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Schneider Electric NetBotz USB Coordinator and Router

Report of FCC and Industry Canada Intentional Radiator Testing

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Applicable Models	NetBotz USB Coordinator and Router NBWC100U
Test Laboratory	Core Compliance Testing Services, LLC 79 River Road Hudson, NH 03051
Test Dates	June 3 – 18, 2014
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1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

Equipment Under Test (EUT): NetBotz USB Coordinator and Router Manufacturer: Schneider Electric IT Corporation Applicable Models: NBWC100U Serial Numbers: 002final1000, 002final1002, 002final1001 Note: 3 units were tested: 002final1000 set to the Low Channel (Ch. 11), 002final1002 set to the Mid Channel (Ch. 18) 002final1001 set to the High Channel (Ch. 25)

EUT Technical Specifications:

- A) Operation Frequency: 2405 2475 MHz, 15 channels
 - 1. Low Channel #11, 2.405 GHz
 - 2. Mid Channel #18, 2.440 GHz
 - 3. High Channel #25, 2.475 GHz
- B) Rated output power: 0.7mW (-1.5dBm) (based on test results, ref: 4.3)
- C) Modulation type: IEEE 802.15.4-2006 Modulation Format (see Appendix A)
- D) Antenna Designation: 2.4GHz thru-hole Antenna, 4.0 dBi, Non-User Replaceable (Fixed)
- E) Power Supply: Globtek, Inc. model GT-41078-0505-USB. Input: 100-240VAC, 50-60Hz, 0.2A. Output: 5VDC, 1A.
- F) This report documents the results for the Model NBWC100U which is a USB coordinator and router
- G) FCC ID: SNSNBWC100U IC: 3351C-NBWC100U



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1.2 Applicable Documents and Standards

This test report is based on the following standards.

Intentional Radiators:

- FCC CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.247
- Industry Canada RSS-210, Annex A8.2, Digital Modulation Systems
- ANSI C63.10: 2013
- FCC KDB 558074

Unintentional Radiators:

- EN55022: 2006, Information Technology Equipment, Class B
- FCC CFR47, Part 15, Subpart B, Digital Devices, Class B
- ICES-003, Issue 5, August 2012, Information Technology Equipment, Class B
- AS/NZS CISPR 22: 2006, Information Technology Equipment, Class B

1.3 Test Dates

June 3 - 18, 2014

1.4 Test Methodology

Radiated and conducted emissions testing was performed because the EUT is a USB device and is sold with the Globtek AC/USB adapter. Testing was done according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2003). Radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3-meters.

1.5 Test Facility

The Open Area Test Site (OATS) and ferrite lined shielded chamber used to collect the radiated data is located at Core Compliance Testing Services, 79 River Road, Hudson, NH. The OATS is constructed and calibrated to meet the FCC requirements of ANSI C63.4: 2003, MP5, and OST-55. The test facility is listed with the FCC (registration number 792478) and ISO 17025 accredited by A2LA (2778.01).

1.6 Test Equipment List

All equipment used in the testing process has up to date calibrations traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Refer to the Table 1 on the following page for a complete list of equipment used during the test.



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Asset #	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
3	Preamplifier 8447F OPT H64	Agilent/HP	8447F-H64	3113A07400	12/26/13	12/26/15
4	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z5	826789/014	12/26/13	12/26/14
6	EMI Receiver	HP	8546A/85460A	3906A00498	01/24/14	01/24/15
15	Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	9906-5841	2/06/13	2/06/15
126	Horn Antenna	A.H.Systems	SAS-571	782	5/11/13	5/11/15
19	Pre amplifier	HP/Agilent	08449B	3008A01322	12/26/13	12/26/14
20	Low Loss Cable	Andrew	ETS1-50T	0081108339	03/05/14	03/05/15
30	Semi-Anechoic chamber	Keene Ray Proof	N/A	8298	03/30/14	03/30/15
46	Antenna	Chase	CBL6111	2602	12/20/13	12/20/14
51,52	Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESMI	845364/009	12/08/13	12/08/14
61	Low Loss Cable	Andrew	ETS1-50T	00A1108347	6/28/13	6/28/14
103	Magnetic Loop Antenna	A.H.Systems	SAS-200/562B	216	3/18/14	3/18/15
109	Alternative Open Area Test Site	Strongwell	10 Meter	None	12/15/12	12/15/15
123	Spectrum Analyzer	HP	E4405B	US39440317	12/26/13	12/26/14

Table 1: Test Equipment

All equipment used for testing has been calibrated according to methods and procedures defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

1.7 Measurement Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty of radiated emissions data is 5.1 dB based on the test equipment used and the OATS site attenuation data.

1.8 Equipment Modifications

Not applicable.



2.0 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing was based on the requirements as given in the applicable standards and was operated in a manner which intends to maximize its emissions characteristics in a continuous, transmit application. Constant transmit is not an intended mode of operation but was used to produce maximum emissions. Preliminary testing was done at voltage variations between 90V and 264V. This was based on the Globtek electrical specification for the model GT-41078-0505-USB. There was no change in the EUT transmitter output between 90 and 120VAC, 60Hz and at 264VAC, 50Hz; therefore, all remaining testing was done at 120VAC, 60Hz.

The EUT was placed on a 1.5m high polystyrene support for all emissions testing of 1GHz and above. The EUT was placed on an 80cm high wooden table for emissions testing below 1GHz.

2.2 EUT Exercise

The EUT has been tested under operating conditions and was programmed to allow it to remain in continuous transmitting mode.

Transmit Channel	Transmit Freq. (MHz)	Transmit Power Level (dBm)	Test Mode	Modulation	Tone
0x0B (Chan. 11)	2405	4.5 (max)	0x01 (continuous transmit)	0x00 (ON) and 0x01 (OFF)	0 kHz
0x12 (Chan. 18)	2440	4.5 (max)	0x01 (continuous transmit)	0x00 (ON) and 0x01 (OFF)	0 kHz
0x19 (Chan. 25)	2475	4.5 (max)	0x01 (continuous transmit)	0x00 (ON) and 0x01 (OFF)	0 kHz

The EUT was operated as follows:



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3.0 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Table 2, Test Summary

Rules	Description Of Test	Result		
FCC 15.247(b)(3)	Peak Output Power (1 W)	Pass		
FCC 15.247(a)(2), IC RSS-210, A8.2	6dB Bandwidth (≥500kHz)	Pass		
FCC 15.247(d)	100 KHz Bandwidth Of Frequency Band Edges	Pass		
FCC 15.209(a) through (f) FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Class B, EN55022/CISPR22 Class B, ICES-003 Class B	Unintentional/Spurious Emissions	Pass		
FCC 15.247(e), IC RSS-210, A8.2	Peak Power Density (8dBm/3kHz)	Pass		
FCC 15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass		
FCC 15.207(a)	Conducted Emissions	Pass		



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4.0 PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

CFR 47, Part 15.247 (b) (3).. For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band, the maximum peak conducted output power is 1.0 Watt.

4.2 Measurement Procedure

Place the EUT on the 1.5m polystyrene stand and set it in transmitting mode. Measurements were made with and without modulation applied. It was found that with modulation produced equal or just slightly higher results so only these results are shown.

Utilizing the radiated emissions method, the EUT was set up on a three meter OATS. The field strength was maximized by rotating the turntable and adjusting the antenna height. Measurements were further optimized for vertical and horizontal polarization of the receive antenna.

The peak field strength for each transmit frequency was recorded.

To convert field strength at 3 meters to power in Watts, the following formula was

Used:	$P = (E x d)^2 / (30 x G)$
-------	----------------------------

Where: P = Power in Watts E = Field strength in V/m d = Measurement distance in meters G = Numeric Gain of Antenna (numeric gain was <6 dBi so a G factor of 1 was used)

Repeat the above procedures for each of the low, mid, and high frequency channels.



4.3 Measurement Result

Maximum Conducted Output Power											
Channel*FieldFieldPowerChannelFrequencyStrengthStrengthLimitCalculation(GHz)(dBµV/m)(µV/m)(mW)(mW)											
Low	2.405	93.7	48,417	1,000	0.70	Pass					
Middle	2.440	93.6	47,863	1,000	0.69	Pass					
High	2.475	93.2	45,709	1,000	0.63	Pass					

*Field strength includes cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor as shown below each of the following plots.



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Data plots for low, mid, and high channels



Peak Power Output Data Plot (CH 11, Low)

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)
11	2405	93.8	8.3	-37.2	28.8	93.7



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Peak Power Output Data Plot (CH 18, Mid)

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)
18	2440	93.5	8.3	-37.2	29.0	93.6



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Peak Power Output Data Plot (CH 25, High)

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Preamp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)
25	2475	92.8	8.4	-37.2	29.2	93.2



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5.0 6dB BANDWIDTH

5.1 Applicable Standard

In accordance with FCC CFR 47, Part 15.247 (a)(2) and Industry Canada RSS-210, A8 and A8.2, systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

5.2 Measurement Procedure

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points that are attenuated by 6 dB, relative to the peak of the fundamental frequency.

These measurements were performed at the low, mid, and high channel frequencies.

5.3 Measurement Result

Channel	Bandwidth (MHz)
11, Low	1.40
18, Mid	1.45
25, High	1.53



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Data plots for low, mid, and high channels



6dB Bandwidth Data Plot (CH 11, Low)



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6dB Bandwidth Data Plot (CH 18, Mid)



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	82.10 dBµV
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Center 2.475 GHz Span 10 MHz	
#Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	
Marker Irace lype X Axis Amplitude 1R (1) Freg 2.47398 GHz 80.52 dBuV	
1△ (1) Freq 1.53 MHz 0.35 dB	
	Title
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6dB Bandwidth Data Plot (CH 25, High)



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6.0 100kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

6.1 Applicable Standard

According to 15.247(d), in any 100 KHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions, which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a).

6.2 Measurement Procedure

- Place the EUT on the 1.5 meter polystyrene stand and set it in transmitting mode with modulation.
- Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the operating frequency.
- Set the spectrum analyzer RBW= 100kHz, VBW=300KHz, Span=50MHz, Sweep Auto
- Mark the peak, 2.405 GHz, Lo Channel # 11 and record the maximum level.
- Set the delta marker to next lower frequency of spurious emission and record peak.
- Repeat the above procedures at 2.475 GHz, Hi Channel # 25 and measure the next highest spurious emission and record the level.

6.3 Measurement Result

Refer to attached spectrum analyzer data charts.



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Data plots for low and high channels



100kHz Band Edge Measurement Data (CH-11, Low)



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100kHz Band Edge Measurement Data (CH 25, High)



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7.0 UNINTENTIONAL/SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSION TEST

7.1 Radiated Emissions

Preliminary testing was done in a ferrite lined shielded enclosure for frequency identification from the EUT. All final measurements were done on the OATS.

The EUT was placed on a 1.5m high polystyrene support, which is on a turntable per ANSI C63.10, clause 6.3.1. The turntable was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. The EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna which was varied from 1m to 4m in height during the final OATS measurements, to find the highest emissions level. Each frequency of emission was maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, the relative positions of the transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in ANSI C63.10, clause 5.10.1.

7.2 Prescan Radiated Emissions

The radiated emissions prescan testing was performed in the 3 meter ferrite lined shielded chamber.

The EUT was placed on an 80 cm high wooden table for all measurements between 9kHz and 1000MHz. For testing above 1GHz, the EUT was set on the 1.5 meter polystyrene stand on the turntable.

7.3 Prescan Measurement Procedure

- Prescans from 9kHz to 26GHz were done in the ferrite-lined shielded chamber for EUT frequency identification. These scans are exploratory emission tests only that are voluntarily submitted.
- The turntable was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level at the transmit frequency. Scans from 1-26GHz were done at this azimuth angle at both horizontal and vertical receive antenna polarization.
- In the 30-1000MHz range, the EUT prescans were done at 0°, 90°, 180°, and 270° turntable angles.
- Emissions were measured with the EUT transmitting at the low, mid, and high frequencies.



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7.4 Prescan Measurement Results

The following plots show a summary of the prescan data that was collected.





Summary of Prescan Data



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Antenna: Horn



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7.5 Radiated Emissions Applicable Standard

Emissions outside the authorized bands shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a), and according to 15.33(a)(1), for an intentional radiator operating below 10GHz, the frequency range of measurements shall encompass the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40GHz, whichever is lower.

7.6 Radiated Emissions EUT Setup

The radiated emission tests were performed on the 3 meter open area test site, in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003.

The EUT was placed on an 80 cm high wooden table for all measurements between 9kHz and 1000MHz. For testing above 1GHz, the EUT was set on a 1.5 meter polystyrene stand on the turntable.

7.7 Radiated Emissions Measurement Procedure

- The EUT/stand was placed on a turntable, which is flush with the ground plane.
- The turntable was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- The EUT was 3m away from the receiving antenna which was varied from 1m to 4m to obtain the maximum emissions level.
- The data was recorded at the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- Each emission was maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- Emissions were measured with the EUT transmitting at the low, mid, and high frequencies.



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7.8 Radiated Emissions Test Setup Photos

Refer to photos in the Tsup document.

7.9 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation is as follows:

FS = RA + AF + CL - AG

Where:FS = Field Strength
RA = Reading Amplitude
AF = Antenna Factor
CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
AG = Amplifier Gain

7.10 Limit Extrapolation Method for Frequencies Below 30MHz

For radiated emissions results below 30MHz, the limit was adjusted based on a 40dB/decade extrapolation factor for distance (Reference: FCC Part 15.31 f 2). The field strength limit is calculated and converted to dBµV/m and then the 3m Limit Adjustment was added to this to get the 3 meter limit shown in the 9kHz - 30MHz results tables.

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength limit (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)	3m Limit Adjustment (dB)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	80
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	40
1.705-30.0	30	30	40
30.0	100	3	N/A

For example: At 32kHz, the field strength limit is $2400/32 = 75 \ \mu$ V/m. This converts to 37.5 dB μ V/m. To this is added the 3m Limit Adjustment of 80dB. Therefore the 3m limit at 32kHz is 117.5 dB μ V/m.



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7.11 Duty Cycle Correction Factor

A duty cycle correction factor has been calculated and used to determine the average field strength from the peak field strength as given on the following pages.

Duty Cycle Calculation: Manufacturer statement and calculations provided:

IEEE 802.15.4-2003 is used for application with low power consumption and in normal operation mode the TX duty cycle is much less than 1%. However, calculations have been made to show the maximum theoretical TX on time is 9%. This time is based on a total transmit on time of 2.08ms out of a 23.04ms block, see figure 7.11 (on the following page). In normal operation this block will only occur once every 30 seconds; therefore, this duty cycle is much more conservative than actual operation. This approval however, is based on ZigBee or any other protocols ensuring a maximum TX duty cycle of 9%.

Duty Cycle Correction Factor (ref: ANSI C63.10, 7.5) $\delta(dB) = 20 \log(\Delta) = 20 \log(0.09) = -20.9 dB$



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Hardware:	CC2530EM (1 dBm output power)					
Method:	Measuring voltage over a 100hm resistor; hence, 50mV translate into 5mA					
Software running:	ZigBee PRO, End Device, SampleLight, HA profile, polling every 5000ms - toggli	ng Light				
Measure points:	See figure below					
			/oltage (mV)	Current (m/	۹)	Time (ms)
Before 0	Power Mode 2			0.001	AN071	
Point 0 to 1	Power mode start up sequence.		120	12		0.2
Point 1 to 2	MCU in active mode running on 16MHz clock		60	6		0.25
Point 2 to 3	MCU running on 32 MHz clock		70	7		1.7
Point 3 to 4	CMSA/CA algorithm. Radio in RX mode		270	27		1.85
Point 4 to 5	Switch from RX to TX		140	14		0.28
Point 5 to 6	Packet transmission (Data Request). Radio in TX mode (output power 1dBm)		330	33		0.6
Point 6 to 7	Switch from TX to RX		250	25		0.2
Point 7 to 8	Receiving the MAC Acknowledgement from Coordinator		230	23		0.48
Point 8 to 9	Radio in RX mode (processing MAC ACK and then waiting for the packet)		270	27		3.9
Point 9 to 10	Receiving the Toggle Light command		230	23		1.2
Point 10 to 11	Switch from RX to TX		140	14		0.28
Point 11 to 12	Transmitting MAC Acknowledgement. Radio in TX mode (output power 1dBm)		330	33		0.32
Point 12 to 13	Processing incoming Toggle Light message (e.g. toggling the light)		70	7		8.2
Point 13 to 14	CMSA/CA algorithm. Radio in RX mode		270	27		0.6
Point 14 to 15	Switch from RX to TX		140	14		0.28
Point 15 to 16	Packet transmission (Toggle response). Radio in TX mode (output power 1dBm		330	33		1.16
Point 16 to 17	Switch from TX to RX		250	25		0.2
Point 17 to 18	Receiving the MAC Acknowledgement from Coordinator		230	23		0.4
Point 18 to 19	Radio remaining in RX mode and processing the MAC ACK		270	27		0.48
Point 19 to 20	Processing and shut down.		70	7		0.46
After 20	Power Mode 2			0.001	AN071	
						23.04

Transmit: 2.08 9.0%



Figure 7.11



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7.12 Measurement Result – Radiated Emissions Data Tables

The data tables on the following page show the Radiated Emissions test results.



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Table A1: FCC 15.209 Radiated Emissions 9kHz – 30MHz

Company:	Schneider Electric
Test Engineer:	K. MacGrath
Model:	NBWC100U
Serial No.:	002FINAL1000
Test Date:	June 9, 2014
Test Configuration:	Channel 11, Max power level, Modulation applied
Power:	120VAC/60Hz

	Detector			AF			
	QP	3 m	Cable	includes		FCC 15.209	
Freq.	or	Reading	Loss	E Factor	Net	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	AVG	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	at 3m (dBuV/m)	(dB)
0.0294	AVG	-0.2	0.0	80.5	80.3	118.2	-37.9
0.031	AVG	-4.4	0.0	80.0	75.6	117.7	-42.1
0.096	QP	-9.5	0.0	68.5	59.0	107.9	-48.9
0.128	AVG	-11.9	0.0	66.1	54.2	105.4	-51.2
0.266	AVG	-3.8	0.1	59.6	55.9	99.1	-43.2
30.0	QP	-2.6	0.4	26.5	24.3	40.0	-15.7

Scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz on 3 Meter OATS. Compared data to FCC 15.209 limits. RBW=200Hz from 9kHz to 150kHz (Ref: CISPR 16-1-1, 5.2.1) RBW=9kHz from 150kHz to 30MHz (Ref: CISPR 16-1-1, 5.2.1)

Detectors used Quasi-peak (QP) for all except as follows: Average (AVG) 9-90kHz Average (AVG) 110-490kHz

Antenna: Magnetic Loop (Asset #103)



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Table 1: FCC Part 15 Class B Radiated Emissions

Company:	Schneider Electric
Test Engineers:	GC/ER
Model:	NBWC100U
Serial No.:	002FINAL1000
Test Date:	June 5-6, 2014
Test Configuration:	120VAC, 60Hz
-	Transmitting on Channel 11 (2.405 GHz) with modulation applied

30-1000MHz Spurious Radiated Emissions Results

				Cable			FCC Part 15	
Turntable/	Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Loss	A.F.	Net	Limit @ 3m	Margin
Height	(V or H)	(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB)
0/1	Vpk	32.0	9.0	0.6	18.2	27.8	40.0	-12.2
0/1	Vpk	45.0	12.1	0.7	11.5	24.3	40.0	-15.7
0/1	Vpk	64.0	15.2	1.0	6.4	22.6	40.0	-17.4
0/1	V	128.0	6.2	1.2	12.2	19.6	43.5	-23.9
0/1	V	196.4	5.7	1.5	9.4	16.6	43.5	-26.9
0/1	V	256.0	5.5	1.7	12.1	19.3	46.0	-26.7

1-26 GHz Spurious Radiated Emissions Results, Peak

				Cable	Preamp			FCC Part 15	
Turntable/	Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Loss	Gain	A.F.	Net	Limit @ 3m	Margin
Height	(V or H)	(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB)
0/1.6	Hpk	4809.5	44.0	12.6	-36.3	32.9	53.2	73.9	-20.7
0/2	Hpk	7214.5	41.5	16.5	-36.2	36.0	57.8	73.9	-16.1
90/1.5	Vpk	9619.5	38.1	18.8	-37.4	37.7	57.2	73.9	-16.7

1-26 GHz Spurious Radiated Emissions Results, Average (using Duty Cycle correction factor)

							Duty Cycle			
				Cable	Preamp		Correction		FCC Part 15	
Turntable/	Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Loss	Gain	A.F.	Factor	Net	Limit @ 3m	Margin
Height	(V or H)	(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB)
0/1.6	Hpk	4809.5	44.0	12.6	-36.3	32.9	-20.9	32.3	53.9	-21.6
0/2	Hpk	7214.5	41.5	16.5	-36.2	36.0	-20.9	36.9	53.9	-17.0
90/1.5	Vpk	9619.5	38.1	18.8	-37.4	37.7	-20.9	36.3	53.9	-17.6

Notes: Did complete scans in the ferrite-lined shielded chamber.

Checked transmitter harmonics to the 10th harmonic (26 GHz).

Cable Loss: 30-1000MHz: 25-meter cable; Above 1GHz: Sum of 8-meter plus 25-meter cables

Measurements below 30-1000MHz: RBW=120kHz, QP

Measurements above 1GHz: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, Peak

Duty Cycle Calculation:

Manufacturer statement:

IEEE 802.15.4-2003 are used for application with low power consumption and in normal operation

mode the TX duty cycle is much less than 1 %. However, calculations have been made to show the maximum theoretical TX on time is 9%. This is based on a total transmit on time of 2.08ms out of a 23.04ms block. In normal operation, this block will only occur once every 30 seconds; therefore, this duty cycle is much more conservative than actual operation. This approval however, is based on ZigBee or any other protocols ensuring max TX duty cycle of 9%

Duty Cycle Correction Factor (ref: ANSI C63.10, 7.5) $\delta(dB) = 20\log(\Delta) = 20 \log (0.09) = -20.9 dB$



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Table A1: FCC 15.209 Radiated Emissions 9kHz – 30MHz

Company:Schneider ElectricTest Engineer:K. MacGrathModel:NBWC100USerial No.:002FINAL1002Test Date:June 9, 2014Test Configuration:Channel 18, Max power level, Modulation appliedPower:120VAC/60Hz

	Detector			AF			
	QP	3 m	Cable	includes		FCC 15.209	
Freq.	or	Reading	Loss	E Factor	Net	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	AVG	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>uV/</i> m)	at 3m (dBuV/m)	(dB)
0.0293	AVG	-1.2	0.0	80.5	79.3	118.2	-38.9
0.031	AVG	-5.6	0.0	80.0	74.4	117.7	-43.3
0.096	QP	-10.2	0.0	68.5	58.3	107.9	-49.6
0.128	AVG	-2.8	0.0	66.1	63.3	105.4	-42.1
0.266	AVG	-2.4	0.1	59.6	57.3	99.1	-41.8
30.0	QP	-2.1	0.4	26.5	24.8	40.0	-15.2

Scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz on 3 Meter OATS. Compared data to FCC 15.209 limits. RBW=200Hz from 9kHz to 150kHz (Ref: CISPR 16-1-1, 5.2.1) RBW=9kHz from 150kHz to 30MHz (Ref: CISPR 16-1-1, 5.2.1)

Detectors used Quasi-peak (QP) for all except as follows: Average (AVG) 9-90kHz Average (AVG) 110-490kHz

Antenna: Magnetic Loop (Asset #103)



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Table 1: FCC Part 15 Class B Radiated Emissions

Company:	Schneider Electric
Test Engineer:	GC/ER
Model:	NBWC100U
Serial No.:	002FINAL1002
Test Date:	June 5-6, 2014
Test Configuration:	120VAC, 60Hz
	Transmitting on Channel 18 (2.440 GHz) with modulation applied

30-1000MHz Spurious Radiated Emissions Results

				Cable			FCC Part 15	
Turntable/	Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Loss	A.F.	Net	Limit @ 3m	Margin
Height	(V or H)	(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB)
0/1	Vpk	32.0	6.8	0.6	18.2	25.6	40.0	-14.4
0/1	Vpk	45.0	12.7	0.7	11.5	24.9	40.0	-15.1
0/1	Vpk	64.0	14.6	1.0	6.4	22.0	40.0	-18.0
0/1	V	128.0	5.9	1.2	12.2	19.3	43.5	-24.2
0/1	V	196.4	5.1	1.5	9.4	16.0	43.5	-27.5
0/1	V	256.0	5.0	1.7	12.1	18.8	46.0	-27.2

1-26 GHz Spurious Radiated Emissions Results, Peak

				Cable	Preamp			FCC Part 15	
Turntable/	Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Loss	Gain	A.F.	Net	Limit @ 3m	Margin
Height	(V or H)	(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB)
135/1.5	Hpk	4879.9	46.4	12.8	-36.3	33.0	55.9	73.9	-18.0
0/1.6	Hpk	7319.9	38.0	16.6	-36.7	36.5	54.4	73.9	-19.5
0/1.8	Hpk	9759.9	36.1	18.9	-37.4	37.8	55.4	73.9	-18.5

1-26 GHz Spurious Radiated Emissions Results, Average (using Duty Cycle correction factor)

							Duty Cycle			
				Cable	Preamp		Correction		FCC Part 15	
Turntable/	Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Loss	Gain	A.F.	Factor	Net	Limit @ 3m	Margin
Height	(V or H)	(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB)
135/1.5	Hpk	4879.9	46.4	12.8	-36.3	33.0	-20.9	35.0	53.9	-18.9
0/1.6	Hpk	7319.9	38.0	16.6	-36.7	36.5	-20.9	33.5	53.9	-20.4
0/1.8	Hpk	9759.9	36.1	18.9	-37.4	37.8	-20.9	34.5	53.9	-19.4

Notes: Did complete scans in the ferrite-lined shielded chamber.

Checked transmitter harmonics to the 10th harmonic (26 GHz).

Cable Loss: 30-1000MHz: 25-meter cable; Above 1GHz: Sum of 8-meter plus 25-meter cables

Measurements below 30-1000MHz: RBW=120kHz, QP

Measurements above 1GHz: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, Peak

Duty Cycle Calculation:

Manufacturer statement:

IEEE 802.15.4-2003 are used for application with low power consumption and in normal operation

mode the TX duty cycle is much less than 1 %. However, calculations have been made to show the maximum theoretical TX on time is 9%. This is based on a total transmit on time of 2.08ms out of a 23.04ms block. In normal operation, this block will only occur once every 30 seconds; therefore, this duty cycle is much more conservative than actual operation. This approval however, is based on ZigBee or any other protocols ensuring max TX duty cycle of 9%

Duty Cycle Correction Factor (ref: ANSI C63.10, 7.5) $\delta(dB) = 20\log(\Delta) = 20 \log (0.09) = -20.9 dB$



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Table A1: FCC 15.209 Radiated Emissions 9kHz – 30MHz

Company:Schneider ElectricTest Engineer:K. MacGrathModel:NBWC100USerial No.:002FINAL1001Test Date:June 9, 2014Test Configuration:Channel 25, Max power level, Modulation appliedPower:120VAC/60Hz

	Detector			AF			
	QP	3 m	Cable	includes		FCC 15.209	
Freq.	or	Reading	Loss	E Factor	Net	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	AVG	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>uV/</i> m)	at 3m (dBuV/m)	(dB)
0.0293	AVG	-1.2	0.0	80.5	79.3	118.2	-38.9
0.031	AVG	-5.6	0.0	80.0	74.4	117.7	-43.3
0.096	QP	-10.2	0.0	68.5	58.3	107.9	-49.6
0.128	AVG	-2.8	0.0	66.1	63.3	105.4	-42.1
0.266	AVG	-2.4	0.1	59.6	57.3	99.1	-41.8
30.0	QP	-2.1	0.4	26.5	24.8	40.0	-15.2

Scanned from 9 kHz to 30 MHz on 3 Meter OATS. Compared data to FCC 15.209 limits. RBW=200Hz from 9kHz to 150kHz (Ref: CISPR 16-1-1, 5.2.1) RBW=9kHz from 150kHz to 30MHz (Ref: CISPR 16-1-1, 5.2.1)

Detectors used Quasi-peak (QP) for all except as follows: Average (AVG) 9-90kHz Average (AVG) 110-490kHz

Antenna: Magnetic Loop (Asset #103)



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Table 1: FCC Part 15 Class B Radiated Emissions

Company:	Schneider Electric
Test Engineer:	GC/ER
Model:	NBWC100U
Serial No.:	002FINAL1001
Test Date:	June 4-6, 2014
Test Configuration:	120VAC, 60Hz
	Transmitting on Channel 25 (2.475 GHz) with modulation applied

30-1000MHz Spurious Radiated Emissions Results

				Cable			FCC Part 15	
Turntable/	Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Loss	A.F.	Net	Limit @ 3m	Margin
Height	(V or H)	(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB)
0/1	Vpk	32.0	9.9	0.6	18.2	28.7	40.0	-11.3
180/1	Vpk	45.0	14.1	0.7	11.5	26.3	40.0	-13.7
0/1	Vpk	64.0	12.4	1.0	6.4	19.8	40.0	-20.2
0/1	V	128.0	7.7	1.2	12.2	21.1	43.5	-22.4
180/1	V	196.4	7.2	1.5	9.4	18.1	43.5	-25.4
0/1	V	256.0	6.5	1.7	12.1	20.3	46.0	-25.7

1-26 GHz Spurious Radiated Emissions Results, Peak

				Cable	Preamp			FCC Part 15	
Turntable/	Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Loss	Gain	A.F.	Net	Limit @ 3m	Margin
Height	(V or H)	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB)
0/1	Hpk	4950.0	50.1	12.9	-36.3	33.2	59.9	73.9	-14.0
0/1	Vpk	7425.0	34.9	16.8	-36.5	36.8	52.0	73.9	-21.9
0/1.6	Hpk	9899.2	35.4	19.1	-37.4	38.1	55.2	73.9	-18.7

1-26 GHz Spurious Radiated Emissions Results, Average (using Duty Cycle correction factor)

							Duty Cycle			
				Cable	Preamp		Correction		FCC Part 15	
Turntable/	Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Loss	Gain	A.F.	Factor	Net	Limit @ 3m	Margin
Height	(V or H)	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB <i>u</i> V/m)	(dB)
0/1	Hpk	4950.0	50.1	12.9	-36.3	33.2	-20.9	39.0	53.9	-14.9
0/1	Vpk	7425.0	34.9	16.8	-36.5	36.8	-20.9	31.1	53.9	-22.8
0/1.6	Hpk	9899.2	35.4	19.1	-37.4	38.1	-20.9	34.3	53.9	-19.6

Notes: Did complete scans in the ferrite-lined shielded chamber.

Checked transmitter harmonics to the 10th harmonic (26 GHz).

Cable Loss: 30-1000MHz: 25-meter cable; Above 1GHz: Sum of 8-meter plus 25-meter cables

Measurements below 30-1000MHz: RBW=120kHz, QP

Measurements above 1GHz: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, Peak

Duty Cycle Calculation:

Manufacturer statement:

IEEE 802.15.4-2003 are used for application with low power consumption and in normal operation

mode the TX duty cycle is much less than 1 %. However, calculations have been made to show the maximum theoretical TX on time is 9%. This is based on a total transmit on time of 2.08ms out of a 23.04ms block. In normal operation, this block will only occur once every 30 seconds; therefore, this duty cycle is much more conservative than actual operation. This approval however, is based on ZigBee or any other protocols ensuring max TX duty cycle of 9%

Duty Cycle Correction Factor (ref: ANSI C63.10, 7.5) $\delta(dB) = 20\log(\Delta) = 20 \log (0.09) = -20.9 dB$

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8.0 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

8.1 Applicable Standard

According to 15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3kHz band during any time of continuous transmission.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

- Place the EUT on the 1.5m polystyrene stand and set it for continuous transmit mode without modulation.
- Set the spectrum analyzer RBW = 3kHz, VBW = 10kHz, Span = 1MHz, Sweep = Auto.
- Record the maximum reading.
- Repeat above procedures for low, mid, and high frequency channels.

8.3 Measurement Result

This data table and the plots on the following pages show the Peak Power Spectral Density test results.

СН	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Maximum Limit (dBm)	Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm)
Low	2.405	8	-13.3
Mid	2.440	8	-14.0
High	2.475	8	-14.3



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Data plots for low, mid, and high channels



Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH 11, Low)



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Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-18, Mid)



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Power Spectral Density Test Plot (CH-25, High)



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9.0 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

9.1 Applicable Standard

For an intentional radiator device, according to 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to 15.247(4)(1), system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

9.2 Antenna Connected Construction

The directional gain of the antenna used for transmitting is 4 dBi, and the antenna is permanently mounted to the EUT with no consideration of replacement.



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10.0 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

10.1 Conducted Emissions

Testing is performed over a ground reference plane with the EUT placed on an 80cm high wooden table that is positioned 40 cm from a 2-Meter by 2-Meter vertical coupling plane. Each individual current-carrying power lead is individually connected through a $50\Omega/50\mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EUT is set into operation such that all parts of the system are exercised while the RF voltages across the 50Ω measuring power line of the LISN are recorded. The test is repeated for each current-carrying power line of the EUT.

10.2 Applicable Standard

Conducted emissions is done according to FCC 15.207(a).

10.3 Measurement Procedure

Testing is performed over a ground reference plane with the EUT placed on an 80cm high wooden table that is positioned 40 cm from a 2-Meter by 2-Meter vertical coupling plane. Each individual current-carrying power lead is individually connected through a $50\Omega/50\mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EUT is set into operation such that all parts of the system are exercised, while the RF voltages across the 50Ω measuring power line of the LISN are recorded. The test is repeated for each current-carrying power line of the EUT.

10.4 Measurement Result

The data tables on the following page show the Conducted Emissions test results.



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FCC Part 15 / EN55011 / EN55022 Class B Conducted Emissions Results

Customer: Product: Configuration: Test Engineer: Date:

Schneider Electric NBWC100U USB Coordinator and Router Low Channel 11, 2.405 GHz ER 9-Jun-14

M	ains Voltage:	120V						
	Frequency:	60 Hz						
Line Under Test:		L						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.380	32.0	28.7	20.7	0.61	0.02	58.3	48.3	-27.0
0.671	30.2	24.7	13.1	0.43	0.02	56.0	46.0	-30.9
0.874	31.2	26.9	15.0	0.40	0.03	56.0	46.0	-28.7
1.360	29.3	24.4	11.8	0.39	0.05	56.0	46.0	-31.2
2.500	29.0	22.2	9.2	0.41	0.08	56.0	46.0	-33.3
28.800	24.2	18.1	-4.6	1.26	0.25	60.0	50.0	-40.4
29.000	22.3	16.4	-5.4	1.27	0.25	60.0	50.0	-42.1

M	ains Voltage:	120V						
	Frequency:	60 Hz						
Line	Under Test:	Ν						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.197	37.0	30.8	19.8	0.98	0.00	63.7	53.7	-32.0
0.420	32.6	29.2	21.1	0.55	0.02	57.4	47.4	-25.8
0.612	32.4	27.8	17.0	0.44	0.02	56.0	46.0	-27.7
1.348	30.2	23.3	10.8	0.38	0.05	56.0	46.0	-32.3
11.000	21.1	12.9	1.8	0.71	0.15	60.0	50.0	-46.2
28.200	22.3	15.7	-6.4	1.45	0.24	60.0	50.0	-42.6

N	lains Voltage:	230V						
	Frequency:	50 Hz						
Line	e Under Test:	L						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
5.500	34.7	30.7	21.8	0.49	0.10	60.0	50.0	-27.6
0.386	35.5	31.9	23.2	0.60	0.02	58.1	48.1	-24.3
0.596	30.9	26.3	16.4	0.45	0.02	56.0	46.0	-29.1
0.872	31.5	27.1	17.1	0.40	0.03	56.0	46.0	-28.5
1.073	30.5	25.9	15.5	0.39	0.04	56.0	46.0	-29.7
4.940	25.1	19.8	7.7	0.48	0.10	56.0	46.0	-35.6
29.380	18.3	11.9	-7.3	1.28	0.25	60.0	50.0	-46.6

м	ains Voltage:	230V						
	Frequency:	50 Hz						
Line	Under Test:	N						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.191	34.2	28.6	19.2	1.03	0.00	64.0	54.0	-33.8
0.395	36.7	32.3	23.2	0.58	0.02	58.0	48.0	-24.2
0.646	29.0	24.0	13.7	0.43	0.02	56.0	46.0	-31.6
0.875	31.2	26.6	16.2	0.39	0.03	56.0	46.0	-29.0
3.060	26.9	22.1	10.8	0.42	0.08	56.0	46.0	-33.4
11.570	20.8	14.9	3.9	0.74	0.15	60.0	50.0	-44.2
28.200	22.0	16.8	-6.9	1.45	0.24	60.0	50.0	-41.5



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FCC Part 15 / EN55011 / EN55022 Class B Conducted Emissions Results

Customer: Product: Configuration: Test Engineer: Date:

Schneider Electric NBWC100U USB Coordinator and Router Mid Channel 18, 2.440GHz ER 9-Jun-14

M	ains Voltage:	120V						
	Frequency:	60 Hz						
Line	Under Test:	L						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.203	36.2	29.4	16.8	0.93	0.00	63.5	53.5	-33.2
0.417	32.5	28.4	19.7	0.57	0.02	57.5	47.5	-27.2
0.868	31.6	26.6	13.8	0.40	0.03	56.0	46.0	-29.0
1.210	30.1	24.9	13.2	0.39	0.05	56.0	46.0	-30.7
10.220	20.0	14.1	3.2	0.63	0.14	60.0	50.0	-45.1
30.000	21.6	14.5	-5.5	1.30	0.25	60.0	50.0	-44.0

М	ains Voltage:	120V						
	Frequency:	60 Hz						
Line Under Test:		Ν						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.203	36.6	30.7	20.4	0.94	0.00	63.5	53.5	-31.8
0.418	32.6	29.1	20.9	0.56	0.02	57.5	47.5	-26.0
0.507	32.8	27.8	18.5	0.47	0.02	56.0	46.0	-27.0
0.774	31.7	26.3	12.5	0.40	0.02	56.0	46.0	-29.3
1.438	27.7	21.4	8.6	0.38	0.05	56.0	46.0	-34.2
10.900	21.8	14.6	2.4	0.70	0.15	60.0	50.0	-44.6
30.000	19.1	10.6	-7.1	1.50	0.25	60.0	50.0	-47.7

M	ains Voltage:	230V						
	Frequency:	50 Hz						
Line	e Under Test:	L						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.303	34.7	30.4	21.3	0.69	0.02	60.2	50.2	-28.2
0.389	35.3	32.1	23.5	0.60	0.02	58.1	48.1	-24.0
0.873	31.7	27.2	17.2	0.40	0.03	56.0	46.0	-28.4
1.105	32.0	25.3	13.5	0.39	0.04	56.0	46.0	-30.3
10.200	21.8	17.4	5.6	0.63	0.14	60.0	50.0	-41.8
29.720	21.3	14.6	-6.5	1.29	0.25	60.0	50.0	-43.9

М	ains Voltage:	230V						
	Frequency:	50 Hz						
Line	Under Test:	Ν						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.301	35.4	31.9	23.0	0.68	0.02	60.2	50.2	-26.5
0.386	36.5	32.3	23.5	0.59	0.02	58.1	48.1	-24.0
0.727	30.6	25.5	14.5	0.41	0.02	56.0	46.0	-30.1
0.876	31.3	26.6	16.2	0.39	0.03	56.0	46.0	-29.0
1.094	28.3	23.5	12.3	0.38	0.04	56.0	46.0	-32.1
10.980	21.9	16.6	4.8	0.70	0.15	60.0	50.0	-42.5
30.000	19.0	13.2	-7.1	1.50	0.25	60.0	50.0	-45.1



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FCC Part 15 / EN55011 / EN55022 Class B Conducted Emissions Results

Customer: Product: Configuration: Test Engineer: Date:

Schneider Electric NBWC100U USB Coordinator and Router Hi Channel 25, 2.475 GHz ER 9-Jun-14

M	ains Voltage:	120V						
	Frequency:	60 Hz						
Line	Under Test:	L						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.192	36.8	29.9	12.8	1.01	0.00	63.9	53.9	-33.0
0.356	34.1	29.0	19.2	0.63	0.02	58.8	48.8	-29.0
0.882	31.3	26.7	15.7	0.40	0.03	56.0	46.0	-28.9
2.413	29.4	22.6	10.5	0.41	0.07	56.0	46.0	-32.9
10.560	19.6	14.8	3.9	0.64	0.14	60.0	50.0	-44.4
30.000	19.3	13.5	-4.7	1.30	0.25	60.0	50.0	-45.0

M	ains Voltage:	120V						
	Frequency:	60 Hz						
Line Under Test:		N						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.195	37.1	30.6	19.0	0.99	0.00	63.8	53.8	-32.2
0.421	33.1	29.4	21.5	0.55	0.02	57.4	47.4	-25.4
0.512	32.2	27.8	17.9	0.47	0.02	56.0	46.0	-27.6
2.980	29.1	22.4	8.3	0.42	0.08	56.0	46.0	-33.1
11.290	20.4	14.6	3.7	0.72	0.15	60.0	50.0	-44.5
29.650	20.5	12.7	-7.9	1.49	0.25	60.0	50.0	-45.6

М	ains Voltage:	230V						
	Frequency:	50 Hz						
Line	Under Test:	L						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.299	34.5	30.7	21.9	0.69	0.02	60.3	50.3	-27.7
0.396	35.9	31.6	22.4	0.59	0.02	57.9	47.9	-24.9
0.900	33.1	27.3	17.0	0.40	0.03	56.0	46.0	-28.3
1.549	30.5	26.2	14.4	0.40	0.06	56.0	46.0	-29.3
9.648	22.7	17.2	5.6	0.61	0.14	60.0	50.0	-42.1
30.000	22.8	16.1	-5.5	1.30	0.25	60.0	50.0	-42.4

М	ains Voltage:	230V						
	Frequency:	50 Hz						
Line	Under Test:	N						
Freq.	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Average	LISN	Cable	Quasi-Peak	Average	Margin
(MHz)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	(dB <i>u</i> V)	Factors	Factors	Limit	Limit	(dB)
0.202	33.5	28.7	19.7	0.94	0.00	63.5	53.5	-32.9
0.393	36.1	32.6	23.8	0.58	0.02	58.0	48.0	-23.6
0.885	30.9	26.7	16.7	0.39	0.03	56.0	46.0	-28.9
1.547	28.8	24.1	12.2	0.39	0.06	56.0	46.0	-31.5
11.620	20.8	15.4	4.2	0.74	0.15	60.0	50.0	-43.7
29.830	21.6	14.6	-7.1	1.49	0.25	60.0	50.0	-43.7



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11.0 PHOTOGRAPHS

NetBotz USB Coordinator and Router



EUT Inserted into Globtek AC/USB Adapter

Additional Photographs can be found in separate documents:

NBWC100U Tsup.pdf NBWC100U Intpho.pdf NBWC100U Extpho.pdf.



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Appendix A – EUT Modulation Specification

IEEE 802.15.4-2006 Modulation Format (ref: Texas Instruments Literature Number: SWRU191E, Revised January 2014)



Figure 23-1. Modulation

Table 23-2. IEEE 802.15.4-2006 Symbol-to-Chip Mapping

Symbol	Chip Sequence (C0, C1, C2, , C31)
0	11011001110000110101001000101110
1	111011011001110000110101000010
2	00101110110110011100001101010010
3	00100010111011011001110000110101
4	01010010001011101101100111000011
5	00110101001000101110110110011100
6	11000011010100100010111011011001
7	10011100001101010010001011101101
8	10001100100101100000011101111011
9	10111000110010010110000001110111
10	01111011100011001001011000000111
11	01110111101110001100100101010000
12	00000111011110111000110010010110
13	01100000011101111011100011001001
14	10010110000001110111101110001100
15	11001001011000000111011110111000

The modulation format is offset – quadrature phase shift keying (O-QPSK) with half-sine chip shaping. This is equivalent to MSK modulation. Each chip is shaped as a half-sine, transmitted alternately in the I and Q channels with one-half chip-period offset. This is illustrated for the zero-symbol in Figure 23-2.



Figure 23-2. I/Q Phases When Transmitting a Zero-Symbol Chip Sequence, $t_c = 0.5 \ \mu s$

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END OF TEST REPORT