

FCC Test Report

Equipment	:	Hardened Wireless Access Point
Brand Name	:	Xirrus
Model No.	:	XH2120
FCC ID	:	SK6-XH2120
Standard	:	47 CFR FCC Part 15.407
Operating Band	:	5150 MHz – 5250 MHz 5725 MHz – 5850 MHz
FCC Classification	:	NII
Applicant Manufacturer	:	Xirrus, INC. 2101 Corporate Center Drive Thousand Oaks, California 91320
Function	:	Outdoor AP; Indoor AP; Fixed P2P AP Portable Client

The product sample received on Jun. 19, 2015 and completely tested on Aug. 19, 2015. We, SPORTON, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10-2013 and shown compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Kevin Liang / Assistant Manager





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APPENDIX A. TEST PHOTOS

APPENDIX B. PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT



Summary of Test Result

Conformance Test Specifications					
Report Clause	Ref. Std. Clause	Description	Result		
1.1.2	15.203	Antenna Requirement	Complied		
3.1	15.207	AC Power-line Conducted Emissions	Complied		
3.2	15.407(a)	Emission Bandwidth	Complied		
3.3	15.407(a)	RF Output Power (Maximum Conducted Output Power)	Complied		
3.4	15.407(a)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Complied		
3.5	15.407(b)	Transmitter Bandedge Emissions	Complied		
3.6	15.407(b)	Transmitter Unwanted Emissions	Complied		
3.7	15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	Complied		
3.8	15.407(a)	The emission at elevation angle higher than 30 degrees from horizon	Complied		





Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FR570330AN	Rev. 02	Initial issue of report	Sep. 03, 2015



1 General Description

1.1 Information

1.1.1 RF General Information

There are two RF 2x2 modules in the EUT. They are the same RF module type. RF information is for one RF module. RF chip is " QCA 9882-BR4A"

RF General Information						
Frequency Range (MHz)	IEEE Std. 802.11	Ch. Freq. (MHz)	Channel Number	Transmit Chains (N _{TX})	RF Output Power (dBm)	Co-location
5150-5250	а	5180-5240	36-48 [4]	2	16.89	Yes
5150-5250	n (HT20)	5180-5240	36-48 [4]	2	16.87	Yes
5150-5250	n (HT40)	5190-5230	38-46 [2]	2	16.80	Yes
5150-5250	ac (VHT20)	5180-5240	36-48 [4]	2	16.84	Yes
5150-5250	ac (VHT40)	5190-5230	38-46 [2]	2	16.83	Yes
5150-5250	ac (VHT80)	5210	48 [1]	2	14.77	Yes

Note 1: RF output power specifies that Maximum Conducted Output Power.

Note 2: 802.11a/n uses a combination of OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM modulation.

Note 3: 802.11ac uses a combination of OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM modulation.

Note 4: Co-location, Co-location is generally defined as simultaneously transmitting (co-transmitting)

antennas within 20 cm of each other. (i.e., EUT has simultaneously co-transmitting that operating 2.4GHz and 5GHz.)

RF General Information (non-beamforming)						
Frequency Range (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)	Co-location				
5725-5850	а	5745-5825	149-165 [5]	2	19.60	Yes
5725-5850	n (HT20)	5745-5825	149-165 [5]	2	19.53	Yes
5725-5850	n (HT40)	5755-5795	151-159 [2]	2	17.62	Yes
5725-5850	ac (VHT20)	5745-5825	149-165 [5]	2	19.54	Yes
5725-5850	ac (VHT40)	5755-5795	151-159 [2]	2	17.63	Yes
5725-5850	ac (VHT80)	5775	155 [1]	2	13.27	Yes

Note 1: RF output power specifies that Maximum Conducted Output Power.

Note 2: 802.11a/n uses a combination of OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM modulation.

Note 3: 802.11ac uses a combination of OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM modulation. Note 4: Co-location, Co-location is generally defined as simultaneously transmitting (co-transmitting) antennas within 20 cm of each other. (i.e., EUT has simultaneously co-transmitting that operating 2.4GHz and 5GHz.)



1.1.2 Antenna Information

	Antenna Category						
\boxtimes	Exte	xternal antenna (dedicated antennas)					
	\boxtimes	Single power level with corresponding antenna(s).					
		Multiple power level and corresponding antenna(s).					
	\boxtimes	RF connector provided					
	Unique antenna connector. (e.g., MMCX, U.FL, IPX, and RP-SMA, RP-N type)						
		Standard antenna connector. (e.g., SMA, N, BNC, and TNC type)					

Antenna General Information							
No.	Ant. Cat.	Ant. Type	Gain _(dBi)	Cable Length (m)			
1	1 External OMNI 4 -						
2	External	OMNI	5	0.8			
3	External	OMNI	3.5	3.1			
Note 1: The following test Antenna was referring to 2.4GHz pretested worst case "Antenna 2" for 5GHz final test. Note 2: 11a/n/ac only includes 2TX/2RX to emission. IEEE 802.11a/n/ac has the CDD function.							



1.1.3 Type of EUT

	Identify EUT				
EUT	Serial Number	N/A			
Pre	sentation of Equipment	Production ; Pre-Production ; Prototype			
		Type of EUT			
\square	Stand-alone				
	Combined (EUT where the radio part is fully integrated within another device)				
	Combined Equipment - Brand Name / Model No.:				
	Plug-in radio (EUT intended for a variety of host systems)				
	Host System - Brand Name / Model No.:				
	Other:				

1.1.4 Test Signal Duty Cycle

	Operated Mode for Worst Duty Cycle				
	Operated normally mode for worst duty cycle				
\boxtimes	Operated test mode for worst duty cycle				
	Test Signal Duty Cycle (x)Power Duty Factor[dB] - (10 log 1/x)				
\square	100% - IEEE 802.11a	0			
\square	100% - IEEE 802.11n (HT20)	0			
\square	100% - IEEE 802.11n (HT40)	0			
\square	100% - IEEE 802.11ac (VHT20)	0			
	100% - IEEE 802.11ac (VHT40)	0			
\square	100% - IEEE 802.11ac (VHT80)	0			

1.1.5 EUT Operational Condition

Supply Voltage	AC mains	DC DC	
Type of DC Source	From PoE	External AC adapter	Li-ion Battery



1.2 Support Equipment

Support Equipment - RF Conducted								
No.	No. Equipment Brand Name Model Name FCC ID							
1	Notebook	DELL	E5540	DoC				
2	2 NB Adapter DELL HA65NM130 DoC							

Support Equipment - AC Conduction and Radiated Emission						
No.	No. Equipment Brand Name Model Name FCC ID					
1	PoE	DNI	DPSN-80DB A-R	DoC		

1.3 Testing Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- 47 CFR FCC Part 15
- ANSI C63.10-2013
- FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01
- FCC KDB 644545 D03 v01
- FCC-14-30A1-UNII

1.4 Testing Location Information

	Testing Location										
\boxtimes	HWA YA	ADD	:	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., H Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.(o. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, ao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C.						
		TEL	:	886-3-327-3456 FAX	6-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-327-0973						
Test Condition				Test Site No.	Test Engineer	Test Environment					
AC Conduction			CO04-HY Zeus		21°C / 60%						
RF Conducted			TH01-HY Shiming		22.3°C / 60.8%						
Radiated Emission				03CH03-HY Terry 24.3°C / 64							
	FCC										
	636805										



1.5 Measurement Uncertainty

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level (based on a coverage factor (k=2)

Measurement Uncertainty			
Test Item	Uncertainty		
AC power-line conducted emissions		±2.3 dB	
Emission bandwidth, 26dB bandwidth		±0.5 %	
RF output power, conducted		±0.1 dB	
Power density, conducted		±0.5 dB	
Unwanted emissions, conducted	9 – 150 kHz	±0.4 dB	
	0.15 – 30 MHz	±0.4 dB	
	30 – 1000 MHz	±0.6 dB	
	1 – 18 GHz	±0.5 dB	
	18 – 40 GHz	±0.5 dB	
	40 – 200 GHz	N/A	
All emissions, radiated	9 – 150 kHz	±2.5 dB	
	0.15 – 30 MHz	±2.3 dB	
	30 – 1000 MHz	±2.6 dB	
	1 – 18 GHz	±3.6 dB	
	18 – 40 GHz	±3.8 dB	
	40 – 200 GHz	N/A	
Temperature	±0.8 °C		
Humidity	±5 %		
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.9 %		
Time	±1.4 %		
Duty Cycle		±0.5 %	

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2 Test Configuration of EUT

2.1 The Worst Case Modulation Configuration

We select one module to test because power of only one module is maximum. Two modules can work in 2.4GHz or 5GHz together, but they never work at the same channel. When two modules work in the same band, the transmit power will reduce 3 dB for each one.

Worst Modulation Used for Conformance Testing (non-beamforming)						
Modulation Mode	Transmit Chains (N_{TX})	Data Rate / MCS	Worst Data Rate / MCS			
11a	2	6-54Mbps	6 Mbps			
HT20	2	MCS 0-15	MCS 0			
HT40	2	MCS 0-15	MCS 0			
VHT20	2	MCS 0-8	MCS 0			
VHT40	2	MCS 0-9	MCS 0			
VHT80	2	MCS 0-9	MCS 0			



2.2 The Worst Case Power Setting Parameter

The Worst Case Power Setting Parameter (5150-5250MHz band)										
Test Software Version				Ca	rt					
		Test Frequency (MHz)								
Modulation Mode	N _{TX}	I	NCB: 20MH	z	NCB:	40MHz	NCB: 80MHz			
		5180	5200	5240	5190	5230	5210			
11a	2	12.5	13	13	-	-	-			
HT20	2	12.5	13	13	-	-	-			
HT40	2	-	-	-	12	14	-			
VHT20	2	12	13	13	-	-	-			
VHT40	2	-	-	-	12	14	-			
VHT80	2	-	-	-	-	-	11.5			

The Worst Case Power Setting Parameter (5725-5850MHz band)									
Test Software Version					C	Cart			
					Test Fre	equency	(MHz)		
Modulation Mode	N _{TX}		NCB: 20MHz			N	CB: 40M	Hz	NCB: 80MHz
		5745	5785	5825	5720	5755	5795	5710	5775
11a	2	11	25	15	29.5	-	-	-	-
HT20	2	11	24.5	14.5	29.5	-	-	-	-
HT40	2	-	-	-	-	10.5	14.5	20.5	-
VHT20	2	11	24.5	14.5	29.5	-	-	-	-
VHT40	2	-	-	-	-	10.5	14.5	20.5	-
VHT80	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10



2.3 The Worst Case Measurement Configuration

The Worst Case Mode for Following Conformance Tests				
Tests Item	AC power-line conducted emissions			
Condition	AC power-line conducted measurement for line and neutral Test Voltage: 120Vac / 60Hz			
Operating Mode	Operating Mode Description			
1	PoE Mode			

The Worst Case Mode for Following Conformance Tests				
Tests Item	RF Output Power, Peak Power Spectral Density, Emission Bandwidth, Peak Excursion, Transmitter Conducted Unwanted Emissions Transmitter Conducted Bandedge Emissions			
Test Condition	Conducted measurement at transmit chains			
Modulation Mode	11a, HT20, HT40, VHT20, VHT40, VHT80			

Th	The Worst Case Mode for Following Conformance Tests					
Tests Item	Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissic Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissic	Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions				
Test Condition	Radiated measurement If EUT consist of multiple antenna assembly (multiple antenna are used in EUT regardless of spatial multiplexing MIMO configuration), the radiated test should be performed with highest antenna gain of each antenna type.					
	EUT will be placed in fixed position.					
User Position	EUT will be placed in mobile position and operating multiple positions. EUT shall be performed three orthogonal planes.					
	EUT will be a hand-held or body-worn battery-powered devices and operating multiple positions. EUT shall be performed three orthogonal planes.					
Operating Mode	Operating Mode Description					
1	PoE Mode					
Modulation Mode	11a, HT20, HT40, VHT20, VHT40, VHT80					
	X Plane	Y Plane				
Orthogonal Planes of EUT						
Worst Planes of EUT	V					



2.4 Test Setup Diagram









Transmitter Test Result 3

3.1 **AC Power-line Conducted Emissions**

3.1.1 **AC Power-line Conducted Emissions Limit**

AC Power-line Conducted Emissions Limit					
Frequency Emission (MHz) Quasi-Peak Average					
0.15-0.5	66 - 56 *	56 - 46 *			
0.5-5	56	46			
5-30 60 50					
Note 1: * Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency					

ecreases with the logarithm of the frequency

3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.1.3 Test Procedures

Test Method

Refer as ANSI C63.10-2013, clause 6.2 for AC power-line conducted emissions.

3.1.4 Test Setup







3.1.5 Test Result of AC Power-line Conducted Emissions









3.2 Emission Bandwidth

3.2.1 Emission Bandwidth Limit

	Emission Bandwidth Limit					
UNII Devi	UNII Devices					
🛛 For th	ne 5.15-5.25 GHz band, N/A					
For th mW c	ne 5.25-5.35 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power shall not exceed the lesser of 250 pr 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in MHz.					
For th mW c	ne 5.47-5.725 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power shall not exceed the lesser of 250 or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in MHz.					
S For th	ne 5.725-5.85 GHz band, 6 dB emission bandwidth ≥ 500kHz.					

3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.2.3 Test Procedures

			Test Method
\boxtimes	For	the e	mission bandwidth shall be measured using one of the options below:
	\boxtimes	Refe	er as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause C for EBW and clause D for OBW measurement.
		Refe	er as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.9.1 for occupied bandwidth testing.
		Refe	er as IC RSS-Gen, clause 4.6 for bandwidth testing.
\bowtie	For	cond	ucted measurement.
		The	EUT supports single transmit chain and measurements performed on this transmit chain.
		The	EUT supports diversity transmitting and the results on transmit chain port 1 is the worst case.
	\square	The	EUT supports multiple transmit chains using options given below:
			Option 1: Multiple transmit chains measurements need to be performed on one of the active transmit chains (antenna outputs). All measurement had be performed on transmit chains 1.
			Option 2: Multiple transmit chains measurements need to be performed on each transmit chains individually (antenna outputs). All measurement had be performed on all transmit chains.

3.2.4 Test Setup





UNII Emission Bandwidth Result (5150-5250MHz band)							
Co	onditi	on	Emission Bandwidth (MHz)				
Modulation	м		99% Bandy	width(MHz)	26dB Bandwidth(MHz)		
Mode	INTX		Chain Port 1	Chain Port 2	Chain Port 1	Chain Port 2	
11a	2	5180	16.74	16.51	21.15	23.57	
11a	2	5200	16.59	16.66	22.17	22.82	
11a	2	5240	16.54	16.69	21.15	25.42	
HT20	2	5180	17.86	17.94	22.80	23.27	
HT20	2	5200	17.81	17.91	23.32	22.32	
HT20	2	5240	17.91	17.84	22.12	25.92	
HT40	2	5190	36.70	36.74	45.64	44.60	
HT40	2	5230	36.70	36.70	49.20	48.24	
VHT20	2	5180	17.64	17.89	22.25	22.27	
VHT20	2	5200	17.74	17.79	23.62	23.80	
VHT20	2	5240	17.71	17.89	23.97	24.55	
VHT40	2	5190	36.74	36.66	45.48	44.88	
VHT40	2	5230	36.78	36.86	49.24	45.04	
VHT80	2	5210	75.96	75.80	93.52	85.12	
	Resul	t		Com	plied		



	UNII Emission Bandwidth Result (5725-5850MHz band)						
C	onditi	on	Emission Bandwidth (MHz)				
Modulation	N		99% Bandy	width(MHz)	6dB Bandy	width(MHz)	
Mode	INTX	Freq. (MITZ)	Chain Port 1	Chain Port 2	Chain Port 1	Chain Port 2	
11a	2	5745	16.50	16.50	16.54	16.42	
11a	2	5785	26.46	26.49	16.42	16.42	
11a	2	5825	16.92	16.91	16.45	16.39	
11a	2	5720	54.02	57.52	20.45	19.85	
HT20	2	5745	17.69	17.64	17.77	17.62	
HT20	2	5785	26.23	26.59	17.70	17.77	
HT20	2	5825	17.87	17.87	17.65	17.68	
HT20	2	5720	56.22	59.87	21.70	20.45	
HT40	2	5755	36.18	36.22	36.36	36.48	
HT40	2	5795	37.22	37.02	34.80	36.44	
HT40	2	5710	81.15	87.75	36.30	37.20	
VHT20	2	5745	17.72	17.70	17.73	17.68	
VHT20	2	5785	26.22	26.97	17.77	17.68	
VHT20	2	5825	17.90	17.99	17.68	17.65	
VHT20	2	5720	56.57	60.46	20.65	20.75	
VHT40	2	5755	36.18	36.22	36.08	36.48	
VHT40	2	5795	37.22	37.10	35.68	36.36	
VHT40	2	5710	81.85	88.45	36.70	36.70	
VHT80	2	5775	75.56	75.72	76.08	76.40	
	Limit			-	≥ 500	0 kHz	
	Result			Com	plied		







3.3 **RF Output Power**

3.3.1 RF Output Power Limit

	Maximum Conducted Output Power Limit							
UN	UNII Devices							
\boxtimes	For	he 5.15-5.25 GHz band:						
		Outdoor AP: the maximum conducted output power (P_{Out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W. If $G_{TX} > 6$ dBi, then $P_{Out} = 30 - (G_{TX} - 6)$. e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees ≤ 125 mW [21dBm]						
		Indoor AP: the maximum conducted output power (P _{Out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W. If G_{TX} > 6 dBi, then P_{Out} = 30 – (G_{TX} – 6)						
		Point-to-point AP: the maximum conducted output power (P_{Out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W If G_{TX} > 23 dBi, then P_{Out} = 30 – (G_{TX} – 23).						
		Mobile or Portable Client: the maximum conducted output power (P_{Out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW. If $G_{TX} > 6$ dBi, then $P_{Out} = 24 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.						
	For 1 250 P _{Out}	the 5.25-5.35 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power (P_{Out}) shall not exceed the lesser of mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If $G_{TX} > 6$ dBi, then = 24 - ($G_{TX} - 6$).						
	For f of 28 P _{Out}	the 5.47-5.725 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power (P_{Out}) shall not exceed the lesser 50 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If $G_{TX} > 6$ dBi, then = 24 - ($G_{TX} - 6$).						
\boxtimes	For	the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:						
	\boxtimes	Point-to-multipoint systems (P2M): the maximum conducted output power (P_{Out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W. If $G_{TX} > 6$ dBi, then $P_{Out} = 30 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.						
		Point-to-point systems (P2P): the maximum conducted output power (P_{Out}) shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W.						
Ρ _{οu} G _{τx}	t = m = the	aximum conducted output power in dBm, e maximum transmitting antenna directional gain in dBi.						

3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.



3.3.3 Test Procedures

		Test Method						
\boxtimes	Max	imum Conducted Output Power						
	[duty cycle ≥ 98% or external video / power trigger]							
	\square	Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause E Method SA-1 (spectral trace averaging).						
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause E Method SA-1 Alt. (RMS detection with slow sweep speed)						
	duty	cycle < 98% and average over on/off periods with duty factor						
	\boxtimes	Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause E Method SA-2 (spectral trace averaging).						
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause E Method SA-2 Alt. (RMS detection with slow sweep speed)						
	Wide	eband RF power meter and average over on/off periods with duty factor						
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause E Method PM (using an RF average power meter).						
\boxtimes	For	conducted measurement.						
		The EUT supports single transmit chain and measurements performed on this transmit chain						
		The EUT supports diversity transmitting and the results on transmit chain port 1 is the worst case.						
	\boxtimes	The EUT supports multiple transmit chains using options given below: Refer as FCC KDB 662911, In-band power measurements. Using the measure-and-sum approach, measured all transmit ports individually. Sum the power (in linear power units e.g., mW) of all ports for each individual sample and save them.						
		If multiple transmit chains, EIRP calculation could be following as methods: $P_{total} = P_1 + P_2 + + P_n$ (calculated in linear unit [mW] and transfer to log unit [dBm]) $EIRP_{total} = P_{total} + DG$						

3.3.4 Test Setup





	Maximum Conducted Output Power (5150-5250MHz band)							
Modulation			Οι	itput Power (dB	Antenna	Power		
Mode	Ντχ	Freq. (MHz)	Chain Port 1	Chain Port 2	Sum Chain	Gain (dBi)	Limit	
11a	2	5180	13.67	13.95	16.82	5	30.00	
11a	2	5200	13.76	14.00	16.89	5	30.00	
11a	2	5240	13.62	13.78	16.71	5	30.00	
HT20	2	5180	13.61	13.94	16.79	5	30.00	
HT20	2	5200	13.80	13.92	16.87	5	30.00	
HT20	2	5240	13.52	13.73	16.64	5	30.00	
HT40	2	5190	12.93	11.91	15.46	5	30.00	
HT40	2	5230	14.11	13.45	16.80	5	30.00	
VHT20	2	5180	13.75	13.58	16.68	5	30.00	
VHT20	2	5200	13.78	13.88	16.84	5	30.00	
VHT20	2	5240	13.58	13.74	16.67	5	30.00	
VHT40	2	5190	12.98	11.91	15.49	5	30.00	
VHT40	2	5230	14.15	13.46	16.83	5	30.00	
VHT80	2	5210	12.27	11.18	14.77	5	30.00	
R	Result				Complied			

3.3.5 Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power



Maximum Conducted Output Power (5725-5850MHz band)							
Modulation	Modulation		Ou	itput Power (dB	m)	Antenna	Power
Mode	NTX	Freq. (MHZ)	Chain Port 1	Chain Port 2	Sum Chain	(dBi)	Limit
11a	2	5745	12.53	12.73	15.64	5	30.00
11a	2	5785	16.84	16.32	19.60	5	30.00
11a	2	5825	14.39	14.71	17.56	5	30.00
11a	2	5720	9.23	9.86	12.57	5	30.00
HT20	2	5745	12.51	12.67	15.60	5	30.00
HT20	2	5785	16.76	16.27	19.53	5	30.00
HT20	2	5825	14.33	14.65	17.50	5	30.00
HT20	2	5720	9.77	10.37	13.09	5	30.00
HT40	2	5755	11.22	10.92	14.08	5	30.00
HT40	2	5795	14.54	14.67	17.62	5	30.00
HT40	2	5710	5.48	5.73	8.62	5	30.00
VHT20	2	5745	12.49	12.64	15.58	5	30.00
VHT20	2	5785	16.73	16.31	19.54	5	30.00
VHT20	2	5825	14.32	14.65	17.50	5	30.00
VHT20	2	5720	11.40	10.76	14.10	5	30.00
VHT40	2	5755	11.07	10.91	14.00	5	30.00
VHT40	2	5795	14.55	14.69	17.63	5	30.00
VHT40	2	5710	6.54	6.46	9.51	5	30.00
VHT80	2	5775	10.26	10.25	13.27	5	30.00
Result					Complied		

Report No. : FR570330AN







3.4 Peak Power Spectral Density

3.4.1 Peak Power Spectral Density Limit

		Peak Power Spectral Density Limit					
UNI	UNII Devices						
\boxtimes	For	he 5.15-5.25 GHz band:					
		Outdoor AP: the peak power spectral density (PPSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 17dBm/MHz. If $G_{TX} > 6$ dBi, then $P_{Out} = 17 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.					
	\boxtimes	Indoor AP: the peak power spectral density (PPSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 17dBm/MHz. If $G_{TX} > 6$ dBi, then $P_{Out} = 17 - (G_{TX} - 6)$.					
		Point-to-point AP: the peak power spectral density (PPSD) shall not exceed the lesser of 17dBm/MHz. If G_{TX} > 23 dBi, then P_{Out} = 17 – (G_{TX} – 23).					
		Mobile or Portable Client: the peak power spectral density (PPSD) \leq 11 dBm/MHz. If G _{TX} > 6 dBi, then PPSD= 11 – (G _{TX} – 6)					
	For then	the 5.25-5.35 GHz band, the peak power spectral density (PPSD) \leq 11 dBm/MHz. If G _{TX} > 6 dBi, PPSD= 11 – (G _{TX} – 6).					
	For then	the 5.47-5.725 GHz band, the peak power spectral density (PPSD) \leq 11 dBm/MHz. If G _{TX} > 6 dBi, PPSD= 11 – (G _{TX} – 6).					
\boxtimes	For	he 5.725-5.85 GHz band:					
	\boxtimes	Point-to-multipoint systems (P2M): the peak power spectral density (PPSD) \leq 30 dBm/500kHz. If $G_{TX} > 6$ dBi, then PPSD= 30 – ($G_{TX} - 6$).					
		Point-to-point systems (P2P): the peak power spectral density (PPSD) \leq 30 dBm/500kHz.					
PΡ pow G _{TX}	SD = /er sh = the	peak power spectral density that he same method as used to determine the conducted output all be used to determine the power spectral density. And power spectral density in dBm/MHz e maximum transmitting antenna directional gain in dBi.					

3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.



3.4.3 Test Procedures

		Test Method
\boxtimes	Peal outp func shall	c power spectral density procedures that the same method as used to determine the conducted ut power shall be used to determine the peak power spectral density and use the peak search tion on the spectrum analyzer to find the peak of the spectrum. For the peak power spectral density be measured using below options:
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, F)5) power spectral density can be measured using resolution bandwidths < 1 MHz provided that the results are integrated over 1 MHz bandwidth
	[duty	v cycle ≥ 98% or external video / power trigger]
	\square	Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause E Method SA-1 (spectral trace averaging).
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause E Method SA-1 Alt. (RMS detection with slow sweep speed)
	duty	cycle < 98% and average over on/off periods with duty factor
	\square	Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause E Method SA-2 (spectral trace averaging).
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause E Method SA-2 Alt. (RMS detection with slow sweep speed)
\square	For	conducted measurement.
		The EUT supports single transmit chain and measurements performed on this transmit chain
		The EUT supports diversity transmitting and the results on transmit chain port 1 is the worst case.
	\square	The EUT supports multiple transmit chains using options given below:
		Option 1: Measure and sum the spectra across the outputs. Refer as FCC KDB 662911, In-band power measurements. Using the measure-and-sum approach, measured all transmit ports individually. Sum the power (in linear power units e.g., mW) of all ports for each individual sample and save them.
		Option 2: Measure and add 10 log(N) dB, where N is the number of transmit chains. Refer as FCC KDB 662911, In-band power spectral density (PSD). Performed at each transmit chains and each transmit chains shall be compared with the limit have been reduced with 10 log(N). Or each transmit chains shall be add 10 log(N) to compared with the limit.
		If multiple transmit chains, EIRP PPSD calculation could be following as methods: $PPSD_{total} = PPSD_1 + PPSD_2 + + PPSD_n$ (calculated in linear unit [mW] and transfer to log unit [dBm]) $EIRP_{total} = PPSD_{total} + DG$
		Each individually PPSD plots refer as test report clause 3.3.5 with each individually PPSD plots.

3.4.4 Test Setup





	Peak Power Spectral Density Result (5150-5250MHz band)						
Modulation Mode	N _{TX}	Freq. (MHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm/1MHz)	PSD Limit	PSD-DG (dBi)		
11a	2	5180	5.75	14.99	8.01		
11a	2	5200	5.74	14.99	8.01		
11a	2	5240	5.54	14.99	8.01		
HT20	2	5180	5.37	14.99	8.01		
HT20	2	5200	5.31	14.99	8.01		
HT20	2	5240	5.28	14.99	8.01		
HT40	2	5190	0.76	14.99	8.01		
HT40	2	5230	2.20	14.99	8.01		
VHT20	2	5180	5.25	14.99	8.01		
VHT20	2	5200	5.21	14.99	8.01		
VHT20	2	5240	5.09	14.99	8.01		
VHT40	2	5190	1.04	14.99	8.01		
VHT40	2	5230	2.28	14.99	8.01		
VHT80	2	5210	-2.96	14.99	8.01		
Result				Complied			

3.4.5 Test Result of Peak Power Spectral Density

Note: PSD limit:17-(8.01-6)=14.99





	Peak Power Spectral Density Result (5725-5850MHz band)							
Modulation Mode	N _{TX}	Freq. (MHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm/500kHz)	PSD Limit (500kHz)	PSD-DG (dBi)			
11a	2	5745	8.07	27.99	8.01			
11a	2	5785	10.40	27.99	8.01			
11a	2	5825	12.82	27.99	8.01			
11a	2	5720	4.77	27.99	8.01			
HT20	2	5745	8.26	27.99	8.01			
HT20	2	5785	12.79	27.99	8.01			
HT20	2	5825	10.13	27.99	8.01			
HT20	2	5720	4.54	27.99	8.01			
HT40	2	5755	3.09	27.99	8.01			
HT40	2	5795	6.85	27.99	8.01			
HT40	2	5710	6.94	27.99	8.01			
VHT20	2	5745	7.52	27.99	8.01			
VHT20	2	5785	12.92	27.99	8.01			
VHT20	2	5825	9.98	27.99	8.01			
VHT20	2	5720	4.37	27.99	8.01			
VHT40	2	5755	3.33	27.99	8.01			
VHT40	2	5795	6.81	27.99	8.01			
VHT40	2	5710	7.21	27.99	8.01			
VHT80	2	5775	-0.85	27.99	8.01			
Result				Complied				







3.5 Transmitter Bandedge Emissions

3.5.1 Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions Limit



Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, G)2)c)(i) specifying that if a non-restricted-band out-of-band emission satisfies both the average and peak limits of 15.209, it is not required to satisfy the -27 dBm or -17 dBm peak emission limit. Reason for change: to ensure that emission requirements in the non-restricted bands are not more stringent than those in the restricted bands.



Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, G)2)c)(i) specifying that if a non-restricted-band out-of-band emission satisfies both the average and peak limits of 15.209, it is not required to satisfy the -27 dBm or -17 dBm peak emission limit. Reason for change: to ensure that emission requirements in the non-restricted bands are not more stringent than those in the restricted bands.

3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.



3.5.3 Test Procedures

		Test Method					
\square	The	average emission levels shall be measured in [duty cycle ≥ 98 or duty factor].					
\square	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.9.2.2 bandedge testing shall be performed at the lowest frequency channel and highest frequency channel within the allowed operating band.						
	If EU char will o at lo adja	JT operate in adjacent contiguous bands, bandedge testing performed at the lowest frequency inel at lower-band and highest frequency channel at higher-band. Transmitter in-band emissions consist of adjacent contiguous bands (e.g., IEEE 802.11ac VHT160 The lowest frequency channel over-band and highest frequency channel at higher-band in-band emissions will consist of two cent contiguous bands.)					
		Operating in 5.15-5.25 GHz band (lower-band) and 5.25-5.35 GHz band (higher-band).					
		Operating in 5.47-5.725 GHz band (lower-band) and 5.725-5.85 GHz band (higher-band).					
	lf EU char VHT	JT operate in individual non-contiguous bands, bandedge testing performed at the lowest frequency nnel and highest frequency channel within lower-band and higher-band. (e.g., (e.g., IEEE 802.11ac 160)					
		Operating in 5.25-5.35 GHz band (lower-band) and 5.47-5.725 GHz band (higher-band).					
		Operating in 5.15-5.25 GHz band (lower-band) and 5.725-5.85 GHz band (higher-band).					
\square	For t	he transmitter unwanted emissions shall be measured using following options below:					
	\boxtimes	Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause G)2) for unwanted emissions into non-restricted bands.					
	\boxtimes	Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause G)1) for unwanted emissions into restricted bands.					
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, G)6) Method AD (Trace Averaging).					
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, G)6) Method VB (Reduced VBW).					
		Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.3 (Reduced VBW). VBW \geq 1/T, where T is pulse time.					
		Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.4 average value of pulsed emissions.					
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause G)5) measurement procedure peak limit.					
		Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.2 measurement procedure peak limit.					
\square	For t	he transmitter bandedge emissions shall be measured using following options below:					
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause G)3)d) for narrower resolution bandwidth (100kHz) using the band power and summing the spectral levels (i.e., 1 MHz).					
	\square	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.10 for band-edge testing.					
		Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.10.6.2 for marker-delta method for band-edge measurements.					
\square	For	radiated measurement, refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.6. Test distance is 3m.					
	Mea perfo equi extra dista mea the i	surements may be performed at a distance other than the limit distance provided they are not ormed in the near field and the emissions to be measured can be detected by the measurement pment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be apolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse of linear ince for field-strength measurements, inverse of linear distance-squared for power-density surements). Measurements in the bandedge are typically made at a closer distance 3m, because instrumentation noise floor is typically close to the radiated emission limit.					



3.5.4 Test Setup





U-NII 5150-5250MHz Transmitter Radiated Bandedge										
Modulation Mode	Ντχ	Freq. (MHz)	Measure Distance (m)	Freq. (MHz) PK	Level (dBuV/ m) PK	Limit (dBuV/ m) PK	Freq. (MHz) AV	Level (dBuV/ m) AV	Limit (dBuV/ m) AV	Pol.
11a	2	5180	3	5147.800	68.18	74	5150.000	52.54	54	V
11a	2	5240	3	5148.000	72.41	74	5149.200	51.79	54	V
HT20	2	5180	3	5148.800	68.44	74	5150.000	52.17	54	V
HT20	2	5240	3	5148.600	70.18	74	5147.400	52.11	54	V
HT40	2	5190	3	5149.500	57.45	74	5149.940	51.93	54	V
HT40	2	5230	3	5148.600	67.04	74	5149.800	52.23	54	V
VHT20	2	5180	3	5149.400	70.00	74	5150.000	52.31	54	V
VHT20	2	5240	3	5148.000	70.47	74	5148.000	52.16	54	V
VHT40	2	5190	3	5149.500	67.75	74	5149.940	51.96	54	V
VHT40	2	5230	3	5148.000	65.67	74	5149.800	52.42	54	V
VHT80	2	5210	3	5148.000	67.92	74	5149.800	52.83	54	V
Note 1: Measurement worst emissions of receive antenna polarization.										

3.5.5 Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions

U-NII 5725-5850MHz Transmitter Radiated Bandedge							
Modulation Mode	Ντχ	Freq. (MHz)	Measure Distance (m)	Freq. (MHz) PK	Level (dBuV/m) PK	Limit (dBuV/m) PK	Pol.
11a	2	5745	3	5724.760	75.53	78.2	V
11a	2	5825	3	5860.150	67.17	68.2	V
HT20	2	5745	3	5724.760	76.59	78.2	V
HT20	2	5825	3	5860.570	66.80	68.2	V
HT40	2	5755	3	5714.220	64.94	68.2	V
HT40	2	5795	3	5860.000	67.17	68.2	V
VHT20	2	5745	3	5724.550	76.52	78.2	V
VHT20	2	5825	3	5860.045	66.67	68.2	V
VHT40	2	5755	3	5715.000	65.19	68.2	V
VHT40	2	5795	3	5860.300	66.38	68.2	V
VHT80	2	5775	3	5713.720	66.66	68.2	V
Note 1: Measurement worst emissions of receive antenna polarization.							



3.6 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

3.6.1 Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions Limit

Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz and restricted band emissions above 1GHz limit						
Frequency Range (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Field Strength (dBuV/m)	Measure Distance (m)			
0.009~0.490	2400/F(kHz)	48.5 - 13.8	300			
0.490~1.705	24000/F(kHz)	33.8 - 23	30			
1.705~30.0	30	29	30			
30~88	100	40	3			
88~216	150	43.5	3			
216~960	200	46	3			
Above 960	500	54	3			

Note 1: Test distance for frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than the limit distance provided they are not performed in the near field and the emissions to be measured can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse of linear distance for field-strength measurements, inverse of linear distance-squared for power-density measurements).

Note 2: Test distance for frequencies at below 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than the EUT limit distance; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field. When performing measurements below 30 MHz at a closer distance than the limit distance, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance by either making measurements at a minimum of two or more distances on at least one radial to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). The test report shall specify the extrapolation method used to determine compliance of the EUT.

Un-restricted band emissions above 1GHz Limit					
Operating Band	Limit				
5.15 - 5.25 GHz	e.i.r.p27 dBm [68.2 dBuV/m@3m]				
5.725 - 5.85 GHz	5.715 5.725 GHz: e.i.r.p17 dBm [78.2 dBuV/m@3m] 5.85 5.86 GHz: e.i.r.p17 dBm [78.2 dBuV/m@3m] Other un-restricted band: e.i.r.p27 dBm [68.2 dBuV/m@3m]				
Note 1: Measurements may be performed at a distance other than the limit distance provided they are not performed in the near field and the emissions to be measured can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse of linear distance for field-strength measurements, inverse of linear distance-squared for power-density measurements).					

3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.


3.6.3 Test Procedures

		Test Method							
	Measurements may be performed at a distance other than the limit distance provided they are not performed in the near field and the emissions to be measured can be detected by the measurement equipment. Measurements shall not be performed at a distance greater than 30 m for frequencies above 30 MHz, unless it can be further demonstrated that measurements at a distance of 30 m or less are impractical. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse of linear distance for field-strength measurements, inverse of linear distance-squared for power-density measurements).								
\square	The average emission levels shall be measured in [duty cycle \geq 98 or duty factor].								
\bowtie	For the transmitter unwanted emissions shall be measured using following options below:								
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause G)2) for unwanted emissions into non-restricted bands.							
Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause G)1) for unwanted emissions into restri									
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, G)6) Method AD (Trace Averaging).							
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, G)6) Method VB (Reduced VBW).							
		Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.2.3.2.3 (Reduced VBW). VBW \geq 1/T, where T is pulse time.							
		Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.2.3.2.4 average value of pulsed emissions.							
		Refer as FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, clause G)5) measurement procedure peak limit.							
		Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.2 measurement procedure peak limit.							
\square	For	radiated measurement.							
	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.4 for radiated emissions below 30 MHz and test distance is 3m.								
	\square	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.5 for radiated emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz and test distance is 3m.							
	 Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.6 for radiated emissions above 1GHz. For 1 GHz to 5 GHz, test distance is 3m; For 5 GHz to 40 GHz, test distance is 3m. 								
\square	The	any unwanted emissions level shall not exceed the fundamental emission level.							
\square	All amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.								



3.6.4 Test Setup



3.6.5 Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions-with Antenna (Below 30MHz)

All amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.



	perating Mode			1				n	V		
perating Fu	unction	PoE	E Mode	!		I					
80 Level (dBuV/m) Date: 2015-08-19											5-08-19
	00								-	NCCAC	FCGB
	70										
	60						-	-		-	
	50	_						_			F
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	-10						-				
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	-20 ¹¹ 30 100.	200.	300	0. 40	0. 5 Frequ	ioo. (ency (MHz)	500.	700.	300.	900.	1000
	-20 ¹¹ 30 100.	200.	0ver	D. 40	0. 5 Frequ	oo. (MHz) ency (MHz)	Cable	700.	800.	900.	1000
	-20 30 100.	200. Level	Over Limit	D. 40	Read/ Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	700. Preamp Factor	800.	900.	1000
	-20 30 100.	200. Level	0ver Limit dB	Limit Line dBuV/m	0, 5 Frequ Read/ Level dBuV	Antenna Factor dB/m	Cable Loss dB	Preamp Factor dB	800.	900.	1000
1	-20 30 100.	200. Level dBuV/m 29.39 24 11	0∨er Limit 	Limit Line dBuV/m 40.00	Read/ Level dBuV 39.18	Antenna Factor dB/m 16.90	Cable Loss dB 0.87	Preamp Factor dB 27.56	Remark	900.	1000
1 2 3	-20 30 100. Freq MHz 31.940 97.900 113.420	200. Level dBuV/m 29.39 24.11 24.32	0ver Limit dB -10.61 -19.39 -19.18	D. 40 Limit Line dBuV/m 40.00 43.50 43.50	0, 5 Freque Read/ Level dBuV 39.18 39.57 37.99	Antenna Factor dB/m 16.90 10.32 11.90	Cable Loss dB 0.87 1.57 1.72	700. 700. Preamp Factor dB 27.56 27.35 27.29	Remark Peak Peak Peak	900.	1000
1 2 3 4	-20 30 100. Freq MHz 31.940 97.900 113.420 418.000	200. Level dBuV/m 29.39 24.11 24.32 22.95	0ver Limit dB -10.61 -19.39 -19.18 -23.05	Limit Line dBuV/m 40.00 43.50 43.50 46.00	0. 5 Frequ Read/ Level dBuV 39.18 39.57 37.99 31.05	Antenna Factor dB/m 16.90 10.32 11.90 15.92	Cable Loss dB 0.87 1.57 1.72 3.40	700. Preamp Factor dB 27.56 27.35 27.29 27.42	800. Remark Peak Peak Peak Peak	900.	1000
1 2 3 4 5	-20 30 100. Freq MHz 31.940 97.900 113.420 418.000 600.360	200. 200. dBuV/m 29.39 24.11 24.32 22.95 37.19	0ver Limit dB -10.61 -19.39 -19.18 -23.05 -8.81	Limit Line dBuV/m 40.00 43.50 43.50 46.00 46.00	Read/ Level dBuV 39.18 39.57 37.99 <u>31.05</u> 42.85	Antenna Factor dB/m 16.90 10.32 11.90 15.92 18.18	Cable Loss dB 0.87 1.57 1.72 3.40 4.15	Preamp Factor dB 27.56 27.35 27.29 27.42 27.99	800. 800. Peak Peak Peak Peak Peak	900.	1000

3.6.6 Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Below 1GHz)









3.6.7 Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz) for 5150-5250MHz

















































































































		Trans	mitter l	Radiate	d Unwa	anted E	missio	ons (Ab	ove 1GH	lz)			
Modulatio	n Mode	11	11a				Test Freq. (MHz)				5745		
N _{TX}		2	2 n)				Polarization				V		
	130 Level (dBu	V/m)					Date: 2015-06-19						
	120			-									
	100												
	80												
	THINKT			THE	4	THT	1		-	UNI	LIGHIN V3		
	60		3		H		L		1	1			
	10		2										
	40												
1	20		_										
	0 ¹ 1000 4000	. 8000). 120	00. 160	00. 20	0000. 2	4000.	28000.	32000.	36000.	40000		
					Frequ	iency (MHZ)						
							c 11						
	Freq	Level	Limit	Limit	Level	Factor	Loss	Factor	Remark				
0.0													
	MHZ	dBuv/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuv	dB/m	dB	dB					
1	6784.000	49.81	-18.39	68.20	41.93	34.90	5.49	32.51	Peak				
2	11490.000	41.62	-12.38	54.00	27.24	39.28	7.52	32.42	Average				
4	17235.000	62.43	-5.77	68.20	42.27	42.12	9.49	31.45	Peak				
Note 1: ">2	0dB" mear	is spurio	ous emi	ission le	vels that	at excee	ed the le	evel of 2	20 dB be	low th	e applicable limit.		
Note 2: "N/	F" means N	lothing	Found	spurious	s emiss	ions (No	o spurio	ous emi	ssions w	ere de	etected.)		
Note 3: Me	asurement	receive	antenr	ia polari k measi	zation:	H (HOII) t is fully	zontai), sufficie	v (ver	ical) To may f	iold str	renath as measured		
wit	h the Peak-	Detecto	or meets	s the AV	Limit s	so that the	ne AV le	evel doe	es not ne	ed to	be reported in		
ado	dition.										are reperted in		
Note 5: For	un-restrict	ed band	ds emis	sion sat	isfies b	oth the	average	e and p	eak limit	s of 15	5.209, it is not		
req	uired to sa	tisfy the	-27 dB	m peak	emissi	on limit	of 15.4	07.					
NOTE 6: NO	level of un	wanted	emissio	ons exce	eas th	e level c	of the fu	Indame	ntal emis	ssion.			

3.6.8 Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz) for 5725-5850MHz














































































































3.7 Frequency Stability

3.7.1 Frequency Stability Limit

Frequency Stability Limit						
UNII Devices						
In-band emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.						
IEEE Std. 802.11n-2009						
The transmitter center frequency tolerance shall be ± 20 ppm maximum for the 5 GHz band and ± 25 ppm maximum for the 2.4 GHz band.						
3.7.2 Measuring Instruments						

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.7.3 Test Procedures

	Test Method							
\bowtie	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.8 for frequency stability tests							
	\boxtimes	Frequency stability with respect to ambient temperature						
	\boxtimes	Frequency stability when varying supply voltage						
\square	For	conducted measurement.						
	\boxtimes	For conducted measurements on devices with multiple transmit chains: Measurements need only to be performed on one of the active transmit chains (antenna outputs)						
	For obta	radiated measurement. The equipment to be measured and the test antenna shall be oriented to in the maximum emitted power level.						

3.7.4 Test Setup





Frequency Stability Result							
Мос	le	Frequency Stability (ppm)					
Condition Freq. (MHz)		0 min	2 min	5 min	10 min		
T _{20°C} Vmax	5200	-4.5808	-4.5019	-4.3808	-4.2231		
$T_{20^\circ C}Vmin$	5200	-4.6500	-4.5808	-4.4654	-4.2846		
T _{50°C} Vnom	5200	-10.4365	-10.3731	-10.2538	-10.0596		
T _{40°C} Vnom	5200	-10.0192	-9.9173	-9.8077	-9.6308		
T _{30°C} Vnom	5200	-7.8308	-7.7673	-7.6462	-7.4346		
T _{20°C} Vnom	5200	-4.1750	-4.1154	-3.9885	-3.8404		
T _{10°C} Vnom	5200	-2.5192	-2.4327	-2.3308	-2.2846		
T _{0°C} Vnom	5200	-0.1673	-0.0942	0.0212	2.1673		
T _{-10°C} Vnom	5200	2.4212	2.4923	2.6115	2.8788		
T _{-20°C} Vnom	5200	3.4231	3.5019	3.6135	3.9231		
Limit (ppm) 20							
Result Complied							
Note 1: Measure at 85 % [Vmin] and 115 % [Vmax] of the nominal voltage [Vnom].							

3.7.5 Test Result of Frequency Stability



3.8 The emission at elevation angle higher than 30 degrees from horizon

3.8.1 The emission Limit

	Limits of the emission at elevation angle higher than 30 degrees from horizon
\boxtimes	An Outdoor device
\boxtimes	15.407 (a)(1)(i) The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

3.8.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.



3.8.3 Test Procedures

		Test Method
\boxtimes	For	fixed infrastructure, not electrically or mechanically steerable beam antenna
		 If elevation plane radiation pattern is available: i) Determine the device intended mounting elevation angle and define 0° reference angle on the elevation plane radiation pattern. ii) Indicate any radiation pattern between 30° and 90° which has highest gain. iii) Calculate the EIRP based on this highest gain and conducted output power. iv) Compare to the limit of 125 mW to find compliance. v) Include the elevation pattern data in the application filing with the test report to show how the calculations are made.
		 If elevation plane radiation pattern is not available, but the antenna type (such as dipole omnidirectional, Yagi, parabolic, or sector antenna) has symmetrical elevation plane pattern referenced at main beam and all lobes on the main beam elevation plane have highest gains, then the following measurement method is acceptable to determine compliance: (i) Determine the device's intended mounting elevation angle referenced to the horizon. (ii) Rotate EUT antenna by 90° around the main beam axis in horizontal position to transform measurement in elevation angle into azimuth angle and define 0° reference angle based on device's intended mounting elevation angle. (iii) Move test antenna along the horizontal arc, or rotate the turn table with EUT antenna placed at the center, between 30° and 90° relative to the 0° reference angle, and then continuing down from 90° to 30° on the other side of the pattern, while maintaining the test antenna pointing with constant distance to the EUT antenna and search for the spot which has the highest measured emission. Both horizontal and vertical polarization shall be investigated to find out the maximum radiated emission level. (iv) Calculate the EIRP based on the highest measured emission and compare to the limit of 125 mW to determine compliance. (v) The antenna pattern measurements should be included in the filing.
	For	All Other Types of Antenna
		 For all other types of antenna (such as patch antenna, array antenna, antennas with irregular shape of radiators, etc.) which have any combination of following characteristics: Asymmetrical, complex radiation patterns 2-D or 3-D steerable beam Portable/mobile, not fixed infrastructure device
		 Provide following information in the report: a) Describe what type of antenna is used. b) Determine by calculation, measurement or simulation, all radiation lobes/beams, which have EIRP higher than 125 mW within 3-dB elevation beamwidth. c) Provide an explanation of how those antenna beams are controlled to be kept below 30° elevation angle. The explanation should include installation instruction of the device, mechanical control, electro-mechanical control or software algorithm, if the beams are electrically controlled by software.



3.8.4 Test Setup





3.8.5 Test result





Note: Maximum EIRP = 21.89dBm @ 5200MHz



4 Test Equipment and Calibration Data

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
EMC Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	100174	9kHz ~ 2.75GHz	Apr. 15, 2015	AC Conduction
LISN	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	NSLK 8127	8127-477	9kHz ~ 30MHz	Jan. 22, 2015	AC Conduction
RF Cable-CON	HUBER+SUHNER	RG213/U	07611832020001	9kHz ~ 30MHz	Oct. 31, 2014	AC Conduction
EMI Filter	LINDGREN	LRE-2030	2651	< 450 Hz	NCR	AC Conduction

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV 40	101500	9KHz~40GHz	May 05, 2015	RF Conducted
Temp. and Humidity Chamber	Giant Force	GTH-225-20-SP- SD	MAA1112-007	-20 ~ 100 ℃	Apr. 07, 2015	RF Conducted
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100116	10MHz ~ 40GHz	Jul. 31, 2014	RF Conducted
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917017	300MHz ~ 40GHz	Feb. 17, 2015	RF Conducted
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0949003	300MHz ~ 40GHz	Feb. 17, 2015	RF Conducted

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.



Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	30MHz ~ 1GHz 3m	Nov. 29, 2014	Radiated Emission
Amplifier	HP	8447D	2944A08033	10kHz ~ 1.3GHz	May 11, 2015	Radiated Emission
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02120	1GHz ~ 26.5GHz	Sep. 01, 2014	Radiated Emission
Spectrum	R&S	FSP40	100004	9kHz ~ 40GHz	Apr. 02, 2015	Radiated Emission
Bilog Antenna	SCHAFFNER	CBL 6112D	22237	30MHz ~ 1GHz	Sep. 20, 2014	Radiated Emission
Horn Antenna	AARONIA AG	POWERLOG 70180	05192	1GHz ~ 18GHz	May 01, 2015	Radiated Emission
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170154	18GHz ~ 40GHz	Jan. 27, 2015	Radiated Emission
RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	9kHz ~ 1GHz	Nov. 15, 2014	Radiated Emission
RF Cable-high	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	03CH03-HY	1GHz ~ 40GHz	Dec. 12, 2014	Radiated Emission
Turn Table	EM Electronics	EM Electronics	060615	0 ~ 360 degree	N/A	Radiated Emission
Antenna Mast	MF	MF-7802	MF780208179	1 ~ 4 m	N/A	Radiated Emission

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is one year.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Remark
Amplifier	EMC INSTRUMENTS	EMC184045B	980192	18GHz ~ 40GHz	Aug. 25, 2014	Radiated Emission
Loop Antenna	TESEQ	HLA 6120	31244	9 kHz~30 MHz	Feb. 02, 2015	Radiated Emission

Note: Calibration Interval of instruments listed above is two years.