## **Analysis Report**

The Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a portable 2.4GHz Transceiver (Controller Unit) for a RC Shark. The sample supplied operated on 24 channels, normally at 2410 – 2475MHz. The channels are shown in below table.

2410	2413	2416	2419	2422
2425	2428	2431	2434	2437
2440	2442	2444	2446	2448
2451	2454	2457	2460	2463
2466	2469	2472	2475	

The EUT is powered by 2 x 1.5V AAA batteries. The shark has 2 modes, the "AUTO" mode and the on mode. For the "AUTO" mode, after switching on the EUT and putting the EUT into water, the shark will be moved in different directions automatically and continuously. For the on mode, after switching on the EUT and putting the EUT into water, the shark will be moved forward or backward and turned left and right based on the switches pressed in the controller. The shark will also be moved in different directions automatically based on the button pressed in the controller.

Antenna Type: Internal integral antenna

Antenna Gain: 1dBi

Nominal rated field strength: 71.6dBuV/m at 3m

Maximum allowed field strength of production tolerance: +/- 3dB

According to the KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

Based on the Maximum allowed average field strength of production tolerance was  $74.6 dB\mu V/m$  at 3m.

Thus, it below calculated field strength according to minimum SAR exclusion threshold level as follows:

For mobile devices that are not exempt per Table B.1 [Table 1 of § 1.1307(b)(1)(i)(C)] at distances from 20 cm to 40 cm and in 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz, evaluation of compliance with the exposure limits in § 1.1310 is necessary if the ERP of the device is greater than  $ERP_{20cm}$  in Formula (B.1) [repeated from § 2.1091(c)(1) and § 1.1307(b)(1)(i)(B)].

$$P_{\rm th} \ ({\rm mW}) = ERP_{\rm 20 \ cm} \ ({\rm mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040 f & 0.3 \ {\rm GHz} \le f < 1.5 \ {\rm GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5 \ {\rm GHz} \le f \le 6 \ {\rm GHz} \end{cases} \eqno(B.1)$$

If the ERP is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used (i.e., without consideration of ERP only if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of  $\lambda/4$  or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole.

$$P_{\text{th (mW)}} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \le 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \le 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$
(B. 2)

where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}\sqrt{f}}\right)$$

and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and  $ERP_{20cm}$  is per Formula (B.1). The example values shown in Table B.2 are for illustration only.

Table B.2—Example Power Thresholds (mW)

	Distance (mm)										
Frequency (MHz)		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
	300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217
	450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226
	835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240
	1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236
	2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219
	3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195
	5800	1	6	14	25	40	58	80	106	136	169

The worst case of SAR Exclusion Threshold Level at 2.48GHz with distance 5mm: = 2.717mW

According to the KDB 412172 D01: EIRP = [(FS\*D) ^2\*1000 / 30]

## Calculated Field Strength for 2.717mW is 99.6dBuV/m @3m

Since maximum average field strength plus production tolerance < = 99.6dBuV/m @3m and antenna gain is > = 0.0dBi, it is concluded that maximum Conducted Power and Field Strength are well below the SAR Exclusion threshold level, so the EUT is considered to comply with SAR requirement without testing.