



SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant ZTE Corporation

FCC ID SRQ-DL2XLB28

Product LTE/WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Multi-Mode

Digital Mobile Phone

Model ZTE BLADE A602、ZTE Blade A602、BLADE

A602 Blade A602 DL2 XL Digicel DL2 XL

DIGICEL DL2 XL

Report No. RXA1710-0351SAR01

Issue Date November 21, 2017

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528- 2013**, **ANSI/ IEEE C95.1-1992**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Performed by: Jiangpeng Lan

Jiang peng Lan

Approved by: Kai Xu

Kai Xu

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China TEL: +86-021-50791141/2/3

FAX: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000



Table of Contents

1	Tes	t Laborate	ory	4
	1.1	Notes of	f the Test Report	4
	1.2	Test fac	ility	4
	1.3	Testing	Location	5
	1.4	Laborato	ory Environment	5
2	Sta	tement of	Compliance	6
3	Des	scription o	of Equipment under Test	7
4	Tes	t Specific	ation, Methods and Procedures	9
5	Оре	erational (Conditions during Test	10
	5.1	Test Pos	sitions	
		5.1.1	Against Phantom Head ·····	
		5.1.2	Body Worn Configuration	
		5.1.3	Phablet SAR test considerations	11
	5.2	Measure	ement Variability	12
	5.3	Test Cor	nfiguration	12
		5.3.1	GSM Test Configuration	
		5.3.2	3G Test Configuration	
		5.3.2.1	WCDMA Test Configuration ·····	
		5.3.3	LTE Test Configuration	
		5.3.4	Wi-Fi Test Configuration	
		5.3.5	BT Test Configuration	20
6	SAI	R Measur	ements System Configuration	21
	6.1	SAR Me	asurement Set-up	21
	6.2	DASY5	E-field Probe System	22
	6.3	SAR Me	asurement Procedure	23
7	Mai	n Test Eq	uipment	25
8	Tiss	sue Diele	ctric Parameter Measurements & System Verification	26
	8.1	Tissue \	/erification	26
	8.2	System	Performance Check	28
9	Nor	mal and I	Maximum Output Power	30
	9.1	GSM Mo	ode	30
	9.2	WCDMA	A Mode	32
	9.3	LTE Mo	de	33
	9.4	WLAN N	Лоde	40
	9.5	Bluetoot	h Mode	41
10) Mea	asured ar	nd Reported (Scaled) SAR Results	42
	10.1	EUT Ant	tenna Locations	42
	10.2	Standalo	one SAR test exclusion considerations	43
	10.3	Measure	ed SAR Results	44
	10.4	Simultar	neous Transmission Analysis	54
11	l Mea	asuremer	nt Uncertainty	57

FCC	SAR	Test	Report

ANNEX A: Test Layout	58
ANNEX B: System Check Results	64
ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results	74
ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate	96
ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	107
ANNEX F: D1750V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	115
ANNEX G: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	123
ANNEX H: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	131
ANNEX I: D2600V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate	139
ANNEX J: DAE4 Calibration Certificate	147
ANNEX K: The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration	150

CC SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology** (shanghai) co., Ltd. The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein . Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by any government agencies.

1.2 Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number:L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

C SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China

City: Shanghai

Post code: 201201

Country: P. R. China

Contact: Xu Kai

Telephone: +86-021-50791141/2/3

Fax: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000
Website: http://www.ta-shanghai.com

E-mail: xukai@ta-shanghai.com

1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.



2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows: Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR

	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)								
Mode	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Product Specific 10-g SAR (Separation 0mm)					
GSM 850	0.192	0.276	0.518	NA					
GSM 1900	0.096	0.381	0.639	NA					
WCDMA Band II	0.154	0.768	0.768	NA					
WCDMA Band IV	0.355	0.840	0.840	NA					
WCDMA Band V	0.205	0.349	0.349	NA					
LTE FDD 2	0.147	0.560	0.692	NA					
LTE FDD 4	0.290	0.745	0.745	NA					
LTE FDD 7	0.266	0.865	0.901	NA					
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	0.734	0.191	0.191	NA					
ВТ	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Date of Testing:		October 29, 2017~ November 6, 2017							

Note: The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6 W/kg and 4.0 W/kg) specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

Table 2.2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Product Specific 10-g SAR (Separation 0mm)
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	1.014	1.050	1.050	NA

Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.3.

3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant address ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China ZTE Corporation ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan	Applicant	ZTE Corporation				
Manufacturer ZTE Corporation ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan	Applicant address	·				
Manufacturer address	Manufacturer					
	Manufacturer address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China				

General Technologies

	EUT Description				
Application Purpose:	Original Grant				
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype				
Model:	ZTE BLADE A602、ZTE Blade A602、BLADE A602、Blade A602、DL2 XL、Digicel DL2 XL、DIGICEL DL2 XL				
IMEI:	866112030002964				
Hardware Version:	MB V1.0				
Software Version:	DIG_DL2XL_B28_V1.0				
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna				
Device Class:	В				
Wi-Fi Hotspot	Wi-Fi 2.4G				
Power Class:	GSM 850:4 GSM 1900:1 UMTS Band II/IV/V:3 LTE FDD 2/4/7:3				
Power Level	GSM 850:level 5 GSM 1900:level 0 UMTS Band II/IV/V:all up bits LTE FDD 2/4/7:max power				
	EUT Accessory				
Adapter	Manufacturer: DOKOCOM Model: LPL-A008050150Z				
Battery	Manufacturer: ZHENGZHOU BAK BATTERY CO., LTD Model: Li3830T43P6h856337				
Earphone	Manufacturer: Shen zhen FDC Electronics Co.,Ltd. Model: DEM-93				
USB Extend Cable	71cm Cable, unshield				





Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

	ireless hnology	Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)						
	850	Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK)	☐Multi-slot Class:8-1UP ☐Multi-slot Class:10-2UP	824 ~ 849						
GSM	1900	EGPRS(GMSK,8PSK)	⊠Multi-slot Class:12-4UP ☐Multi-slot Class:33-4UP	1850 ~ 1910						
	Does this dev	vice support DTM (Dual Ti	ransfer Mode)? □Yes ⊠No							
	Band II			1850 ~ 1910						
UMTS	Band IV	QPSK, 16QAM	HSDPA UE Category:24 HSUPA UE Category:7	1710 ~ 1755						
	Band V		riodi // de dategory./	824 ~ 849						
	FDD 2			1850 ~ 1910						
	FDD 4	QPSK, 16QAM	Rel.9	1710 ~ 1755						
LTE	FDD 7			2500 ~ 2570						
	Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) □Yes downlink only⊠No									
	Does this dev	vice support SV-LTE (1xR								
ВТ	2.4G	Vers	Version 4.1 LE							
	2.4G	DSSS,OFDM	802.11b/g/n HT20	2412 ~ 2462						
Wi-Fi	2.40	OFDM	802.11n HT40	2422 ~ 2452						
	Does this dev	rice support MIMO □Yes ⊠No								

Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

CC SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Test Positions

5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

.1.3 Phablet SAR test considerations

For smart phones, with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, that can provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets and support voice calls next to the ear, unless it is confirmed otherwise through KDB inquiries, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance.

- a) The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- b) The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for product specific 10-g SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB Publication 865664 D01 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The 1-g SAR at 5 mm for UMPC mini-tablets is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg; however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold. The normal tablet procedures in KDB Publication 616217 are required when the overall diagonal dimension of the device is > 20.0 cm. Hotspot mode SAR is not required when normal tablet procedures are applied. Extremity 10-g SAR is also not required for the front (top) surface of larger form factor full size tablets. The more conservative normal tablet SAR results can be used to support phablet mode product specific 10-g SAR.
- c) The simultaneous transmission operating configurations applicable to voice and data transmissions for both phone and mini-tablet modes must be taken into consideration separately for 1-g and 10-g SAR to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion and measurement requirements for the relevant wireless modes and exposure conditions.

5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

5.3 Test Configuration

5.3.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following: Output power of reductions:

Table 5.1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum
assignment	output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

CC SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

5.3.2 3G Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

5.3.2.1 WCDMA Test Configuration

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β c, β d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 5.2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	eta_{c}	β_{d}	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β _{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
<u> </u>			(01)		(11010-1, 11010-2)	(Hote 3)	
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15		12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
2	(note 4)	(note 4)	64	(note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15 4/15 64		15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5	

Note1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \stackrel{\longleftrightarrow}{\rightleftharpoons} A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \stackrel{\longleftrightarrow}{\rightleftharpoons} \beta_{hs} = 30/15^*\beta_c$

Note2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 5.3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub- set	eta_{c}	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	eta_{ec}	$eta_{\sf ed}$	β _{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} 47/15 β_{ed2} 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c} = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \underline{\beta}_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_{c}$.
- Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta c/\beta d$ =12/15, $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the $\beta c/\beta d$ ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta c = 10/15$ and $\beta d = 15/15$.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the $\beta c/\beta d$ ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta c = 14/15$ and $\beta d = 15/15$.
- Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.
- Note 6: ßed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 5.4: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Codos TII Spreading		Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)		
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
	2	8	2	4	2798	4.4=00
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6	4	8	2		11484	5.76
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	20000	2.00
7	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10		20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.

UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)



HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration

Measurement is required for HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements.35 Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PBA is required for TCB approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

- 1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 2) SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.36 Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.
- 3) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.
- 4) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA: a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.
- i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.
- b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.
- c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GGPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.
- 5) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.



Table 5.5: HS-DSCH UE category

Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories

HS-DSCH category	Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received	Minimum inter-TTI interval	Maximum number of bits of an HS- DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1	Total number of soft channel bits	Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation	Supported modulatio ns with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation	Supported modulatio ns with dual cell operation
Category 1	5	3	7298	19200			
Category 2	5	3	7298	28800			
Category 3	5	2	7298	28800			
Category 4	5	2	7298	38400	1		
Category 5	5	1	7298	57600	00014 400		
Category 6	5	1	7298	67200	QPSK, 16QAM	100	
Category 7	10	1	14411	115200		Not	
Category 8	10	1	14411	134400	100	applicable	
Category 9	15	1	20251	172800		(MIMO not	
Category 10	15	1	27952	172800		supported)	
Category 11	5	2	3630	14400	anni:		1 - 4
Category 12	- 5	1	3630	28800	QPSK		41.4
Category 13	15	1	35280	259200	QPSK,		Not applicable
Category 14	15	1	42192	259200	16QAM, 64QAM		(dual cell operation
Category 15	15	1	23370	345600	ODCK 40	20414	not
Category 16	15	1	27952	345600	QPSK, 16	QAM	supported)
Category 17 NOTE 2	15	1	35280	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	9	capportou
NOTE 2			23370	345600		QPSK, 16QAM	
Category 18 NOTE 3	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
NOIES			27952	345600		QPSK, 16QAM	
Category 19	15	1	35280	518400	ODER 1004	I CAOAM	
Category 20	15	1	42192	518400	QPSK, 16QAI	vi, 04QAM	
Category 21	15	1	23370	345600			QPSK,
Category 22	15	1	27952	345600			16QAM
Category 23	15	1	35280	518400		-E1	QPSK,
Category 24	15	1	42192	518400			

5.3.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.



B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to $3GPP\ TS36.101\ Section\ 6.2.3-6.2.5$ under Table 6.2.3-1.

C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

CC SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

5.3.4 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported* SAR for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that
 exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or
 aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to
 the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - ♦ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - ♦ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - → The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to
 those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply
 the test reduction.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

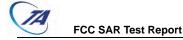


C SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

5.3.5 BT Test Configuration

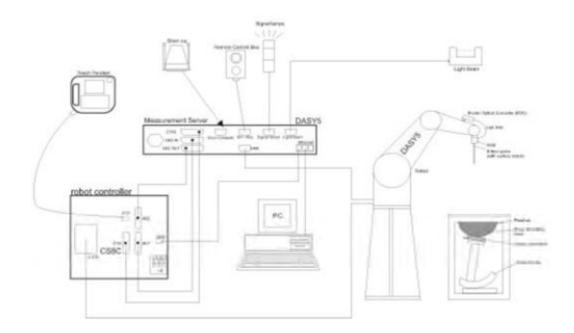
For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. And the CBT contrl the EUT operating with hoping off and data rate set for 3DH5. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.



6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- > The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- > The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- ➤ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ➤ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

> Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration

service available

10 MHz to > 6 GHz Frequency

> Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe

axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation

normal to probe axis)

Dynamic 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g) Range

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip

diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole

centers: 1 mm

Application High precision dosimetric

> measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to

6 GHz with precision of better 30%.





E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based FCC SAR Test Report Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR=CAT/At

Where: $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

SAR=IEI²σ/ρ

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly. Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest		
measurement point (geometric center of	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
probe sensors) to phantom surface		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to		
phantom surface normal at the	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
measurement location		
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm
	2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimens	sion of the test device, in
Maximum area scan spatial resolution:	the measurement plar	ne orientation, is smaller
ΔxArea, ΔyArea	than the above, the m	neasurement resolution
	must be ≤ the correspo	nding x or y dimension of
	the test device with at	least one measurement
	point on the	e test device.

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz					
Maximum zo	oom scan	spatial resolution:∆x _{zoom}	≤2GHz: ≤8mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm*					
	\triangle	Y zoom	2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*					
Massinasson				3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm					
Maximum	Uı	niform grid: $\triangle z_{zoom}(n)$	≤5mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm					
zoom scan				5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm					
spatial		$\triangle z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two		3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm					
resolution,	Graded						points closest to phantom	≤4mm	4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm
normal to								- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	surface
phantom surface	grid	$\triangle z_{zoom}(n>1)$: between	<1 F . ∧ .	- (2.1)					
Surface		subsequent points	≥1.5•△∠	z _{zoom} (n-1)					
Minimum				3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm					
zoom scan	X, y, z		≥30mm	4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm					
volume				5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm					

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.



7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP	85070E	US44020115	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2017-05-21	2018-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2017-05-21	2018-05-20
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	2017-05-21	2018-05-20
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Wideband radio communication tester	R&S	CMW 500	113645	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
BT Base Station Simulator	R&S	СВТ	100271	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3677	2017-01-23	2018-01-22
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1291	2017-01-19	2018-01-18
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d020	2017-08-28	2020-08-27
Validation Kit 1750MHz	SPEAG	D1750V2	1033	2017-01-10	2020-01-09
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d060	2017-08-26	2020-08-25
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2017-08-29	2020-08-28
Validation Kit 2600MHz	SPEAG	D2600V2	1025	2014-12-08	2017-12-07
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	AA1009129	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Hygrothermograph	Anymetr	NT-311	20150731	2017-05-17	2018-05-16
Software for Test	Speag	DASY5	52.8.8.1222	/	/
Software for Tissue	Agilent	85070	E06.01.36	/	/



8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Frequ (MF	_	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	ε _r	σ(s/m)
	835	41.45	1.45	56	0	0.1	1.0	41.5	0.90
	1750	55.24	0.31	0	44.45	0	0	40.1	1.37
Head	1900	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	40.0	1.40
	2450	62.7	0.5	0	36.8	0	0	39.2	1.80
	2600	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	39.0	1.96
	835	52.5	1.4	45	0	0.1	1.0	55.2	0.97
	1750	69.91	0.12	0	29.97	0	0	53.4	1.49
Body	1900	69.91	0.13	0	29.96	0	0	53.3	1.52
	2450	73.2	0.1	0	26.7	0	0	52.7	1.95
	2600	72.6	0.1	0	27.3	0	0	52.5	2.16



Measurements results

Frequ	iency	To d Dodo	Temp		Dielectric neters		Dielectric neters		nit n ±5%)
(MHz)		Test Date	ပ	٤r	σ(s/m)	٤r	σ(s/m)	Dev ε _r (%)	Dev σ(%)
835	Head	10/29/2017	21.5	42.50	0.94	41.5	0.90	2.41	4.44
033	Body	10/29/2017	21.5	55.40	0.97	55.2	0.97	0.36	0.00
1750	Head	10/30/2017	21.5	38.63	1.37	40.1	1.37	-3.67	0.00
1750	Body	10/30/2017	21.5	51.77	1.43	53.4	1.49	-3.05	-4.03
1900	Head	11/1/2017	21.5	39.00	1.38	40.0	1.40	-2.50	-1.43
1900	Body	11/1/2017	21.5	51.60	1.49	53.3	1.52	-3.19	-1.97
2450	Head	11/6/2017	21.5	40.60	1.82	39.2	1.80	3.57	1.11
2450	Body	11/6/2017	21.5	51.10	1.95	52.7	1.95	-3.04	0.00
2600	Head	11/2/2017	21.5	40.33	2.01	39.0	1.96	3.41	2.55
2600	Body	11/2/2017	21.5	51.11	2.08	52.5	2.16	-2.65	-3.70

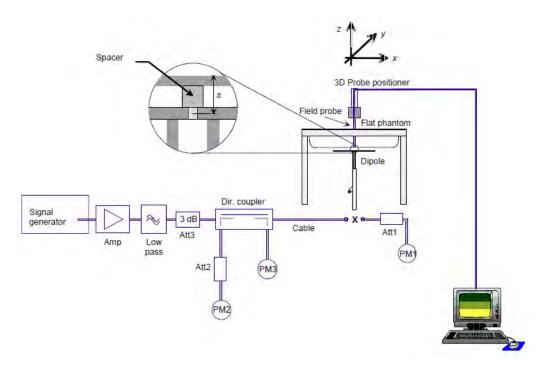
Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be \geq 15.0 cm for SAR measurements \leq 3 GHz and \geq 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.



8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1 System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo



Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipole		Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ
		12/8/2014	-24.2	/	49.7	/
	Head Liquid	12/7/2015	-23.9	1.2%	50.4	0.7Ω
Dipole D2600V2	Liquid	12/6/2016	-23.3	2.6%	50.7	-0.3Ω
SN: 1025		12/8/2014	-23.6	/	46.6	/
	Body Liquid	12/7/2015	-24.0	1.7%	47.2	0.6Ω
	Liquid	12/6/2016	-24.4	-1.6%	47.1	0.1Ω

System Check results

•	uency Hz)	Test Date	Temp Measured Norma ℃ SAR _{1g} SAF		1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)	Plot No.
835	Head	10/29/2017	21.5	2.44	9.76	9.45	3.28	1
033	Body	10/29/2017	21.5	2.41	9.64	9.75	-1.13	2
1750	Head	10/30/2017	21.5	8.95	35.80	37.20	-3.76	3
1750	Body	10/30/2017	21.5	9.24	36.96	37.60	-1.70	4
1000	Head	11/1/2017	21.5	9.88	39.52	40.10	-1.45	5
1900	Body	11/1/2017	21.5	9.93	39.72	39.50	0.56	6
2450	Head	11/6/2017	21.5	13.7	54.80	52.60	4.18	7
2450	Body	11/6/2017	21.5	12.5	50.00	50.80	-1.57	8
2600	Head	11/2/2017	21.5	13.9	55.60	56.90	-2.28	9
2600 Body		11/2/2017	21.5	13.5	54.00	56.40	-4.26	10
Noto	Torget \	/aluga ugad da	rivo from	the colibration	n cortificato Da	ata Staraga	and Evalue	ation

Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.



9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 GSM Mode

CS1	Л 850	В	urst Avera	ge	Division	Fra	ame-Avera	age	Burst
GSIN	/1 000	F	Power(dBn	n)	Factors	Р	ower(dBn	n)	Tune-up
Tx Cl	nannel	128	190	251	(dB)	128	190	251	Limit
Frequer	ncy(MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	(ub)	824.2	836.6	848.8	(dBm)
GSM(GMSK)	32.54	32.55	32.47	9.03	23.51	23.52	23.44	33.50
	1Txslot	32.53	32.53	32.45	9.03	23.50	23.50	23.42	33.50
GPRS	2Txslots	31.88	31.87	31.79	6.02	25.86	25.85	25.77	32.50
(GMSK)	3Txslots	30.26	30.22	30.16	4.26	26.00	25.96	25.90	31.00
	4Txslots	29.22	29.18	29.10	3.01	26.21	26.17	26.09	30.00
	1 Tx Slot	32.22	32.20	32.10	9.03	23.19	23.17	23.07	33.50
EGPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.60	31.55	31.47	6.02	25.58	25.53	25.45	32.50
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	30.09	29.99	29.91	4.26	25.83	25.73	25.65	31.00
	4 Tx Slots	29.09	29.01	28.88	3.01	26.08	26.00	25.87	30.00
	1Txslot	26.78	26.80	26.74	9.03	17.75	17.77	17.71	27.50
EGPRS	2Txslots	25.79	25.71	25.63	6.02	19.77	19.69	19.61	26.50
(8PSK)	3Txslots	23.99	23.97	23.91	4.26	19.73	19.71	19.65	24.50
	4Txslots	22.94	22.87	22.78	3.01	19.93	19.86	19.77	23.50
GSM	I 1900	В	urst Avera	ge	Division	Fra	ame-Avera	age	Burst
GSIV	1 1900	F	Power(dBn	n)	Factors	Р	ower(dBn	n)	Tune-up
Tx Cl	nannel	512	661	810	(dB)	512	661	810	Limit
Frequer	ncy(MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(ub)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM(GMSK)	28.97	28.90	28.86	9.03	19.94	19.87	19.83	30.00
	1Txslot	28.98	28.88	28.82	9.03	19.95	19.85	19.79	30.00
GPRS	2Txslots	28.31	28.26	28.16	6.02	22.29	22.24	22.14	29.00
(GMSK)	3Txslots	26.58	26.52	26.48	4.26	22.32	22.26	22.22	27.50
	4Txslots	25.52	25.46	25.44	3.01	22.51	22.45	22.43	26.50
	1Txslot	28.85	28.65	28.46	9.03	19.82	19.62	19.43	30.00
EGPRS	2Txslots	28.26	28.10	27.92	6.02	22.24	22.08	21.90	29.00
(GMSK)	3Txslots	26.68	26.56	26.41	4.26	22.42	22.30	22.15	27.50
	4Txslots	25.50	25.44	25.38	3.01	22.49	22.43	22.37	26.50
	1Txslot	25.56	25.43	25.37	9.03	16.53	16.40	16.34	26.50
EGPRS	2Txslots	24.73	24.66	24.51	6.02	18.71	18.64	18.49	25.50
(8PSK)	3Txslots	22.96	22.87	22.76	4.26	18.70	18.61	18.50	23.50
	4Txslots	21.83	21.71	21.65	3.01	18.82	18.70	18.64	22.50



CC SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

- Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.
- 2. SAR is not required for EGPRS (8PSK) mode because its output power is less than that of GPRS Mode.

9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

WC	DMA		Band	II(dBm)			Band	IV(dBm)		Band V(dBm)			
Tx C	hannel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up	4132	4183	4233	Tune-up
Frequer	ncy(MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6	Limit (dBm)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	Limit (dBm)	826.4	836.6	846.6	Limit (dBm)
	12.2kbps	22.58	22.70	22.81	23.50	23.13	23.19	23.12	24.00	22.64	22.83	22.85	23.50
RMC	64kbps	22.42	22.53	22.67	23.50	22.99	23.13	22.99	24.00	22.57	22.69	22.79	23.50
KIVIC	144kbps	22.52	22.61	22.75	23.50	22.98	23.03	22.98	24.00	22.56	22.68	22.69	23.50
	384kbps	22.51	22.63	22.74	23.50	22.97	23.02	22.97	24.00	22.55	22.67	22.68	23.50
	Sub 1	22.50	22.62	22.73	23.50	22.96	23.03	22.96	24.00	22.54	22.66	22.69	23.50
HSDPA	Sub 2	22.49	22.61	22.72	23.50	22.97	23.02	22.98	24.00	22.48	22.67	22.68	23.50
ПОДРА	Sub 3	21.98	22.10	22.21	22.50	22.57	22.60	22.56	23.00	21.97	22.27	22.26	22.50
	Sub 4	21.97	22.09	22.20	22.50	22.56	22.62	22.55	23.00	21.98	22.26	22.28	22.50
	Sub 1	22.46	22.58	22.69	23.50	23.05	23.11	23.04	24.00	22.47	22.75	22.77	23.50
	Sub 2	20.65	20.77	20.88	21.50	21.21	21.27	21.20	22.00	20.72	20.91	20.93	21.50
HSUPA	Sub 3	21.43	21.56	21.67	22.50	22.03	22.09	22.02	23.00	21.54	21.73	21.75	22.50
	Sub 4	20.62	20.75	20.86	21.50	21.22	21.28	21.21	22.00	20.73	20.92	20.94	21.50
	Sub 5	22.41	22.54	22.65	23.50	23.01	23.07	23.00	24.00	22.52	22.71	22.73	23.50
	Sub 1	22.42	22.56	22.65	23.50	23.00	23.06	22.99	24.00	22.51	22.70	22.72	23.50
DC-	Sub 2	22.41	22.55	22.64	23.50	22.98	23.05	22.98	24.00	22.60	22.68	22.71	23.50
HSDPA	Sub 3	21.99	22.04	22.15	22.50	22.47	22.54	22.47	23.00	22.09	22.17	22.20	22.50
	Sub 4	21.98	22.03	22.14	22.50	22.46	22.53	22.46	23.00	22.08	22.16	22.19	22.50
HSPA+	16QAM	22.25	22.36	22.47	23.50	22.83	22.88	22.83	24.00	22.26	22.53	22.54	23.50

Note: 1.Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps AMR with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

9.3 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})										
	1.4 MHz											
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1					
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1					
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2					

LTE FDD Band 2				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up
Donalusialth	Bandwidth Modulation		DD -#+	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Limit
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3	(dBm)
		1	0	22.32	22.47	22.39	23.00
		1	2	22.20	22.34	22.34	23.00
		1	5	22.19	22.32	22.33	23.00
	QPSK	3	0	22.18	22.27	22.30	23.00
		3	2	22.18	22.31	22.29	23.00
		3	3	22.16	22.21	22.38	23.00
1.4MHz		6	0	21.15	21.39	21.43	22.00
1.41411112	16QAM	1	0	21.29	21.37	21.42	22.00
		1	2	21.34	21.21	21.29	22.00
		1	5	21.35	21.24	21.34	22.00
		3	0	21.20	21.25	21.27	22.00
		3	2	21.18	21.32	21.29	22.00
		3	3	21.20	21.28	21.30	22.00
		6	0	20.24	20.37	20.33	21.00
				Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18615/1851.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5	Limit (dBm)
	QPSK	1	0	22.34	22.51	22.42	23.00
3MHz		1	7	22.23	22.39	22.38	23.00
		1	14	22.22	22.37	22.37	23.00
		8	0	21.28	21.39	21.43	22.00
		8	4	21.30	21.41	21.41	22.00
		8	7	21.26	21.32	21.48	22.00
		15	0	21.18	21.43	21.46	22.00
	16QAM	1	0	21.32	21.39	21.45	22.00
	IUQAW	1	7	21.37	21.26	21.33	22.00
TA Tookyology (Changhai) Co. Ltd. TA MD 04 002C Days 22 of 45C							

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

TA-MB-04-003S

Page 33 of 156



FCC SAR Test Report Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18675/1857.5	18900/1880	19125/1902.5	Limit (dBm)
	16QAM			Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up
		50	0	20.28	20.42	20.35	21.00
		25	25	20.30	20.40	20.43	21.00
		25	13	20.28	20.44	20.40	21.00
		25	0	20.32	20.39	20.40	21.00
		1	49	21.37	21.28	21.36	22.00
		1	25	21.37	21.38 21.28	21.44 21.33	22.00 22.00
10MHz	Modulation QPSK	50	0	21.24 21.31	21.44	21.48	22.00
		25 50	25	21.26	21.34	21.49	22.00
		25	13	21.31	21.42	21.40	22.00
		25	0	21.28	21.39	21.43	22.00
		1	49	22.21	22.36	22.36	23.00
		1	25	22.24	22.40	22.39	23.00
		1	0	22.33	22.50	22.41	23.00
		1	0	22.22	22.50	22.44	(dBm)
Bandwidth		RB size	RB offset	18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905	Limit
				Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up
		25	0	20.25	20.37	20.31	21.00
	16QAM	12	13	20.27	20.35	20.39	21.00
		12	6	20.26	20.40	20.37	21.00
		12	0	20.29	20.34	20.36	21.00
		1	24	21.34	21.26	21.33	22.00
		1	13	21.34	21.24	21.30	22.00
5MHz		1	0	21.29	21.35	21.42	22.00
		25	0	21.16	21.42	21.44	22.00
		12	13	21.24	21.30	21.44	22.00
	·	12	6	21.28	21.37	21.36	22.00
	QPSK	12	0	21.25	21.34	21.39	22.00
		1	24	22.19	22.32	22.33	23.00
		1	13	22.21	22.35	22.35	23.00
		1	0	22.31	22.49	22.38	(dBm) 23.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5	Limit
				Chanr	nel/Frequency		Tune-up
		15	0	20.27	20.41	20.36	21.00
		8	7	20.30	20.40	20.43	21.00
		8	4	20.29	20.45	20.41	21.00
		8	0	20.31	20.38	20.39	21.00
		1	14	21.37	21.28	21.37	22.00



FCC SAR Test Report

FC	FCC SAR Test Report Report No: RXA1710-03515						SAKUI
		1	38	22.22	22.39	22.36	23.00
		1	74	22.18	22.31	22.32	23.00
		36	0	21.26	21.35	21.40	22.00
		36	18	21.28	21.37	21.36	22.00
		36	39	21.23	21.31	21.45	22.00
		75	0	21.22	21.40	21.43	22.00
		1	0	21.26	21.36	21.42	22.00
		1	38	21.35	21.25	21.31	22.00
		1	74	21.34	21.24	21.33	22.00
	16QAM	36	0	20.29	20.37	20.37	21.00
		36	18	20.25	20.39	20.36	21.00
		36	39	20.28	20.36	20.40	21.00
		75	0	20.25	20.37	20.31	21.00
	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up
Bandwidth				18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900	Limit
							(dBm)
	QPSK	1	0	22.29	22.42	22.36	23.00
		1	50	22.21	22.35	22.34	23.00
		1	99	22.16	22.30	22.29	23.00
		50	0	21.23	21.30	21.36	22.00
		50	25	21.26	21.33	21.33	22.00
20MHz		50	50	21.20	21.26	21.41	22.00
		100	0	21.19	21.35	21.39	22.00
	16QAM	1	0	21.24	21.32	21.37	22.00
		1	50	21.31	21.23	21.27	22.00
		1	99	21.32	21.21	21.31	22.00
		50	0	20.26	20.33	20.34	21.00
		50	25	20.22	20.37	20.33	21.00
		50	50	20.25	20.31	20.36	21.00
		100	0	20.23	20.33	20.28	21.00

	LTE FDD B	and 4		Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Limit
				19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3	(dBm)
	QPSK	1	0	22.48	22.47	22.49	23.00
1.4MHz		1	2	22.27	22.36	22.38	23.00
		1	5	22.34	22.38	22.36	23.00
		3	0	22.38	22.39	22.41	23.00
		3	2	22.28	22.35	22.41	23.00
		3	3	22.30	22.31	22.39	23.00
		6	0	21.32	21.39	21.45	22.00
	16QAM	1	0	21.36	21.42	21.46	22.00



FCC SAR Test Report

FCC SAR Test Report Report No: RXA1/10-03515AR01							
	1	2	21.36	21.24	21.32	22.00	
	1	5	21.26	21.28	21.29	22.00	
	3	0	21.34	21.31	21.37	22.00	
	3	2	21.27	21.30	21.43	22.00	
	3	3	21.26	21.38	21.31	22.00	
	6	0	20.33	20.46	20.50	21.00	
			Chan	nel/Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	
Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19965/1711 5	20175/1732 5	20385/1753 5	Limit	
			13303/1711.5	20170/1702.0	20000/1700.0	(dBm)	
	1	0	22.50	22.51	22.52	23.00	
	1	7	22.30	22.41	22.42	23.00	
	1	14	22.37	22.43	22.40	23.00	
QPSK	8	0	21.48	21.51	21.54	22.00	
	8	4	21.40	21.45	21.53	22.00	
	8	7	21.40	21.42	21.49	22.00	
	15	0	21.35	21.43	21.48	22.00	
	1	0	21.39	21.44	21.49	22.00	
16QAM	1	7	21.39	21.29	21.36	22.00	
	1	14	21.28	21.32	21.32	22.00	
	8	0	20.45	20.44	20.49	21.00	
	8	4	20.38	20.43	20.55	21.00	
	8	7	20.36	20.50	20.44	21.00	
	15	0	20.36	20.50	20.53	21.00	
			Chan	Tune-up			
Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5	Limit (dBm)	
	1	0	22.47	22.49	22.48	23.00	
	1	13	22.28	22.37	22.39	23.00	
QPSK	1	24	22.34	22.38	22.36	23.00	
	12	0	21.45	21.46	21.50	22.00	
	12	6	21.38	21.41	21.48	22.00	
	12	13	21.38	21.40	21.45	22.00	
	25	0	21.33	21.42	21.46	22.00	
16QAM	1	0	21.36	21.40	21.46	22.00	
	1	13	21.36	21.27	21.33	22.00	
	1	24	21.25	21.30	21.28	22.00	
	12	0	20.43	20.40	20.46	21.00	
	12	6	20.35	20.38	20.51	21.00	
	12	13	20.33	20.45	20.40	21.00	
	25	0	20.34	20.46	20.48	21.00	
			Chan	nel/Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	
Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20000/1715	20175/1732.5	20350/1750	Limit	
	Modulation QPSK 16QAM QPSK 16QAM	1	1 2 1 5 3 0 3 2 3 3 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	1	1	



FCC SAR Test Report

-	C SAR Test Rep	701 L			кероп	NO: KXA1/10-03518	AUTO I
		1	0	22.49	22.50	22.51	23.00
		1	25	22.31	22.42	22.43	23.00
		1	49	22.36	22.42	22.39	23.00
	QPSK	25	0	21.48	21.51	21.54	22.00
		25	13	21.41	21.46	21.52	22.00
		25	25	21.40	21.44	21.50	22.00
10MHz		50	0	21.41	21.44	21.50	22.00
TOWINZ		1	0	21.38	21.43	21.48	22.00
		1	25	21.39	21.31	21.36	22.00
		1	49	21.28	21.32	21.31	22.00
	16QAM	25	0	20.46	20.45	20.50	21.00
		25	13	20.37	20.42	20.54	21.00
		25	25	20.36	20.50	20.44	21.00
		50	0	20.37	20.51	20.52	21.00
				Chan	nel/Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20025/4747 5	20175/1732.5	20225/4747.5	Limit
				20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20325/1747.5	(dBm)
		1	0	22.48	22.46	22.49	23.00
		1	38	22.29	22.41	22.40	23.00
		1	74	22.33	22.37	22.35	23.00
	QPSK	36	0	21.46	21.47	21.51	22.00
		36	18	21.38	21.41	21.48	22.00
		36	39	21.37	21.41	21.46	22.00
15MHz		75	0	21.39	21.40	21.45	22.00
TOWIEZ		1	0	21.33	21.41	21.46	22.00
		1	38	21.37	21.28	21.34	22.00
		1	74	21.25	21.28	21.28	22.00
	16QAM	36	0	20.43	20.43	20.47	21.00
		36	18	20.34	20.37	20.50	21.00
		36	39	20.34	20.46	20.41	21.00
		75	0	20.34	20.46	20.48	21.00
				Chan	nel/Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20050/4720	20175/1722.5	20200/4745	Limit
				20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745	(dBm)
		1	0	22.45	22.42	22.46	23.00
		1	50	22.28	22.37	22.38	23.00
		1	99	22.31	22.36	22.32	23.00
	QPSK	50	0	21.43	21.42	21.47	22.00
20MHz		50	25	21.36	21.37	21.45	22.00
		50	50	21.34	21.36	21.42	22.00
		100	0	21.36	21.35	21.41	22.00
		1	0	21.31	21.37	21.41	22.00
	16QAM	-	-				



o orac root mor			report to the transfer of the				
	1	99	21.23	21.25	21.26	22.00	
	50	0	20.40	20.39	20.44	21.00	
	50	25	20.31	20.35	20.47	21.00	
	50	50	20.31	20.41	20.37	21.00	
	100	0	20.32	20.42	20.45	21.00	

	LTE FDD B	and 7		Cond	lucted Power((dBm)	Tune-up
Dan davidab	Marakalatian	DD -:	DD -#+	Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Limit
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5	(dBm)
		1	0	22.38	22.51	22.45	23.50
		1	13	22.26	22.52	22.28	23.50
		1	24	22.32	22.53	22.34	23.50
	QPSK	12	0	21.46	21.61	21.48	22.50
		12	6	21.48	21.63	21.37	22.50
		12	13	21.47	21.67	21.34	22.50
5MHz		25	0	21.42	21.66	21.36	22.50
JIVII IZ		1	0	21.48	21.54	21.52	22.50
		1	13	21.41	21.60	21.38	22.50
		1	24	21.49	21.50	21.45	22.50
	16QAM	12	0	20.42	20.55	20.39	21.50
		12	6	20.45	20.61	20.36	21.50
		12	13	20.37	20.65	20.33	21.50
		25	0	20.35	20.61	20.35	21.50
	Modulation			Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth		RB size	RB offset	20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565	Limit (dBm)
		1	0	22.40	22.52	22.48	23.50
		1	25	22.29	22.57	22.32	23.50
		1	49	22.34	22.57	22.37	23.50
	QPSK	25	0	21.49	21.66	21.52	22.50
		25	13	21.51	21.68	21.41	22.50
		25	25	21.49	21.71	21.39	22.50
10MHz		50	0	21.50	21.68	21.40	22.50
TOWINZ		1	0	21.50	21.57	21.54	22.50
		1	25	21.44	21.64	21.41	22.50
		1	49	21.52	21.52	21.48	22.50
	16QAM	25	0	20.45	20.60	20.43	21.50
		25	13	20.47	20.65	20.39	21.50
		25	25	20.40	20.70	20.37	21.50
		50	0	20.38	20.66	20.39	21.50
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up



FCC SAR Test Report

	C SAIN TEST NEPT				- 1	JAKUI	
				20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5	Limit
		4	0	00.00	00.40	00.40	(dBm)
		1	0	22.39	22.48	22.46	23.50
		1	38	22.27	22.56	22.29	23.50
		1	74	22.31	22.52	22.33	23.50
	QPSK	36	0	21.47	21.62	21.49	22.50
		36	18	21.48	21.63	21.37	22.50
		36	39	21.46	21.68	21.35	22.50
15MHz		75	0	21.48	21.64	21.35	22.50
ISIVITIZ		1	0	21.45	21.55	21.52	22.50
		1	38	21.42	21.61	21.39	22.50
		1	74	21.49	21.48	21.45	22.50
	16QAM	36	0	20.42	20.58	20.40	21.50
		36	18	20.44	20.60	20.35	21.50
		36	39	20.38	20.66	20.34	21.50
		75	0	20.35	20.61	20.35	21.50
	Modulation			Chanr	nel/Frequency	(MHz)	Tune-up
Bandwidth		RB size	RB offset	20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560	Limit
							(dBm)
		1	0	22.36	22.44	22.43	23.50
		1	50	22.26	22.52	22.27	23.50
		1	99	22.29	22.51	22.30	23.50
	QPSK	50	0	21.44	21.57	21.45	22.50
		50	25	21.46	21.59	21.34	22.50
		50	50	21.43	21.63	21.31	22.50
208411-		100	0	21.45	21.59	21.31	22.50
20MHz		1	0	21.43	21.51	21.47	22.50
		1	50	21.38	21.59	21.35	22.50
		1	99	21.47	21.45	21.43	22.50
	16QAM	50	0	20.39	20.54	20.37	21.50
		50	25	20.41	20.58	20.32	21.50
		50	50	20.35	20.61	20.30	21.50
		100	0	20.33	20.57	20.32	21.50
					l		

9.4 WLAN Mode

Wi-Fi 2.4G Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Conducted Power (dBm) for Data Rates (bps)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
Wibab	1	2412	14.14	15.50	16
802.11b	6	2437	14.55	15.50	16
	11	2462	14.09	15.50	16
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6M	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
	1	2412	11.58	13.00	13.5
802.11g	6	2437	11.75	13.00	13.5
	11	2462	11.82	13.00	13.5
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6.5M	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
	1	2412	10.40	12.00	12.5
802.11n	6	2437	10.74	12.00	12.5
(HT20)	11	2462	10.80	12.00	12.5
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	13.5M	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	TX Power Setting level
222.44	3	2422	10.46	12.00	12.5
802.11n (HT40)	6	2437	10.31	12.00	12.5
(H140)	9	2452	10.57	12.00	12.5
Note: Initial te	est configura	tion is 802.11b n	node, since the highest maximum outp	out power.	

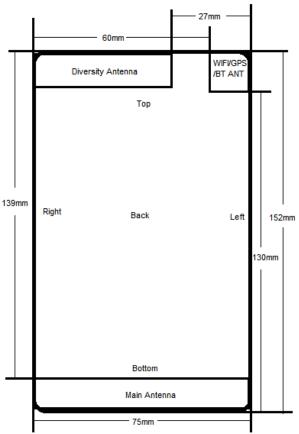
9.5 Bluetooth Mode

ВТ	C Ch	Tune-up		
	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Limit (dBm)		
GFSK	5.02	5.01	3.08	6.00
π/4DQPSK	4.33	2.90	2.42	6.00
8DPSK	4.40	4.50	2.56	6.00
BLE	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 19/2440 MHz	Ch 39/2480 MHz	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
GFSK	1.66	1.39	1.59	2.50



10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall (Length x Width): 152 mm x 75 mm												
	Overall Diagonal: 163 mm/Display Diagonal: 141mm											
	Distance of the	Antenna to th	ne EUT surfac	ce/edge								
Antenna	Antenna Back Side Front side Left Edge Right Edge Top Edge Bottom Edge											
Main-Antenna	Main-Antenna 0 0 0 0 139 0											
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	BT/Wi-Fi Antenna 0 0 0 60 0 130											
		Main-Anter	nna									
GSM 850/1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes						
UMTS Band II/IV/V	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes						
LTE 2/4/7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes						
		BT/Wi-Fi Ant	enna									
BT/Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A						

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

2.For smart phones with an overall diagonal dimension is 163mm. Per KDB 648474 D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension < 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension> 16.0 cm, 10-g extremity SAR must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance.

10.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Bluetooth	Distance (mm)	MAX Power (dBm)	Frequency (MHz)	Ratio	Evaluation
Head	5	6	2480	1.25	No
Body-worn	10	6	2480	0.63	No
Product Specific 10g SAR	5	6	2480	1.25	No

10.3 Measured SAR Results

Table 1: GSM 850

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.	
					Head SA	R						
Left Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.55	-0.026	0.154	1.24	0.192	11	
Left Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.55	0.040	0.068	1.24	0.085	/	
Right Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.55	-0.120	0.124	1.24	0.154	/	
Right Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.55	0.040	0.080	1.24	0.100	/	
	Body-worn (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.55	-0.040	0.222	1.24	0.276	12	
Front Side	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.50	32.55	0.010	0.090	1.24	0.112	/	
				Hotsp	ot (Distan	ce 10mm)						
Back Side	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	30.00	29.18	0.030	0.429	1.21	0.518	13	
Front Side	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	30.00	29.18	0.000	0.144	1.21	0.174	/	
Left Edge	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	30.00	29.18	0.030	0.166	1.21	0.200	/	
Right Edge	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	30.00	29.18	0.020	0.098	1.21	0.118	/	
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Bottom Edge	standard	190/836.6	4Txslots	1:2.07	30.00	29.18	0.027	0.188	1.21	0.227	/	

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

^{3.} When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

^{4.} Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was

^{≤ 1.2} W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

FCC SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

Tabl	le 2·	GSM	1900

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.	
					Head SA	\R						
Left Cheek	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.00	28.90	0.034	0.069	1.29	0.089	/	
Left Tilt	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.00	28.90	0.100	0.023	1.29	0.030	/	
Right Cheek	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.00	28.90	0.020	0.075	1.29	0.096	14	
Right Tilt	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.00	28.90	0.021	0.035	1.29	0.045	/	
	Body-worn (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.00	28.90	0.021	0.296	1.29	0.381	15	
Front Side	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	30.00	28.90	0.033	0.154	1.29	0.198	/	
				Hotsp	ot (Distan	ce 10mm)						
Back Side	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.50	25.46	0.140	0.462	1.27	0.587	/	
Front Side	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.50	25.46	0.060	0.259	1.27	0.329	/	
Left Edge	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.50	25.46	0.024	0.044	1.27	0.056	/	
Right Edge	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.50	25.46	0.100	0.054	1.27	0.068	/	
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Bottom Edge	standard	661/1880	4Txslots	1:2.07	26.50	25.46	0.049	0.503	1.27	0.639	16	

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.



Table 3: UMTS Band II

N/A

standard

Top Edge

Bottom Edge

Table 3	Table 3: UM 15 Band II												
Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.		
	Head SAR												
Left Cheek	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.70	0.053	0.124	1.20	0.149	/		
Left Tilt	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.70	0.190	0.043	1.20	0.051	/		
Right Cheek	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.70	0.022	0.128	1.20	0.154	17		
Right Tilt	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.70	0.034	0.058	1.20	0.069	/		
			Body-w	orn & F	lotspot (D	istance 10mr	n)						
Back Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.70	0.170	0.639	1.20	0.768	18		
Front Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.70	-0.040	0.380	1.20	0.457	/		
Left Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.70	0.043	0.068	1.20	0.082	/		
Right Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.70	0.033	0.061	1.20	0.073	/		

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

N/A

RMC 12.2K

N/A

1:1

N/A

9400/1880

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

N/A

23.50

N/A

22.70

N/A

0.068

N/A

0.009

N/A

1.20

N/A

0.011

N/A

- 3. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.



Table 4: UMTS Band IV

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.	
				Н	ead SAR							
Left Cheek	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	-0.034	0.295	1.21	0.355	19	
Left Tilt	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	0.160	0.109	1.21	0.131	/	
Right Cheek	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	0.040	0.232	1.21	0.280	/	
Right Tilt	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	0.140	0.158	1.21	0.190	/	
	Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
		1513/1752.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.12	0.090	0.686	1.22	0.840	/	
Back Side	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	-0.010	0.695	1.21	0.837	20	
		1312/1712.4	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.13	0.040	0.643	1.22	0.786	/	
Front Side	Standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	-0.030	0.496	1.21	0.598	/	
Left Edge	Standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	-0.086	0.123	1.21	0.148	/	
Right Edge	Standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	0.027	0.173	1.21	0.208	/	
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Bottom Edge	Standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	0.120	0.570	1.21	0.687		
Back Edge	Repeat	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	24.00	23.19	0.030	0.687	1.21	0.828	/	

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

	Measurement Variability										
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio							
Back Edge	1413/1732.6	0.840	0.828	1.014							

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once. 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated

measurements was > 1.20.

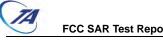


Table 5: UMTS Band V

Table	J. UWI 13	Dana V									
Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.83	0.150	0.176	1.17	0.205	21
Left Tilt	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.83	0.170	0.076	1.17	0.088	/
Right Cheek	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.83	0.060	0.134	1.17	0.156	
Right Tilt	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.83	0.070	0.081	1.17	0.094	/
			Body-wo	orn & H	otspot (Di	stance 10mn	n)				
Back Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.83	0.020	0.299	1.17	0.349	22
Front Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.83	-0.010	0.111	1.17	0.130	/
Left Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.83	0.000	0.144	1.17	0.168	/
Right Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.83	0.060	0.066	1.17	0.077	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	23.50	22.83	0.027	0.194	1.17	0.226	/

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode
- 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

C SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

Table 6: LTE Band 2 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
				H	lead SAR (QP	SK)					
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.42	0.174	0.122	1.14	0.139	/
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.42	0.073	0.031	1.14	0.035	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.42	0.024	0.129	1.14	0.147	23
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.42	0.043	0.059	1.14	0.067	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	18700/1860	22.00	21.41	0.136	0.092	1.15	0.106	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	18700/1860	22.00	21.41	0.104	0.031	1.15	0.036	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	18700/1860	22.00	21.41	0.157	0.087	1.15	0.100	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	18700/1860	22.00	21.41	0.051	0.045	1.15	0.051	/
			В	ody-worn & H	lotspot (QPSK	, Distance 10	mm)				
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.42	0.024	0.490	1.14	0.560	24
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.42	0.130	0.348	1.14	0.398	/
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.42	0.023	0.051	1.14	0.058	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.42	0.160	0.066	1.14	0.075	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23.00	22.42	0.067	0.602	1.14	0.688	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	50	18700/1860	22.00	21.41	0.022	0.488	1.15	0.559	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	50	18700/1860	22.00	21.41	0.140	0.343	1.15	0.393	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	50	18700/1860	22.00	21.41	0.160	0.044	1.15	0.051	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	50	18700/1860	22.00	21.41	0.023	0.036	1.15	0.042	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	50	18700/1860	22.00	21.41	0.056	0.604	1.15	0.692	25

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

^{3.} For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are \geq 0.8 W/kg.

^{4.} According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



Table	Table 7: LTE Band 4 (20MHz)											
Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.	
				н	ead SAR (QPS	SK)						
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.46	0.031	0.256	1.13	0.290	26	
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.46	0.170	0.085	1.13	0.096	/	
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.46	0.073	0.210	1.13	0.238		
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.46	0.160	0.144	1.13	0.163	/	
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.47	0.047	0.202	1.13	0.228	/	
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.47	0.028	0.067	1.13	0.076	/	
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.47	0.094	0.165	1.13	0.186	/	
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.47	0.030	0.113	1.13	0.128	/	
			В	ody-worn & H	otspot (QPSK,	Distance 10	mm)	•				
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.46	-0.020	0.658	1.13	0.745	27	
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.46	-0.140	0.372	1.13	0.421	/	
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.46	0.022	0.135	1.13	0.153	/	
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.46	0.170	0.192	1.13	0.217	/	
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	20300/1745	23.00	22.46	0.190	0.477	1.13	0.540	/	
Back Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.47	0.080	0.524	1.13	0.592	/	
Front Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.47	-0.110	0.328	1.13	0.371	/	
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.47	0.022	0.106	1.13	0.120	/	
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20300/1745	22.00	21.47	0.070	0.148	1.13	0.167	/	

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

N/A

0

N/A

20300/1745

N/A

22.00

N/A

21.47

N/A

0.170

N/A

0.387

N/A

1.13

N/A

0.437

N/A

Top Edge

Bottom Edge standard

N/A

N/A

50%RB

^{2.} Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

^{3.} For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

^{4.} According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.



	Table 8: LTE Band 7 (20MHz)											
Table	8: LTE Ba	nd 7 (20	MHz)									
Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.	
				Hea	ad SAR (QP	SK)		•				
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	99	21100/2535	23.50	22.52	-0.071	0.212	1.25	0.266	28	
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	99	21100/2535	23.50	22.52	0.021	0.127	1.25	0.159	/	
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	99	21100/2535	23.50	22.52	-0.025	0.131	1.25	0.164	/	
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	50	21100/2535	23.50	22.52	0.070	0.127	1.25	0.159	/	
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	21100/2535	22.50	21.63	0.114	0.167	1.22	0.204	/	
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	21100/2535	22.50	21.63	0.031	0.104	1.22	0.127	/	
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	50	21100/2535	22.50	21.63	0.037	0.106	1.22	0.130	/	
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	50	21100/2535	22.50	21.63	0.090	0.102	1.22	0.125	/	
			Во	dy-worn & Hot	spot (QPSK	, Distance 10)mm)					
Back Side	standard	1RB	50	21100/2535	23.50	22.52	-0.022	0.637	1.25	0.798	/	
	standard	1RB	0	21350/2560	23.50	22.43	0.020	0.676	1.28	0.865	29	
Front Side	standard	1RB	50	21100/2535	23.50	22.52	0.047	0.651	1.25	0.816	/	
	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23.50	22.36	-0.038	0.502	1.30	0.653	/	
Left Edge	standard	1RB	50	21100/2535	23.50	22.52	-0.090	0.290	1.25	0.363	/	
Right Edge	standard	1RB	50	21100/2535	23.50	22.52	0.010	0.241	1.25	0.302	/	
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	/	
	standard	1RB	0	21350/2560	23.50	22.43	-0.010	0.704	1.28	0.901	30	
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	50	21100/2535	23.50	22.52	-0.060	0.690	1.25	0.865	/	
	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23.50	22.36	-0.180	0.578	1.30	0.751	/	
Back Side	standard	50%	50	21100/2535	22.50	21.63	0.060	0.512	1.22	0.626	/	
Front Side	standard	50%	50	21100/2535	22.50	21.63	0.043	0.536	1.22	0.655	/	
Left Edge	standard	50%	50	21100/2535	22.50	21.63	0.160	0.248	1.22	0.303	/	
Right Edge	standard	50%	50	21100/2535	22.50	21.63	0.032	0.205	1.22	0.250	/	
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	/	
Bottom Edge	standard	50%	50	21100/2535	22.50	21.63	0.000	0.564	1.22	0.689	/	
	I	1			1	I		1			1	

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

0

0

21100/2535

21100/2535

21350/2560

100%

100%

1RB

22.50

22.50

23.50

21.59

21.59

22.43

0.030

-0.070

0.030

0.535

0.558

0.681

1.23

1.23

1.28

0.660

0.688

0.871

/

standard

standard

Repeat

Front Edge

Bottom Edge

Bottom Edge

^{2.} Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

^{3.} For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

^{4.} According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g *reported* SAR < 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.

Measurement Variability										
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio						
Bottom Edge	21350/2560	0.704	0.681	1.034						

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR_{1g} is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or SAR_{10g} is ≥ 2.0 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once. 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20.

Table 9: Wi-Fi (2.4G)

	10 0. 111 1	- ()										
Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Max.SAR (W/Kg)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
	Head SAR											
Left Cheek	Standard	6/2437	DSSS	0.95	0.253	15.50	14.55	-0.022	0.263	1.31	0.345	/
Left Tilt	Standard	6/2437	DSSS	0.95	0.277	15.50	14.55	-0.010	0.284	1.31	0.372	/
Right Cheek	Standard	6/2437	DSSS	0.95	0.565	15.50	14.55	0.045	0.560	1.31	0.734	31
Right Tilt	Standard	6/2437	DSSS	0.95	0.450	15.50	14.55	0.140	0.423	1.31	0.554	/
				Body-w	orn & Hots	spot (Dist	ance 10mm)					
Back Side	standard	6/2437	DSSS	0.95	0.136	15.50	14.55	0.136	0.146	1.31	0.191	32
Front Side	standard	6/2437	DSSS	0.95	0.142	15.50	14.55	0.142	0.141	1.31	0.185	/
Left Edge	Standard	6/2437	DSSS	0.95	0.091	15.50	14.55	0.091	0.094	1.31	0.123	/
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	Standard	6/2437	DSSS	0.95	0.081	15.50	14.55	0.0808	0.082	1.31	0.107	/
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3. According to 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03, For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.

	MAX Adjusted SAR											
Mode	Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	802.11b Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Adjusted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)					
802.11g	Right Cheek	6/2437	0.734	15.5	13	0.56	0.413					
802.11n HT20	Right Cheek	6/2437	0.734	15.5	12	0.45	0.328					
802.11n HT40	Right Cheek	6/2437	0.734	15.5	12	0.45	0.328					

Note: SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



Table 10: BT

Band	Configuration	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	Body-worn	2480	6	10	0.084

Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below.

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.



10.4 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product Specific 10-g SAR
GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes
WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes
WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes
LTE(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes
GSM(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
WCDMA(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data) + Bluetooth(data)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

General Note:

- 1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
- i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - ii) SPLSR = $(SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm)$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

C SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

The maximum SAR_{1g} Value for GSM/ WCDMA/ LTE

	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	GSM	GSM	WCDMA	WCDMA	WCDMA	LTE	LTE	LTE	MAX.
Test Posi	tion	850	1900	Band II	Band IV	Band V	FDD 2	FDD 4	FDD7	SAR _{1g}
Lef	t Cheek	0.192	0.089	0.149	0.355	0.205	0.139	0.290	0.266	0.355
L	eft Tilt	0.085	0.030	0.051	0.131	0.088	0.036	0.096	0.159	0.159
Rigl	nt Cheek	0.154	0.096	0.154	0.280	0.156	0.147	0.238	0.164	0.280
Ri	ght Tilt	0.100	0.045	0.069	0.190	0.094	0.067	0.163	0.159	0.190
Body	Back Side	0.276	0.381	0.768	0.840	0.349	0.560	0.745	0.798	0.840
worn	Front Side	0.112	0.198	0.457	0.598	0.130	0.398	0.421	0.865	0.865
	Back Side	0.518	0.587	0.768	0.840	0.349	0.560	0.745	0.798	0.840
	Front Side	0.174	0.329	0.457	0.598	0.130	0.398	0.421	0.865	0.865
Hotopot	Left Edge	0.200	0.056	0.082	0.148	0.168	0.058	0.153	0.363	0.363
Hotspot	Right Edge	0.118	0.068	0.073	0.208	0.077	0.075	0.217	0.302	0.302
	Top Edge	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bottom Edge	0.227	0.639	0.011	0.687	0.226	0.692	0.540	0.901	0.901

About BT and GSM/ WCDMA/ LTE

SAR _{1g/10g} (W/kg) Test Position		GSM/ WCDMA/ LTE	ВТ	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g/10g}			
Body worn	Back Side	0.840	0.084	0.924			
1g	Front Side	0.865	0.084	0.949			
Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum $\Sigma SAR_{1g/10g}$ Value. 2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}							

MAX. Σ SAR_{1g} = 0.949 W/kg <1.6 W/kg and MAX. so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and Main-Antenna.



About Wi-Fi and GSM/ WCDMA/ LTE

SAR _{1g/10g} (W/kg) Test Position		GSM/ WCDMA/ LTE	Wi-Fi 2.4G	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}
Left, Cheek		0.355	0.345	0.700
Left, Tilt		0.159	0.372	0.531
Right, Cheek		0.280	0.734	1.014
Right, Tilt		0.190	0.554	0.744
Body worn 1g	Back Side	0.840	0.191	1.031
	Front Side	0.865	0.185	1.050
Hotspot 1g	Back Side	0.840	0.191	1.031
	Front Side	0.865	0.185	1.050
	Left Edge	0.363	0.123	0.486
	Right Edge	0.302	0	0.302
	Top Edge	0	0.107	0.107
	Bottom Edge	0.901	0	0.901

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.

MAX. $\Sigma SAR_{1g} = 1.05$ W/kg <1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and Main-Antenna.

^{2.} MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}



C SAR Test Report Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

11 Measurement Uncertainty

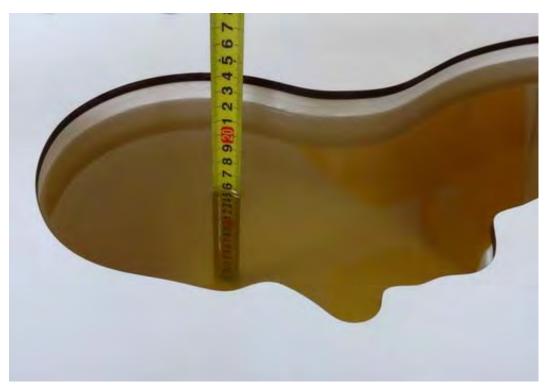
Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.



ANNEX A: Test Layout



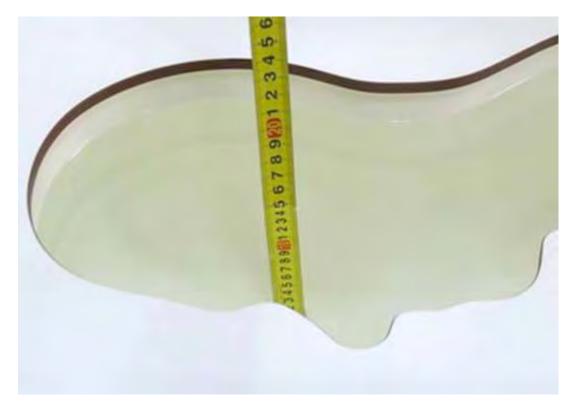




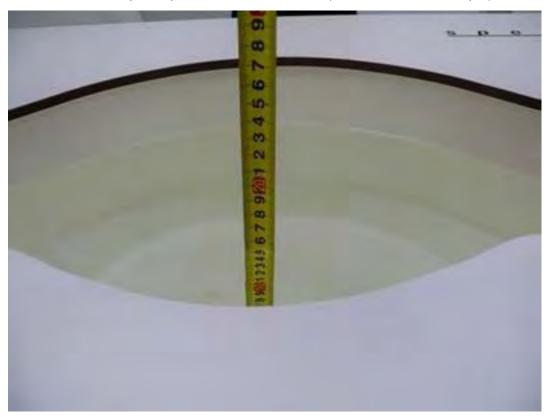
Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)



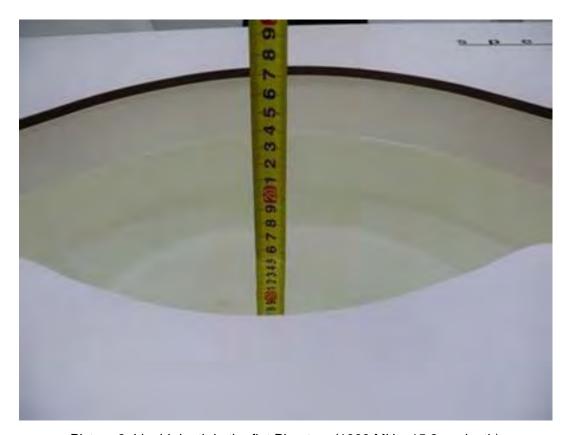
Picture 5: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 6: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 7: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.3cm depth)

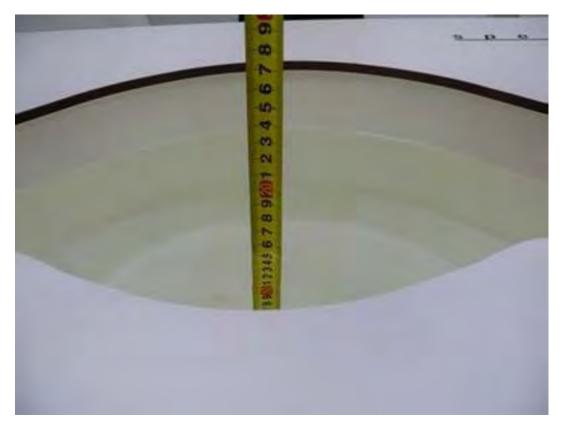


Picture 8: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)





Picture 9: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.4cm depth)

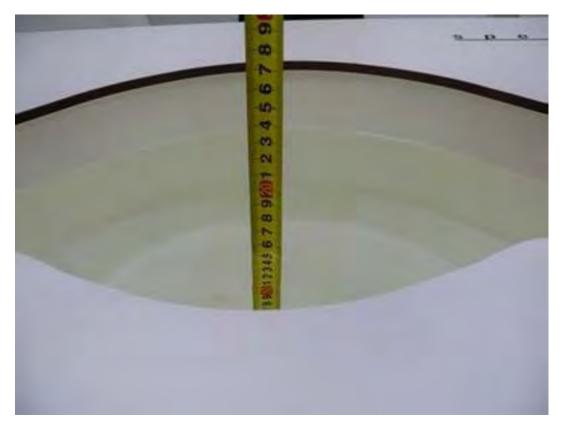


Picture 10: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.3cm depth)





Picture 11: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2600 MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 12: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2600 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



FCC SAR Test Report Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

ANNEX B: System Check Results

Plot 1 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 10/29/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

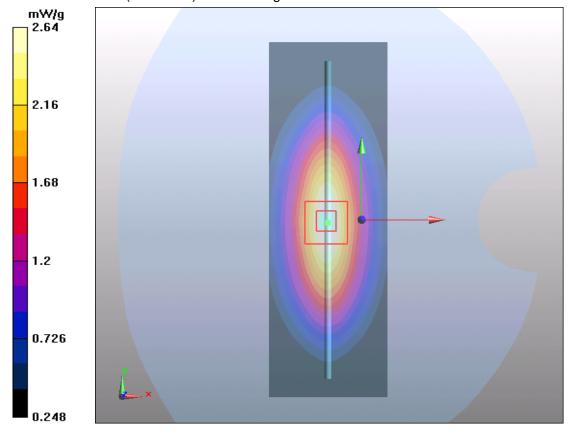
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g





Plot 2 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 10/29/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.97 mho/m; ε_r = 55.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

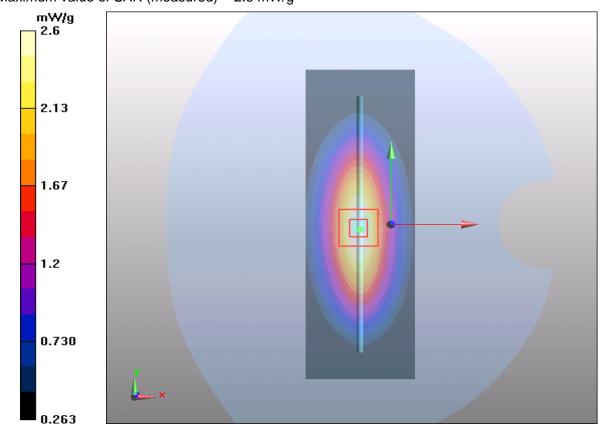
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.6 mW/g



Plot 3 System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date: 10/30/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r =38.63; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.60, 8.60, 8.60); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.78 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

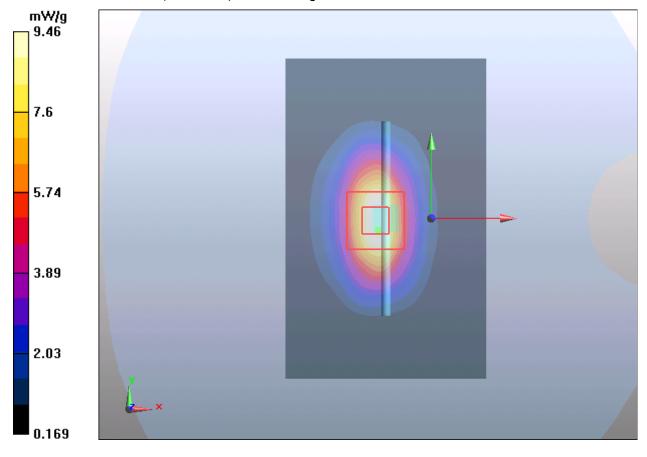
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.46 mW/g





CC SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

Plot 4 System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date: 10/30/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.77$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

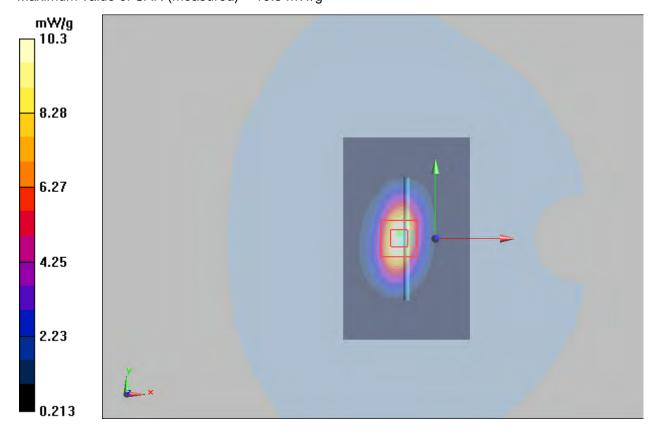
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 mW/g



Plot 5 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.0$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

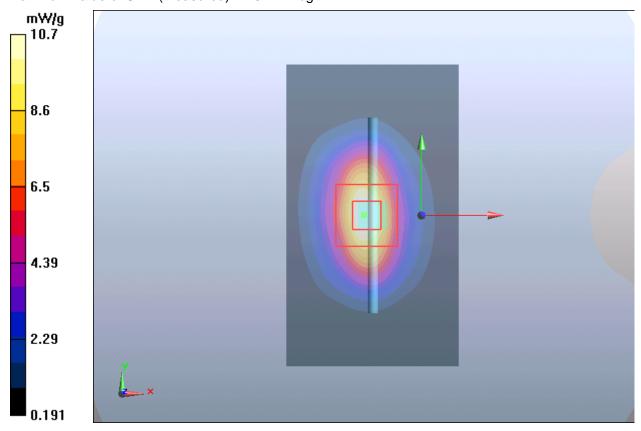
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



Plot 6 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

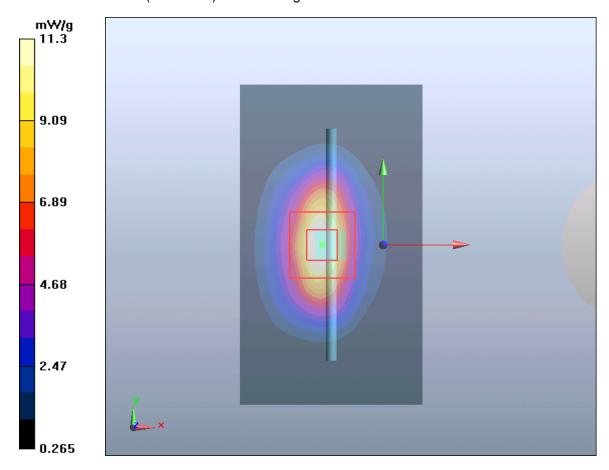
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g





Plot 7 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 11/6/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.82 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 4.06$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

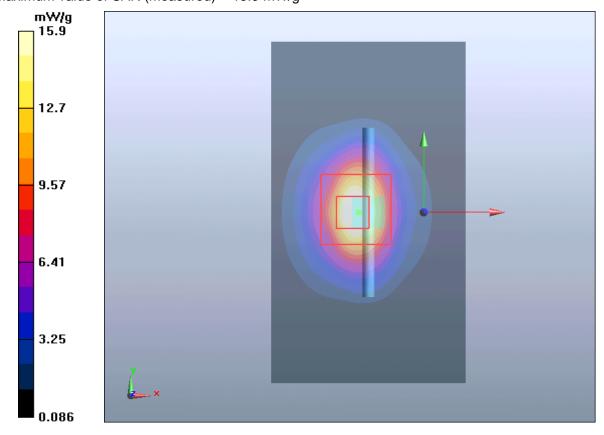
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g





Plot 8 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 11/6/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

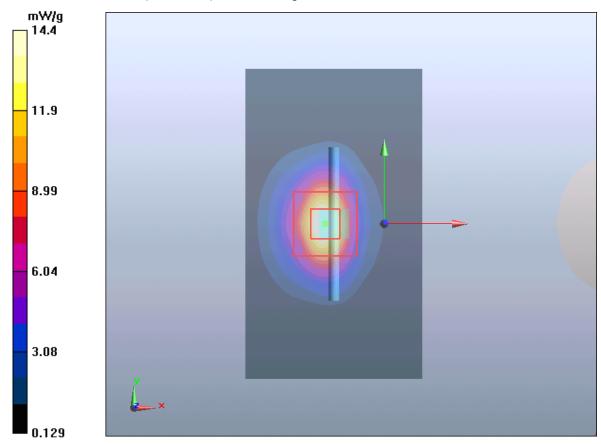
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.20 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 mW/g



Plot 9 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Date: 11/2/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.33$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

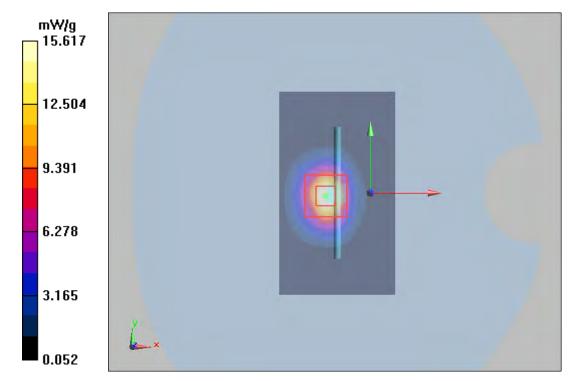
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.439 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.858 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.617 mW/g







Plot 10 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Date: 11/2/2017

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.08 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.11$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

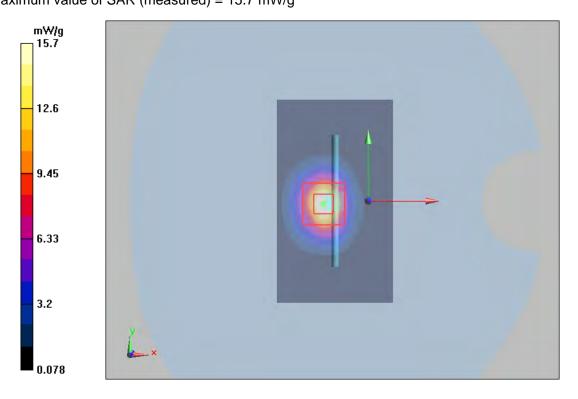
d=10mm, Pin=250mW /Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g



ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

Plot 11 GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle

Date: 10/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.923 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.229$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial:

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.163 W/kg

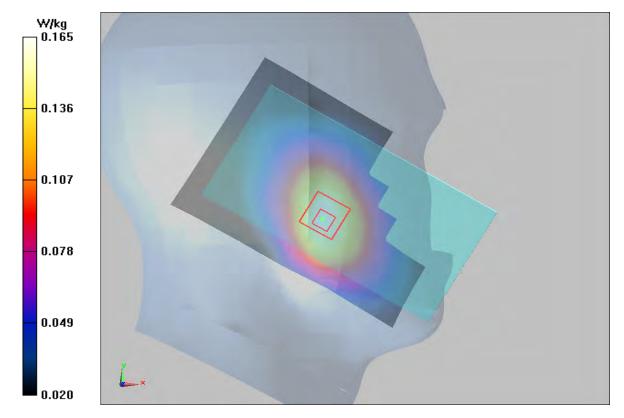
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.409 V/m; Power Drift = -0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.194 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.154 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.165 W/kg



FCC SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

Plot 12 GSM 850 Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1.013$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.395$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial:

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.248 W/kg

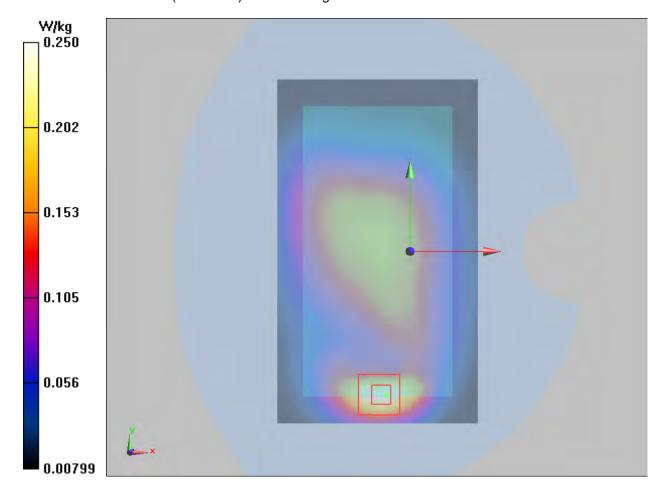
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.389 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.222 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 W/kg





FCC SAR Test Report Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

Plot 13 GSM 850 (4Txslots) Back Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 4 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1.013 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.395$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial:

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.454 W/kg

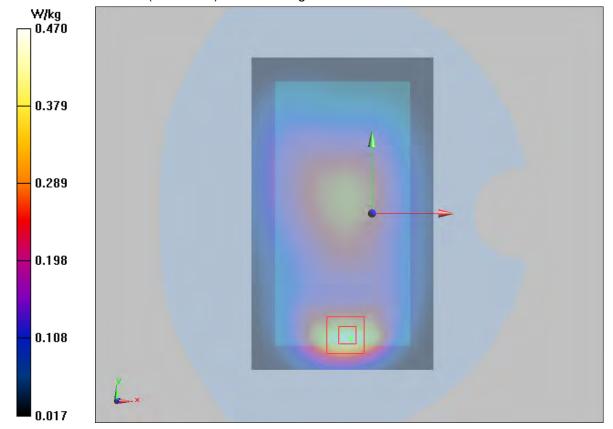
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.743 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.429 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 W/kg





Plot 14 GSM 1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.415$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0900 W/kg

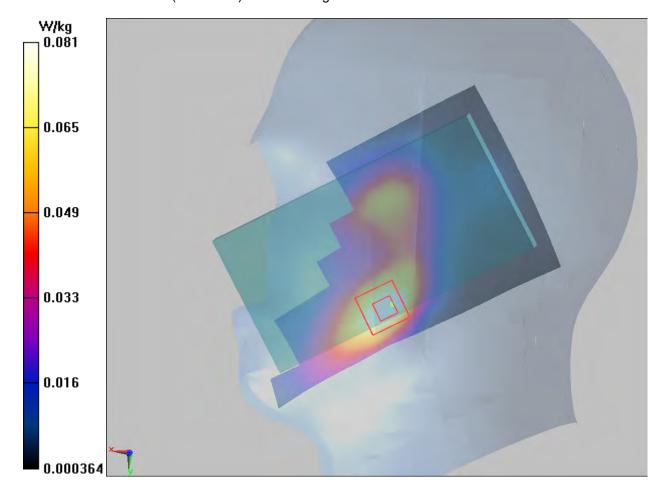
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.705 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.075 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.081 W/kg



Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01



Plot 15 GSM 1900 Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.475 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.872$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.316 W/kg

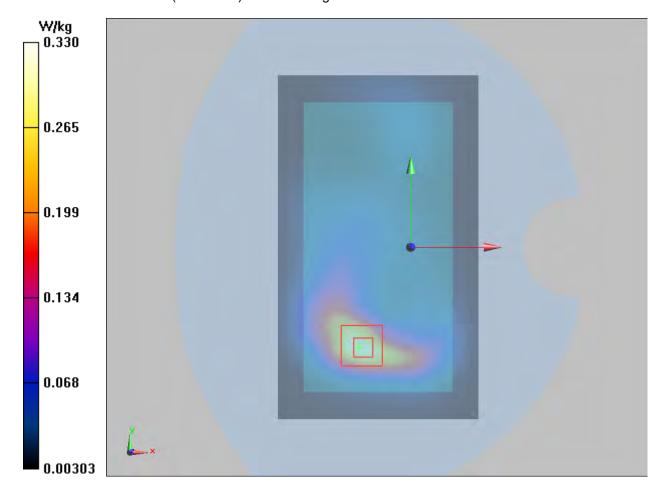
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.743 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.493 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.296 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 W/kg



CC SAR Test Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

Plot 16 GSM 1900 (4Txslots) Bottom Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: UID 0, 4 slot GPRS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.475 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.872$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (111x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.598 W/kg

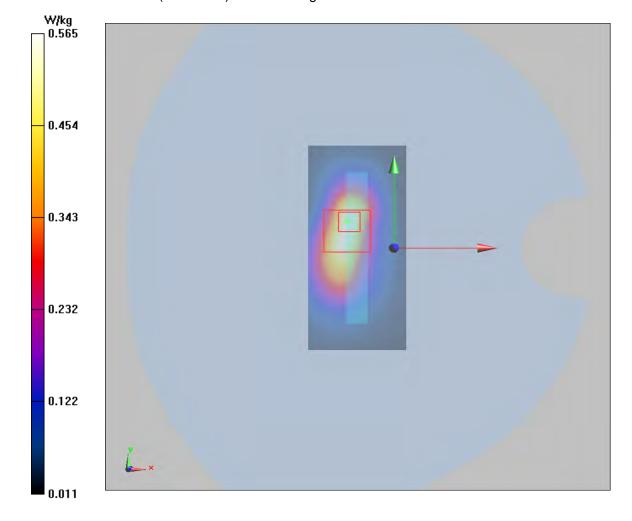
Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.049 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.869 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.503 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.279 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.565 W/kg





Plot 17 UMTS Band II Right Cheek Middle

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.364 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.415$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.156 W/kg

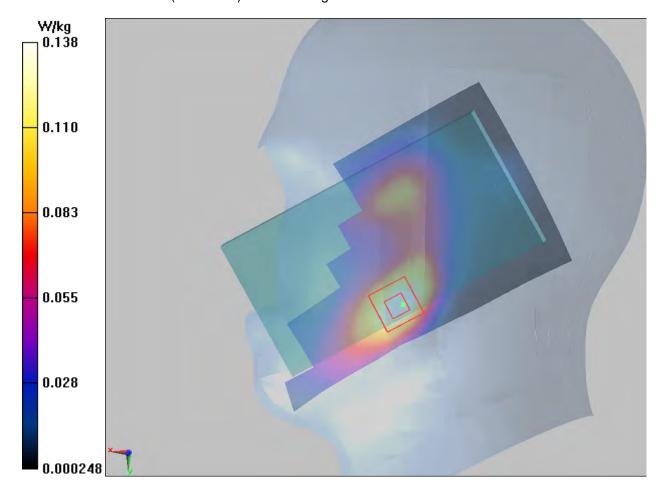
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.760 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0215 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.189 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.128 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.138 W/kg



Plot 18 UMTS Band II Back Edge Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.475 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.872$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.683 W/kg

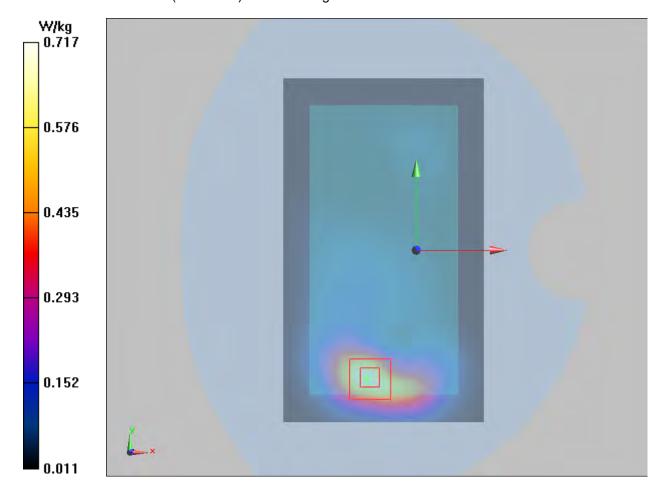
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.889 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.639 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.357 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.717 W/kg





Plot 19 UMTS Band IV Left Cheek Middle

Date: 10/30/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1733 MHz; $\sigma = 1.368$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.481$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.60, 8.60, 8.60); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.338 W/kg

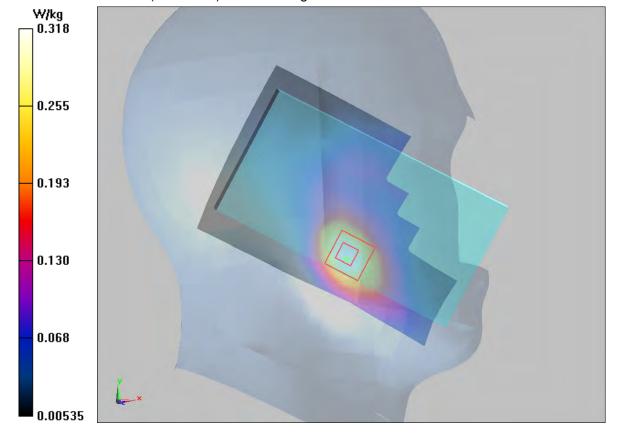
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.574 V/m; Power Drift = -0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.439 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.295 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.318 W/kg



Plot 20 UMTS Band IV Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/30/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1733 MHz; $\sigma = 1.418$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.915$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.794 W/kg

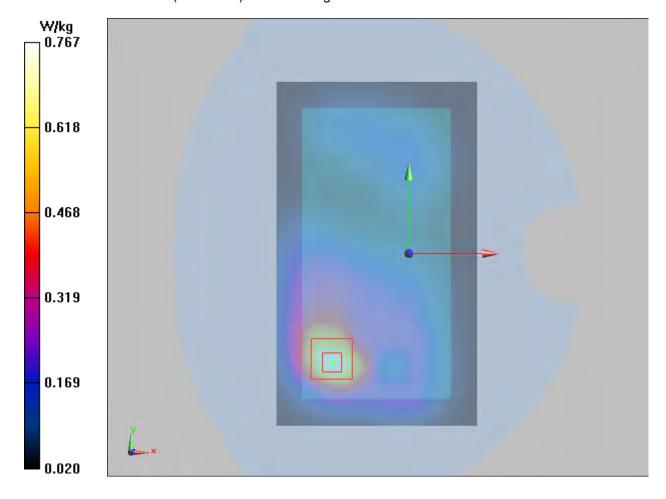
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.359 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.695 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.400 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.767 W/kg





Plot 21 UMTS Band V Left Cheek Middle

Date: 10/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.923$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.229$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial:

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.182 W/kg

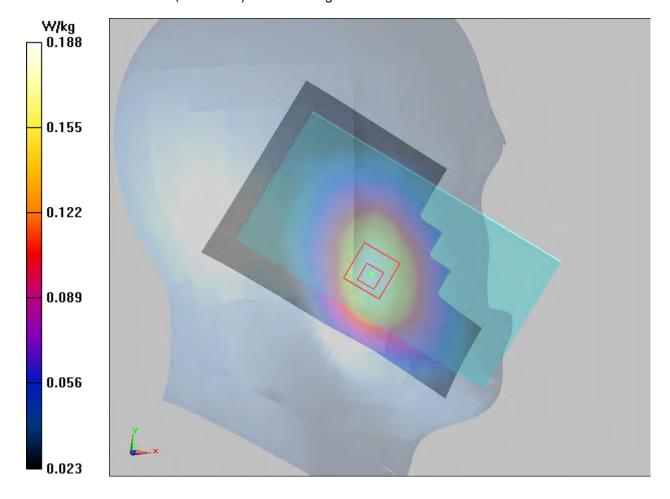
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.044 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.225 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.176 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.188 W/kg



Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01



FCC SAR Test Report Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01

Plot 22 UMTS Band V Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/29/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 1.013$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.395$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.74, 9.74, 9.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Serial:

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.327 W/kg

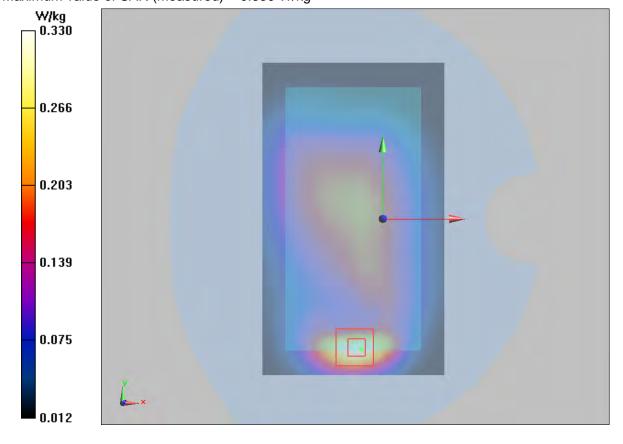
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.523 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.299 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 W/kg





Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01 Plot 23 LTE Band 2 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.364 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.415$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.152 W/kg

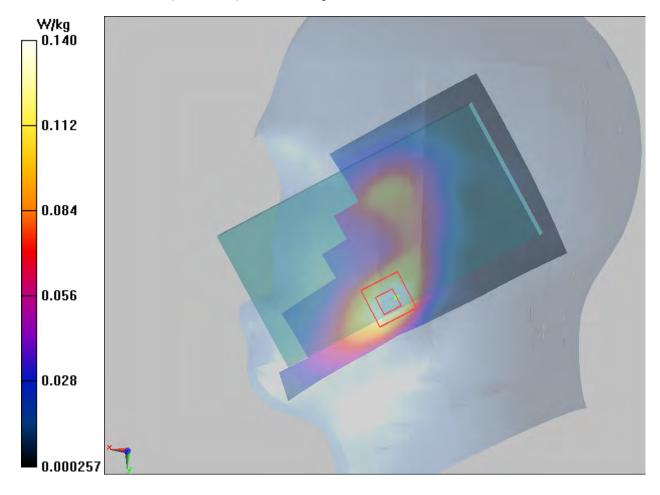
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.074 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0243 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.193 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.129 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.140 W/kg



Plot 24 LTE Band 2 Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.475 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.872$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.556 W/kg

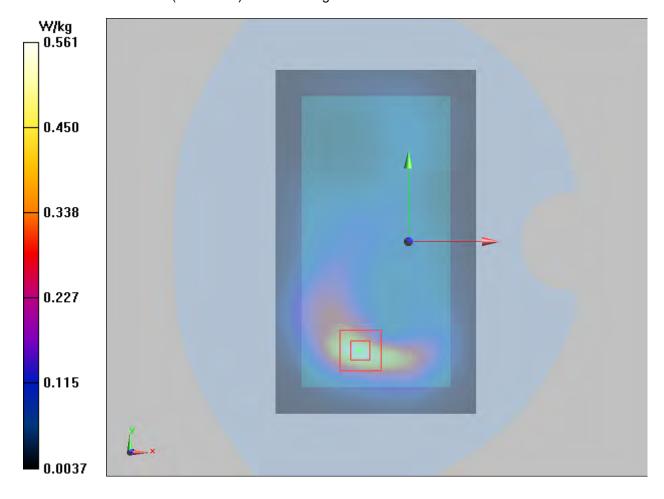
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.765 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.810 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.490 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.267 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.561 W/kg



Plot 25 LTE Band 2 50%RB Bottom Edge High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/1/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.497 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.795; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Bottom Side High/Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.754 W/kg

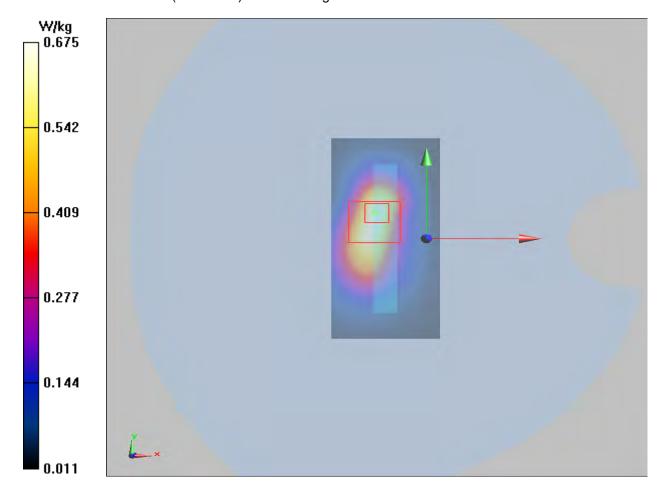
Bottom Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.056 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.604 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.333 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.675 W/kg





Plot 26 LTE Band 4 1RB Left Cheek High

Date: 10/30/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.431$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.60, 8.60, 8.60); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek High/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.289 W/kg

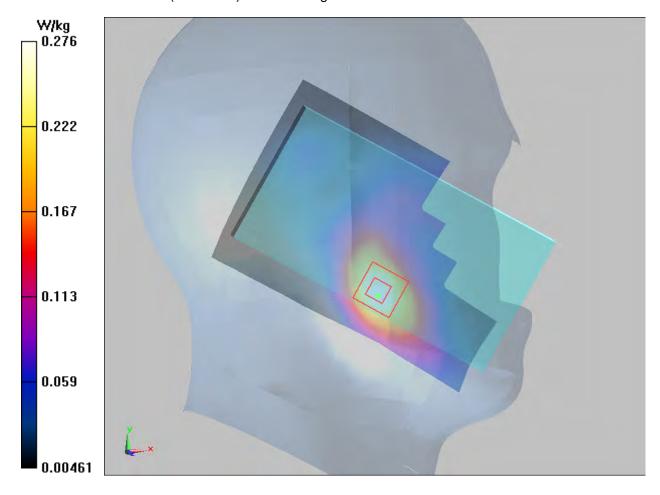
Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.301 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.382 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.256 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 W/kg



Plot 27 LTE Band 4 1RB Back Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/30 /2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.429 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.879$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.39, 8.39, 8.39); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side High/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.760 W/kg

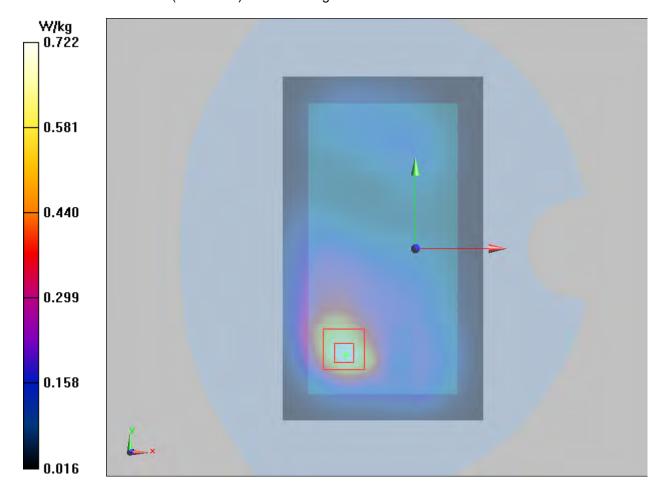
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.548 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.658 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.722 W/kg





Plot 28 LTE Band 7 1RB Left Cheek Middle

Date: 11/2/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.98$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.233 W/kg

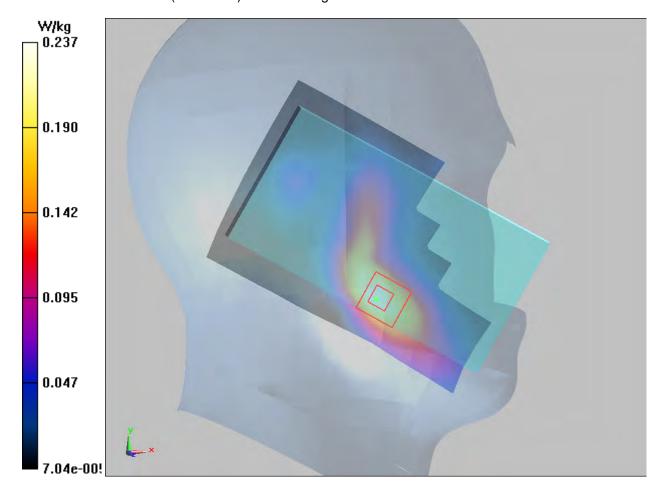
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.354 V/m; Power Drift = -0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.399 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.212 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.237 W/kg





Plot 29 LTE Band 7 1RB Front Edge High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/2/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; $\sigma = 2.077 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.374$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side High/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.760 W/kg

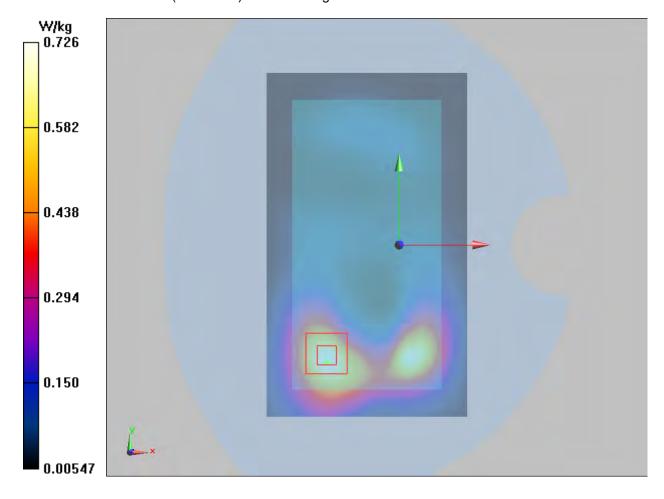
Front Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.149 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.676 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.346 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.726 W/kg



Plot 30 LTE Band 7 1RB Bottom Edge High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/2/2017

Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; $\sigma = 2.077 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.374$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.63, 7.63, 7.63); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Bottom Side High/Area Scan (51x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.810 W/kg

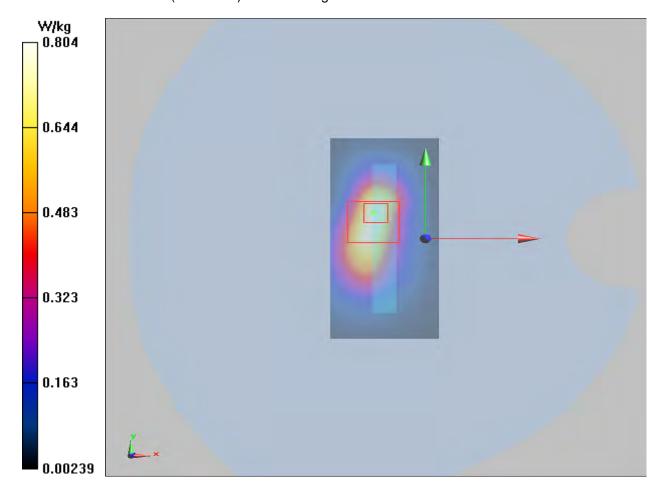
Bottom Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.881 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.704 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.336 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.804 W/kg



Plot 31 802.11b Right Cheek Middle

Date: 11/6 /2017

Communication System: UID 0, WiFi (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.823$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.246$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.696 W/kg

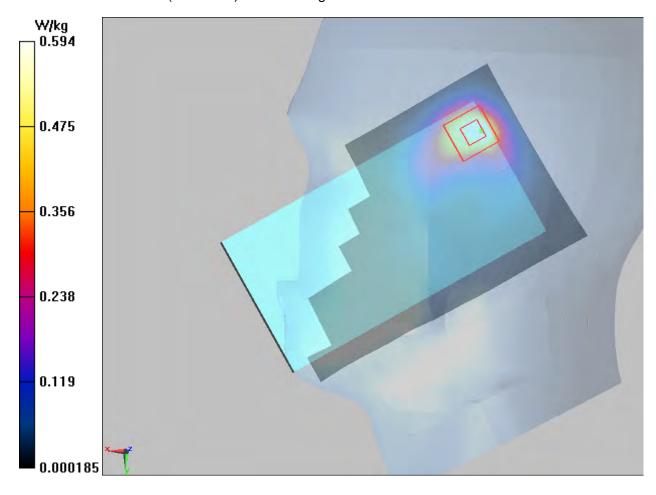
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.560 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.259 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.594 W/kg



Plot 32 802.11b Back Cheek Middle

Date: 11/6/2017

Communication System: UID 0, WiFi (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.929$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.727$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1291; Calibrated: 1/19/2017

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1666

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.157 W/kg

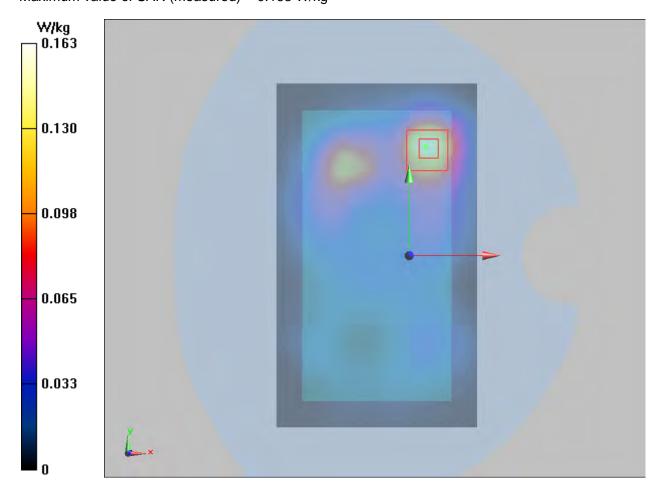
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.817 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.293 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.146 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.163 W/kg





ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate



Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No: Z17-97012

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

January 23, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL,No.J16X01547)	Mar-18
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7433	26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16)	Sep-17
DAE4	SN 549	13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16)	Dec -17
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04776)	Jun-17
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan -17
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	A TO
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	O Co
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	30.003.12
This calibration certificate sh	all not be reprod	Issued: Januar uced except in full without written approval of	y 24, 2017

Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 1 of 11





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

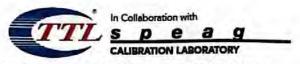
- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
 frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
 data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 2 of 11



Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3677

Calibrated: January 23, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 3 of 11





DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
$Norm(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.39	0.44	0.38	±10.8%
DCP(mV) ^B	97.3	102.2	101.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
o cw	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	180.5	±2.0%
			Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		195.3
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		177.9	7

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97012

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.58	9.58	9.58	0.30	0.75	±12%
835	41.5	0.90	9.31	9.31	9.31	0.11	1.55	±12%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.60	8.60	8.60	0.24	1.07	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.39	8.39	8.39	0.23	1.10	±12%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.53	0.74	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.90	7.90	7.90	0.61	0.71	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.68	0.68	±12%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.66	5.66	5.66	0.40	1.20	±13%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.40	1.40	±13%
5750	35.4	5.22	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.40	±13%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

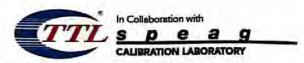
Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 5 of 11

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^GAlpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.99	9.99	9.99	0.30	0.95	±12%
835	55.2	0.97	9.74	9.74	9.74	0.14	1.66	±12%
1750	53.4	1.49	8.39	8.39	8.39	0.21	1.16	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.98	7.98	7.98	0.22	1.24	±12%
2300	52.9	1.81	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.55	0.80	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.50	0.86	±12%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.63	7.63	7.63	0.44	0.91	±12%
5250	48.9	5.36	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.50	1.60	±13%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.34	4.34	4.34	0.54	1.66	±13%
5750	48.3	5.94	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.57	1.95	±13%

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

Certificate No: Z17-97012

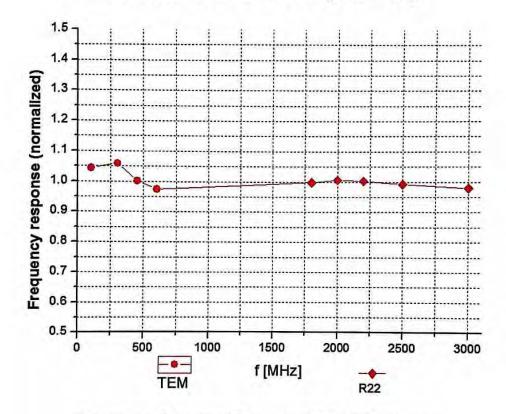
Page 6 of 11

F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

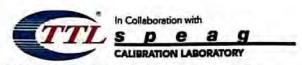


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 7 of 11

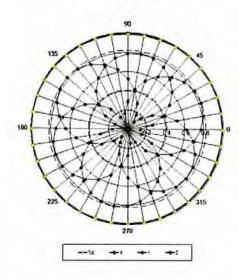


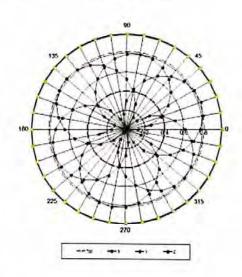


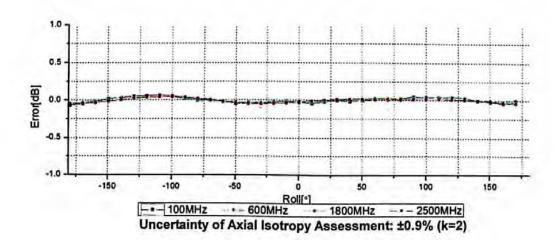
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22







Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 8 of 11



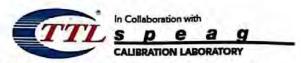


Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz) 10 Input Signal[µV] 10 10 102 10° 10-2 10-10² 10 103 SAR[mW/cm3] not compensated compensated **Error(dB)** -2 10" 101 SAR[mW/cm not compensated -e- compensated Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 9 of 11

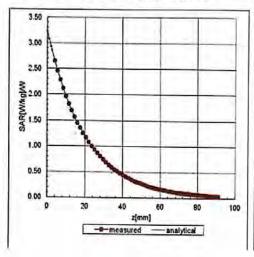


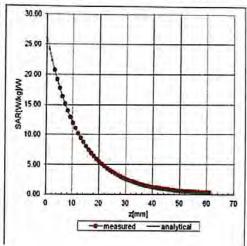


Conversion Factor Assessment

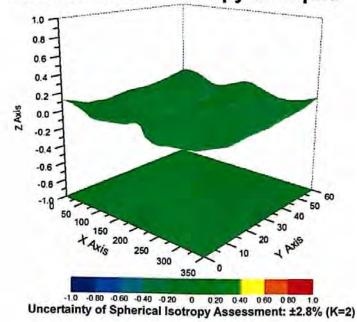
f=835 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)





Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 10 of 11





DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	117.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No: Z17-97012

Page 11 of 11



ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Client TA(Shanghai)

http://www.chinattl.cn

Certificate No:

Z17-97114

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 28, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Name

Lin Hao

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100595	22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809)	Sep-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17)	Jan-18
DAE4	SN 1331	19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015)	Jan-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)	Jan-18
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)	Jan-18

Calibrated by:

Function

SAR Test Engineer

Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: August 31

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z17-97114

Page 1 of 8





In Collaboration with

S P E A G

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL ConvF N/A tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97114

Page 2 of 8





In Collaboration with

S P E A G

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: ettl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	1
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.34 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.45 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.51 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.09 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

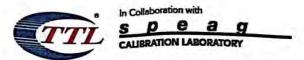
	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.6 ± 6 %	0.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.75 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.63 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.47 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8





Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3Ω- 2.54jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8Ω- 4.57jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.8dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Applicated Control of the Control of	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.495 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

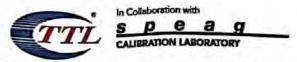
Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	01 210

Certificate No: Z17-97114

Page 4 of 8





DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08,28,2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.887$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.22$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.73, 9.73, 9.73); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

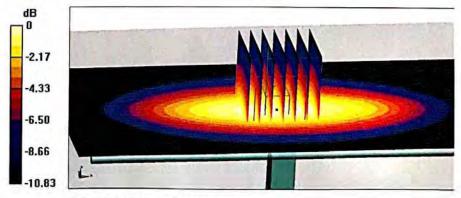
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.74V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.16 W/kg

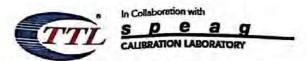


0 dB = 3.16 W/kg = 5.00 dBW/kg

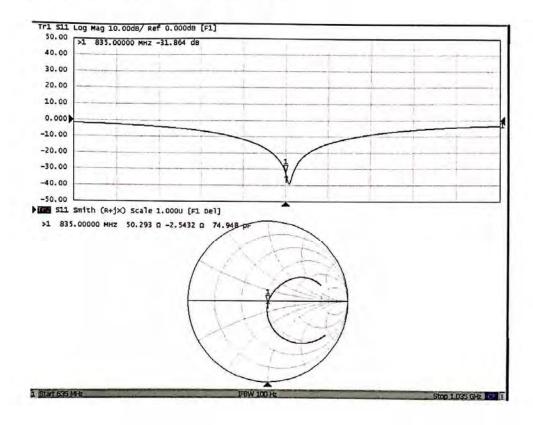
Certificate No: Z17-97114

Page 5 of 8





Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97114

Page 6 of 8





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.27.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.984$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.64, 9.64, 9.64); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

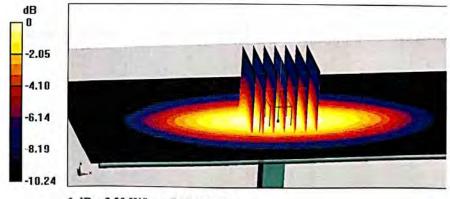
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg

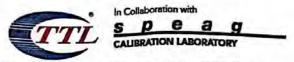
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg



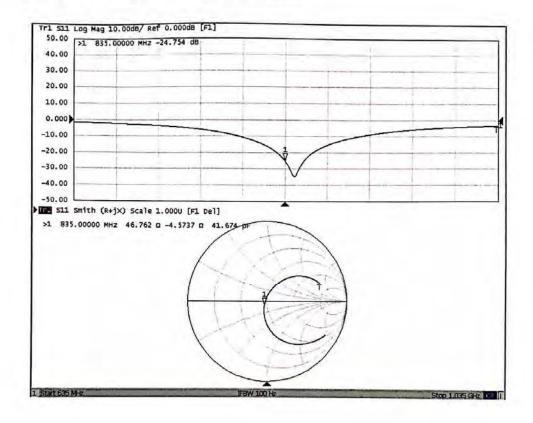
0 dB = 3.29 W/kg = 5.17 dBW/kg

Page 7 of 8





Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97114

Page 8 of 8

ANNEX F: D1750V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

Certificate No: Z17-97002

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1750V2 - SN: 1033

TA(Shanghai)

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

Client

January 10, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	19-Feb-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb16)	Feb-17
DAE4	SN 771	02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011)	Feb-17
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893)	Jan-17
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan-17

0.700.000.000	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	是
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	36
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	Sa witz

Issued: January

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z17-97002

Page I of 8



Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97002

Page 2 of 8

Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1258
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.35 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.27 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.2 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.90 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.7 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.1 ± 6 %	1.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.40 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.6 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.03 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.1 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8

Report No: RXA1710-0351SAR01



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.en

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8Ω+ 0.93jΩ	
Return Loss	- 40.3dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.7Ω- 0.10jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.0dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.327 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

to decrease the second	
Manufactured by	SPEAG

Date: 01.10.2017





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.352$ S/m; $\epsilon = 39.36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7307; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2/19/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2/2/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

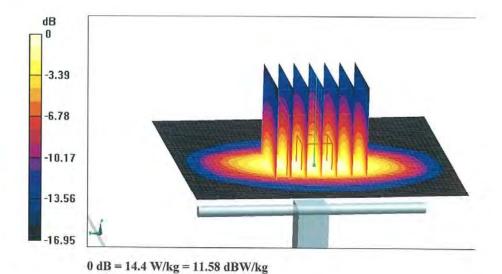
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 W/kg

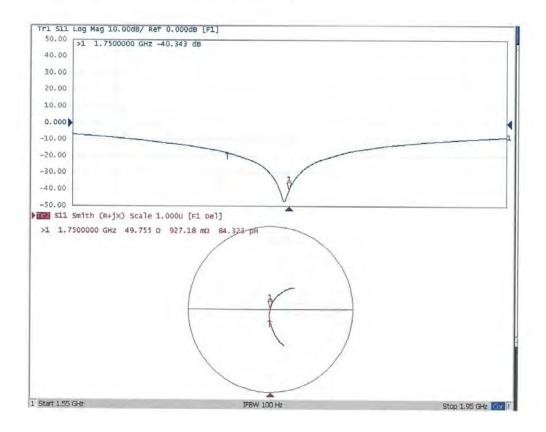
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 W/kg



Certificate No: Z17-97002 Page 5 of 8



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97002 Page 6 of 8