





SAR TEST REPORT

Issued to

Qingdao Haier Telecom Co., Ltd

For

Mobile Phone

Model Name	*	HC-C380	
Trade Name	3	Haier	
Brand Name	ŝ	Haier	
FCC ID	ŝ	SG71204HC-C380	
Standard	ŝ	FCC Oet65 Supplement C Jun.2001	
		47CFR 2.1093	
		ANSI C95.1-1999	
		IEEE 1528-2003	
MAX SAR	3	Head: 1.042W/kg	
		Body:0.879W/kg	
Test date	ţ.	2012-4-23	
Issue date	÷	2012-4-28	

Shenzher	30		chnology (Co., Ltd.	
Tested by Zhu Zhan Zhu Zhan Date 2012 · 4.28	Appended to B	Aulsz Call as an	Review by	Samuel Samuel 2012 - 4.2	Peng
CTIA Authorized Test Lab	OFTA 電訊管理局	RA TAF	GCF Officer Conserver of Contex Constituation Forum	Bluetooth BQTF	FCC Reg. No. 741109

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Shenzhen MORLAB Communication Technology Co., Ltd.Tel: +86 755 61281201Fax: +86 755 861302183 F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Xili, Nanshān Districe, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China



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	Change History	
Issue Date		Reason for change
1.0	Apr. 28, 2012	First edition



1. Testing Laboratory

1.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Company Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.		
Department:	Morlab Laboratory		
Address:	3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan		
	District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China		
Responsible Test Lab Manager:	Mr. Shu Luan		
Telephone:	+86 755 86130268		
Facsimile:	+86 755 86130218		

1.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.		
	Morlab Laboratory		
Address:	3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan		
	District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China		

1.3. Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory: No. CNAS L3572

1.4. List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Туре	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	РС	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Rohde&Schwarz (CMU200, SN:105894)	2011-9-26	1year
3	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2011-9-24	1 year
4	Synthetizer	Rohde&Schwarz (SML_03, SN:101868)	2011-9-24	1year
5	Amplifier	Nucl udes (ALB216, SN:10800)	2011-9-24	1 year
6	Power Meter	Rohde&Schwarz (NRVD, SN:101066)	2011-9-24	1 year
7	Probe	Satimo (SN:SN_3708_EP80)	2011-9-24	1 year
8	Phantom	Satimo (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2011-9-24	1 year
9	Liquid	Satimo (Last Calibration:2012-04-23)	NA	NA
10	Dipole 835MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPC 99)	2011-9-23	1year
11	Dipole 1800MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPF 101)	2011-9-23	1year
12	Dipole 1900MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPF 102)	2011-9-23	1 year
13	Dipole 2450MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPF 103)	2011-9-23	1 year



2. Technical Information

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

2.1. Identification of Applicant

Company Name:	Qingdao Haier Telecom Co.,Ltd
Address:	No.1, Haier Road, Hi-tech Zone, Qingdao, 266101, P.R. China

2.2. Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name:	Qingdao Haier Telecom Co.,Ltd
Address:	No.1, Haier Road, Hi-tech Zone, Qingdao, 266101, P.R. China

2.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Model Name:	HC-C380
Trade Name:	Haier
Brand Name:	Haier
Hardware Version:	SP
Software Version:	HC-C380_C-S010
Frequency Bands:	CDMA 800MHz / CDMA 1900MHz
Modulation Mode:	CDMA : CDMA
Antenna type:	Fixed Internal Antenna
Development Stage:	Identical prototype
Battery Model:	H15132
Battery specification:	1000mAh 3.7V

2.3.1. Photographs of the EUT

Please see for photographs of the EUT.

2.3.2. Identification of all used EUT

The EUT identity consists of numerical and letter characters, the letter character indicates the test sample, and the following two numerical characters indicate the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	SP	HC-C380_C-S010



2.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title								
1	47 CFR § 2. 1093	adiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices								
2	FCC OET	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human								
	Bulletin 65	Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields								
	(Edition 97-01),									
	Supplement C									
	(Edition 01-01)									
3	ANSI C95.1-1999	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human								
		Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to								
		300 GHz								
4	IEEE 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average								
		Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Body Due to								
		Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.								
5	KDB 447498 D1	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and								
		Equipment Authorization Policies								

2.5. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.



2.6. Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20 25 °C
Relative Humidity:	30 75 %
Air Pressure:	980 1020 hPa
Test frequency:	CDMA 800MHz ; CDMA 1900MHz
Operation mode:	Call established
Power Level:	CDMA Maximum output power

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is 1013, 384 and 777 respectively in the case of CDMA 800MHz, or is allocated to 25, 600 and 1175 respectively in the case of CDMA 1900MHz. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

For SAR testing, EUT is in CDMA link mode, its crest factor is 1.



3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity, δ T is the temperature rise and δ t the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



4. SAR Measurement Setup

4.1. The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2. Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with following specifications is used

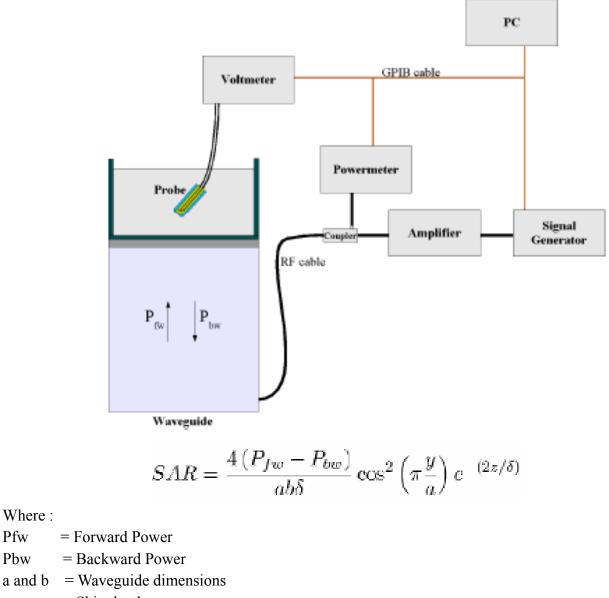
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 6.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)



- Probe linearity: < 0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 622091 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



= Skin depth 1

Where : Pfw

Pbw

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.



The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N))$$
 (N=1,2,3)

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3. Probe Calibration Process

4.3.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

4.3.2 Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm2.

4.3.2 Temperature Assessment Procedure

C

SAR =

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

	Where:
ΔT	Δ t = exposure time (30 seconds),
$\frac{1}{\Delta t}$	C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

SAR =
$$\frac{|\mathbf{E}|^2 \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}}{\rho}$$
 Where:
 $\sigma = \text{simulated tissue conductivity,}$
 $\rho = \text{Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)}$

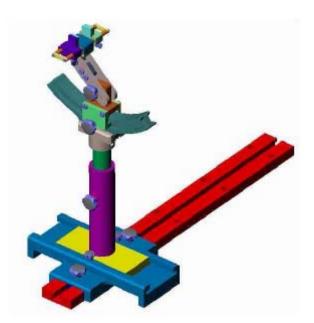


4.4. Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to $2mm \pm 0.2mm$. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005



5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of GSM 850MHz PCS 1900MHz, which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 20litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 25 litres for a horizontal bath phantom. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR)or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15cm.

Following is the recipes for one liter of head and body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 835 MHz ,1900 MHz and 2450MHz.

Ingredients	Frequen	cy Band	Frequency Band			
(% by weight)	8351	MHz	1900	MHz		
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body		
Water	41.45	52.4	54.9	40.4		
Salt(NaCl)	1.49	1.4	0.18	0.5		
Sugar	46.78	45.0	0.0	58.0		
HEC	0.52	1.0	0.0	1.0		
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.0	0.1		
Triton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
DGBE	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0		
Acticide SPX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dielectric Constant	42.54	56.1	39.9	54.0		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91	0.95	1.42	1.45		

Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 22.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.
1 cmperature: 22.0 20.0 C, numurey: 51 0070.

i emperature. 22.0~2	3.8 C, number 34~00 /0) .	
Frequency	Description	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)
835 MHz	Reference result	41.5	0.90
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.425 to 43.575	0.855 to 0.945
835 MHz	Validation value	41.675999	0.894409
855 WITZ	(Apr. 23)	41.0759999	0.894409
1900 MHz	Reference result	40	1.40
	\pm 5% window	38 to 42	1.33 to 1.47
1000 MIL	Validation value	38.509998	1.436111
1900 MHz	(Apr. 23)	38.309998	1.430111



For body-worn measurements, the device was tested against flat phantom representing the user body. Under measurement phone was put on in the phone holder.

-	23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%		
Frequency	Description	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)
835 MHz	Reference result	55.2	0.97
833 MITZ	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.44 to 57.96	0.9215 to 1.0185
835 MHz	Validation value (Apr. 23)	55.709999	0.9809033
1000 MIL-	Reference result	53.3	1.52
1900 MHz	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.635 to 55.965	1.444 to 1.596
1900 MHz	Validation value (Apr. 23)	52.548876	1.553978

Table 2: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid



6. Uncertainty Assessment

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528.

6.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST

a	b	c	d	e=f(d,k)	f	g	h=c*f/e	i= c*g/ e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+- %)	Vi
Measurement System		1			1	-	1	1	.1
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Test sample Related		1		1	1	-	-	1	
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N- 1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	N- 1
Output power Power drift - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameter	rs –	ı			ı				
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	8



Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	8
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	М
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	8
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	М
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard	\Box		RSS			\square	11.55	10.6	
Uncertainty								7	
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				23.11	21.3	
(95% Confidence interval)								3	

6.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

a	b	c	d	e=f(d,k)	f	g	h = c*f/e	i=	k
								c*g/	
								e	
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	Div.	Ci	Ci	1g Ui	10g	Vi
		(+-	Dist.		(1g)	(10g)	(+-%)	Ui	
		%)						(+-	
								%)	
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Tolerance									
Probe positioning with respect	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
to Phantom Shell		-					2.00	• • • •	
Extrapolation, interpolation and	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
integration Algoritms for Max.									
SAR Evaluation									
Dipole		1	1		1	1			
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	Ν	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞



Input power and SAR drift	8,6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞
measurement									
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
and thickness tolerances)									
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
from target value									
Liquid conductivity -	E.3.3	5.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	М
measurement uncertainty									
Liquid permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
from target value									
Liquid permittivity -	E.3.3	10.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	3.46	2.83	М
measurement uncertainty									
Combined Standard			RSS				8.83	8.37	
Uncertainty									
Expanded Uncertainty			K=2				17.66	16.7	
(95% Confidence interval)								3	



7. SAR Measurement Evaluation

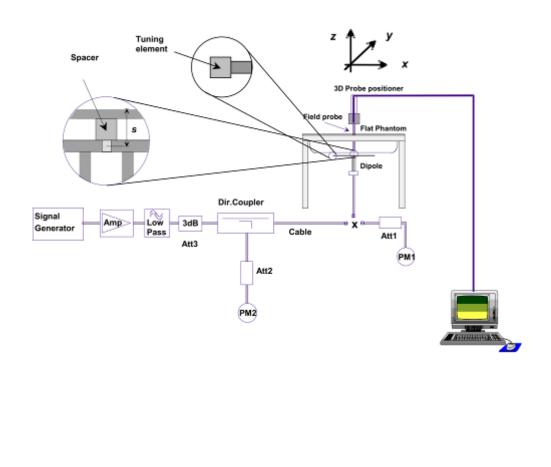
7.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator frequency at 835 MHz, 1700MHz and 1900 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

Equipments:

name	Type and specification
Signal generator	E4433B
Directional coupler	450MHz-3GHz
Amplifier	3W 502(10-2500MHz)
Reference dipole	835MHz:SN 36/08 DIPC 99
	1900MHz:SN 36/08 DIPF 102

System Verification Setup Block Diagram





7.2. Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Engagonay	Description	SAR[W/Kg] 1g		
Frequency	Description	Head	Body	
835 MHz	Reference result	9.714	9.714	
833 MITZ	\pm 5% window	8.743 to 10.685	8.743 to 10.685	
835 MHz	Validation value (Apr. 23)	9.912	9.544	
1900 MHz	Reference result	39.890	39.890	
1900 MITZ	\pm 5% window	35.901 to 43.879	35.901 to 43.879	
1900 MHz	Validation value (Apr.23)	37.820	38.960	

All SAR Validation values are normalized from 250mW to 1W forward power.

Note: System checks the specific test data please see page 71-74.

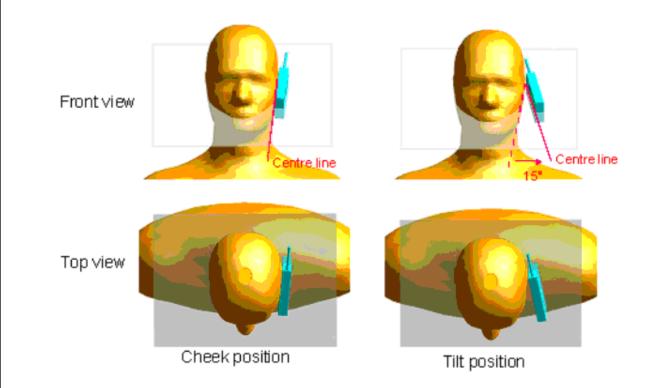


8. Operational Conditions During Test

8.1. Informations on the testing

The mobile phone antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The mobile phone is set to transmit at its highest output peak power level.

The mobile phone is test in the "cheek" and "tilted" positions on the left and right sides of the phantom. The mobile phone is placed with the vertical centre line of the body of the mobile phone and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the earpiece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Description of the "cheek" position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the reference plane and the earpiece is in contact with the ear. Then the mobile phone is moved until any point on the front side get in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Description of the "tilted" position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the "cheek" position as described above. Then the mobile phone is moved outward away from the month by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear lost.

Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

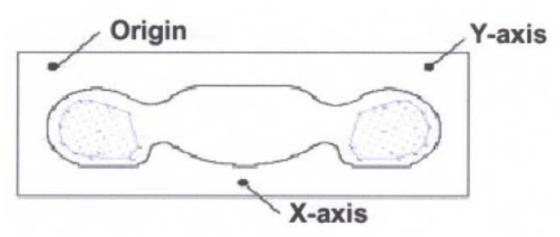
8.2. Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.



The depth of the body tissue was 15.1cm. The distance between the back of the device and the bottom of the flat phantom is 5mm(taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna)

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.



SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

8.3. Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8
 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

8.4. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated



from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.



9. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

9.1. Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more then 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

9.2. SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA

These procedures were followed according to FCC "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices", October 2007 (Revised).

9.3. Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices", October 2007 (Revised).

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 3.1.2.3.4 of 3GPP2 C.S0033-0/TIA-866 for Rev. 0 and section 4.3.4 of 3GPP2 C.S0033-A for Rev. A. For Rev. A, maximum output power for both Subtype 0/1 and Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations should be measured. The device operating configurations under TAP/ETAP should be documented in the test report; including power control, code channel and RF channel output power levels. The measurement results should be tabulated in the SAR report with any measurement difficulties and equipment limitations clearly identified.

9.4. SAR Measurement

SAR is measured using FTAP/RTAP and FETAP/RETAP respectively for Rev. 0 and Rev. A devices. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations; and a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots in Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. Both FTAP and FETAP are configured with a Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. AT power control should be in "All Bits Up" conditions for TAP/ETAP.

Body SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. SAR for Subtype 2 Physical layer configurations is not required for Rev. A when the maximum average output of each RF channels is less than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical layer configurations. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channels in Rev. 0.17 Head SAR is required for Ev-Do devices that support operations next to the ear; for example, with VOIP, using Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations according to the required handsetconfigurations.



9.5. Measurement Of Conducted Peak Output Power.

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)
CDMA	1013	824.7	26.34	0.47
800	384	836.52	26.84	-0.12
800	777	848.31	27.01	3.06
	25	1850.2	25.64	-3.08
CDMA 1900	600	1880.0	24.50	/
1900	1175	1909.8	24.23	/



10.Test Results List

Summary of Measurement Results (CDMA 800 Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom	Description		SAR(W/Kg), 1g	Scaling	Scaled
Configurations	Device position	Test channel	Peak	factor	SAR
		1013	0.823	1.247	1.026
Right Side	Cheek	384	0.916	1.112	1.085
Of Head		777	0.960	1.060	1.026
	Tilt		0.413	- 1.069	0.441
		1013	0.920	1.247	1.147
Left Side	Cheek	384	1.001	1.112	1.113
Of Head		777	1.042	1.069	1.114
	Tilt	777	0.451	1.009	0.482
		1013	0.762	1.247	0.950
Dody	Back upward	384	0.879	1.112	0.977
Body		777	0.811	1.060	0.867
	Face upward	777	0.483	1.069	0.516

Summary of Measurement Results (CDMA 1900 Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom	Description		SAR(W/Kg), 1g	Scaling	Scaled
Configurations	Device position	Test channel	Peak	factor	SAR
Right Side	Cheek		0.675		0.733
Of Head	Tilt		0.259		0.281
Left Side	Cheek	25	0.722	1.086	0.784
Of Head	Tilt	25	0.268		0.291
Dody	Back upward		0.539		0.585
Body	Face upward		0.363		0.394

Note: 1. Refer KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 1.6W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is \leq 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.



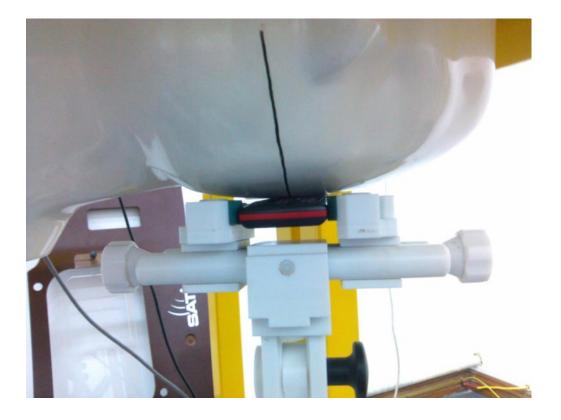
4. Scaled SAR calculation

Band	Tune-up power tolerance (dBm)	SAR test channel Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
		26.34	1.247
CDMA800	CDMA800 Max output power <27.3	26.84	1.112
		27.01	1.069
CDMA1900	Max output power <26	25.64	1.086



Annex A Photographs of the EUT

1 EUT Left Head Touch Cheek Position



2 EUT Left Head Tilt15 Position

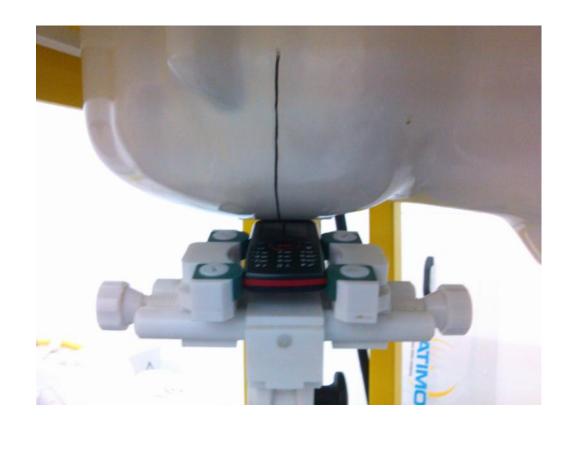




3 EUT Right Head Touch Cheek Position

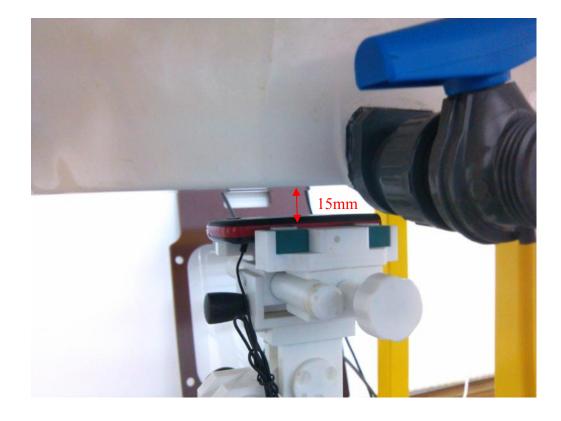


4 EUT Right Head Tilt15 Position



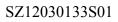


5 Side Position (with Headphone)



Liquid Level Photo







Annex C Graph Test Results

BAND	PARAMETERS
	Measurement 1: Right Head with Cheek device position
	on Low Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 2: Right Head with Cheek device position
	on Middle Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 3: Right Head with Cheek device position
	on High Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 4: Right Head with Tilt device position on
	High Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 5: Left Head with Cheek device position
	on Low Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 6: Left Head with Cheek device position
<u>CDMA</u>	on Middle Channel in CDMA mode
<u>800</u>	Measurement 7: Left Head with Cheek device position
	on High Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 8: Left Head with Tilt device position on
	High Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 9: Left Head with Tilt device position on
	Low Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 10: Validation Plane with Body device
	position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 11: Validation Plane with Body device
	position on High Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 12: Validation Plane with Body device
	position on High Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 13: Right Head with Cheek device position
	on Low Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 14: Right Head with Tilt device position on
	Low Channel in CDMA mode
CDMA	<u>Measurement 15:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in CDMA mode
<u>CDMA</u>	<u>Measurement 16:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on
<u>1900</u>	Low Channel in CDMA mode
	Measurement 17: Validation Plane with Body device
	position on Low Channel in CDMA mode
	<u>Measurement 18:</u> Validation Plane with Body device
	position on Low Channel in CDMA mode
	r



MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 50 seconds

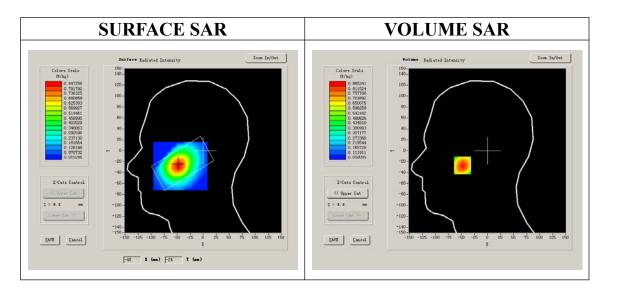
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Right head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	CDMA800		
Channels	Low		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 1013):

Frequency (MHz)	824.700012
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.867138
Power drift (%)	0.470000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.19
Crest factor:	1:1



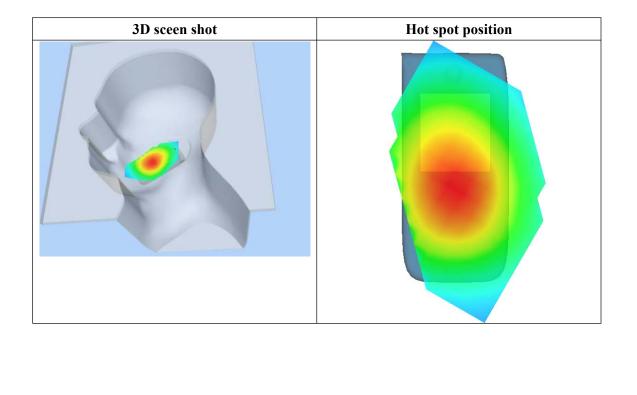


Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-27.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.543739
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.823674

<u>Z Axis Scan</u>

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00 0.0000	4.00 0.8653	9.00 0.6085	14.00 0.4249	19.00 0.3062	24.00 0.2154	29.00 0.1552
	0.9- 0.8- 0.7-	, Z Axi	s Scan	(X = -4)	8, Y = -	-27)	
	(24) 0.6- 24() 0.5- 24() 0.4- 0.3-						
	0.2- 0.1- 0.02	5 5.0 7.51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	





MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 51 seconds

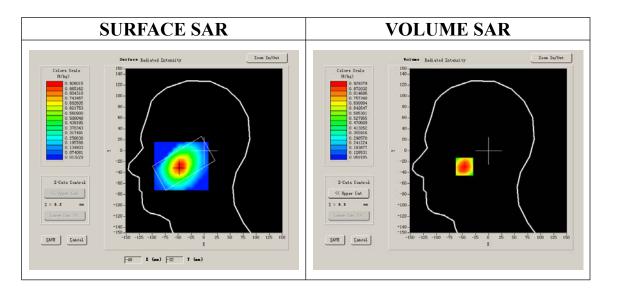
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Right head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	CDMA800		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020			
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001			
Relative permittivity	18.926250			
Conductivity (S/m)	0.879566			
Power drift (%)	-0.120000			
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C			
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C			
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.19			
Crest factor:	1:1			



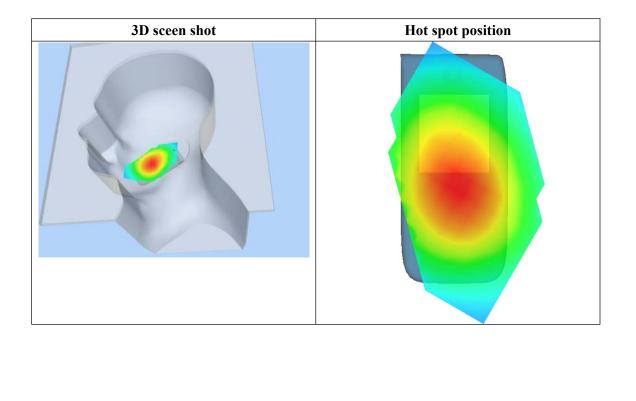


Maximum location: X=-46.00, Y=-29.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.593451
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.916156

<u>Z Axis Scan</u>

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.9294	0.6114	0.4220	0.3373	0.2472	0.1809
(W/Kg)							
	SAR	, Z Axis	s Scan	(X = -46)	5, Y = -	-29)	
	0.9-						
	0. 5-						
	0.8-						
	0.7-						
	ື່ສັ0.6- ≋ີ 0.5-						
	≅ 0.5-		\mathbb{N}^+				
	8 0.4-						
	0.3-						
	0.2-						
	0.1-						
	0.02.	5 5.0 7.51			25.0 30	0 35.0	
			Z	(mm)			





MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 55 seconds

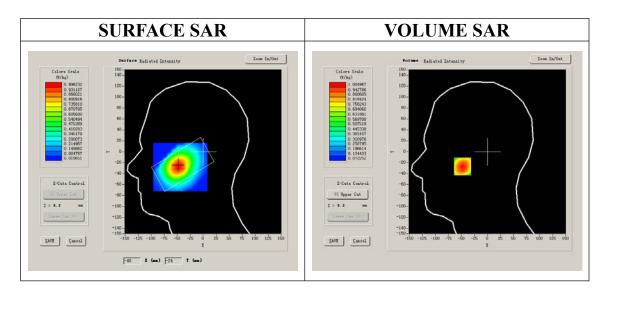
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
Phantom	Right head			
Device Position	Cheek			
Band	CDMA800			
Channels	High			
Signal CDMA				

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 777):

Frequency (MHz)	848.309998			
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001			
Relative permittivity	18.926250			
Conductivity (S/m)	0.891963			
Power drift (%)	3.060000			
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C			
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C			
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.19			
Crest factor:	1:1			



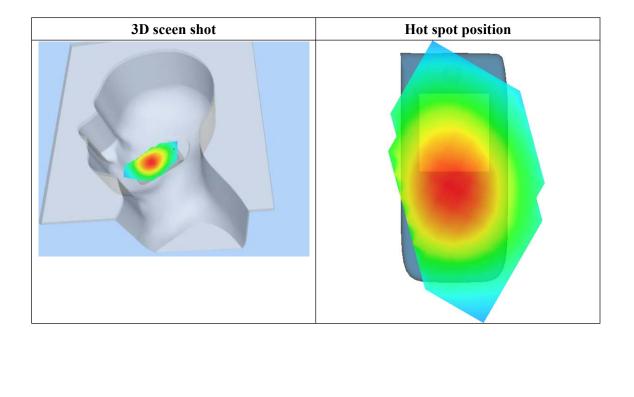


Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-27.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.645089
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.959722

<u>Z Axis Scan</u>

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.0050	0.7273	0.5113	0.3626	0.2620	0.1896
	SAR	, Z Axi	s Scan	(X = -48)	3. Y = -	-27)	
	1.0-	,					
	0.8-	\vdash					
	(² 2 ≩ 0.6-		\mathbb{N}^+				
	₩ 0.4-						
	0.1-						
	0.02	. 5 5. 0 7. 51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
_							





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 39 seconds

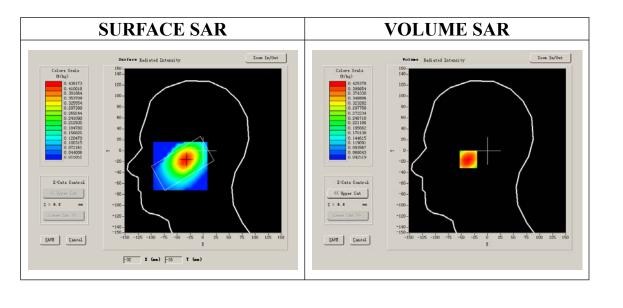
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
Phantom	Right head			
Device Position	Tilt			
Band	CDMA800			
Channels	High			
Signal	CDMA			

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 777):

Frequency (MHz)	848.309998
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.879566
Power drift (%)	-2.010000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.19
Crest factor:	1:1

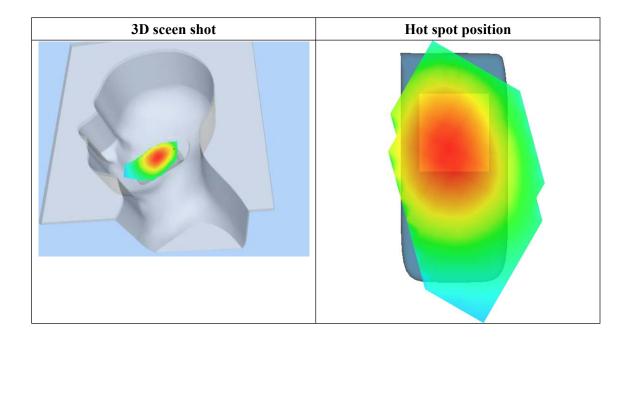




Maximum location: X=-33.00, Y=-16.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.286634		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.412955		

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4254	0.3164	0.2332	0.1699	0.1303	0.0944
	CAR	7 4	- Seen	(X = −33	₹ ▼ – .	-16)	
	0. 43 -	, 2	s scan	(x -).) , I –	107	
	0.45-	+					
	0.35-	++					
	ເ _ມ 0.30 - — ຂີ່0.25 - —		\mathbb{N}^+				
	≋ 0.25 ¥. 0.20						
	න 0.20- 0.15-						
	0.13-				\downarrow		
	0.07-	2.55.07.5	10.0 15.0	20.0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
	0.0 2			Σ (mm)	20.0 00	.0 .0.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 43 seconds

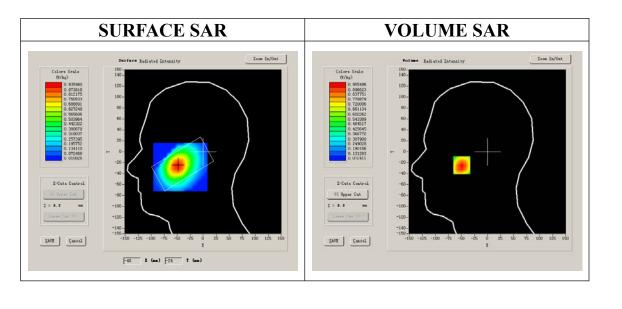
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt			
Phantom	Left head			
Device Position	Cheek			
Band	CDMA800			
Channels	Low			
Signal	CDMA			

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 1013):

Frequency (MHz)	824.700012
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.867138
Power drift (%)	-1.290000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.19
Crest factor:	1:1

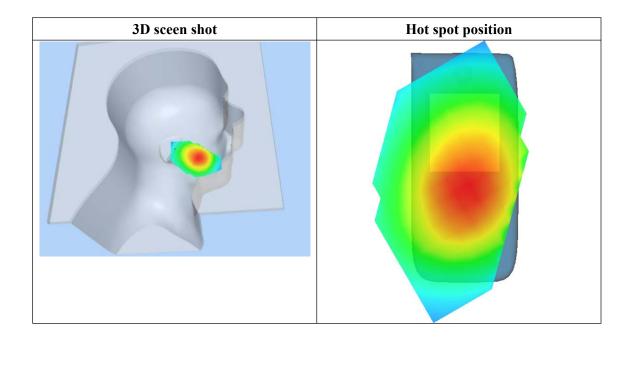




Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-25.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.603976		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.920483		

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00	4.00 0.9555	9.00 0.6398	14.00 0.4716	19.00 0.3384	24.00 0.2441	29.00 0.1734
	1.0- 0.8- 0.7- 0.6- 0.5- 0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1-	, Z Axi:		20.0	9, Y = -		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 43 seconds

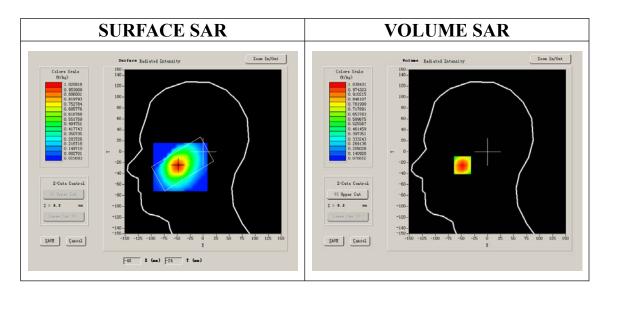
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Left head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	CDMA800		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.879566
Power drift (%)	-0.140000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.19
Crest factor:	1:1



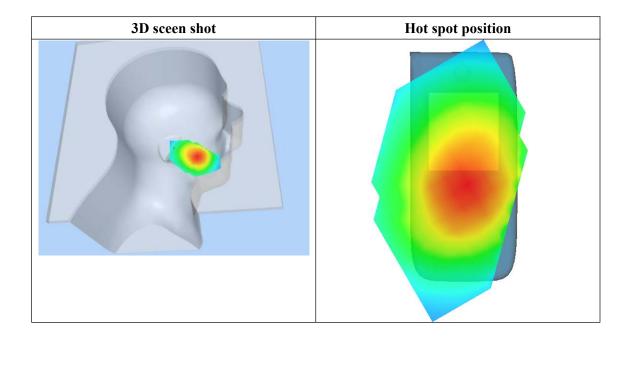


Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-25.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.653580		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.000578		

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.0384	0.6929	0.5052	0.3683	0.2626	0.1782
	1.0- 0.8- ⁽²⁾ ∭ 0.6-	, Z Axis	s Scan	(X = -48	3, ¥ = -	-25)	
	0.4-	.5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
_	0.02	.5 5.0 (.51)		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 45 seconds

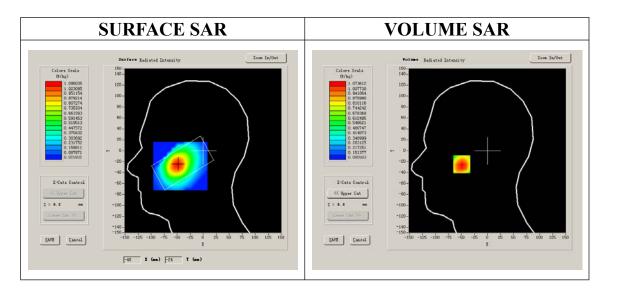
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Left head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	CDMA800		
Channels	High		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 777):

Frequency (MHz)	848.309998
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.891963
Power drift (%)	-1.220000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.19
Crest factor:	1:1

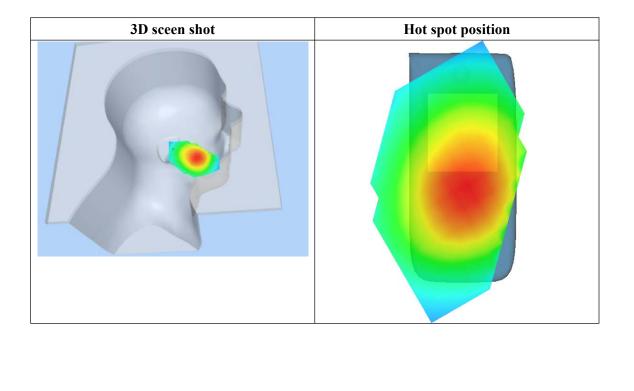




Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-25.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.687492
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.042170

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.0736	0.7602	0.5442	0.3894	0.2772	0.1983
	SAR	, Z Axis	s Scan	(X = -49	9, Y = -	-25)	
	1.1-						
	0.8	$ \rangle$					
	(37/)) 8.6-						
	eg 0.4-		++				
	0.1-						
	0.02	.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
_							





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 36 seconds

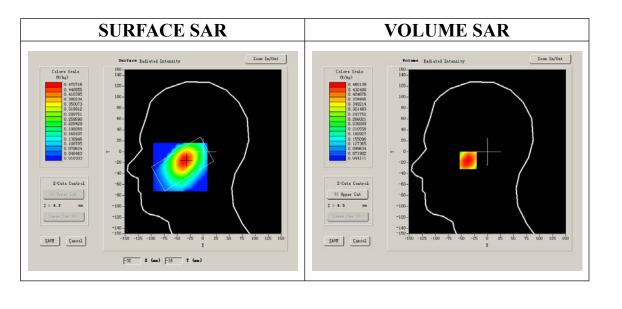
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Left head		
Device Position	Tilt		
Band	CDMA800		
Channels	High		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 777):

Frequency (MHz)	848.309998
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.879566
Power drift (%)	-0.240000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.19
Crest factor:	1:1

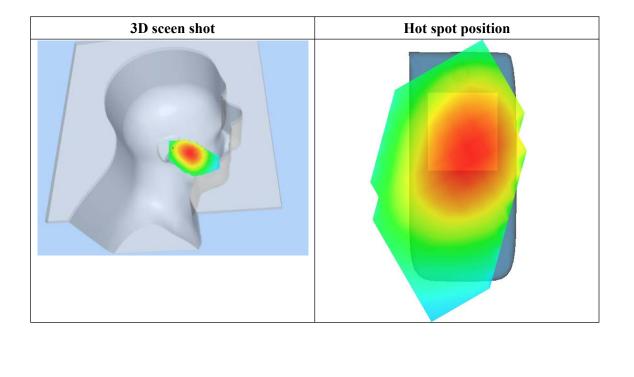




Maximum location: X=-35.00, Y=-16.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.311861			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.450772			

Z (mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00 0.0000	4.00 0.4601	9.00 0.3425	14.00 0.2505	19.00 0.1897	24.00 0.1409	29.00 0.1033
	0.46- 0.40- 0.35- 0.35- 0.25- 0.25- 0.15- 0.15-	, Z Axi:			5, Y = -		





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 16 seconds

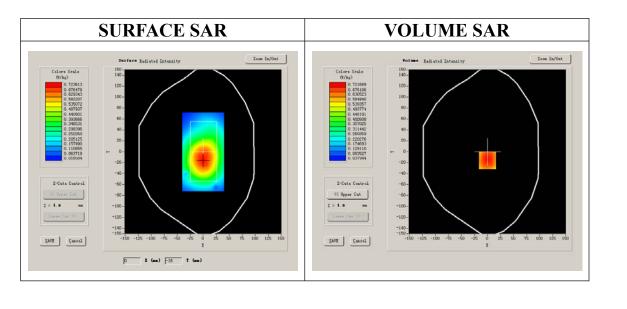
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	CDMA850			
Channels	Low			
Signal	CDMA			

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 1013):

Frequency (MHz)	824.700012
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.116001
Relative permittivity	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	0.975187
Power drift (%)	-0.030000
Ambient Temperature:	22.2°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

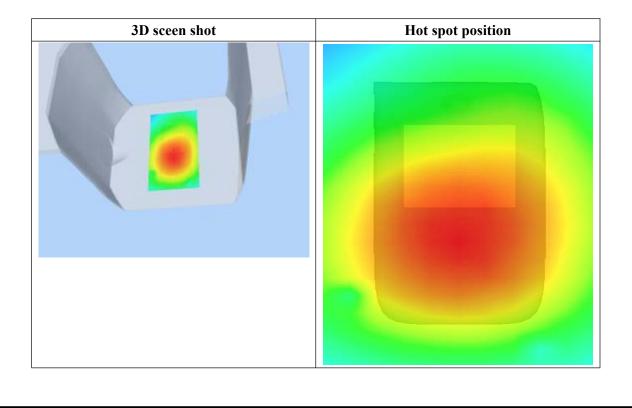




Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-16.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.527181
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.761670

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.7923	0.5712	0.3971	0.2826	0.1988	0.1435
		R, Z Ax	is Scan	(X = 0,	, ¥ = −1	16)	
	0.8-						
	0.7-						
	0.6-	++					
5	27 0.5						
ē	ا چ 0.4-						
5	م 0.3-						
	0.2-						
	0.1-	.5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			Z	(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 11 seconds

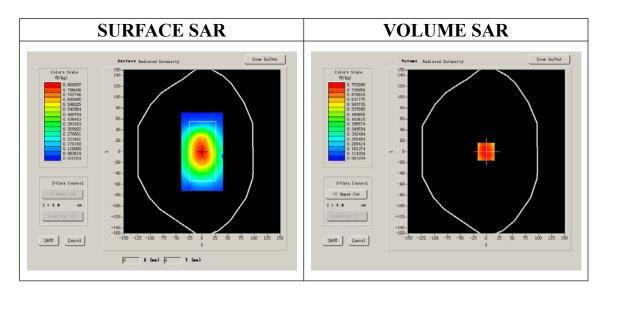
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
Band	CDMA850		
Channels	Middle		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.116001
Relative permittivity	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	0.989164
Power drift (%)	-1.350000
Ambient Temperature:	22.2°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

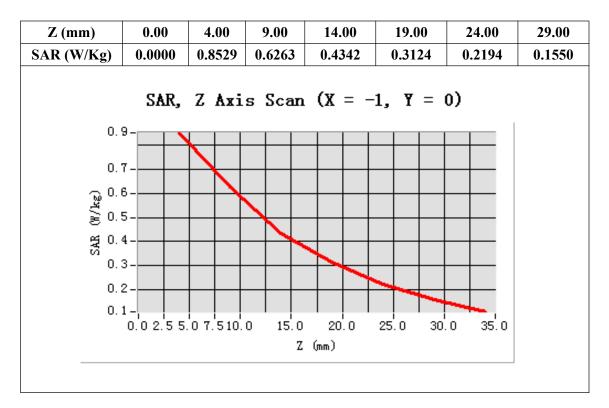


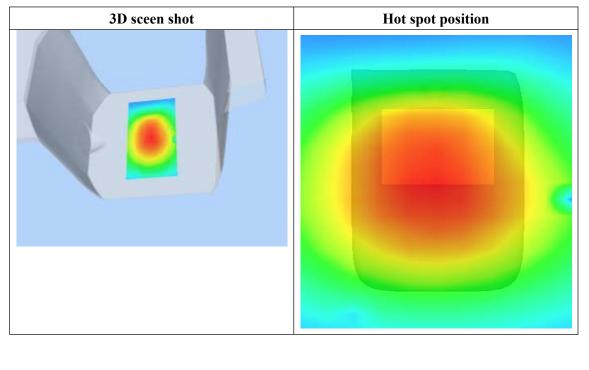


Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.623649
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.878996

Z Axis Scan







Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 16 seconds

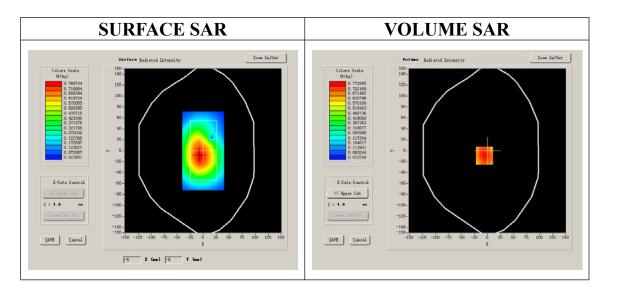
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
Band	CDMA850		
Channels	High		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 777):

Frequency (MHz)	848.309998
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.116001
Relative permittivity	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	1.003105
Power drift (%)	-0.170000
Ambient Temperature:	22.2°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

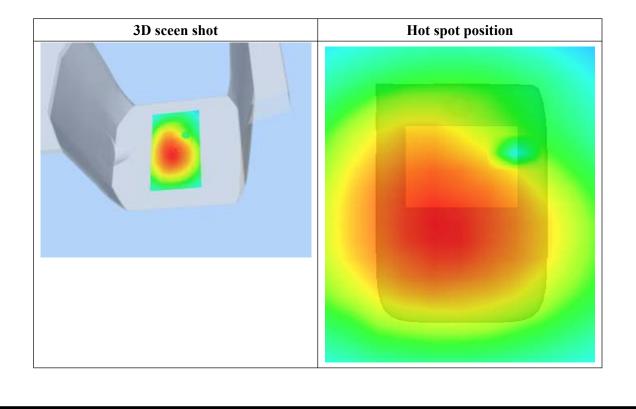




Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.549283
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.810675

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.8485	0.6021	0.4334	0.3065	0.2218	0.1619
(W/Kg)							
	SA	R, Z Ax	is Scan	(X = -6)	6, Y = -	-9)	
	0.8-						
			+ $+$ $+$				
	0.7-		+ $+$ $+$				
	_ഡ 0.6-						
	(v)0.6- ≭ /⋛ 0.5-		\mathbb{N}				
	- g 0.4						
	и 0.3-						
	0.2-						
	0.1-						
		5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
			Z	(mm)			
_							





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 11 seconds

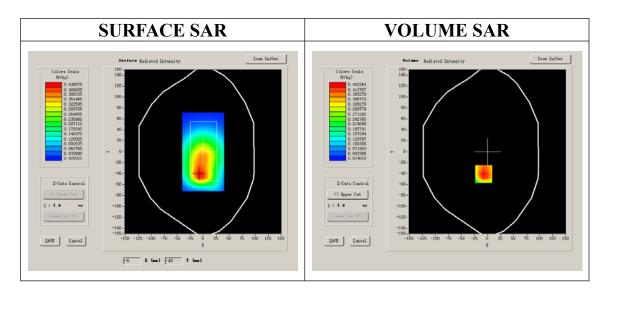
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	CDMA850
Channels	High
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 777):

Frequency (MHz)	848.309998
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.116001
Relative permittivity	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	0.989164
Power drift (%)	-1.350000
Ambient Temperature:	22.2°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

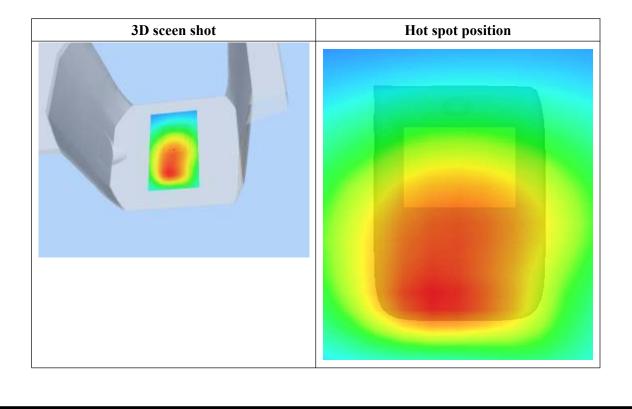




Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-41.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.308533		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.483495		

(mm) SAR (W/Kg)	0.00 0.0000	4.00 0.4974	9.00 0.3227	14.00 0.2136	19.00 0.1422	24.00 0.0943	29.00 0.0636
	0.5- 0.4- (27)0.3- 870.2- 0.1- 0.0-			(X = -7)			
	0.02	. 5 5. 0 7. 51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 8 minutes 4 seconds

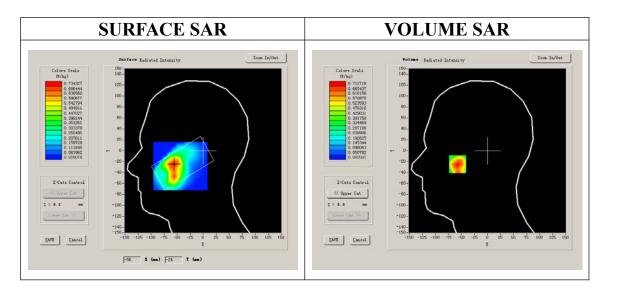
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Right head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	CDMA1900		
Channels	Low		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650
Conductivity (S/m)	1.431186
Power drift (%)	-2.320000
Ambient Temperature:	22.8°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

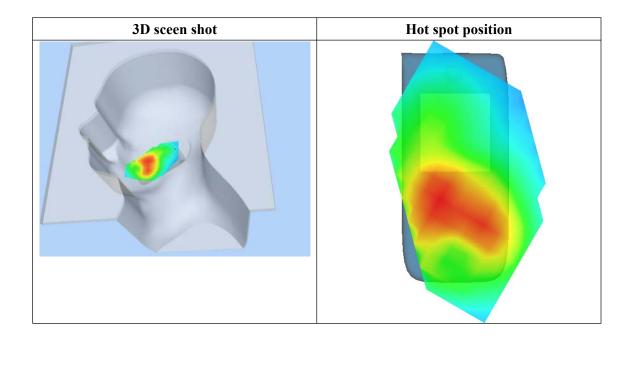




Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-25.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.342292
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.675476

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.7127	0.3297	0.1541	0.0743	0.0348	0.0172
	SAR	, Z Axi	s Scan	(X = -5'	7, ¥ = -	-25)	
	0.7-						
	0.6-	$\left \right\rangle$	+ $+$ $+$	+ + +			
	_ట 0.5-	$\left \cdot \right $					
	(2) 4 5 20.4-	\vdash					
	g 0.3-						
	^{ده} 0.2-		+				
	0.1-						
	0.0-				╺╼┿╼╼┽		
	0.02.	5 5.0 7.51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 28 seconds

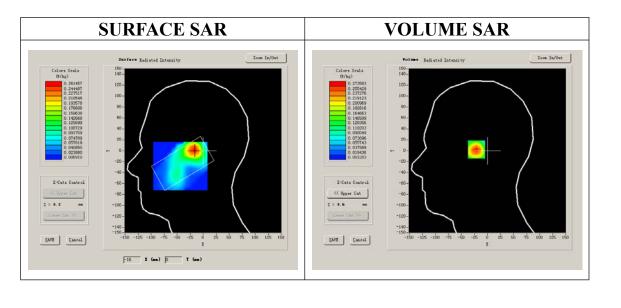
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	CDMA1900
Channels	Low
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650
Conductivity (S/m)	1.453412
Power drift (%)	0.370000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

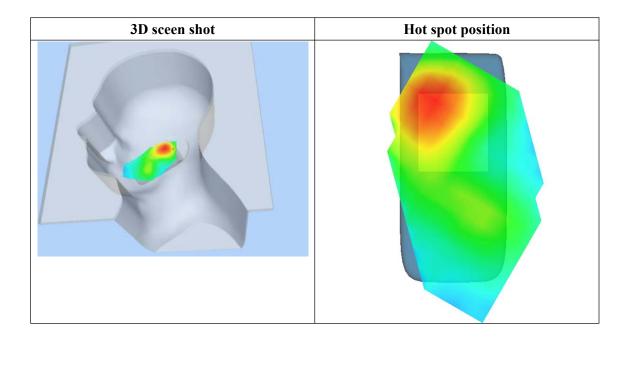




Maximum location: X=-17.00, Y=2.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.130571
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.259485

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2736	0.1321	0.0626	0.0325	0.0117	0.0059
		R, Z Ax	is Scan	(x = -:	17, ¥ =	2)	
	0. 27 – 0. 25 –	+					
	0.20-	+ N					
-	≨ 20.15-	++					
	g 0. 10 -	+ $+$ $+$					
	0. 05	+ $+$ $+$	$+ \mathbf{N}$				
	0.00-				05 0 00		
	0.03	2.55.07.5		0 20.0 Z (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 8 minutes 0 seconds

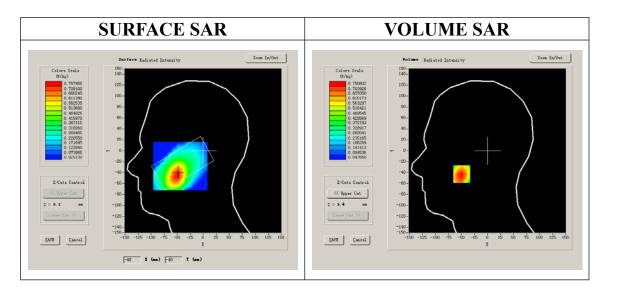
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Left head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	CDMA1900		
Channels	Low		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000
Relative permittivity	13.915650
Conductivity (S/m)	1.431186
Power drift (%)	-3.080000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

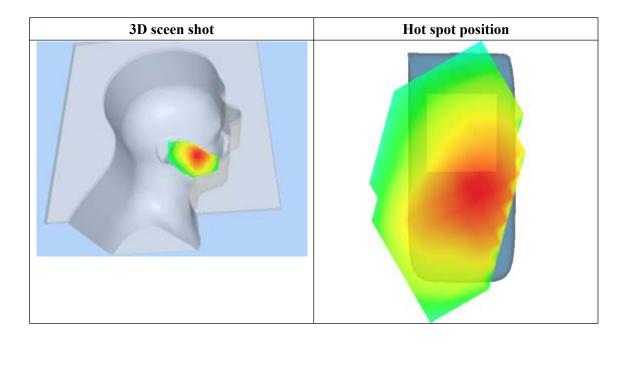




Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-43.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.476133
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.721986

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR	0.0000	0.7508	0.5221	0.3747	0.2617	0.1857	0.1309
(W/Kg)							
				_		_	
	SAF	R, Z Axi	s Scan	(X = -4)	9, Y = -	-43)	
	0.8-						
		+					
	0.6-	++					
	ຼີພູ 0.5-						
	ີ່ 0.5- ຂີ່ 0.4-						
	87 0.3-						
	0.2-						
	0.1-						
	0.02	2.5 5.0 7.51			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
_				(mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 7 minutes 59 seconds

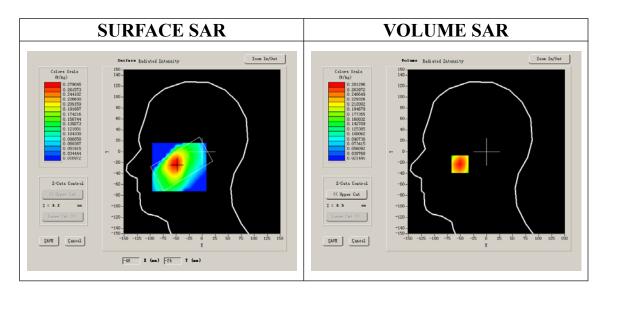
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt		
Phantom	Left head		
Device Position	Tilt		
Band	CDMA1900		
Channels	Low		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000				
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.209000				
Relative permittivity	13.915650				
Conductivity (S/m)	1.453412				
Power drift (%)	-0.820000				
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C				
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C				
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721				
Crest factor:	1:1				



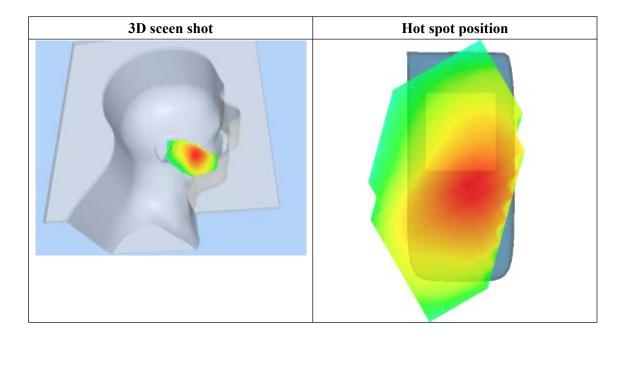


Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-23.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.181882
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.268362

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2813	0.1979	0.1467	0.1011	0.0722	0.0512
	SAR	, Z Axis	s Scan	(X = -51	l, ¥ = -	-23)	
	0. 25 -	+N					
	() 0.20- 						
	(20 34/∞ 0.15 84 84 85						
	0.10						
	0.04- 0.03	2.5 5.0 7.5			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
_				Z (mm)			





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

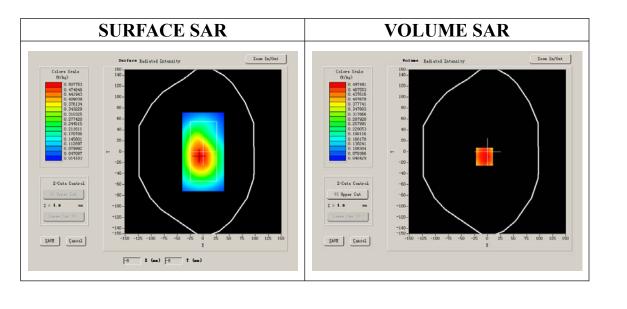
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
Band	CDMA1900		
Channels	Low		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.903000
Relative permittivity	14.817600
Conductivity (S/m)	1.523949
Power drift (%)	-1.470000
Ambient Temperature:	22.0°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.7C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

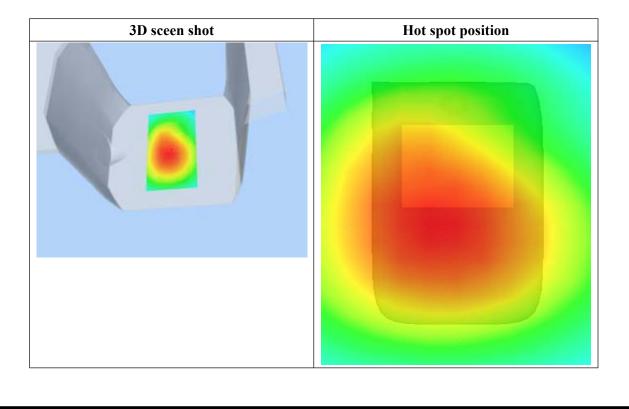




Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.372207
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.529727

	1	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
0.0000	0.5415	0.4047	0.2879	0.2092	0.1501	0.1087
	R, Z Ax	is Scan	(X = -0	5, Y = -	-9)	
0.5-						
0.4						
0.2-						
0.1-	.5 5.0 7.51	0.0 15.0	20.0	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
		Z	(mm)			
	0.5- 0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.2-	0.5- 0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1-	0.5- 0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0 2.5 5.0 7.510.0 15.0	0.5- 0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1- 0.02.55.07.510.0 15.0 20.0	0.5- 0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0 2.5 5.0 7.510.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30	0.5- 0.4- 0.3- 0.2- 0.1- 0.0 2.5 5.0 7.510.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0 35.0





Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

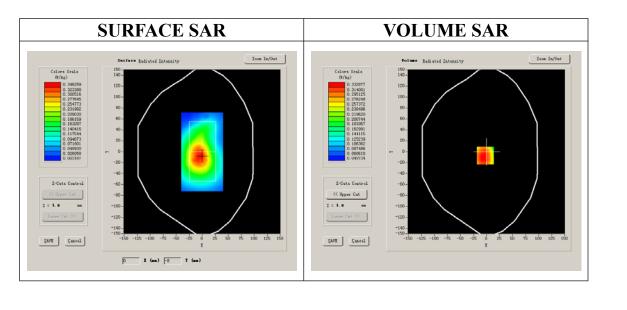
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
Band	CDMA1900		
Channels	Low		
Signal	CDMA		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 25):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.903000
Relative permittivity	14.817600
Conductivity (S/m)	1.523949
Power drift (%)	0.330000
Ambient Temperature:	22.0°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.7C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

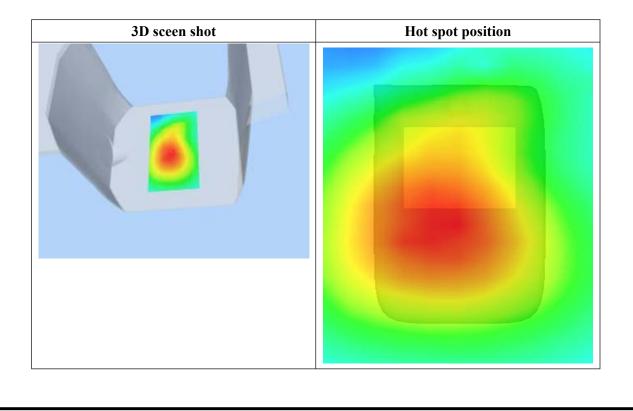




Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-7.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.275871
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.362573

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3643	0.3005	0.2380	0.1962	0.1597	0.1237
	0.36- 0.30- ³⁴ / 0.25- 84 0.20-	R, Z Ax:	is Scan	(X = -2	2, ¥ = -	-7)	
_	0.15- 0.09- 0.0	2.55.07.5) 20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	





System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

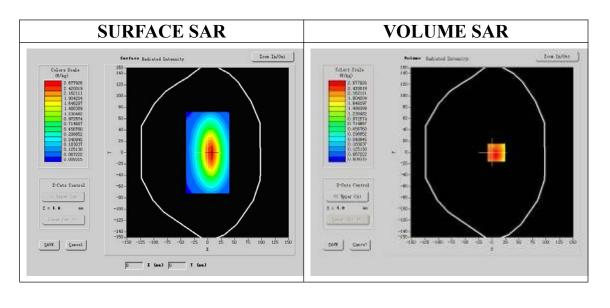
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position				
Band	835MHz			
Channels				
Signal	CW			

B. SAR Measurement Results

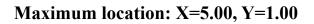
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.675999
Relative permittivity	15.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.894409
Power drift (%)	-0.050000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1





Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	AR (W/Kg) 0.0000		1.2251	0.5257	0.2114
5 SAR (W/kg) 1 1	.6-				
	.5- .2- 0.0 2.5 5.		12.5 15.0 17.1 (mm)	5 20.0 22.5 25.	0

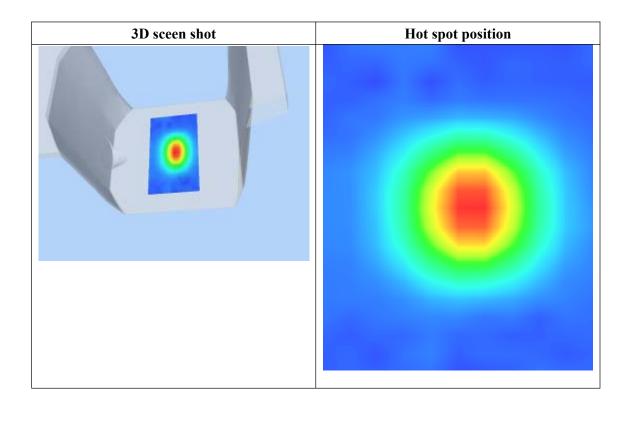


1.685732

2.478462

SAR 10g (W/Kg)

SAR 1g (W/Kg)





System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement: 23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

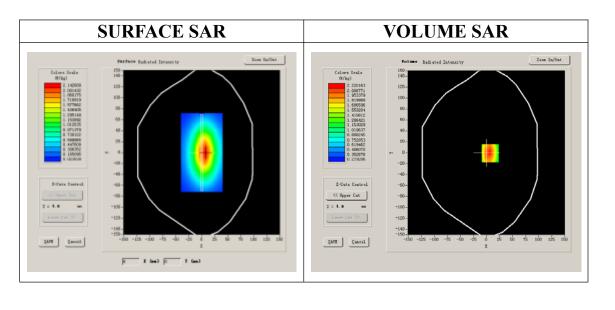
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position			
Band	835MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	0.9809033
Power drift (%)	-0.170000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

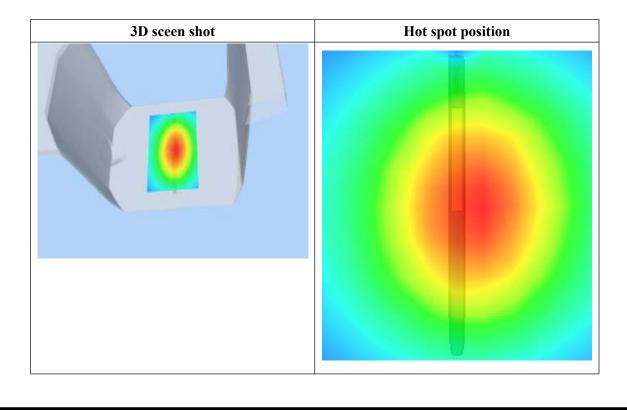




Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.539476
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.385979

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5209	1.6629	1.1437	0.8075	0.5889	0.4143
	si	AR, Z Ax	is Scan	(X = 7	Y = -	1)	
	2.5-						
	2.0-						
	(j)						
	≦ 1.5- ave S 1.0-		N				
	^ឆ ាំ 1.0-						
	0.3-			+	++		
	0.0 2	.5 5.0 7.51		20.0 (mm)	25.0 30	.0 35.0	
				QUUU)			





System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement:23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

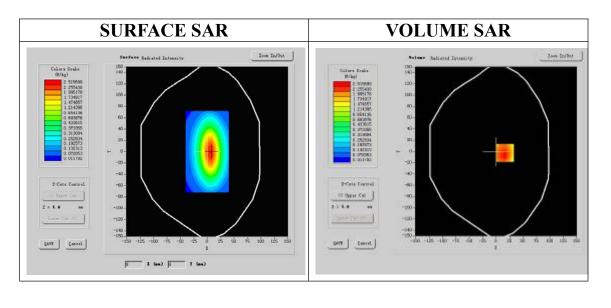
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position			
Band	1900MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	15.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	-0.140000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

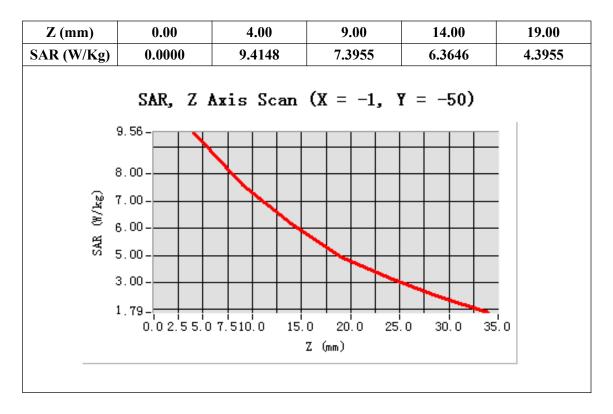


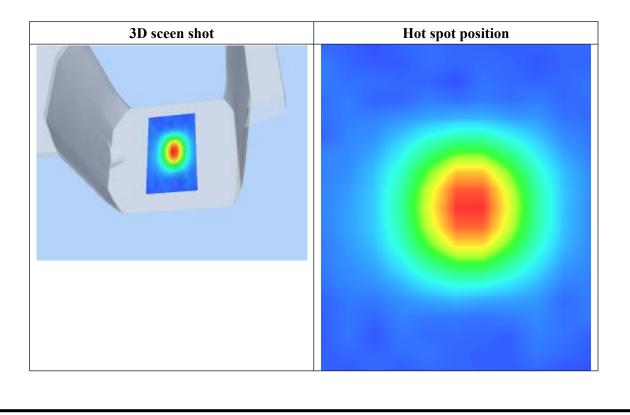


Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-50.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	4.884149
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.454628

Z Axis Scan







System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Date of measurement:23/4/2012 Measurement duration: 13 minutes 26 seconds

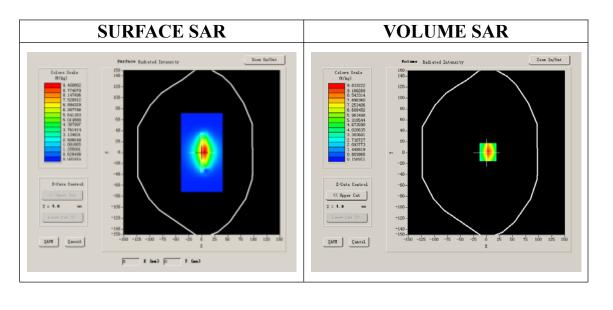
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position			
Band	1900MHz		
Channels			
Signal	CW		

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.548876
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.553978
Power drift (%)	-0.030000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:1





Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	4.981611
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.740177

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.0621	5.6445	3.6226	2.1642	1.4521	0.9078
	S	AR, ZA:	xis Scar	n (X = 3	3. ¥ = 1)	
	10.06-						
	8.00	$+\mathbf{N}$					
	(³ 247) 8.00	++					
	g 4.00						
	2.00						
	0.64- 0.0	2.5 5.0 7.5			25.0 30	.0 35.0	
_				Z (mm)			

