

Appendix 6 RF Exposure Information



Maximum transmitter power:

| Frequency (MHz) | Maximum peak output power (dBm) | Output power(mW) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| 2402 | 4.0 | 2.51 |
| 2440 | 1.7 | 1.48 |
| 2480 | 2.4 | 1.75 |

According to KDB 447498 D01:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,24 where

- \bullet $f_{(\text{GHz})}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation25
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

Result:

 $(2.51/5)^*\sqrt{2.402} = 0.78 < 3.0$

 $(1.48/5)^*\sqrt{2.440} = 0.46 < 3.0$

 $(1.75/5)^*\sqrt{2.480} = 0.55 < 3.0$

Conclusion:

No SAR is required.