



# FCC PART 15.247

# MEASUREMENT AND TEST REPORT

For

# **Dust Networks, Inc.**

30695 Huntwood Ave. Hayward, CA 94544

**FCC ID: SJC-M2030** 

This Report Concerns: Equipment Type:

☐ Original Report 2.4GHz Mote Frequency Hopping

System Module

Test Engineer: James Ma

**Report Number:** R0611201-247

**Report Date:** 2006-11-27

**Reviewed By:** VP of Engineering: Hans Mellberg

**Prepared By:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL)

(12) 1274 Anvilwood Avenue

Sunnyvale, CA 94089 Tel: (408) 732-9162 Fax: (408) 732 9164

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#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)**

This measurement and test report has been compiled by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories on behalf of *Dust Networks, Inc.* and their product, FCC ID: SJC-M2030, or the "EUT" as referred to in this report. The EUT is a 2.4GHz Mote, Model # M2030, Frequency Hopping System Module which is designed to act like a network interface card and features standard serial connection in order to make it compatible with many possible mobile devices. It is designed for use in battery powered or line-powered wireless devices and utilizes Time-Synchronized Mesh Protocol is channel hopping device via direct-sequence spread spectrum (DSSS). The EUT operates at the frequency range of 2.4000GHz – 2.4835GHz, with the maximum conducted output power of 1.122 mW.

\* The test data gathered are from a production sample, P/N: 800-0081 Rev2, provided by the manufacturer.

#### **EUT Photo**



Please see Exhibit C for additional photos

#### **Mechanical Description**

The Dust Networks, Inc. product FCC ID: SJC-M2030 is a 2.4 GHz Mote Frequency Hopping System Module that measures approximately 39.9 mmL x 24.4 mmW x 12.65 mmH.

#### **Objective**

This modular type approval report is prepared on behalf of *Dust Networks, Inc.* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, Part 15, Subparts A, B and C.

#### **Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)**

No Related Submittals

#### **Test Methodology**

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2003.

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the values range from  $\pm 2.0$  dB for Conducted Emissions tests and  $\pm 4.0$  dB for Radiated Emissions tests are the most accurate estimates pertaining to uncertainty of EMC measurements at BACL.

Detailed instrumentation measurement uncertainties can be found in BACL report QAP-018.

#### **Test Facility**

The three Semi-Anechoic Chambers (two 5 m and one 10 m) utilized by BACL to collect radiated and conducted emission measurement are located within their Headquarters at 1274 Anvilwood Avenue, Sunnyvale, California, USA.

The test site at BACL has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). The details of these reports has been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on February 11 and December 10, 1997 and Article 8 of the VCCI regulations on December 25, 1997. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2003.

The Federal Communications Commission and Voluntary Control Council for Interference has the reports on file and is listed under FCC file 31040/SIT 1300F2 and VCCI Registration No.: C-1298 and R-1234. The test site has been approved by the FCC and VCCI for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, BACL is a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) accredited laboratory, under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (Lab Code 200167-0). The current scope of accreditations can be found at http://ts.nist.gov/ts/htdocs/210/214/scopes/2001670.htm

### **SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION**

#### **Justification**

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.4-2003.

The EUT was installed within the host (model name: D2130), and tested in the engineering test operating mode to represent *worst*-case results during the final qualification test.

#### **Special Accessories**

As shown in following test block diagram, all interface cables used for compliance testing are shielded.

### **Schematics / Block Diagram**

Please refer to Appendix A.

### **Equipment Modifications**

No modifications were made to the EUT.

### **Local Support Equipment List and Details**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Compaq	Laptop	Presario 2100	CNF43403FB

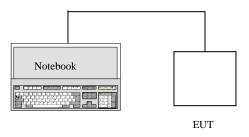
### **External I/O Cabling List and Details**

Cable Description	Length (M)	Port/From	То
Serial Cable	1.0	Laptop Serial Port	EUT Serial Port

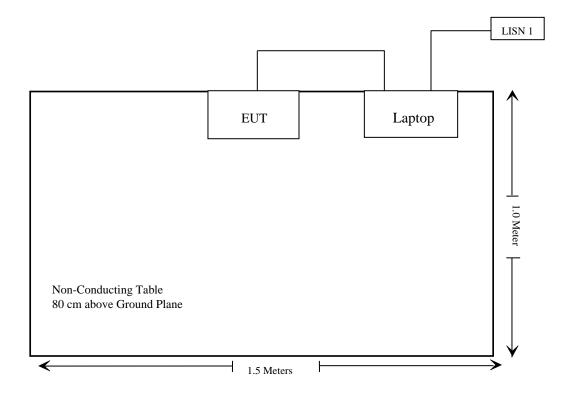
### **Power Supply Information**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
DVE	AC Adaptor	DSA-0151A-05 A	N/A

# **Configuration of Test System**



# **Test Setup Block Diagram**



# **SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS FOR FCC PART 15.247**

FCC RULES	DESCRIPTIONOFTEST	RESULT
§ 15.247 (b)(4) § 2.1091	RF Safety Requirements	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§ 15.205	Restricted Bands	Compliant
§15.207 (a)	Conducted Emission	N/A
§15.209	Radiated Emission	Compliant
§15.247 (a) (1)	Hopping Channel Separation	Compliant
§15.247 (a) (1)	Channel Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247 (a) (1) (iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies Used	Compliant
§15.247 (a) (1) (iii)	Dwell Time of Each Frequency within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed	Compliant
§15.247 (b) (1)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliant
§ 2.1051	Spurious Emission at Antenna Port	Compliant
§ 15.247 (d)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant

### § 15.247 (e) (i) and § 2.1091 - RF EXPOSURE

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Averaging Time
Range (MHz)	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	$(mW/cm^2)$	(minutes)
	Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure			
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$*(180/f^2)$	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

#### **MPE Prediction**

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG/4\pi R^{\text{2}}$ 

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

Base:

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): <u>0.50</u>
Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): <u>1.122</u>

Predication distance(cm): 20Predication frequency(MHz): 2404.23Antenna Gain (typical)(dBi): 6

Maximum Antenna Gain(numeric): 3.98

Power density at predication frequency at 20 cm (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>): 0.000888

MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at predication frequency( $mW/cm^2$ ): <u>1.0</u>

#### **Test Result**

The predicted power density level at 20 cm is 0.000888 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. This is below the uncontrolled exposure limit of 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> at 2404.23 MHz. The EUT is used at least 20cm away from user's body. It is determined as mobile equipment.

<sup>\* =</sup> Plane-wave equivalent power density

### ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

### **Applicable Standard**

### As per FCC §15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

### As per FCC §15.247 (b)(4)

Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **Test Result**

The antenna requirement is **compliant** as the EUT does not have an integral antenna and final measurement will be required of the OEM. The antenna port is standard a MMCX-compatible male connector and designed to be plugged into the OEM provided antenna. Testing was performed with an antenna designed to represent worst-case results with a maximum gain of 6 dBi. Product will require retesting by OEM when integrated in their product to ensure continued compliance.

### §15.207 – CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted lin	nit (dBuV)
rrequency of emission (WIIIZ)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

<sup>\*</sup>Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

**Test Result:** NA, the EUT does not connect to the public utility and is designed to use battery or be line-powered (DC).

### §15.205 §15.209 & §15.247 - RADIATED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard: FCC §15.205 Restricted bands of operation

(a) Except as shown in 15.205 paragraphs (d), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	8.291 – 8.294	16.69475 – 16.69525	156.7 – 156.9	1435 – 1626.5	3.332 – 3.339	10.6 - 12.7
0.495 - 0.505	8.362 - 8.366	25.5 – 25.67	162.0125 -167.17	1645.5 – 1646.5	3.3458 - 3.358	13.25 – 13.4
2.1735 - 2.1905	8.37625 - 8.38675	37.5 – 38.25	167.72 – 173.2	1660 – 1710	3.600 - 4.400	14.47 – 14.5
4.125 – 4.128	8.41425 - 8.41475	73 – 74.6	240 – 285	1718.8 – 1722.2	4.5 - 5.15	15.35 – 16.2
4.17725 – 4.17775	12.29 – 12.293	74.8 - 75.2	322 - 335.4	2200 - 2300	5.35 - 5.46	17.7 – 21.4
4.20725 - 4.20775	12.51975 - 12.52025	108 – 121.94	399.9 – 410	2310 - 2390	7.25 - 7.75	22.01 – 23.12
6.215 - 6.218	12.57675 - 12.57725	123 – 138	608 - 614	2483.5 - 2500	8.025 - 8.5	23.6 – 24.0
6.26775 - 6.26825	13.36 – 13.41	149.9 - 150.05	960 – 1240	2690 - 2900	9.0 - 9.2	31.2 – 31.8
6.31175 - 6.31225	16.42 – 16.423	156.52475 – 156.52525	1300 - 1427	3260 - 3267	9.3 – 9.5	36.43 – 36.5
						Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in 15.205 paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

(c) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), regard in this Subpart, the provisions of this Section apply to	
	□N/A

#### Applicable Standard: FCC §15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements.

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency	Field Strength	Measurement Distance
(MHz)	(microvolts/meter)	(meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

(	h`	) In	the	emiss	sion	table	above.	the	tighter	limit	applies	at	the	band	edges.

	<b>⊠</b> Compliant	□N/A
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#### **Test Setup**

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 3-meter semi-anechoic test chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C limits.

### **Spectrum Analyzer Setup**

According to FCC Rules, 47 CFR §15.33 (a) (1), the system was tested to 25GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the spectrum analyzer was set with the following configurations:

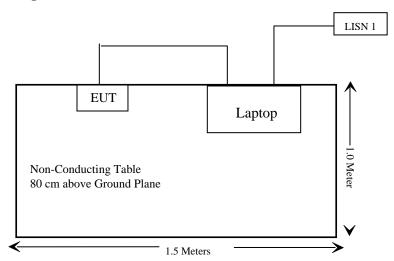
Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W
Below 30MHz	10kHz	10kHz
30-1000MHz	100kHz	100kHz
Above 1000MHz	1MHz	1MHz

### **Test Equipment List and Details**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date
HP	Analyzer, Spectrum	8565EC	3946A00131	2006-01-11
Sonoma Instrument	Amplifier Broadband (10 KHz - 2500 MHz)	317	260407	2006-03-20
HP	Amiplifier, Pre	8449B	3147A00400	2006-08-21
A.R.A	Antenna, Horn, DRG	DRG-118/A	1132	2006-08-17
Sunol Science	Antenna	JB3	A020106- 3/S006628	2006-02-14

<sup>\*</sup> **Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp.** attests that all calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### **Test Setup Block Diagram**



#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	63%
ATM Pressure:	1025 mbar

<sup>\*</sup>The testing was performed by James Ma on 2006-11-22.

#### **Test Procedure**

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance is with all installation combinations.

All data was recorded in the peak detection mode. Quasi-peak readings was performed only when an emission was found to be marginal (within -4 dB of specification limits), and are distinguished with a "**Op**" in the data table.

#### **Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation**

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corr. Ampl. = Indicated Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Factor - Amplifier Gain

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corr. Ampl. - Class B Limit

#### **Summary of Test Results**

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT test data are within the measurement uncertainty of  $\pm 4.0$ dB, and had the worst margin of:

- -15.7 dB at 4810.00 MHz in the Vertical polarization, Low Channel, 3 meters
- -16.8 dB at 4880.00 MHz in the Vertical polarization, Middle Channel, 3 meters
- -15.3 dB at 7425.00 MHz in the Vertical polarization, High Channel, 3 meters

### 3 Meters Radiated Emission Test Data

### Low Channel

Frequency	Reading	Direction	Height	Polar.	Antenna Factor	Cable loss	Amplifier	Correction Reading	15.247	15.247	Comments
MHz	dBuV/ m	Degree	Meter	H/V	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin	Comments
2405.0	104.8	100	1.4	V	28.7	1.5	35.8	99.1			Fund/Peak
2405.0	89.2	120	2.0	Н	28.7	1.5	35.8	83.5			Fund/Peak
2405.0	101.8	100	1.2	V	28.7	1.5	35.8	96.1			Ave
2405.0	87.1	120	1.2	Н	28.7	1.5	35.8	81.4			Ave
4810.0	38.7	270	2.4	V	32.5	1.9	34.8	38.3	54	-15.7	Ave
7215.0	29.5	180	2.0	V	36.7	4.2	34.7	35.7	54	-18.3	Ave
7215.0	29.3	90	2.0	Н	36.7	4.2	34.7	35.5	54	-18.5	Ave
4810.0	34.2	180	2.3	Н	32.5	1.9	34.8	33.8	54	-20.2	Ave
4810.0	44.2	270	2.4	V	32.5	1.9	34.8	43.8	74	-30.2	Peak
7215.0	36.4	90	2.0	V	36.7	4.2	34.7	42.6	74	-31.4	Peak
7215.0	35.2	180	2.0	Н	36.7	4.2	34.7	41.4	74	-32.6	Peak
4810.0	38.2	180	2.3	Н	32.5	1.9	34.8	37.8	74	-36.2	Peak

### **Middle Channel**

Frequency	Reading	Direction	Height	Polar.	Antenna Factor	Cable loss	Amplifier	Correction Reading	15.247	15.247	
MHz	dBuV/ m	Degree	Meter	H/V	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin	Comments
2440.0	104.5	150	1.3	V	28.7	1.5	35.8	98.8			Fund/Peak
2440.0	89.4	120	1.2	Н	28.7	1.5	35.8	83.7			Fund/Peak
2440.0	102.3	150	1.3	V	28.7	1.5	35.8	96.6			Ave
2440.0	88.3	120	1.2	Н	28.7	1.5	35.8	82.6			Ave
4880.0	37.6	120	1.3	V	32.5	1.9	34.8	37.2	54	-16.8	Ave
7320.0	30.2	270	2.4	V	36.7	4.2	34.7	36.4	54	-17.6	Ave
7320.0	30.0	180	2.1	Н	36.7	4.2	34.7	36.2	54	-17.8	Ave
4880.0	34.5	180	2.2	Н	32.5	1.9	34.8	34.1	54	-19.9	Ave
4880.0	45.2	120	1.3	V	32.5	1.9	34.8	44.8	74	-29.2	Peak
7320.0	38.3	270	2.4	V	36.7	4.2	34.7	44.5	74	-29.5	Peak
7320.0	37.6	180	2.3	Н	36.7	4.2	34.7	43.8	74	-30.2	Peak
4880.0	38.6	180	2.2	Н	32.5	1.9	34.8	38.2	74	-35.8	Peak

### **High Channel**

Frequency	Reading	Direction	Height	Polar.	Antenna Factor	Cable loss	Amplifier	Correction Reading	15.247	15.247	
MHz	dBuV/ m	Degree	Meter	H/V	dB/m	dB	dB	dBuV/m	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin	Comments
2475.0	102.7	200	1.0	V	28.7	1.5	35.8	97.0			Fund/Peak
2475.0	85.7	180	1.2	Н	28.7	1.5	35.8	80.0			Fund/Peak
2475.0	100.4	200	1.0	V	28.7	1.5	35.8	94.7			Ave
2475.0	83.9	180	1.2	Н	28.7	1.5	35.8	78.2			Ave
7425.0	32.5	270	2.4	V	36.7	4.2	34.7	38.7	54	-15.3	Ave
4950.0	37.4	270	2.4	V	32.5	1.9	34.8	37.0	54	-17.0	Ave
7425.0	30.0	90	2.1	Н	36.7	4.2	34.7	36.2	54	-17.8	Ave
4950.0	35.6	90	2.1	Н	32.5	1.9	34.8	35.2	54	-18.8	Ave
7425.0	39.7	270	2.4	V	36.7	4.2	34.7	45.9	74	-28.1	Peak
4950.0	45.3	270	2.4	V	32.5	1.9	34.8	44.9	74	-29.1	Peak
7425.0	37.4	90	2.1	Н	36.7	4.2	34.7	43.6	74	-30.4	Peak
4950.0	38.3	90	2.1	Н	32.5	1.9	34.8	37.9	74	-36.1	Peak

Note:

FUND: Fundamental AVE: Average

### §15.247 (a) (1) - HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION

### **Applicable Standard**

According to §15.247(a)(1): Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

#### **Measurement Procedure**

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT on a bench without connection to measurement instrument Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
- 3. By using the Max-Hold function record the separation of two adjacent channels.
- 4. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by SA MARK function, and then plot the result on SA screen.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### **Test Equipment**

Manufacturer	Description	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Date
HP	Analyzer, Spectrum	8565EC	3946A00131	2006-01-11

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

#### **Test Setup Diagram**



### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	63%
ATM Pressure:	1025 mbar

<sup>\*</sup>The testing was performed by James Ma on 2006-11-22.

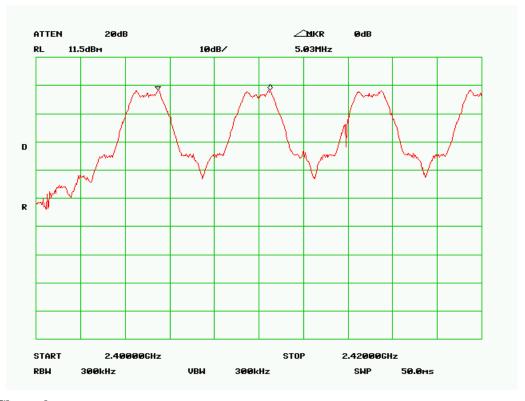
### **Measurement Results**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit > MHz
Low	2405.0	5.03	2.65
Mid	2440.0	5.03	2.58
High	2475.0	5.05	2.62

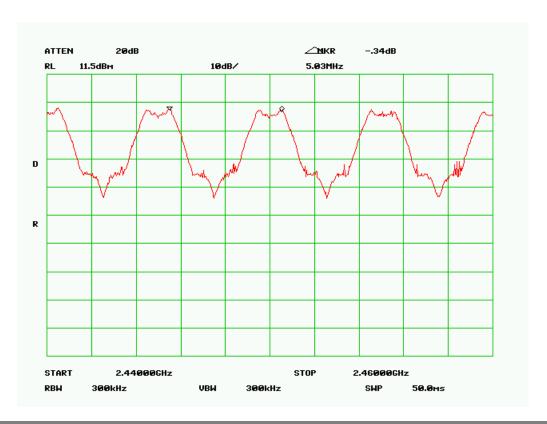
Note: The test was conducted at both hopping enable and disable mode, only the worst test data were presented.

### **Plots of Hopping Channel Separation**

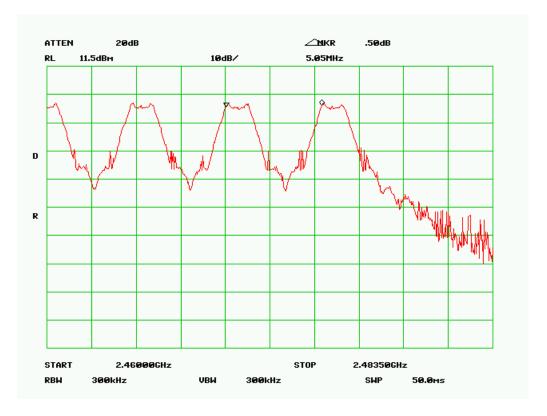
### **Low Channel**



### **Middle Channel**



# **High Channel**



# §15.247 (a) (1) - HOPPING CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

### **Applicable Standard**

According to §15.247(a)(l), the maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be presented.

#### **Measurement Procedure**

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### **Test Equipment**

Manufacturer	Description	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Date	
НР	Analyzer, Spectrum	8565EC	3946A00131	2006-01-11	

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

### **Test Setup Diagram**



#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	63%
ATM Pressure:	1025 mbar

<sup>\*</sup>The testing was performed by James Ma on 2006-11-22.

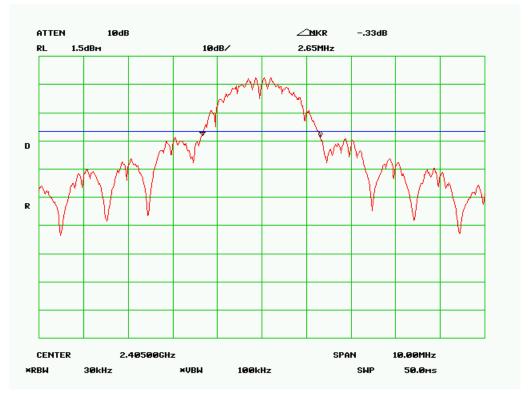
### **Measurement Result**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Channel Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2405	2.65
Mid	2440	2.58
High	2475	2.62

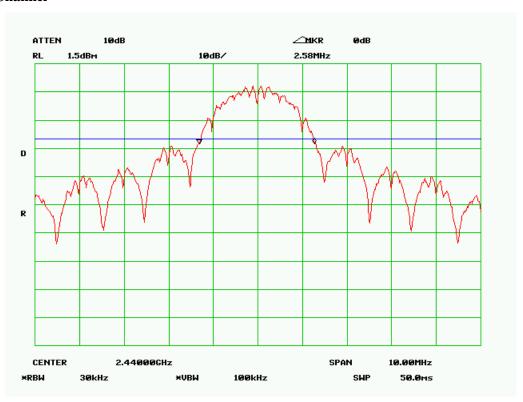
Please refer to the following plots for specific test data

### Plot of Channel Bandwidth

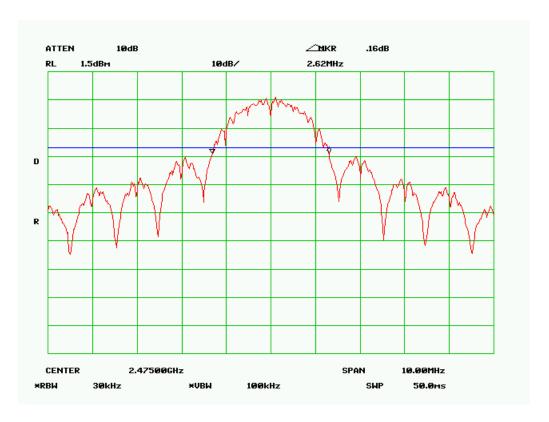
### **Low Channel**



### **Middle Channel**



# **High Channel**



### §15.247 (a) (1) (iii) - NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED

#### **Applicable Standard**

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

#### **Measurement Procedure**

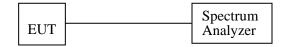
- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Enable hopping mode. Position the EUT on the bench without connection to measurement instrument.
  Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable.
  Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set the SA on Max-Hold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- 4. Set the SA on View mode and then plot the result on SA screen.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### **Test Equipment**

Manufacturer	Description	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Date
HP	Analyzer, Spectrum	8565EC	3946A00131	2006-01-11

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

#### **Test Setup Block Diagram**



#### **Environmental Conditions**

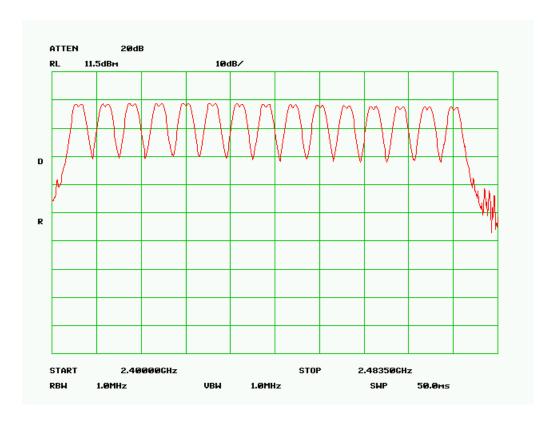
Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	63%
ATM Pressure:	1025 mbar

<sup>\*</sup>The testing was performed by James Ma on 2006-11-22.

### **Measurement Results**

Measurement	Standard	Result
15	15	Compliant

# **Number of Hopping Frequencies Used Plot**



### §15.247 9 (a) (1) (iii) - DWELL TIME

#### **Applicable Standard**

According to §15.247 (a)(1)(iii), the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

#### **Measurement Procedure**

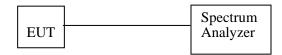
- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Enable hopping mode. Position the EUT was set without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Adjust the center frequency of SA on any frequency be measured and set SA to zero span mode. And then, set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value.
- 4. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### **Test Equipment**

Manufacturer	Description	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Date
HP	Analyzer, Spectrum	8565EC	3946A00131	2006-01-11

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

#### **Test Setup Diagram**



#### **Environmental Conditions**

h	
Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	63%
ATM Pressure:	1025 mbar

<sup>\*</sup>The testing was performed by James Ma on 2006-11-22

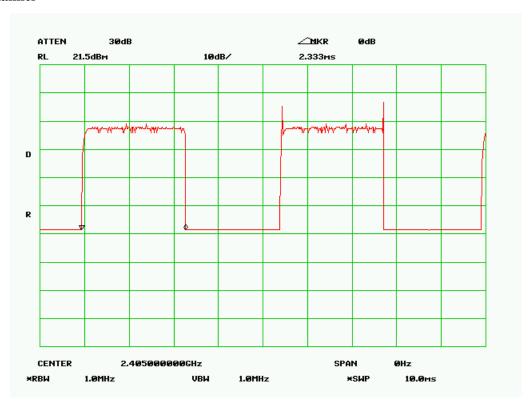
### **Measurement Results**

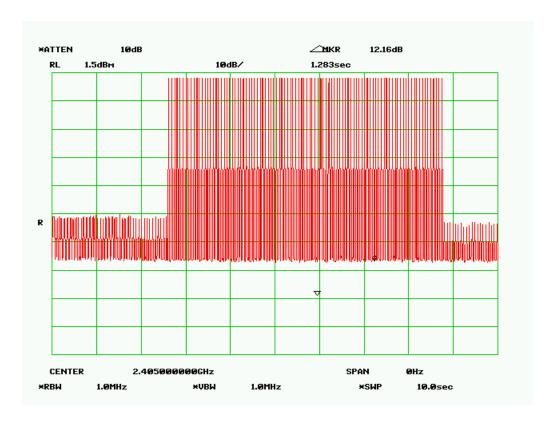
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Pulse Width (ms)	Pulse Quantity	Dwell Time (s)	Limit
Low	2405.0	2.3330	103	0.2403	0.4
Mid	2440.0	2.3500	103	0.2421	0.4
High	2475.0	2.3500	102	0.2397	0.4

### **Plots of Dwell Time**

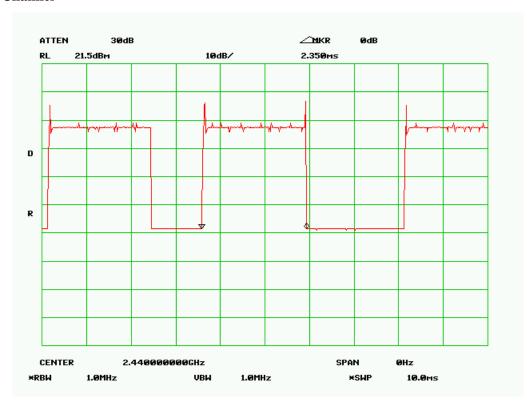
Please refer the following plots.

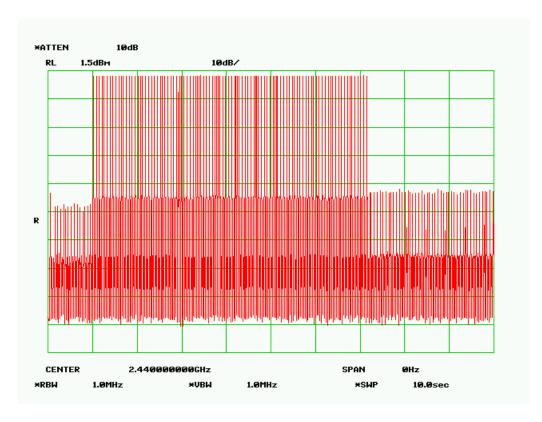
### **Low Channel**



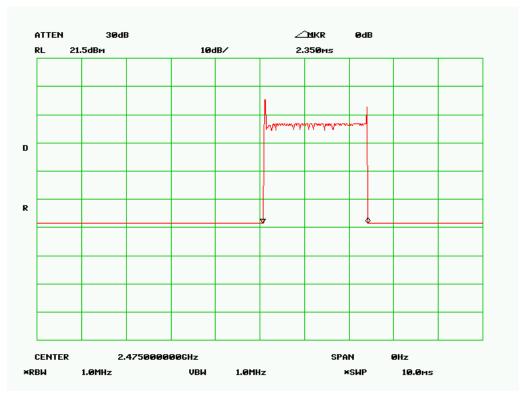


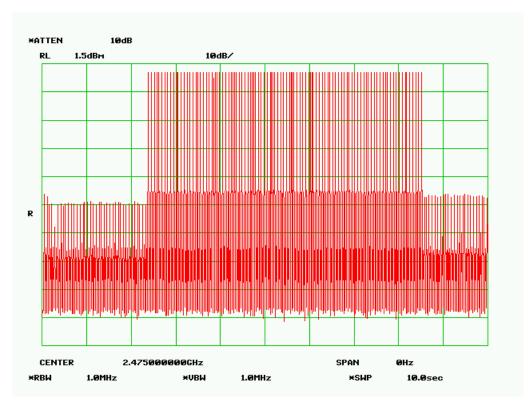
### **Middle Channel**





### **High Channel**





# §15.247 (b) (1) - MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

#### **Standard Applicable**

According to §15.247(b) (1), for frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels, and all direct sequence systems, the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 1 Watt. For all other frequency hopping system in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band, the maximum peak output power of the transmitter shall not exceed 0.125 Watt.

#### **Measurement Procedure**

- 1. Place the EUT on the turntable and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

### **Test Equipment**

Manufacturer	Description	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Date
HP	Analyzer, Spectrum	8565EC	3946A00131	2006-01-11

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

#### **Test Setup Block Diagram**



#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	63%
ATM Pressure:	1025 mbar

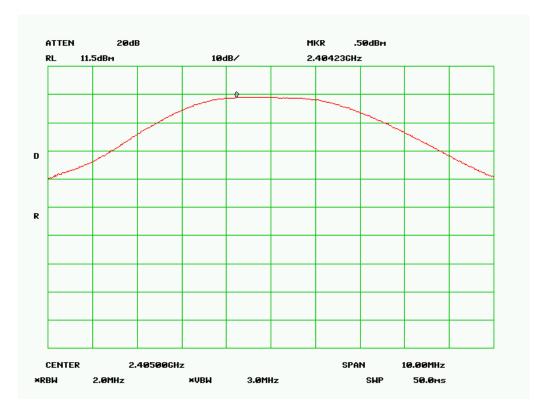
<sup>\*</sup>The testing was performed by James Ma on 2006-11-22.

#### **Measurement Result**

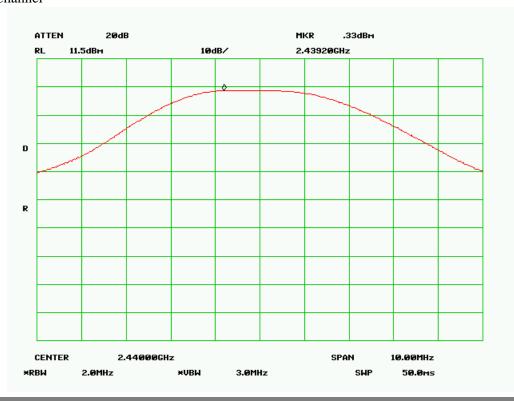
Channel	Frequency	Max Peal	COutput Power	Limit	Result
Chamlei	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	(mW)	Result
Low	2405.0	0.50	1.12	125	pass
Mid	2440.0	0.33	1.08	125	pass
High	2475.0	-0.67	0.86	125	pass

### **Plots of Maximum Peak Output Power**

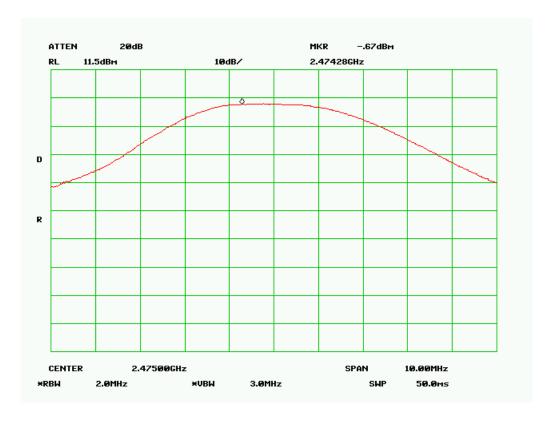
### Low Channel



### Middle Channel



# High Channel



### § 2.1051 - SPURIOUS EMISSION AT ANTENNA PORT

### **Applicable Standard**

According to §15.209 (f) and §15.33(a), in some cases the emissions from an intentional radiator must be measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator because of the incorporation of a digital device. If measurements above the tenth harmonic are so required, the radiated emissions above the tenth harmonic shall comply with the general radiated emission limits applicable to the incorporated digital device, as shown in §15.109 and as based on the frequency of the emission being measured, or, except for emissions contained in the restricted frequency bands shown in §15.205, the limit on spurious emissions specified for the intentional radiator, whichever is the higher limit.

#### **Measurement Procedure**

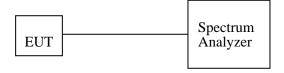
- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Enable hopping mode. Position the EUT on a bench without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set the SA on Max-Hold Mode, and then keep the EUT in transmitting mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- 4. Set the SA on View mode and then plot the result on SA screen.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### **Test Equipment**

Manufacturer	Description	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Date
HP	Analyzer, Spectrum	8565EC	3946A00131	2006-01-11

<sup>\*</sup> **Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp.** attests that all calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

#### **Test Setup Diagram**



#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	63%
ATM Pressure:	1025 mbar

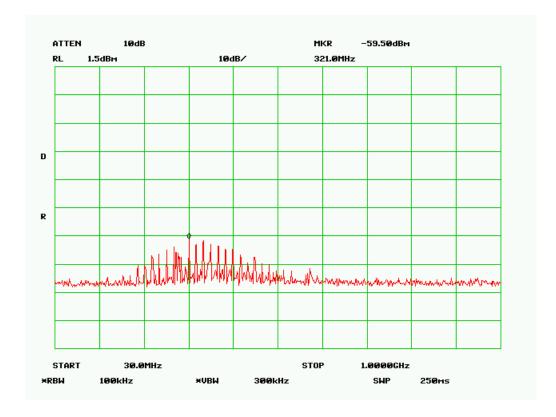
<sup>\*</sup>The testing was performed by James Ma 2006-11-22.

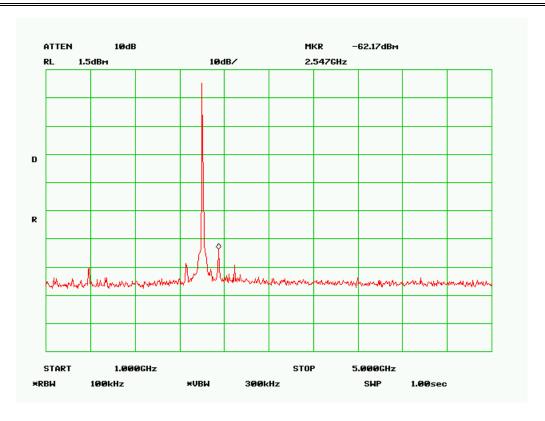
### **Measurement Results**

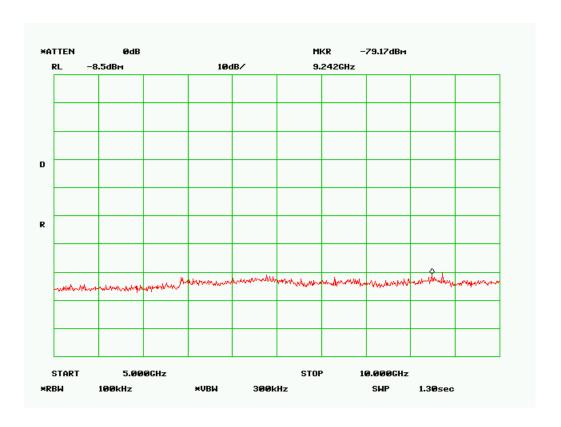
Please refer to the following plots.

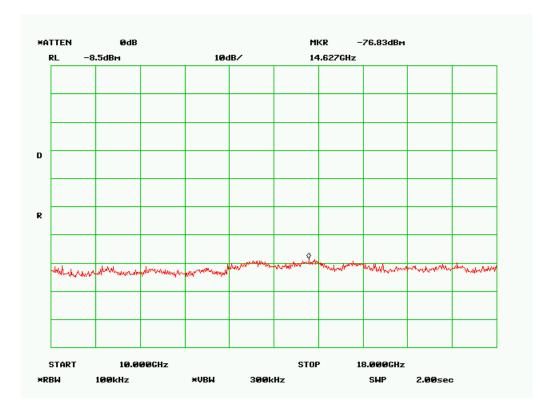
Note: The test was conducted at both hopping enable and disable mode, only the worst test data were presented.

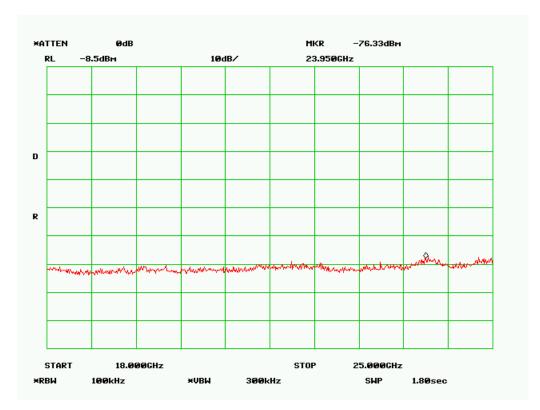
### **Low Channel**



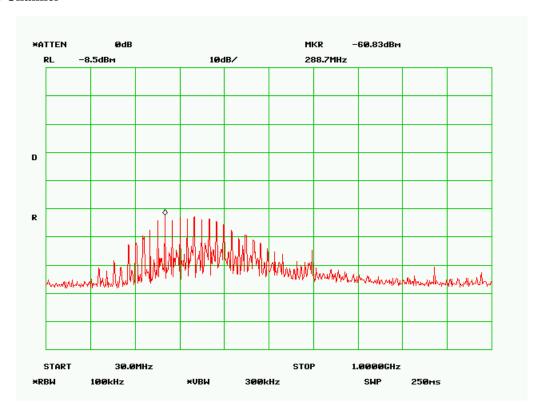


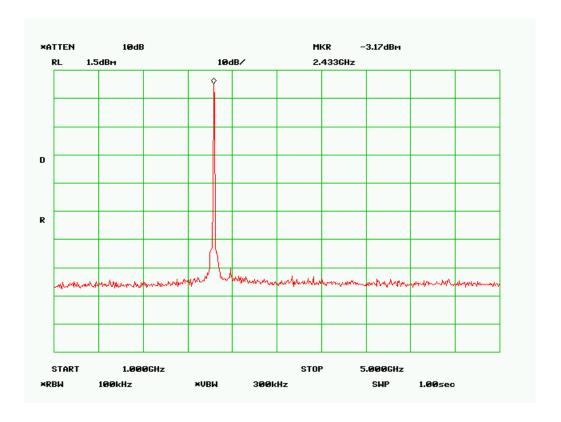


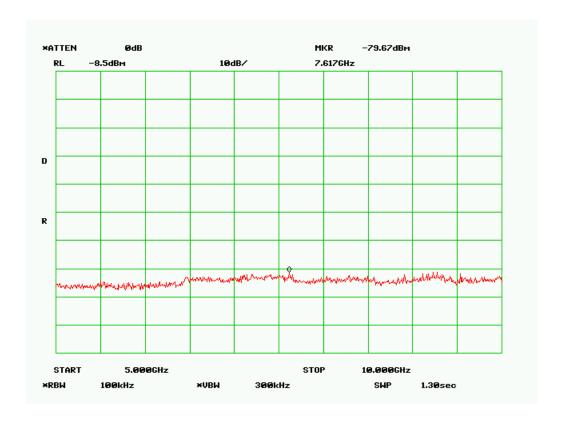


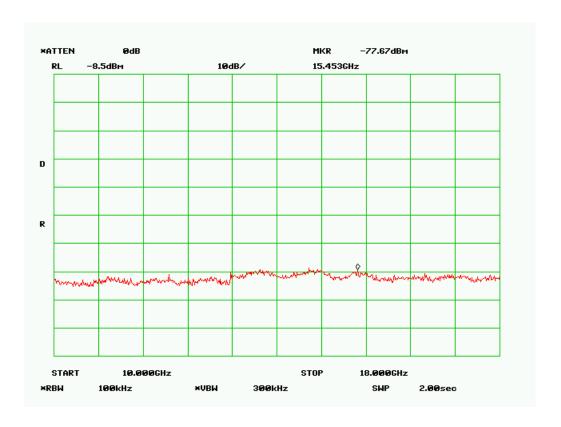


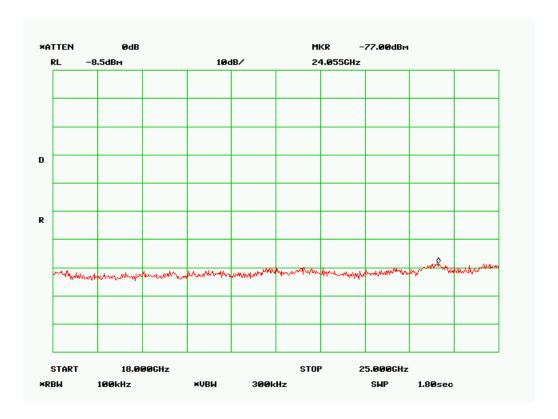
### **Middle Channel**



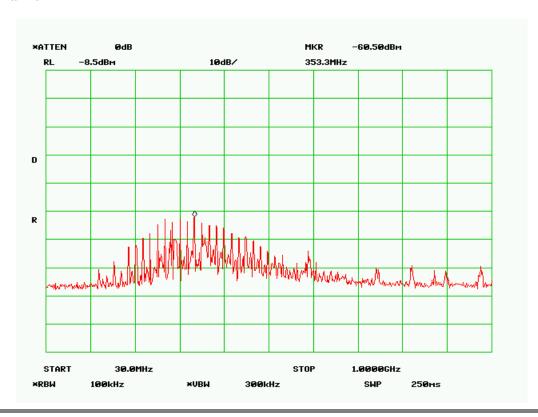


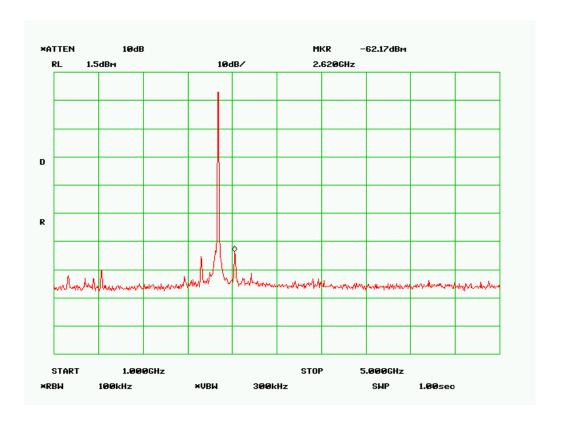


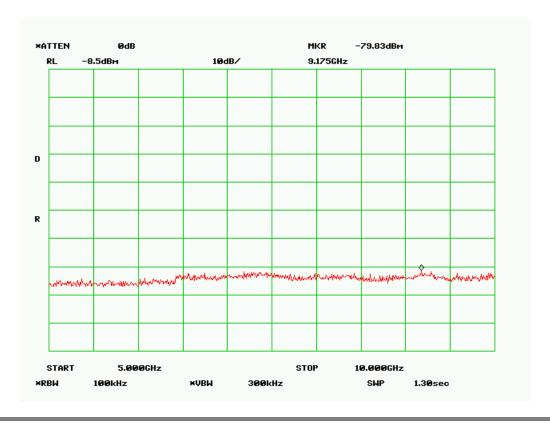


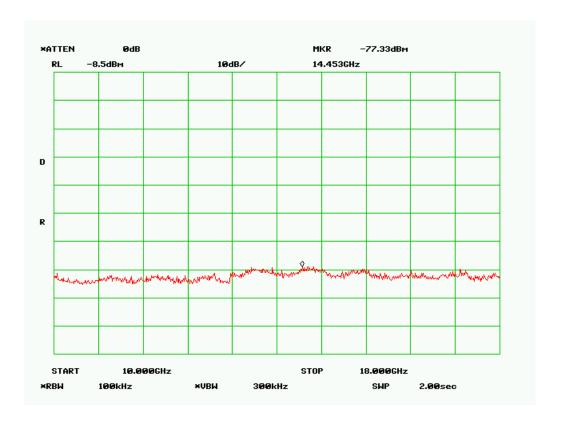


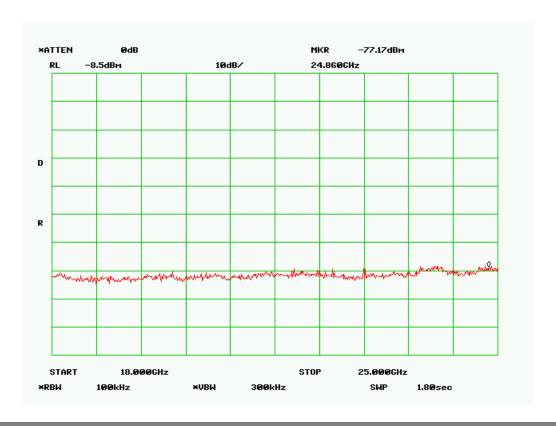
### **High Channel**











### §15.247 (d) - 100 KHZ BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES

#### **Applicable Standard**

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

#### **Measurement Procedure**

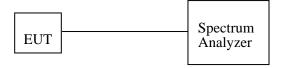
- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- Enable hopping mode. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the
  EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to
  any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its
  linear range.
- 3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

### **Test Equipment**

Manufacturer	Description	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Date
НР	Analyzer, Spectrum	8565EC	3946A00131	2006-01-11

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements, traceable to the NIST.

#### **Test Setup Diagram**



### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	63%
ATM Pressure:	1025 mbar

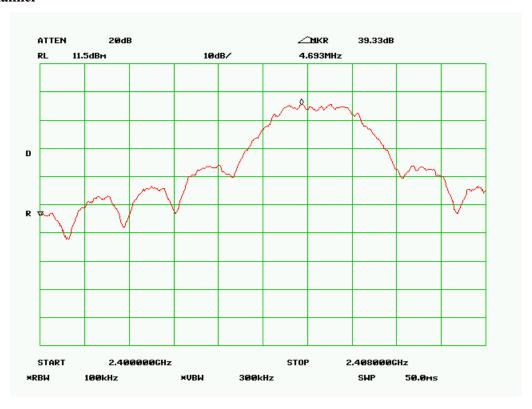
<sup>\*</sup>The testing was performed by James Ma 2006-11-22

### Plots of 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edge

Please refer the following plots.

Note: The test was conducted at both hopping enable and disable mode, only the worst test data were presented.

### **Low Channel**



# **High Channel**

