# **FCC Part 15C**

# **Measurement and Test Report**

For

# Shenzhen Weijian Plastic Product Co., Ltd

Shangpai Industrial Park, Shiyan Township, Baoan District, Shenzhen, China

FCC ID: SJ6411BT

Report Concerns:	Equipment Type:			
Original Report	Bluetooth Keyboard			
Model:	<u>W6411BT</u>			
Report No.:	STR12038349I			
Test Date:	2012-03-29 to 2012-04-20			
Issue Date:	<u>2012-05-07</u>	( 1)		
Tested By:	Vigoss Xiong / Engineer	Vigoss Xiong		
Reviewed By:	Lahm Peng / EMC Manager	Vigoss Xiong Lahm peng Jumbyso		
Approved & Authorized By:	Jandy so / PSQ Manager	Jumly80		
Prepared By:				
SEM.Test Compliance Service Co., Ltd.				
3/F, Jinbao Commerce Building, Xin'an Fanshen Road,				
Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C. (518101)				

Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by SEM.Test Compliance Service Co., Ltd.

Tel.: +86-755-33663308 Fax.: +86-755-33663309 Website: www.semtest.com.cn

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	3
1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	
1.2 Test Standards	
1.3 Test Methodology	
1.4 TEST FACILITY	
1.5 EUT TEST MODE	
1.7 EUT CABLE LIST AND DETAILS	
2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	
3. §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	
3.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
3.2 EVALUATION INFORMATION	
4. FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	
4.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
4.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	 9
4.3 Frequency Hopping System	
5. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS AND CHANNEL SPACING	10
5.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	10
5.2 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	10
5.3 Test Procedure	
5.4 Environmental Conditions	
5.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
6. DWELL TIME OF A HOPPING CHANNEL	
6.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
6.2 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	
6.4 Environmental Conditions	
6.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
7. 20-DB BANDWIDTH	24
7.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	24
7.2 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	
7.3 TEST PROCEDURE	
7.4 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	
8. POWER OUTPUT	
8.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
8.3 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.	
8.4 Environmental Conditions	
8.5 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	29
9. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	30
9.1 Measurement Uncertainty	30
9.2 STANDARD APPLICABLE	
9.3 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	
9.4 TEST PROCEDURE	
9.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	
9.7 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS/PLOTS	
10. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS	40
10.1 STANDARD APPLICABLE	40
10.2 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	40
10.3 Test Procedure	
10.4 Environmental Conditions	
10.3 SUMMAKT OF TEST RESULTS/PLUTS	41

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

#### **Client Information**

Applicant: Shenzhen Weijian Plastic Product Co., Ltd

Address of applicant: Shangpai Industrial Park, Shiyan Township, Baoan District,

Model: W6411BT

Shenzhen, China

Manufacturer: Shenzhen Weijian Plastic Product Co., Ltd

Address of manufacturer: Shangpai Industrial Park, Shiyan Township, Baoan District,

Shenzhen, China

#### **General Description of E.U.T**

Items	Description
Product Name:	Bluetooth Keyboard
Trade Name:	/
Model No.:	W6411BT
Adding Models:	W6110BT, W6111BT, W6016BT, W6410BT, W6312BT, W6020BT
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.0V
Max. Output Power:	-5.708dBm (Conducted)
Frequency range:	2402-2480MHz
Number of channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna (Gain: 2.0 dBi)
Bluetooth Version:	V2.0+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK(1Mbps), Pi/4 QDPSK(2Mbps), 8DPSK(3Mbps)

Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacture. The other model listed in the report has different appearance only of W6411BT without circuit and electronic construction changed, declared by the manufacturer.

# 1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the Shenzhen Weijian Plastic Product Co., Ltd in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

**Maintenance of compliance** is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

# 1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2003, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

Model: W6411BT

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission level. The test modes were adapted with Low Channel, Middle Channel and High Channel, accordingly in reference to the Operating Instructions.

# 1.4 Test Facility

# • FCC – Registration No.: 994117

SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 994117.

# • Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 7673A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 7673A.

#### • CNAS Registration No.: L4062

Shenzhen SEM.Test Electronics Service Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 3/F, Jinbao Commerce Building, Xin'an Fanshen Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101)

# Model: W6411BT

# 1.5 EUT Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements, all testing shall be perform at the low, middle, high channel.

Modulation Configure

Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size
	DH1	4	27
GFSK	DH3	11	183
	DH5	15	339
	2DH1	20	54
Pi/4 QDPSK	2DH3	26	367
	2DH5	30	379
	3DH1	24	83
8DPSK	3DH3	27	552
	3DH5	31	1021

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK.

EDR mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of (Pi/4)QDPSK and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case on 8DPSK.

# 1.6 Accessories Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

## 1.7 EUT Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Length (M)	Shielded/Unshielded	With Core/Without Core	
/	/	/	/	

# 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC RULES	DESCRIPTION OF TEST	RESULT
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.247(b)(1)	Power Output	Compliant
§ 15.209(a)(f)	Radiated Emission	Compliant
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge	Compliant
§ 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	N/A
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§ 15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

# 3. §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

# 3.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

## 3.2 Evaluation Information

This product has a permanent antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

# 4. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

# 4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Model: W6411BT

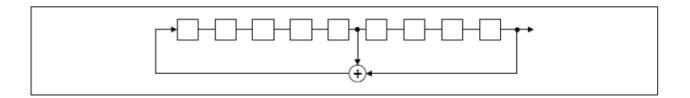
- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

#### 4.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5<sup>th</sup> and 9<sup>th</sup> stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29-1 = 511 bits Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

REPORT NO.: STR12038349I PAGE 8 OF 44 FCC PART 15.247

Model: W6411BT

Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

# 4.3 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

# 5. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS AND CHANNEL SPACING

# 5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Model: W6411BT

# 5.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

#### **5.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = the frequency band of operation (2400MHz to 2483.5MHz)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 100kHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize, observed the band of 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz, than count it out the number of channels for comparing with the FCC rules.

The channel spacing test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Other setting as above

Allow the trace to stabilize, Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

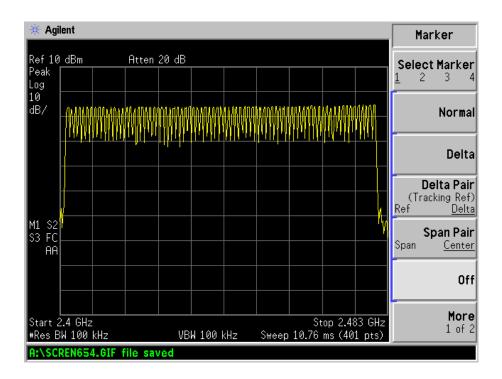
# **5.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

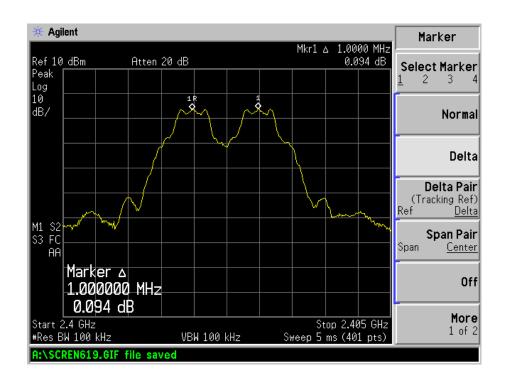
# **5.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

Test mode: 8DPSK 3DH5

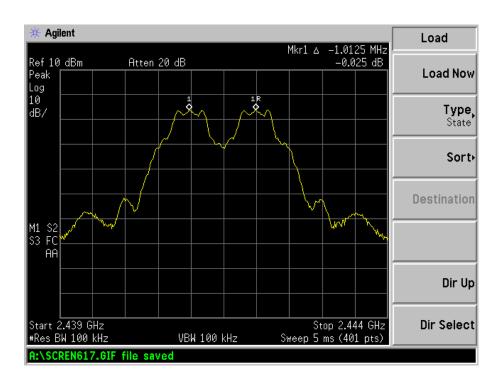
No. of Channel = 79 2402-2480MHz



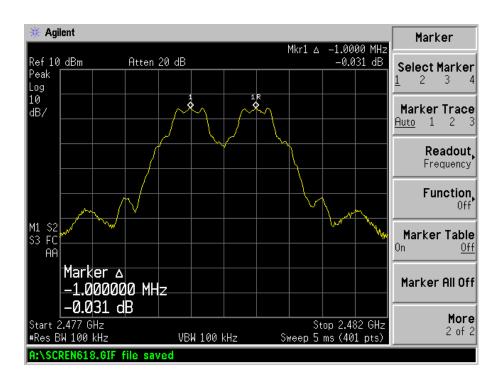
#### Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



## Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



# Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



# 6. DWELL TIME OF A HOPPING CHANNEL

# **6.1 Standard Applicable**

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Model: W6411BT

# **6.2 Test Equipment List and Details**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

#### **6.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time

# **6.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

# 6.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length).

Test data is corrected with the worse case, which the packet length is DH1, DH3, DH5, 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5.

```
The test period: T = 0.4 Second X 79 Channel = 31.6 s
```

Dwell time = time slot length X (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) X Period

#### Low Channel-2402MHz:

```
DH1 dwell time = 0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 67.2 \text{ ms}
```

DH3 dwell time = 
$$0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 33.6 \text{ ms}$$

DH5 dwell time = 
$$0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 22.4 \text{ ms}$$

#### Middle Channel-2441MHz:

```
DH1 dwell time = 0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 67.2 \text{ ms}
```

DH3 dwell time = 
$$0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 33.6 \text{ ms}$$

DH5 dwell time = 
$$0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 22.4 \text{ ms}$$

# High Channel-2480MHz:

DH1 dwell time = 
$$0.200 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 64.0 \text{ ms}$$

DH3 dwell time = 
$$0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 33.6 \text{ ms}$$

DH5 dwell time = 
$$0.220 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 23.5 \text{ ms}$$

# Low Channel-2402MHz:

```
3DH1 dwell time = 0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 67.2 \text{ ms}
```

3DH3 dwell time = 
$$0.220 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 35.2 \text{ ms}$$

3DH5 dwell time = 
$$0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 22.4 \text{ ms}$$

#### Middle Channel-2441MHz:

3DH1 dwell time = 
$$0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 67.2 \text{ ms}$$

3DH3 dwell time = 
$$0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 33.6 \text{ ms}$$

3DH5 dwell time = 
$$0.220 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 23.5 \text{ ms}$$

#### High Channel-2480MHz:

```
3DH1 dwell time = 0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 67.2 \text{ ms}
```

3DH3 dwell time = 
$$0.210 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 33.6 \text{ ms}$$

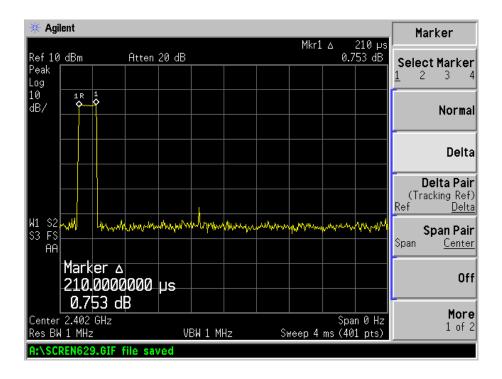
3DH5 dwell time = 
$$0.220 \text{ (ms)} * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 23.5 \text{ ms}$$

The test results are not greater than 0.4 seconds.

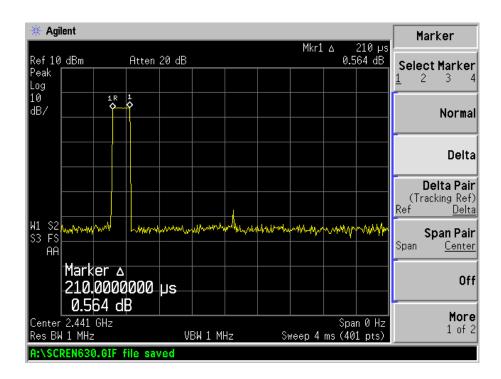
Please see the test plots as below:

#### DH1 time slot:

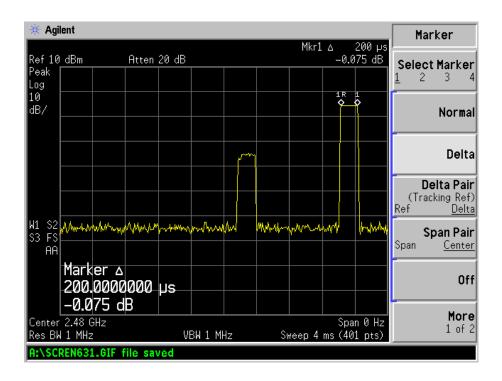
# CH Low:



#### CH Mid:

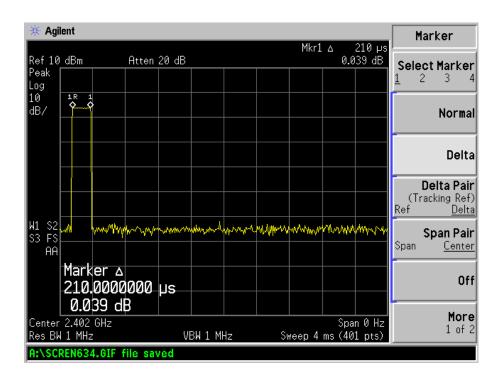


#### CH High:

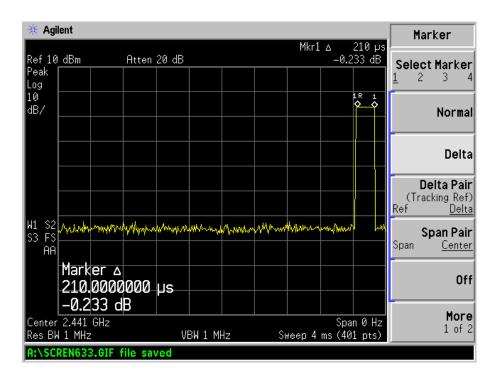


#### DH3 time slot:

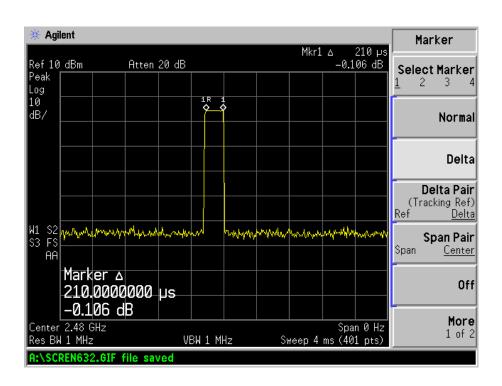
# CH Low:



#### CH Mid:

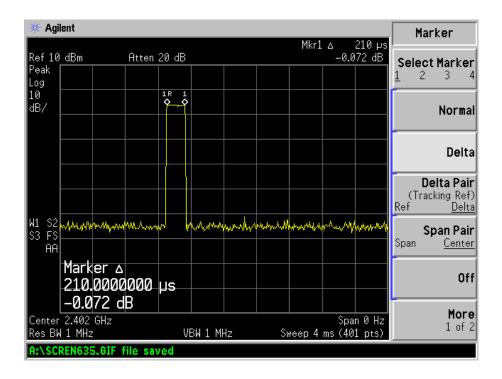


## CH High:

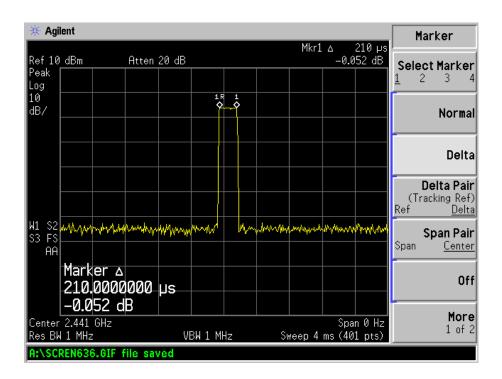


#### DH5 time slot:

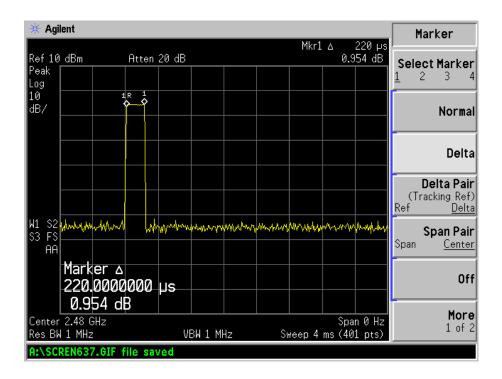
#### CH Low:



#### CH Mid:

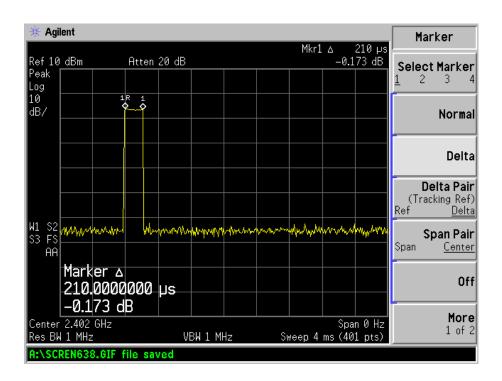


#### CH High:

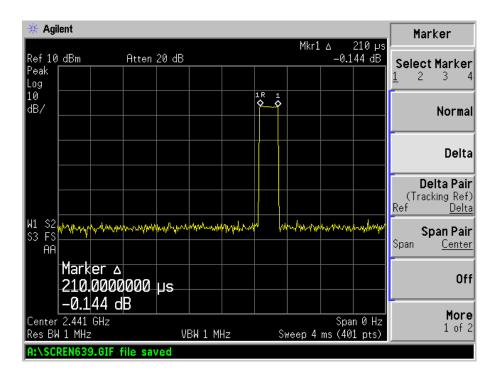


#### 3DH1 time slot:

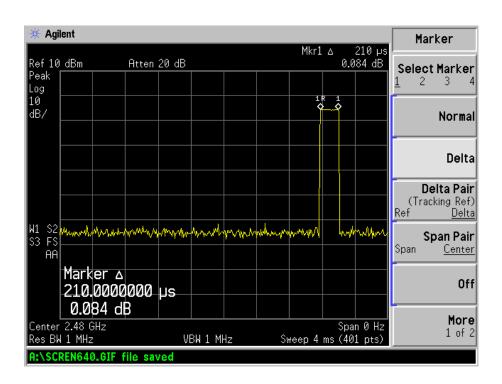
#### CH Low:



#### CH Mid:

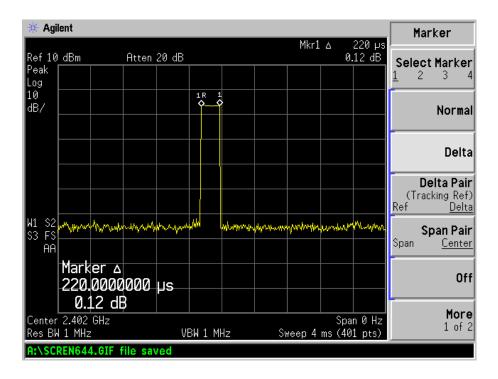


# CH High:

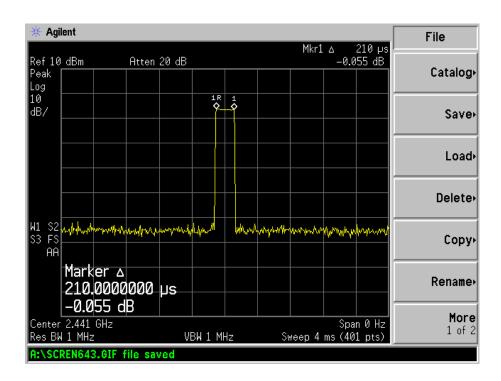


#### 3DH3 time slot:

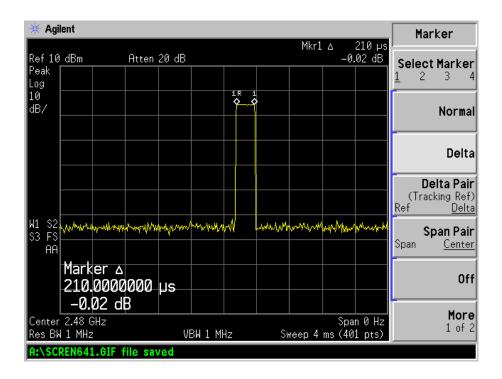
#### CH Low:



#### CH Mid:

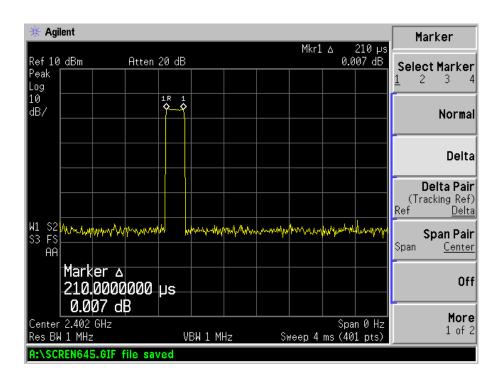


#### CH High:

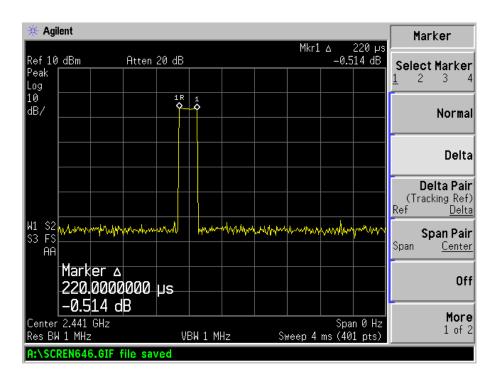


#### 3DH5 time slot:

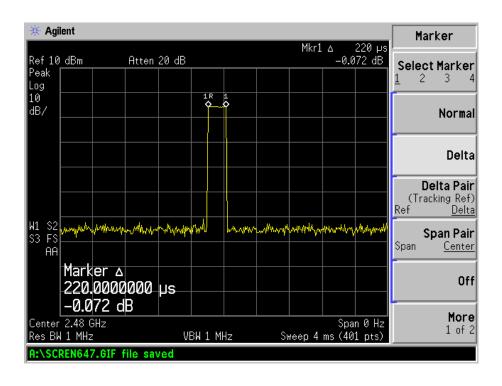
#### CH Low:



#### CH Mid:



## CH High:



## 7. 20-dB BANDWIDTH

# 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz no limit for 20dB bandwidth.

Model: W6411BT

# 7.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

#### 7.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 3MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW ≥1% 20dB Bandwidth, VBW ≥RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, use the marker-delta function to measure and record the 20dB down bandwidth of the emission.

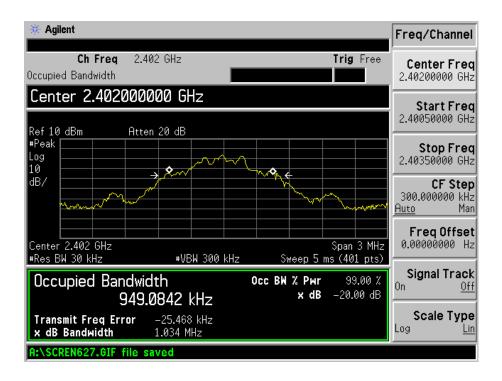
# 7.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

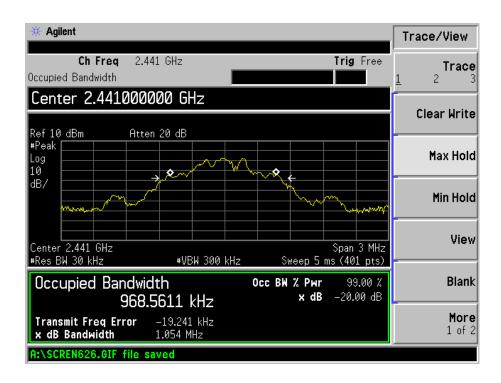
# 7.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Frequency	20 dB Bandwidth DH5	20 dB Bandwidth 3DH5	Limit
MHz kHz		kHz	dB
2402	949.0842	962.7287	/
2441	968.5611	964.0066	/
2480	956.2489	944.1605	/

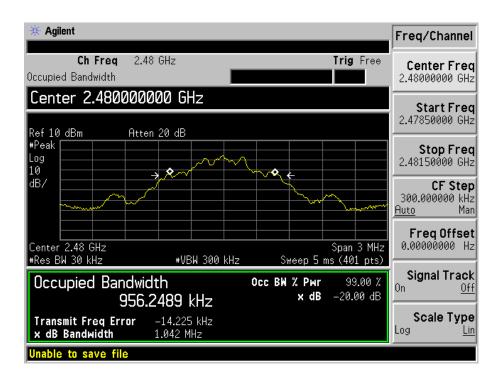
# DH5 Mode CH Low:



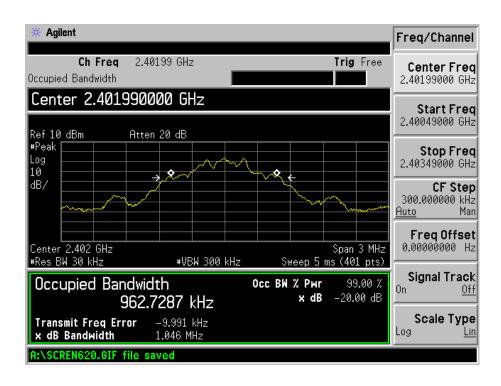
#### CH Mid:



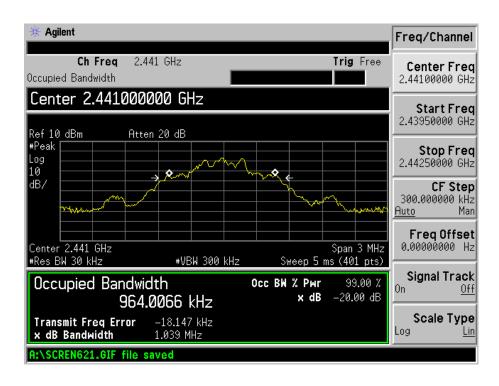
#### CH High:



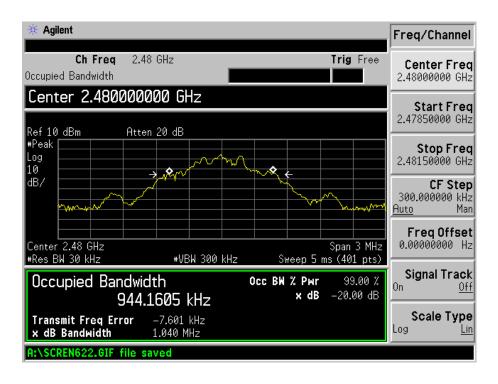
# 3DH5 Mode CH Low:



#### CH Mid:



#### CH High:



#### 8. POWER OUTPUT

# 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

Model: W6411BT

# 8.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-03-28	2013-03-27

#### **8.3 Test Procedure**

According to the DA 00-705, the peak output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 5MHz, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, the indicated level is the peak output power (the external attenuation and cable loss shall be considered).

### **8.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	55%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

# **8.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots**

Conducted Power: DH5

Channel	Frequency MHz	Measured Value dBm	Output Power mW	Limit mW
Low Channel 2402		-6.411	0.2285	1000
Middle Channel	2441	-6.409	0.2286	1000
High Channel	2480	-5.708	0.2687	1000

Model: W6411BT

Conducted Power: 3DH5

Champal	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit
Channel	MHz	dBm	mW	mW
Low Channel 2402		-6.403	0.2289	1000
Middle Channel	2441	-6.416	0.2282	1000
High Channel	2480	-5.713	0.2683	1000

Note: the antenna gain of 2.0dBi less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit..

# 9. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

# 9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement is  $\pm 5.10$  dB.

Model: W6411BT

# 9.2 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

### 9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Horn Antenna	ETS	3116B	00088203	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZECK	HFRA 5165	9365	2012-02-25	2013-02-24

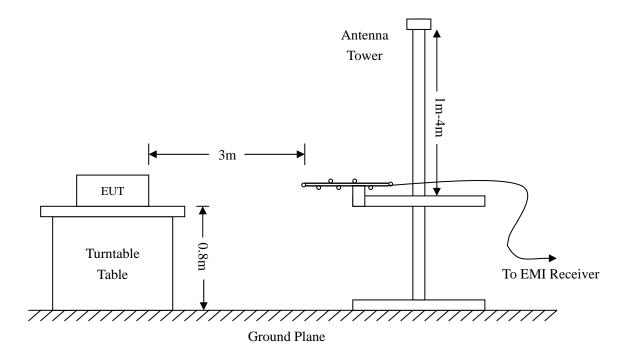
REPORT NO.: STR12038349I PAGE 30 OF 44 FCC PART 15.247

#### Model: W6411BT

#### **9.4 Test Procedure**

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.



## 9.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of  $-6dB\mu V$  means the emission is  $6dB\mu V$  below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

#### 9.6 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

# 9.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 standards, and had the worst margin of:

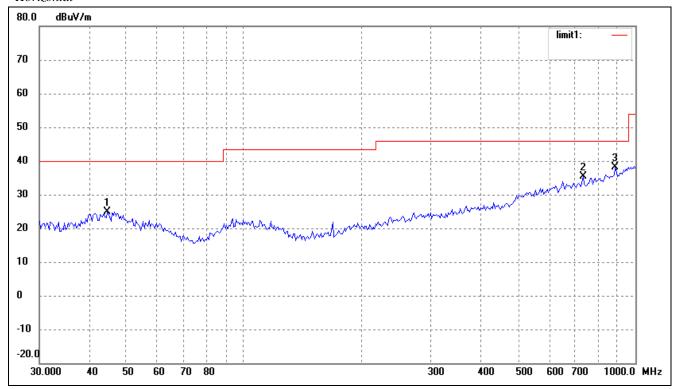
-5.99 dB $\mu$ V at 887.6099 MHz in the Vertical polarization for High Channel Mode, 9 kHz to 1 GHz, 3 Meters

Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

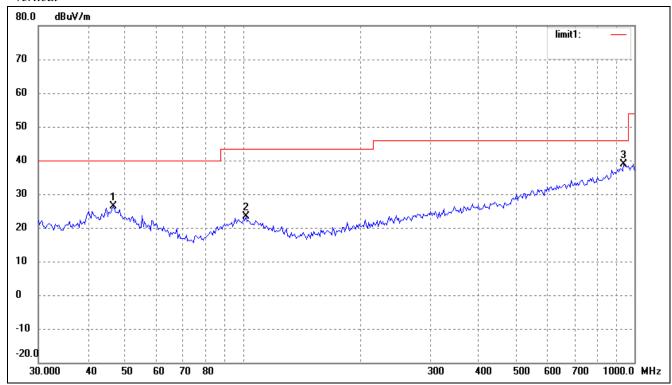
Test Mode: Transmitting-Low channel 2402MHz

Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	44.7434	16.78	8.22	25.00	40.00	-15.00	162	100	peak
2	734.4913	17.47	18.02	35.49	46.00	-10.51	200	100	peak
3	887.6099	17.34	20.67	38.01	46.00	-7.99	359	100	peak

# Vertical

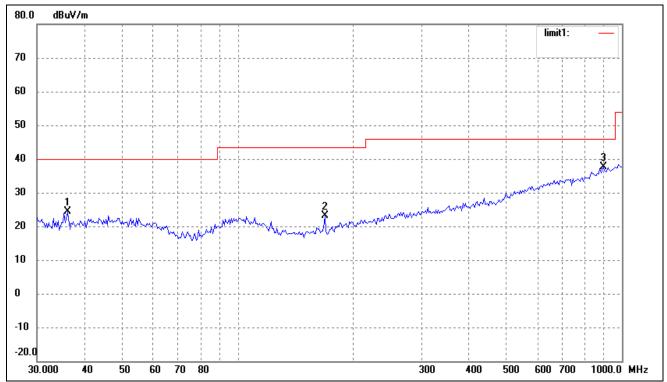


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	46.6664	18.15	8.14	26.29	40.00	-13.71	240	100	peak
2	101.6443	15.01	8.29	23.30	43.50	-20.20	187	100	peak
3	938.8326	17.23	21.61	38.84	46.00	-7.16	220	100	peak

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

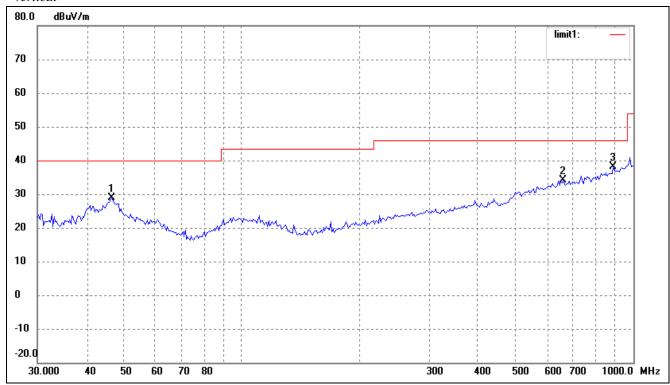
Test Mode: Transmitting-Middle channel 2441MHz

# Horizontal



	No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
Ī		(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
Ī	1	36.0007	17.34	7.05	24.39	40.00	-15.61	67	100	peak
ſ	2	168.4138	18.39	4.84	23.23	43.50	-20.27	274	100	peak
	3	893.8567	16.79	20.78	37.57	46.00	-8.43	359	200	peak

# Vertical

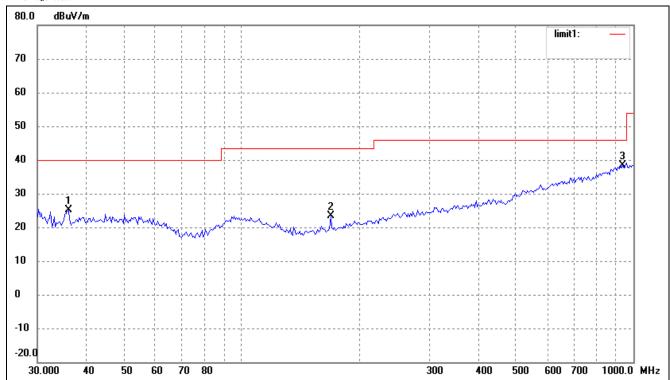


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	46.3402	20.68	8.16	28.84	40.00	-11.16	57	100	peak
2	661.1505	16.90	17.18	34.08	46.00	-11.92	94	100	peak
3	887.6099	17.34	20.67	38.01	46.00	-7.99	115	100	peak

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz

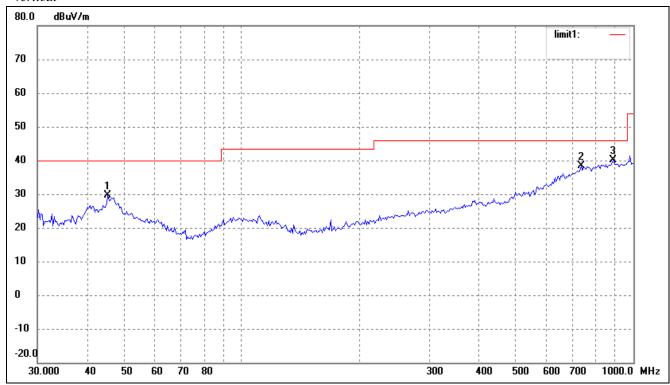
Test Mode: Transmitting-High channel 2480MHz

# Horizontal



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	36.0007	18.13	7.05	25.18	40.00	-14.82	234	100	peak
2	168.4138	18.43	4.84	23.27	43.50	-20.23	170	100	peak
3	938.8326	16.88	21.61	38.49	46.00	-7.51	200	100	peak

# Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(•)	(cm)	
1	45.3755	21.34	8.21	29.55	40.00	-10.45	215	100	peak
2	734.4913	20.47	18.02	38.49	46.00	-7.51	200	100	peak
3	887.6099	19.34	20.67	40.01	46.00	-5.99	310	100	peak

# Spurious Emission Above 1GHz

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V	Antenna Loss dB	Cable loss	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
	 					(2402MHz	1	<del>   </del>	-	
4804.0	AV	27.34	57	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	33.64	54	-20.36
4804.0	AV	27.38	35	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	33.68	54	-20.32
7206.0	AV	26.36	60	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	36.36	54	-17.64
7206.0	AV	26.15	79	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	36.15	54	-17.85
2402.0	AV	68.99	45	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	67.79		(Fund.)
2402.0	AV	67.54	359	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	66.34		(Fund.)
4804.0	PK	39.97	65	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	46.27	74	-27.73
4804.0	PK	42.32	98	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	48.62	74	-25.38
7206.0	PK	39.24	256	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	49.24	74	-24.76
7206.0	PK	38.65	185	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	48.65	74	-25.35
2402.0	PK	93.74	78	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	92.54		(Fund.)
2402.0	PK	89.11	44	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	87.91		(Fund.)
			N	Middle	Channel	(2441MH	Iz)			
4882.0	AV	28.94	21	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	35.24	54	-18.76
4882.0	AV	27.89	34	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	34.19	54	-19.81
7323.0	AV	27.28	342	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	37.28	54	-16.72
7323.0	AV	25.18	30	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	35.18	54	-18.82
2441.0	AV	66.54	98	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	65.34		(Fund.)
2441.0	AV	68.11	72	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	66.91		(Fund.)
4882.0	PK	41.21	237	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	47.51	74	-26.49
4882.0	PK	40.06	354	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	46.36	74	-27.64
7323.0	PK	38.46	264	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	48.46	74	-25.54
7323.0	PK	39.31	187	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	49.31	74	-24.69
2441.0	PK	92.60	55	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	91.40		(Fund.)
2441.0	PK	89.32	49	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	88.12		(Fund.)

	High Channel (2480MHz)												
4960.0	AV	28.19	17	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	34.49	54	-19.51			
4960.0	AV	27.70	13	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	34.00	54	-20.00			
7440.0	AV	25.95	355	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	35.95	54	-18.05			
7440.0	AV	26.48	66	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	36.48	54	-17.52			
2480.0	AV	56.24	63	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	55.04		(Fund.)			
2480.0	AV	55.36	85	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	54.16		(Fund.)			
4960.0	PK	40.84	50	Н	34.1	5.2	33.0	47.14	74	-26.86			
q4960.0	PK	40.75	59	V	34.1	5.2	33.0	47.05	74	-26.95			
7440.0	PK	37.38	269	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	47.38	74	-26.62			
7440.0	PK	38.01	64	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	48.01	74	-25.99			
2480.0	PK	90.38	85	Н	29.1	3.7	34.0	89.18		(Fund.)			
2480.0	PK	89.57	55	V	29.1	3.7	34.0	88.37		(Fund.)			

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, which above  $5^{th}$  Harmonics are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9kHz to 30MHz..

#### 10. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

# 10.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

Model: W6411BT

# 10.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2012-03-28	2013-03-27
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2012-02-25	2013-02-24
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2012-02-25	2013-02-24

#### 10.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge radiated test method as follows.

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205.

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge conducted test method as follows:

REPORT NO.: STR12038349I PAGE 40 OF 44 FCC PART 15.247

Model: W6411BT

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2380MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the limit specified in this section (at least 20dB attenuation).

# **10.4 Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

# 10.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

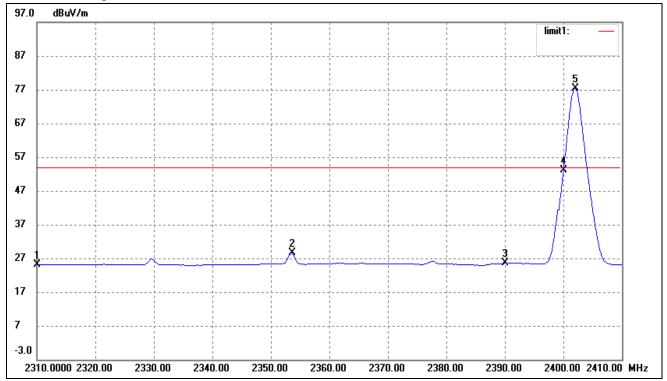
Test mode	Frequency	Limit	Result
	MHz	dBuV /dB	
	2353.68	<54dBuv	Pass
Lowest	2390.00	<54dBuv	Pass
	2400.00	>20dB ATT	Pass
Highest	2483.50	<54dBuv	Pass
Highest	2500.00	<54dBuv	Pass

The edge emissions are below the FCC 15.209 Limits or complies with the 15.247(d) requirements.

Please refer to the test plots as below.

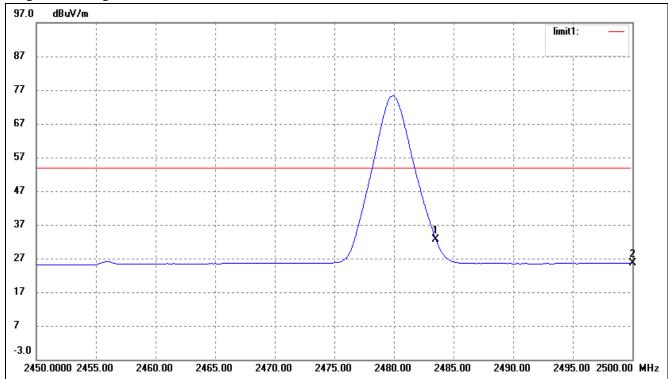
# Bandedge (Radiated)

# Lowest Bandedge



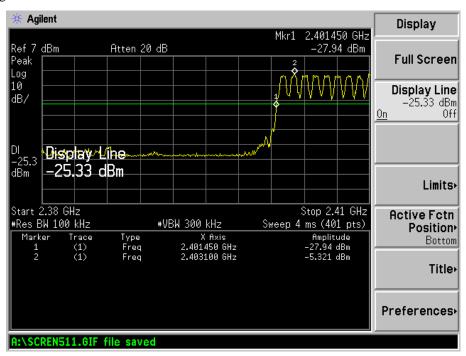
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2310.000	32.64	-7.51	25.13	54.00	-28.87	Average Detector
	2310.000	50.12	-7.51	42.61	74.00	-31.39	Peak Detector
2	2353.678	36.01	-7.41	28.60	54.00	-25.40	Average Detector
	2353.678	53.73	-7.41	46.32	74.00	-27.68	Peak Detector
3	2390.000	32.87	-7.34	25.53	54.00	-28.47	Average Detector
	2390.000	50.66	-7.34	43.32	74.00	-30.68	Peak Detector
4	2400.000	60.56	-7.31	53.25	54.00	-0.75	Average Detector
5	2402.047	84.67	-7.31	77.36	/	/	Average Detector

# Highest Bandedge

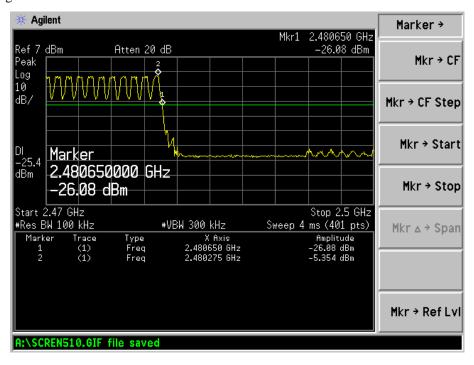


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2483.500	39.87	-7.13	32.74	54.00	-21.26	Average Detector
	2483.500	64.00	-7.13	56.87	74.00	-17.13	Peak Detector
2	2500.000	32.64	-7.08	25.56	54.00	-28.44	Average Detector
	2500.000	50.51	-7.08	43.43	74.00	-30.57	Peak Detector

# Bandedge (Conducted) Lowest Bandedge



## Highest Bandedge



#### \*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*