

Analysis Report

The Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a portable 2.4GHz Transmitter for a Santa Claus. The sample supplied operated on 3 channels, 2435MHz, 2445MHz and 2475MHz.

The EUT is powered by 3 x 1.5V AAA batteries. After switching on the EUT, the Santa Claus can be paired up with the adaptor. The Santa Claus will sing a song while music will be played from the adaptor. A light bulb load can be plugged to the adaptor and power supply of the adaptor to the load will be enabled and disabled continuously for a period of time, to allow the light bulb load to blink. After this period of time, the power supply will keep enabling until the EUT is switched off.

Antenna Type: Internal integral antenna

Antenna Gain: 0dBi

Nominal rated field strength: 73.0dBμV/m at 3m

Maximum allowed field strength of production tolerance: +/- 3dB

According to the KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

Based on the Maximum allowed average field strength of production tolerance was 76.0dBμV/m at 3m.

Thus, it below calculated field strength according to minimum SAR exclusion threshold level as follows:

For mobile devices that are not exempt per Table B.1 [Table 1 of § 1.1307(b)(1)(i)(C)] at distances from 20 cm to 40 cm and in 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz, evaluation of compliance with the exposure limits in § 1.1310 is necessary if the ERP of the device is greater than ERP_{20cm} in Formula (B.1) [repeated from § 2.1091(c)(1) and § 1.1307(b)(1)(i)(B)].

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases} \quad (\text{B. 1})$$

If the ERP is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used (i.e., without consideration of ERP only if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of $\lambda/4$ or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole.

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}(d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases} \quad (\text{B. 2})$$

where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right)$$

and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and $ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}$ is per Formula (B.1). The example values shown in Table B.2 are for illustration only.

Table B.2—Example Power Thresholds (mW)

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (mm)										
	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	
300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217	
450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226	
835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240	
1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236	
2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219	
3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195	
5800	1	6	14	25	40	58	80	106	136	169	

The worst case of SAR Exclusion Threshold Level at 2.48GHz with distance 5mm:
= 2.717mW

According to the KDB 412172 D01:

$$EIRP = [(FS * D)^2 * 1000 / 30]$$

Calculated Field Strength for 2.717mW is 99.6dBuV/m @3m

Since maximum average field strength plus production tolerance $\leq 99.6 \text{ dBuV/m @3m}$ and antenna gain is $\geq 0.0 \text{ dBi}$, it is concluded that maximum Conducted Power and Field Strength are well below the SAR Exclusion threshold level, so the EUT is considered to comply with SAR requirement without testing.