

# **FCC&IC DFS Test Report**

FCC ID: SIB-BGTAB-NV24A

IC: 6719D-BGTABNV24A

This report concerns (check one): Original Grant Class I Change

Project No. : 1406C178
Equipment : dreamtab
Model Name : BGTAB-NV24A

**Applicant**: Foxconn International Inc

Address : NO 2 ZIYOU ST TUCHENG DISTRICT NEW

TAIPEI,236 Taiwan

Date of Receipt : Jun. 24, 2014

Date of Test : Jun. 24, 2014~ Aug. 08, 2014

Issued Date : Aug. 11, 2014 Tested by : BTL Inc.

Testing Engineer : Savid Man

(David Mao)

Technical Manager :

(Leo Hung)

Authorized Signatory : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(Steven Lu)

## BTL INC.

No.3, Jinshagang 1st Road, Shixia, Dalang Town, Dongguan, China. TEL: +86-769-8318-3000FAX: +86-769-8319-6000

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 1 of 33



#### **Declaration**

**BTL** represents to the client that testing is done in accordance with standard procedures as applicable and that test instruments used has been calibrated with the standards traceable to National Measurement Laboratory (**NML**) of **R.O.C.**, or National Institute of Standards and Technology (**NIST**) of **U.S.A.** 

**BTL**'s reports apply only to the specific samples tested under conditions. It is manufacture's responsibility to ensure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with the identical electrical and mechanical components. **BTL** shall have no liability for any declarations, inferences or generalizations drawn by the client or others from **BTL** issued reports.

**BTL**'s reports must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by the authorities or any agency of the Government.

This report is the confidential property of the client. As a mutual protection to the clients, the public and **BTL-self**, extracts from the test report shall not be reproduced except in full with **BTL**'s authorized written approval.

BTL's laboratory quality assurance procedures are in compliance with the ISO Guide 17025 requirements, and accredited by the conformity assessment authorities listed in this test report.

#### Limitation

For the use of the authority's logo is limited unless the Test Standard(s)/Scope(s)/Item(s) mentioned in this test report is (are) included in the conformity assessment authorities acceptance respective.

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 2 of 33



Table of Contents	Page
1. CERTIFICATION	5
2 . EUT INFORMATION	6
2.1 EUT SPECIFICATION TABLE	6
2.4 EUT MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM E.I.R.P. POWER	7
3 . U-NII DFS RULE REQUIREMENTS	8
3.1 WORKING MODES AND REQUIRED TEST ITEMS	8
3.2 TEST LIMITS AND RADAR SIGNAL PARAMETERS	9
4. TEST INSTRUMENTS	11
5 . EMC EMISSION TEST	12
5.1 DFS MEASUREMENT SYSTEM:	12
5.2 CALIBRATION OF DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD LEVEL:	14
5.3 DEVIATION FROM TEST STANDARD	14
6. TEST RESULTS	15
6.1 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT	15
6.2 DETELED TEST RESULTS	16
6.2.1 TEST MODE: DEVICE OPERATING IN MASTER MODE. 6.2.2 DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD	16 16
6.2.5 NON- OCCUPANCY PERIOD	32

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 3 of 33



### **REPORT ISSUED HISTORY**

Issued No.	Description	Issued Date
BTL-FICP-5-1406C178	Original Report.	Aug. 11, 2014

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 4 of 33



### 1. CERTIFICATION

Equipment : dreamtab Trade Name **FUHU** 

Model Name. BGTAB-NV24A

: Foxconn International Inc. Applicant

Manufacturer : FUHU INC

Address : 909N., Sepulveda Blvd., Suite 540, E1 Segundo, CA 90245 : HONGFUJIN Precision Electronics (Chong Qing) Co., Ltd. Factory

: No.1, 1st E District RD., Shapingba District, Chongqing 401332, P.R. China Address

Date of Test: : Jun. 24, 2014~ Aug. 08, 2014 : ENGINEERING SAMPLE Test Item

FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407) FCC 06-96 Canada RSS-210:2010 Standard(s)

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc.

The test data, data evaluation, and equipment configuration contained in our test report (Ref No. BTL-FICP-5-1406C178) were obtained utilizing the test procedures, test instruments, test sites that has been accredited by the Authority of TAF according to the ISO-17025 quality assessment standard and technical standard(s).

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 5 of 33



### 2. EUT INFORMATION

### 2.1 EUT SPECIFICATION TABLE

Table 1: Specification of EUT

Product name	dreamtab	
Brand Name	FUHU	
Model	BGTAB-NV24A	
Model difference	N/A	
FCC ID	SIB-BGTAB-NV24A	
IC ID	6719D-BGTABNV24A	
Operational Mode	Slave	
Operating Frequency Range	5250~5350MHz&5470~5725MHz	
Modulation	OFDM	

Note: This device was functioned as a ☐ Master ■ Slave device during the DFS

### 2.2 DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS TO THE EUT

Table 2: Antenna list.

**Group 1** 

Ant.	Manufacturer	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)	Note
1	FOXCONN	PCA-3007-25GC1-A2	Integral	N/A	-1.31	360mm
2	FOXCONN	PCA-3007-25GC1-A5	Integral	N/A	-3.46	65mm

**Group 2** 

Ant.	Manufacturer	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)	Note
1	MAG Corporation	PCA-3007-25GC1-A2	Integral	N/A	2.24	360mm
2	MAG Corporation	PCA-3007-25GC1-A5	Integral	N/A	1.92	65mm

#### Note:

- 1. The EUT incorporates a MIMO function. Physically, the EUT provides two completed two transmitters and two receivers (2T2R).
- 2. Two groups of antenna were used with the same type, only differ in manufacturer and gain, group 2 is tested and recorded as the worst case in this report.

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 6 of 33



### 2.3 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER AND EIRP POWER

TABLE 3: THE CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER LIST

TX (11a)

FREQUENCY	MAX. POWER	
BAND (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	13.63	23.07
5470~5725	13.51	22.44

TX (11n 40MHz)

FREQUENCY	MAX. POWER	
BAND (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	15.15	32.73
5470~5725	15.42	34.83

### 2.4 EUT MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM E.I.R.P. POWER

TABLE 4: THE MAX EIRP LIST

TX (11a)

FREQUENCY	MAX. POWER	
BAND (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	16.39	43.55
5470~5725	16.27	42.36

TX (11n 40MHz)

FREQUENCY	MAX. POWER	
BAND (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER(dBm)	OUTPUT POWER(mW)
5250~5350	17.91	61.80
5470~5725	18.18	65.77

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 7 of 33



### 3. U-NII DFS RULE REQUIREMENTS

### 3.1 WORKING MODES AND REQUIRED TEST ITEMS

The manufacturer shall state whether the UUT is capable of operating as a Master and/or a Client. If the UUT is capable of operating in more than one operating mode then each operating mode shall be tested separately. See tables 1 and 2 for the applicability of DFS requirements for each of the operational modes.

Table 5: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use a channel

		Operational Mod	e
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection
Non-Occupancy Period	✓	Not required	✓
DFS Detection Threshold	✓	Not required	✓
Channel Availability Check Time	✓	Not required	Not required
Uniform Spreading	✓	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	✓	Not required	✓

Table 6: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation.

		Operational Mod	е
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection
DFS Detection Threshold	✓	Not required	✓
Channel Closing Transmission Time	✓	✓	✓
Channel Move Time	✓	✓	✓
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	✓	Not required	✓

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 8 of 33



### 3.2 TEST LIMITS AND RADAR SIGNAL PARAMETERS

### **DETECTION THRESHOLD VALUES**

Table 7: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection.

Maximum Transmit Power	Value
	(See Notes 1 and 2)
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
< 200 milliwatt	-62 dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Table 8: DFS Response Requirement Values

Parameter	Value	
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes	
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds	
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.	
	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	milliseconds over remaining 10 second	
	period. See Notes 1 and 2.	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 80% of the UNII 99% transmission	
	power bandwidth. See Note 3.	

**Note 1:** The instant that the Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time begins is as follows:

- For the Short Pulse Radar Test Signals this instant is the end of the Burst.
- For the Frequency Hopping radar Test Signal, this instant is the end of the last radar Burst generated.
- For the Long Pulse Radar Test Signal this instant is the end of the 12 second period defining the Radar Waveform.

**Note 2:** The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

**Note 3:** During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 1 is used and for each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 9 of 33



### PARAMETERS OF DFS TEST SIGNALS

Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

Table 9: Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms.

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
1	1	1428	18	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)			80%	120	

Table 10: Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Numberof Pulsesper Burst	Numberof Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number ofTrials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

Table 11: Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Numberof Pulsesper Burst	Numberof Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number ofTrials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 10 of 33



### **4. TEST INSTRUMENTS**

Table 1: Test instruments list.

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	Serial No	Calibration Until
EXA Specturm Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY50520044	2015-04-25
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	My49071316	2015-04-25
POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Cicuits	ZFRSC-123-S+	331000910	2015-04-25
POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Cicuits	ZN4PD1-63-S+	SF933501045	2015-04-25
POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Cicuits	ZN2PD-9G-S+	SF012700714	2015-04-25
attenuator	Mini-Cicuits	VAT-30+	30912	2015-04-25
attenuator	Mini-Cicuits	VAT-10+	30909	2015-04-25
Specturm Analyzer	R&S	FSL6	1004423	2014-11-25
PC	Dell 745	DCSM	G7K832X	
Netbook	Нр	HSTNN-I69C-3	CNU02203XG	

Note: Calibration interval of instruments listed above is one year.

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 11 of 33

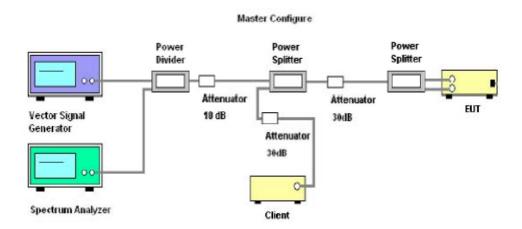


### 5. EMC EMISSION TEST

### **5.1 DFS MEASUREMENT SYSTEM:**

### CONDUCTED METHOD SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM

### **Master Conducted Measurement**



### SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the NTIA software. The Vector Signal Generator has been validated by the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the CCS simulated hopping method and system, which has been validated by the DoD, FCC and NTIA. The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution.

The short pulse types 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time.

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 12 of 33



The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC 06-96. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from FL to FH for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer set to display 8001 bins on the horizontal axis. The time-domain resolution is 2 msec / bin with a 16 second sweep time, meeting the 10 second short pulse reporting criteria. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

Should multiple RF ports be utilized for the Master and/or Slave devices (for example, for diversity or MIMO implementations), additional combiner/dividers are inserted between the Master Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Master Device (and/or between the Slave Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Slave Device). Additional pads are utilized such that there is one pad at each RF port on each EUT.

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 13 of 33



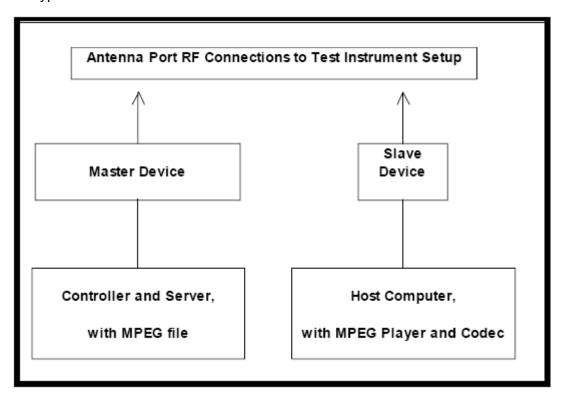
### 5.2 CALIBRATION OF DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD LEVEL:

A 50 ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected in place of the master device and the signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of -62 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. Measure the amplitude and calculate the difference from –62 dBm. Adjust the Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer to this difference.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –62 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

Set the signal generator to produce a radar waveform, trigger a burst manually and measure the level on the spectrum analyzer. Readjust the amplitude of the signal generator as required so that the peak level of the waveform is at a displayed level equal to the required or desired interference detection threshold. Separate signal generator amplitude settings are determined as required for each radar type.



### 5.3 DEVIATION FROM TEST STANDARD

No deviation.

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 14 of 33



### **6. TEST RESULTS**

### **6.1 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT**

Clause	Test Parameter	Remarks	Pass/Fail
15.407	DFS Detection Threshold	No Applicable	N/A
15.407	Channel Availability Check Time	No Applicable	N/A
15.407	Channel Move Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Channel Closing Transmission Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Non- Occupancy Period	No Applicable	N/A
15.407	Uniform Spreading	No Applicable	N/A
15.407	U-NII Detection Bandwidth	No Applicable	N/A

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 15 of 33



### **6.2 DETELED TEST RESULTS**

Clause	Test Parameter	Remarks	Pass/Fail
15.407	DFS Detection Threshold	No Applicable	N/A
15.407	Channel Availability Check Time	No Applicable	N/A
15.407	Channel Move Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Channel Closing Transmission Time	Applicable	Pass
15.407	Non- Occupancy Period	No Applicable	N/A
15.407	Uniform Spreading	No Applicable	N/A
15.407	U-NII Detection Bandwidth	No Applicable	N/A

### 6.2.1 TEST MODE: DEVICE OPERATING IN MASTER MODE.

The EUT is slave equipment, it need a master device when testing.

Master with injection at the Master. (Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master)

### 6.2.2 DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD

### Calibration:

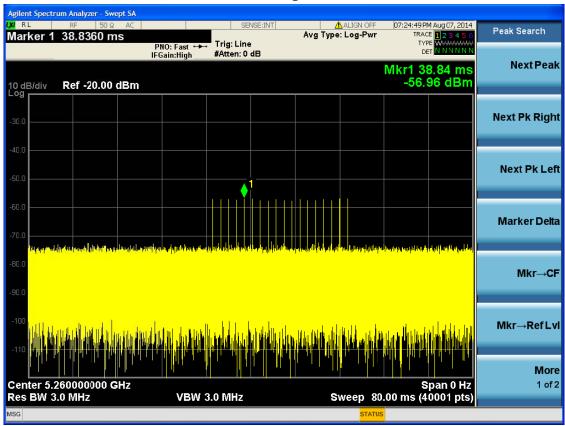
For a detection threshold level of -64dBm and the Master antenna gain is 5.7dBi, required detection threshold is -56.30 dBm (= -62+5.7).

Note: Maximum Transmit Power is more than 200 milliwatt in this report, so detection threshold level is -64dBm (please refer to Table 7 [page 9]).

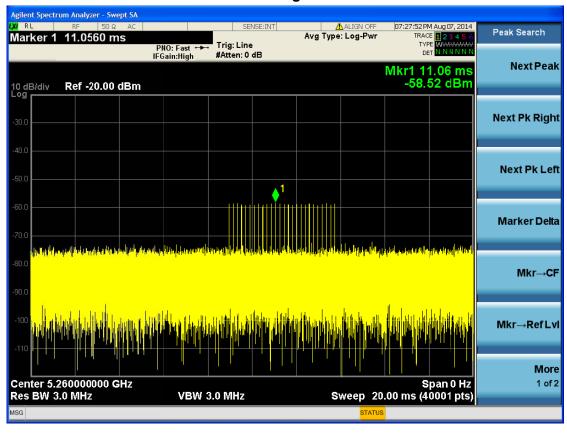
Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 16 of 33



### **Radar Signal 1**



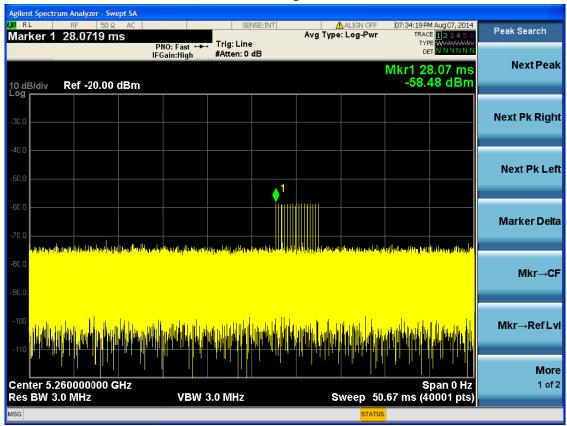
### Radar Signal 2



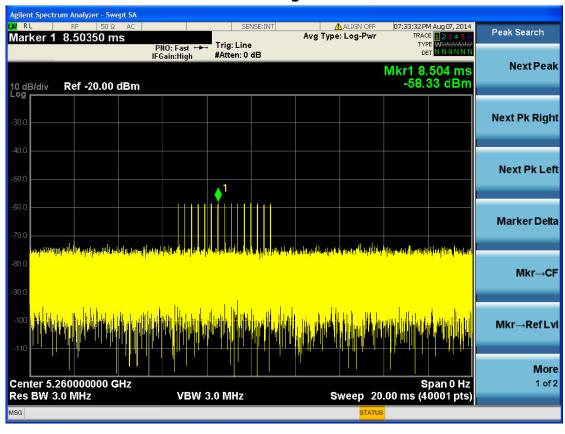


Page 18 of 33

### Radar Signal 3

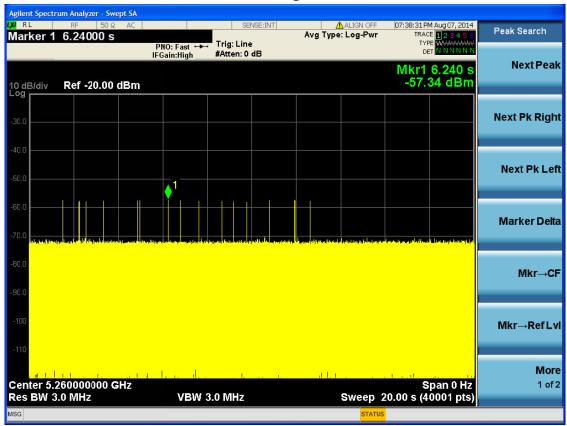


### Radar Signal 4

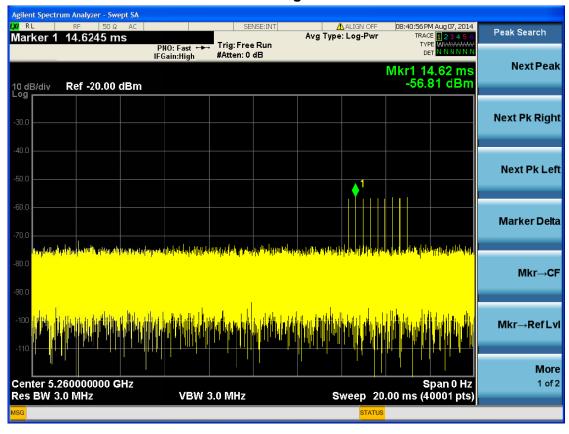




### Radar Signal 5



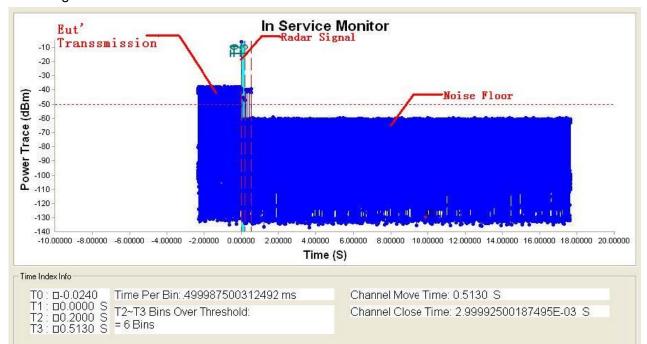
### Radar Signal 6





### TX (11a Mode)

### Radar signal 1



**Note:** To denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.

T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

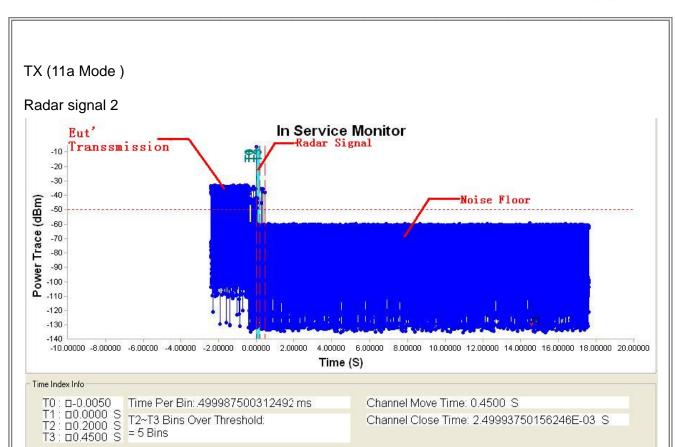
T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

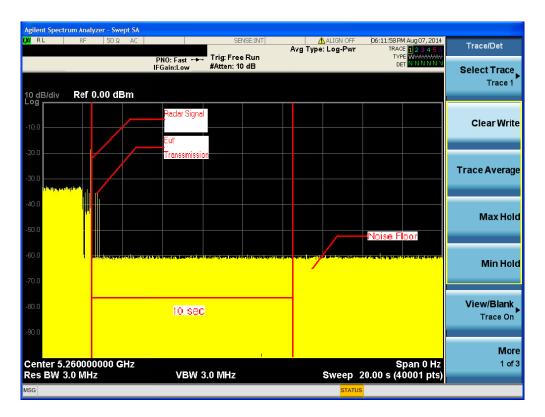




T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

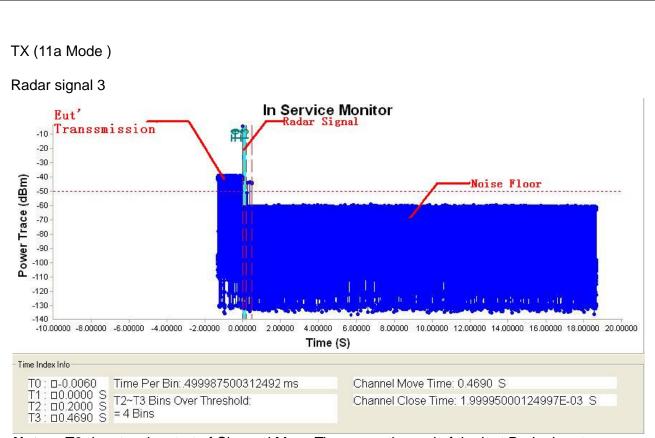
T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms





T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

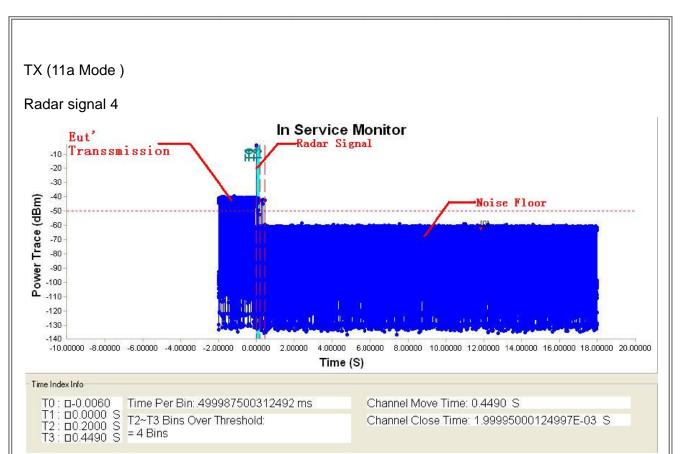
T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms





T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

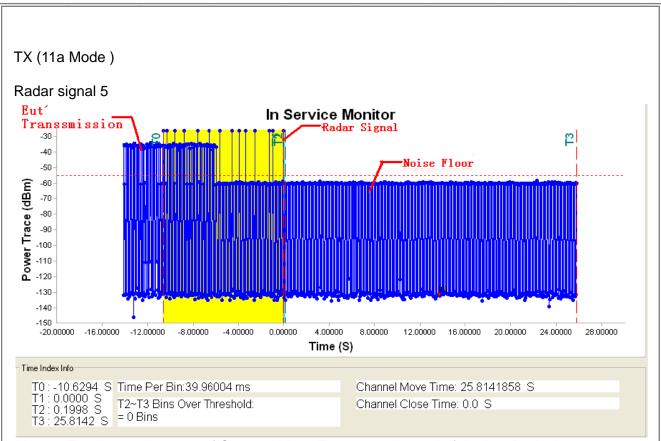
T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

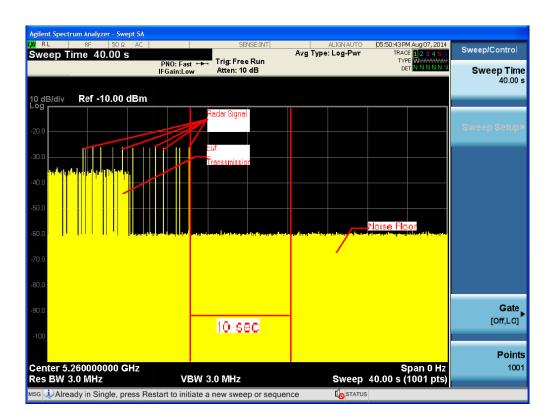




T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

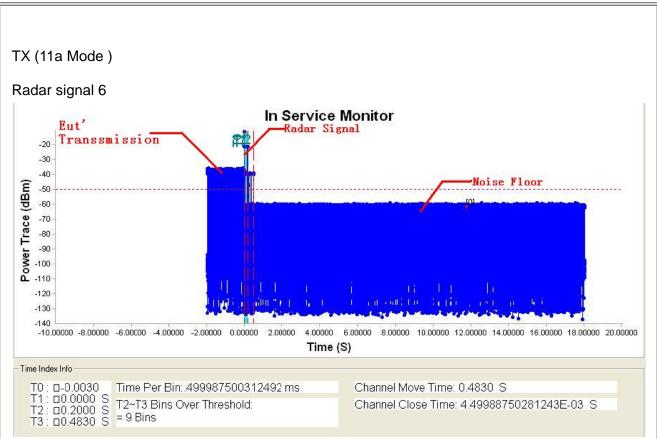
T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

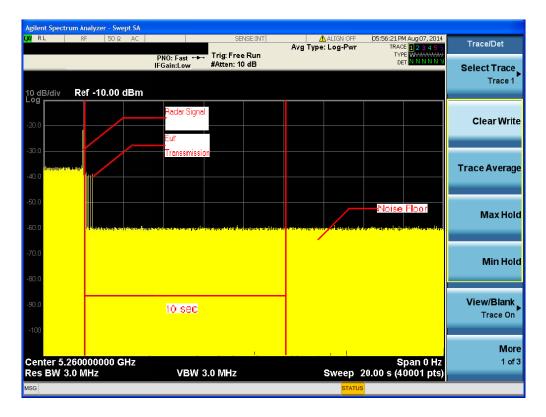




T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

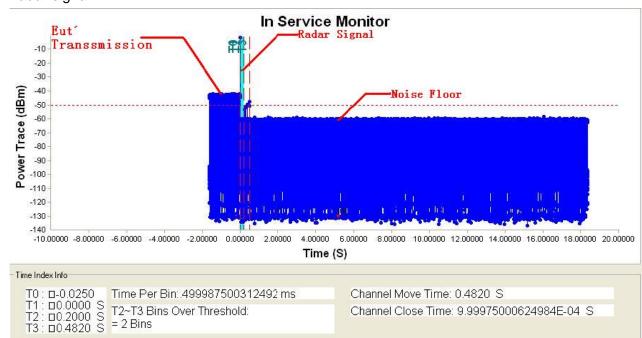


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms



### TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

### Radar signal 1



**Note:** To denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.

T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

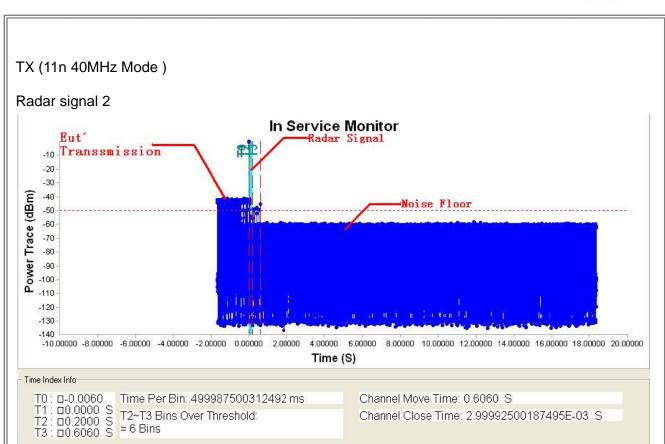
T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms



Page 27 of 33

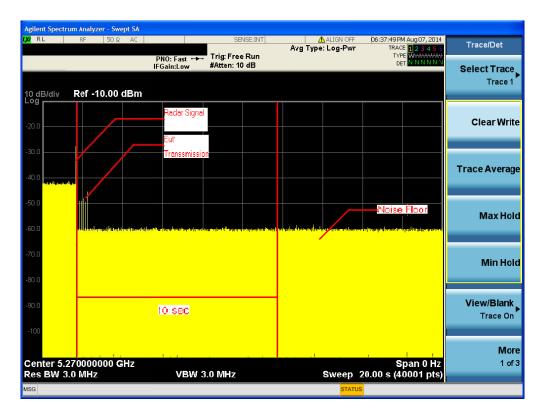


**Note:** To denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.

T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

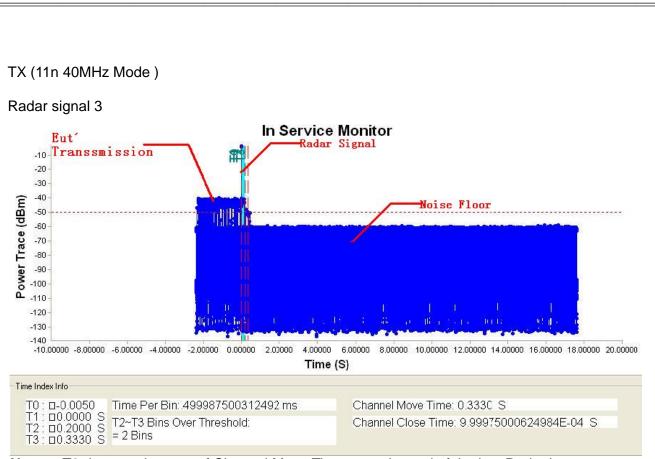
T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms





T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

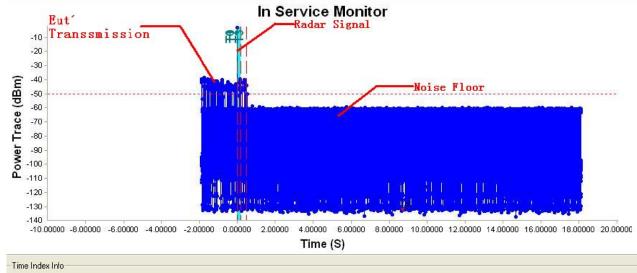


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms



# TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

### Radar signal 4



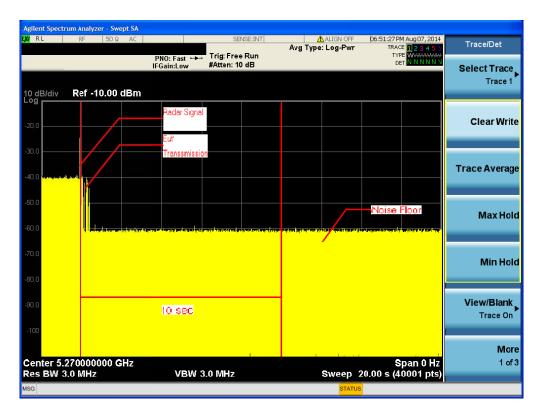
Channel Move Time: 0.4780 S Channel Close Time: 3.54991125221869E-02 S

**Note:** To denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.

T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

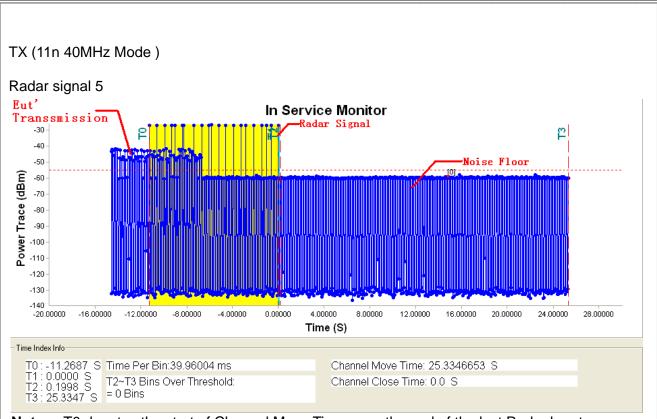
T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms

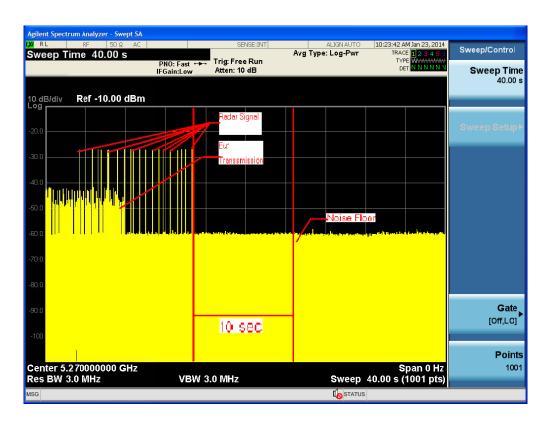




T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

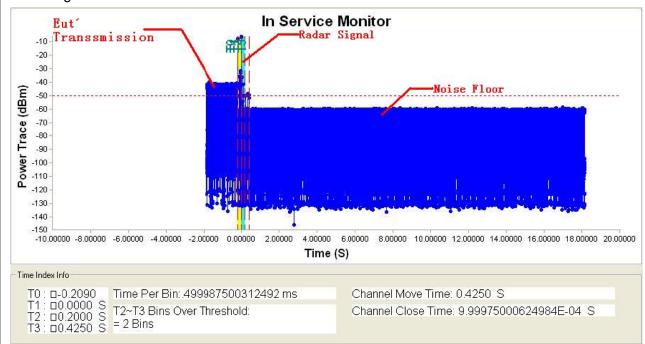


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms



### TX (11n 40MHz Mode)

### Radar signal 6



Note: T0 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.

T1 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T0.

T2 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

T3 denotes the 10 second from T0 to observe the aggregate duration of transmissions.

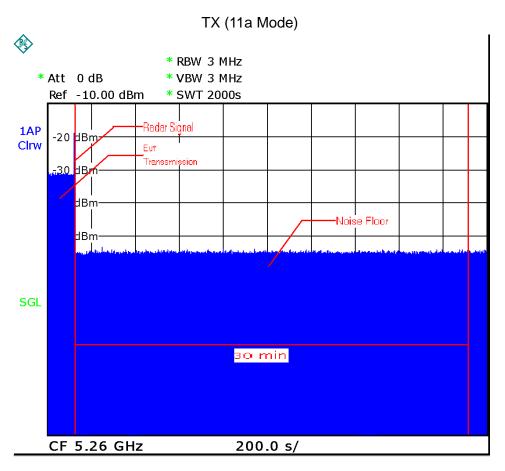


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms



### **6.2.5 NON- OCCUPANCY PERIOD**

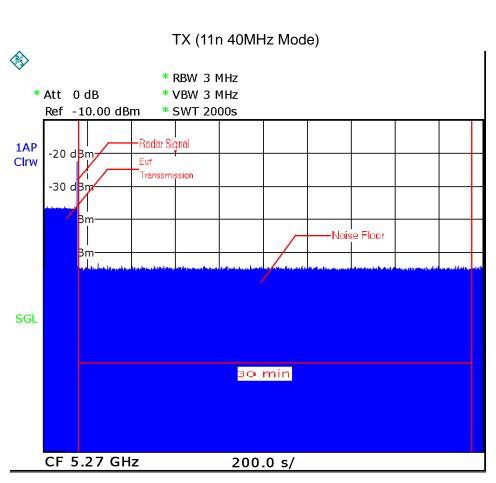
During the 30 minutes observation time, UUT did not make any transmissions on a channel after a radar signal was detected on that channel by either the Channel Availability Check or the In-Service Monitoring.



Date: 7.AUG.2014 18:15:44

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 32 of 33





Date: 7.AUG.2014 18:09:42

Report No.: BTL-FICP-5-1406C178 Page 33 of 33