25	13	20.04	20.16	20.09	
25	25	20.17	19.93	20.03			
50	0	20.18	20.14	20.13	21.00		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20325/1747.5	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.21	22.14	22.33	23.00
		1	38	22.35	22.22	22.14	
		1	74	22.21	21.95	22.11	
		36	0	21.06	21.10	21.32	22.00
		36	18	21.08	21.06	21.10	
		36	39	21.01	21.00	21.08	
		75	0	21.04	21.19	21.09	
	16QAM	1	0	20.99	20.99	21.18	22.00
		1	38	21.07	20.84	21.27	
		1	74	21.01	21.13	21.08	
		36	0	20.07	20.00	20.30	21.00
		36	18	20.01	20.11	20.05	
		36	39	20.15	19.89	20.00	
		75	0	20.15	20.09	20.09	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.18	22.10	22.30	23.00
		1	50	22.34	22.18	22.12	
		1	99	22.19	21.94	22.08	
		50	0	21.03	21.05	21.28	22.00
		50	25	21.06	21.02	21.07	
		50	50	20.98	20.95	21.04	



	16QAM	100	0	21.01	21.14	21.05	22.00
		1	0	20.97	20.95	21.13	22.00
		1	50	21.03	20.82	21.23	
		1	99	20.99	21.10	21.06	
		50	0	20.04	19.96	20.27	21.00
		50	25	19.98	20.09	20.02	
		50	50	20.12	19.84	19.96	
		100	0	20.13	20.05	20.06	21.00

LTE FDD Band 5				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				20407/824.7	20525/836.5	20643/848.3	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.88	22.77	22.86	23.50
		1	2	22.88	22.93	22.78	
		1	5	22.79	22.69	22.78	
		3	0	22.70	22.65	22.64	23.50
		3	2	22.60	22.67	22.72	
		3	3	22.57	22.62	22.61	
	6	0	21.70	21.60	21.68	22.50	
	16QAM	1	0	21.29	21.73	21.72	22.50
		1	2	21.70	21.45	21.60	
		1	5	21.35	21.58	21.72	
		3	0	21.78	21.65	21.75	22.50
		3	2	21.71	21.71	21.74	
		3	3	21.63	21.78	21.63	
	6	0	20.84	20.82	20.73	21.50	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20415/825.5	20525/836.5	20635/847.5	
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.87	22.79	22.85	23.50
		1	7	22.89	22.94	22.79	
		1	14	22.79	22.69	22.78	
		8	0	21.77	21.72	21.73	22.50
		8	4	21.70	21.73	21.79	
		8	7	21.65	21.71	21.67	
	15	0	21.71	21.63	21.69	22.50	
	16QAM	1	0	21.29	21.71	21.72	22.50
		1	7	21.70	21.48	21.61	
		1	14	21.34	21.60	21.71	
		8	0	20.87	20.74	20.84	21.50
		8	4	20.79	20.79	20.82	
		8	7	20.70	20.85	20.72	



Bandwidth	Modulation	15	0	20.85	20.82	20.71	21.50
		RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20425/826.5	20525/836.5	20625/846.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.88	22.76	22.86	23.50
		1	13	22.90	22.98	22.80	
		1	24	22.78	22.68	22.77	
		12	0	21.78	21.73	21.74	22.50
		12	6	21.70	21.73	21.79	
		12	13	21.64	21.72	21.68	
		25	0	21.77	21.61	21.68	22.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.26	21.72	21.72	22.50
		1	13	21.71	21.49	21.62	
		1	24	21.34	21.58	21.71	
		12	0	20.87	20.77	20.85	21.50
		12	6	20.78	20.78	20.81	
		12	13	20.71	20.86	20.73	
		25	0	20.85	20.82	20.71	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20450/829	20525/836.5	20600/844	
				20450/829	20525/836.5	20600/844	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.85	22.72	22.83	23.50
		1	25	22.89	22.94	22.78	
		1	49	22.76	22.67	22.74	
		25	0	21.75	21.68	21.70	22.50
		25	13	21.68	21.69	21.76	
		25	25	21.61	21.67	21.64	
		50	0	21.74	21.56	21.64	22.50
	16QAM	1	0	21.24	21.68	21.67	22.50
		1	25	21.67	21.47	21.58	
		1	49	21.32	21.55	21.69	
		25	0	20.84	20.73	20.82	21.50
		25	13	20.75	20.76	20.78	
		25	25	20.68	20.81	20.69	
		50	0	20.83	20.78	20.68	21.50

LTE FDD Band 7				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.31	22.30	22.16	23.00
		1	13	22.45	22.42	22.26	
		1	24	22.25	22.28	22.06	



		12	0	21.18	21.42	21.50	22.00
		12	6	21.30	21.34	21.16	
		12	13	21.13	21.29	21.01	
		25	0	21.03	21.28	21.30	22.00
	16QAM	1	0	20.96	21.07	21.02	22.00
		1	13	21.26	21.27	21.21	
		1	24	20.98	20.92	20.84	
		12	0	19.98	20.16	20.09	21.00
		12	6	20.11	20.29	19.97	
		12	13	20.16	20.38	20.07	
25	0	20.13	20.27	20.08	21.00		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.33	22.31	22.19	23.00
		1	25	22.48	22.47	22.30	
		1	49	22.27	22.32	22.09	
		25	0	21.21	21.47	21.54	22.00
		25	13	21.33	21.39	21.20	
		25	25	21.15	21.33	21.06	
		50	0	21.11	21.30	21.34	
	16QAM	1	0	20.98	21.10	21.04	22.00
		1	25	21.29	21.31	21.24	
		1	49	21.01	20.94	20.87	
		25	0	20.01	20.21	20.13	21.00
		25	13	20.13	20.33	20.00	
		25	25	20.19	20.43	20.11	
		50	0	20.16	20.32	20.12	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.32	22.27	22.17	23.00
		1	38	22.46	22.46	22.27	
		1	74	22.24	22.27	22.05	
		36	0	21.19	21.43	21.51	22.00
		36	18	21.30	21.34	21.16	
		36	39	21.12	21.30	21.02	
		75	0	21.09	21.26	21.29	
	16QAM	1	0	20.93	21.08	21.02	22.00
		1	38	21.27	21.28	21.22	
		1	74	20.98	20.90	20.84	
		36	0	19.98	20.19	20.10	21.00
36		18	20.10	20.28	19.96		



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560	
		36	39	20.17	20.39	20.08	
		75	0	20.13	20.27	20.08	21.00
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.29	22.23	22.14	23.00
		1	50	22.45	22.42	22.25	
		1	99	22.22	22.26	22.02	
		50	0	21.16	21.38	21.47	22.00
		50	25	21.28	21.30	21.13	
		50	50	21.09	21.25	20.98	
	100	0	21.06	21.21	21.25	22.00	
	16QAM	1	0	20.91	21.04	20.97	22.00
		1	50	21.23	21.26	21.18	
		1	99	20.96	20.87	20.82	
		50	0	19.95	20.15	20.07	21.00
		50	25	20.07	20.26	19.93	
		50	50	20.14	20.34	20.04	
		100	0	20.11	20.23	20.05	21.00

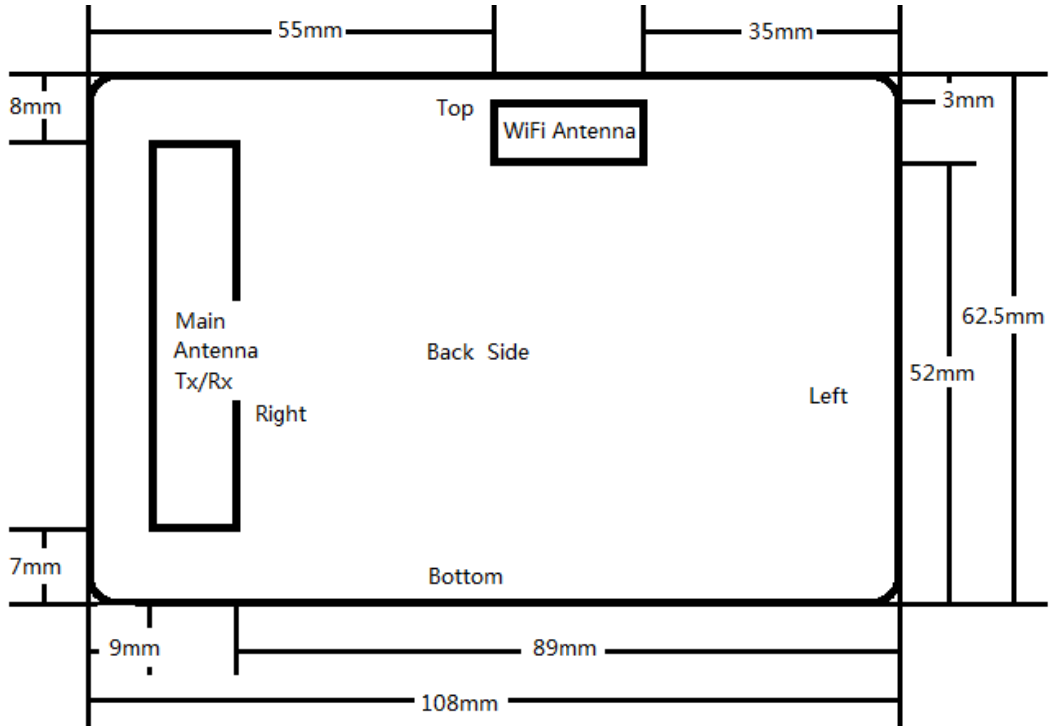
9.4 WLAN Mode

Wi-Fi 2.4G Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Conducted Power (dBm) for Data Rates (bps)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
			1M		
802.11b	1	2412	15.94	17.00	45
	6	2437	15.52	17.00	
	11	2462	16.82	17.00	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6M	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
802.11g	1	2412	13.21	14.00	49
	6	2437	12.43	14.00	
	11	2462	13.67	14.00	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6.5M	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
802.11n (HT20)	1	2412	11.75	13.00	45
	6	2437	12.13	13.00	
	11	2462	12.85	13.00	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	13.5M	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
802.11n (HT40)	3	2422	12.20	13.00	50
	6	2437	11.84	13.00	
	9	2452	12.21	13.00	

Note. 1. SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall (Length x Width): 108 mm x 62.5 mm						
Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antenna	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Main-Antenna	0	0	89	9	8	7
Wi-Fi Antenna	0	0	35	55	3	52
Hotspot mode, Positions for SAR tests						
Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
GSM 850/1900	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS Band II/IV/V	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE 2/4/5/7	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

10.2 Measured SAR Results

Table 1: GSM 850

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	251/848.8	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.45	0.040	1.260	1.14	1.430	/
		190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.54	0.010	1.280	1.11	1.423	6
		128/824.2	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.58	0.110	1.190	1.10	1.311	/
Front Side	standard	251/848.8	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.45	0.050	1.270	1.14	1.441	/
		190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.54	0.05	1.190	1.11	1.323	/
		128/824.2	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.58	0.04	1.050	1.10	1.157	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.54	0.023	0.113	1.11	0.126	/
Top Edge	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.54	0.050	0.683	1.11	0.759	/
Bottom Edge	standard	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.54	0.150	0.598	1.11	0.665	/
Back Side	Repeated	190/836.6	2Txslots	1:4.15	30.00	29.54	-0.010	1.210	1.11	1.345	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	190/836.6	1.280	1.210	1.06

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 .



Table 2: GSM 1900

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.5	27.76	-0.020	0.577	1.19	0.684	/
Front Side	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.5	27.76	0.140	0.579	1.19	0.687	7
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.5	27.76	-0.140	0.264	1.19	0.313	/
Top Edge	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.5	27.76	0.010	0.414	1.19	0.491	/
Bottom Edge	standard	661/1880	2Txslots	1:4.15	28.5	27.76	0.050	0.165	1.19	0.196	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

Table 3: UMTS Band II

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	9538/1907.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.35	0.021	1.290	1.04	1.335	8
		9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.30	0.040	1.160	1.05	1.215	/
		9262/1852.4	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.29	0.130	1.270	1.05	1.333	/
Front Side	standard	9538/1907.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.35	-0.190	1.220	1.04	1.263	/
		9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.30	-0.023	1.160	1.05	1.215	/
		9262/1852.4	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.29	-0.050	1.110	1.05	1.165	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.30	0.000	0.519	1.05	0.543	/
Top Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.30	-0.010	0.749	1.05	0.784	/
Bottom Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.30	0.050	0.312	1.05	0.327	/
Back Side	Repeated	9538/1907.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.35	0.070	1.250	1.04	1.294	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

Measurement Variability

Test Position	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	9538/1907.6	1.290	1.250	1.03

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 .

Table 4: UMTS Band IV

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	1513/1752.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.33	0.010	1.050	1.04	1.092	/
		1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.24	0.010	1.080	1.06	1.147	/
		1312/1712.4	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.01	-0.180	1.120	1.12	1.254	9
Front Side	standard	1513/1752.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.33	-0.020	0.973	1.04	1.012	/
		1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.24	-0.020	0.872	1.06	0.926	/
		1312/1712.4	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.01	-0.060	0.874	1.12	0.978	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.24	0.130	0.633	1.06	0.672	/
Top Edge	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.24	0.090	0.560	1.06	0.595	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.24	0.048	0.527	1.06	0.560	/
Back Side	Repeated	1312/1712.4	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.5	23.01	-0.023	1.010	1.12	1.131	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	1312/1712.4	1.120	1.010	1.10

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 .



Table 5: UMTS Band V

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	4233/846.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.92	0.030	0.994	1.14	1.136	/
		4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.91	0.050	1.060	1.15	1.214	/
		4132/826.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.00	0.000	1.090	1.12	1.223	10
Front Side	standard	4233/846.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.92	0.010	0.989	1.14	1.130	/
		4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.91	-0.030	1.000	1.15	1.146	/
		4132/826.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.00	-0.090	0.948	1.12	1.064	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.91	0.060	0.099	1.15	0.113	/
Top Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.91	0.020	0.355	1.15	0.407	/
Bottom Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.91	0.020	0.349	1.15	0.400	/
Back Side	Repeated	4132/826.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	23.00	0.090	1.090	1.12	1.223	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

Measurement Variability

Test Position	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	4132/826.6	1.090	1.090	1.00

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 .

Table 6: LTE Band 2 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	1RB	50	19100/1900	23.50	22.93	-0.027	0.970	1.14	1.106	/
		1RB	50	18900/1880	23.50	22.51	0.070	0.964	1.26	1.211	/
		1RB	50	18700/1860	23.50	22.55	0.026	0.988	1.24	1.230	11
Front Side	standard	1RB	50	19100/1900	23.50	22.93	-0.190	0.922	1.14	1.051	/
		1RB	50	18900/1880	23.50	22.51	-0.023	0.859	1.26	1.079	/
		1RB	50	18700/1860	23.50	22.55	-0.025	0.881	1.24	1.096	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	1RB	50	19100/1900	23.50	22.93	0.010	0.336	1.14	0.383	/
Top Edge	standard	1RB	50	19100/1900	23.50	22.93	-0.090	0.555	1.14	0.633	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	50	19100/1900	23.50	22.93	-0.050	0.226	1.14	0.258	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	22.00	21.59	0.020	0.705	1.10	0.775	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	22.00	21.59	-0.160	0.706	1.10	0.776	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	22.00	21.59	-0.020	0.258	1.10	0.284	/
Top Edge	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	22.00	21.59	0.010	0.440	1.10	0.484	/
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	22.00	21.59	0.010	0.181	1.10	0.199	/
Back Side	standard	100%RB	0	19100/1900	22.00	21.64	0.090	0.697	1.09	0.757	/
Front Side	standard	100%RB	0	19100/1900	22.00	21.64	-0.170	0.703	1.09	0.764	/
Back Side	Repeated	1RB	50	18700/1860	23.50	22.55	0.080	0.935	1.24	1.164	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
 3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	18700/1860	0.988	0.935	1.06

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 .



Table 7: LTE Band 4 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.30	-0.022	0.831	1.17	0.976	/
		1RB	50	20175/1732.5	23.00	22.18	-0.044	0.812	1.21	0.981	/
		1RB	50	20050/1720	23.00	22.34	-0.034	0.781	1.16	0.909	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	50	20050/1720	23.00	22.34	-0.100	0.650	1.16	0.757	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	1RB	50	20050/1720	23.00	22.34	0.020	0.521	1.16	0.607	/
Top Edge	N/A	1RB	50	20050/1720	23.00	22.34	0.070	0.406	1.16	0.473	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	50	20050/1720	23.00	22.34	0.045	0.423	1.16	0.492	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.28	-0.050	0.660	1.18	0.779	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.28	-0.040	0.552	1.18	0.652	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.28	0.029	0.427	1.18	0.504	/
Top Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.28	0.190	0.368	1.18	0.434	/
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.28	0.030	0.282	1.18	0.333	/
Back Side	standard	100%RB	0	20175/1732.5	22.00	21.14	-0.020	0.635	1.22	0.774	/
Back Side	Repeated	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.30	-0.090	0.848	1.17	0.996	12

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

Measurement Variability

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	20300/1745	0.831	0.848	1.02

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 .



Table 8: LTE Band 5 (10MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	20600/844	23.50	22.83	-0.020	0.806	1.17	0.940	/
		1RB	25	20525/836.5	23.50	22.94	0.090	0.815	1.14	0.927	/
		1RB	25	20450/829	23.50	22.89	-0.150	0.887	1.15	1.021	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	20600/844	23.50	22.83	0.130	0.954	1.17	1.113	/
		1RB	25	20525/836.5	23.50	22.94	0.130	0.921	1.14	1.048	/
		1RB	25	20450/829	23.50	22.89	-0.090	1.020	1.15	1.174	13
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	1RB	25	20525/836.5	23.50	22.94	0.030	0.066	1.14	0.076	/
Top Edge	standard	1RB	25	20525/836.5	23.50	22.94	0.110	0.447	1.14	0.509	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	25	20525/836.5	23.50	22.94	0.070	0.353	1.14	0.402	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	13	20600/844	22.50	21.76	0.070	0.599	1.19	0.710	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	13	20600/844	22.50	21.76	0.010	0.715	1.19	0.848	/
		50%RB	13	20525/836.5	22.50	21.69	-0.110	0.736	1.21	0.887	/
		50%RB	0	20450/829	22.50	21.75	0.050	0.780	1.19	0.927	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	13	20600/844	22.50	21.76	0.150	0.041	1.19	0.048	/
Top Edge	standard	50%RB	13	20600/844	22.50	21.76	0.020	0.346	1.19	0.410	/
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	13	20600/844	22.50	21.76	-0.040	0.273	1.19	0.324	/
Back Side	standard	100%RB	0	20450/829	22.50	21.74	-0.090	0.608	1.19	0.724	/
Front Side	standard	100%RB	0	20450/829	22.50	21.74	0.050	0.662	1.19	0.789	/
Front Side	Repeated	1RB	25	20450/829	23.50	22.89	0.080	0.980	1.15	1.128	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

Measurement Variability

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Front Side	20450/829	1.020	0.980	1.04

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 .

Table 9: LTE Band 7 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	22.25	0.080	1.040	1.19	1.236	14
		1RB	50	21100/2535	23.00	22.42	0.030	0.943	1.14	1.078	/
		1RB	50	20850/2510	23.00	22.45	0.190	0.835	1.14	0.948	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	22.25	-0.025	0.934	1.19	1.110	/
		1RB	50	21100/2535	23.00	22.42	0.110	0.880	1.14	1.006	/
		1RB	50	20850/2510	23.00	22.45	0.025	0.850	1.14	0.965	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	1RB	50	20850/2510	23.00	22.45	0.150	0.652	1.14	0.740	/
Top Edge	standard	1RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	22.25	0.023	0.626	1.19	0.744	/
		1RB	50	21100/2535	23.00	22.42	0.170	0.706	1.14	0.807	/
		1RB	50	20850/2510	23.00	22.45	0.042	0.772	1.14	0.876	/
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	50	20850/2510	23.00	22.45	0.170	0.315	1.14	0.358	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	21350/2560	22.00	21.47	0.029	0.702	1.13	0.793	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	21350/2560	22.00	21.47	0.022	0.796	1.13	0.899	/
		50%RB	0	21100/2535	22.00	21.38	0.170	0.788	1.15	0.909	/
		50%RB	25	20850/2510	22.00	21.28	0.022	0.770	1.18	0.909	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	21350/2560	22.00	21.47	0.180	0.580	1.13	0.655	/
Top Edge	standard	50%RB	0	21350/2560	22.00	21.47	0.180	0.476	1.13	0.538	/
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	21350/2560	22.00	21.47	0.030	0.298	1.13	0.337	/
Back Side	standard	100%RB	0	21350/2560	22.00	21.25	0.022	0.714	1.19	0.849	/
		100%RB	0	21100/2535	22.00	21.21	0.024	0.636	1.20	0.763	/
		100%RB	0	20850/2510	22.00	21.06	0.170	0.577	1.24	0.716	/
Front Side	standard	100%RB	0	21350/2560	22.00	21.25	0.130	0.790	1.19	0.939	/
		100%RB	0	21100/2535	22.00	21.21	0.021	0.795	1.20	0.954	/
		100%RB	0	20850/2510	22.00	21.06	0.021	0.706	1.24	0.877	/
Top Edge	standard	100%RB	0	21350/2560	22.00	21.25	0.020	0.453	1.19	0.538	/
Back Side	Repeated	1RB	50	21350/2560	23.00	22.25	0.060	1.030	1.19	1.224	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.



Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	21350/2560	1.040	1.030	1.01

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 .

Table 10: Wi-Fi (2.4G)

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Max.SAR (W/Kg)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Body SAR (Distance 10mm)												
Back Side	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.098	17.00	16.82	0.150	0.104	1.04	0.108	/
Front Side	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.113	17.00	16.82	0.033	0.109	1.04	0.114	/
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.218	17.00	16.82	-0.170	0.239	1.04	0.249	15
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

MAX Adjusted SAR							
Mode	Test Position	Channel/Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	802.11b Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Adjusted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
802.11g	Left Cheek	11/2462	0.239	17.00	14.00	0.50	0.120
802.11n HT20	Left Cheek	11/2462	0.239	17.00	13.00	0.40	0.095
802.11n HT40	Left Cheek	11/2462	0.239	17.00	13.00	0.40	0.095

Note: SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

10.3 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body-worn
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes
WCDMA(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes
LTE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes

General Note:

1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - ii) $\text{SPLSR} = (\text{SAR1} + \text{SAR2})^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where $(x1, y1, z1)$ and $(x2, y2, z2)$ are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

**The maximum SAR_{1g} Value for Main- Antenna**

SAR _{1g} (W/kg) Test Position	GSM 850	GSM 1900	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band V	LTE FDD 2	LTE FDD 4	LTE FDD 5	LTE FDD 7	MAX. SAR _{1g}
Back Side	1.430	0.684	1.335	1.254	1.223	1.230	0.996	1.021	1.236	1.430
Front Side	1.441	0.687	1.263	1.012	1.146	1.096	0.757	1.174	1.110	1.441
Left Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
Right Edge	0.126	0.313	0.543	0.672	0.113	0.383	0.607	0.076	0.740	0.740
Top Edge	0.759	0.491	0.784	0.595	0.407	0.633	0.473	0.509	0.876	0.876
Bottom Edge	0.665	0.196	0.327	0.560	0.400	0.258	0.492	0.402	0.358	0.665

About Wi-Fi and GSM/WCDMA/LTE

SAR _{1g} (W/kg) Test Position	GSM/WCDMA/LTE	Wi-Fi 2.4G	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}
Back Side	1.430	0.108	1.538
Front Side	1.441	0.114	1.555
Left Edge	0	N/A	0
Right Edge	0.740	N/A	0.740
Top Edge	0.876	0.249	1.125
Bottom Edge	0.665	N/A	0.665

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.

2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} = Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} + Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} = 1.555 W/kg < 1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for Wi-Fi and Main-Antenna.



11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

ANNEX A: Test Layout





Picture 3: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 5: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 6: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 7: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2600 MHz, 15.3cm depth)

ANNEX B: System Check Results

Plot 1 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 7/13/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

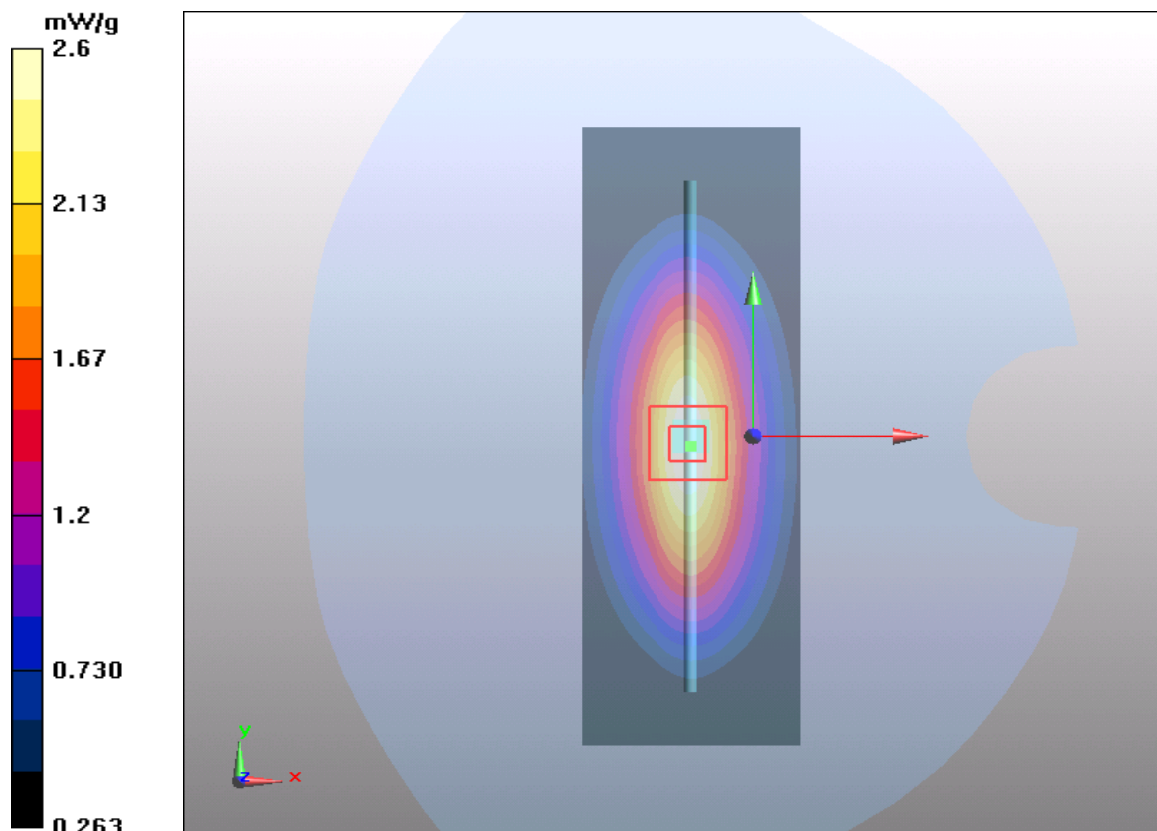
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.6 mW/g



Plot 2 System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date: 6/14/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 mW/g

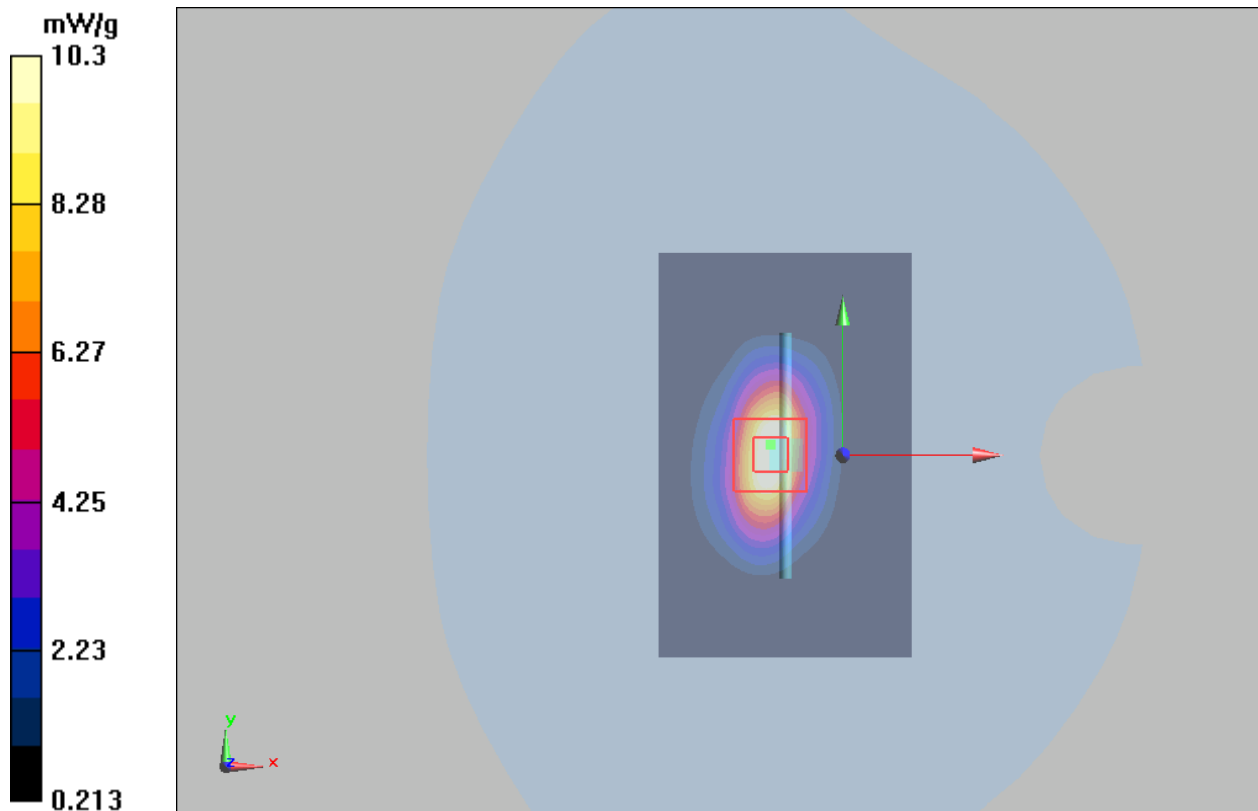
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 mW/g



Plot 3 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 6/17/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

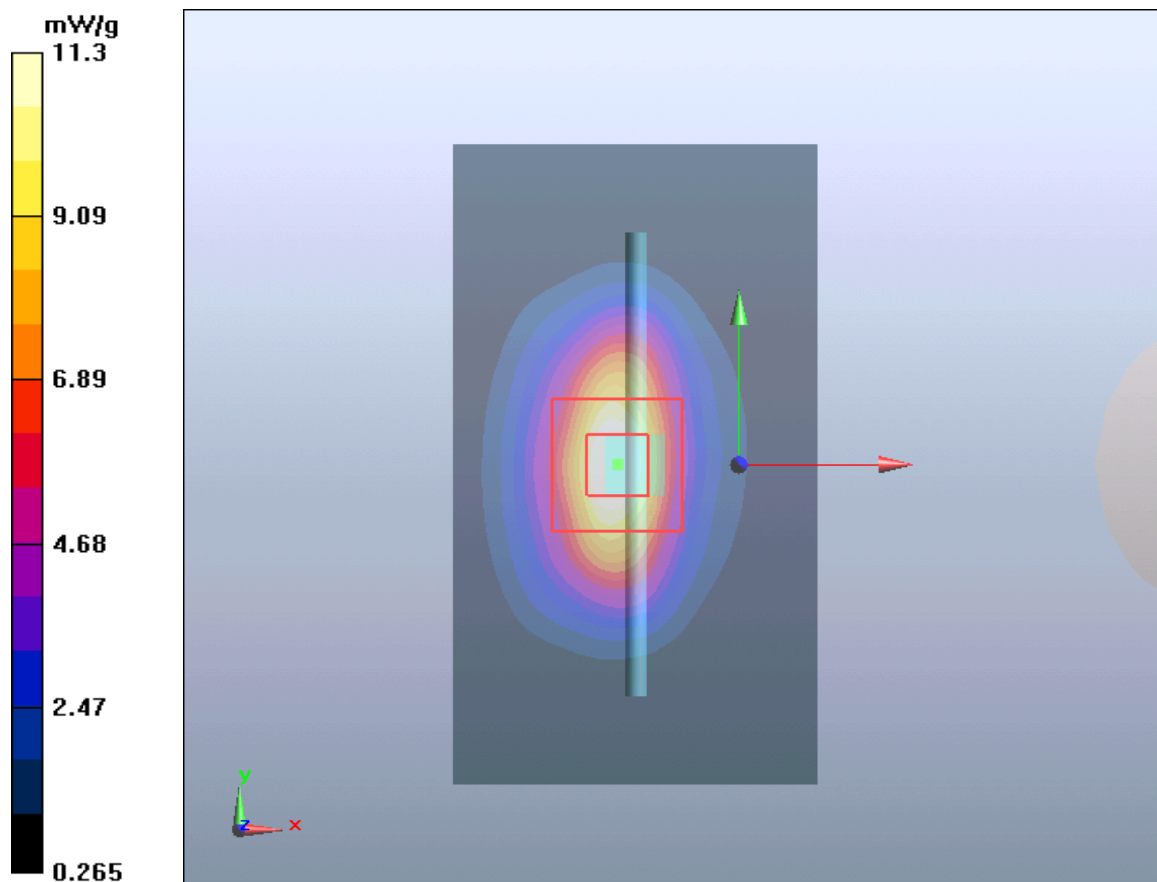
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



Plot 4 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 7/12/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16 mW/g

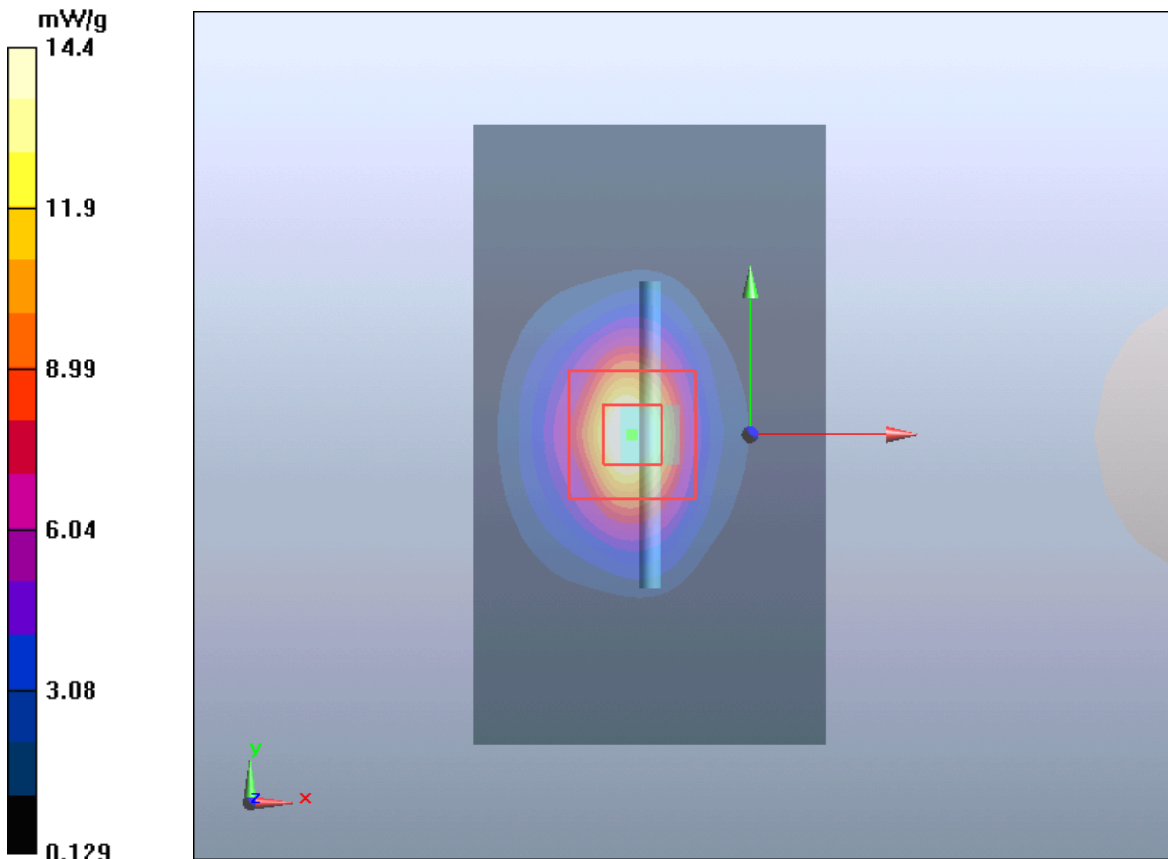
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.20 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 mW/g



Plot 5 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Body TSL**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025**

Date: 7/12/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.23$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW /Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 mW/g

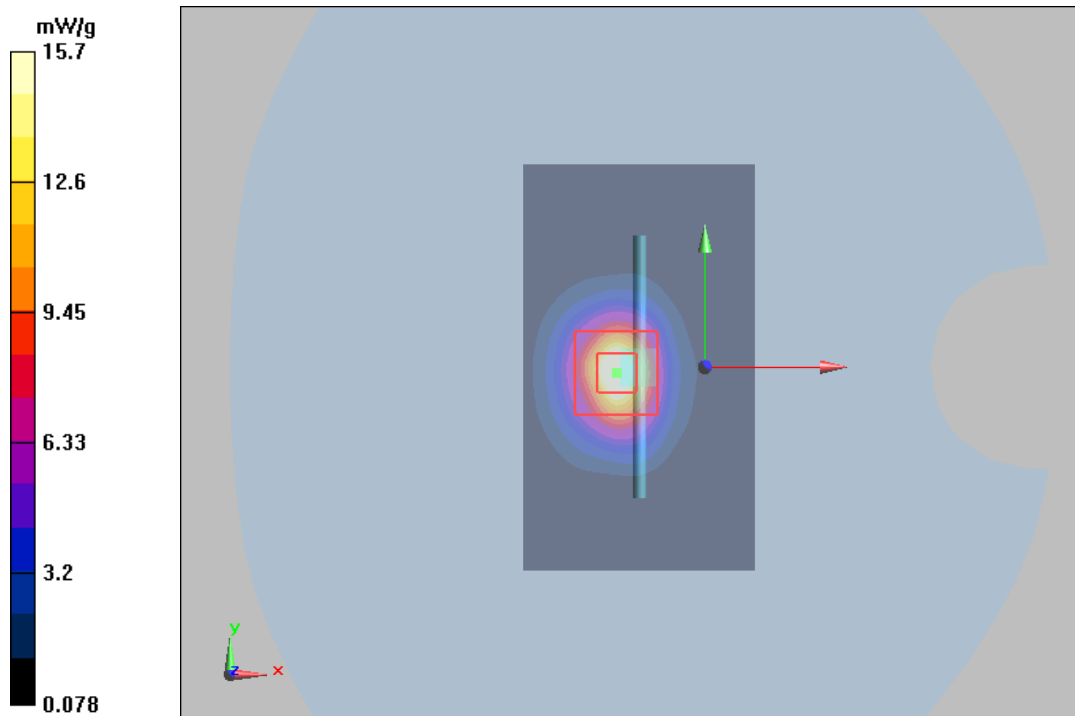
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g



ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

Plot 6 GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 7/13/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 2 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.001$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.375$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 W/kg

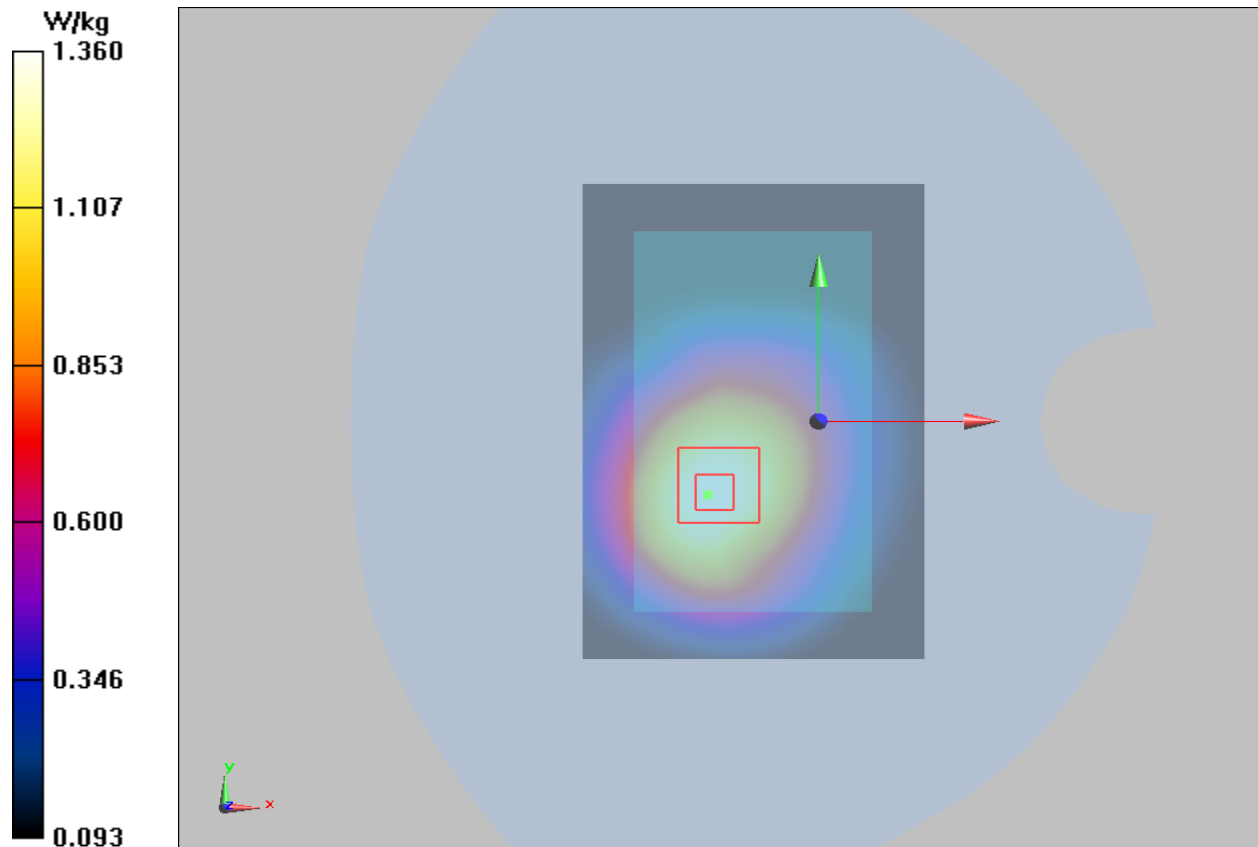
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.908 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 W/kg



Plot 7 GSM 1900 GPRS (2Txslots) Front Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 6/17/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 2 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.607$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.643 W/kg

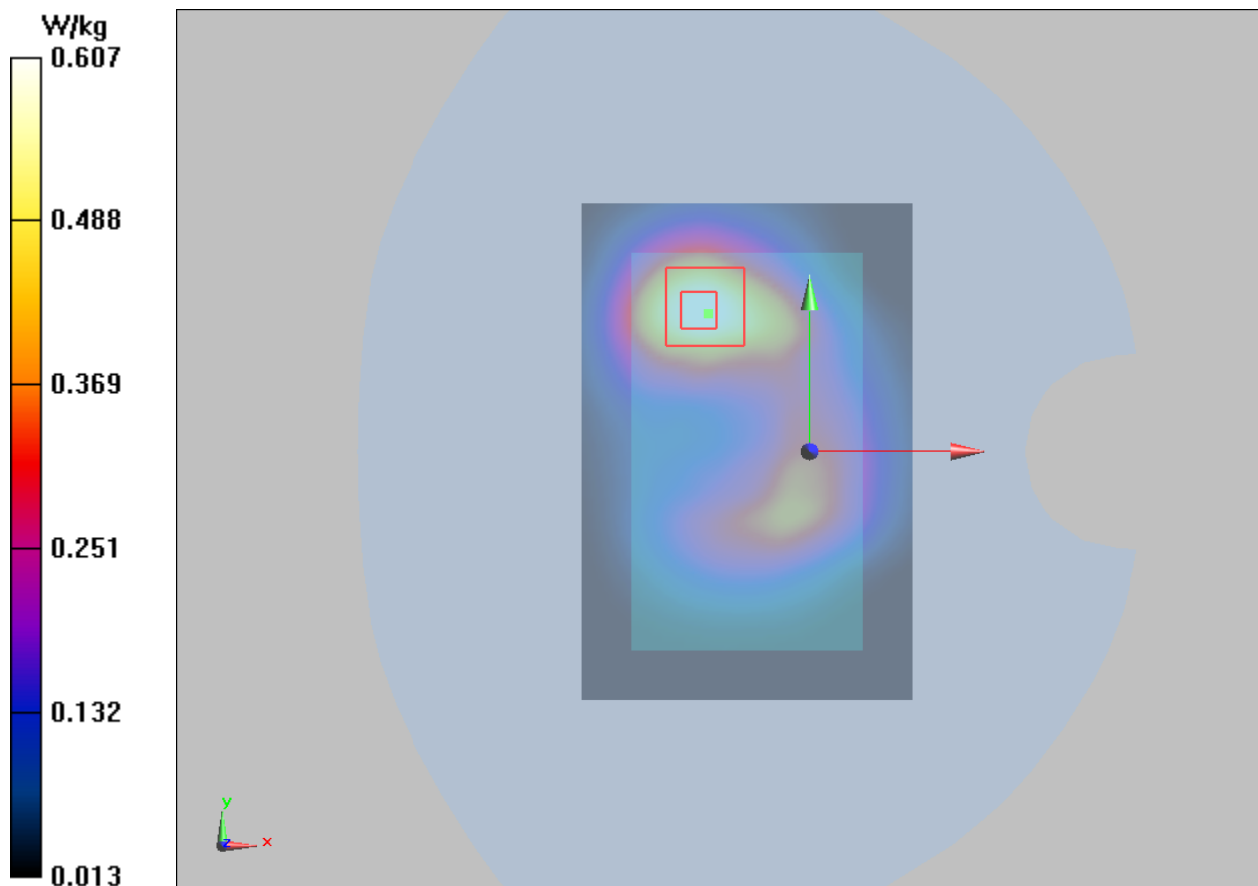
Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.956 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.579 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.333 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.607 W/kg



Plot 8 UMTS Band II Back Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 6/17/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.539$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

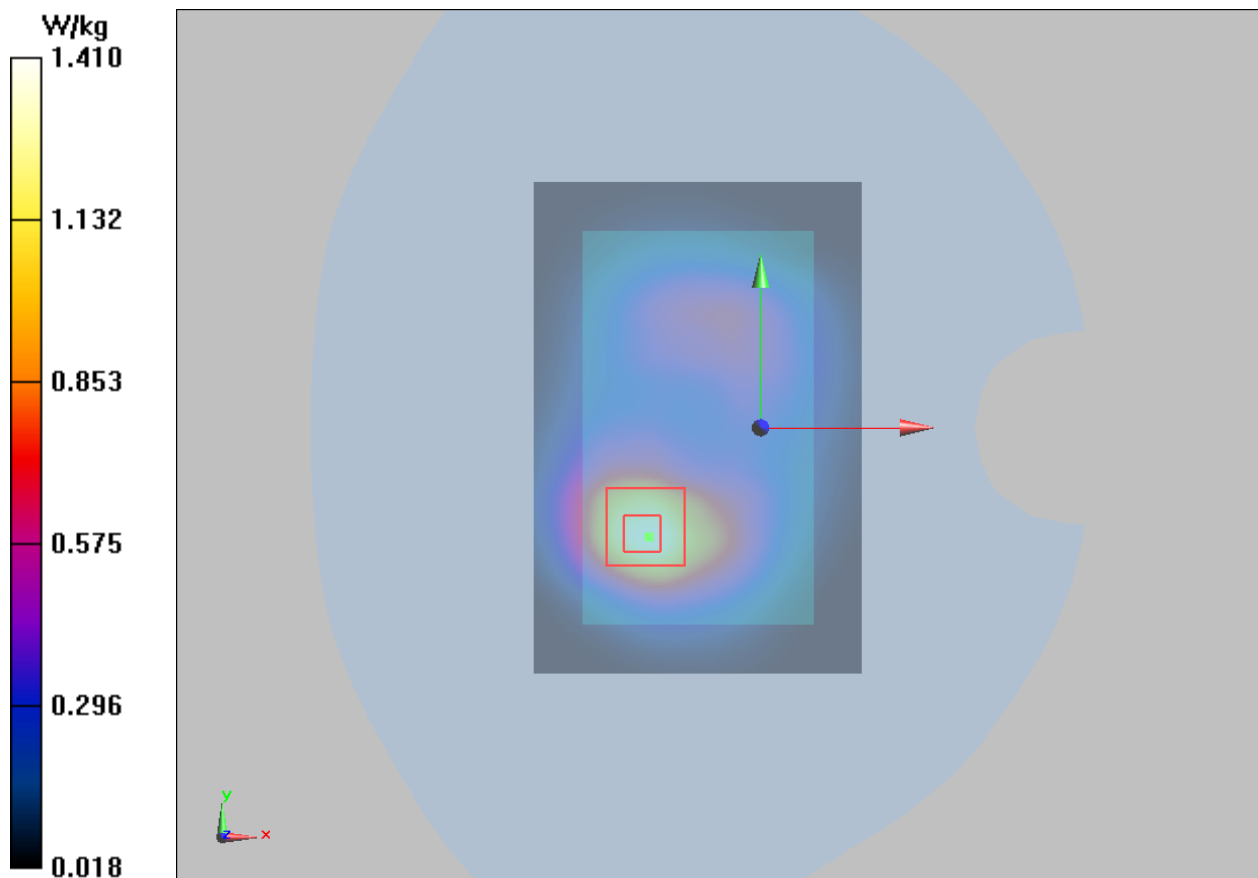
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.736 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg



Plot 9 UMTS Band IV Back Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 6/14/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.631$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

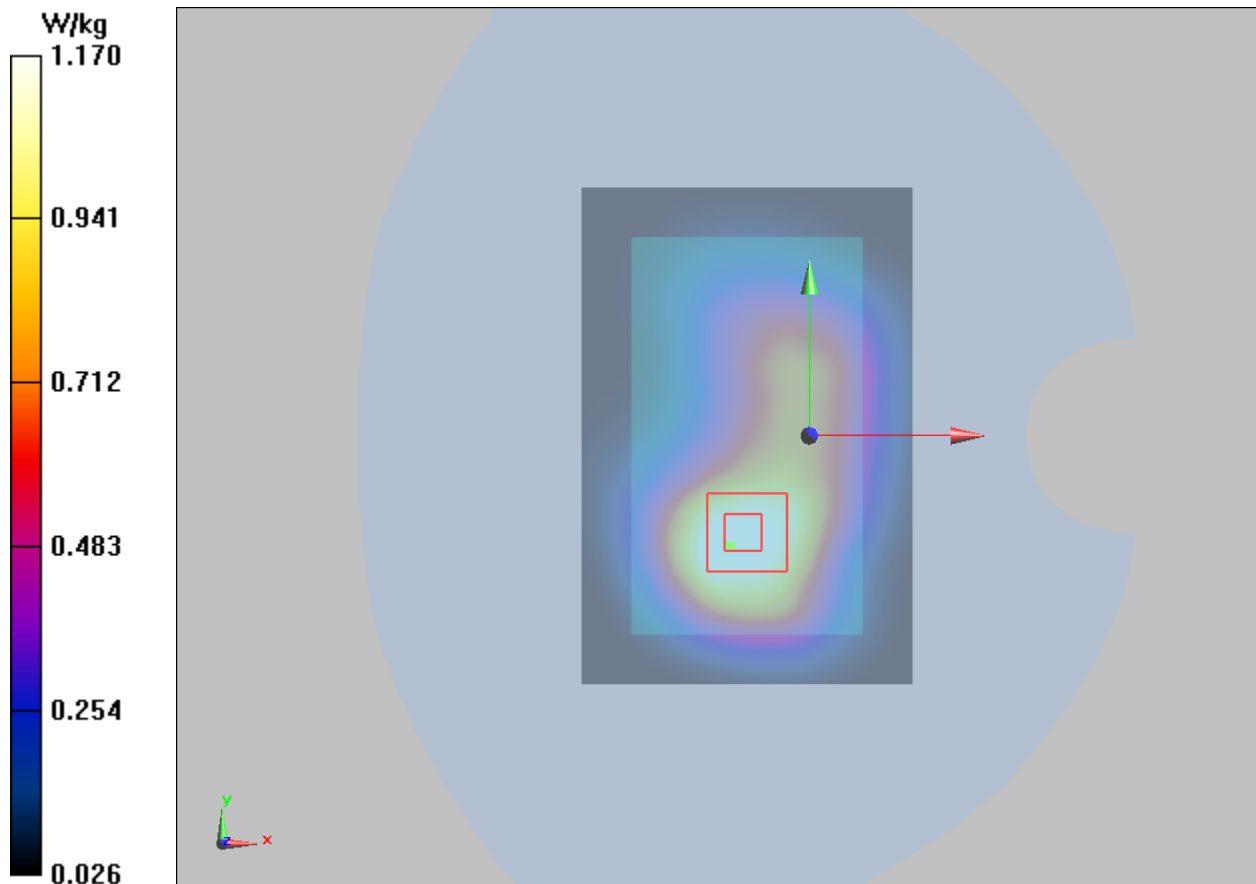
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.724 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



Plot 10 UMTS Band V Back Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 7/13/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.961$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.553$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 W/kg

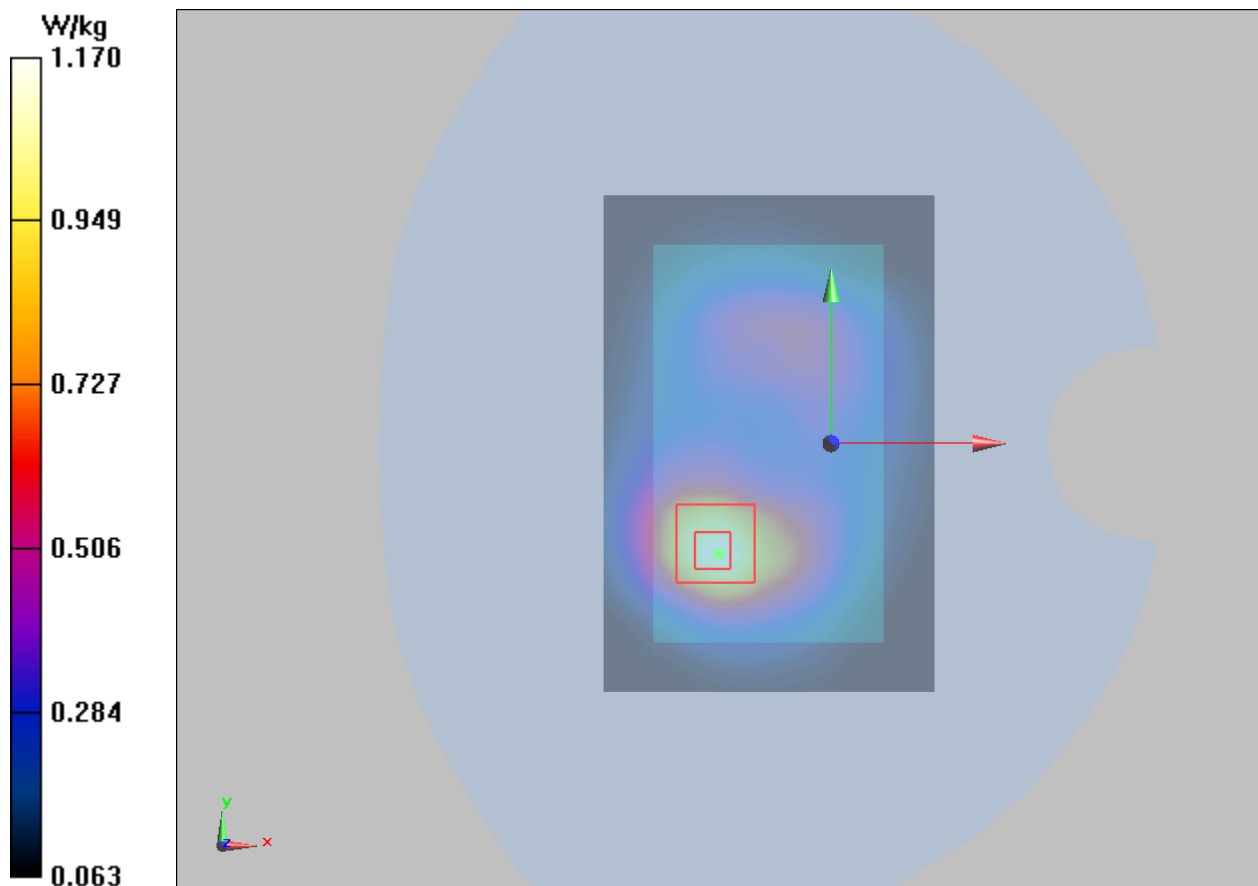
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.739 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



Plot 11 LTE Band 2 1RB Back Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 6/17/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.459$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.689$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

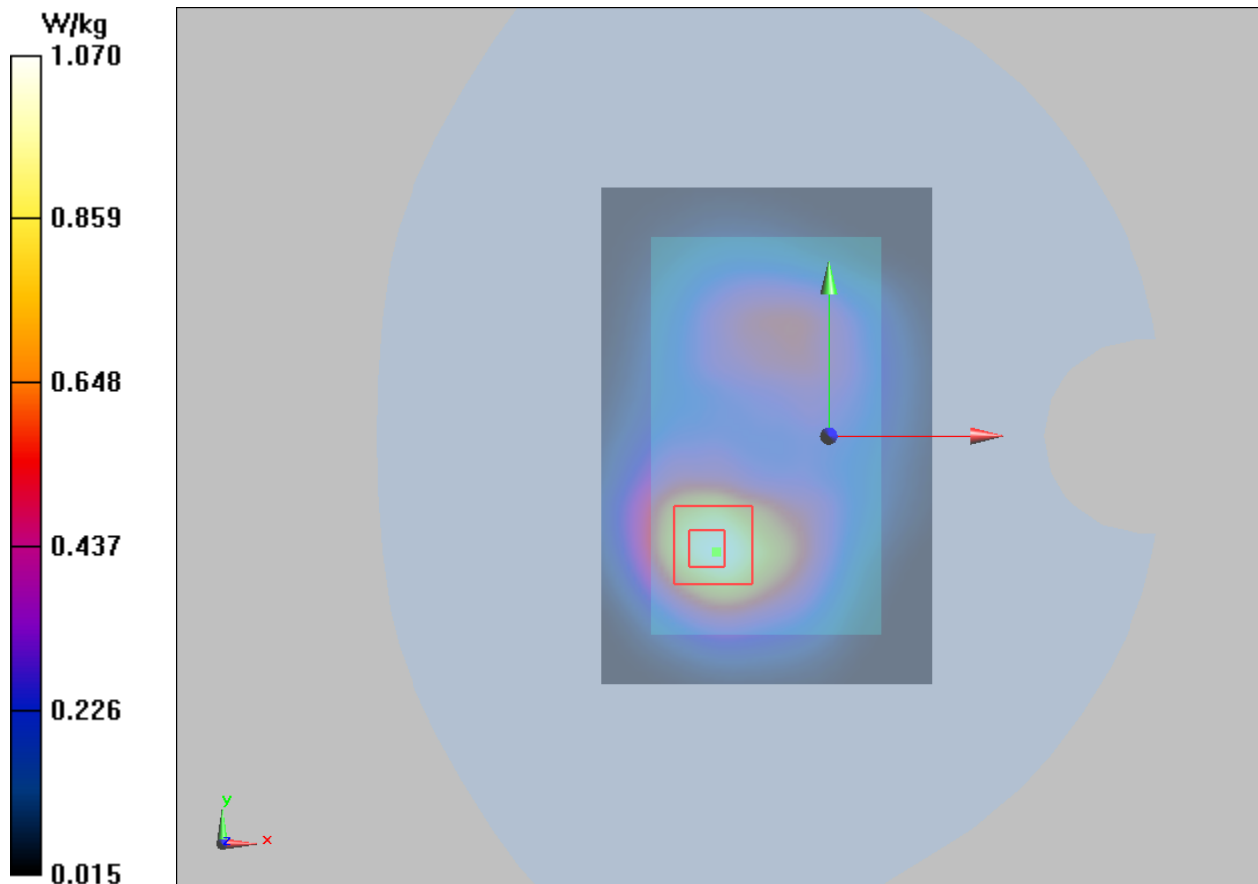
Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.988 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.577 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



Plot 12 LTE Band 4 1RB Back Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 6/14/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.428$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.499$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.918 W/kg

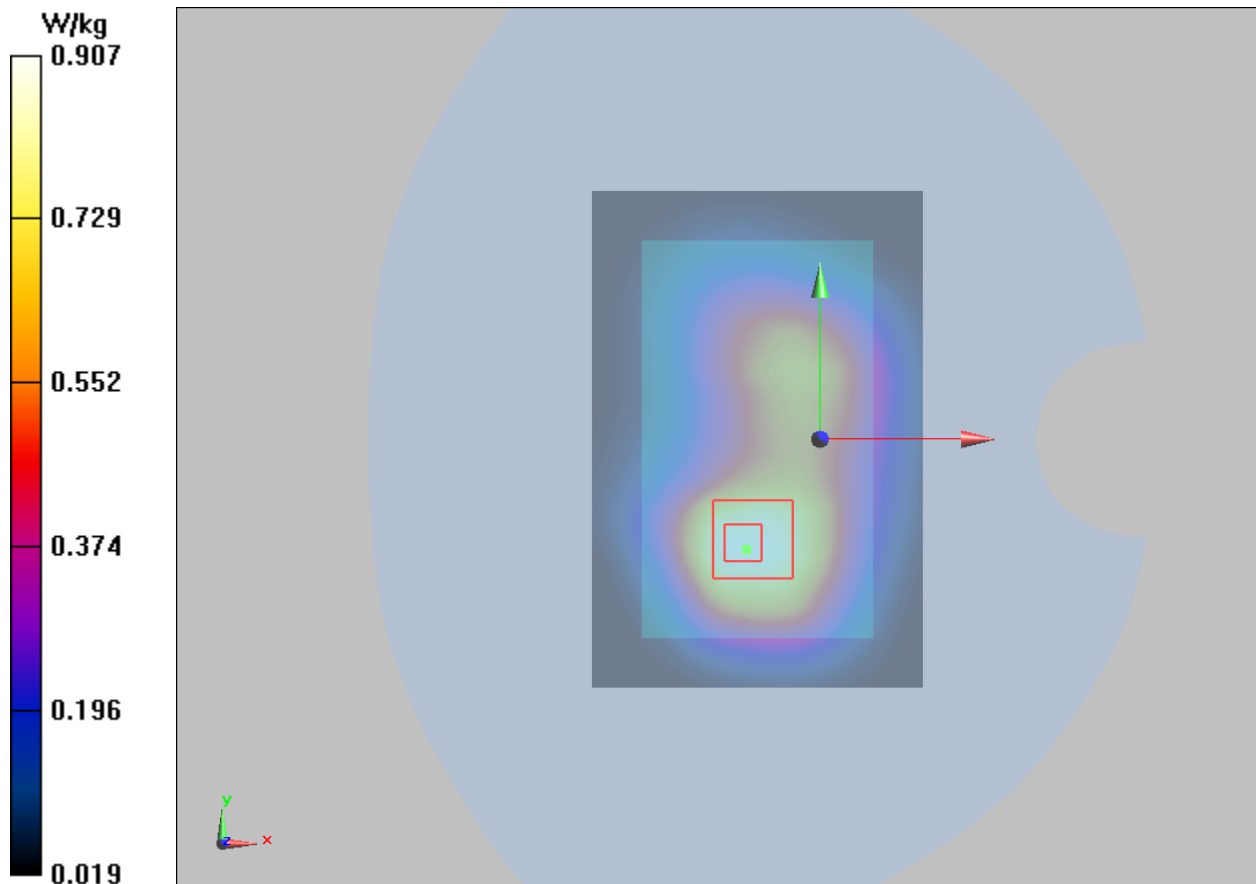
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.848 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.539 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.907 W/kg



Plot 13 LTE Band 5 1RB Front Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 7/13/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.964$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.537$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 W/kg

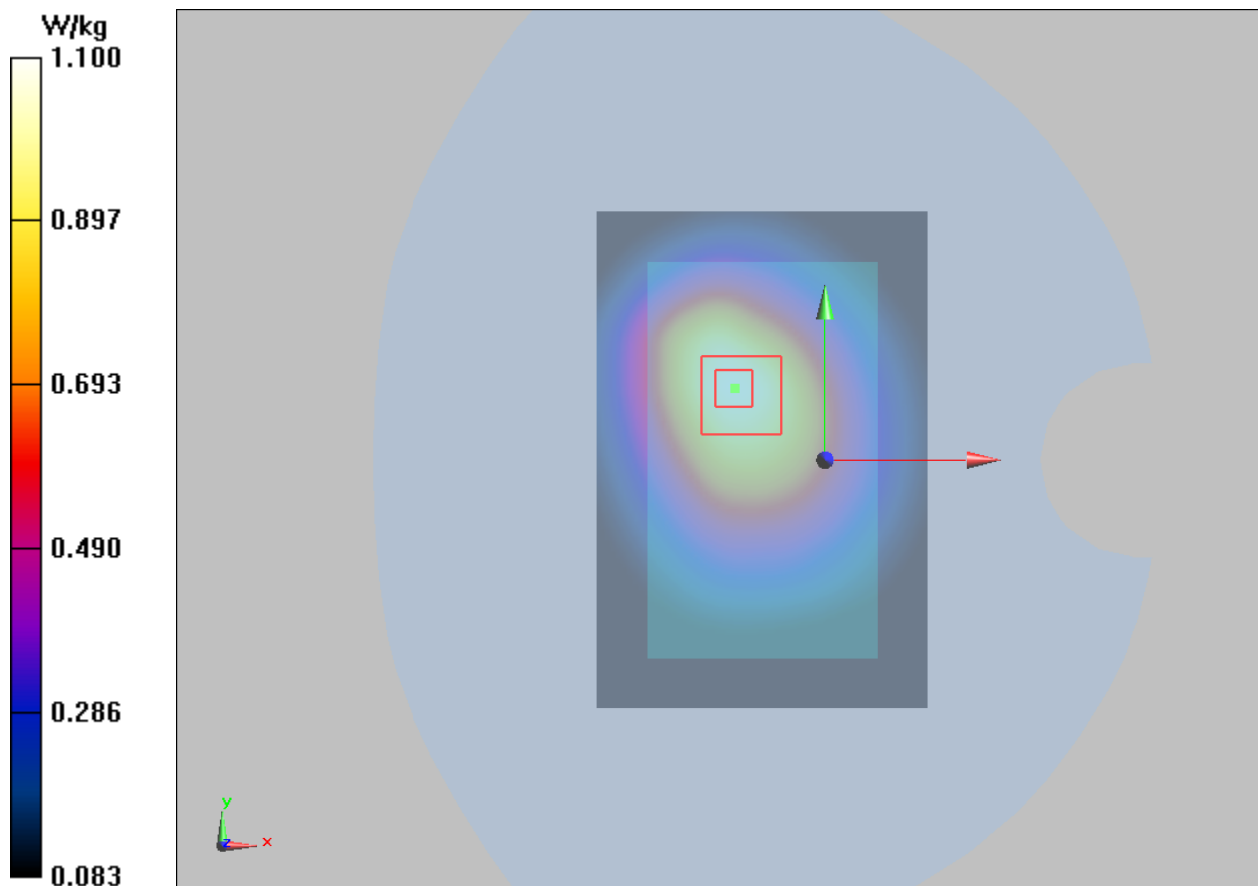
Front Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.716 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg



Plot 14 LTE Band 7 1RB Back Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 7/12/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.085$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side High/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.10 W/kg

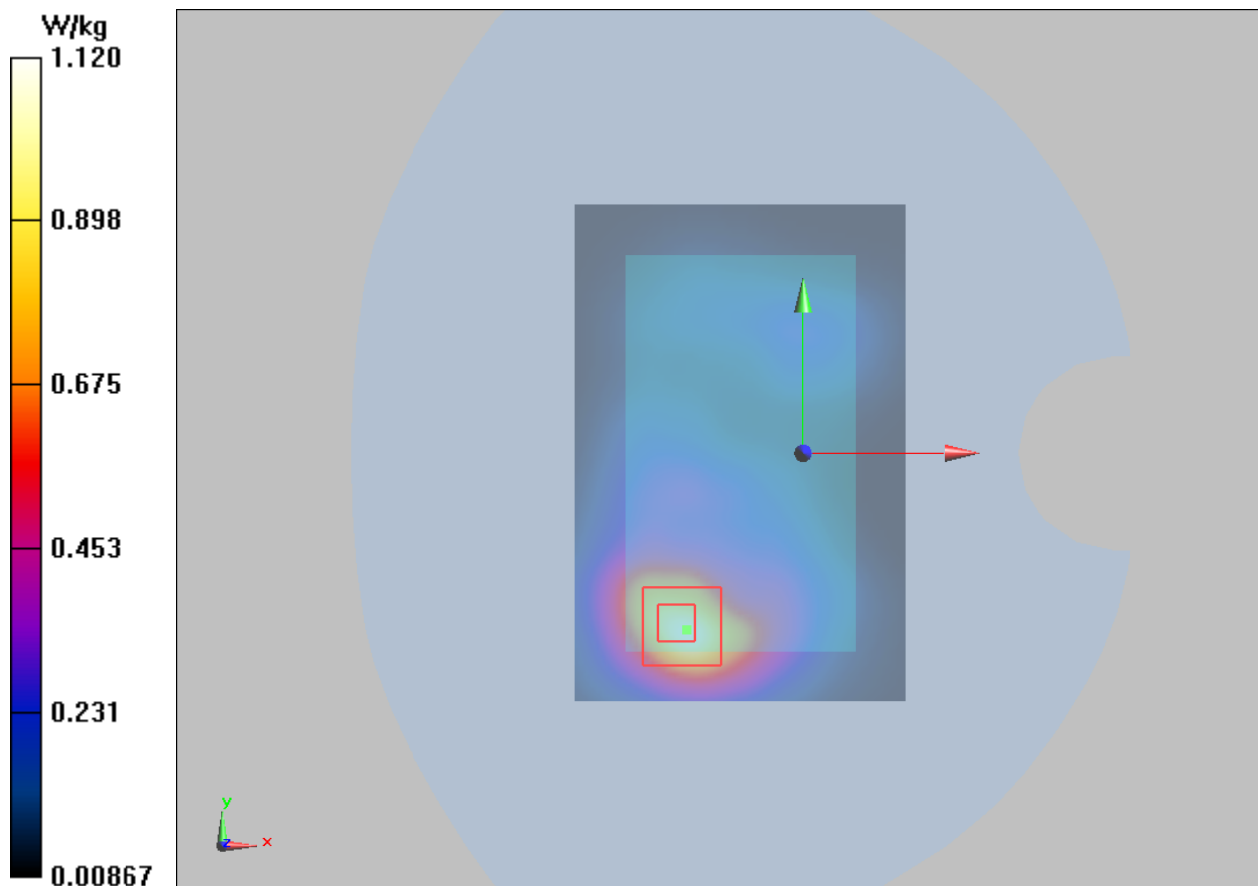
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.428 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.524 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg



Plot 15 802.11b Top Edge High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 7/12/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WiFi (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.969$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 8/2/2016

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Top Edge High/Area Scan (51x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.266 W/kg

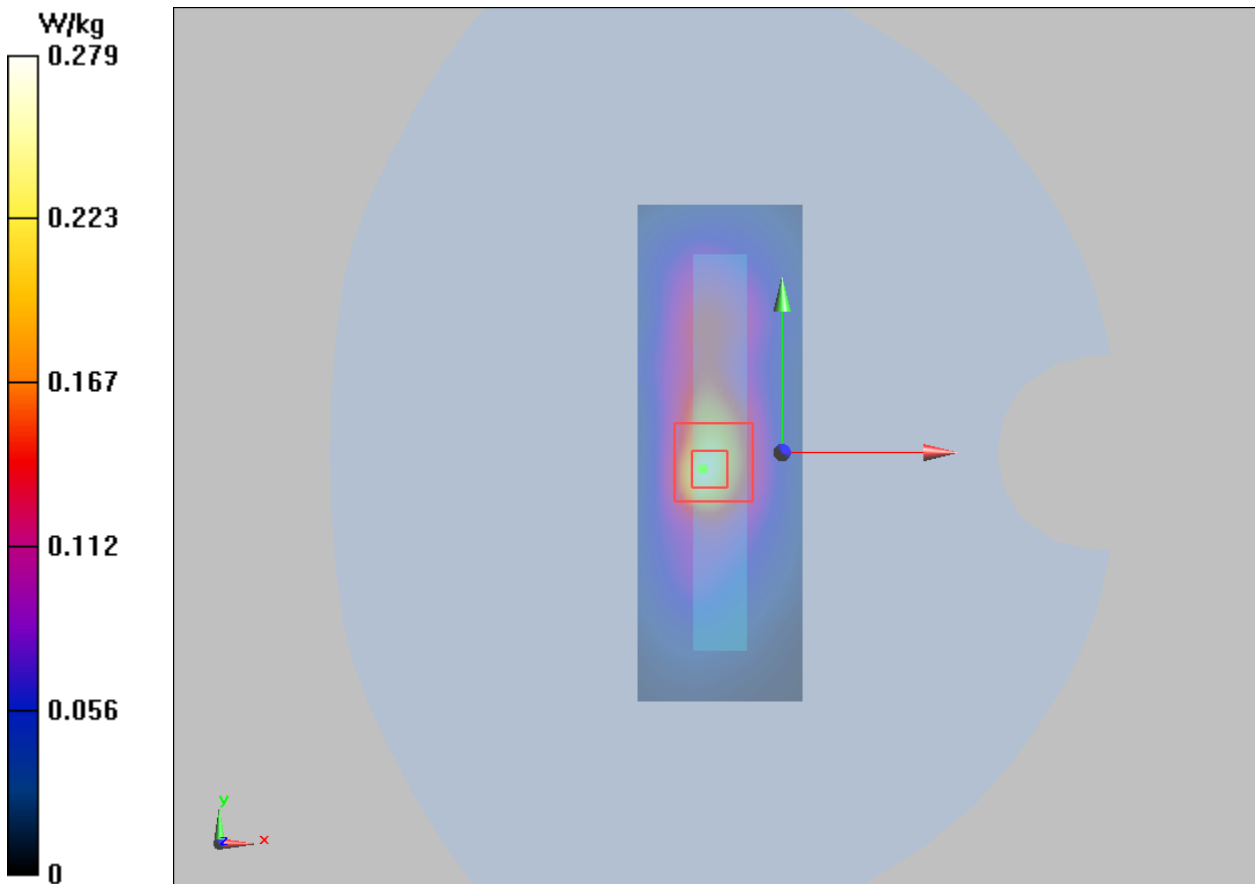
Top Edge High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.478 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.239 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.279 W/kg





ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate



In Collaboration with
s p e a g
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



中国认可
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CNAS L0570

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Client TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No: Z17-97012

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Calibration Procedure(s)
FD-Z11-004-01
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: January 23, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL,No.J16X01547)	Mar-18
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7433	26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16)	Sep-17
DAE4	SN 549	13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16)	Dec -17
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04776)	Jun-17
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan -17

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: January 24, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 1 of 11



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

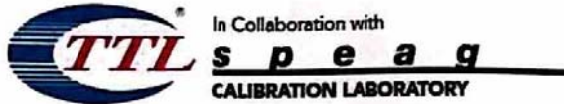
Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}:** Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A,B,C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle:** The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).



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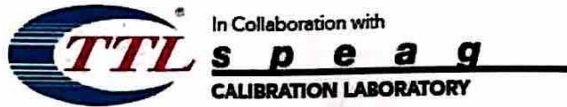
Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3677

Calibrated: January 23, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.39	0.44	0.38	±10.8%
DCP(mV) ^B	97.3	102.2	101.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	180.5	±2.0%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		195.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		177.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.58	9.58	9.58	0.30	0.75	±12%
835	41.5	0.90	9.31	9.31	9.31	0.11	1.55	±12%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.60	8.60	8.60	0.24	1.07	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.39	8.39	8.39	0.23	1.10	±12%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.53	0.74	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.61	0.71	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.68	0.68	±12%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.66	5.66	5.66	0.40	1.20	±13%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.40	1.40	±13%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.40	±13%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.99	9.99	9.99	0.30	0.95	± 12%
835	55.2	0.97	9.74	9.74	9.74	0.14	1.66	± 12%
1750	53.4	1.49	8.39	8.39	8.39	0.21	1.16	± 12%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.98	7.98	7.98	0.22	1.24	± 12%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.55	0.80	± 12%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.50	0.86	± 12%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.63	7.63	7.63	0.44	0.91	± 12%
5250	48.9	5.36	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.50	1.60	± 13%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.54	1.66	± 13%
5750	48.3	5.94	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.57	1.95	± 13%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

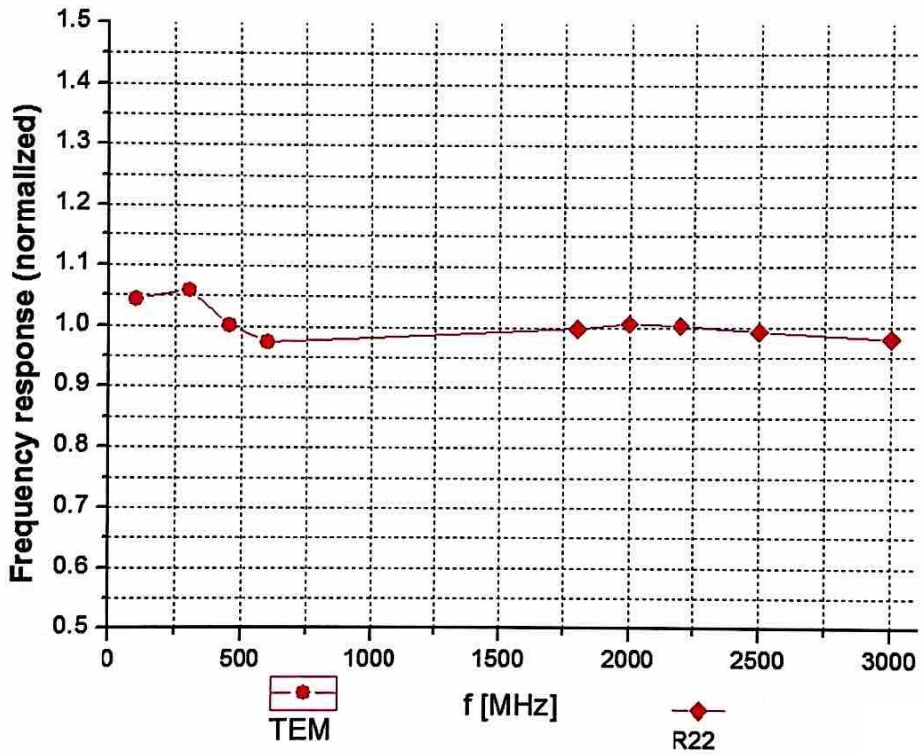
^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209
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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.5\%$ (k=2)



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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22

