SAR TEST REPORT

For

Fujian Newland Auto-ID Tech Co.,Ltd.

Portable Data Collector

Test Model: NLS-NFT10

List Model No.: CL-M10

Prepared for	:	Fujian Newland Auto-ID Tech Co.,Ltd.
Address	:	Newland Science & Technology Park, No.1 Rujiang West Rd, Mawei, Fuzhou, P.R.China
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Date of receipt of test sample	:	April 22, 2019
Number of tested samples	:	1
Serial number	:	Prototype
Date of Test	:	April 22, 2019~May 24, 2019
Date of Report	:	May 28, 2019

SAR TEST REPORT

Report Reference No. ..... :	**LCS190322058AEB**
Date Of Issue ..... :	May 28, 2019
Testing Laboratory Name..... :	**Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**
Address ..... :	1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Testing Location/ Procedure..... :	Full application of Harmonised standards ■ Partial application of Harmonised standards □ Other standard testing method □
Applicant's Name..... :	**Fujian Newland Auto-ID Tech Co.,Ltd.**
Address ..... :	Newland Science & Technology Park, No.1 Rujiang West Rd, Mawei, Fuzhou, P.R.China
Test Specification:	
Standard ..... :	IEEE Std C95.1, 2005& IEEE Std 1528™-2013&FCC Part 2.1093
Test Report Form No. ..... :	LCSEMC-1.0
TRF Originator ..... :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Master TRF ..... :	Dated 2014-09

Test Item Description. ..... :	**Portable Data Collector**
Trade Mark ..... :	Newland
Test Model ..... :	NLS-NFT10
Operation Frequency ..... :	LTE Band2/4/7/12/13/17,WLAN2.4G, WLAN5.8G ,Bluetooth5.1.
Modulation Type ..... :	QPSK, 16QAM
Ratings ..... :	DC 3.8V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery (4800mAh) Recharged by DC 5V/7V/9V 1.67A, 12V 1.25A Adapter
Result ..... :	**Positive**

Compiled by:	**Supervised by:**	**Approved by:**
Vera Deng	Aking Jin	Gavin Liang
Vera Deng/ File administrators	Aking Jin/ Technique principal	Gavin Liang/ Manager

SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. : LCS190322058AEB	May 28, 2019 Date of issue

Test Model.....	: NLS-NFT10
EUT.....	: Portable Data Collector
Applicant.....	**: Fujian Newland Auto-ID Tech Co.,Ltd.**
Address.....	: Newland Science & Technology Park, No.1 Rujiang West Rd, Mawei, Fuzhou, P.R.China
Manufacturer.....	**: Fujian Newland Auto-ID Tech Co.,Ltd.**
Address.....	: Newland Science & Technology Park, No.1 Rujiang West Rd, Mawei, Fuzhou, P.R.China
Factory.....	**: Fujian Newland Auto-ID Tech Co.,Ltd.**
Address.....	: Newland Science & Technology Park, No.1 Rujiang West Rd, Mawei, Fuzhou, P.R.China

Test Result	**Positive**

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revison History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	May 28, 2019	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION 6

1.1. TEST STANDARDS 6
1.2. TEST DESCRIPTION 6
1.3. GENERAL REMARKS 6
1.4. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION 6
1.5. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE 8

2. TEST ENVIRONMENT 9

2.1. TEST FACILITY 9
2.2. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS 9
2.3. SAR LIMITS 9
2.4. EQUIPMENTS USED DURING THE TEST 10

3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION 11

3.1. SAR MEASUREMENT SET-UP 11
3.2. OPENSAR E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM 12
3.3. PHANTOMS 13
3.4. DEVICE HOLDER 13
3.5. SCANNING PROCEDURE 14
3.6. DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION 15
3.7. POSITION OF THE WIRELESS DEVICE IN RELATION TO THE PHANTOM 16
3.8. TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS FOR HEAD AND BODY PHANTOMS 18
3.9. TISSUE EQUIVALENT LIQUID PROPERTIES 18
3.10. SYSTEM CHECK 19
3.11. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE 21
3.12. POWER REDUCTION 24
3.13. POWER DRIFT 24

4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS 25

4.1 CONDUCTED POWER RESULTS 25
4.2 TRANSMIT ANTENNAS AND SAR MEASUREMENT POSITION 37
4.3 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS 38
4.4 SIMULTANEOUS TX SAR CONSIDERATIONS 42
4.5 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY 44
4.6 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF TEST PROCEDURES 45
4.7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY (450MHZ-6GHZ) 45
4.8 SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS 46
4.10 SAR TEST GRAPH RESULTS 58

5. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES 74

5.1 PROBE-EPGO324 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE 74
5.2 SID750DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERITICATE 84
5.3 SID1800 DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE 95
5.4 SID1900 DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE 106
5.5 SID2450 DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERITICATE 117
5.6 SID2600 DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERITICATE 128
5.7 SID5-6G DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERITICATE 139

6. EUT TEST PHOTOGRAPHS 152

6.1 PHOTOGRAPH OF LIQUID DEPTH 152
6.2 PHOTOGRAPH OF THE TEST 159

7. EUT PHOTOGRAPHS 164

1.TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Test Standards

IEEE Std C95.1, 2005: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.
IEEE Std 1528™-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.
FCC Part 2.1093:Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
KDB648474 D04: Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets
KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz : SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR: SAR Guidance For Ieee 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode: SAR Evaluation Procedures For Portable Devices With Wireless Router Capabilities
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices: SAR Evaluation Considerations For LTE Devices

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	April 22, 2019
Testing commenced on	:	April 22, 2019
Testing concluded on	:	May 24, 2019

1.4. Product Description

The **Fujian Newland Auto-ID Tech Co.,Ltd..** Model: **NLS-NFT10** or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

General Description	
Product Name:	Portable Data Collector
Test Model:	NLS-NFT10
List Model No.:	CL-M10
Model Declaration:	PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, Only model name is different for these models.
Modulation Type:	QPSK, 16QAM for LTE
Device category:	Portable Device
Exposure category:	General population/uncontrolled environment
EUT Type:	Production Unit
Hardware Version:	V1.2
Software Version:	NFT10-O_V2.00.004
Power supply:	DC 3.8V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery (4800mAh) Recharged by DC 5V/7V/9V 1.67A, 12V 1.25A Adapter
Hotspot:	Supported, power not reduced when Hotspot open
VoIP	Supported
The EUT is LTE, mobile phone. the mobile phone is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with LTE Band 2, LTE Band 4, Band7, Band12, Band13, Band17,and Bluetooth, WiFi2.4G, WiFi5.8G camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet	

Technical Characteristics	
GSM/EDGE/GPRS Operation Frequency Band :	Not support

UMTS Operation Frequency Band:	Not support
LTE	
Support Band:	LTE Band2, Band4, Band7, Band12, Band13, Band17
Frequency Range:	LTE Band2:1850 ~ 1910MHz; LTE Band4:1710 ~ 1755MHz; LTE Band7:2510 ~ 2560MHz; LTE Band12:699.7~ 715.3MHz; LTE Band13:779.5~ 784.5MHz; LTE Band17:704 ~ 716MHz.
Power Class:	Class 3
Modulation Type:	QPSK/16QAM
LTE Release Version:	Release 9
Antenna Gain:	0.4dBi (max.) for LTE Band 2; 0.3dBi (max.) for LTE Band 4; -0.2dBi (max.) for LTE Band 12; -0.3dBi (max.) for LTE Band 13; -0.2dBi (max.) for LTE Band 17
Antenna Type:	FPC Antenna
WIFI 2.4G	
Supported Standards:	IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20 and HT40)
Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK,DQPSK,DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g/n: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Channel number:	11 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(2412~2462MHz) 7 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(2422~2452MHz)
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna;1.4dBi (max.) for 2.4GWLAN
WIFI(5G U-NI-3)	
Frequency Range:	5745MHz~5825MHz
Channel Number:	5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth (5745-5825MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth (5755~5795MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth (5775MHz)
Modulation Type:	IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna;0.58dBi (max.) for 5.8GWLAN
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	V5.1
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V5.1 (BDR/EDR) GFSK for Bluetooth V5.1 (BT LE&2BT LE)
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	40/79
Channel separation:	1MHz/2MHz
Antenna Description:	FPC Antenna;1.4dBi (max.) for Bluetooth

1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for **NLS-NFT10** are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Hotspot (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Body-worn (Report SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
			(Separation Distance 10mm)	
PCE	LTE Band 2	0.148	0.092	0.092
	LTE Band 4	0.180	0.142	0.142
	LTE Band 7	0.200	0.506	0.506
	LTE Band 12	0.075	0.305	0.305
	LTE Band 13	0.100	0.184	0.184
	LTE Band 17	0.135	0.388	0.388
DTS	WIFI2.4G	0.747	0.421	0.421
NII	5GWLAN U-NI-3	0.384	0.279	0.279

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Classment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
Head (hotspot open)	LTE Band 7	0.200	PCE	**0.947**
	WIFI2.4G	0.747	DTS	

2.TEST ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

EMC Lab. : FCC Registration Number is 254912.
Industry Canada Registration Number is 9642A-1.
EMSD Registration Number is ARCB0108.
UL Registration Number is 100571-492.
TUV SUD Registration Number is SCN1081.
TUV RH Registration Number is UA 50296516-001.
NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.
FCC Designation Number is CN5024.
CAB identifier is CN0071.

2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.
Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Calibration Date	Calibration Due
PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Angilent	E4438C	MY42081396	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Multimeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4059164	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	11/15/2018	11/14/2019
Wideband Radia Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	1201.0002K50	11/15/2018	11/14/2019
E-Field PROBE	SATIMO	SSE2	SN 31/17 EPGO324	10/08/2018	10/07/2019
DIPOLE 750	SATIMO	SID 750	SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302	10/01/2018	09/30/2021
DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301	10/01/2018	09/30/2021
DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466	09/24/2018	09/23/2021
DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306	10/01/2018	09/30/2021
DIPOLE 2600	SATIMO	SID 2600	SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468	09/24/2018	09/23/2021
DIPOLE 5-6G	SATIMO	SWG 5500	SN 49/16 WGA43	09/24/2018	09/23/2021
Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	11/28/2018	11/27/2019
Power meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB4331256	11/28/2018	11/27/2019
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41497725	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	0D2L51502	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
EUT POSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
COMOSAR OPEN Coaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	N/A	N/A
Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	N/A	N/A

Note:

1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.

a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;
c) The most recent return-loss results,measued at least annually,deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the provious measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

3.SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch,It sends an “Emergency signal” to the robot controller that to stop robot’s moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

OPENSAR software

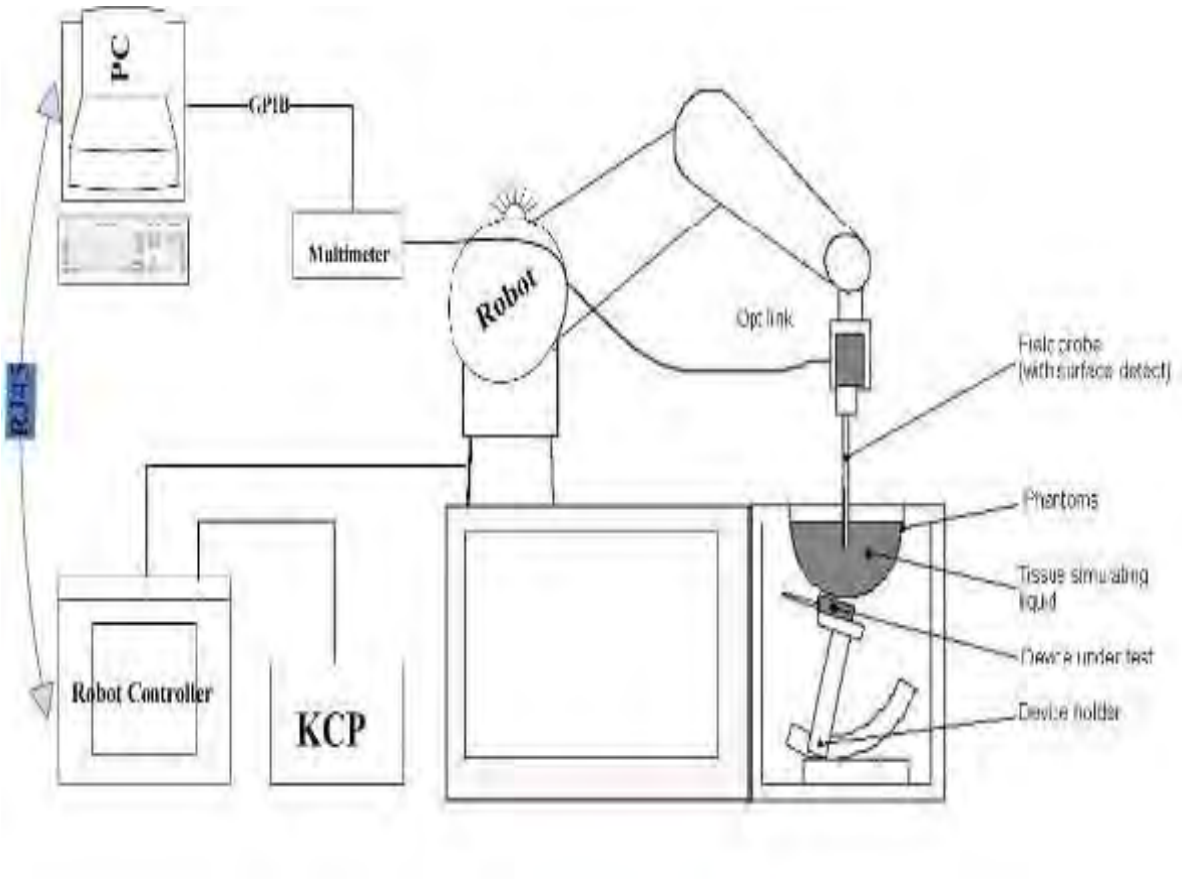
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO324 (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core
Interleaved sensors
Built-in shielding against static charges
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

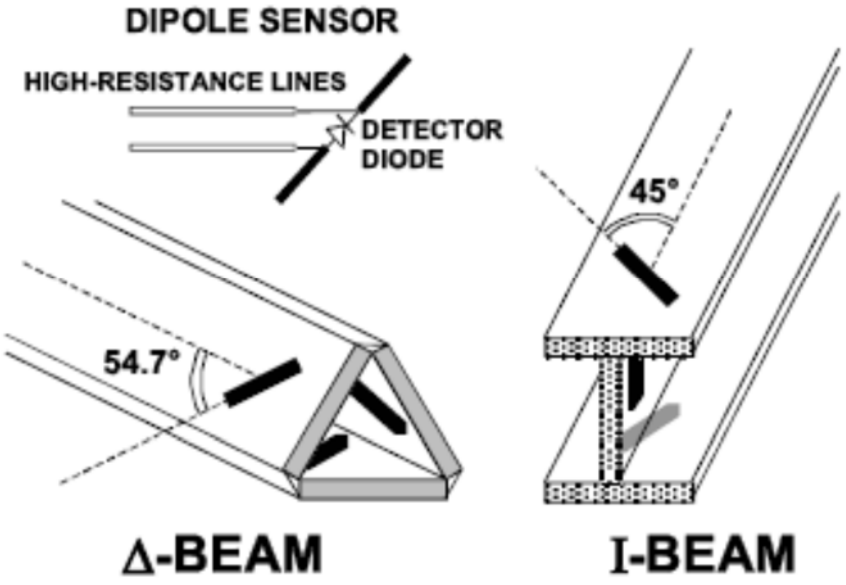
CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency	450 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity:0.25dB(450 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: 0.25 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm) Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm) Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

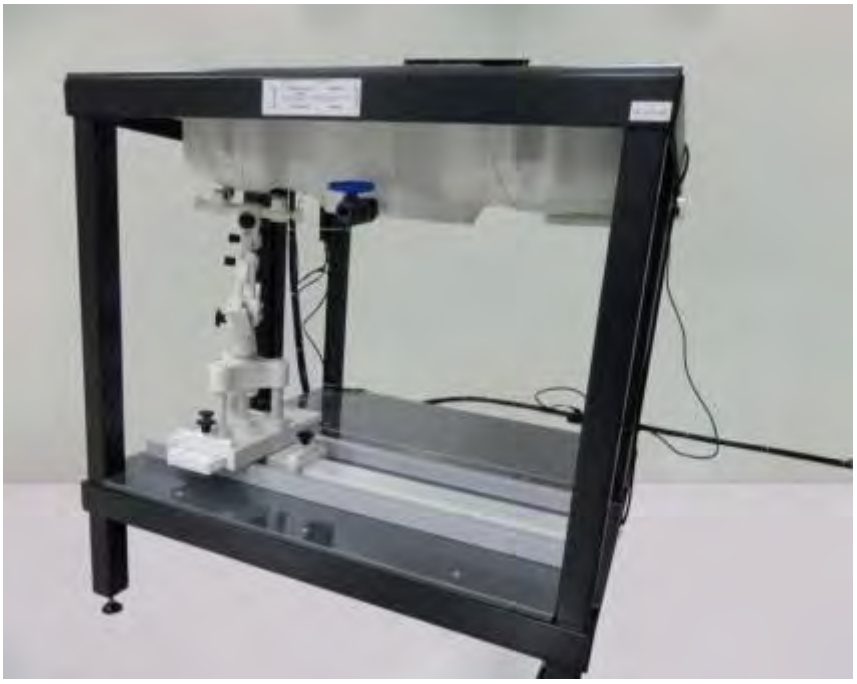
The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell ntegrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE 1528 and EN62209-1 , EN62209-2.The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of allpredefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Device holder supplied by SATIMO

3.5. Scanning Procedure

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2}\cdot\delta\cdot\ln(2)$ mm ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files . The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field
dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\text{H} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f = carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
Etot = total field strength in V/m
σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

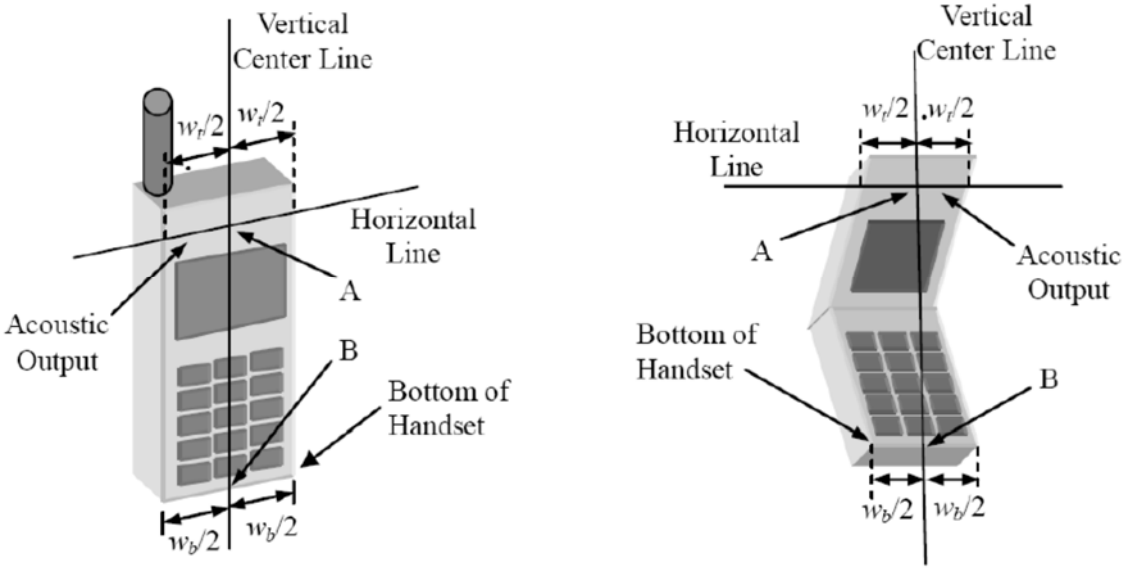
3.7. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

General considerations
This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field

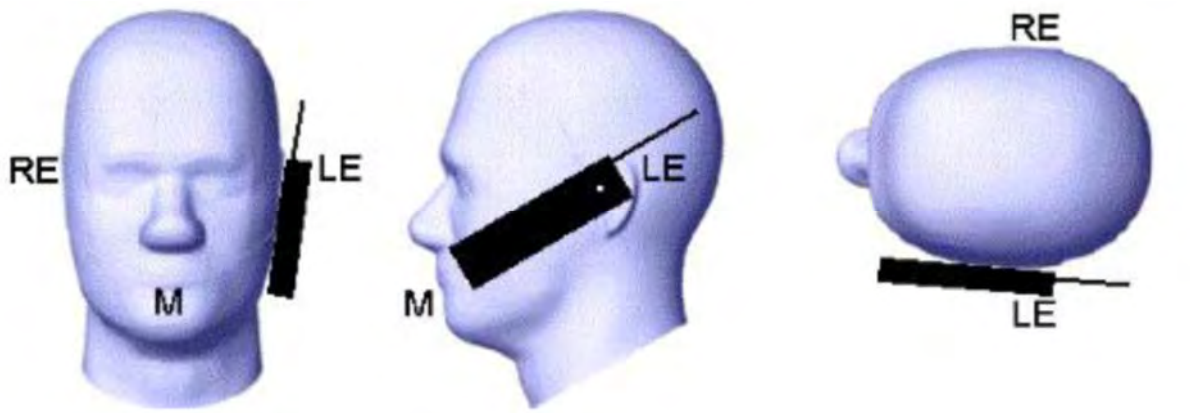
$$P_{(\mathrm{pwe})} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad \text{or} \quad P_{(pwe)} = H^2_{tot}.37.7$$

Where P_{pwe}=Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2
E_{tot}=total electric field strength in V/m
H_{tot}=total magnetic field strength in A/m

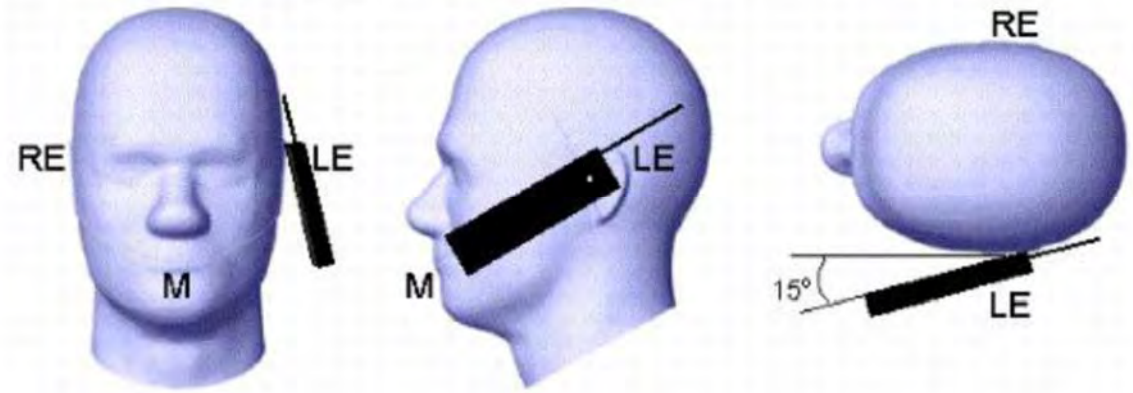


W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
W_b Width of the bottom of the handset
A Midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
B Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture 1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture 1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

For body SAR test we applied to FCC KDB941225, KDB447498, KDB248227, KDB648654;

3.8. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient	750MHz		835MHz		1800 MHz		1900 MHz		2450MHz		2600MHz		5000MHz	
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	39.28	51.3	41.45	52.5	54.5	40.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	60.3	71.4	65.5	78.6
Preventol	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.2	10.7

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ε_r	$\sigma(S/m)$	ε_r	$\sigma(S/m)$
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

3.9. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

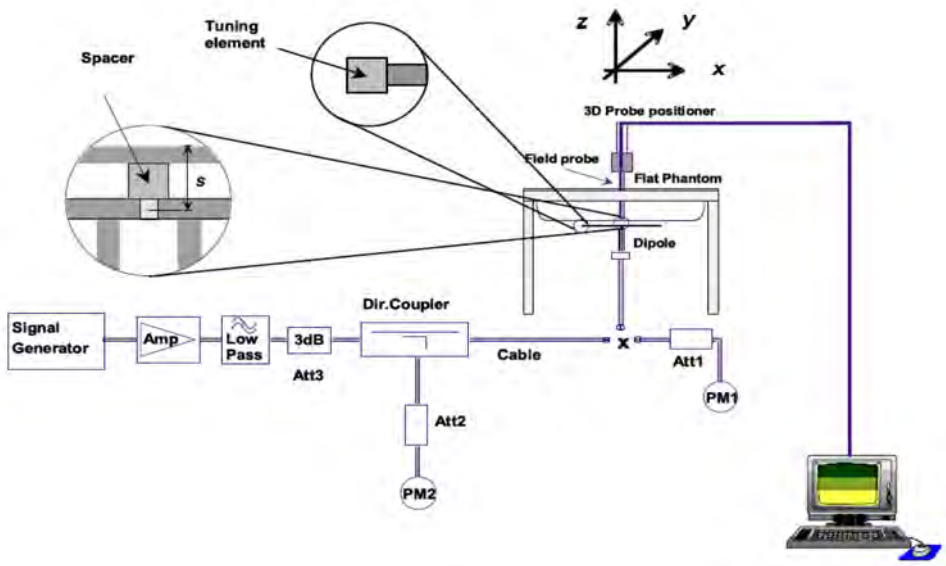
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Test Engineer: Vera Deng									
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue				Liquid Temp.	Test Data
		σ	ε_r	σ	Dev.	ε_r	Dev.		
750H	750	0.89	41.94	0.91	2.25%	41.52	-1.28%	20.3	04/22/2019
1800H	1800	1.40	40.00	1.45	3.57%	41.67	4.18%	21.4	05/13/2019
1900H	1900	1.40	40.00	1.38	-1.43%	39.61	-0.98%	22.1	05/16/2019
2450H	2450	1.80	39.20	1.75	-2.78%	38.24	-2.45%	20.8	05/20/2019
2600H	2600	1.96	39.00	1.99	1.53%	40.62	4.15%	20.1	05/23/2019
5800H	5800	5.27	35.30	5.36	1.71%	34.96	-0.96%	22.4	04/27/2019
750B	750	0.99	56.57	0.95	-4.04%	54.25	-4.10%	21.5	04/25/2019
1800B	1800	1.52	53.30	1.51	-0.66%	52.32	-1.84%	22.9	05/14/2019
1900B	1900	1.52	53.30	1.56	2.63%	51.66	-3.08%	21.2	05/17/2019
2450B	2450	1.95	52.70	1.91	-2.05%	54.17	2.79%	20.5	05/21/2019
2600H	2600	1.96	39.00	2.19	1.39%	52.40	-0.19%	21.0	05/24/2019
5800B	5800	6.00	48.20	5.85	-2.50%	49.63	2.97%	22.1	04/28/2019

3.10. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency.The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

Photo of Dipole Setup

Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID750 SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-34.80		50.7		1.6	

SID1800 SN 30/14 DIP 1G800-301 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-20.26		43.1		6.9	

SID1900 SN 38/18 DIP 1G900-466 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-26.43		50.5		4.7	

SID2450 SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-25.59		44.7		-1.1	

SID2600 SN 38/18 DIP 2G600-468 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-29.14		49.2		3.4	

SID5800 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-09-24	-11.37		54.79		25.47	

Mixture Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	SAR_{10g} (W/kg)	Drift (%)	1W Target		Difference percentage		Liquid Temp	Date
						SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	SAR_{10g} (W/kg)	1g	10g		
Head	750	100 mW	0.840	0.546	1.73	8.38	5.53	0.24%	-1.27%	20.3	04/22/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	8.40	5.46							
Body	750	100 mW	0.890	0.585	-0.02	8.77	5.78	1.48%	1.21%	21.5	04/25/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	8.90	5.85							
Head	1800	100 mW	3.862	2.042	-0.42	38.13	20.2	1.29%	1.04%	21.4	05/13/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	38.62	20.41							
Body	1800	100 mW	4.045	2.175	0.31	39.03	20.65	3.64%	5.33%	22.9	05/14/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	40.45	21.75							
Head	1900	100 mW	3.902	2.011	-4.20	39.84	20.20	-1.71%	-1.90%	22.1	05/16/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	39.02	20.11							
Body	1900	100 mW	4.242	2.101	2.11	43.33	21.59	3.69%	-1.82%	21.2	05/17/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	42.42	21.01							
Head	2450	100 mW	5.238	2.322	-3.61	53.89	24.15	-2.80%	-3.85%	20.8	05/20/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	52.38	23.22							
Body	2450	100 mW	5.267	2.374	-0.67	54.65	24.58	-3.62%	-3.42%	20.5	05/21/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	52.67	23.74							
Head	2600	100 mW	5.411	2.325	2.64	56.19	24.08	-2.15%	-5.49%	20.1	05/23/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	54.11	23.25							
Body	2600	100 mW	5.531	2.419	-1.20	57.49	24.88	0.02%	-1.67%	21.0	05/24/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	55.31	24.19							
Head	5800	100 mW	7.842	2.122	-1.02	78.0	21.9	0.54%	-3.11%	22.4	04/27/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	78.42	21.22							
Body	5800	100 mW	18.186	6.019	-2.02	183.06	61.62	-0.66%	-2.32%	22.1	04/28/2019
		Normalize to 1 Watt	181.86	60.19							

3.11. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

3.11.1 Conducted power measurement

a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

3.11.2 LTE Test Configuration

QPSK with 1 RB allocation
Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.8 When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation
The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.9

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

3.11.3 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:

1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an “initial test configuration” is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.

a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands

c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.

3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.
4. An “initial test position”is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions .

a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.

b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration. 802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.

5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures .
6. The “subsequent test configuration”procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.

1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.20 In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

a. Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.

1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.
a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.

d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:

1) replace “subsequent test configuration” with “next subsequent test configuration” (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
2) replace “initial test configuration” with “all tested higher output power configurations.

3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1 Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

LTE Band2

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	1850.7	1	0	22.88	22.45
		1	3	22.87	22.43
		1	5	22.83	22.11
		3	0	22.77	21.94
		3	2	22.85	21.90
		3	3	22.78	21.96
		6	0	21.82	20.88
	1880.0	1	0	22.74	22.17
		1	3	22.78	22.47
		1	5	22.74	22.04
		3	0	22.78	21.84
		3	2	22.76	21.93
		3	3	22.73	21.76
		6	0	21.85	20.74
	1909.3	1	0	22.44	21.85
		1	3	22.45	21.91
		1	5	22.54	22.41
		3	0	22.57	21.60
		3	2	22.73	21.72
		3	3	22.51	21.68
		6	0	21.55	20.67
3	1851.5	1	0	22.73	22.16
		1	7	22.99	22.10
		1	14	22.64	21.88
		8	0	21.85	20.93
		8	4	21.76	20.95
		8	7	21.78	20.87
		15	0	21.82	20.80
	1880.0	1	0	22.60	22.26
		1	7	22.68	22.00
		1	14	22.67	21.98
		8	0	21.72	20.77
		8	4	21.77	20.84
		8	7	21.70	20.75
		15	0	21.77	20.69
	1908.5	1	0	22.46	21.82
		1	7	22.54	21.82
		1	14	22.43	21.58
		8	0	21.65	20.63
		8	4	21.57	20.72
		8	7	21.51	20.67
		15	0	21.51	20.57
5	1852.5	1	0	22.93	22.33
		1	12	22.90	22.25
		1	24	22.62	21.91
		12	0	21.90	21.06

		12	6	21.87	20.94
		12	13	21.80	20.96
		25	0	21.83	20.88
	1880.0	1	0	22.74	22.14
		1	12	22.62	22.08
		1	24	22.62	21.94
		12	0	21.76	20.92
		12	6	21.72	20.90
		12	13	21.76	20.91
		25	0	21.75	20.82
	1907.5	1	0	22.58	21.69
		1	12	23.24	21.73
		1	24	21.88	21.30
		12	0	21.55	20.72
		12	6	21.57	20.58
		12	13	21.52	20.71
		25	0	21.63	20.72
10	1855.0	1	0	22.98	22.24
		1	24	23.21	22.56
		1	49	22.36	22.44
		25	0	21.82	20.83
		25	12	21.72	20.74
		25	25	21.74	20.85
		50	0	21.71	20.75
	1880.0	1	0	22.72	22.24
		1	24	22.73	21.94
		1	49	22.58	21.79
		25	0	21.64	20.68
		25	12	21.72	20.76
		25	25	21.74	20.74
		50	0	21.75	20.78
	1905.0	1	0	22.44	21.98
		1	24	22.64	22.18
		1	49	21.90	21.52
		25	0	21.43	20.46
		25	12	21.53	20.65
		25	25	21.58	20.64
		50	0	21.60	20.62
15	1857.5	1	0	22.89	22.71
		1	37	22.50	22.32
		1	74	22.35	22.41
		37	0	21.72	20.80
		37	18	21.65	20.71
		37	38	21.71	20.74
		75	0	21.67	20.73
	1880.0	1	0	22.65	21.94
		1	37	21.94	21.90
		1	74	20.32	22.07
		37	0	21.57	20.61
		37	18	21.59	20.61
		37	38	21.58	20.62
		75	0	21.56	20.61
	1902.5	1	0	22.50	21.83
		1	37	21.88	21.56
		1	74	22.67	21.86
		37	0	21.32	20.37
		37	18	21.33	20.36
		37	38	21.52	20.63
		75	0	21.39	20.44
20	1860.0	1	0	22.74	21.86
		1	49	22.73	22.05

		1	99	21.83	20.75
		50	0	21.64	20.60
		50	25	21.59	20.66
		50	50	21.75	20.77
		100	0	21.71	20.80
	1880.0	1	0	22.77	21.84
		1	49	22.69	21.75
		1	99	22.44	21.79
		50	0	21.55	20.53
		50	25	21.60	20.56
		50	50	21.60	20.60
		100	0	21.57	20.61
	1900.0	1	0	22.57	21.81
		1	49	21.68	21.12
		1	99	22.89	21.69
		50	0	21.40	20.52
		50	25	21.29	20.37
		50	50	21.56	20.54
		100	0	21.45	20.50

LTE Band4

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	1710.7	1	0	22.91	22.32
		1	3	22.90	22.30
		1	5	22.84	22.12
		3	0	22.75	22.02
		3	2	22.82	22.02
		3	3	22.81	22.01
		6	0	21.85	20.83
	1732.5	1	0	23.63	23.03
		1	3	23.64	23.00
		1	5	23.62	23.11
		3	0	23.63	22.73
		3	2	23.65	22.79
		3	3	23.53	22.69
		6	0	22.62	21.59
	1754.3	1	0	22.96	22.22
		1	3	22.75	22.05
		1	5	22.73	21.89
		3	0	22.78	21.87
		3	2	22.73	21.91
		3	3	22.72	21.82
		6	0	21.75	20.78
3	1711.5	1	0	22.97	22.25
		1	7	22.82	22.33
		1	14	22.78	22.32
		8	0	21.88	21.03
		8	4	21.92	20.98
		8	7	21.89	20.98
		15	0	21.93	20.92
	1732.5	1	0	23.64	22.99
		1	7	23.62	22.92
		1	14	23.56	23.26
		8	0	22.75	21.86
		8	4	22.70	21.78
		8	7	22.68	21.78
		15	0	22.66	21.68
	1753.5	1	0	22.94	22.25
		1	7	22.84	22.29
		1	14	22.83	22.16

		8	0	21.98	20.92
		8	4	21.96	20.91
		8	7	21.82	20.85
		15	0	21.88	20.91
5	1712.0	1	0	23.20	22.36
		1	12	22.60	22.21
		1	24	22.82	22.20
		12	0	22.05	21.07
		12	6	21.99	21.19
		12	13	22.05	21.16
		25	0	22.00	21.09
	1732.5	1	0	23.82	23.23
		1	12	23.77	23.33
		1	24	23.61	22.94
		12	0	22.71	21.79
		12	6	22.60	21.73
		12	13	22.66	21.83
		25	0	22.62	21.60
	1752.5	1	0	23.45	22.26
		1	12	22.81	22.01
		1	24	22.63	22.01
		12	0	22.10	21.10
		12	6	21.98	21.05
		12	13	21.88	20.98
		25	0	22.01	20.96
10	1715.0	1	0	23.02	22.49
		1	24	23.02	22.37
		1	49	21.86	21.33
		25	0	22.03	21.04
		25	12	22.16	21.16
		25	25	22.30	21.32
		50	0	22.15	21.21
	1732.5	1	0	23.82	23.05
		1	24	24.34	23.51
		1	49	23.94	23.14
		25	0	22.70	21.68
		25	12	22.69	21.75
		25	25	22.83	21.87
		50	0	22.76	21.58
	1750.0	1	0	23.46	22.92
		1	24	22.98	22.40
		1	49	22.45	21.99
		25	0	22.18	21.24
		25	12	22.15	21.14
		25	25	21.96	21.15
		50	0	22.28	21.25
15	1717.5	1	0	22.64	22.02
		1	37	22.25	22.18
		1	74	22.19	22.47
		37	0	21.93	20.98
		37	18	21.99	21.06
		37	38	22.04	21.03
		75	0	22.02	21.09
	1732.5	1	0	23.29	22.79
		1	37	23.62	22.90
		1	74	23.47	22.73
		37	0	22.34	21.31
		37	18	22.37	21.38
		37	38	22.36	21.29
		75	0	22.30	21.31
	1747.5	1	0	23.25	22.64

		1	37	22.61	21.96
		1	74	21.98	21.57
		37	0	22.08	21.12
		37	18	21.90	20.87
		37	38	21.65	20.68
		75	0	21.93	20.95
20	1720.0	1	0	22.52	21.83
		1	49	22.63	21.93
		1	99	23.27	22.45
		50	0	21.91	20.89
		50	25	22.21	21.16
		50	50	22.22	21.26
		100	0	22.11	21.16
	1732.5	1	0	23.05	22.48
		1	49	23.78	23.05
		1	99	23.31	22.52
		50	0	22.30	21.32
		50	25	22.47	21.55
		50	50	22.41	21.44
		100	0	22.34	21.32
	1745.0	1	0	23.14	22.58
		1	49	22.97	22.46
		1	99	22.04	21.19
		50	0	22.20	21.26
		50	25	22.12	21.09
		50	50	21.77	20.78
		100	0	21.96	20.97

LTE Band7

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
5	2502.5	1	0	20.06	20.18
		1	12	20.12	20.50
		1	24	21.09	20.35
		12	0	20.01	19.20
		12	6	20.19	19.32
		12	13	20.18	19.28
		25	0	20.11	19.16
	2535.0	1	0	20.98	20.25
		1	12	21.25	20.39
		1	24	20.80	20.00
		12	0	19.95	18.80
		12	6	19.96	18.96
		12	13	19.67	18.75
		25	0	19.48	18.51
	2567.5	1	0	19.84	18.79
		1	12	20.23	18.96
		1	24	19.87	18.73
		12	0	18.85	17.89
		12	6	18.91	17.98
		12	13	18.80	17.88
		25	0	18.91	17.94
10	2505.0	1	0	20.48	19.68
		1	24	20.88	20.02
		1	49	20.82	20.04
		25	0	19.66	18.71
		25	12	19.80	18.78
		25	25	19.88	18.92
		50	0	19.78	18.77
	2535.0	1	0	20.62	19.84
		1	24	20.60	19.79

		1	49	20.36	19.52
		25	0	19.59	18.63
		25	12	19.54	18.53
		25	25	19.41	18.45
		50	0	19.50	18.50
	2565.0	1	0	20.13	19.50
		1	24	20.09	19.43
		1	49	19.89	19.18
		25	0	19.12	18.17
		25	12	19.02	18.07
		25	25	18.95	18.02
		50	0	19.03	18.13
15	2507.5	1	0	20.38	19.58
		1	37	20.97	20.28
		1	74	20.71	20.00
		37	0	19.83	18.79
		37	18	20.00	18.96
		37	38	19.98	18.93
		75	0	19.96	18.89
	2535.0	1	0	20.75	19.96
		1	37	20.63	19.78
		1	74	20.31	19.52
		37	0	19.73	18.70
		37	18	19.68	18.60
		37	38	19.58	18.48
		75	0	19.68	18.60
	2562.5	1	0	20.50	19.79
		1	37	20.28	19.46
		1	74	19.79	19.02
		37	0	19.42	18.46
		37	18	19.22	18.26
		37	38	19.04	18.04
		75	0	19.27	18.24
20	2510.0	1	0	20.30	19.43
		1	49	21.14	20.23
		1	99	20.57	19.78
		50	0	19.85	18.83
		50	25	20.00	19.01
		50	50	19.97	18.94
		100	0	19.91	18.89
	2535.0	1	0	20.75	19.96
		1	49	20.75	19.85
		1	99	20.38	19.52
		50	0	19.74	18.73
		50	25	19.54	18.56
		50	50	19.42	18.40
		100	0	19.57	18.60
	2560	1	0	20.64	19.94
		1	49	20.51	19.81
		1	99	19.62	18.91
		50	0	19.67	18.74
		50	25	19.38	18.47
		50	50	19.09	18.12
		100	0	19.34	18.36

LTE Band 12

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
1.4	699.7	1	0	23.39	22.78
		1	3	23.39	22.79
		1	5	23.43	22.66

		3	0	23.31	22.67
		3	2	23.60	22.73
		3	3	23.42	22.59
		6	0	22.49	21.59
	707.5	1	0	23.42	22.88
		1	3	23.51	23.05
		1	5	23.52	22.91
		3	0	23.42	22.41
		3	2	23.49	22.58
		3	3	23.43	22.58
		6	0	22.50	21.40
	715.3	1	0	23.79	22.96
		1	3	24.06	23.09
		1	5	24.04	23.65
		3	0	23.86	22.87
		3	2	23.88	22.95
		3	3	23.90	22.90
		6	0	22.82	21.97
3	700.5	1	0	23.48	22.78
		1	7	23.38	22.85
		1	14	23.25	22.57
		8	0	22.60	21.59
		8	4	22.39	21.53
		8	7	22.37	21.41
		15	0	22.53	21.36
	707.5	1	0	23.45	22.78
		1	7	23.57	22.79
		1	14	23.54	22.94
		8	0	22.43	21.45
		8	4	22.42	21.57
		8	7	22.50	21.56
		15	0	22.52	21.47
	714.3	1	0	23.74	22.97
		1	7	23.67	22.91
		1	14	23.97	23.20
		8	0	22.69	21.69
		8	4	22.72	21.78
		8	7	22.89	21.79
		15	0	22.77	21.83
5	701.5	1	0	23.54	22.96
		1	12	23.31	22.63
		1	24	22.79	22.05
		12	0	22.54	21.72
		12	6	22.44	21.55
		12	13	22.39	21.56
		25	0	22.46	21.46
	707.5	1	0	23.47	22.88
		1	12	23.45	22.86
		1	24	23.66	22.98
		12	0	22.54	21.66
		12	6	22.42	21.63
		12	13	22.60	21.69
		25	0	22.49	21.50
	713.5	1	0	23.80	22.86
		1	12	23.59	22.58
		1	24	23.78	22.80
		12	0	22.71	21.74
		12	6	22.73	21.67
		12	13	22.83	21.89
		25	0	22.83	21.79
10	704	1	0	23.77	23.08

		1	24	23.26	22.24
		1	49	23.60	22.79
		25	0	22.44	21.43
		25	12	22.38	21.38
		25	25	22.43	21.49
		50	0	22.52	21.53
	707.5	1	0	23.52	23.00
		1	24	23.48	22.81
		1	49	23.81	23.02
		25	0	22.47	21.52
		25	12	22.51	21.50
		25	25	22.68	21.60
		50	0	22.47	21.51
	711	1	0	23.65	23.06
		1	24	24.26	23.57
		1	49	23.12	22.67
		25	0	22.60	21.61
		25	12	22.70	21.81
		25	25	22.65	21.71
		50	0	22.76	21.70

LTE Band13

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
5	779.5	1	0	23.60	22.96
		1	12	23.27	22.61
		1	24	23.74	23.15
		12	0	22.79	21.98
		12	6	22.76	21.88
		12	13	22.79	21.98
		25	0	22.95	21.93
	782	1	0	23.72	22.72
		1	12	23.67	22.68
		1	24	23.26	22.37
		12	0	22.73	21.78
		12	6	22.63	21.63
		12	13	22.61	21.61
		25	0	22.80	21.74
	784.5	1	0	23.97	22.77
		1	12	23.00	22.62
		1	24	23.64	22.90
		12	0	22.73	21.79
		12	6	22.66	21.74
		12	13	22.70	21.85
		25	0	22.65	21.74
10	782	1	0	23.73	23.00
		1	24	23.63	23.01
		1	49	22.92	22.05
		25	0	22.74	21.80
		25	12	22.64	21.75
		25	25	22.69	21.68
		50	0	22.88	21.89
	782	1	0	23.72	23.07
		1	24	23.53	22.95
		1	49	22.76	22.40
		25	0	22.72	21.61
		25	12	22.65	21.70
		25	25	22.69	21.73
		50	0	22.88	21.81

	782	1	0	23.70	23.06
		1	24	23.66	23.16
		1	49	22.75	21.71
		25	0	22.77	21.74
		25	12	22.66	21.81
		25	25	22.71	21.78
		50	0	22.94	21.89

LTE Band17

BW (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	RB Configuration		Average Power [dBm]	
		Size	Offset	QPSK	16QAM
5	706.5	1	0	23.43	22.69
		1	12	23.63	22.80
		1	24	23.69	22.99
		12	0	22.55	21.62
		12	6	22.48	21.64
		12	13	22.58	21.67
		25	0	22.52	21.50
	710	1	0	23.68	22.62
		1	12	23.83	22.70
		1	24	23.64	22.62
		12	0	22.62	21.70
		12	6	22.64	21.76
		12	13	22.66	21.70
		25	0	22.54	21.67
	713.5	1	0	23.81	22.89
		1	12	23.47	22.57
		1	24	23.16	22.20
		12	0	22.76	21.79
		12	6	22.77	21.80
		12	13	22.63	21.62
		25	0	22.61	21.84
10	709	1	0	23.86	23.05
		1	24	23.73	23.18
		1	49	23.58	22.93
		25	0	22.68	21.65
		25	12	22.74	21.66
		25	25	22.75	21.72
		50	0	22.74	21.70
	710	1	0	23.86	22.94
		1	24	24.15	23.45
		1	49	23.46	22.66
		25	0	22.72	21.67
		25	12	22.86	21.84
		25	25	22.64	21.69
		50	0	22.83	21.77
	711	1	0	23.83	23.09
		1	24	24.22	23.37
		1	49	22.73	22.19
		25	0	22.74	21.83
		25	12	22.68	21.75
		25	25	22.61	21.67
		50	0	22.76	21.75

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	Average Output Power (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b	1	2412	1	16.62
			2	16.26
			5.5	16.22
			11	16.13

	6	2437	1	16.25
			2	16.08
			5.5	16.04
			11	16.02
	11	2462	1	15.82
			2	15.71
			5.5	15.64
			11	15.59
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	6	14.14
			9	14.11
			12	14.10
			18	14.08
			24	14.07
			36	14.05
			48	14.03
			54	14.00
	6	2437	6	14.52
			9	14.72
			12	14.63
			18	14.44
			24	14.39
			36	14.32
			48	14.20
			54	14.11
	11	2462	6	13.89
			9	13.72
			12	13.63
			18	13.60
			24	13.42
			36	13.33
			48	13.24
			54	13.22
IEEE 802.11n HT20	1	2412	MCS0	12.82
			MCS1	12.13
			MCS2	12.09
			MCS3	12.07
			MCS4	12.06
			MCS5	12.04
			MCS6	12.02
			MCS7	12.00
	6	2437	MCS0	12.62
			MCS1	12.48
			MCS2	12.42
			MCS3	12.39
			MCS4	12.32
			MCS5	12.30
			MCS6	12.24
			MCS7	12.22
	11	2462	MCS0	12.48
			MCS1	12.27
			MCS2	12.25
			MCS3	12.22
			MCS4	11.96
			MCS5	11.87
			MCS6	11.72
			MCS7	11.53
IEEE 802.11n HT40	3	2422	MCS0	11.85
			MCS1	11.76
			MCS2	11.63
			MCS3	11.55
			MCS4	11.63

			MCS5	11.55
			MCS6	11.40
			MCS7	11.16
	6	2437	MCS0	11.93
			MCS1	11.82
			MCS2	11.72
			MCS3	11.63
			MCS4	11.52
			MCS5	11.44
			MCS6	11.36
			MCS7	11.59
	9	2452	MCS0	11.76
			MCS1	11.72
			MCS2	11.70
			MCS3	11.63
			MCS4	11.55
			MCS5	11.50
			MCS6	11.28
			MCS7	11.22

<WLAN 5GHz U-NI-3 Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)
802.11a	149	5745	14.89
	157	5785	14.21
	165	5825	14.26
802.11n(20MHz)	149	5745	13.15
	157	5785	12.99
	165	5825	12.18
802.11n(40MHz)	151	5755	12.16
	159	5795	12.74
802.11ac(20MHz)	149	5745	12.63
	157	5785	12.03
	165	5825	12.96
802.11ac(40MHz)	151	5755	12.14
	159	5795	12.48
802.11ac(80MHz)	155	5775	11.42

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

<BT Conducted Power>

Mode	channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted AVG output power (dBm)
GFSK-BLE	0	2402	-3.863
	19	2440	-3.596
	39	2480	-4.296
GFSK-2BTLE	0	2402	-4.426
	19	2440	-3.968
	39	2480	-4.955
GFSK	0	2402	-2.796
	39	2441	-1.172
	78	2480	-1.639
π/4-DQPSK	0	2402	-3.625
	39	2441	-2.117
	78	2480	-2.360
8DPSK	0	2402	-3.582
	39	2441	-2.659
	78	2480	-2.562

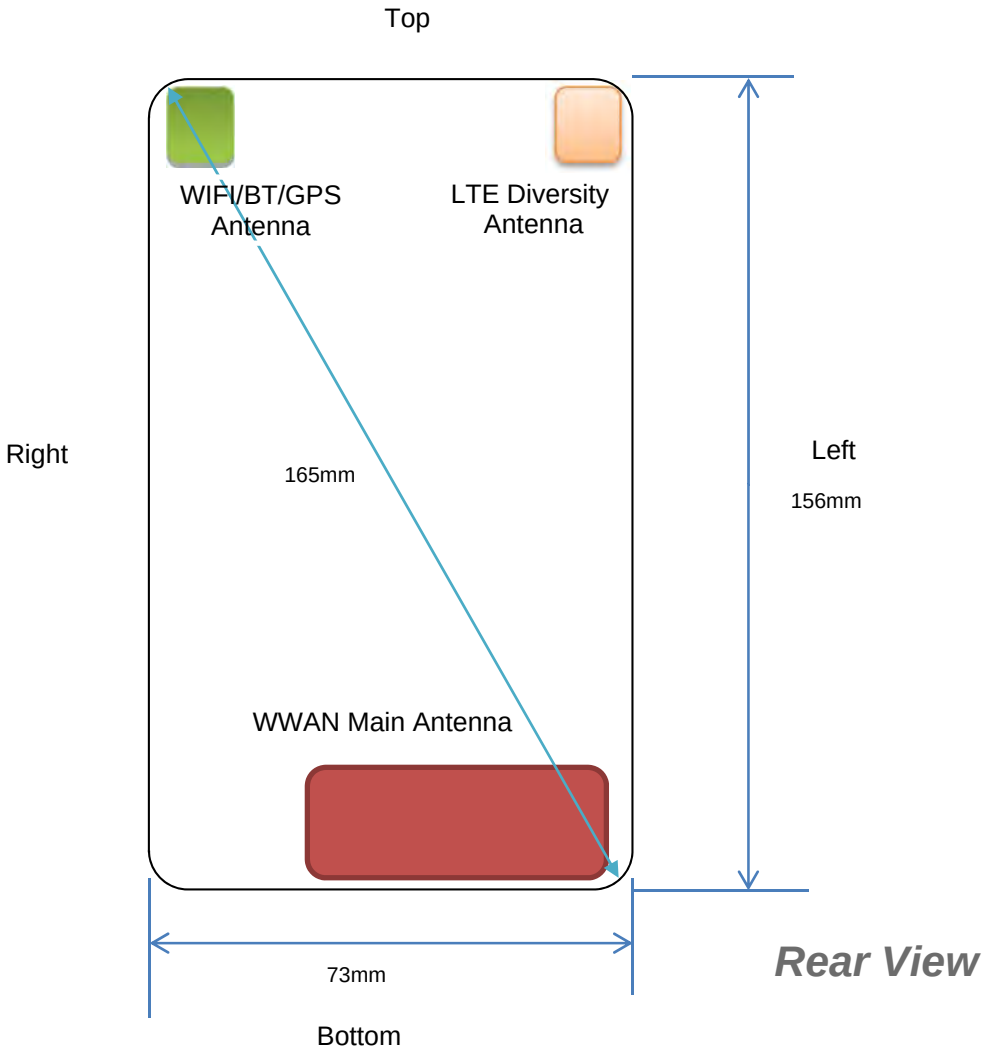
Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·[$\sqrt{}$f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Turn up Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
-1.0	5	2.45	0.2

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.2< 3.0, SAR testing is not required.

4.2 Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position



Antenna information:

WWAN Main Antenna	LTE TX/RX
LTE Diversity antenna	Only RX
WLAN/GPS/BT Antenna	WLAN/BT TX/RX

Note:
1). Per KDB648474 D04, because the overall diagonal distance of this devices is 165mm >160mm, it is considered as “Phablet”device.
2). Per KDB648474 D04, 10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/Kg.
3). According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02, the edges with less than 25 mm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)						
Antennas	**Front**	**Back**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Left Side**	**Right Side**
WWAN	<5	<5	140	<5	<5	24
BT/WLAN	<5	<5	<5	146	<5	61

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	**Front**	**Back**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Left Side**	**Right Side**
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT/WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, When the overall device length and width are ≥9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.

4.3 SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*$10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}$

Scaling factor=$10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}$

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

$P_{measured}$ is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
LTE	1:1
WLAN2450	1:1
5GWLAN	1:1

4.3.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [LTE Band 2]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head <SIM1>										
19100	1900.0	1RB	Left Cheek	22.89	23.00	-0.61	1.026	**0.144**	**0.148**	**Plot 1**
19100	1900.0	1RB	Left Tilt	22.89	23.00	1.46	1.026	0.069	0.071	
19100	1900.0	1RB	Right Cheek	22.89	23.00	0.22	1.026	0.027	0.028	
19100	1900.0	1RB	Right Tilt	22.89	23.00	-1.42	1.026	0.018	0.018	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	21.75	22.00	0.09	1.059	0.105	0.111	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	21.75	22.00	-1.21	1.059	0.049	0.052	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	21.75	22.00	-0.06	1.059	0.022	0.023	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	21.75	22.00	2.07	1.059	0.015	0.016	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
19100	1900.0	1RB	Front	22.89	23.00	-0.27	1.026	0.064	0.066	
19100	1900.0	1RB	Rear	22.89	23.00	1.21	1.026	**0.090**	**0.092**	**Plot 2**
19100	1900.0	1RB	Left	22.89	23.00	1.42	1.026	0.043	0.044	
19100	1900.0	1RB	Right	22.89	23.00	0.09	1.026	0.018	0.018	
19100	1900.0	1RB	Bottom	22.89	23.00	-2.76	1.026	0.052	0.053	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Front	21.75	22.00	1.52	1.059	0.060	0.064	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Rear	21.75	22.00	0.07	1.059	0.081	0.086	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Left	21.75	22.00	-1.94	1.059	0.036	0.038	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Right	21.75	22.00	-3.40	1.059	0.015	0.016	
18700	1860.0	50%RB	Bottom	21.75	22.00	0.05	1.059	0.047	0.050	

SAR Values [LTE Band 4]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head <SIM1>										
20175	1732.5	1RB	Left Cheek	23.78	24.00	-3.09	1.052	**0.171**	**0.180**	**Plot 3**
20175	1732.5	1RB	Left Tilt	23.78	24.00	1.02	1.052	0.079	0.083	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Right Cheek	23.78	24.00	-1.39	1.052	0.031	0.033	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Right Tilt	23.78	24.00	-3.96	1.052	0.026	0.027	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Left Cheek	22.47	23.00	4.42	1.130	0.142	0.160	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Left Tilt	22.47	23.00	0.05	1.130	0.061	0.069	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Right Cheek	22.47	23.00	1.97	1.130	0.029	0.033	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Right Tilt	22.47	23.00	-2.11	1.130	0.022	0.025	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
20175	1732.5	1RB	Front	23.78	24.00	-0.65	1.052	0.067	0.070	

20175	1732.5	1RB	Rear	23.78	24.00	-0.26	1.052	**0.135**	**0.142**	**Plot 4**
20175	1732.5	1RB	Left	23.78	24.00	1.64	1.052	0.045	0.047	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Right	23.78	24.00	-0.75	1.052	0.020	0.021	
20175	1732.5	1RB	Bottom	23.78	24.00	2.54	1.052	0.033	0.035	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Front	22.47	23.00	-0.02	1.130	0.056	0.063	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Rear	22.47	23.00	-3.61	1.130	0.105	0.119	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Left	22.47	23.00	-1.22	1.130	0.039	0.044	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Right	22.47	23.00	0.08	1.130	0.012	0.014	
20175	1732.5	50%RB	Bottom	22.47	23.00	3.62	1.130	0.040	0.045	

SAR Values [LTE Band 7]

Ch.	*Freq. (MHz)*	*Channel Type (20M)*	*Test Position*	*Conducted Power (dBm)*	*Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)*	*Power Drift (%)*	*Scaling Factor*	*SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)*		*Graph Results*
								Measured	*Reported*	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head <SIM1>										
20850	2510.0	1RB	Left Cheek	21.14	22.00	-1.16	1.219	**0.164**	**0.200**	**Plot 5**
20850	2510.0	1RB	Left Tilt	21.14	22.00	4.23	1.219	0.100	0.122	
20850	2510.0	1RB	Right Cheek	21.14	22.00	-1.16	1.219	0.036	0.044	
20850	2510.0	1RB	Right Tilt	21.14	22.00	1.16	1.219	0.025	0.030	
20850	2510.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	20.00	21.00	-3.64	1.259	0.131	0.165	
20850	2510.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	20.00	21.00	2.25	1.259	0.069	0.087	
20850	2510.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	20.00	21.00	-3.67	1.259	0.028	0.035	
20850	2510.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	20.00	21.00	0.02	1.259	0.020	0.025	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
20850	2510.0	1RB	Front	21.14	22.00	-0.06	1.219	0.134	0.163	
20850	2510.0	1RB	Rear	21.14	22.00	-0.33	1.219	**0.415**	**0.506**	**Plot 6**
20850	2510.0	1RB	Left	21.14	22.00	1.20	1.219	0.125	0.152	
20850	2510.0	1RB	Right	21.14	22.00	-3.62	1.219	0.075	0.091	
20850	2510.0	1RB	Bottom	21.14	22.00	-0.02	1.219	0.133	0.162	
20850	2510.0	50%RB	Front	20.00	21.00	-3.62	1.259	0.102	0.128	
20850	2510.0	50%RB	Rear	20.00	21.00	1.11	1.259	0.294	0.370	
20850	2510.0	50%RB	Left	20.00	21.00	-3.97	1.259	0.063	0.079	
20850	2510.0	50%RB	Right	20.00	21.00	0.02	1.259	0.042	0.053	
20850	2510.0	50%RB	Bottom	20.00	21.00	-3.67	1.259	0.076	0.096	

SAR Values [LTE Band 12]

Ch.	*Freq. (MHz)*	*Channel Type (10M)*	*Test Position*	*Conducted Power (dBm)*	*Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)*	*Power Drift (%)*	*Scaling Factor*	*SAR1-g results(W/kg)*		*Graph Results*
								Measured	*Reported*	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Head<SIM1>										
23130	711.0	1RB	Left Cheek	24.26	25.00	-2.79	1.186	**0.063**	**0.075**	**Plot 7**
23130	711.0	1RB	Left Tilt	24.26	25.00	0.02	1.186	0.039	0.046	
23130	711.0	1RB	Right Cheek	24.26	25.00	-1.53	1.186	0.029	0.034	
23130	711.0	1RB	Right Tilt	24.26	25.00	-1.20	1.186	0.020	0.024	
23130	711.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	22.76	23.00	3.62	1.057	0.055	0.058	
23130	711.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	22.76	23.00	-1.51	1.057	0.032	0.034	
23130	711.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	22.76	23.00	0.09	1.057	0.026	0.027	
23130	711.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	22.76	23.00	-4.12	1.057	0.017	0.018	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
23130	711.0	1RB	Front	24.26	25.00	-0.90	1.186	0.127	0.151	
23130	711.0	1RB	Rear	24.26	25.00	-0.25	1.186	**0.305**	**0.362**	**Plot 8**
23130	711.0	1RB	Left	24.26	25.00	1.21	1.186	0.102	0.121	
23130	711.0	1RB	Right	24.26	25.00	-3.65	1.186	0.053	0.063	
23130	711.0	1RB	Bottom	24.26	25.00	2.01	1.186	0.119	0.141	
23130	711.0	50%RB	Front	22.76	23.00	-0.02	1.057	0.109	0.115	
23130	711.0	50%RB	Rear	22.76	23.00	-1.14	1.057	0.236	0.249	
23130	711.0	50%RB	Left	22.76	23.00	2.09	1.057	0.081	0.086	
23130	711.0	50%RB	Right	22.76	23.00	1.14	1.057	0.040	0.042	
23130	711.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.76	23.00	0.09	1.057	0.099	0.105	

SAR Values [LTE Band 13]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (10M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Head<SIM1>										
23200	782.0	1RB	Left Cheek	23.73	24.00	1.33	1.064	**0.094**	**0.100**	**Plot 9**
23200	782.0	1RB	Left Tilt	23.73	24.00	-0.03	1.064	0.059	0.063	
23200	782.0	1RB	Right Cheek	23.73	24.00	-2.80	1.064	0.073	0.078	
23200	782.0	1RB	Right Tilt	23.73	24.00	1.46	1.064	0.046	0.049	
23200	782.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	22.94	23.00	-2.11	1.014	0.081	0.082	
23200	782.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	22.94	23.00	0.06	1.014	0.055	0.056	
23200	782.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	22.94	23.00	-3.94	1.014	0.079	0.080	
23200	782.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	22.94	23.00	2.14	1.014	0.042	0.043	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
23200	782.0	1RB	Front	23.73	24.00	0.46	1.064	0.082	0.087	
23200	782.0	1RB	Rear	23.73	24.00	0.53	1.064	**0.173**	**0.184**	**Plot 10**
23200	782.0	1RB	Left	23.73	24.00	-1.42	1.064	0.061	0.065	
23200	782.0	1RB	Right	23.73	24.00	2.07	1.064	0.043	0.046	
23200	782.0	1RB	Bottom	23.73	24.00	-1.41	1.064	0.080	0.085	
23200	782.0	50%RB	Front	22.94	23.00	0.06	1.014	0.074	0.075	
23200	782.0	50%RB	Rear	22.94	23.00	1.11	1.014	0.129	0.131	
23200	782.0	50%RB	Left	22.94	23.00	-2.14	1.014	0.051	0.052	
23200	782.0	50%RB	Right	22.94	23.00	0.02	1.014	0.033	0.033	
23200	782.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.94	23.00	-3.61	1.014	0.070	0.071	

SAR Values [LTE Band 17]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type (20M)	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Head<SIM1>										
23800	711.0	1RB	Left Cheek	24.22	25.00	-1.30	1.197	**0.113**	**0.135**	**Plot 11**
23800	711.0	1RB	Left Tilt	24.22	25.00	0.02	1.197	0.062	0.074	
23800	711.0	1RB	Right Cheek	24.22	25.00	-4.25	1.197	0.051	0.061	
23800	711.0	1RB	Right Tilt	24.22	25.00	-1.47	1.197	0.025	0.030	
23790	710.0	50%RB	Left Cheek	22.83	23.00	0.09	1.040	0.086	0.089	
23790	710.0	50%RB	Left Tilt	22.83	23.00	-1.46	1.040	0.053	0.055	
23790	710.0	50%RB	Right Cheek	22.83	23.00	2.15	1.040	0.049	0.051	
23790	710.0	50%RB	Right Tilt	22.83	23.00	-0.94	1.040	0.042	0.044	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
23800	711.0	1RB	Front	24.22	25.00	-0.41	1.197	0.158	0.189	
23800	711.0	1RB	Rear	24.22	25.00	-0.51	1.197	**0.324**	**0.388**	**Plot 12**
23800	711.0	1RB	Left	24.22	25.00	1.02	1.197	0.069	0.083	
23800	711.0	1RB	Right	24.22	25.00	-1.21	1.197	0.051	0.061	
23800	711.0	1RB	Bottom	24.22	25.00	3.94	1.197	0.103	0.123	
23790	710.0	50%RB	Front	22.83	23.00	1.14	1.040	0.100	0.104	
23790	710.0	50%RB	Rear	22.83	23.00	0.06	1.040	0.232	0.241	
23790	710.0	50%RB	Left	22.83	23.00	-1.54	1.040	0.041	0.043	
23790	710.0	50%RB	Right	22.83	23.00	0.09	1.040	0.025	0.026	
23790	710.0	50%RB	Bottom	22.83	23.00	0.02	1.040	0.066	0.069	

Remark:
1. The value with black color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

SAR Values [WIFI2.4G]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head<SIM1>										
1	2412.0	802.11g	Left Cheek	16.62	17.00	-0.49	1.091	**0.684**	**0.747**	**Plot 13**
1	2412.0	802.11g	Left Tilt	16.62	17.00	0.02	1.091	0.263	0.287	
1	2412.0	802.11g	Right Cheek	16.62	17.00	-2.59	1.091	0.531	0.580	
1	2412.0	802.11g	Right Tilt	16.62	17.00	-3.16	1.091	0.212	0.231	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
1	2412.0	802.11g	Front	16.62	17.00	0.32	1.091	**0.386**	**0.421**	**Plot 14**
1	2412.0	802.11g	Rear	16.62	17.00	4.73	1.091	0.292	0.319	
1	2412.0	802.11g	Right	16.62	17.00	0.06	1.091	0.113	0.123	
1	2412.0	802.11g	Top	16.62	17.00	-1.14	1.091	0.101	0.110	

SAR Values [5GWIFI U-NII-3]

Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR_{1-g} results(W/kg)		Graph Results
								Measured	Reported	
measured / reported SAR numbers – Head<SIM1>										
149	5745	802.11a	Left Cheek	14.89	15.00	-0.49	1.026	**0.374**	**0.384**	**Plot 15**
149	5745	802.11a	Left Tilt	14.89	15.00	-1.41	1.026	0.151	0.155	
149	5745	802.11a	Right Cheek	14.89	15.00	0.47	1.026	0.323	0.331	
149	5745	802.11a	Right Tilt	14.89	15.00	0.06	1.026	0.139	0.143	
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm) <SIM1>										
149	5745	802.11a	Front	14.89	15.00	-0.72	1.026	**0.272**	**0.279**	**Plot 16**
149	5745	802.11a	Rear	14.89	15.00	-1.22	1.026	0.227	0.233	
149	5745	802.11a	Right	14.89	15.00	-3.06	1.026	0.101	0.104	
149	5745	802.11a	Top	14.89	15.00	-1.14	1.026	0.096	0.098	

Remark:
1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

4.3.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

● (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [√ f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

● 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

Per FCC KD B447498 D01,simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit,SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$\text{Ratio}=\frac{(SAR_1+SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation,mm})}<0.04$$

Estimated stand alone SAR					
Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)
Bluetooth*	2450	Head	-1.00	5	0.033
Bluetooth*	2450	Hotspot	-1.00	10	0.017
Bluetooth*	2450	Body-worn	-1.00	10	0.017

Remark:

1. *Bluetooth*- Including Lower power Bluetooth*
2. *Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;*
3. *When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion*
4. *Body as body use distance is 10mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual*

4.4 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

4.4.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For the DUT,the BT and WiFi modules sharing same antenna, LTE modules sharing a single antenna; BT/WLAN and LTE can simultaneous transmit;

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Type	Simultaneous Transmissions	Voice over Digital Transport(Data)
LTE	Band2/Band4/Band7/ Band12/Band13/Band17	DT	Yes,WLAN or BT/BLE	N/A
WLAN	2450/5800	DT	Yes, LTE	Yes
BT/BLE	2450	DT	Yes, LTE	N/A
Note: DT-Digital Transport				

Note:

BT and WLAN can be active at the same time, but only with interleaving of packages switched on board level. That means that they don't transmit at the same time.

BLE-Bluetooth low energy;

BT- Classical Bluetooth;

4.4.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

Head Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position			
	Left Cheek	Left Tilt	Right Cheek	Right Tilt
LTE Band2	0.148	0.071	0.028	0.018
LTE Band4	0.180	0.083	0.033	0.027
LTE Band7	0.200	0.122	0.044	0.030
LTE Band12	0.075	0.046	0.034	0.024
LTE Band13	0.100	0.063	0.078	0.049
LTE Band17	0.135	0.074	0.061	0.030
WiFi2.4G	0.747	0.287	0.580	0.231
5GWIFI U-NII-3	0.384	0.155	0.331	0.143
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	**0.947**	0.409	0.658	0.280
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position			
	Left Cheek	Left Tilt	Right Cheek	Right Tilt
LTE Band2	0.148	0.071	0.028	0.018
LTE Band4	0.180	0.083	0.033	0.027
LTE Band7	0.200	0.122	0.044	0.030
LTE Band12	0.075	0.046	0.034	0.024
LTE Band13	0.100	0.063	0.078	0.049
LTE Band17	0.135	0.074	0.061	0.030
BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	**0.233**	0.155	0.111	0.082
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no

Body Hotspot Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR for WiFi and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position					
	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
LTE Band2	0.066	0.092	0.044	0.018	0.053	/
LTE Band4	0.070	0.142	0.047	0.021	0.035	/
LTE Band7	0.163	0.506	0.152	0.091	0.162	
LTE Band12	0.151	0.362	0.121	0.063	0.141	/
LTE Band13	0.087	0.184	0.065	0.046	0.085	/
LTE Band17	0.189	0.388	0.083	0.061	0.123	
WiFi2.4G	0.421	0.319	/	0.123	/	0.110
5GWIFI U-NII-3	0.279	0.233	/	0.104	/	0.095
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.610	**0.825**	0.152	0.214	0.162	0.110
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR for BT and LTE

Reported SAR1-g(W/kg)	Test Position					
	Front	Rear	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
LTE Band2	0.066	0.092	0.044	0.018	0.053	/
LTE Band4	0.070	0.142	0.047	0.021	0.035	/
LTE Band7	0.163	0.506	0.152	0.091	0.162	
LTE Band12	0.151	0.362	0.121	0.063	0.141	/
LTE Band13	0.087	0.184	0.065	0.046	0.085	/
LTE Band17	0.189	0.388	0.083	0.061	0.123	
BT Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)	0.017	0.017	/	0.017	/	0.017
MAX. ΣSAR1-g (W/kg)	0.206	**0.523**	0.152	0.108	0.162	0.017
SAR1-g Limit (W/kg)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Peak location separation ratio	no	no	no	no	no	no
Simut Meas. Required	no	no	no	no	no	no

Note:
1. The WiFi and BT share same antenna, so cannot transmit at same time.
2. The value with **block** color is the maximum values of standalone
3. The value with blue color is the maximum values of $\sum SAR_{1-g}$

4.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Configuration	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Highest Measured SAR_{1-g} (Wkg)	First Repeated	
						Measued SAR_{1-g} (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
735	LTE Band 12	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.305	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 13	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.173	n/a	n/a
	LTE Band 17	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.324	n/a	n/a
1800	LTE Band 4	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.171	n/a	n/a
1900	LTE Band 2	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.144	n/a	n/a
2450	2.4GWLAN	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.682	n/a	n/a
2600	LTE Band 7	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.415	n/a	n/a
5G-6G	5GWIFI U-NII-3	Standalone	Cheek-Left	no	0.374	n/a	n/a

Remark:
1. *Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the orignal and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)*

4.6 General description of test procedures

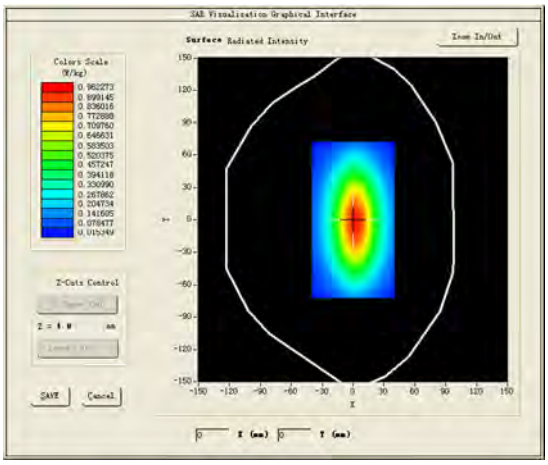
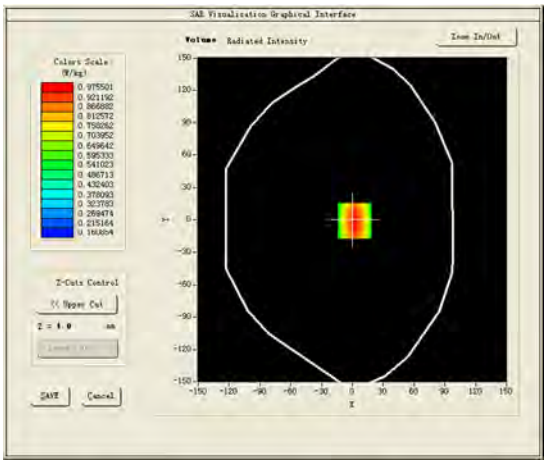
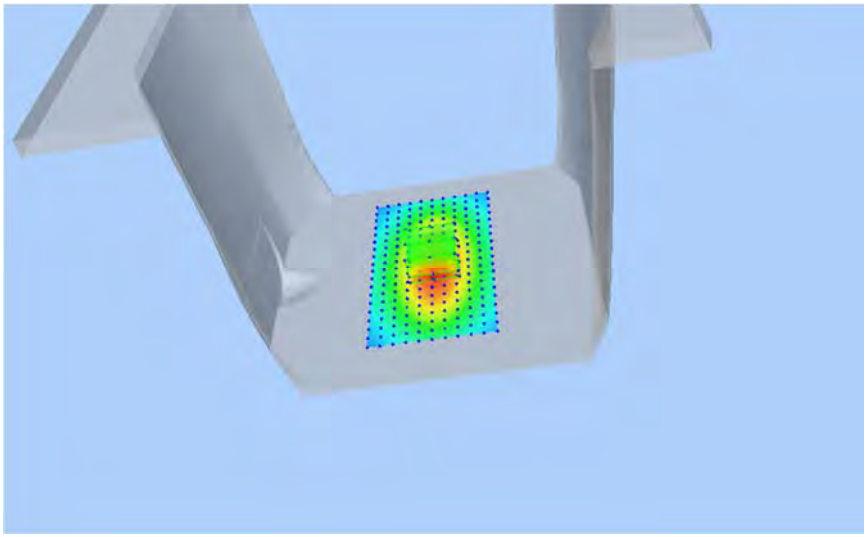
1. The DUT is tested using CMU 200 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
2. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
3. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
4. Tests in head position with GSM were performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS/DTM function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots.
5. UMTS was tested in RMC mode with 12.2 kbit/s and TPC bits set to 'all 1'.
6. WiFi was tested in 802.11b/g/n mode with 1 Mbit/s and 6 Mbit/s. According to KDB 248227 the SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required since When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
7. Required WiFi test channels were selected according to KDB 248227
8. According to FCC KDB pub 248227 D01, When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement and when there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.
9. According to FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 this device has been tested with 10 mm distance to the phantom for operation in WiFi hot spot mode.
10. Per FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR to cover WiFi hot spot function.
11. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
12. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
    - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
    - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
    - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
13. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band.
14. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is < 1.2 W/kg.
15. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS, LTE and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
16. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
17. Per KDB648474 D04 require for phablet SAR test considerations， For EUT with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
18. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

4.7 Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

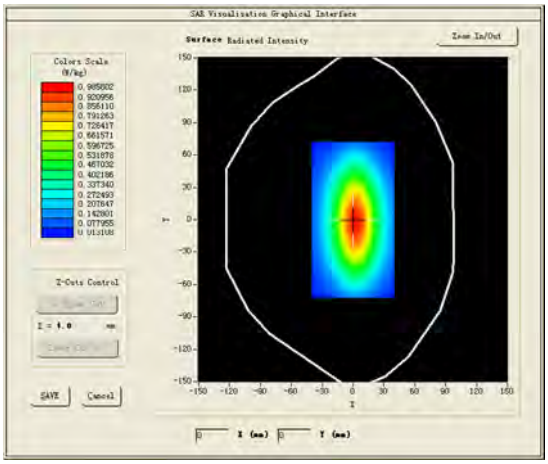
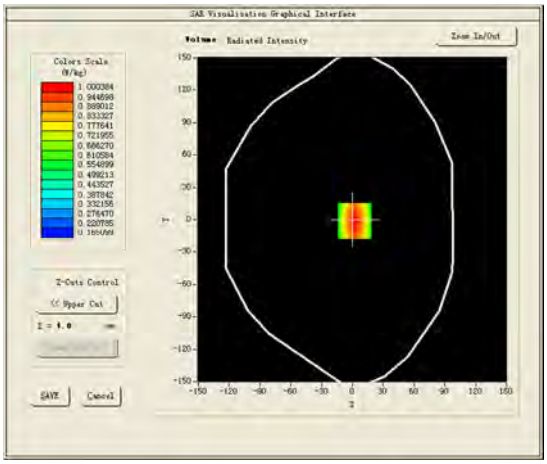
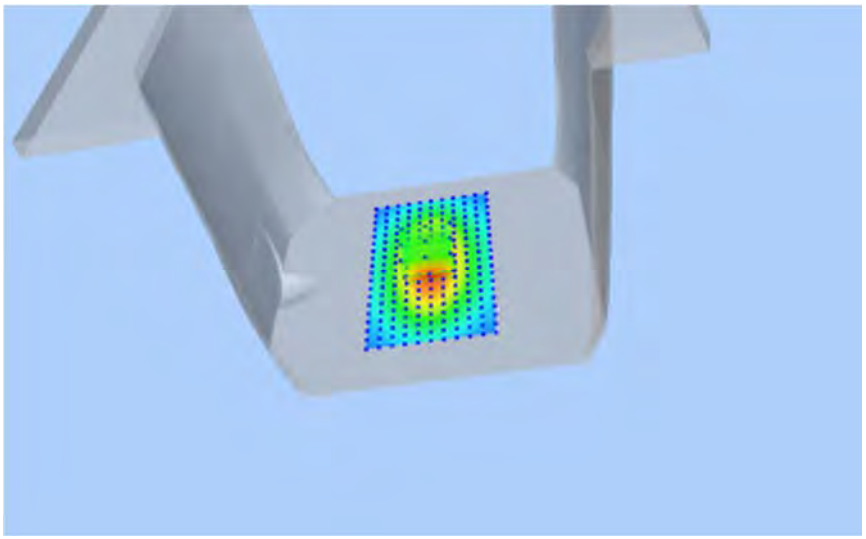
Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR accoridng to KDB865664D01.

4.8 System Check Results

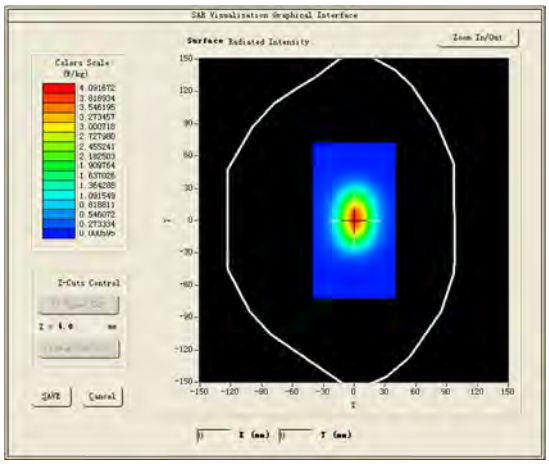
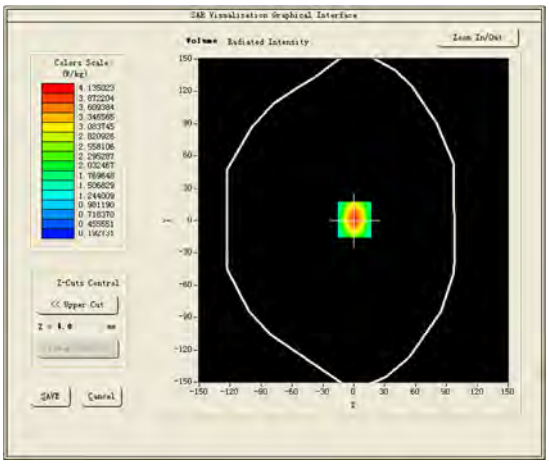
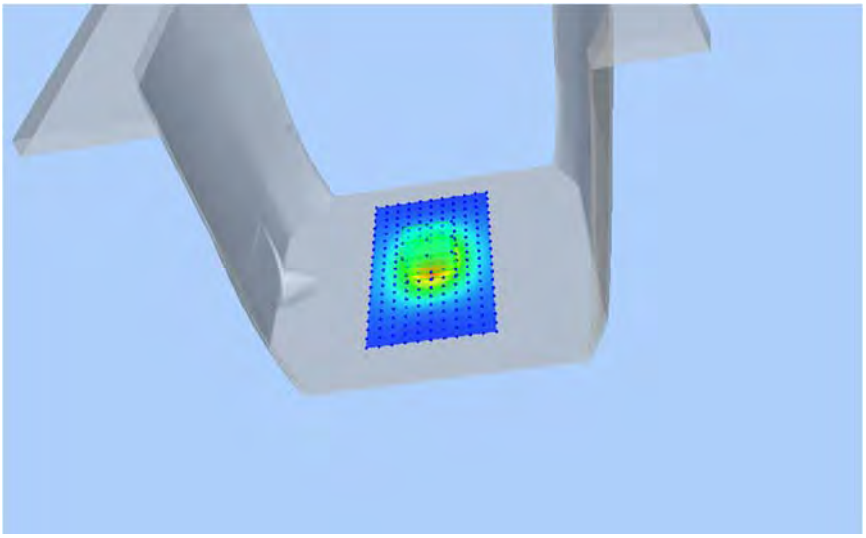
Test mode:750MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID750
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: April 22, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	750.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.52
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.45
Variation (%)	1.730000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.546214
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.840086
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

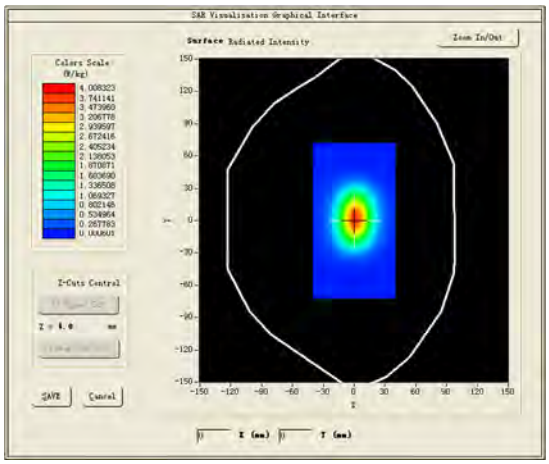
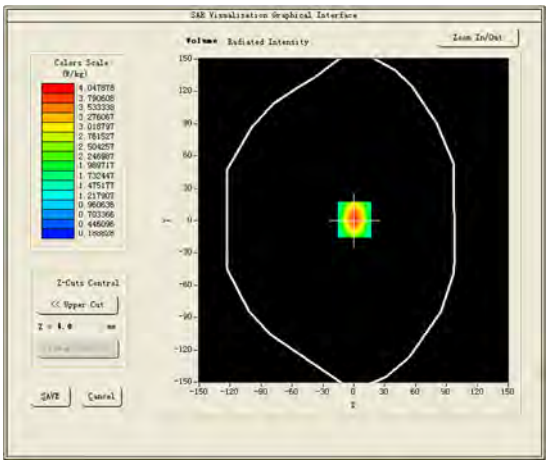
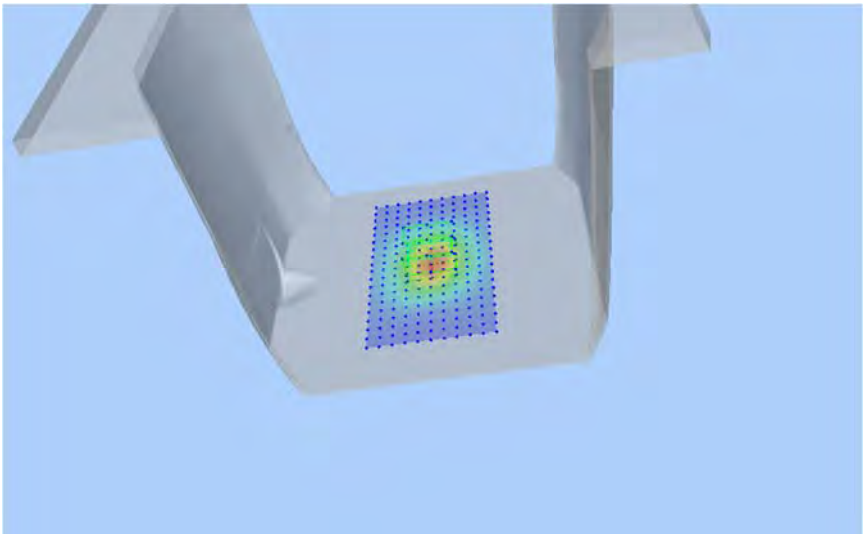
Test mode:750MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID750
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: April 25, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	750.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.25
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Variation (%)	-0.020000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.585263
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.890429
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

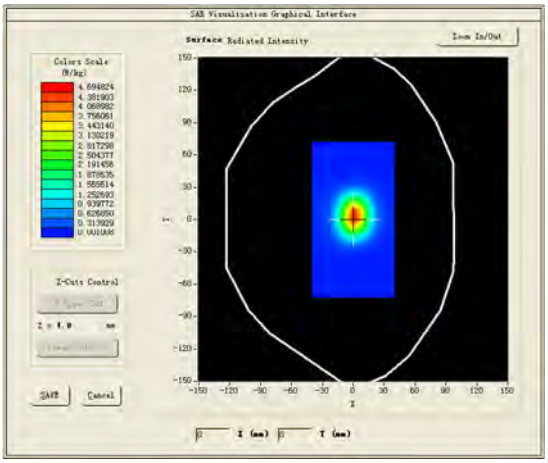
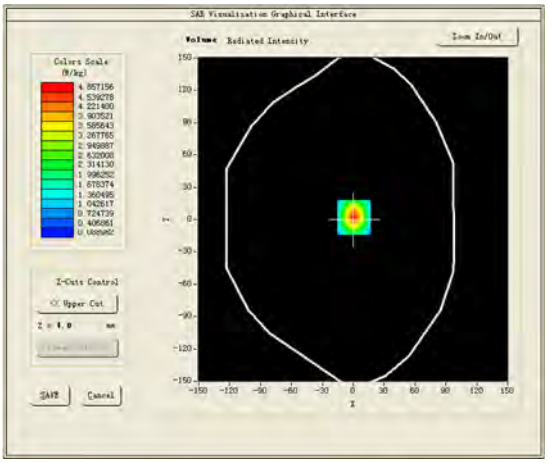
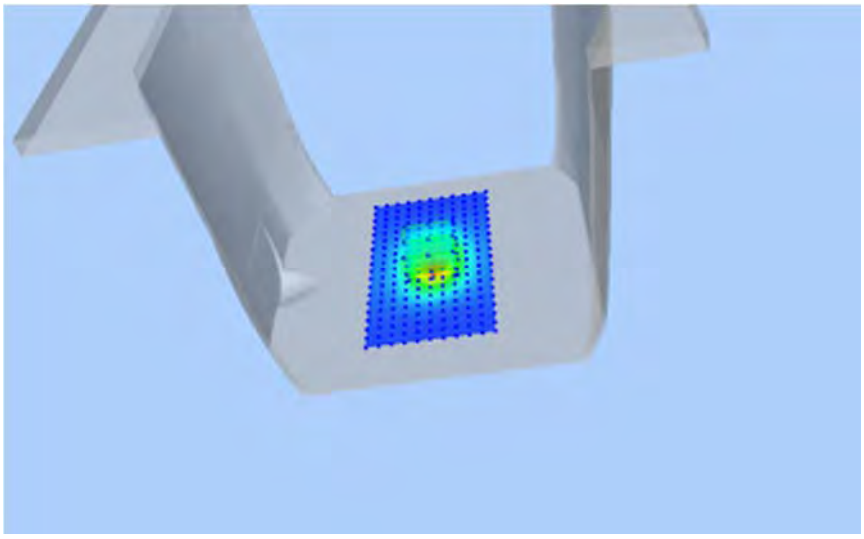
Test mode:1800MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model :Dipole SID1800
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: May 23, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.67
Conductivity (S/m)	1.45
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.65
Variation (%)	-0.420000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.042063
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.861936
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

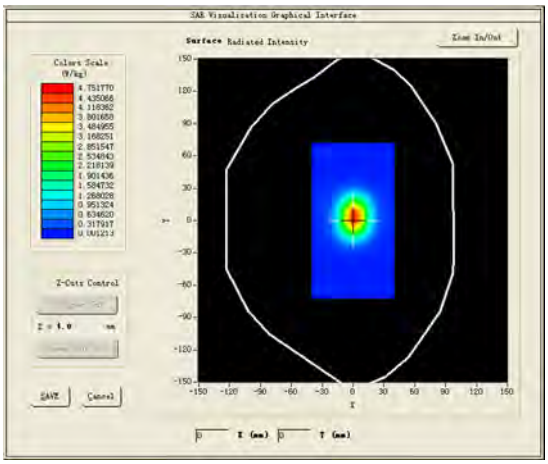
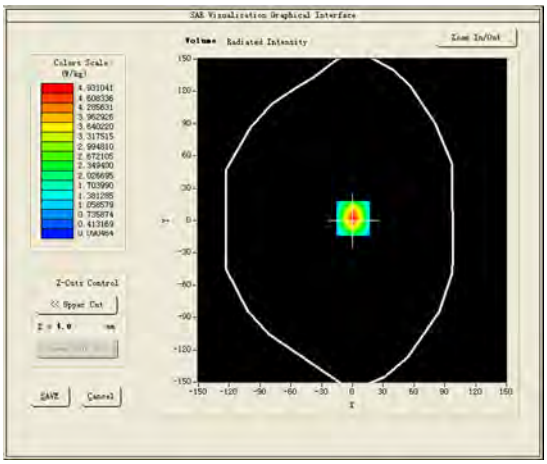
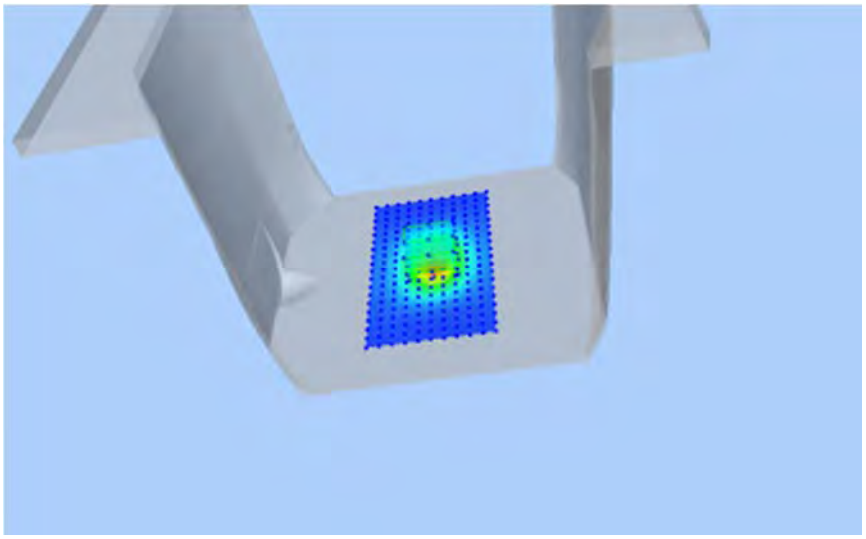
Test mode:1800MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model :Dipole SID1800
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: May 14, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1800.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.32
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Variation (%)	0.310000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.174932
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.044621
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

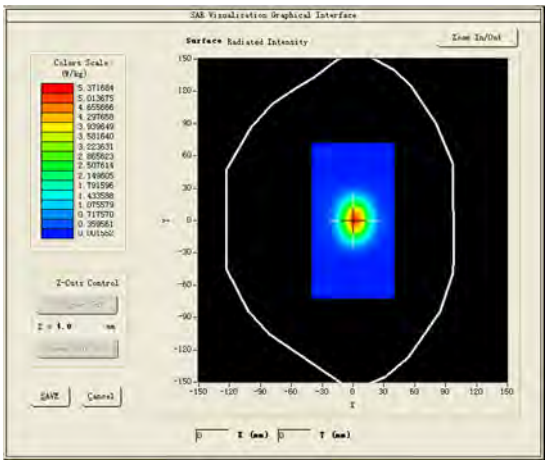
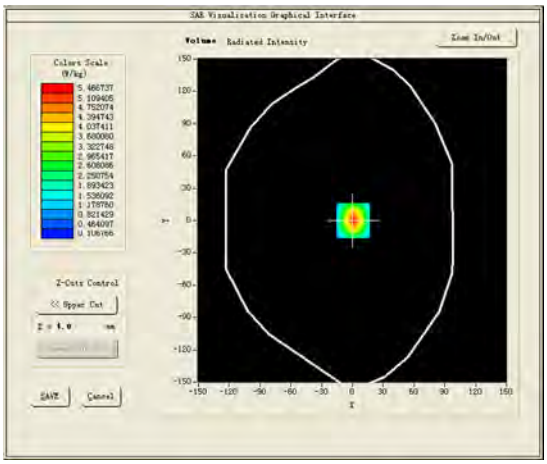
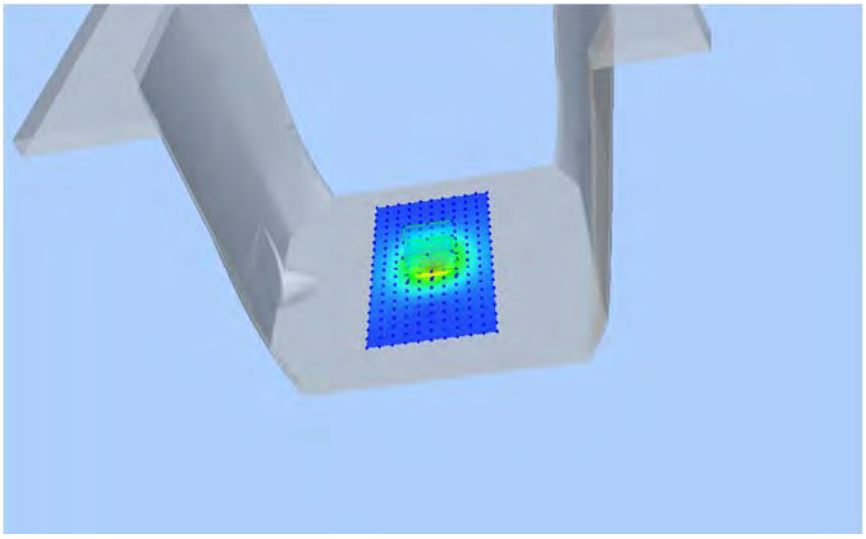
Test mode:1900MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model :Dipole SID1900
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: May 16, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.61
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.86
Variation (%)	-4.200000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.011203
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.902231
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

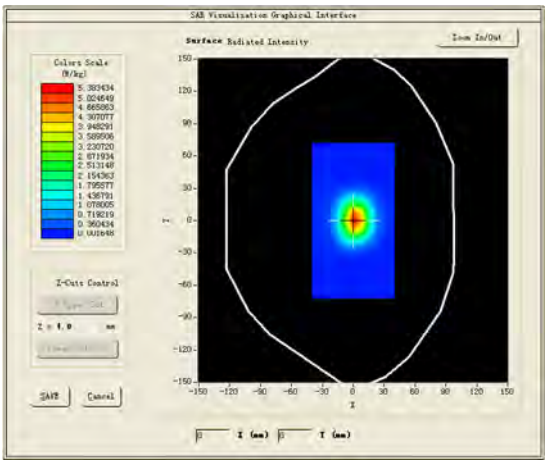
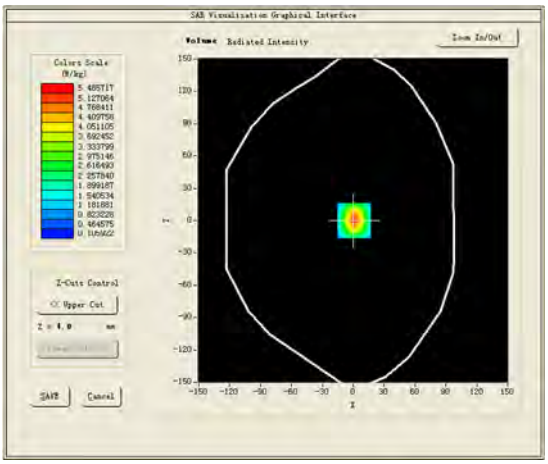
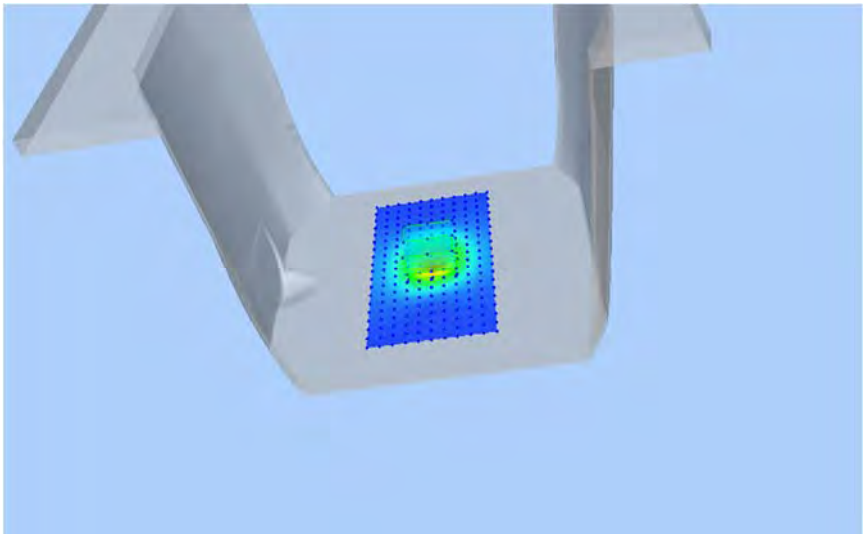
Test mode:1900MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model :Dipole SID1900
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: May 17, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.66
Conductivity (S/m)	1.56
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.93
Variation (%)	2.110000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.101367
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.242156
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

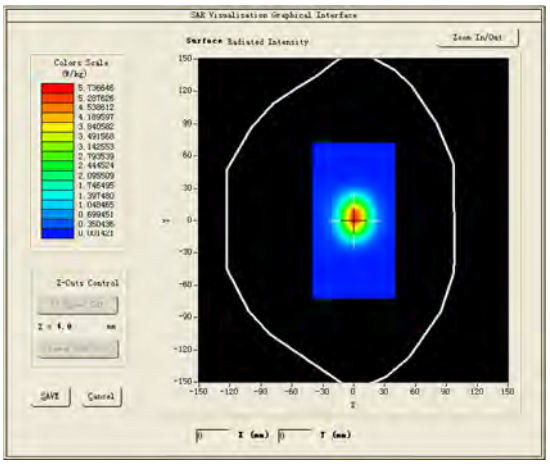
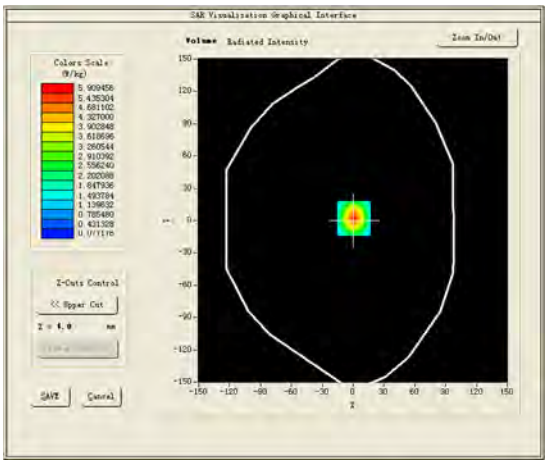
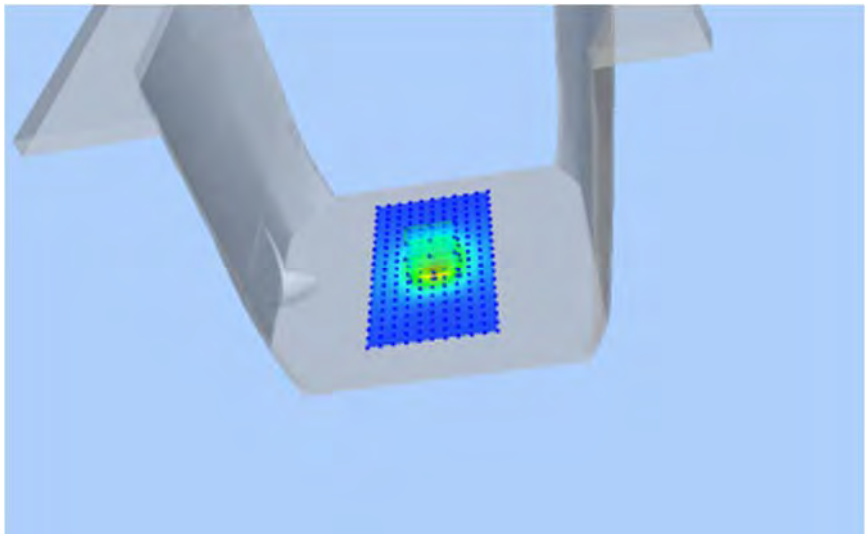
Test mode:2450MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2450
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: May 20, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.24
Conductivity (S/m)	1.75
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.91
Variation (%)	-3.610000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.322360
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.266932
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

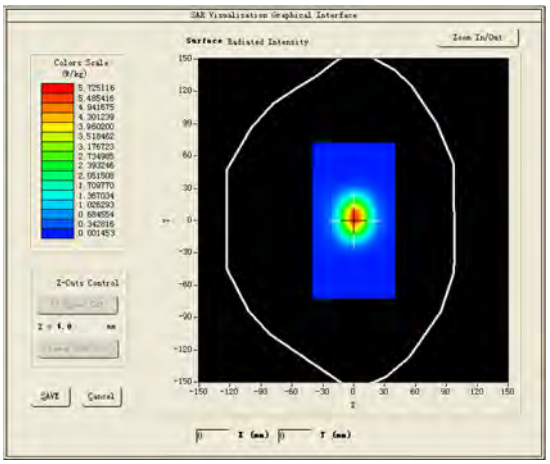
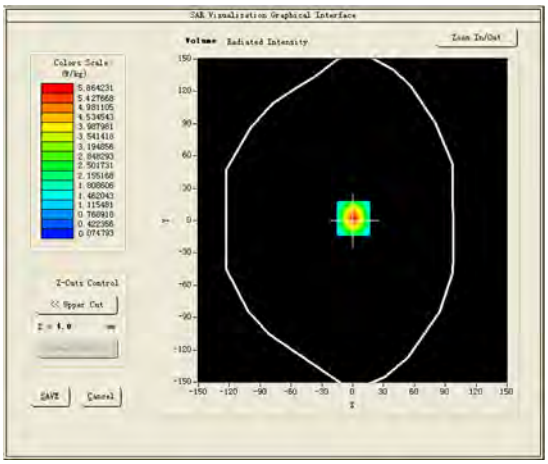
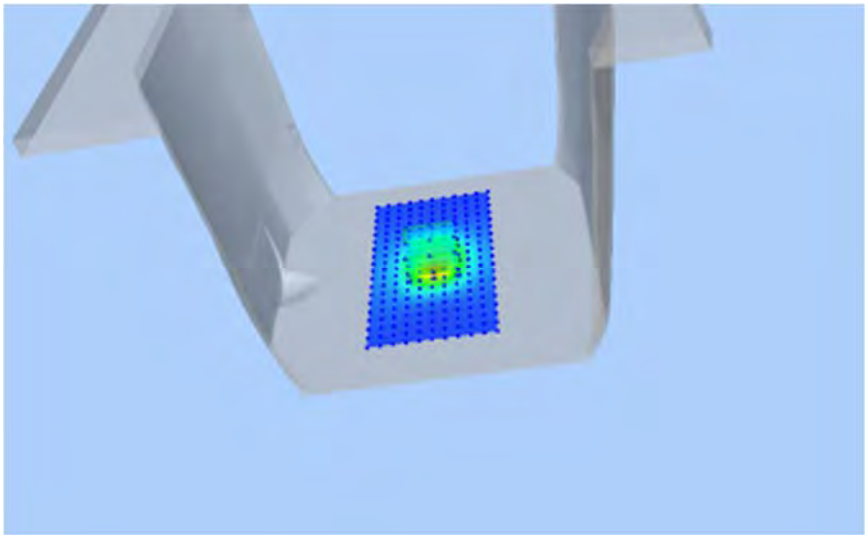
Test mode:2450MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2450
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: May 21, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.17
Conductivity (S/m)	1.91
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.95
Variation (%)	-0.670000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.374158
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.266932
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

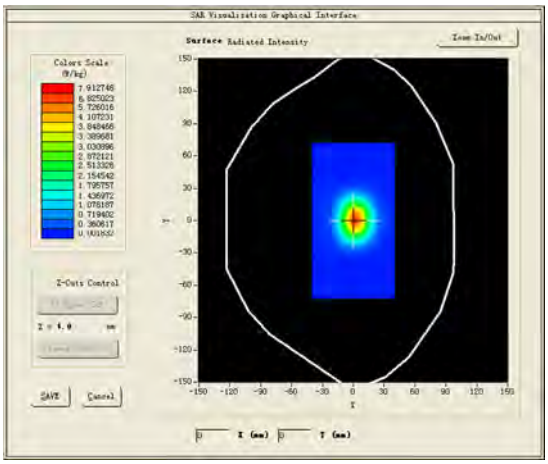
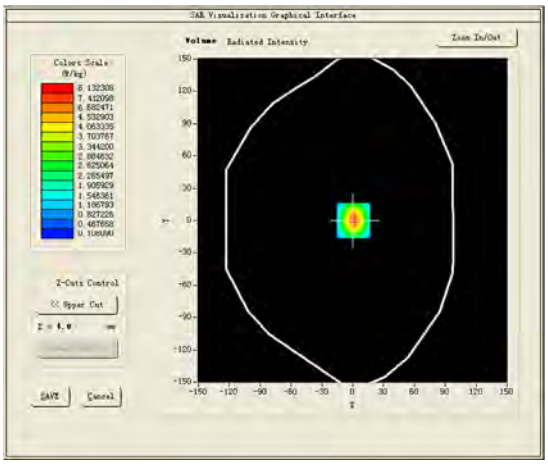
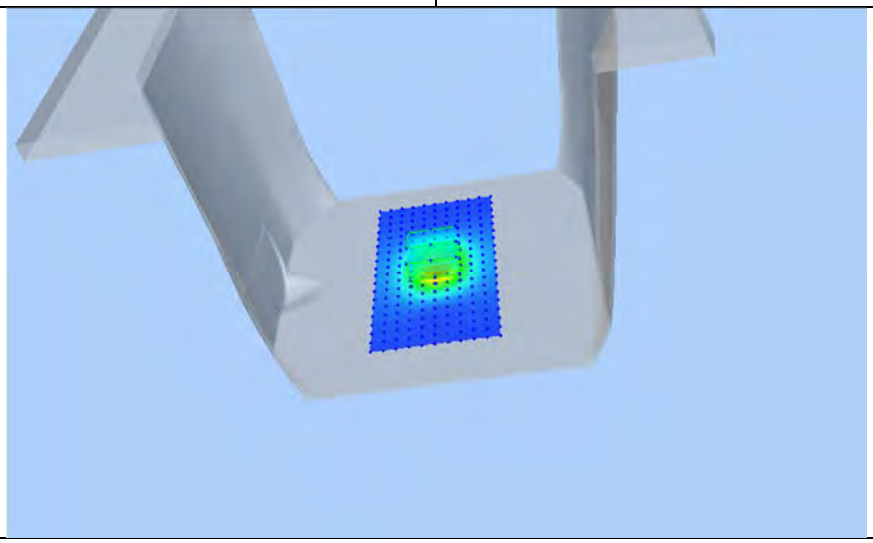
Test mode:2600MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2600
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: May 23, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2600.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.62
Conductivity (S/m)	1.99
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Variation (%)	2.640000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.318634
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.411469
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

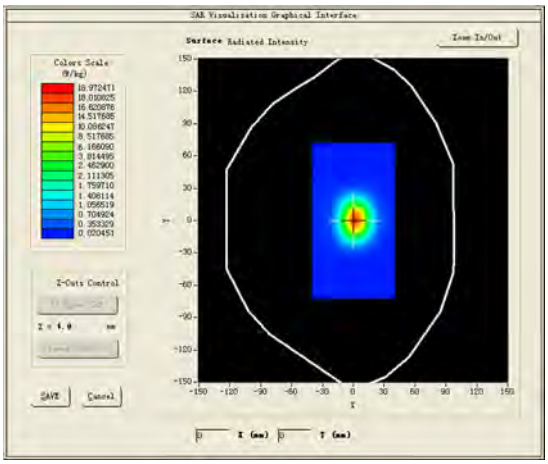
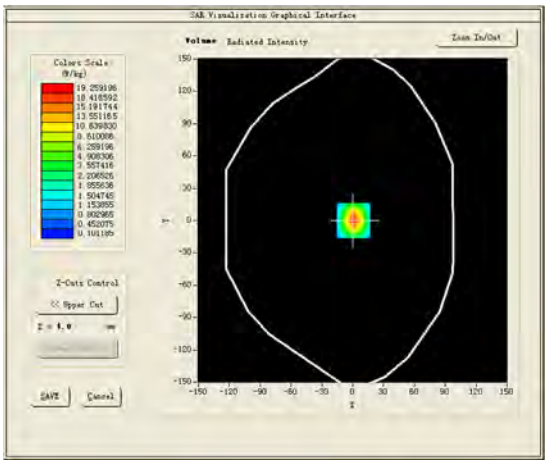
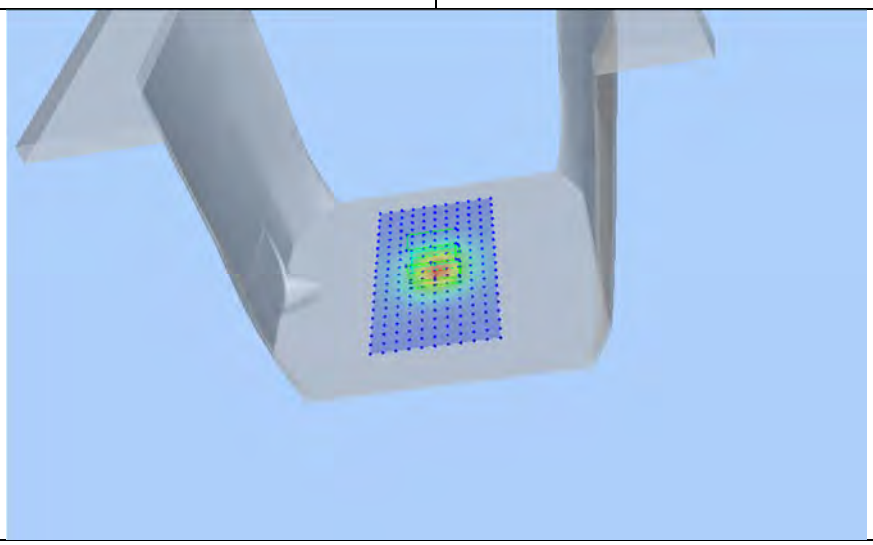
Test mode:2600MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID2600
E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: May 24, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2600.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.40
Conductivity (S/m)	2.19
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.94
Variation (%)	-1.200000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.418362
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.531420
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Test mode:5800MHz(Head)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID5000
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: April 27, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5000.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.96
Conductivity (S/m)	5.36
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Variation (%)	-1.020000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.122302
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	7.842158
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

Test mode:5800MHz(Body)
Product Description:Validation
Model:Dipole SID5000
E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 31/17 EPGO324)
Test Date: April 28, 2019

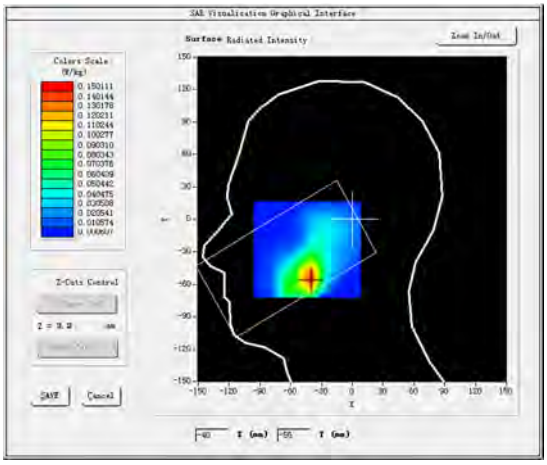
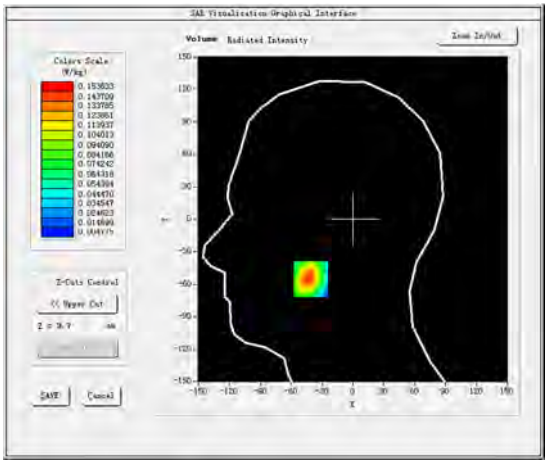
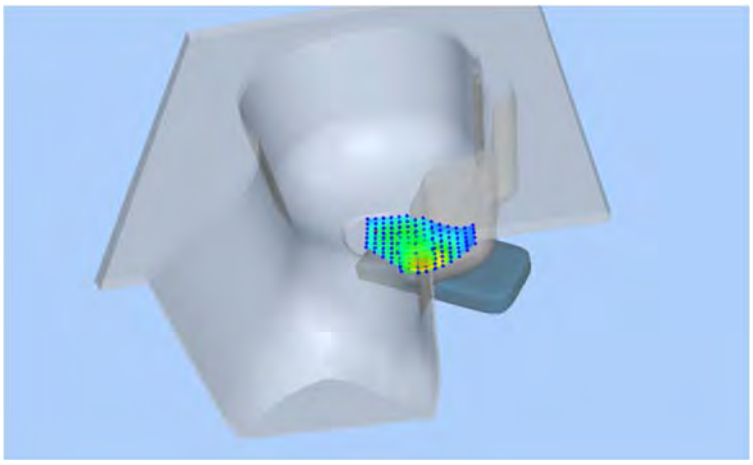
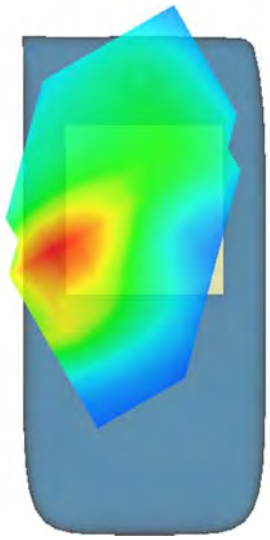
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5000.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	49.63
Conductivity (S/m)	5.85
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Variation (%)	-2.020000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.018690
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.186403
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

4.10 SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02;

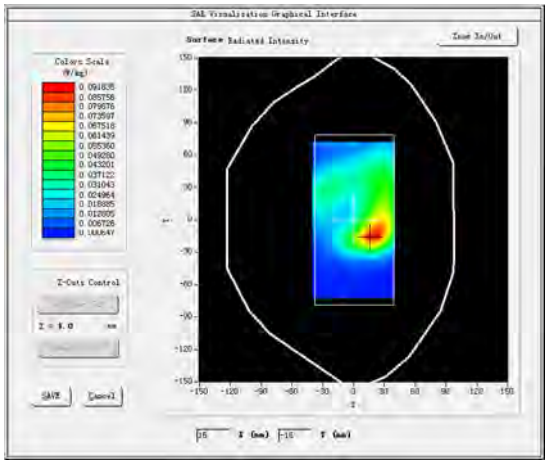
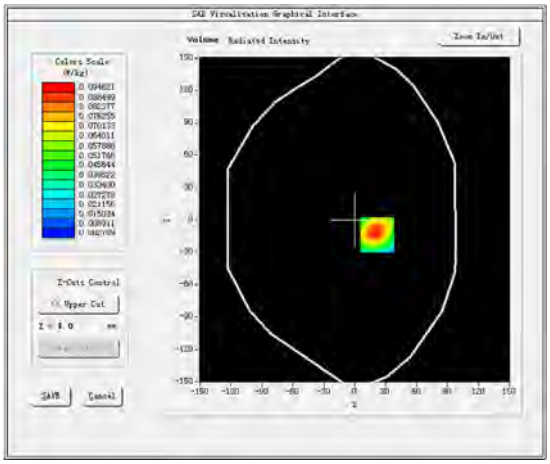
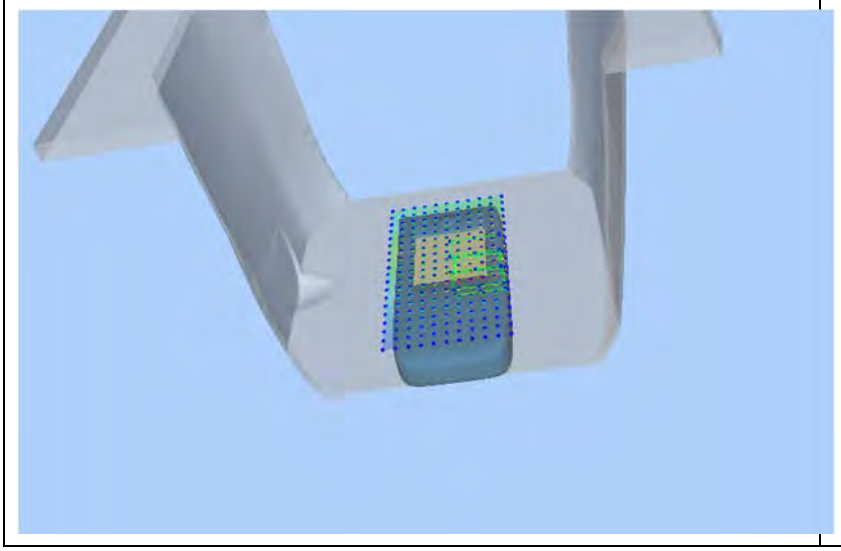
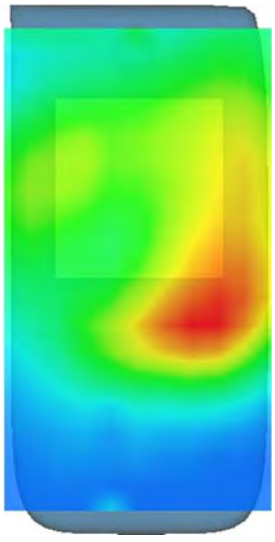
#1

Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 2, 1RB,High channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: May 16, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.61
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.65
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.610000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.083102
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.143724
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

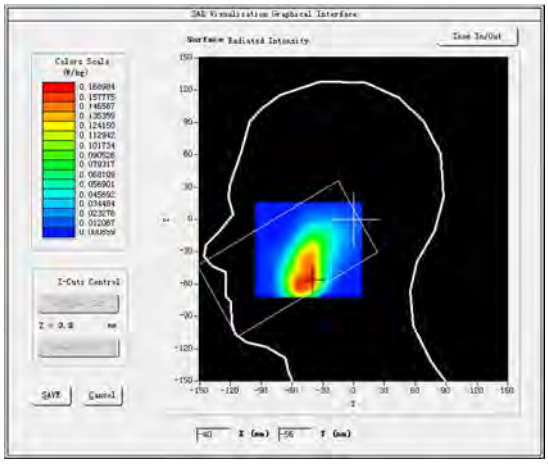
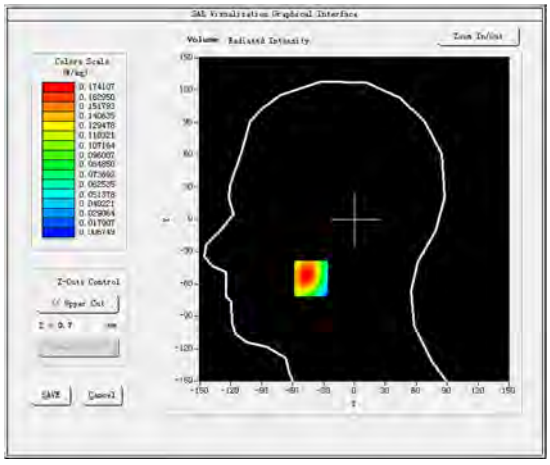
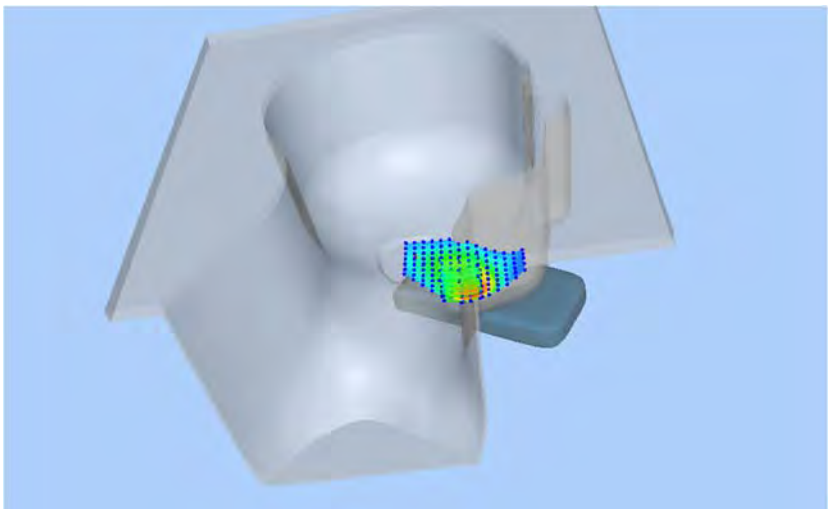
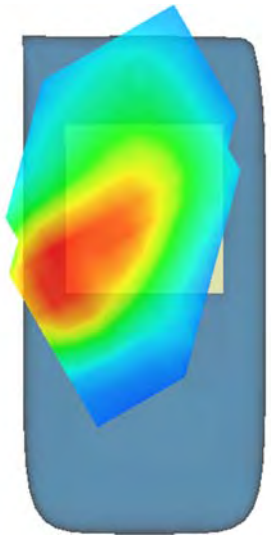
#2

Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 2, 1RB,High channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: May 17, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.66
Conductivity (S/m)	1.56
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.210000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.049049
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.090051
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

#3

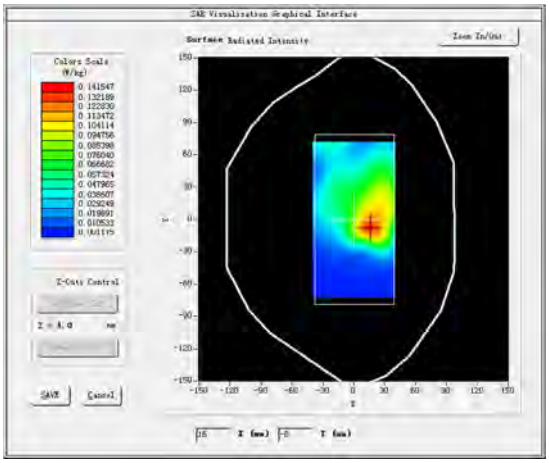
Test Mode: LTE Band 4, 1RB,Middle channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: May 06, 2019

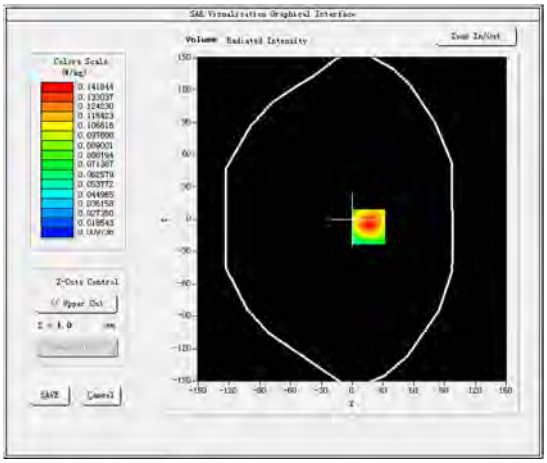
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.67
Conductivity (S/m)	1.45
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.65
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-3.090000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.102584
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.171201
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

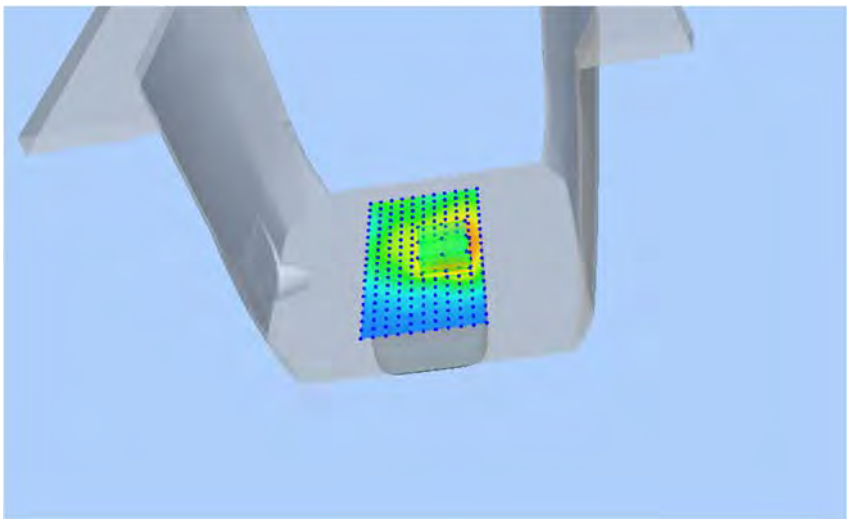
#4

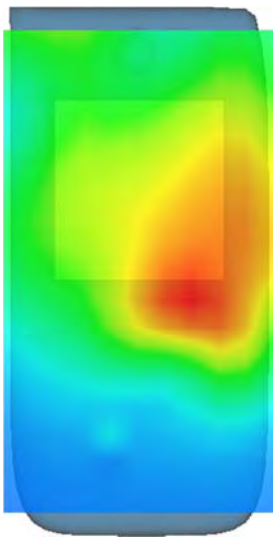
Test Mode: LTE Band 4, 1RB,Middle channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: May 14, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1800
Frequency (MHz)	1732.5000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.32
Conductivity (S/m)	1.51
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.68
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.260000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.080110
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.135424
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





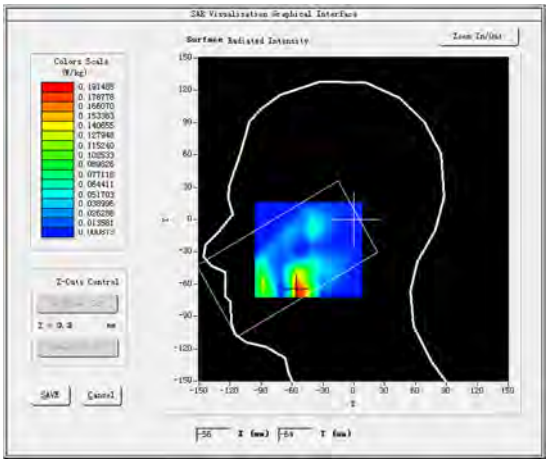


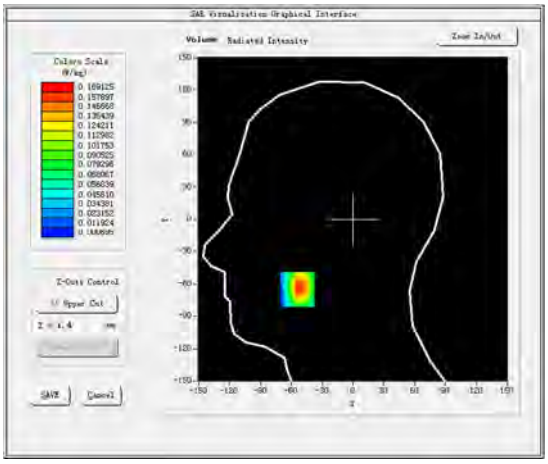


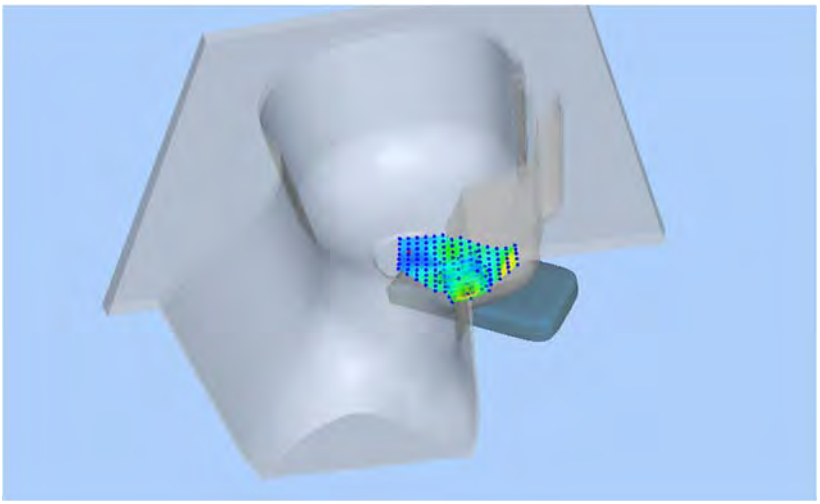
#5

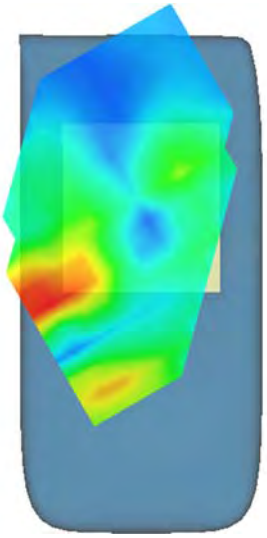
Test Mode: LTE Band 7, 1RB,Low channel(Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: May 23, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2510.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.62
Conductivity (S/m)	1.99
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.89
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.160000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.072231
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.164190
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**



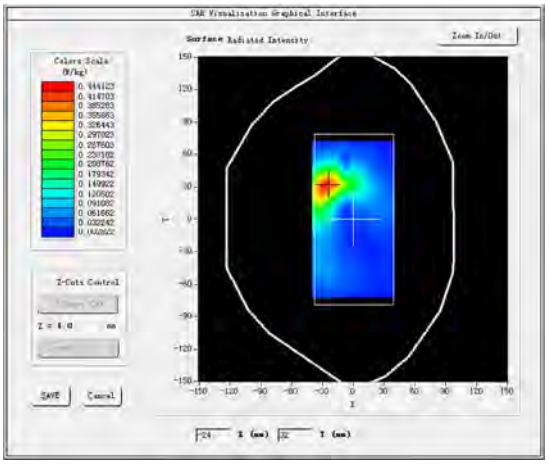
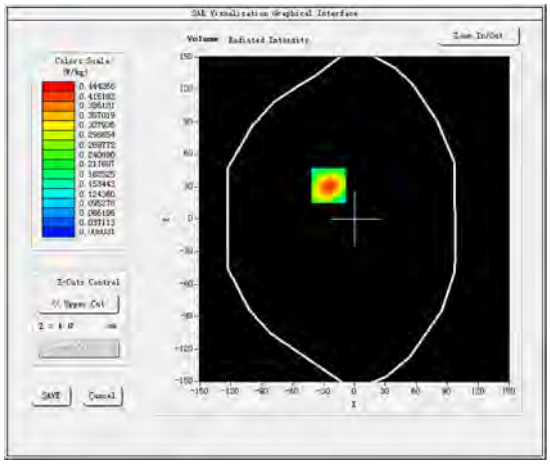
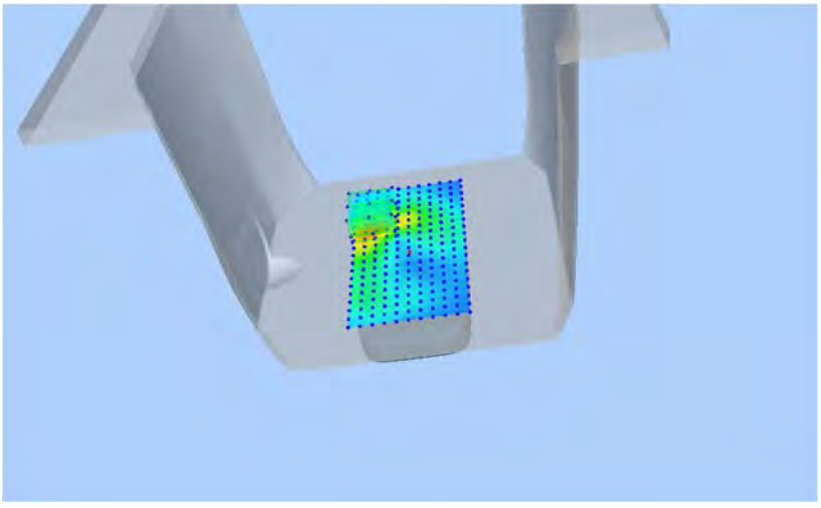
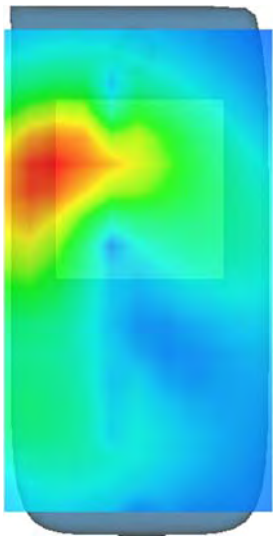






#6

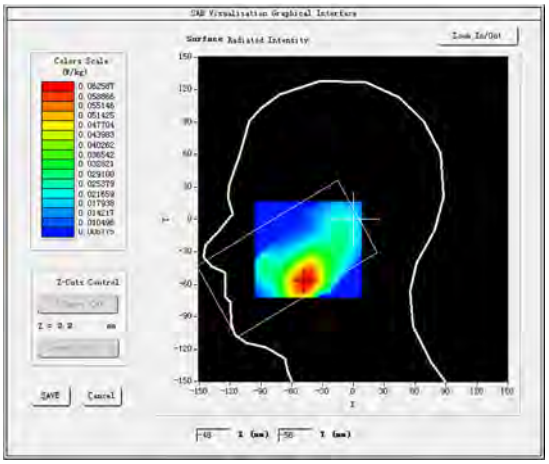
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 7, 1RB,Low channel(Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: May 24, 2019

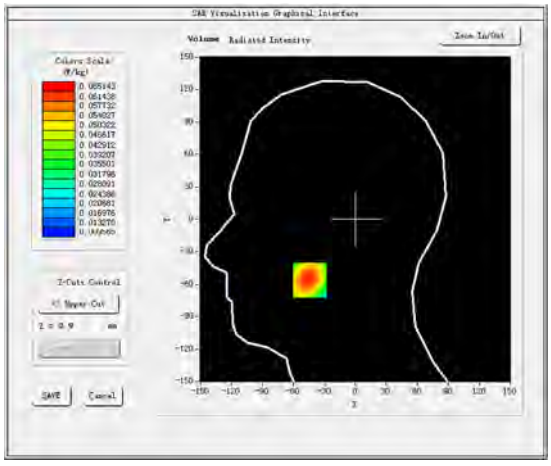
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2600
Frequency (MHz)	2510.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.40
Conductivity (S/m)	2.19
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.98
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.330000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.208855
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.414570
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

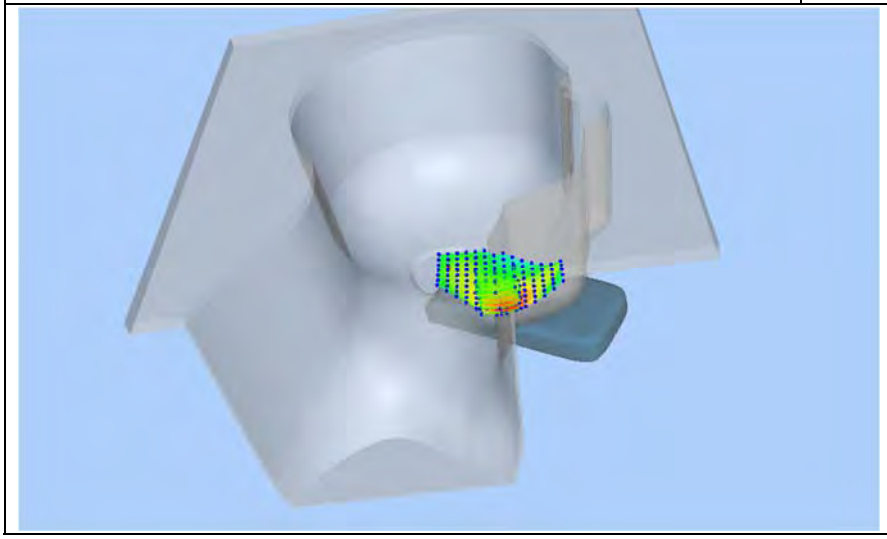
#7

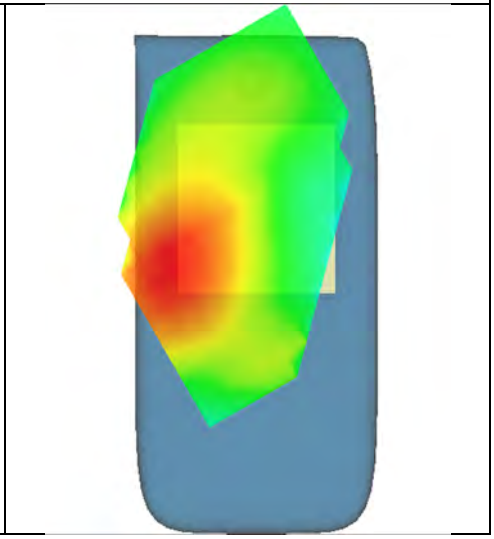
Test Mode: LTE Band 12, 1RB,High channel (Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: April 22, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	711.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.52
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.45
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.790000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.042294
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.063429
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





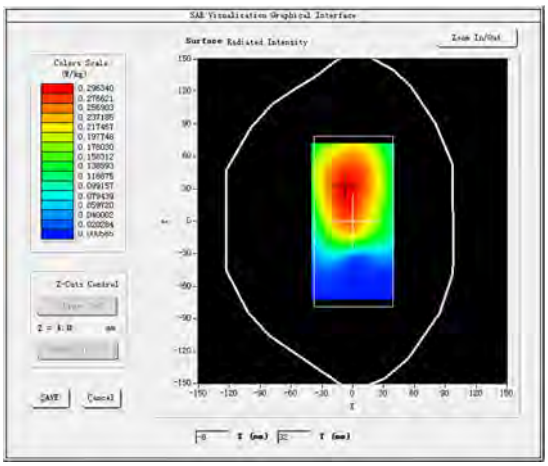


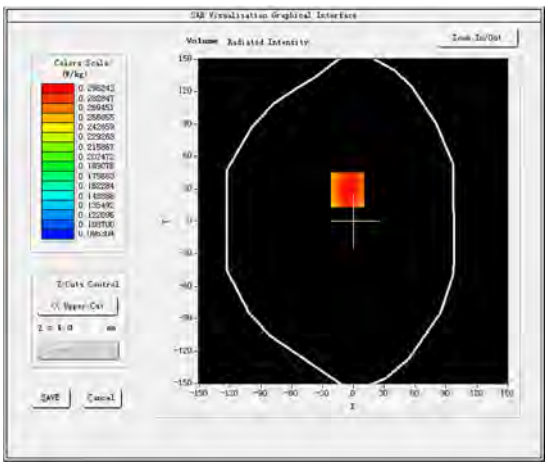


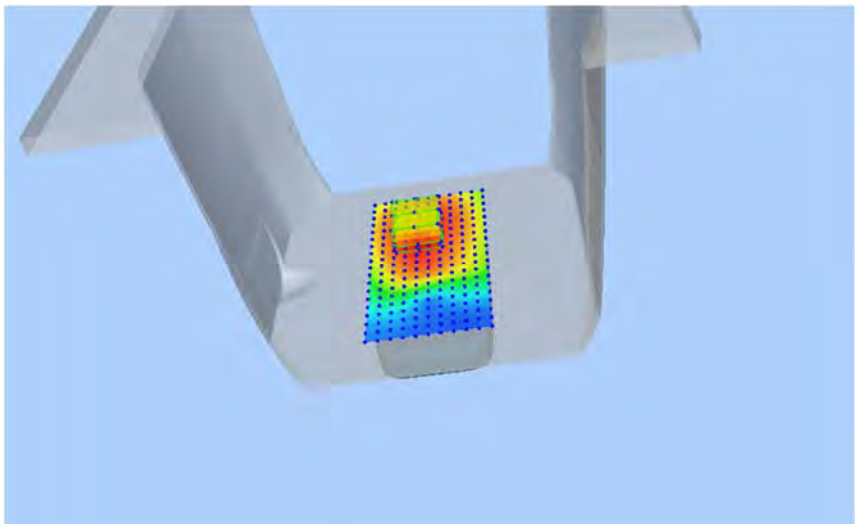
#8

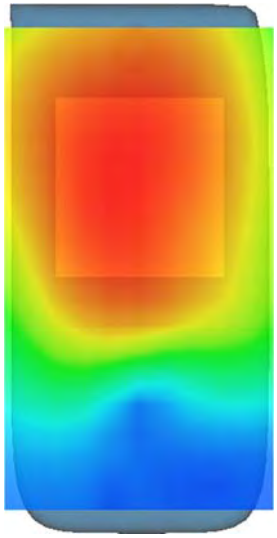
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 12, 1RB,High channel (Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: April 25, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	711.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.25
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.250000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.235090
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.304599
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





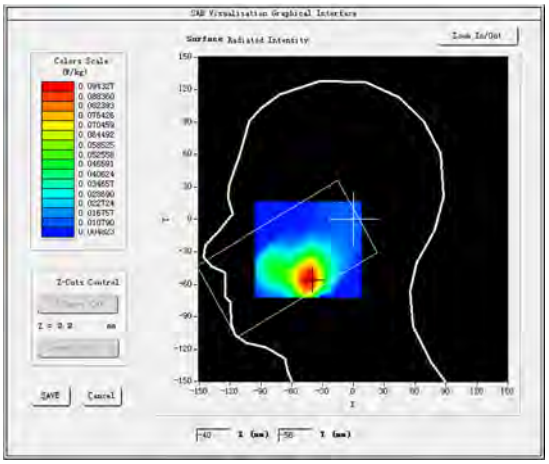


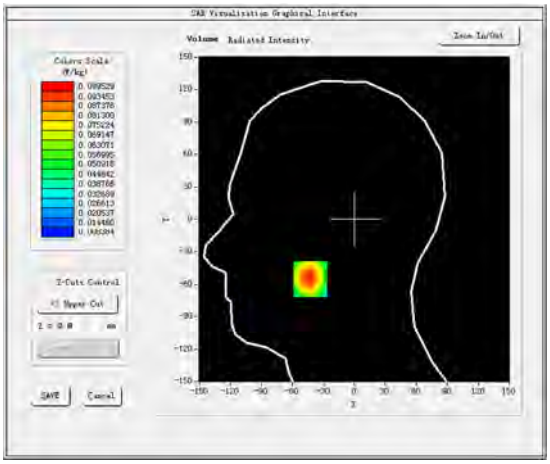


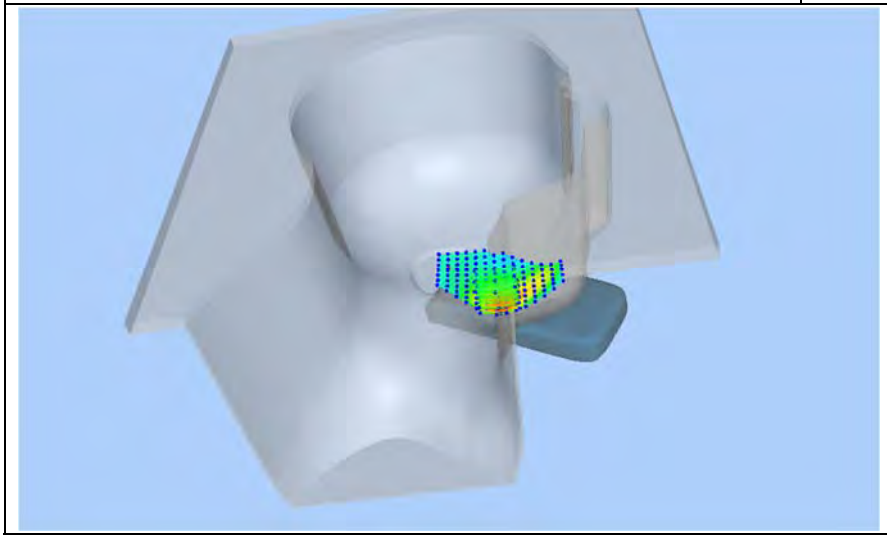
#9

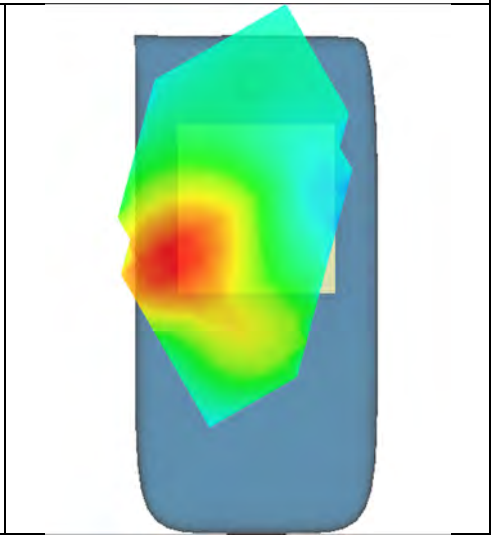
Test Mode: LTE Band 13, 1RB,Low channel (Head Right Cheek)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: April 22, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	782.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.52
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.45
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.330000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.056522
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.093854
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





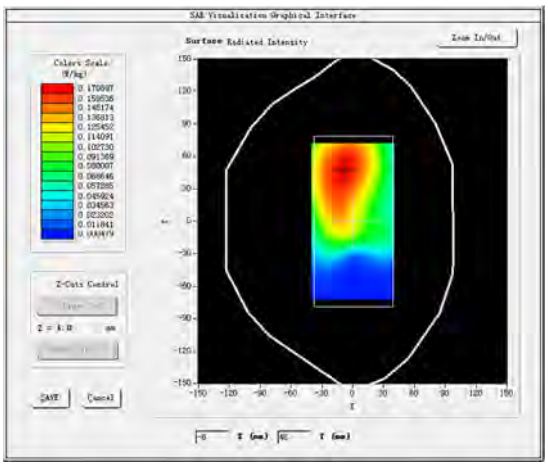


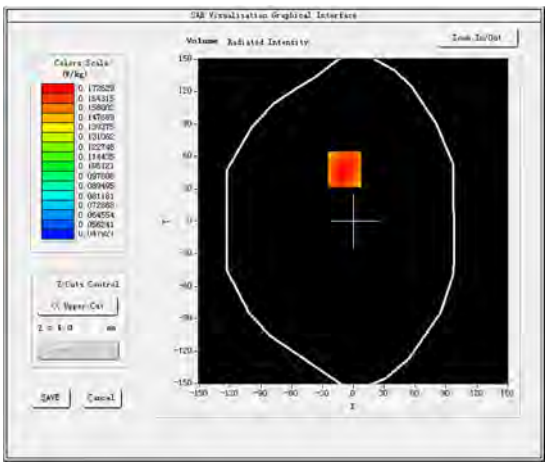


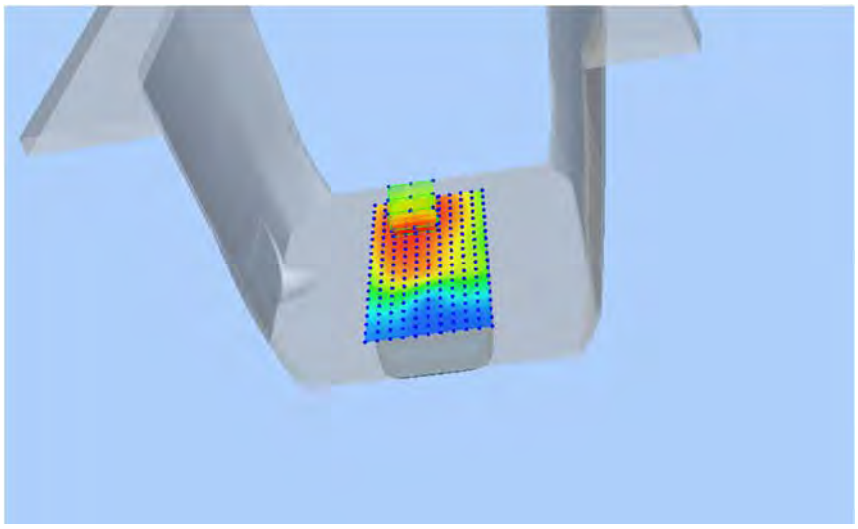
#10

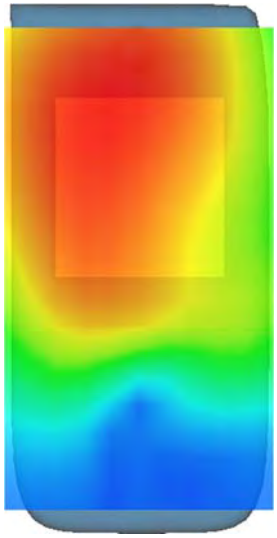
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 13, 1RB,Low channel (Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: April 25, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	782.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.25
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.530000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.129692
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.172653
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





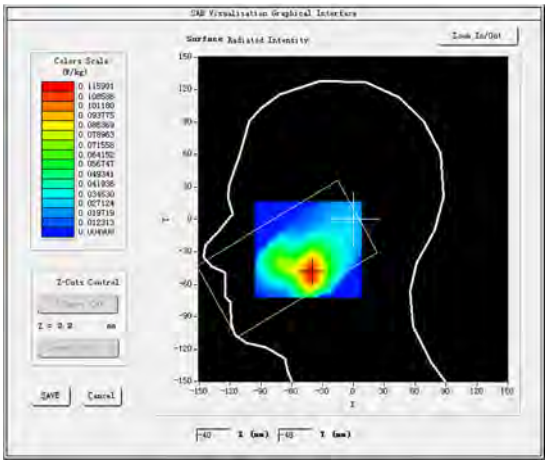


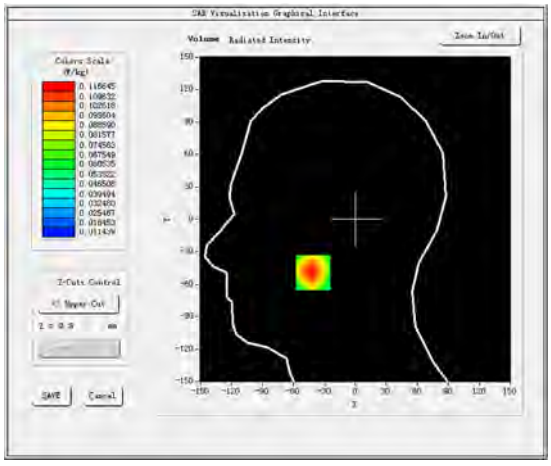


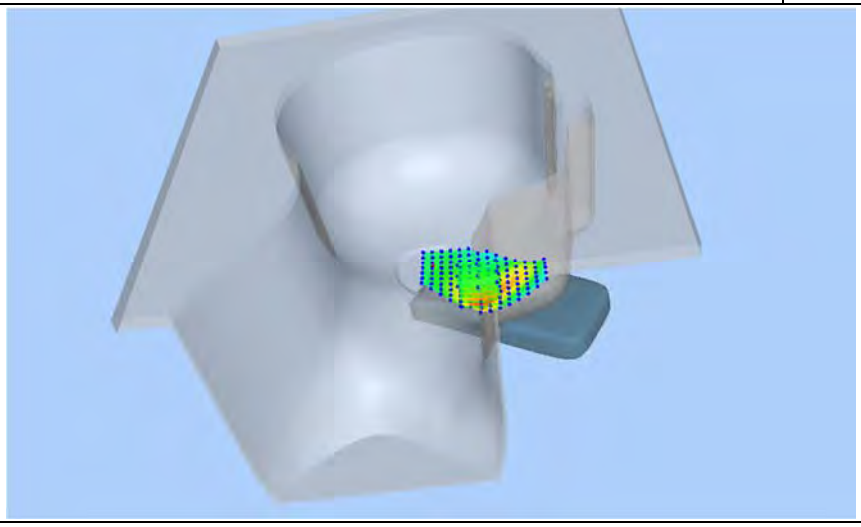
#11

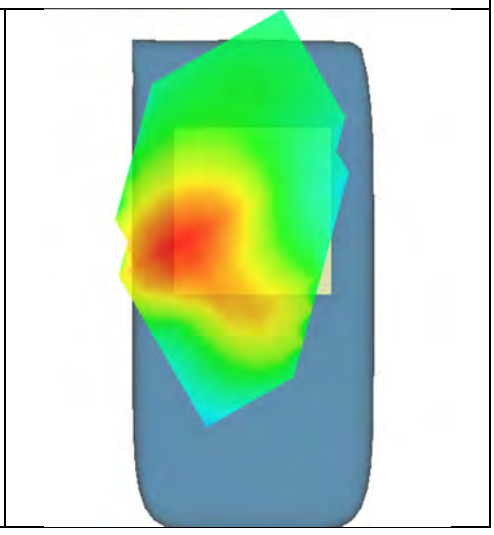
Test Mode: LTE Band 17, 1RB,High channel (Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: April 22, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	711.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.52
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.45
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-1.300000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.068804
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.112504
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**



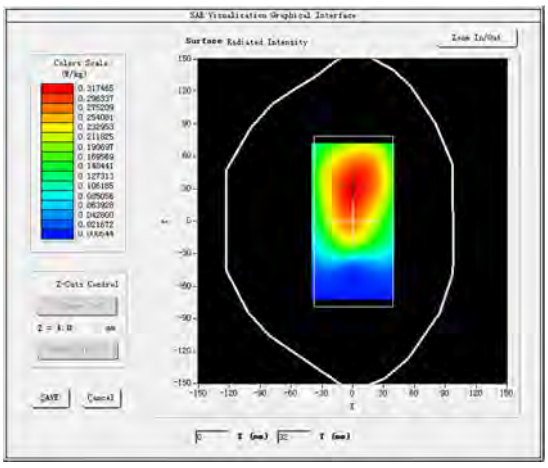
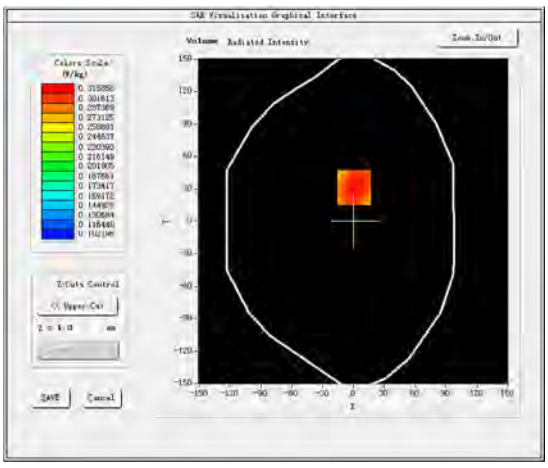
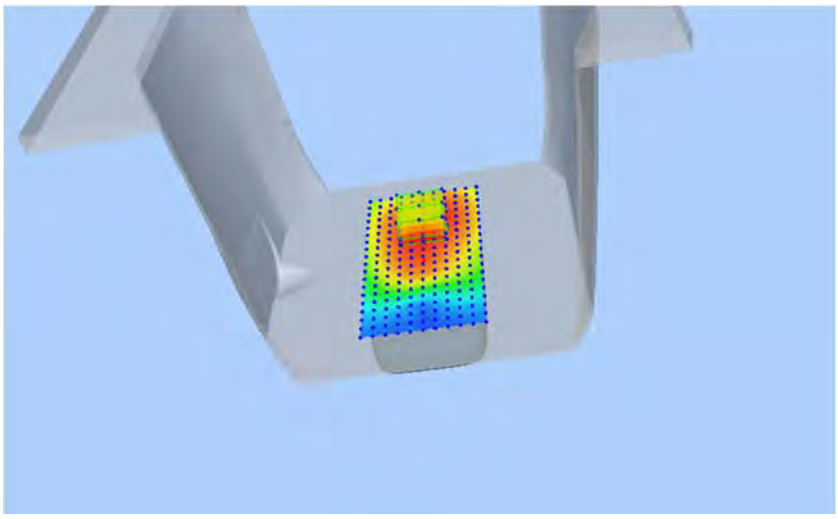
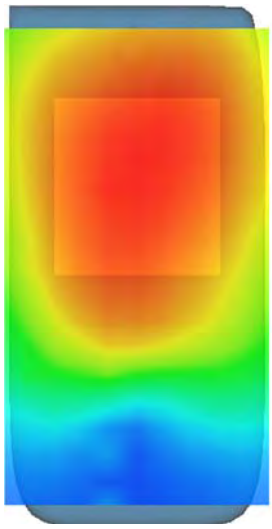






#12

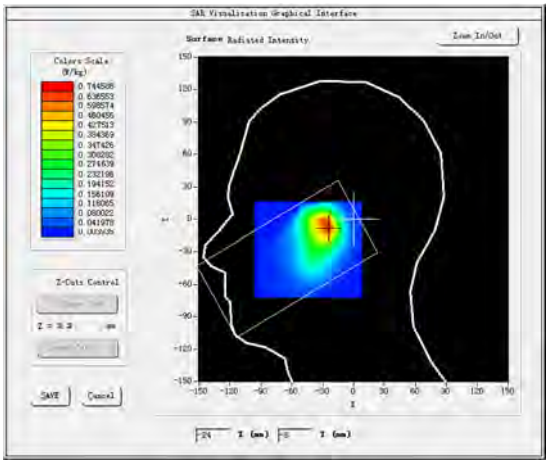
Test Mode: Hotspot LTE Band 17, 1RB,High channel (Body Rear Side)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: April 25, 2019

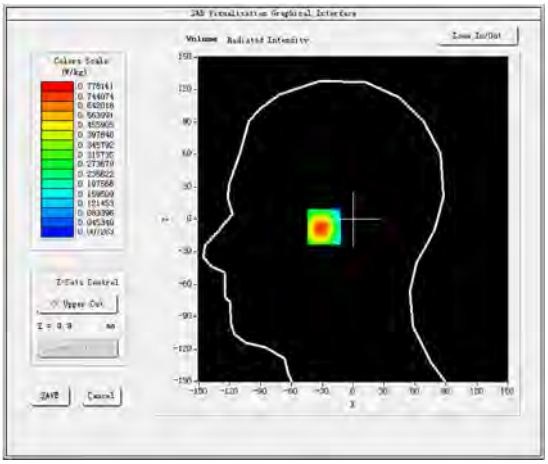
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_750
Frequency (MHz)	711.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.25
Conductivity (S/m)	0.95
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.510000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.250427
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.324480
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

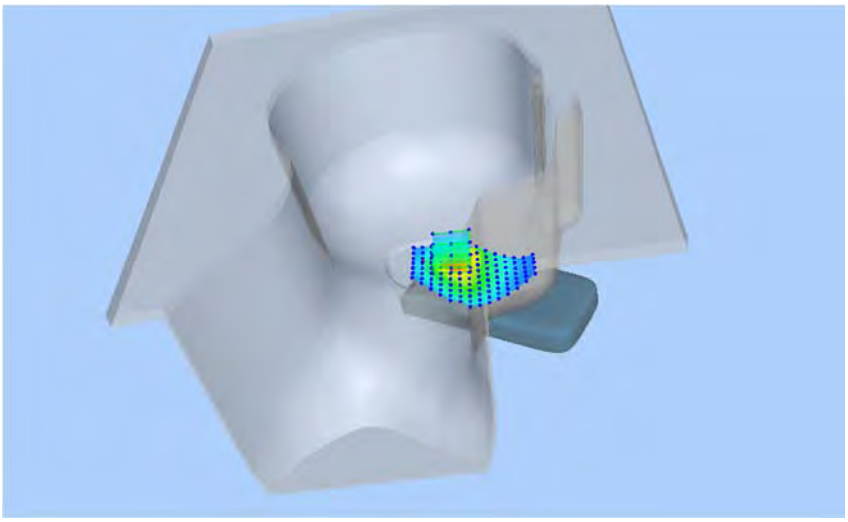
#13

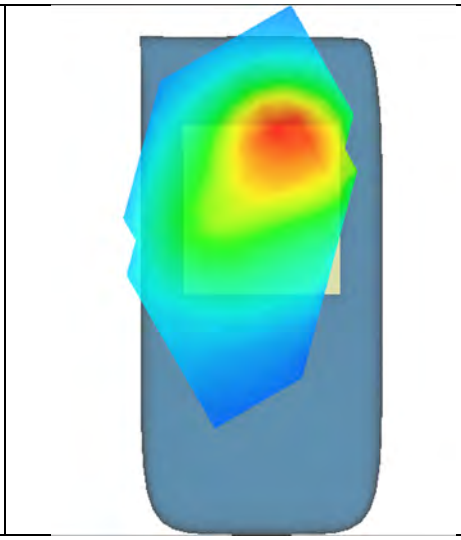
Test Mode:802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Low channel (Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: May 20, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2412.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.24
Conductivity (S/m)	1.75
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.91
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.040000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.300686
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.682054
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**





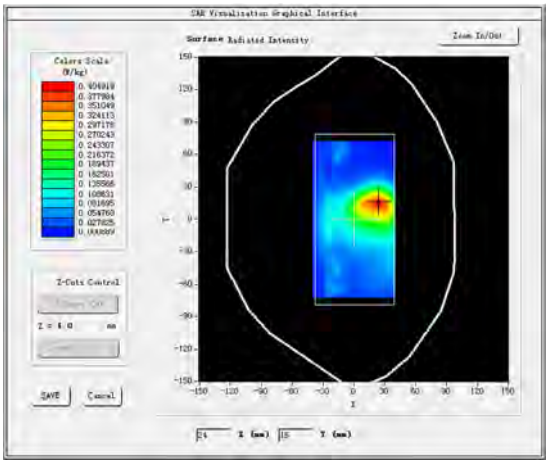


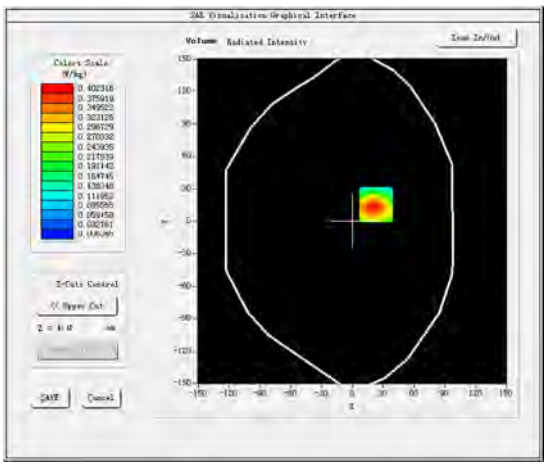


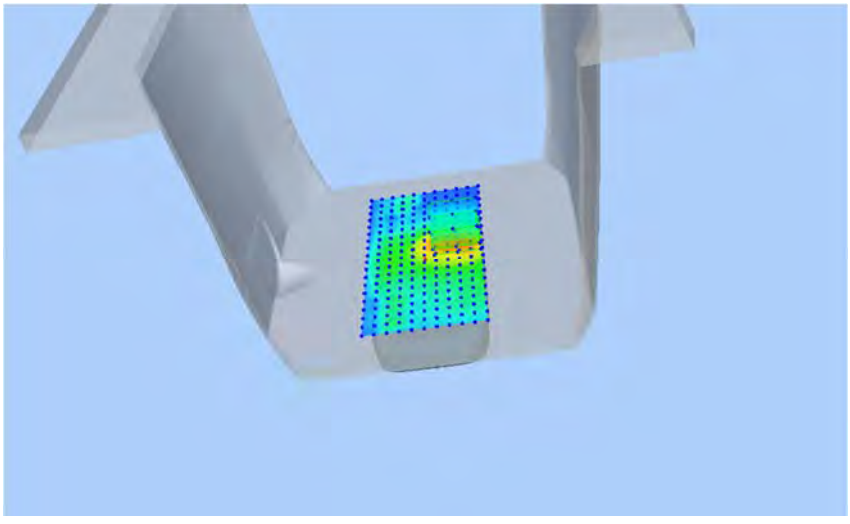
#14

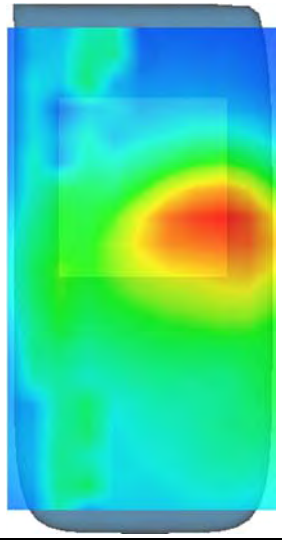
Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Low channel (Body Front Side)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: May 21, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2412.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.17
Conductivity (S/m)	1.91
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.95
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.320000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.191580
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.385679
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**



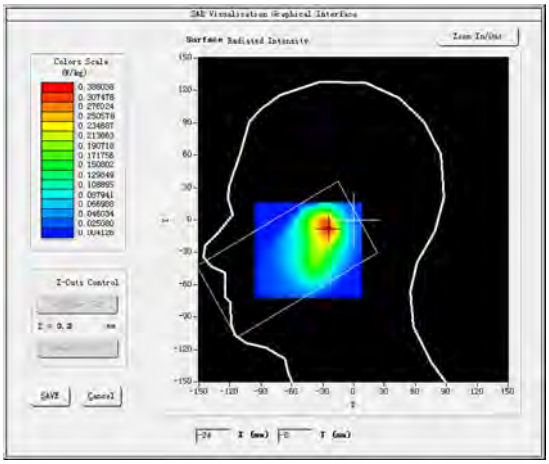
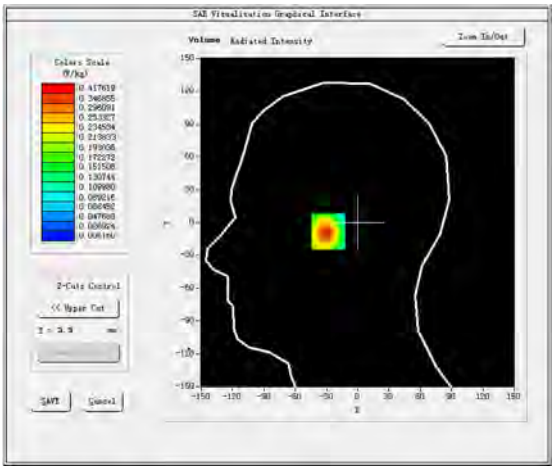
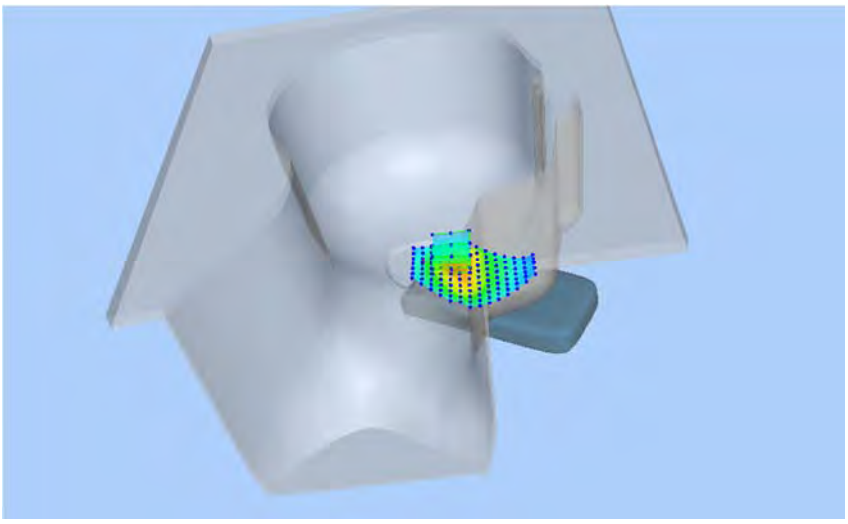
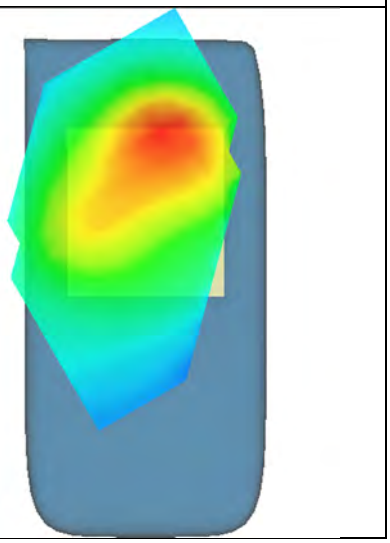






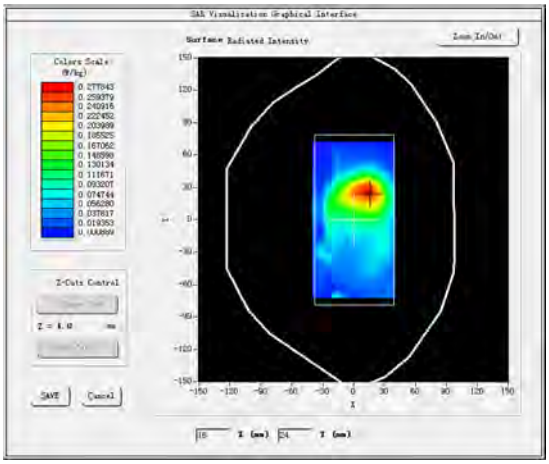
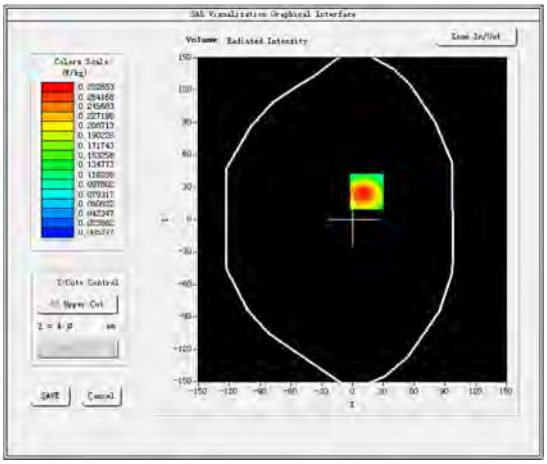
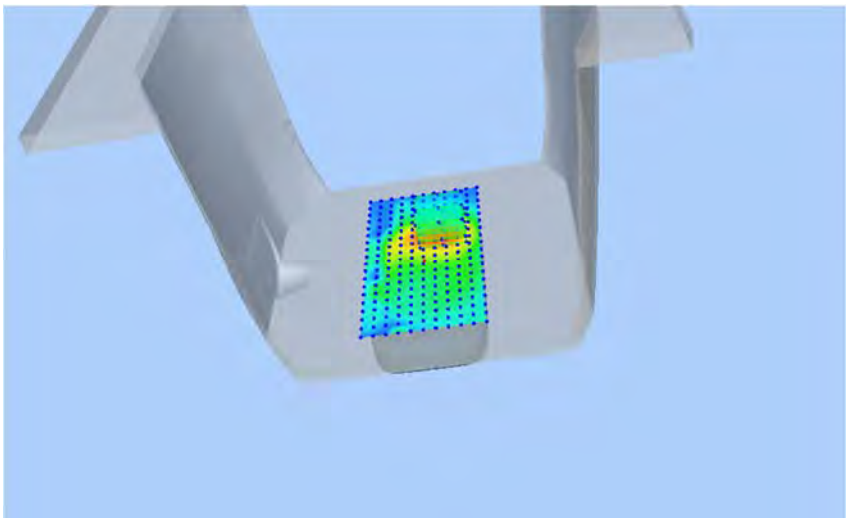
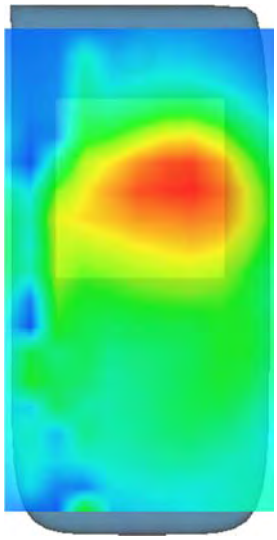
#15

Test Mode:802.11a(WiFi5.8G),Low channel (Head Left Cheek)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: April 27, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5745.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.96
Conductivity (S/m)	5.36
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.50
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.490000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.173994
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.373940
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

#16

Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11a(WiFi5.8G),Low channel (Body Front Side)
Product Description: Portable Data Collector
Model: NLS-NFT10
Test Date: April 28, 2019

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_5000
Frequency (MHz)	5745.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	49.63
Conductivity (S/m)	5.85
E-Field Probe	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.55
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-0.710000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.138478
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.272087
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	
	

5 . CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

5.1 Probe-EPGO324 Calibration Certificate

COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 31/17 EPGO324

Calibrated at MVG US

2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

Calibration Date: 10/08/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT Ref: ACR.281.2.18.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/8/2018	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/8/2018	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/8/2018	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/8/2018	Initial release

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 Device Under Test 4

2 Product Description 4

2.1 General Information 4

3 Measurement Method 4

3.1 Linearity 4

3.2 Sensitivity 5

3.3 Lower Detection Limit 5

3.4 Isotropy 5

3.5 Boundary Effect 5

4 Measurement Uncertainty 5

5 Calibration Measurement Results 6

5.1 Sensitivity in air 6

5.2 Linearity 7

5.3 Sensitivity in liquid 7

5.4 Isotropy 8

6 List of Equipment 10

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 31/17 EPGO324
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.189 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.203 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.218 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

Figure 1 – *MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole*

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	**Uncertainty value (%)**	**Probability Distribution**	**Divisor**	**ci**	**Standard Uncertainty (%)**
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%

Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

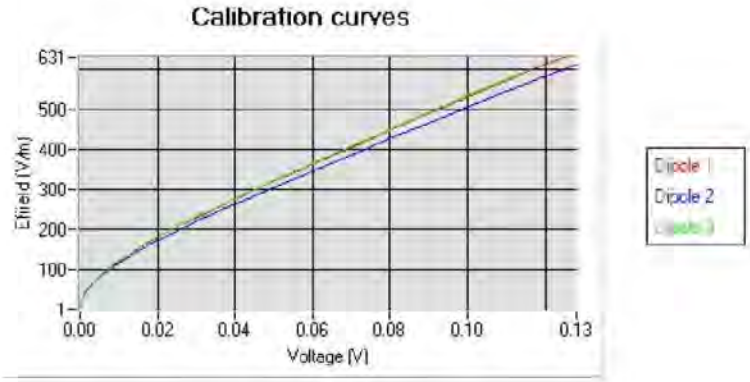
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (μV/(V/m)²)	Normy dipole 2 (μV/(V/m)²)	Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m)²)
0.80	0.83	0.68

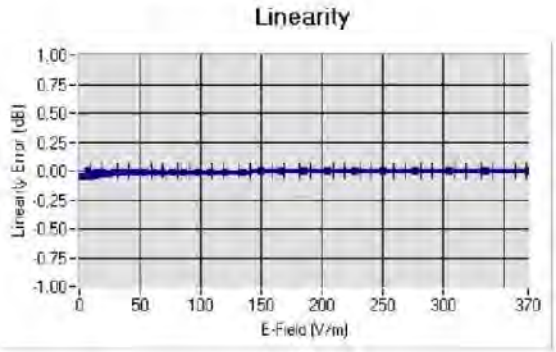
DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
95	90	93

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity:±1.13% (+/-0.05dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

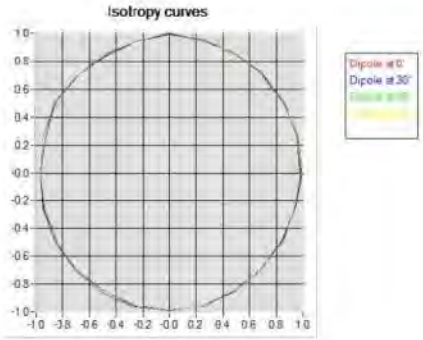
Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL450	450	42.17	0.86	1.56
BL450	450	57.65	0.95	1.60
HL750	750	40.03	0.93	1.45
BL750	750	56.83	1.00	1.50
HL850	835	42.19	0.90	1.55
BL850	835	54.67	1.01	1.59
HL900	900	42.08	1.01	1.54
BL900	900	55.25	1.08	1.60
HL1800	1800	41.68	1.46	1.65
BL1800	1800	53.86	1.46	1.68
HL1900	1900	38.45	1.45	1.86
BL1900	1900	53.32	1.56	1.93
HL2000	2000	38.26	1.38	1.83
BL2000	2000	52.70	1.51	1.89
HL2300	2300	39.44	1.62	1.95
BL2300	2300	54.52	1.77	2.01
HL2450	2450	37.50	1.80	1.91
BL2450	2450	53.22	1.89	1.95
HL2600	2600	39.80	1.99	1.89
BL2600	2600	52.52	2.23	1.94
HL5200	5200	35.64	4.67	1.50
BL5200	5200	48.64	5.51	1.56
HL5400	5400	36.44	4.87	1.44
BL5400	5400	46.52	5.77	1.47
HL5600	5600	36.66	5.17	1.48
BL5600	5600	46.79	5.77	1.53
HL5800	5800	35.31	5.31	1.50
BL5800	5800	47.04	6.10	1.55

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

5.4 ISOTROPY

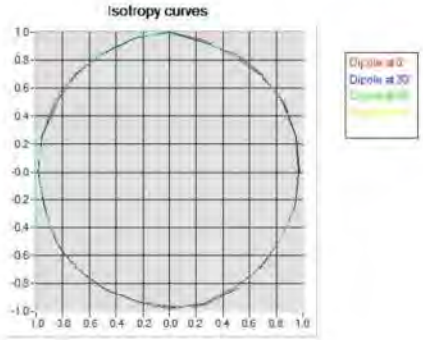
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



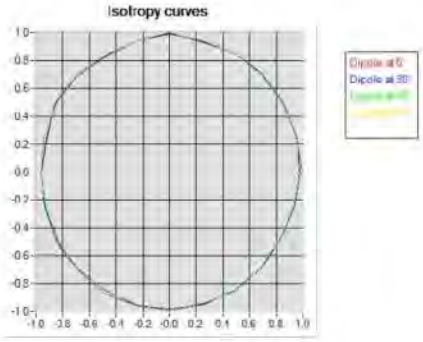
HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.10 dB



6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	**Manufacturer / Model**	**Identification No.**	**Current Calibration Date**	**Next Calibration Date**
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2016	02/2019
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2017	10/2019
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2017	01/2020
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2017	01/2020
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	01/2017	01/2020
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2017	01/2020
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2017	11/2020

5.2 SID750Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

SATIMO
The microwave vision company

SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.287.3.14.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.
1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE
FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ
SERIAL NO.: SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144

ilac-MRA A2LA ACCREDITED

10/01/2018

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

SATIMO

SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.3.14.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/14/2018	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/14/2018	Initial release

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 Introduction 4
2 Device Under Test 4
3 Product Description 4
3.1 General Information 4
4 Measurement Method 5
4.1 Return Loss Requirements 5
4.2 Mechanical Requirements 5
5 Measurement Uncertainty 5
5.1 Return Loss 5
5.2 Dimension Measurement 5
5.3 Validation Measurement 5
6 Calibration Measurement Results 6
6.1 Return Loss and Impedance 6
6.2 Mechanical Dimensions 6
7 Validation measurement 7
7.1 Head Liquid Measurement 7
7.2 SAR Measurement Result With Head Liquid 7
7.3 Body Liquid Measurement 9
7.4 SAR Measurement Result With Body Liquid 9
8 List of Equipment 11

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID750
Serial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 0G750-302
Product Condition (new / used)	New

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.

Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

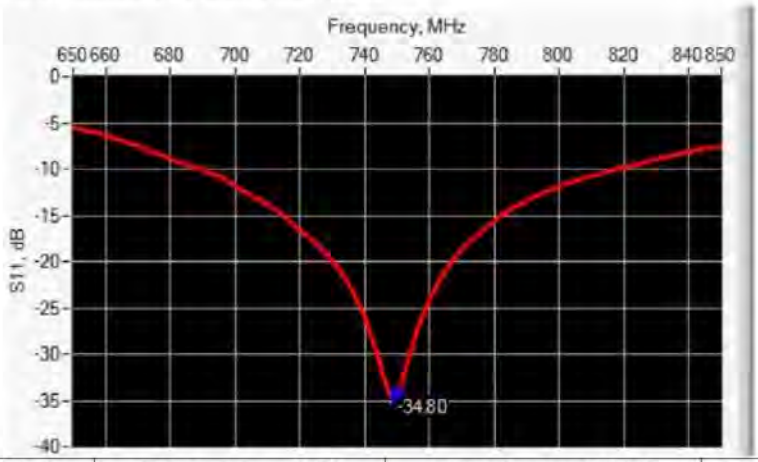
5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
750	-34.80	-20	50.7 Ω + 1.6 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.	PASS	100.0 ±1 %.	PASS	6.35 ±1 %.	PASS
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %	PASS	0.89 ±5 %	PASS
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 42.1 sigma : 0.89
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm