#### FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

## **TEST REPORT**

For

## Super G USB 2.0 WLAN Adapter With Smart Antenna

**Model: WUB-321A** 

**Trade Name: U-MEDIA** 

Issued to

U-MEDIA Communications, Inc. 9F, No. 1, Jin-Shan 7th ST., Hsinchu 300, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Issued by



Compliance Certification Services Inc.
No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang,
Taoyuan Hsien, (338) Taiwan, R.O.C.
http://www.ccsemc.com.tw
service@tw.ccsemc.com



Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

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# 1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant: U-MEDIA Communications, Inc.

9F, No. 1, Jin-Shan 7th ST., Hsinchu 300, Taiwan, R.O.C.

**Equipment Under Test:** 

Super G USB 2.0 WLAN Adapter With Smart Antenna

Trade Name:

**U-MEDIA** 

Model:

WUB-321A

Date of Test:

March 16 ~ 21, 2006

APPLICABLE STANDARDS				
STANDARD	TEST RESULT			
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	No non-compliance noted			

# We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample EUT identified in this report.

Approved by:

Gavin Lim

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

navi, lim

Reviewed by:

Amanda Wu

Section Manager

Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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# 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	Super G USB 2.0 WLAN Adapter With Smart Antenna		
Trade Name	U-MEDIA		
Model Number	WUB-321A		
<b>Model Discrepancy</b>	N/A		
Power Supply	Powered from host device.		
Frequency Range	IEEE 802.11b/g Base mode: 2.412~2.462 GHz IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode: 2.437 GHz		
Transmit Power	IEEE 802.11b mode: 19.35 dBm IEEE 802.11g Base mode: 18.67 dBm IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode: 18.37 dBm		
Modulation Technique	IEEE 802.11b mode: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g Base mode: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) + OFDM (QPSK, BPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM) IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode: OFDM (QPSK, BPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM)		
Transmit Data Rate	IEEE 802.11b mode: 11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps IEEE 802.11g Base mode: 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 11, 9, 6, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode: 108, 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12Mbps		
Number of Channels	IEEE 802.11b/g Base mode: 11 Channels IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode: 1 Channel		
Antenna Specification	Left + Omni PCB Antenna / Gain: 4.94 dBi Center Omni PCB Antenna / Gain: 2.45dBi Right + Omni PCB Antenna / Gain: 2.73 dBi		

## Remark:

- 1. The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.
- 2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: <u>SI5WUB321A</u> filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

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## 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

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## 3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### 3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

## 3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

#### **Conducted Emissions**

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### **Radiated Emissions**

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.

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## 3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

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MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{2}$
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

<sup>(</sup>b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

#### 3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT (model: WUB-321A) had been tested under operating condition.

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

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Mode 1: Middle omni antenna mode only.

Mode 2: Middle omni plus left antenna mode, controlled by software through U17 switch.

Mode 3: Middle omni plus right antenna mode, controlled by software through U18 switch

The worst emission was found in mode 2 and the worst case was recorded.

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission below 1GHz, which worst case was in normal link mode only.

IEEE802.11b: Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 1Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE802.11g: Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

IEEE802.11g Turbo mode: Channel Mid (2437MHz) with 12Mbps data rate was chosen for full testing.

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# 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

## 4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

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## 4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

## **Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement**

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

Conducted Emissions Test Site							
Name of Equipment	Name of Equipment Manufacturer Model Serial Number Calibration Due						
Spectrum Analyzer         Agilent         E4446A         MY43360131         01/10/2007							

	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber							
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due				
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	07/25/2006				
Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESCI	100064	06/28/2006				
Switch Controller	TRC	Switch Controller	SC94050010	05/05/2006				
4 Port Switch	TRC	4 Port Switch	SC94050020	05/05/2006				
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-0502	06	06/02/2006				
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-0801	04	05/05/2006				
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-1201A	01	07/04/2006				
Horn-Antenna	TRC	HA-1301A	01	07/04/2006				
Bilog- Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB3	A030205	03/09/2007				
Turn Table	Max-Full	MFT-120S	T120S940302	N.C.R.				
Antenna Tower	Max-Full	MFA-430	A440940302	N.C.R.				
Controller	Max-Full	MF-CM886	CC-C-1F-13	N.C.R.				
Site NSA	CCS	N/A	FCC: 965860 IC: IC 6106	09/26/2008				
Test S/W	LABVIEW (V 6.1)							

**Remark:** The measurement uncertainty is less than +/-2.0065dB (30MHz ~ 1GHz), +/-3.0958dB (Above 1GHz) which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.

Powerline Conducted Emissions Test Site								
Name of Equipment Manufacturer Model Serial Number Calibration Du								
EMI TEST RECEIVER 9kHz-30MHz	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESHS30	828144/003	09/24/2006				
TWO-LINE V-NETWORK 9kHz-30MHz	SCHAFFNER	NNB41	03/10013	06/11/2006				
LISN 10kHz-100MHz	EMCO	9106-1809	02/17/2007					
Test S/W	LABVIEW (V 6.1)							

**Remark:** The measurement uncertainty is less than +/- 2.81dB, which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.

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# 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

## **5.1 FACILITIES**

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
 □ No.199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
 Tel: 886-2-2217-0894 / Fax: 886-2-2217-1029
 ☑ No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, Taipei Hsien 248, Taiwan
 Tel: 886-2-2299-9720 / Fax: 886-2-2298-4045
 ☑ No.81-1, Lane 210, Bade 2nd Rd., Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 338, Taiwan

Tel: 886-3-324-0332 / Fax: 886-3-324-5235

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

## 5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

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# 5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	A2LA	EN 55011, EN 55014-1/2, CISPR 11, CISPR 14-1/2, EN 55022, EN 55015, CISPR 22, CISPR 15, AS/NZS 3548, VCCI V3 (2001), CFR 47, FCC Part 15/18, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 13438, CNS 13803, CNS 14115, EN 55024, IEC 801-2, IEC 801-3, IEC 801-4, IEC/EN 61000-3-2, EIC/EN 61000-3-3, IEC/EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 50081-1/EN 61000-6-3, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-4, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-1: 2001	ACCREDITED  0824-01
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites (93105, 90471) / 3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (965860) to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	93105, 90471 965860
Japan	VCCI	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform conducted/radiated measurements	VCCI R-393/1066/725/879 C-402/747/912
Norway	NEMKO	EN 50081-1/2, EN 50082-1/2, IEC 61000-6-1/2, EN 50091-2, EN 50130-4, EN 55011, EN 55013, EN 55014-1/2, EN 55015, EN 55022, EN 55024, EN 61000-3-2/3, EN 61326-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 60601-1-2, EN 300 328, EN 300 422-2, EN 301 419-1, EN 301 489-01/03/07/08/09/17, EN 301 419-2/3, EN 300 454-2, EN 301 357-2	ELA 124a ELA 124b ELA 124c
Taiwan	TAF	EN 300 328, EN 300 220-1, EN 300 220-2, EN 300 220-3, 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, CNS 13439, CNS 13783-1, CNS 14115, CNS 13438, AS/NZS CISPR 22, CNS 13022-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, CNS 13022-2/3	Testing Laboratory 0363
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 14115	SL2-IS-E-0014 SL2-IN-E-0014 SL2-A1-E-0014 SL2-R1-E-0014 SL2-R2-E-0014 SL2-L1-E-0014
Canada	Industry Canada	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites (IC 3991-3, IC 3991-4) / 3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (IC 6106) to perform RSS 212 Issue 1	Canada IC 3991-3 IC 3991-4 IC 6106

<sup>\*</sup> No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by A2LA or any agency of the US Government.

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# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

## **6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT**

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

# **6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Notebook PC	IBM	2672 (X31)	99PBTKB	WLAN: ANO20030400LEG Bluetooth: ANO20020100MTN	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core
2.	Super a/g 108Mbps Wireless Lan Router (Remote)		BLW-04SAG	40DDA0421	SJ9-BLW54SAG	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8m

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#### Remark:

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

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# 7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

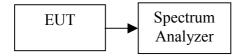
## 7.1 6DB BANDWIDTH

## **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

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## **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = RBW, Span = 50 MHz, Sweep = auto.
- 4. Mark the peak frequency and –6dB (upper and lower) frequency.
- 5. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

#### **Test Data**

#### Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	11170		PASS
Mid	2437	10080	>500	PASS
High	2462	10080		PASS

#### Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

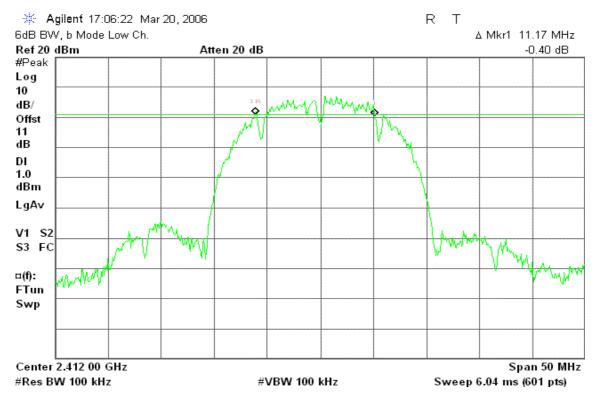
Channel	Frequency (MHz)		Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Test Result
Low	Base mode  Turbo mode	2412	16500		PASS
Mid		2437	16420	>500	PASS
High		2462	16500	>300	PASS
Mid		2437	31420		PASS

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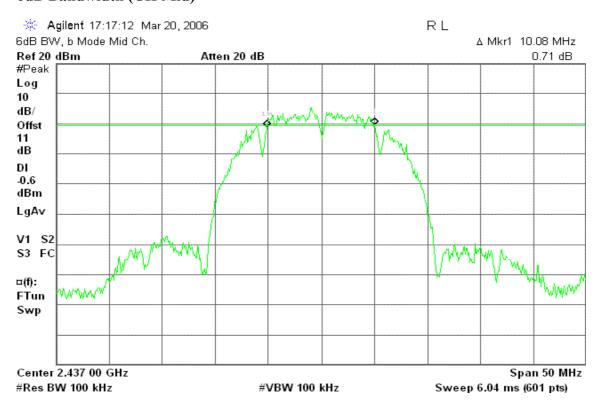
## **Test Plot**

#### IEEE 802.11b mode

## 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

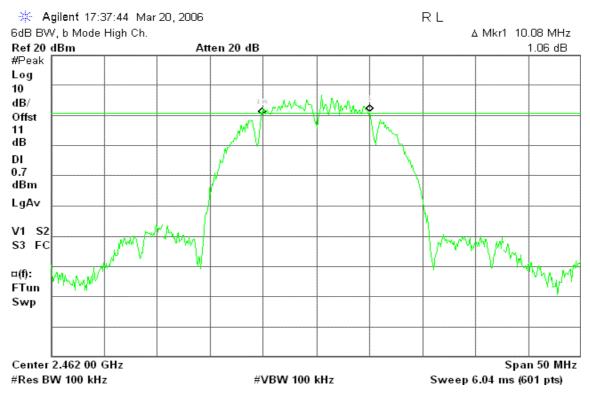


## 6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



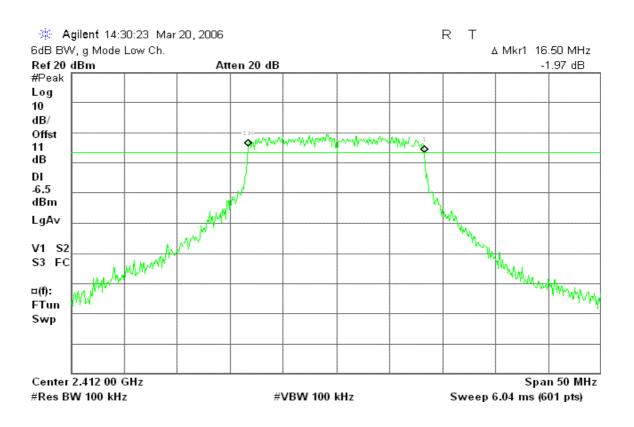
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# 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



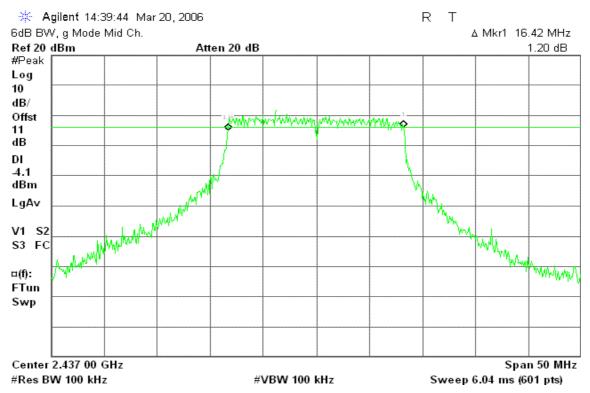
## **IEEE 802.11g Base mode**

## 6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)

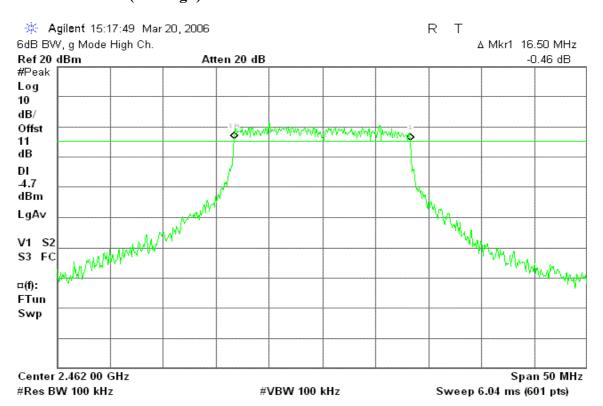


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## 6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)



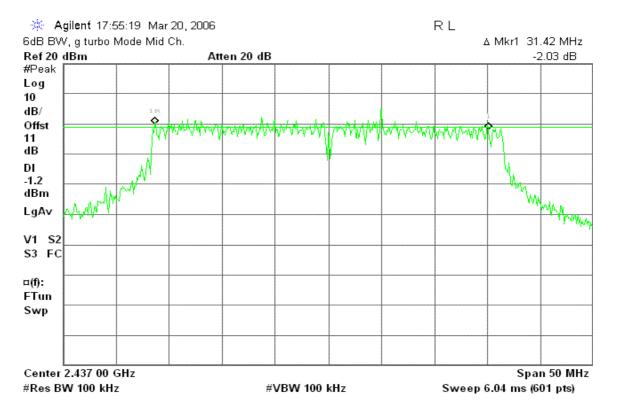
## 6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



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## **IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode**

#### **CH Mid**



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#### 7.2 PEAK POWER

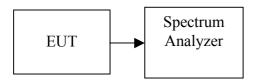
## **LIMIT**

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

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- 1. According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.
- 2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum analyzer is set to the peak power detection.

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

#### **Test Data**

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	19.21	0.0834		PASS
Mid	2437	19.05	0.0804	1.00	PASS
High	2462	19.35	0.0861		PASS

## Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

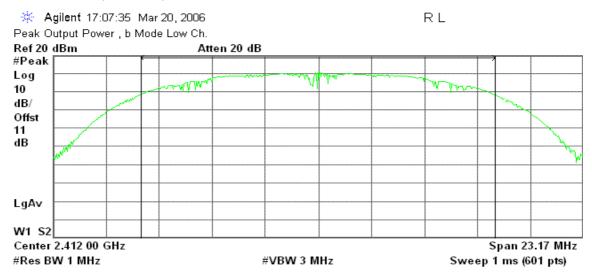
Channel	Frequency (MHz)		Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	Base mode	2412	18.67	0.0736	1.00	PASS
Mid		2437	18.17	0.0656		PASS
High		2462	18.59	0.0723		PASS
Mid	Turbo	2437	18.37	0.0687		PASS

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#### **Test Plot**

#### IEEE 802.11b mode

## Peak Power (CH Low)



Channel Power

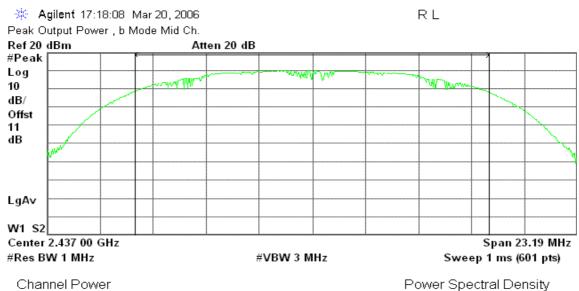
Power Spectral Density

19.21 dBm / 15.4490 MHz

-52.68 dBm/Hz

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## Peak Power (CH Mid)



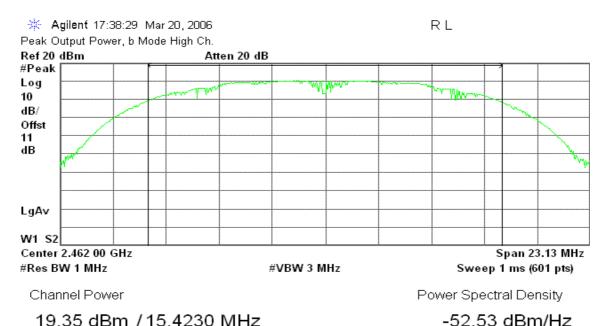
19.05 dBm / 15.4630 MHz

ower Spectral Density

-52.84 dBm/Hz

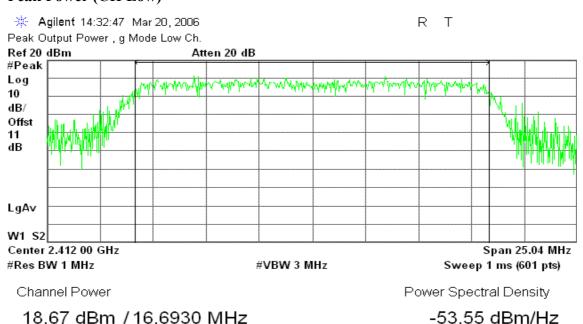
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## Peak Power (CH High)



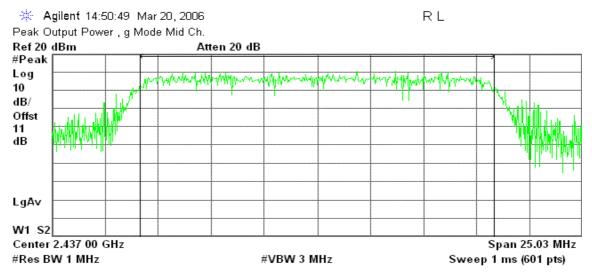
#### **IEEE 802.11g Base mode**

#### Peak Power (CH Low)



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## Peak Power (CH Mid)



Channel Power

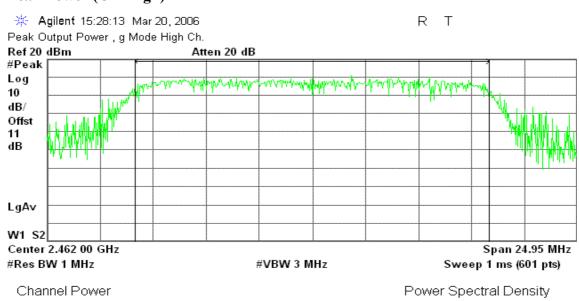
18.17 dBm / 16.6880 MHz

Power Spectral Density

-54.06 dBm/Hz

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## Peak Power (CH High)



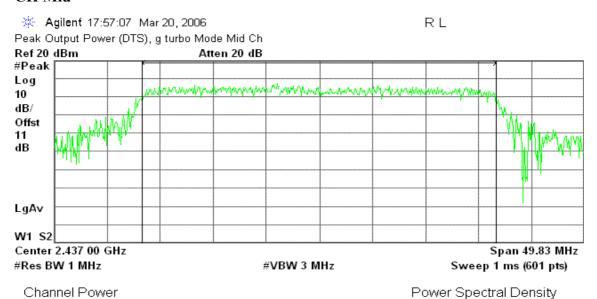
18.59 dBm / 16.6350 MHz

-53.62 dBm/Hz

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## **IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode**

#### **CH Mid**



18.37 dBm /33.2190 MHz

-56.85 dBm/Hz

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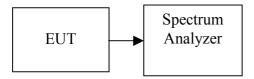
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# 7.3 AVERAGE POWER

## **LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

## **Test Configuration**



# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum analyzer is set to the average power detection.

# **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

## **Test Data**

## Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	
Low	2412	16.53	
Mid	2437	16.36	
High	2462	16.81	

## Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

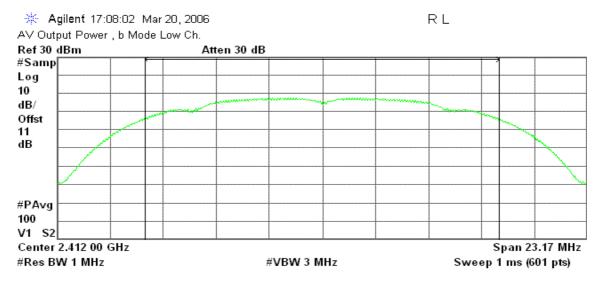
Channel	Frequ (M		Output Power (dBm)	
Low		2412	14.95	
Mid	Base mode	2437	14.51	
High		2462	14.57	
Mid Turbo		2437	14.91	

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## **Test Plot**

## IEEE 802.11b mode

#### **CH Low**



Channel Power

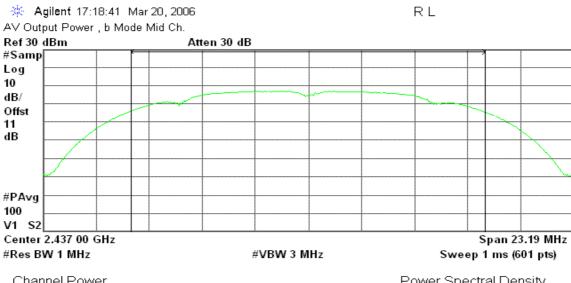
Power Spectral Density

16.53 dBm / 15.4490 MHz

-55.35 dBm/Hz

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#### **CH Mid**



Channel Power

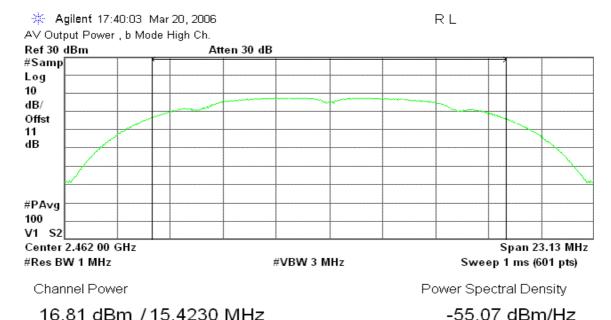
Power Spectral Density

16.36 dBm / 15.4630 MHz

-55.53 dBm/Hz

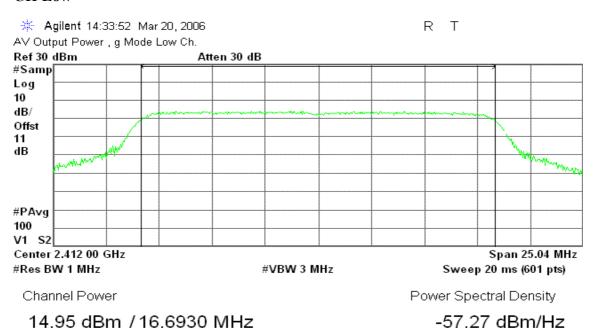
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## **CH High**



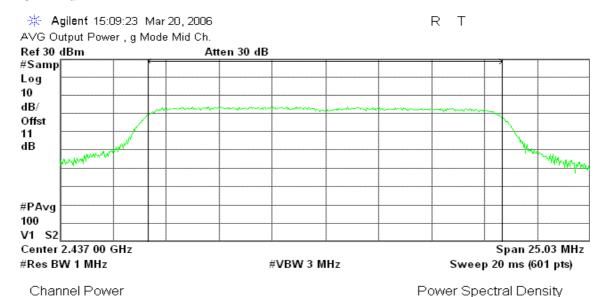
IEEE 802.11g Base mode

#### **CH Low**



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#### CH Mid

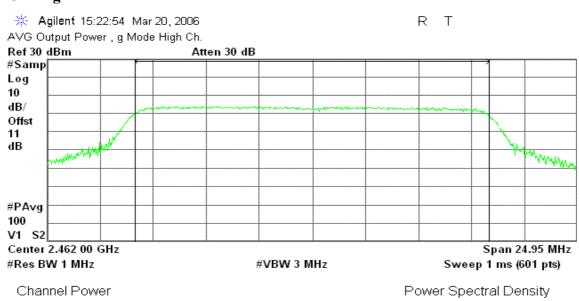


14.51 dBm / 16.6880 MHz

-57.72 dBm/Hz

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## **CH High**



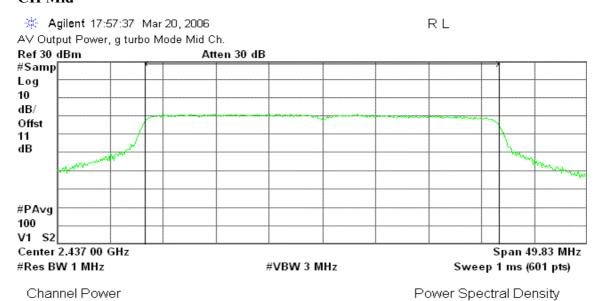
14.57 dBm / 16.6350 MHz

-57.64 dBm/Hz

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## **IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode**

#### **CH Mid**



14.91 dBm /33.2190 MHz

-60.31 dBm/Hz

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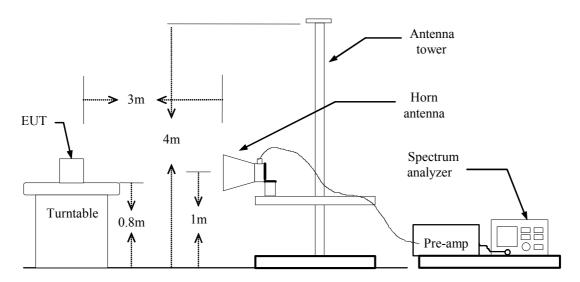
#### 7.4 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

# **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

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#### **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
  - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
  - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
- 5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

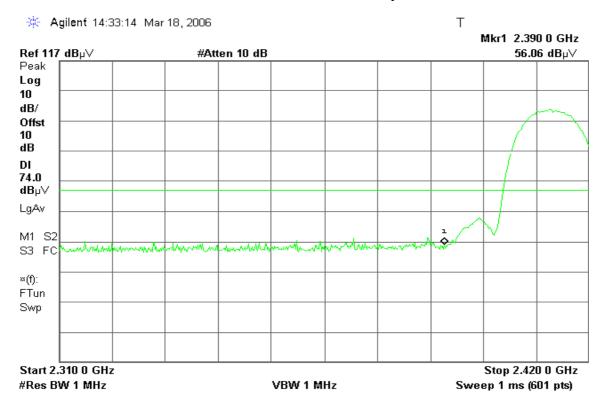
# TEST RESULTS

Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.

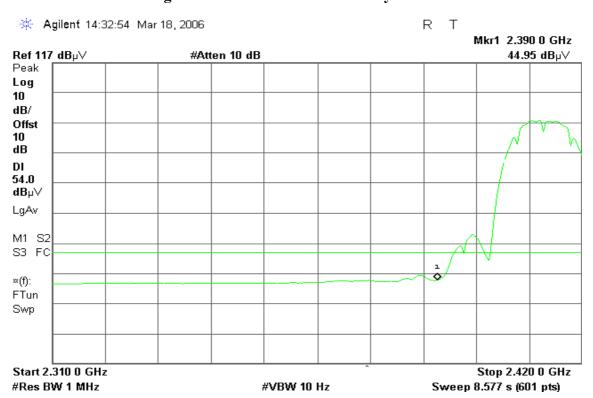
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## Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low)

## Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

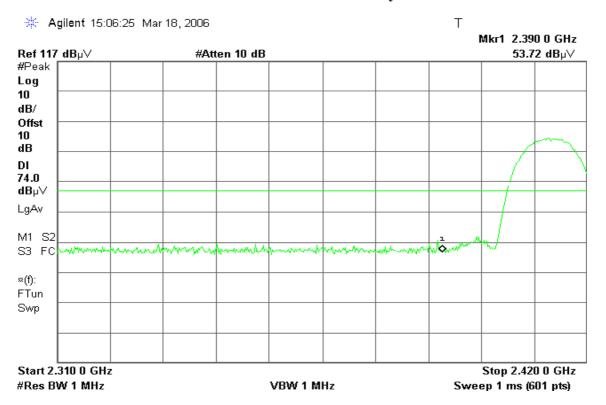


## Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical

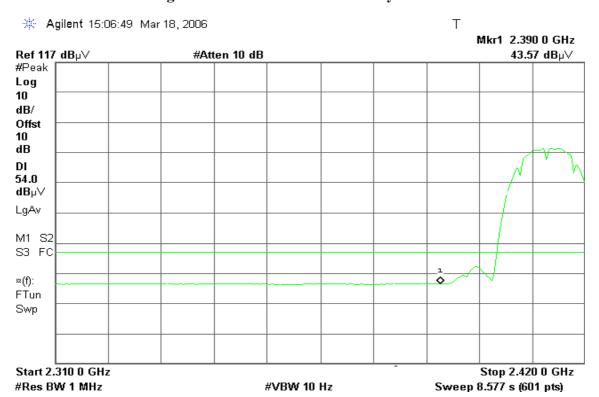


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Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



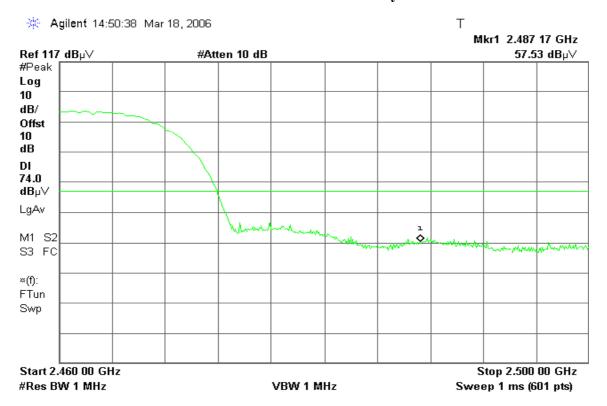
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



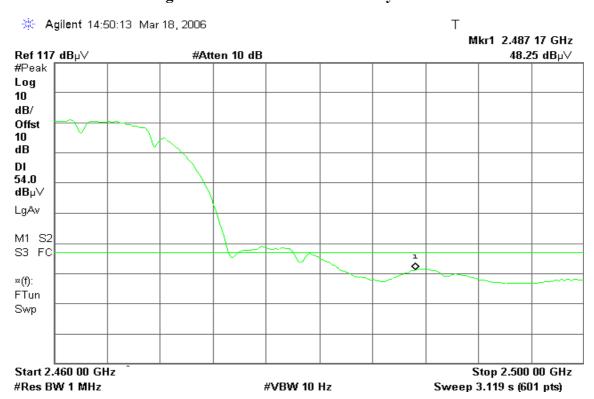
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## Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High)

## Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

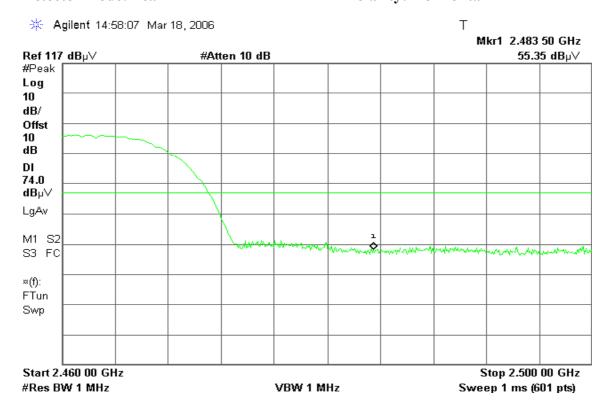


## Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical

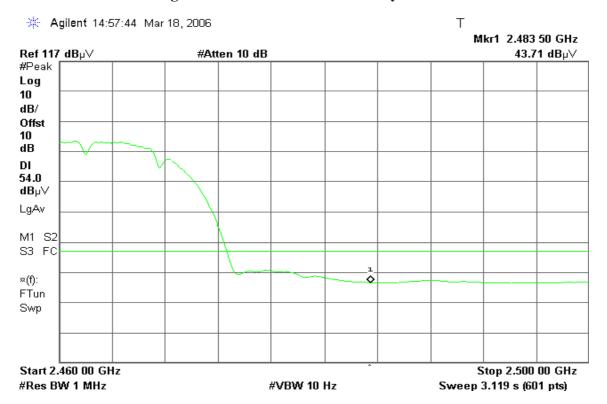


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Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



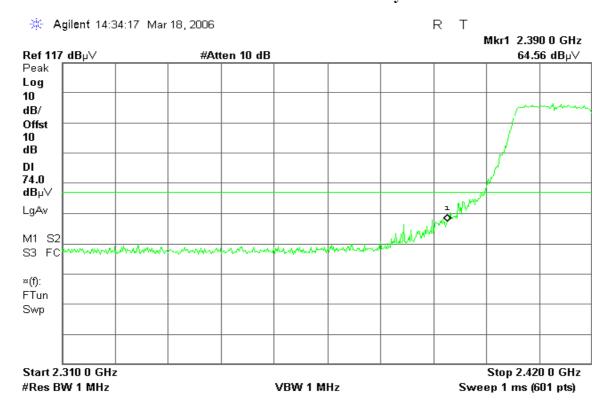
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



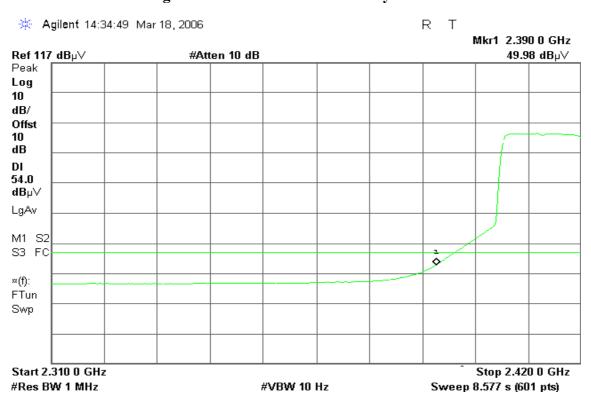
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# Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g Base mode / CH Low)

## Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

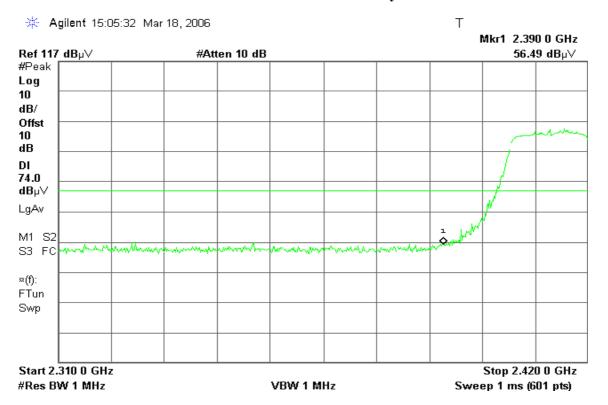


## Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical



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Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



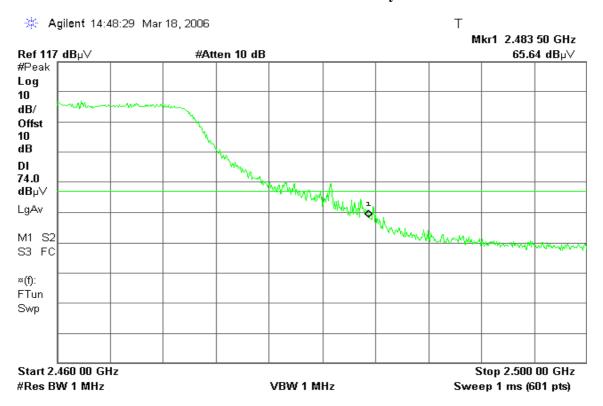
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



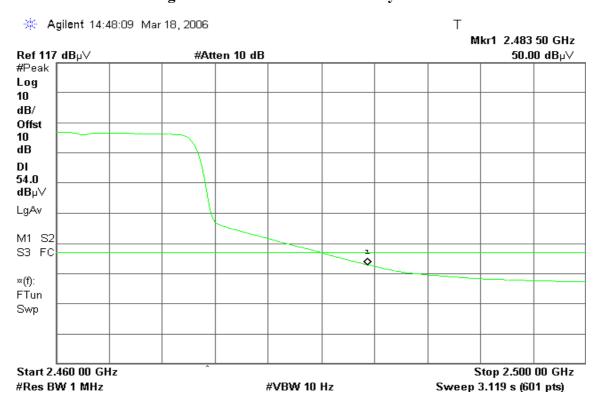
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## Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g Base mode / CH High)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

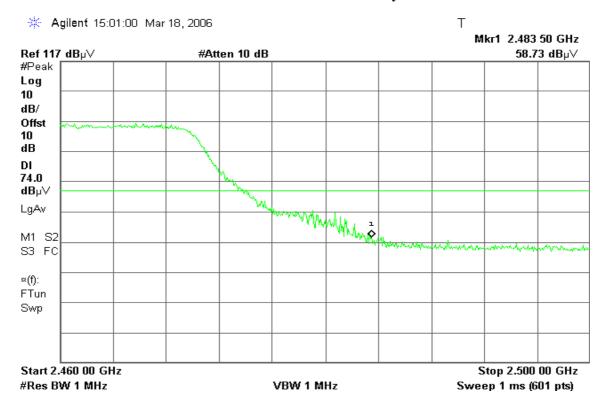


Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical

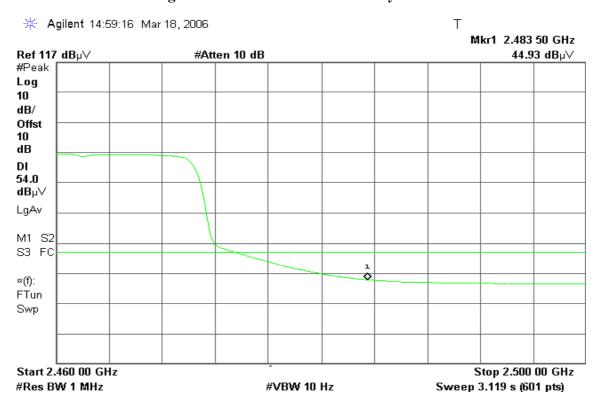


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Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



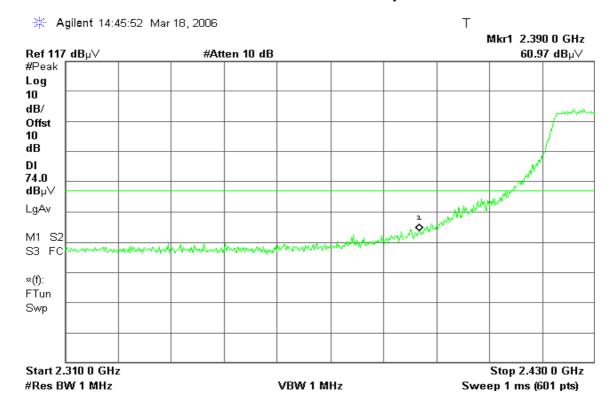
## Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



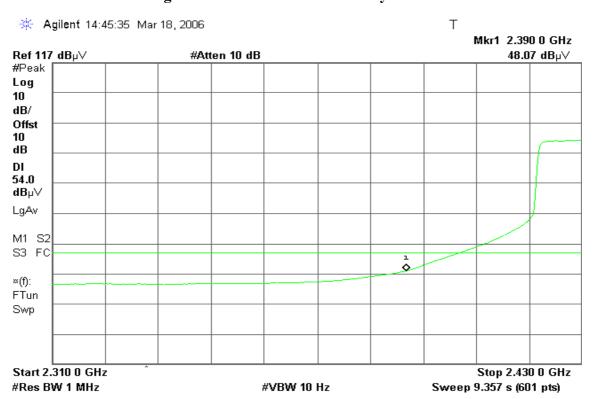
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## Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode / CH Mid)

# Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

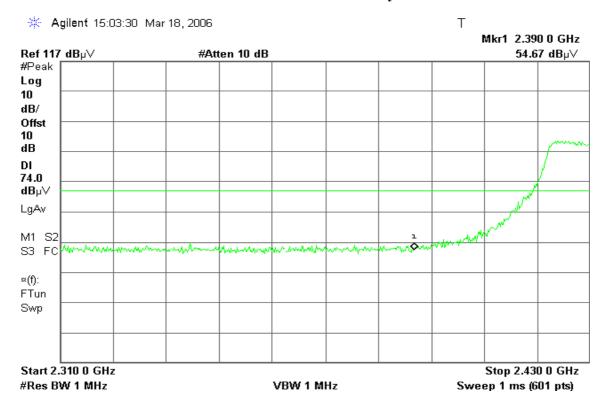


## Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical

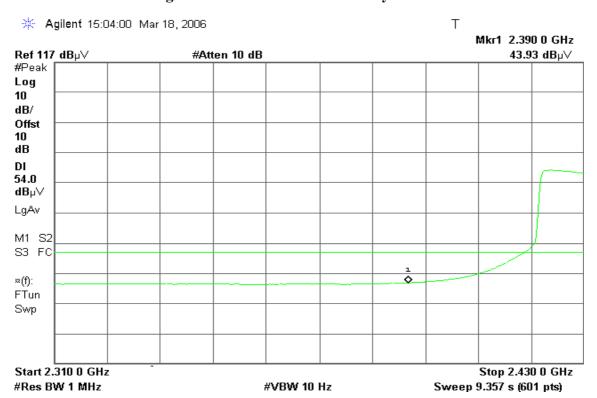


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Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



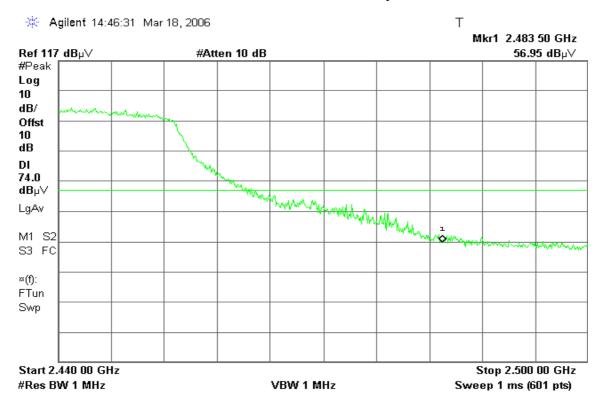
Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



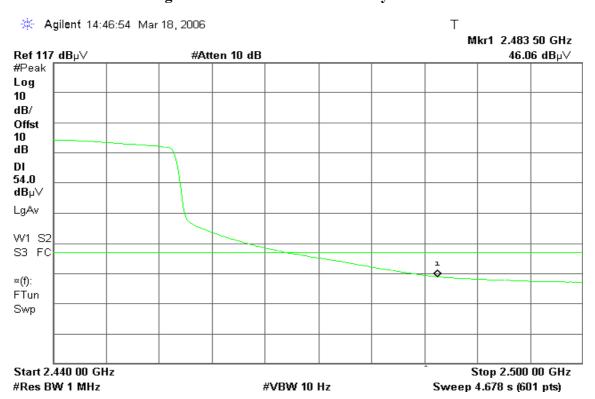
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## Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode / CH Mid)

Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Vertical

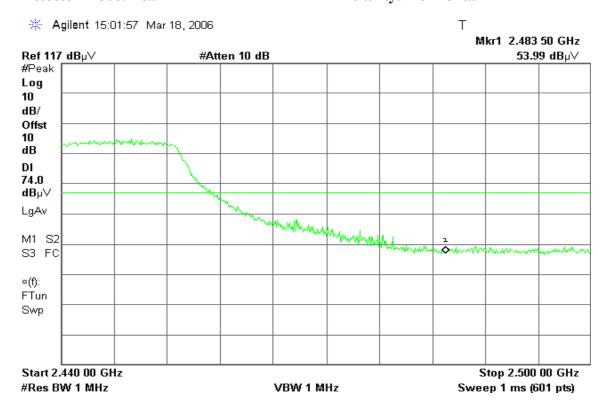


Detector mode: Average Polarity: Vertical

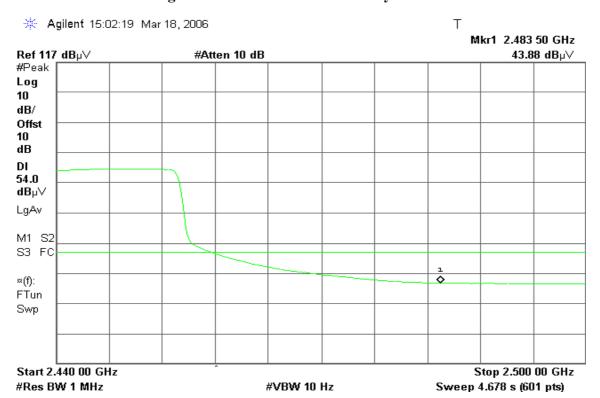


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Detector mode: Peak Polarity: Horizontal



Detector mode: Average Polarity: Horizontal



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## 7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

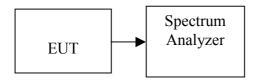
## LIMIT

1. According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

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2. According to §15.247(f), the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

## **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.

  Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 3 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz, Span = 300 kHz, Sweep = 100 s
- 3. Record the max reading.
- 4. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.

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# **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted

## **Test Data**

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)			Result
Low	2412	-6.33		PASS
Mid	2437	-6.34	8.00	PASS
High	2462	-7.61		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

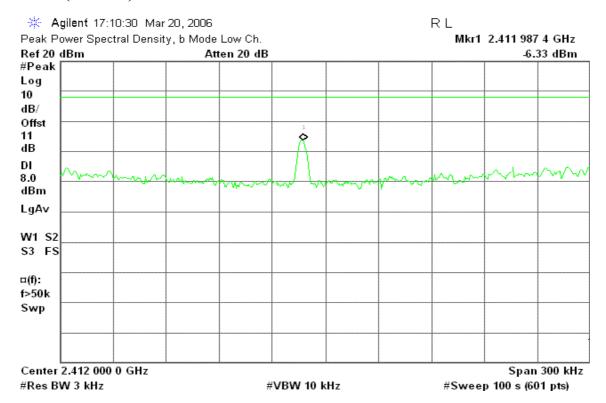
Channel		uency Hz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low		2412	-7.22		PASS
Mid	Base mode	2437	-7.08	9.00	PASS
High		2462	-6.83	8.00	PASS
Mid			-7.91		PASS

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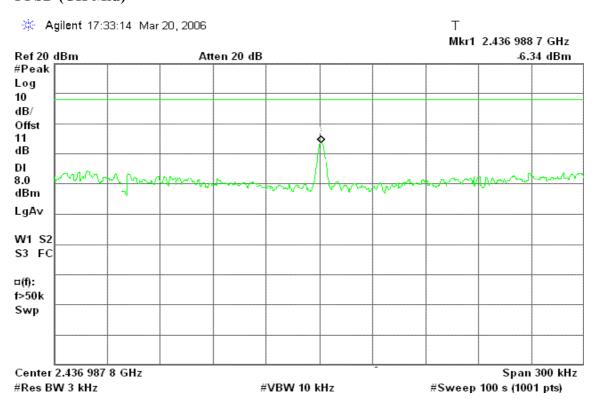
## **Test Plot**

## IEEE 802.11b mode

## PPSD (CH Low)

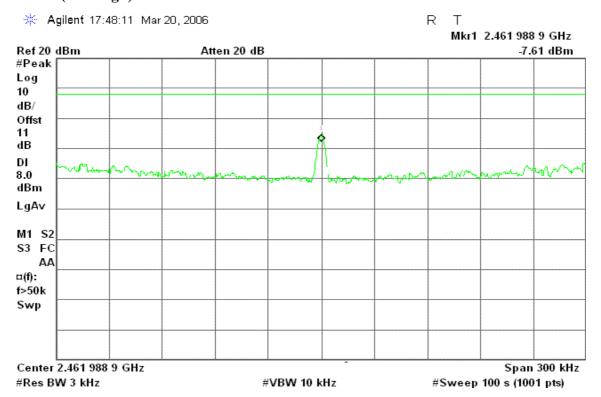


## PPSD (CH Mid)



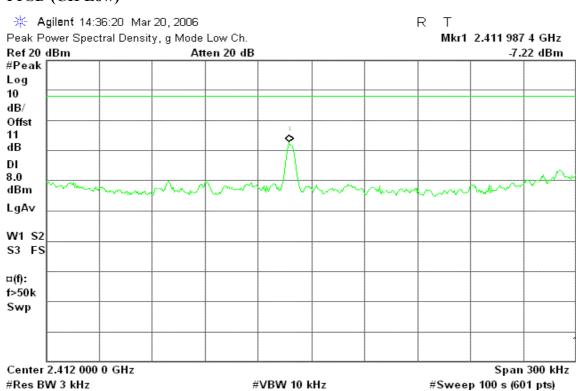
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## PPSD (CH High)



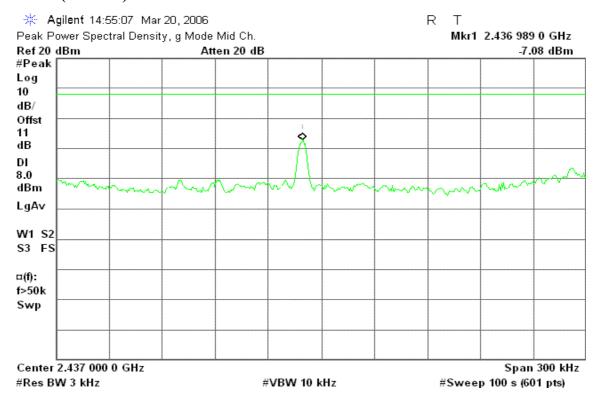
## **IEEE 802.11g Base mode**

## PPSD (CH Low)

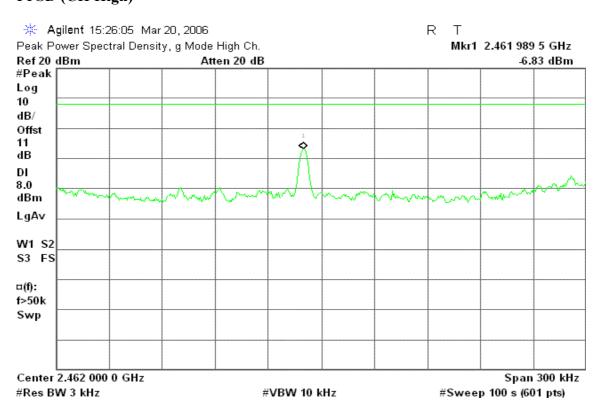


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## PPSD (CH Mid)



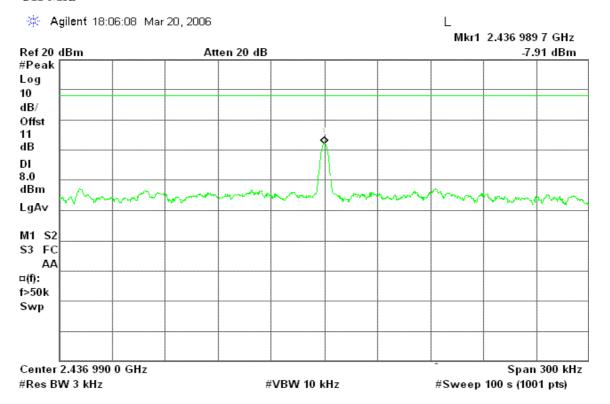
## **PPSD (CH High)**



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## **IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode**

#### **CH Mid**



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## 7.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

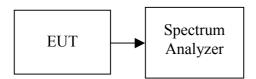
#### 7.6.1 Conducted Measurement

## **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

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#### **Test Configuration**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

Measurements are made over the 30MHz to 26GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

## **TEST RESULTS**

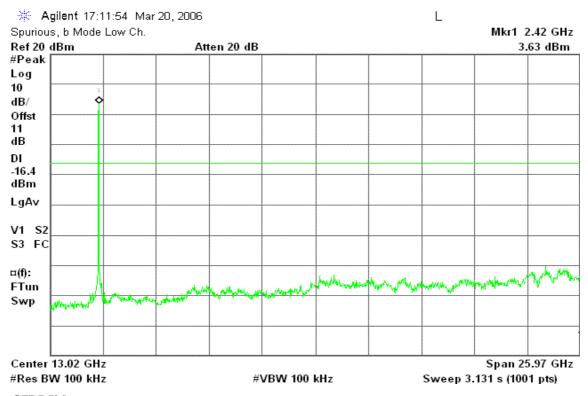
No non-compliance noted

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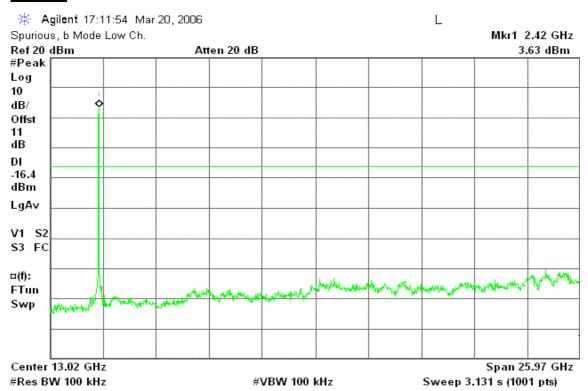
## **Test Plot**

## IEEE 802.11b mode

## **CH Low**

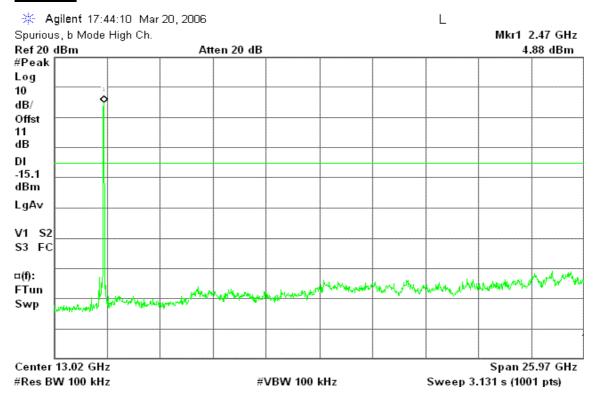


#### CH Mid



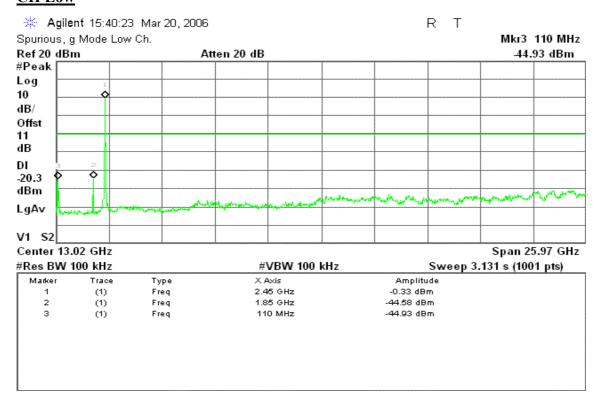
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## **CH High**



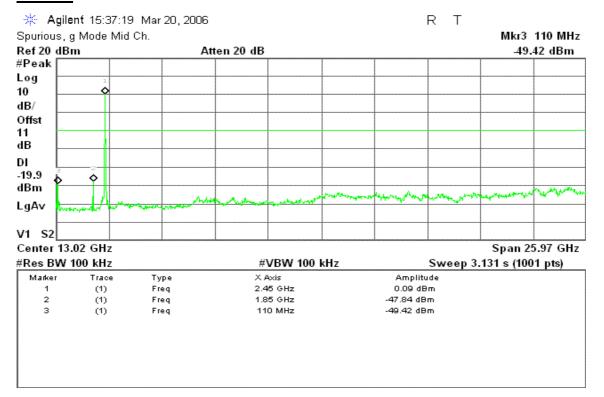
## **IEEE 802.11g Base mode**

## **CH Low**

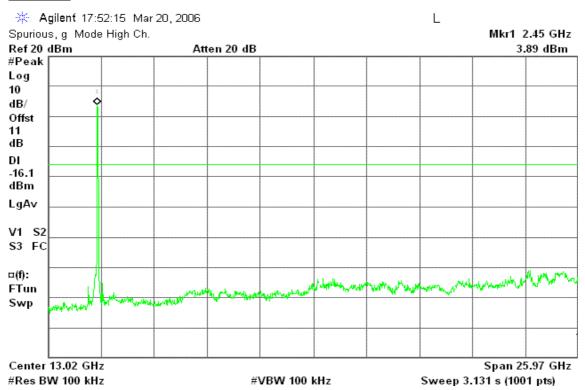


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## **CH Mid**

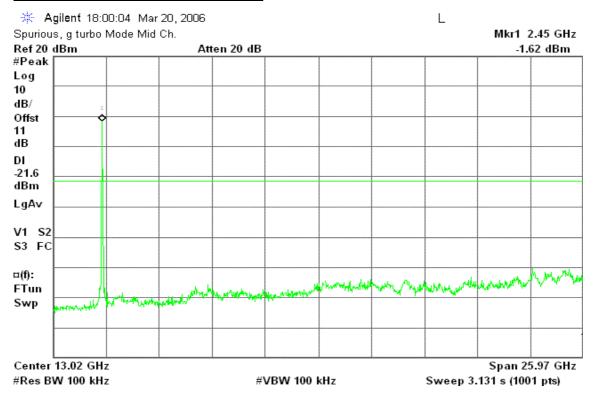


## CH High



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## IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode / CH Mid



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## 7.6.2 RADIATED EMISSIONS

## LIMIT

1. According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

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**Remark:** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

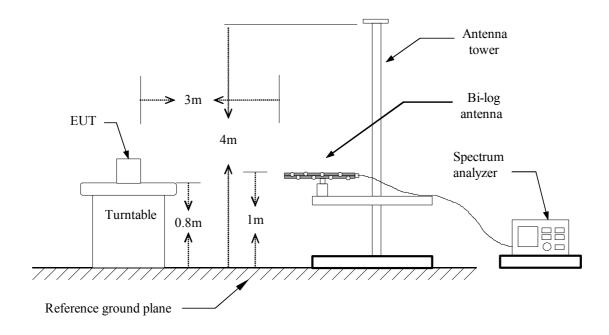
2. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

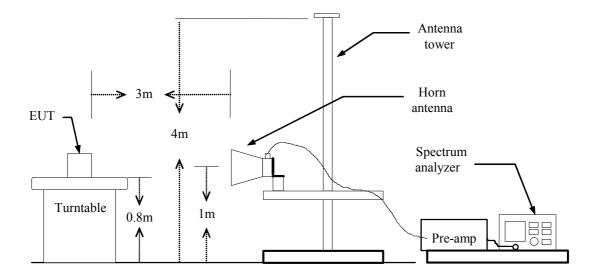
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## **Test Configuration**

## **Below 1 GHz**



## **Above 1 GHz**



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## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.

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- 4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz:

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz:

(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

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## **TEST RESULTS**

## **Below 1GHz**

**Operation Mode:** Normal Link **Test Date:** March 21, 2006

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**Temperature:** 21°C **Tested by:** Ryan Chen

**Humidity:** 58% RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (QP) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (QP) (dBuV/m)	Limit (QP) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
151.25	V	51.13		-20.50	30.63		43.50	-12.87	Peak
288.67	V	50.05		-18.81	31.25		46.00	-14.75	Peak
455.18	V	54.59		-14.55	40.04		46.00	-5.96	Peak
597.45	V	45.41		-12.39	33.01		46.00	-12.99	Peak
665.35	V	50.54		-11.17	39.36		46.00	-6.64	Peak
959.58	V	37.32		-7.37	29.95		46.00	-16.05	Peak
148.02	Н	57.29		-20.38	36.92		43.50	-6.58	Peak
196.52	Н	57.81		-20.47	37.33		43.50	-6.17	Peak
288.67	Н	55.31		-18.81	36.50		46.00	-9.50	Peak
455.18	Н	55.40		-14.55	40.85		46.00	-5.15	Peak
600.68	Н	48.89		-12.41	36.48		46.00	-9.52	Peak
666.97	Н	46.71		-11.13	35.58		46.00	-10.42	Peak

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.
- 3. Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin(dB) = Remark result(dBuV/m) Quasi-peak limit(dBuV/m).

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## **Above 1 GHz**

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low Test Date: March 20, 2006

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

**Temperature:** 26°C **Tested by:** Chris Hsieh

**Humidity:** 47 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1840.00	V	47.75		-6.40	41.35		74.00	54.00	-12.65	Peak
7241.67	V	42.24		6.23	48.48		74.00	54.00	-5.52	Peak
N/A										
1840.00	Н	48.99		-6.40	42.59		74.00	54.00	-11.41	Peak
1040.00		40.77			42.37		74.00	34.00		1 cak
7230.00	Н	43.85		6.30	50.15		74.00	54.00	-3.85	Peak
N/A										

### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Mid **Test Date:** March 20, 2006

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

**Temperature:** 26°C **Tested by:** Chris Hsieh

**Humidity:** 47 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2015.00	V	46.72		-6.07	40.65		74.00	54.00	-13.35	Peak
7311.67	V	44.85		5.86	50.71		74.00	54.00	-3.29	Peak
N/A										
7311.67	Н	46.79		5.86	52.65		74.00	54.00	-1.35	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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**Operation Mode:** TX / IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High **Test Date:** March 20, 2006

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

**Temperature:** 26°C **Tested by:** Chris Hsieh

**Humidity:** 47 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
7393.33	V	46.96		5.43	52.39		74.00	54.00	-1.61	Peak
N/A										
1151.67	Н	48.83		-6.85	41.98		74.00	54.00	-12.02	Peak
7381.67	Н	48.43	47.22	5.49	53.92	52.71	74.00	54.00	-1.29	Average
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g Base mode / CH Low Test Date: March 20, 2006

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

**Temperature:** 26°C **Tested by:** Chris Hsieh

**Humidity:** 47 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1828.33	V	48.65		-6.42	42.23		74.00	54.00	-11.77	Peak
7230.00	V	42.53		6.30	48.83		74.00	54.00	-5.17	Peak
N/A										
1840.00	Н	51.05		-6.40	44.65		74.00	54.00	-9.35	Peak
7230.00	Н	43.09		6.30	49.38		74.00	54.00	-4.62	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g Base mode / CH Mid Test Date: March 20, 2006

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

**Temperature:** 26°C **Tested by:** Chris Hsieh

**Humidity:** 47 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1070.00	V	48.11		-6.81	41.30		74.00	54.00	-12.70	Peak
2015.00	V	46.88		-6.07	40.80		74.00	54.00	-13.20	Peak
7311.67	V	43.96		5.86	49.82		74.00	54.00	-4.18	Peak
N/A										
1151.67	Н	46.84		-6.85	39.98		74.00	54.00	-14.02	Peak
7311.67	Н	46.79		5.86	52.65		74.00	54.00	-1.35	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g Base mode / CH High Test Date: March 20, 2006

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

**Temperature:** 26°C **Tested by:** Chris Hsieh

**Humidity:** 47 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
7393.33	V	49.28	45.82	5.43	54.71	51.25	74.00	54.00	0.71	Average
N/A										
7393.33	Н	48.47	47.13	5.43	53.90	52.56	74.00	54.00	-0.10	Peak
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode / CH Mid **Test Date:** March 20, 2006

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

Temperature:26°CTested by:Chris HsiehHumidity:47% RHPolarity:Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2015.00	V	46.79		-6.07	40.72		74.00	54.00	-13.28	Peak
N/A										
1151.67	Н	47.38		-6.85	40.52		74.00	54.00	-13.48	Peak
7311.67	Н	48.33	46.85	5.86	54.19	52.71	74.00	54.00	-1.29	Average
N/A										

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).

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## 7.7 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

## LIMIT

According to  $\S15.207(a)$ , except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dBµV)			
(IVIIIZ)	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*		
0.50 to 5	56	46		
5 to 30	60	50		

<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### **Test Configuration**

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

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## **TEST RESULTS**

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

## **Test Data**

**Operation Mode:** Normal Link **Test Date:** March 16, 2006

**Temperature:** 25°C **Tested by:** Ivan Tsai

**Humidity:** 55% RH

Freq. (MHz)	QP Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Corr. factor (dB)	QP Result (dBuV)	AV Result (dBuV)	QP Limit (dBuV)	AV Limit (dBuV)	QP Margin (dB)	AV Margin (dB)	Note
0.192	47.730	44.720	0.116	47.846	44.836	63.950	53.950	-16.104	-9.114	L1
0.384	37.560	37.040	0.100	37.660	37.140	58.192	48.192	-20.532	-11.052	L1
0.512	35.370	35.660	0.100	35.470	35.760	56.000	46.000	-20.530	-10.240	L1
0.586	25.410	25.030	0.100	25.510	25.130	56.000	46.000	-30.490	-20.870	L1
0.645	34.500	34.830	0.100	34.600	34.930	56.000	46.000	-21.400	-11.070	L1
11.305	30.850	30.180	0.726	31.576	30.906	60.000	50.000	-28.424	-19.094	L1
0.192	44.360	41.720	0.116	44.476	41.836	63.950	53.950	-19.474	-12.114	L2
0.258	38.330	37.180	0.100	38.430	37.280	61.496	51.496	-23.066	-14.216	L2
0.322	34.420	34.660	0.100	34.520	34.760	59.655	49.655	-25.135	-14.895	L2
0.451	36.270	36.200	0.100	36.370	36.300	56.847	46.847	-20.477	-10.547	L2
0.515	36.030	36.420	0.100	36.130	36.520	56.000	46.000	-19.870	-9.480	L2
0.581	36.620	37.110	0.100	36.720	37.210	56.000	46.000	-19.280	-8.790	L2

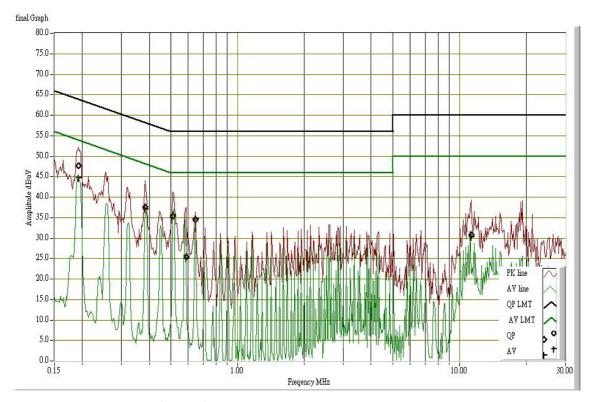
#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
- 2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
- 3. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 10 kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 9 kHz;
- 4.  $L1 = Line \ One \ (Live \ Line) \ / \ L2 = Line \ Two \ (Neutral \ Line)$

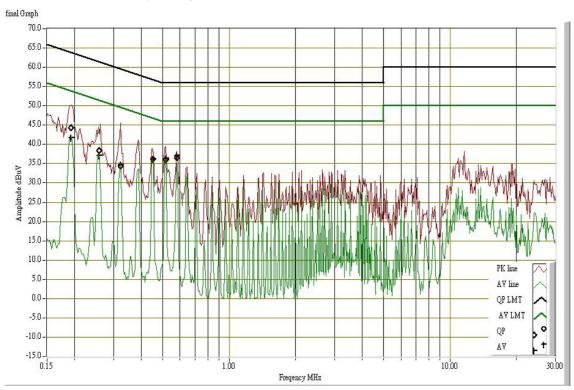
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## **Test Plots**

## Conducted emissions (Line 1)



## Conducted emissions (Line 2)



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# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

Date of Issue: March 27, 2006

## **EUT Specification**

EUT	Super G USB 2.0 WLAN Adapter With Smart Antenna				
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>✓ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>✓ WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz</li> <li>✓ WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz</li> <li>✓ Others</li> </ul>				
Device category	Portable (<20cm separation)  Mobile (>20cm separation)  Others				
Exposure classification	Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )  General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )				
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity				
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11b mode: 19.35 dBm (86.10mW) IEEE 802.11g Base mode: 18.67 dBm (73.62mW) IEEE 802.11g Turbo mode: 18.37 dBm (68.71mW)				
Antenna gain (Max)	4.94 dBi (Numeric gain: 3.12)				
Evaluation applied	<ul><li>✓ MPE Evaluation</li><li>✓ SAR Evaluation</li></ul>				
<ul><li>antenna gain.)</li><li>DTS device is not subject to recompliance.</li><li>For mobile or fixed location to</li></ul>	2 19.35dBm (86.10mW) at 2462MHz (with 3.12 numeric putine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the cansmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum even if the calculation indicates that the power density				

## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

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**Calculation** 

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ milliwatts\ /\ square\ centimeter$ 

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where

d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

## **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

EUT output power = 86.10mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 3.12

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

**Yields** 

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

*Where* P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.0535 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

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