

Radio Frequency Exposure Report

On Behalf of

SJ Incorporated

FCC ID: SNL-16005500
Product Description: Gyro Receiver Graupner/SJ HoTT
Model No.: GR-12+3xG+3A+Vario
Supplementary Model: N/A

Prepared for: **SJ Incorporated**
8th F, 202 Dong, Chunui Techno-Park2, 202, Chuni-Dong, Wonmi-Gu, Bucheon-Shi, Kyungki-Do, South Korea

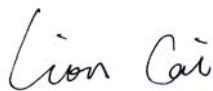
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Report No.: BCT13HR288-1

Issue Date: August 28, 2013


Test Date: August 28~ October 22, 2013

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1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Applicant:	SJ Incorporated
Address of Applicant:	8th F,202 Dong,Chunui Techno-Park2,202,Chuni-Dong,Wonmi-Gu,Bucheon-Shi,Kyungki-Do,South Korea
Manufacturer 1:	SJ Technology(Shenzhen)Co.,Ltd
Address of manufacturer:	F6, 1 Bldg, A Area, Yintianxifa Industrial Area, Xixiang Town, Baoan District Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, China
Manufacturer 2:	SJ Incorporated
Address of Manufacturer:	8th F,202 Dong,Chunui Techno-Park2,202,Chuni-Dong,Wonmi-Gu,Bucheon-Shi,Kyungki-Do,South Korea

General Description of E.U.T

Items	Description
EUT Description:	Gyro Receiver Graupner/SJ HoTT
Model No.:	GR-12+3xG+3A+Vario
Trade Name:	GRAUPNER/SJ HoTT
Supplementary Model:	N/A
Frequency Band:	2404.056 MHz ~ 2474.025 MHz
Number of Channels:	70
Type of Modulation:	FHSS
Antenna Gain:	1.5dBi
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Rated Voltage:	Input: DC 3.6V~8.4V
Adapter description:	Model: N/A Input: N/A Output: N/A

Remark: * The test data gathered are from the production sample provided by the manufacturer.

1.2 Objective

The objective of the following report is used to demonstrate that EUT operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the relative provisions of FCC 47CFR Part 1.1307

1.3 General Description of Test

Items	Description
EUT Frequency band	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FHSS: 2.400GHz ~ 2.483GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2.400GHz ~ 2.483GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5825GHz <input type="checkbox"/> Others: _____
Device category	<input type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation) <input type="checkbox"/> Others _____
Exposure classification	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm ²) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm ²) <input type="checkbox"/> Others: _____
Antenna diversity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple antennas: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Tx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Rx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	19.23dBm (0.0838W)
Antenna gain (Max)	1.5dBi (Numeric gain:1.41)
Evaluation applied	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation
<p>Note:</p> <p>1. The maximum output power is 19.23dBm (0.0838W) at 2474.025MHz (with 1.41 numeric antenna gain.)</p> <p>2. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum separation generally be used is at least 20 cm, even if the calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be lesser.</p>	

1.4 Human Exposure Assessment Results

Calculation

$$\text{Given } E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P \text{ (mW)} = P \text{ (W)} / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d \text{ (cm)} = 100 * d \text{ (m)}$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2} \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

Where d = distance in cm
 P = Power in mW
 G = Numeric antenna gain
 S = Power Density in mW / cm²

EUT parameter (data from the separate report)	
Given $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$	Where G: numerical gain of transmitting antenna; TP: Transmitted power in watt; d: distance from the transmitting antenna in meter
Max average output power in Watt (TP)	19.23dBm (0.0838W)
Antenna gain (G)	1.5 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.41)
Exposure classification	S=1mW/cm ²
Minimum distance in meter (d) (from transmitting structure to the human body)	20cm (0.2m)
Yields $S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}, \quad P=0.0838W, \quad G=1.41, \quad d=0.2$ $S=0.0235mW/cm^2$ Or $d = \sqrt{\frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770S}}, \quad S=1, \quad P=0.0838W, \quad G=1.41$ $d=0.0301m$	
Conclusion: S=0.0235mW/cm ² is significant lower than the General Population Exposure Power Density Limit 1mW/cm ² or except the distance when human body proximity to the antenna is less than 3.01cm then will reach the General Population Exposure Power Density Limit (For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW / cm ² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)	