

Wiring of Ceiling Fan with Remote Receiver

● Important Safety Precautions

1. All fixed wiring appliances should be installed by a qualified electrician.
2. Do not install in damp locations or immerse in water. (For indoor use only.)
3. Do not pull or cut leads and drop or dump the unit.
4. The battery will deteriorate with age. Replace before leaking occurs as this will damage the transmitter.

● Note: Please follow the below steps for installation.

Before the input power turned "OFF" for ceiling fan wiring, be sure the speed of fan is set at "MAXIMUM" and the fan light is turned at the "ON" mode.

1. Remove the ceiling fan hanger bracket cover, be sure to put the receiver unit (unit facing down) into the hanger bracket completely, and the antenna wire is also fed through the bracket before wiring. (See Fig. 1 & 2)
2. Black wire (TO MOTOR L) is connected with the ceiling fan input wire; White wire (TO MOTOR N) is connected with the neutral line of motor; Blue wire (FOR LIGHT) is connected with the ceiling fan light wire. Black wire (AC IN L) & White wire (AC IN N) are respectively connected with those of the AC power wires.

● Code Adjustment

1. Make sure both receiver and transmitter have the same dip switch settings.
2. If it is necessary to change the transmission code, you could push dip switches both up or down to set the same number (from 1 to 4).
(see Fig. 3 & 4)

DIAGRAMS: How To Install Receiver

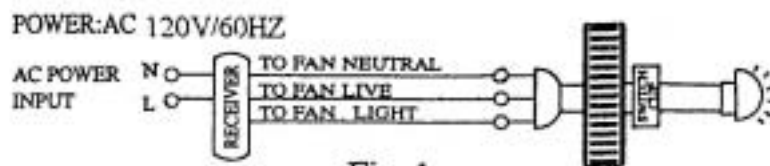


Fig. 1.

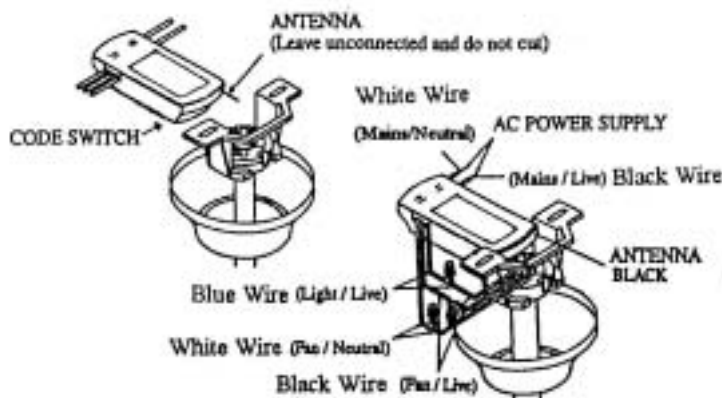


Fig. 2.

VIEW AFTER INSTALLATION

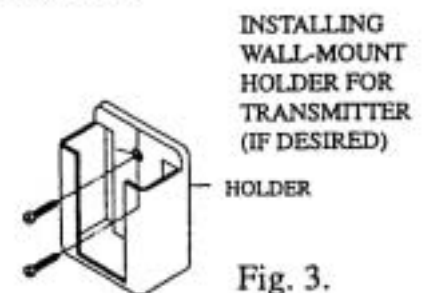


Fig. 3.

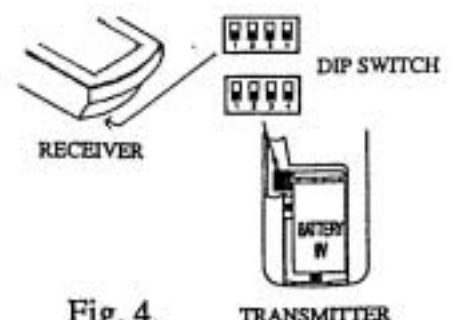


Fig. 4.

TRANSMITTER

Federal Communications Commission(FCC) Statement

This Equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for FCC, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and , if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.**
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.**

Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment.
