

User Guide

BT85x Series

Bluetooth v4.2 Dual-Mode USB HCI Module

Version 1.0

Datasheet



REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Notes	Contributor	Approver
1.0	07 Nov 2017	Initial Release	Jacky Kuo	Jonathan Kaye

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1 SCOPE

This document describes key hardware aspects of the Laird BT85x Bluetooth HCI module and Adapter . This document is mainly intended to assist device manufacturers and related parties with the integration of this module into their host devices. Data in this document are drawn from several sources including data sheets for the Cypress CYW20704A2.

Because the BT850-Sx is currently in development stage, this document is preliminary and the information in this document is subject to change. Please contact Laird Technologies or visit the product page on the Laird website to obtain the most recent version of this document.



2 OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION

The BT85x series of USB HCI modules and Adapter leverage the Cypress CYW20704 A2 chipset to provide exceptionally low power consumption with outstanding range for OEMs needing both Classic Bluetooth and Bluetooth Low Energy support. The Bluetooth v4.2 core specification shortens your development time and provides enhanced throughput, security and privacy.

The BT850 modules are ideal when designers need both performance and minimum size. For maximum flexibility in integration, they support a host USB interface, I²S and PCM audio interfaces, GPIO, and Cypress'GCI coexistence (2-Wire). The modules provide excellent RF performance and identical footprint options for integrated antenna or an external antenna via a trace pin.

These modules present a Bluetooth standard HCl interface with native support for Windows, Linux and Android Bluetooth software stacks for operating system backed devices. The BT851 Pluggable USB Adapter with inbuilt Bluetooth stack simply plugs into any Windows, Android or Linux device via external USB connection.

Additionally, Laird has partnered with Searan for support of their ultra small, flexible 'dotstack' platform for embedded Cortex M3 and M4 implementations.

Features and Benefits 🚯 🗹 RoHS

- Bluetooth v4.2 Dual Mode (Classic Bluetooth and BLE)
- Compact footprint
- 2-wire Cypress Global Coexistence Interface (GCI)
- High antenna radiation gain and efficiency
- Good interference rejection for multi-com system (GSM/WCDMA)
- Class 1 output 8 dBm
- USB, I²S, and PCM
- Industrial temperature range
- 512 k EEPROM support
- Bluetooth Controller subsystem
- FCC, IC, CE, RCM and Giteki approvals

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Application Areas

Medical devices

ePOS terminals

Barcode scanners

Industrial cable replacement

Personal Digital Assistants (PDA)

IoT Platforms Automotive

Diagnostic Equipment

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3 BLOCK DIAGRAM AND DESCRIPTIONS



Figure 1: BT850 module block diagram

CYW20704A2 (Main chip)	The BT85x is based on CYW20704A2 dual mode chip. The chip is a single-chip radio with on- chip LDO regulators and baseband IC for Bluetooth 2.4 GHz systems including EDR to 3 Mbps. Dedicated signal and baseband processing is included for full Bluetooth operation. The chip provides I2S/PCM and USB interfaces. There are two general purpose I/Os be configured for proprietary of Cypress GCI used and a general purpose I/O can be configured for scan/inquire/paging/data traffic of indicator. These three I/O pins are controlled by firmware.
Antenna	BT850-SA & BT851 – The antenna is a ceramic monopole chip antenna. BT850-ST – Trace Pad provision for use with a range of certified External Antennas
Band Pass Filter	The band pass filter filters the out-of-band emissions from the transmitter to meet the specific regulations for type approvals of various countries.
EEPROM	There are 512 k bits EEPROM embedded on the BT85x which can be used to store parameters, such as BD_ADDR, USB enumeration information, maximum TX power, PCM configuration, USB product ID, USB vendor ID, and USB product description. With that, the BT850 module can support UHE/HCI Proxy mode.
Crystal	The embedded 40 MHz crystal is used for generating the clock for the entire module.

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4 SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1: BT850 specification	s			
Categories	Feature	Implementation		
	Bluetooth®	V4.2 Dual Mode – BR / EDR / LE		
	Frequency	2.402 - 2.480 GHz		
	Maximum Transmit	Class 1		
Wireless Specification	Power	+8 dBm from antenna		
	Receive Sensitivity	-94 dBm		
	Range	Circa 100 meters		
	Data Rates	Up to 3 Mbps (over-the-air)		
Host Interface	USB	Full speed USB 2.0		
	GPIO	3.3V for all general purpose I/Os		
Or a rational Madea	HCI	Host Controller Interface over USB		
Operational Modes	UHE	USB HID Emulation		
EEPROM	2-wire	512 K bits		
Coexistence	802.11 (Wi-Fi)	2-Wire Cypress Global Coexistence Interface (GCI)		
Supply Voltage	Supply	3.3V +/-10%		
Power	Current	Idle Mode ~8 mA		
Consumption		File Transfer ~43 mA		
Antenna Options	Internal	Multilayer ceramic antenna		
	External	Trace Pad		
Physical	Dimonsions	8.5 x 13 x 1.6 mm (BT850-Sx - modules)		
Filysical	Dimensions	16 x 43 x 11 (BT851 – USB dongle)		
Environmental	Operating	-30° C to +85° C		
	Storage	-40° C to +85° C		
Miscollanoous	Lead Free	Lead-free and RoHS-compliant		
wiscendieous	Warranty	1-Year warranty		
Approvals	Bluetooth®	Controller Subsystem Approved		

5 PIN DEFINITIONS

Table 2: BT850 p	oin definitions				
Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Supply Domain	Description	If Unused
1	NC				NC
2	NC				
3	GND	GND		Ground	GND
4	USB_D+	Bidirectional	3V3	USB data plus	N/A

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Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Supply Domain	Description	If Unused
5	USB_D-	Bidirectional	3V3	USB data negative	N/A
6	GND	GND		Ground	GND
7	NC				NC
8	RESET	Input	3v3	Active-low reset input	N/A
9	3v3	Input	3v3	Module main DC power supply, Input to internal 1.2V and 2.5V LDO	N/A
10	NC				NC
11	GND	GND		Ground	GND
12	GND	GND		Ground	GND
13	GND	GND		Ground	GND
14	GND	GND		Ground	GND
15	GND	GND		Ground	GND
16	GND	GND		Ground	GND
17	RF			BT850-ST RF signal output (50Ω) BT850-SA No connection	
18	GND	GND		Ground	GND
19	I2S_WS/PCM_SYNC	Bidirectional	3V3	PCM sync/I2S word select	NC
20	I2S_CLK/PCM_CLK	Bidirectional	3V3	PCM/I2S clock	NC
21	I2S_DI/PCM_IN	Bidirectional	3V3	PCM/I2S data input	NC
22	I2S_OUT/PCM_OUT	Bidirectional	3V3	PCM/I2S data output	NC
23	NC				NC
24	GND	GND		Ground	GND
25	BT_SECI_IN	Input	3V3	Coexistence data input	NC
26	BT_SECI_OUT	Output	3V3	Coexistence data output	NC
27	NC				NC
28	GPIO_5	Bidirectional	3V3	Programmable input/output line	NC

Pin Definition Note:

b

For to meet the pin alignment of BT800, there are several pins which must be put to NC status (No Connection).

The GPIO_5 controlled by the default firmware for the status of BT850 indications.

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6 DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 3: Recommended operating conditions				
Rating	Min	Max		Unit
Storage temperature	-40	+150	°C	
Operating Temperature	-30	+85		°C
3V3 Input	3.0	3.6		V
Table 4: Digital I/O characteristics				
Normal Operation	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
V _{IL} Input Low Voltage (VDDO = 3.3V)	-	-	0.8	V
V _{IH} Input High Voltage (VDDO = 3.3V)	2.0	-	-	V
V _{oL} Output Low Voltage	-	-	0.4	V
V _{OH} Output High Voltage	3V3-0.4	-	-	V
I _{IL} Input Low Current	-	-	1.0	μΑ
I _{IH} Input High Current	-	-	1.0	μA
I _{OL} Output Low Current (VDDO = 3.3V, V _{OL} = 0.4V)	-	-	2.0	mA
I _{он} Output Low Current (VDDO = 3.3V, V _{он} = 2.9V)	-	-	2.0	mA
C _{IN} Input Capacitance	-	-	0.4	pF

Table 5: Current consumption

Normal Operation	Peak (8 dBm)	AVG	Unit
Idle	-	8	mA
Inquiry	23	22	mA
File Transfer	43	26	mA
LE Connected (Master)	26	-	mA
LE Scan (Master)	26	-	mA
LE File Transfer	27	26	mA

7 **RF CHARACTERISTICS**

Table 6: BDR/EDR/LE transmitter characteristics (Input = 3V3 @ 25 °C)

Parameter	Min	Тур.	Max	BT. Spec.	Unit
GFSK Maximum RF Transmit Power	6	8	10	20	dBm
EDR Maximum RF Transmit Power	2	4	6	20	dBm
RF power variation over temperature range	-	2.0	-	-	dB
RF power variation over BT band	-	2	-	-	dB
RF power control step	2	4	8	-	dB

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Parameter		Min	Тур.	Max	BT. Spec.	Unit
Initial Carrie	r Frequency Tolerance	-	10	-	±75	kHz
20 c	lB Bandwidth	-	920	-	1000	kHz
In-Band Spurious	1.0 MHz < M-N < 1.5 MHz	-	-	-39	-26	dBc
Emissions	1.5 MHz < M-N < 2.5 MHz	-	-	-39	-20	dBm
M-N ≧ 2.5 MHz		-	-	-47	-40	dBm
Drift rate		-	10	-	+/-25	kHz
	ΔF_{1Avg}	-	152	-	140<>175	kHz
ΔF2Max		100	-	-	99.9	%
$\Delta F_{2Avg} / \Delta F_{1Avg}$		-	1.0	-	≧ 0.8	
LE ΔF1Avg		-	245	-	225<>275	kHz
LE ΔF2Max		100	-	-	99.9	%
LE ΔF	2Avg /ΔF1Avg	-	1.0	-	≧ 0.8	

Table 7: BDR/EDR/LE receiver sensitivity (Input = 3V3 @ 25 °C)

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	BT. Spec.	Unit
	GFSK, 0.1% BER, 1Mbps		-90		-70	dBm
Soncitivity	π/4-DQPSK, 0.01% BER, 2Mbps -94		-70	dBm		
Sensitivity	8-DPSK, 0.01% BER, 3Mbps		-87		-70	dBm
	GFSK, 30.8% PER, 1Mbps	-94		-70	dBm	
Sensitivity variation	All Modulations (Over BT band)		2			dB

8 INTERFACE

8.1. Global Coexistence Interface

The BT850-Sx supports the proprietary Cypress Global Coexistence Interface (GCI) which is a two-wire interface.

The following key features are associated with the interface:

- Enhanced coexistence data can be exchanged over GCI_SECI_IN and GCI_SECI_OUT a two-wire interface, one serial input (GCI_SECI_IN), and one serial output (GCI_SECI_OUT). The both pins are controlled by the configuration file that is stored in EEPROM from the host.
- It supports generic UART communication between WLAN and Bluetooth devices.
- To conserve power, it is disabled when inactive.
- It supports automatic resynchronization upon waking from sleep mode.
- It supports a baud rate of up to 4 Mbps.

Error! Reference source not found. shows the 2-wire BT coexistence interface assignments.

Table 8: BT GCI two-wire coexistence

Coexistence Signal Name	Signal Assignment	Pin Number
BT_SECI_IN	GPIO_6	B6
BT_SECI_OUT	GPIO_7	C6

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8.2. USB Interface

BT85x has a full-speed (12 Mbps) USB interface for communicating with other compatible digital devices. The USB interface on the BT85x acts as a USB peripheral, responding to requests from a master host controller.

BT85x supports the Universal Serial Bus Specification (USB v2.0 Specification) and USB Battery Charging Specification, available from http://www.usb.org. For more information on how to integrate the USB interface on BT85xd, see Figure 15 located in the following section: USB Dongle Design Example Using BT850.

The following USB interface features are supported:

- USB Protocol, revision 2.0, full-speed compliant with LPM support (up to 12 Mbps)
- Bluetooth HCI
- HID, DFU, UHE (proprietary method to emulate an HID device at system boot)
- Integrated detach resistor
- USB termination when interface is not in use
- Internal modules, certification, and non-specification compliant operation

8.3. PCM Interface

The BT850-Sx supports two independent PCM interfaces that share the pins with I_2S interfaces. The PCM interface on the BT850-Sx can connect to linear PCM Codec devices in master or slave mode. In master mode, the BT850-Sx generates the PCM_CLK and PCM_SYNC signals; in slave mode, these signals are provided by another master on the PCM interface and are inputs to the BT850-Sx.

The configuration of the PCM interface may be adjusted by the host through the use of vendor-specific HCI commands.

8.3.1. Slot Mapping

The BT850-Sx supports up to three simultaneous full-duplex SCO or eSCO channels through the PCM interface. These three channels are time-multiplexed onto the single PCM interface by using a time-slotting scheme where the 8 kHz or 16 kHz audio sample interval is divided into as many as 16 slots. The number of slots is dependent on the selected interface rate of 128 kHz, 512 kHz, or 1024 kHz. The corresponding number of slots for these interface rate is 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16, respectively. Transmit and receive PCM data from an SCO channel is always mapped to the same slot. The PCM data output driver tristates its output on unused slots to allow other devices to share the same PCM interface signals. The data output driver tristates its output after the falling edge of the PCM clock during the last bit of the slot.

8.3.2. Frame Synchronization

The BT850-Sx supports both short- and long-frame synchronization in both master and slave modes. In shortframe synchronization mode, the frame synchronization signals an active-high pulse at the audio frame rate that is a single-bit period in width and is synchronized to the rising edge of the bit clock. The PCM slave looks for a high on the falling edge of the bit clock and expects the first bit of the first slot to start at the next rising edge of the clock.

Figure 2 and Table 9 shows PCM Timing Diagram and Specifications for the master mode of short-frame.

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Figure 2: PCM timing diagram (Short-Frame Sync, Master Mode)

Table 9: PCM Interface	timing specifications	(Short-Frame Sync,	Master Mode)
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Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	-	-	12	MHz
2	PCM bit clock LOW	41	-	-	ns
3	PCM bit clock HIGH		-	-	ns
4	PCM_SYNC setup	0	-	25	ns
5	PCM_OUT delay	0	-	25	ns
6	PCM_IN setup	8	-	-	ns
7	PCM_IN hold	8	-	-	ns
8	Delay from rising edge of PCM_BCLK during last bit period to PCM_OUT becoming high impedance	0	-	25	ns

Figure 3 and Table 10 shows PCM Timing Diagram and Specifications for the slave mode of short-frame.



Figure 3: PCM timing diagram (Short-Frame Sync, Slave Mode)

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	-	-	12	MHz
2	PCM bit clock LOW	41	-	-	ns

 Table 10: PCM Interface timing specifications (Short-Frame Sync, Slave Mode)

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Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
3	PCM bit clock HIGH	41	-	-	ns
4	PCM_SYNC setup	8	-	-	ns
5	PCM_SYNC_hold	8	-	-	ns
6	PCM_OUT delay	0	-	25	ns
7	PCM_IN setup	8	-	-	ns
8	PCM_IN hold	8	-	-	ns
9	Delay from rising edge of PCM_BCLK during last bit period to PCM_OUT becoming high impedance	0	-	25	ns

In long-frame synchronization mode, the frame synchronization signal is again an active-high pulse at the audio frame rate; however, the duration is three bit periods and the pulse starts coincident with the first bit of the first slot.

Figure 4 and Table 11 shows PCM Timing Diagram and Specifications for the master mode of long-frame.



Figure 4: PCM timing diagram (Long-Frame Sync, Master Mode)

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	-	-	12	MHz
2	PCM bit clock LOW	41	-	-	ns
3	PCM bit clock HIGH	41	-	-	ns
4	PCM_SYNC delay	0	-	25	ns
5	PCM_OUT delay	0	-	25	ns
6	PCM_IN setup	8	-	-	ns
7	PCM_IN hold	8	-	-	ns
8	Delay from rising edge of PCM_BCLK during last bit period to PCM_OUT becoming high impedance	0	-	25	ns

Table 11: PCM Inte	rface timing spec	cifications (Long-Fro	ame Sync, Master Mode)

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Figure 5: PCM timing diagram (Long-Frame Sync, Slave Mode)

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	-	-	12	MHz
2	PCM bit clock LOW	41	-	-	ns
3	PCM bit clock HIGH	41	-	-	ns
4	PCM_SYNC setup	8	-	-	ns
5	PCM_SYNC_hold	8	-	-	ns
6	PCM_OUT delay	0	-	25	ns
7	PCM_IN setup	8	-	-	ns
8	PCM_IN hold	8	-	-	ns
9	Delay from rising edge of PCM_BCLK during last bit period to PCM_OUT becoming high impedance	0	-	25	ns

8.3.3. Data Formatting

The BT85-Sx0 may be configured to generate and accept several different data formats. For conventional narrowband speech mode, the BT850 uses 13 of the 16 bits in each PCM frame. The location and order of these 13 bits can be configured to support various data formats on the PCM interface. The remaining three bits are ignored on the input and may be filled with 0s, 1s, a sign bit, or a programmed value on the output. The default format is 13-bit 2's complement data, left justified, and clocked MSB first.

8.3.4. Wideband Speech Support

When the host encodes Wideband Speech (WBS) packets in transparent mode, the encoded packets are transferred over the PCM bus for an eSCO voice connection. In this mode, the PCM bus is typically configured in master mode for a 4-kHz sync rate with 16-bit samples, resulting in a 64 Kbps bit rate. The BT850-Sx also supports slave transparent mode using a proprietary rate-matching scheme. In SBC-code mode, linear 16-bit data at 16 kHz (256 Kbps rate) is transferred over the PCM bus.

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8.3.5. Multiplexed Bluetooth Over PCM

Bluetooth supports multiple audio streams within the Bluetooth channel and both 16 kHz and 8 kHz streams can be multiplexed. This mode of operation is only supported when the Bluetooth host is the master. Figure 6 shows the operation of the multiplexed transport with three simultaneous SCO connections. To accommodate additional SCO channels, the transport clock speed is increased. To change between modes of operation, the transport must be halted and restarted in the new configuration.



Figure 6: Functional multiples data diagram

8.3.6. Burst PCM Mode

In this mode of operation, the PCM bus runs at a significantly higher rate of operation to allow the host to duty cycle its operation and save current. In this mode of operation, the PCM bus can operate at a rate of up to 24 MHz. This mode of operation is initiated with an HCl command from the host.

Figure 7 and Table 13 shows PCM Burst mode timing diagram and specifications for the receive-only mode of short-frame sync.



Figure 7: PCM burst mode timing (Receive Only, Short Frame Sync)

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Table 13: PCM burst mode specifications (Receive Only, Short-Frame Sync)

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	-	-	24	MHz
2	PCM bit clock LOW	20.8	-	-	ns
3	PCM bit clock HIGH	20.8	-	-	ns
4	PCM_SYNC setup	8	-	-	ns
5	PCM_SYNC_hold	8	-	-	ns
6	PCM_IN setup	8	-	-	ns
7	PCM_IN hold	8	-	-	ns

Figure 8 and Table 14 shows PCM Burst mode timing diagram and specifications for the receive-only mode of long-frame sync.



Figure 8: PCM burst mode timing (Receive Only, Long Frame Sync)

able 14: PCM burst mode spec	ifications (Receive Or	nly, Long-Frame Sync)
------------------------------	------------------------	-----------------------

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	PCM bit clock frequency	-	-	24	MHz
2	PCM bit clock LOW	20.8	-	-	ns
3	PCM bit clock HIGH	20.8	-	-	ns
4	PCM_SYNC setup	8	-	-	ns
5	PCM_SYNC_hold	8	-	-	ns
6	PCM_IN setup	8	-	-	ns
7	PCM_IN hold	8	-	-	ns

8.4. I²S Interface

The BT850-Sx supports two independent I²S digital audio ports. The I²S interface supports both master and slave modes. The I²S signals are:

- I²S clock: I²S SCK
- I²S Word Select: I²S WS
- I²S Data Out: I²S SDO
- I²S Data In: I²S SDI

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I²S SCK and I²S WS become outputs in master mode and inputs in slave mode, while I²S SDO always stays as an output. The channel word length is 16 bits and the data is justified so that the MSB of the left-channel data is aligned with the MSB of the I²S bus, per the I²S specification. The MSB of each data word is transmitted one bit clock cycle after the I²S WS transition, synchronous with the falling edge of bit clock. Left-channel data is transmitted when I²S WS is low, and right-channel data is transmitted when I²S WS is high. Data bits sent by the BT850 are synchronized with the falling edge of I2S_SCK and should be sampled by the receiver on the rising edge of I2S_SSCK.

The clock rate in master mode is either of the following:

48 kHz x 32 bits per frame = 1.536 MHz

48 kHz x 50 bits per frame = 2.400 MHz

The master clock is generated from the input reference clock using a N/M clock divider.

In the slave mode, any clock rate is supported to a maximum of 3.072 MHz.

8.4.1. I²S Timing

Timing values specified in Table 15 are relative to high and low threshold levels.

	Transmitter			Receiver				Notes	
	Lowei	Limit Upper Limit		Lowei	Lower Limit Upper		r Limit		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Clock Period T	T _{tr}	-	-	-	Tr	-	-	-	
	Maste	er Mode:	Clock gen	erated b	y transmi	itter or re	eceiver		
HIGH t _{HC}	$0.35T_{tr}$	-	-	-	$0.35T_{tr}$	-	-	-	
LOW t _{LC}	$0.35T_{tr}$	-	-	-	$0.35T_{tr}$	-	-	-	
Master Mode: Clock generated by transmitter or receiver									
HIGH t _{HC}	-	$0.35T_{tr}$	-	-	-	$0.35T_{tr}$	-	-	
LOW t _{LC}	-	$0.35T_{tr}$	-	-	-	$0.35T_{tr}$	-	-	
Rise time t _{RC}	-	-	$0.15T_{tr}$	-	-	-	-	-	
			Tr	ansmitte	er				
Delay t _{dtr}	-	-	-	0.8T	-	-	-	-	
Hold time t _{htr}	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Receiver									
Setup time t _{sr}	-	-	-	-	-	0.2T _r	-	-	
Hold time t _{hr}	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	

Table 15: Timing for I2S transmitters and receivers

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The time periods specified in Figure 9 and Figure 10 are defined by the transmitter speed. The receiver specifications must match transmitter performance.



T = Clock period

T_{tr} = Minimum allowed clock period for transmitter

T = T_{tr}

* t_{RC} is only relevant for transmitters in slave mode.

Figure 9: I2S transmitter timing



T = Clock period

 T_r = Minimum allowed clock period for transmitter $T > T_r$

Figure 10: I2S receiver timing

8.5. BSC (Cypress Serial Control) Master Interface

BT850-Sx includes a Cypress Serial Control (BSC) master interface. The BSC interface supports low-speed and fast mode devices and is compatible with I²C slave devices. Multiple I²C master devices and flexible wait state insertion by the master interface or slave devices are not supported. The BT850-Sx provides 400 kHz, full speed clock support.

The BSC interface is programmed by the CPU to generate the following BSC transfer types on the bus:

- Read-only
- Write-only
- Combined read/write
- Combined write-read

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NVRAM may contain configuration information about the customer application, including the following:

- Fractional-N information
- BD_ADDR
- UART baud rate
- USB enumeration information
- SDP service record
- File system information used for code, code patches, or data

Figure 11 and Table 16 define the timing requirements for the BSC interface.



Figure 11: BSC interface timing diagram

Table	16:	BSC	interf	ace	timing	specij	fications
-------	-----	-----	--------	-----	--------	--------	-----------

Ref No.	Characteristics	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	
			100		
1	Clock frequency	_	400	۲	
Ŧ	clock inequency		800	RHZ	
		1000 650 -			
2	START condition setup time	650	-	ns	
3	START condition hold time	280	-	ns	
4	Clock low time	650	-	ns	
5	Clock high time	280	-	ns	
6	Data input hold time	0	-	ns	
7	Data input setup time	100	-	ns	
8	STOP condition setup time	280	-	ns	
9	Output valid from clock	-	400	ns	
10	Bus free time	650	-	ns	

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9 ANTENNA PERFORMANCE

Table 17, Figure 12, and Figure 13 shows the antenna gain and performance.

Table 17: Antenna gain

Unit in dBi @ 2440 MHz	ХҮ-р	lane	XZ-p	lane	YZ-p	lane	Efficiency
	Peak	Avg.	Peak	Avg.	Peak	Avg.	Enclency
ATSZIO-BZR/HAA	1.7	-2.9	2.3	-2.3	0.2	-5.4	55%



Figure 12: Antenna return loss

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Far-field Power Distribution(H+V) on X-Y Plane Barbai Gaulti Ver 1740, Barbaited Ver 3 Michigane dife





Far-field Power Distribution(H+V) on X-Z Plane Barbaic loads Ver 11 dis, Per regionality Ver 3 Mix 21 annuals





Far-field Power Distribution(H+V) on Y-Z Plane



Figure 13: Antenna patterns

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U .		L	u.	\mathbf{D}	

	Peak gain	Avg. gain
XY-plane	1.7	-2.9

	Peak gain	Avg. gain
XZ-plane	2.3	-2.3

	Peak gain	Avg. gain
YZ-plane	0.2	-5.4

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Side View

Top View

14

15

-12.85

٨

1.75

8.50

♥ Pin1

10 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS AND LAND PATTERN

10.1. BT850-Sx Mechanical Drawing

Bottom View Device Pads



Note:	eters			
	Tolerances:	.xx	±0.03 mm	
		.х	±1.3 mm	



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11 IMPLEMENTATION NOTE

11.1. PCB Layout on Host PCB

Checklist (for PCB):

- MUST locate the BT850 module close to the edge of PCB.
- Use solid GND plane on inner layer (for best EMC and RF performance).
- Place GND vias close to module GND pads as possible
- Route traces to avoid noise being picked up on VCC supply.
- Antenna Keep-out area:
 - Ensure there is no copper in the antenna keep-out area on any layers of the host PCB.
 - Keep all mounting hardware and metal clear of the area to allow proper antenna radiation.
 - For best antenna performance, place the BT850 module on the edge of the host PCB, preferably in the corner with the antenna facing the corner.
 - A different host PCB thickness dielectric will have small effect on antenna.



Figure 14: Recommend antenna keep-out area (in blue) used on the BT850

11.1.1. Antenna Keep-out and Proximity to Metal or Plastic

Checklist (for metal/plastic enclosure):

- Minimum safe distance for metals without seriously compromising the antenna (tuning) is 40 mm top/bottom and 30 mm left or right.
- Metal close to the BT850 chip monopole antenna (bottom, top, left, right, any direction) will have degradation on the antenna performance. The amount of degradation is entirely system-dependent which means some testing by customers is required (in their host application).
- Any metal closer than 20 mm starts to significantly degrade performance (S11, gain, radiation efficiency).
- It is best that the customer tests the range with mock-up (or actual prototype) of the product to assess
 effects of enclosure height (and material, whether metal or plastic).

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11.1.2. USB Dongle Design Example Using BT850-SA



Figure 15: USB dongle design schematic





Figure 16: BT851 USB dongle, containing embedded BT850-SA

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12 APPLICATION NOTE FOR SURFACE MOUNT MODULES

12.1. Introduction

Laird surface mount modules are designed to conform to all major manufacturing guidelines. This application note is intended to provide additional guidance beyond the information that is presented in the user manual. This application note is considered a living document and is updated as new information is presented.

The modules are designed to meet the needs of a number of commercial and industrial applications. They are easy to manufacture and they conform to current automated manufacturing processes.

12.2. Shipping

12.2.1. Tray Package

Modules are shipped in ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) safe trays that can be loaded into most manufacturer's pick and place machines. Layouts of the trays are provided in Figure 17.



Figure 17: Shipping tray layout

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12.2.2. Tape and Reel Package Information

Note: Ordering information for Tape and Reel packaging is an addition of T/R to the end of the full module part number. For example, BT850-Sx becomes BT850-Sx-T/R.



Figure 18: Reel specifications



Figure 19: Tape specifications

There are 2500 BT850-Sx modules taped in a reel (and packaged in a pizza box) and five boxes per carton (12,500 modules per carton). Reel, boxes, and carton are labeled with the appropriate labels. See Figure 20.

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1.1.1.1 Packaging Process



Figure 20: Packaging process

12.3. Reflow Parameters

Laird surface mount modules are designed to be easily manufactured, including reflow soldering to a PCB. Ultimately it is the responsibility of the customer to choose the appropriate solder paste and to ensure oven temperatures during reflow meet the requirements of the solder paste. Laird's surface mount modules conform to J-STD-020D1 standards for reflow temperatures.



Important: During reflow, modules should not be above 260° and not for more than 30 seconds.

Figure 21: Recommended reflow temperature

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Temperatures should not exceed the minimums or maximums presented in Table 18.

Specification	Value	Unit
Temperature Inc./Dec. Rate (max)	1~3	°C / Sec
Temperature Decrease rate (goal)	2-4	°C / Sec
Soak Temp Increase rate (goal)	.5 - 1	°C / Sec
Flux Soak Period (Min)	70	Sec
Flux Soak Period (Max)	120	Sec
Flux Soak Temp (Min)	150	°C
Flux Soak Temp (max)	190	°C
Time Above Liquidous (max)	70	Sec
Time Above Liquidous (min)	50	Sec
Time In Target Reflow Range (goal)	30	Sec
Time At Absolute Peak (max)	5	Sec
Liquidous Temperature (SAC305)	218	°C
Lower Target Reflow Temperature	240	°C
Upper Target Reflow Temperature	250	°C
Absolute Peak Temperature	260	°C

13 JAPAN (MIC) REGULATORY

The BT85x is approved for use in the Japanese market. The part numbers listed below hold WW type certification. Refer to **ARIB-STD-T66** for further guidance on OEM's responsibilities.

Model	Product Name	Description	Certificate No.
BT850 -SA	BT v4.2 Dual Mode USB HCI Module	Mounted with chipset antenna	
BT850-SC			
BT851			

13.1. Antenna Information

The BT850-Sx was tested with antennas listed below. The OEM can choose a different manufacturers antenna but must make sure it is of same type and that the gain is lesser than or equal to the antenna that is approved for use.

Item	Part Number	Mfg.	Туре	Gain (dBi)	
1	AT3216-B2R7HAA	ACX	Ceramic	0.5	
2	001-0030 mFlexPIFA	LAIRD	PIFA	2	
3	001-0014 FlexPIFA	LAIRD	PIFA	2	
4	0600-00040	LAIRD	Dipole	2	
5	NanoBlue MAF94045	LAIRD	PCB Dipole	2	

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14 FCC REGULATORY

Model	US/FCC	CANADA/IC
BT850-SA	SQGBT850	
BT850-ST	SQGBT850	
BT851	SQGBT850	
DVK-BT850-SA		
DVK-BT850-ST		

The BT85x family has been designed to operate with the antenna listed below having a maximum gain of 0.5 dBi. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.

Item	Part Number	Mfg.	Туре	Gain (dBi)	
1	AT3216-B2R7HAA	ACX	Ceramic	0.5	
2	001-0030 mFlexPIFA	LAIRD	PIFA	2	
3	001-0014 FlexPIFA	LAIRD	PIFA	2	
4	0600-00040	LAIRD	Dipole	2	
5	NanoBlue MAF94045	LAIRD	PCB Dipole	2	

14.1. Documentation Requirements

To ensure regulatory compliance, when integrating the BT850-Sx into a host device, it is necessary to meet the documentation requirements set forth by the applicable regulatory agencies. The following sections (FCC, Industry Canada, and European Union) outline the information that may be included in the user's guide and external labels for the host devices into which the BT850 is integrated.

IMPORTANT:

If the conditions above cannot be met (for example certain device configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

When using Laird's FCC grant for the BT850, the integrator must include specific information in the user's guide for the device into which the BT850 is integrated. The integrator must not provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the device into which the BT850 is integrated. The following FCC statements must be added in their entirety and without modification into a prominent place in the user's guide for the device into which the BT850 is integrated.

IMPORTANT NOTE: To comply with FCC requirements, the BT850 must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions:

• The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna,

If the condition above is met, further <u>transmitter</u> test will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements

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required with this module installed

Important Note:

If these conditions cannot be met (for example, certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

End Product Labeling

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: Contains FCC ID: SQGBT850.

Manual Information to the End User

The OEM integrator must be aware to not provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module.

The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as show in this manual.

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE: FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with the US portable RF exposure limit set forth for an uncontrolled environment and are safe for intended operation as described in this manual. The further RF exposure reduction can be achieved if the product can be kept as far as possible from the user body or set the device to lower output power if such function is available.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

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15 INDUSTRY CANADA REGULATORY

This device complies with Industry Canada's license-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause interference; and
- 2. This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

- 1. l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
- 2. l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Radiation Exposure Statement:

The product complies with the Canada portable RF exposure limit set forth for an uncontrolled environment and are safe for intended operation as described in this manual. The further RF exposure reduction can be achieved if the product can be kept as far as possible from the user body or set the device to lower output power if such function is available.

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations:

Le produit est conforme aux limites d'exposition pour les appareils portables RF pour les Etats-Unis et le Canada établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Le produit est sûr pour un fonctionnement tel que décrit dans ce manuel. La réduction aux expositions RF peut être augmentée si l'appareil peut être conservé aussi loin que possible du corps de l'utilisateur ou que le dispositif est réglé sur la puissance de sortie la plus faible si une telle fonction est disponible.

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions:

• The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.

If the condition above is met, further transmitter test will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed.

Cet appareil est conçu uniquement pour les intégrateurs OEM dans les conditions suivantes:

• Le module émetteur peut ne pas être coïmplanté avec un autre émetteur ou antenne.

Tant que les 1 condition ci-dessus sont remplies, des essais supplémentaires sur l'émetteur ne seront pas nécessaires. Toutefois, l'intégrateur OEM est toujours responsable des essais sur son produit final pour toutes exigences de conformité supplémentaires requis pour ce module installé.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

If these conditions cannot be met (for example, certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the Canada authorization is no longer considered valid and the IC ID cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate Canada authorization.

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Dans le cas où ces conditions ne peuvent être satisfaites (par exemple pour certaines configurations d'ordinateur **portable** ou de certaines co-localisation avec un autre émetteur), l'autorisation du Canada n'est plus considéré comme valide et l'ID IC ne peut pas être utilisé sur le produit final. Dans ces circonstances, l'intégrateur OEM sera chargé de réévaluer le produit final (y compris l'émetteur) et l'obtention d'une autorisation distincte au Canada.

End Product Labeling

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following: "Contains IC: 3147A-BT850".

Plaque signalétique du produit final

Le produit final doit être étiqueté dans un endroit visible avec l'inscription suivante: "Contient des IC: 3147A-BT850".

Manual Information to the End User

The OEM integrator must be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module.

The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as show in this manual.

Manuel d'information à l'utilisateur final

L'intégrateur OEM doit être conscient de ne pas fournir des informations à l'utilisateur final quant à la façon d'installer ou de supprimer ce module RF dans le manuel de l'utilisateur du produit final qui intègre ce module. Le manuel de l'utilisateur final doit inclure toutes les informations réglementaires requises et avertissements comme indiqué dans ce manuel.

This radio transmitter (*IC: 3147A-BT850*) has been approved by *Industry Canada* to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Le présent émetteur radio (*IC: 3147A-BT850*) a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, et dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

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16 EUROPEAN UNION REGULATORY

The BT85x has been tested for compliance with relevant standards for the EU market. BT850 module was tested with a 0.5 dBi chip antenna.

The OEM should consult with a qualified test house before entering their device into an EU member country to make sure all regulatory requirements have been met for their complete device.

Reference the Declaration of Conformities listed below for a full list of the standards that the modules were tested to. Test reports are available upon request.

16.1. EU Declarations of Conformity

Manufacturer:	Laird			
Products:	BT850-SA, BT850-ST, BT851			
Product	BT850-SA, BT850-ST	BTv4.2 Dual Mode USB HCI Module		C. C
Description	BT851	BTv4.2 Dual Mode USB Dongle		Laird
EU Directives:	2014/53/EU – Radio Equipment Directive (RED)			

Reference standards used for presumption of conformity:

Article Number	Requirement	Reference standard(s)
	Low voltage equipment safety	EN 60950-1:2006 +A11:2009 +A1:2010 +A12:2011 +A2:2013
3.1a		EN 62311:2008
	KF EXPOSUIE	EN 62479:2010
Protection requirements with3.1brespect to electromagneticcompatibility		EN 301 489-1 v2.2.0 (2017-03) EN 301 489-17 v3.2.0 (2017-03)
3.2	Means of the efficient use of the radio frequency spectrum	EN 300 328 v2.1.1 (2016-11)

Declaration:

We, Laird, declare under our sole responsibility that the essential radio test suites have been carried out and that the above product to which this declaration relates is in conformity with all the applicable essential requirements of Article 3 of the EU Directive 1999/5/EC, when used for its intended purpose.

Place of Issue:	Laird W66N220 Commerce Court, Cedarburg, WI 53012 USA tel: +1-262-375-4400 fax: +1-262-364-2649		
Date of Issue:	TBD		
Name of Authorized Person:	Thomas T Smith, Director of EMC Compliance		
Signature of Authorized Person:	Thomas TC-14		

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17 ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Description
BT850-SA	BTv4.2 Dual Mode USB HCI Module – Integrated Antenna
BT851	BTv4.2 Dual Mode USB Dongle
BT850-ST	BTv4.2 Dual Mode USB HCI Module – External Antenna
DVK-BT850-SA	Development Kit for BT850-SA Module
DVK-BT850-ST	Development Kit for BT850-ST Module

17.1. General Comments

This is a preliminary datasheet. Please check with Laird for the latest information before commencing a design. If in doubt, ask.

18 BLUETOOTH SIG APPROVALS

18.1. Application Note: Subsystem Combinations

This application note covers the procedure for generating a new Declaration ID for a Subsystem combination on the Bluetooth SIG website. In the instance of subsystems, a member can combine two or more subsystems to create a complete Bluetooth End Product solution.

Design Name	Owner	Declaration ID	Link to listing on the SIG website
BT850-SA	Laird	D037603	https://www.bluetooth.org/tpg/QLI_viewQDL.cfm?qid=37603
Windows 8 (Host Subsystem)	Microsoft Corporation	B012854	https://www.bluetooth.org/tpg/QLI_viewQDL.cfm?qid=12854

Subsystem listings referenced as an example:

Laird Customer Declaration ID Procedure

This procedure assumes that the member is simply combining two subsystems to create a new design, without any modification to the existing, qualified subsystems. This is achieved by using the Listing interface on the Bluetooth SIG website. Error! Reference source not found. shows the basic subsystem combination of a controller and host subsystem. The Controller provides the RF/BB/LM and HCI layers, with the Host providing L2CAP, SDP, GAP, RFCOMM/SPP and any other specific protocols and profiles existing in the Host subsystem listing. The design may also include a Profile Subsystem.

The controller provides the RF/BB/LM and HCI layers, with the Host providing L2CAP, SDP, GAP, RFCOMM/SPP and any other specific protocols and profiles existing in the Host subsystem listing. The design may also include a Profile Subsystem.

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Figure 22: Basic subsystem combination of a controller and host subsystem

The Qualification Process requires each company to registered as a member of the Bluetooth SIG – http://www.bluetooth.org

The following link provides a link to the Bluetooth Registration page: https://www.bluetooth.org/login/register/

For each Bluetooth Design it is necessary to purchase a Declaration ID. This can be done before starting the new qualification, either through invoicing or credit card payment. The fees for the Declaration ID will depend on your membership status, please refer to the following webpage:

https://www.bluetooth.org/en-us/test-qualification/qualification-overview/fees

For a detailed procedure of how to obtain a new Declaration ID for your design, please refer to the following SIG document:

https://www.bluetooth.org/DocMan/handlers/DownloadDoc.ashx?doc_id=283698&vId=317486

To start the listing, go to: https://www.bluetooth.org/tpg/QLI_SDoc.cfm.

In step 1, select the option, **Reference a Qualified Design** and enter the Declaration IDs of each subsystem used in the End Product design. You can then select your pre-paid Declaration ID from the drop down menu or go to the Purchase Declaration ID page, (please note that unless the Declaration ID is pre-paid or purchased with a credit card, it will not be possible to proceed until the SIG invoice is paid.

Once all the relevant sections of step 1 are finished, complete steps 2, 3, and 4 as described in the help document. Your new Design will be listed on the SIG website and you can print your Certificate and DoC.

For further information please refer to the following training material:

https://www.bluetooth.org/en-us/test-qualification/qualification-overview/listing-process-updates

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19 ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE

Please contact your local sales representative or our support team for further assistance:

Laird Technologies Connectivity Products Business Unit Support Centre: http://ews-support.lairdtech.com

Email: wireless.support@lairdtech.com

Phone:	Americas: +1-800-492-2320
Europe:	+44-1628-858-940
Hong Kong:	+852 2923 0610

Web: http://www.lairdtech.com/bluetooth

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