

## ShenZhen Electronic Product Quality Testing Center

## CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SAR07-006

Qingdao Haier Telecom Co., Ltd.

850/1800/1900 Tri-band Handset

Type Name: HG-E30

## FCC ID: SG70701HG-E30

Hardware Version: Software Version: V2.0 MAUI.05C.W06.28

Date of Issue:

2007-01-29











## GENERAL SUMMARY

Product Name	850/1800/1900 Tri-band Handset	Development Stage	Identical prototype			
47CFR § 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices         FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01): Eval         Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electroma         Fields         ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to H         Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.         IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Av						
	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Hu Devices: Experimental Techniques.	man Body Due to Wi	reless Communications			
Conclusion	Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.2 of this test report. Maximum localized SAR is below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.1 of this test report. General Judgment: <b>Pass</b> Date of issue: Jan 29, 2007					
Comment	TX Freq. Band: 824.20 MHz—848.80 MHz( RX Freq. Band:869.20 MHz—893.80 MHz( Antenna Character : build inside The test result only responds to the measured	GSM) 1850.20 MHz GSM) 1930.20 MHz	-1909.80 MHz (PCS)			
Tested	by: Zhang Can Zhang Can	Jan. 29	9.2007			
Checked	Smart Li	TETO	9.2007			
Approved	by: <u>(Login</u> , D Wang Keqin	Date: <u>Jan. 30</u>	600			

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#### 1. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1.1 This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

1.2 This report standalone dose not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities.

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1.4 This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of Shenzhen Electronic Product Quality Testing Center and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.



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2.3.Organization Item						
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S.E.T Project Leader:	Mr. Li Sixiong					
S.E.T Responsible for						
accreditation scope:	Mr. Li'an Wu					
Start of Testing:	2007-01-25					
End of Testing:	2007-01-29					
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Notes: This data is based on th	e information by the applicant.					



#### 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

#### 3.1. Identification of the Equipment under Test

Brand Name:	Haier	
Type Name:	HG-E30	
Marking Name:	HG-E30	
	Test frequency	GSM 850MHz PCS 1900MHz
	Development Stage	Identical prototype
	Accessories	Charger, Battery
	Battery Model	HG-E30
General description:	Battery specification	630mAh 3.7V
•	Antenna type	Build inside
	Operation mode	Call established
	Modulation mode	GSM; GPRS
	Max. Power	33dBm(GSM 850) 30dBm(PCS 1900)

#### 3.2.Identification of all used Test Sample of the Equipment under Test

EUT Code	Serial Number	Hardware Version	Software Version	IMEI
1#	N.A.	V2.0	MAUI.05C.W06.28	354415010001025

#### NOTE:

- 1. The EUT consists of Hand Telephone Set and normal options: Charger, Lithium Battery as listed above.
- 2. Please refer to Appendix C for the photographs of the EUT. For a more detailed features description about the EUT, please refer to User's Manual.
- 3. The EUT can work in four different bands, but this SAR test was performed only in the GSM 850MHz and PCS 1900MHz bands.



## **4** OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

#### 4.1 Schematic Test Configuration

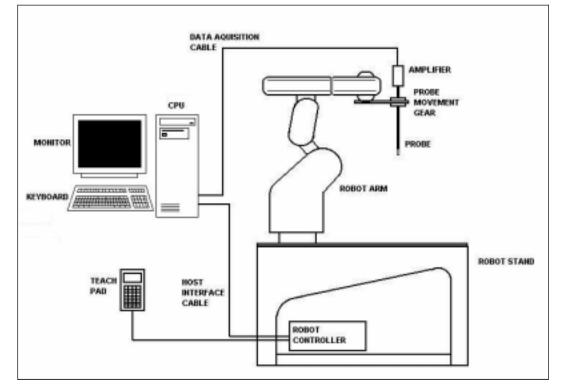
During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The TCH is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM 850 MHz, or to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900 MHz. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

#### 4.2 SAR Measurement System

The SAR measurement system being used is the IndexSAR SARA2 system, which consists of a







Mitsubishi RV-E2 6-axis robot arm and controller, IndexSAR probe and amplifier and SAM phantom Head Shape. The system is controlled remotely from a PC, which contains the software to control the robot and data acquisition equipment. The software also displays the data obtained from test scans.

In operation, the system first does an area (2D) scan at a fixed depth within the liquid from the inside wall of the phantom. When the maximum SAR point has been found, the system will then carry out a 3D scan centred at that point to determine volume averaged SAR level.

#### 4.2.1 Robot system specification

The robot is used to articulate the probe to programmed positions inside the phantom head to obtain the SAR readings from the DUT.



#### Robot and Stand

Type

	8
Dimensions (robot)	H
Dimensions (robot stand)	1
Weight	A
Position repeatability	
Drive Method	A
Expandability	E

Mitsubishi Movemaster RV-2A / 6 axis vertical articulated robot Height: 790mm (in home position) 010L x 450W x 820H mm Approx. 36 kg /- 0.04mm AC servomotor Extra axis expansion capability for probe calibration applications E-Field probe



## Robot Controller Unit

Туре	CR1 - 571
Dimensions	212W x 290D x 151H mm
Weight	8 kg
Power source	single-phase 100 - 240 VAC

#### 4.2.2 Probe and amplifier specification

#### IXP-050 Indexsar isotropic immersible SAR probe

The probes are constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular

prism core. The probes have built-in shielding against static charges and are contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip (showed in figure 2). The system uses diode compression potential (DCP) to determine SAR values for different types of modulation. Crest factor is not used for determining SAR values. The DCP for different types of modulation is determined during the probe calibration procedure.

	E-filed Probe	
	Туре	Three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on triangular, interlocking substrates
		Overall length: 350mm
		Tip length: 10mm
	Dimensions	Body diameter: 12mm
9		Tip diameter: 5mm
		Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5mm
$\cap$	Interfacing	Lemo 6 pole latching connector for interfacing to high
	internaeing	impedance amplifier
		+/- 0.5dB in brain liquids (rotation about probe axis)
	lsotropy	typically +/- 0.15dB
		+/- 0.5dB in brain liquids (rotation normal to probe axis)
	Calibration	Indexsar calibration in brain tissue simulating liquids at
		frequency of 900MHz, 1800MHz and 1900MHz
	Dynamic Range	0.001W/kg to 100W/kg in liquid. Linearity +/- 0.2W/kg

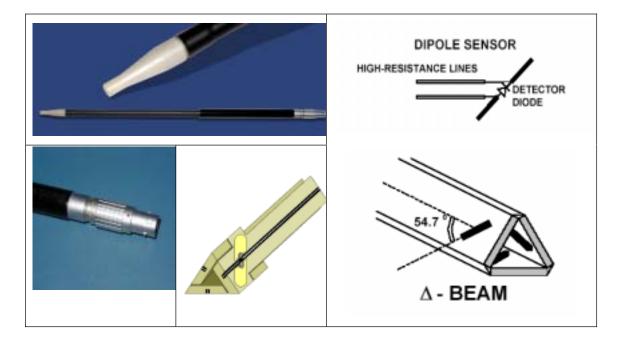


Figure2. Specification and characterisation parameters of indexsar probe



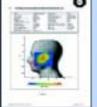
#### **IFA-010** Amplifier

The amplifier unit has a multi-pole connector to connect to the probe and a multiplexer selects between the 3-channel single-ended inputs. A 16-bit AtoD converter with programmable gain is used along with an on-board micro-controller with non-volatile firmware. Battery life is around 150 hours and data are transferred to the PC via 3m of duplex optical fibre and a self-powered RS232 to optical converter.



#### Probe Amplifier and PC Interface

ype	High impedance inputs with 3 independent x,y,z sensor
	channels giving simultaneous measurement data every 2ms.
	Reads true average of modulated signals without the need
	for duty cycle corrections
Ranges	Software selectable of x1 to 63
Cable	Optical cable with self-powered 9 way RS232 converter.
	3m cable length supplied as standard.
	Other lengths to order.
Power Requirements	2 x AAA batteries giving approximately 100 hours usage.
1	'Word' report format



R C

The results of each frequency scan are presented in a Microsoft 'Word' document with all the necessary measurement parameters automatically tabulated. Users can customise the layout and in some cases language changes are possible.

#### 4.2.3 Phantoms and simulant liquid

#### 4.2.3.1 SAR head phantom (SAM)

The Indexsar SAM Upright Phantom is fabricated to the shape defined in these CAD files by Antennessa.



### **Head Phantom**

Type 2 Dimensions

Weight

Wall thickness Construction

Upright SAM phantom Height: 320mm Baseplate diameter: 275mm empty: 1.2 kg filled: 7.2 kg 2.0 mm ±0.2 Low loss resin / Strengthened saggital seam

It is mounted on the base table, which holds the robotic positioner. Both mechanical and laser-based

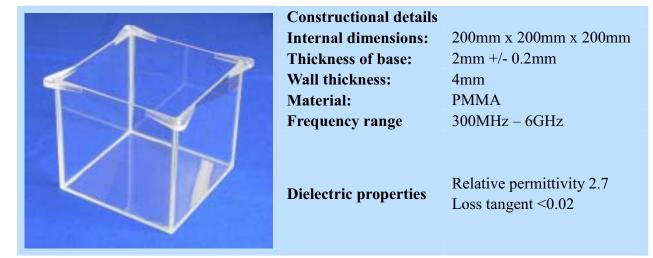


registration systems are utilised to register the phantom position in relationship to the robot co-ordinate system. In the SARA2 implementation, the SAM phantom is mounted on a supporting table made of low dielectric loss material, which includes mounting brackets for DUT positioners, dipole holders and (optionally) a shelf for supporting larger devices like laptop computers.

#### 4.2.3.2 Box phantom

The box phantom used for body testing and for validation is manufactured from Perspex.

#### **IXB** – 070 Specification and characterisation parameters



Tissue-simulant volume required for 150mm depth (6 litres)

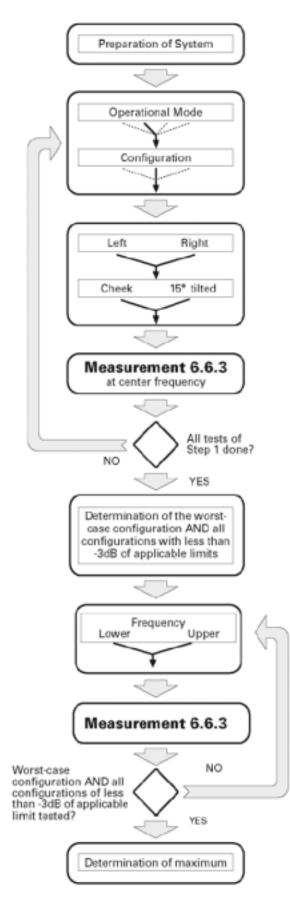
#### 4.2.3.3 Simulant liquids

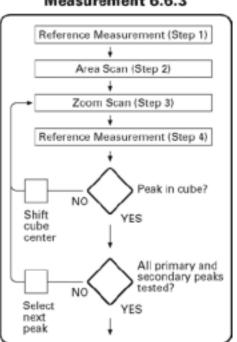
**S**imulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of GSM 850MHz and PCS 1900MHz, which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 7litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 27litres for a horizontal bath phantom.

Ingredients	Frequency(MHz)				
(% by weight )	8:	50	19	00	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	
Water	40.92	56.0	54.9	40.4	
Salt(NaCl)	1.48	0.76	0.18	0.5	
Sugar	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	
HEC	1	1.21	0.0	1.0	
Bacterial de	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
DGBE	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	
Acticide SPX	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.0	
Dielectric Constant	41.44	52.99	39.9	54.0	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.99	1.12	1.42	1.45	



#### 4.2.4 SAR measurement procedure





#### Measurement 6.6.3



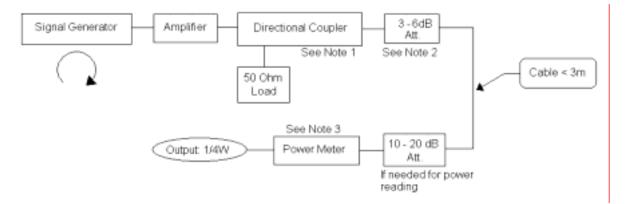
Channel	Left			Right				
	Cheek Tilt		Cheek		Tilt			
	Retracted	Extended	Retracted	Extended	Retracted	Extended	Retracted	Extended
Mode 1:								
High			S2(-1.4dB)	S2(-0.4dB)			S2(-2.2dB)	S2(-1.4dB)
Middle	S1(-4dB)	S1(-4dB)	S1(-1.5dB)	S1(-0.5dB)	S1(-5dB)	S1(-5dB)	S1(-2.5dB)	S1(-1.5dB)
Low			S2(-1.3dB)	S2(-0.7dB)			S2(-2.7dB)	S2(-0.6dB)
Mode 2:								
High			S2(-2.7dB)	S2(-1.1dB)				
Middle	S1(-5dB)	S1(-5dB)	S1(-2.5dB)	S1(-1dB)	S1(-6dB)	S1(-6dB)	S1(-5dB)	S1(-5dB)
Low			S2(-2.2dB)	S2(-0.8dB)				

After an area scan has been done at a fixed distance of 8mm from the surface of the phantom on the source side, a 3D scan is set up around the location of the maximum spot SAR. First, a point within the scan area is visited by the probe and a SAR reading taken at the start of testing. At the end of testing, the probe is returned to the same point and a second reading is taken. Comparison between these start and end readings enables the power drift during measurement to be assessed.

Above is the scanning procedure flow chart and table from the IEEE V2.0528 standard. This is the procedure for which all compliant testing should be carried out to ensure that all variations of the device position and transmission behaviour are tested.

#### 4.2.5 Validation testing using box phantoms

The following procedure, recommended for performing validation tests using box phantoms is based on the procedures described in the draft IEEE standard V2.0528. Setup according to the setup diagram below :



With the SG and Amp and with directional coupler in place, set up the source signal at the relevant

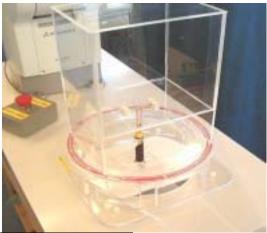


frequency and use a power meter to measure the power at the end of the SMA cable that you intend to connect to the balanced dipole. Adjust the SG to make this, say, 0.25W (24 dBm). If this level is too high to read directly with the power meter sensor, insert a calibrated attenuator (e.g. 10 or 20 dB) and make a suitable correction to the power meter reading.

- Note 1: In this method, the directional coupler is used for monitoring rather than setting the exact feed power level. If, however, the directional coupler is used for power measurement, you should check the frequency range and power rating of the coupler and measure the coupling factor (referred to output) at the test frequency using a VNA.
- Note 2: Remember that the use of a 3dB attenuator (as shown in Figure 8.1 of V2.0528) means that you need an RF amplifier of 2 times greater power for the same feed power. The other issue is the cable length. You might get up to 1dB of loss per meter of cable, so the cable length after the coupler needs to be quite short.
- Note 3: For the validation testing done using CW signals, most power meters are suitable. However, if you are measuring the output of a modulated signal from either a signal generator or a handset, you must ensure that the power meter correctly reads the modulated signals.

#### 4.2.5.1 Setting up the box phantom for validation testing

The main purpose of the box phantom is for validation of the system. By placing the box phantom in place of the upright head, using the box phantom dipole holder the system can now be used to check that the probe and software are giving accurate readings.



#### 4.2.5.2 Equipments and results of validation testing

Equipments :

name	Type and specification
Signal generator	SML02
Directional coupler	450MHz-3GHz
Amplifier	3W 502(10-2500MHz)
Reference dipole	IXD-080 validation dipole
	IXD-090 validation dipole
	IXD-245 validation dipole

#### **Results:**

Frequency	Target value (1g)	Test value (1g)		
850MHz	10.8 W/kg	10.528 W/kg (Head)	10.272 W/kg (Body)	
1900MHz	39.7 W/kg	41.140 W/kg (Head)	40.340 W/kg (Body)	



#### 4.2.6 SARA2 Interpolation and Extrapolation schemes

SARA2 software contains support for both 2D cubic B-spline interpolation as well as 3D cubic B-spline interpolation. In addition, for extrapolation purposes, a general n-th order polynomial fitting routine is implemented following a singular value decomposition algorithm. A 4th order polynomial fit is used by default for data extrapolation, but a linear-logarithmic fitting function can be selected as an option. The polynomial fitting procedures have been tested by comparing the fitting coefficients generated by the SARA2 procedures with those obtained using the polynomial fit functions of Microsoft Excel when applied to the same test input data.

#### 4.2.7 Interpolation of 2D area scan

The 2D cubic B-spline interpolation is used after the initial area scan at fixed distance from the phantom shell wall. The initial scan data are collected with approx. 10mm spatial resolution and spline interpolation is used to find the location of the local maximum to within a 1mm resolution for positioning the subsequent 3D scanning.

#### 4.2.8Extrapolation of 3D scan

For the 3D scan, data are collected on a spatially regular 3D grid having (by default) 6.4 mm steps in the lateral dimensions and 3.5 mm steps in the depth direction (away from the source). SARA2 enables full control over the selection of alternative step sizes in all directions.

The digitised shape of the head is available to the SARA2 software, which decides which points in the 3D array are sufficiently well within the shell wall to be 'visited' by the SAR probe. After the data collection, the data are extrapolated in the depth direction to assign values to points in the 3D array closer to the shell wall. A notional extrapolation value is also assigned to the first point outside the shell wall so that subsequent interpolation schemes will be applicable right up to the shell wall boundary.

#### 4.2.9 Interpolation of 3D scan and volume averaging

The procedure used for defining the shape of the volumes used for SAR averaging in the SARA2 software follow the method of adapting the surface of the 'cube' to conform with the curved inner surface of the phantom. This is called, here, the conformal scheme.

For each row of data in the depth direction, the data are extrapolated and interpolated to less than 1mm spacing and average values are calculated from the phantom surface for the row of data over distances corresponding to the requisite depth for 10g and 1g cubes. This results in two 2D arrays of data, which are then cubic B-spline interpolated to sub mm lateral resolution. A search routine then moves an



averaging square around through the 2D array and records the maximum value of the corresponding 1g and 10g volume averages. For the definition of the surface in this procedure, the digitized position of the head shell surface is used for measurement in head-shaped phantoms. For measurements in rectangular, box phantoms, the distance between the phantom wall and the closest set of gridded data points is entered into the software. For measurements in box-shaped phantoms, this distance is under the control of the user. The effective distance must be greater than 2.5mm as this is the tip-sensor distance and to avoid interface proximity effects, it should be at least 5mm. A value of 6 or 8mm is recommended. This distance is called **dbe**.

For automated measurements inside the head, the distance cannot be less than 2.5mm, which is the radius of the probe tip and to avoid interface proximity effects, a minimum clearance distance of x mm is retained. The actual value of dbe will vary from point to point depending upon how the spatially regular 3D grid points fit within the shell. The greatest separation is when a grid point is just not visited due to the probe tip dimensions. In this case the distance could be as large as the step-size plus the minimum clearance distance (i.e with x=5 and a step size of 3.5, dbe will be between 3.5 and 8.5mm). The default step size (dstep) used is 3.5mm, but this is under user-control. The compromise is with time of scan, so it is not practical to make it much smaller or scan times become long and power-drop influences become larger.

The robot positioning system specification for the repeatability of the positioning (dss) is +/- 0.04mm. The phantom shell is made by an industrial moulding process from the CAD files of the SAM shape, with both internal and external moulds. For the upright phantoms, the external shape is subsequently digitized on a Mitutoyo CMM machine (Euro an ultrasonic sensor indicate that the shell thickness (dph) away from the ear is 2.0 +/- 0.1mm. The ultrasonic measurements were calibrated using additional mechanical measurements on available cut surfaces of the phantom shells. See support document IXS-020x. For the upright phantom, the alignment is based upon registration of the rotation axis of the phantom on its 253mm diameter baseplate bearing and the position of the probe axis when commanded to go to the axial position. A laser alignment tool is provided (procedure detailed elsewhere). This enables the registration of the phantom tip (dmis) to be assured to within approx. 0.2mm. This alignment is done with reference to the actual probe tip after installation and probe alignment. The rotational positioning of the phantom is variable – offering advantages for special studies, but locating pins ensure accurate repositioning at the principal positions (LH and RH ears).



# 4.2.10 Probe anisotropy and boundary proximity influence correction software (Virtual Probe Miniaturization VPM software)

Indexsar Report IXS0223 provides a background to the factors affecting measurements at high frequencies when using SAR probes of size 8 – 5mm tip diameter. Although the Indexsar probes are at the smaller end of this range, SAR probes are not isotropic in 5GHz phantom field gradients and ad 1) At >5GHz, the SAR field decays to 1/e of its value within 3-4mm of the surface of a phantom with a source adjacent. So, measurements are significantly affected by small errors in the separation distances employed between the probe and the phantom surface. The distance between the probe tip and the plane of the sensors should be allowed for using the same value as th at declared in the probe calibration document. Distances between the probe tip and phantom surface should be measured accurately to 0.1mm. The best way to assure this is to use the robot to position the probe in light contact with the phantom wall and then to withdraw the probe by the selected amount under robot control. 2) The preferred test geometry at 5GHz is for testing at the bottom of an open phantom. If tests at the side of a phantom are performed, it will be necessary to apply VPM corrections as described below. In either case, careful monitoring of probe spacing from the phantom is required. Probe isotropy is improved for measuring fields polarized either normal to or parallel to the probe axis. If the source polarization is known, this arrangement should be established, if possible.

3) The probe calibration factors including boundary correction terms should be carefully entered from the calibration document. The probe calibration factors require that the probe be oriented in a known rotational position. The red spot on the Indexsar probe should be aligned facing away from the robot arm.
4) The latest SARA2 software (VPM editions) contain support for correcting for probe anisotropy in strong field gradients and include a procedure for correcting for boundary proximity influences. As noted above, the probe has to be oriented in a given rotational position and some familiarity with the new measurement procedures is necessary. The calculations can be performed either with or without the extended correction schemes applied.

5) If boundary corrections are used, it may be preferable to go rather closer to the phantom surface than is usually recommended and to perform scans using small steps between the measurement planes so that good data on the SAR profiles are collected within the first 10mm of the phantom depth.



## **5** CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TEST

#### 5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

47CFR § 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

FCC OET Bulletin 65(Edition 97-01), Supplement C(Edition 01-01): Evaluating Compliance with FCC

Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio

Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable

devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

#### 5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption

Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

They specify the measurement method for demonstration of compliance with the SAR limits for such equipments.

## **6 LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT**

#### Table: The Ambient Conditions during SAR Test

Temperature	Min. = 15 ° C, Max. = 30 ° C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
	•

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

## 7 TEST RESULTS

#### 7.1 Dielectric Performance

The measured 1-gram averaged SAR values of the device against the head and the body are provided in Tables 1 and 2 respectively. The humidity and ambient temperature of test facility were 54% ~60% and 23.0 °C ~23.9°C respectively. The SAM head phantom (SN 0380 SH and SN 0381 SH) were full of the head tissue simulating liquid. The depth of the body tissue was 15.1cm. The distance between the back of the device and the bottom of the flat phantom is 1.5cm. A base station simulator was used to control the device during the SAR measurement. The phone was supplied with full-charged battery for each measurement.

For head measurement, the device was tested at the lowest, middle and highest frequencies in the transmit band.



#### Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.0~23.9°C, humidity: 54~60%.								
	Frequency	Permittivity ε	Conductivity o (S/m)					
Target value	850 MHZ	41.5	0.90					
Validation value (Jan 25,2007)	850 MHZ	41.47	0.902					
Target value	1900 MHz	40.0	1.40					
Validation value (Jan 25,2007)	1900 MHz	39.98	1.401					

#### Table 2: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

For body-worn measurements, the device was tested against flat phantom representing the user

body. Under measurement phone was put on in the belt holder.

Temperature: 23.0~23.9°C, humidity: 54~60%.								
/	Frequency	Permittivity ε	Conductivity o (S/m)					
Target value	850 MHz	55.0	1.05					
Validation value (Jan 26,2007)	850 MHz	55.32	0.966					
Target value	1900 MHz	53.3	1.52					
Validation value (Jan 26,2007)	1900 MHz		1.517					



#### 7.2 Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 850MHz PCS 1900 MHz Band)

#### Table 3: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band), Measured against the head.

Temperature: 23.0 °C ~23.8°C, humidity: 54~59%.					
Limit of SAD (W/kg)	1 g Average				
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1	.6			
	Measurement	Result (W/kg)			
Test Case	1 g Average	Power level			
	(W/kg)	(dBm)			
Left head, Touch cheek, Bottom Channel	0.951	32.92			
Left head, Touch cheek, Mid Channel	0.992	33.31			
Left head, Touch cheek, Top Channel	0.919	33.59			
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Bottom Channel	0.497 32.92				
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid Channel	0.562	33.31			
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Top Channel	0.526	33.59			
Right head, Touch cheek, Bottom Channel	1.025	32.92			
Right head, Touch cheek, Mid Channel	0.927	33.31			
Right head, Touch cheek, Top Channel	0.977	33.59			
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Bottom Channel	0.627 32.92				
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid Channel	0.693 33.31				
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Top Channel	0.754	33.59			

Table 4: SAR Values (PCS 1900MHz Band), Measured against the head.

Temperature: 23.0 °C ~23.8°C, humidity: 54~59%.					
Limit of SAD (M///rg)	1 g Average				
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1.	6			
	Measurement Result (W/kg				
Test Case	1 g Average	Power level			
	(W/kg)	(dBm)			
Left head, Touch cheek, Bottom Channel	1.416	31.23			
Left head, Touch cheek, Mid Channel	0.967	30.00			
Left head, Touch cheek, Top Channel	0.722	29.02			
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Bottom Channel	1.141	31.23			
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid Channel	0.717	30.00			
Left head, Tilt 15 Degree, Top Channel	0.563	29.02			
Right head, Touch cheek, Bottom Channel	1.008	31.23			
Right head, Touch cheek, Mid Channel	0.587	30.00			
Right head, Touch cheek, Top Channel	0.433	29.02			
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Bottom Channel	0.868 31.23				
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid Channel	0.557 30.00				
Right head, Tilt 15 Degree, Top Channel	0.415	29.02			

Temperature: 23.0 °C ~23.8°C, humidity: 48~58%.						
Limit of SAD (M//kg)	1 g Av	1 g Average				
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	1	.6				
	Measurement	Result (W/kg)				
Test Case	1 g Average	Power level				
	(W/kg)	(dBm)				
Side, Bottom Channel	0.316	32.92				
Side, Mid Channel	0.356	33.31				
Side , Top Channel	0.421	33.59				
Side , Top Channel(with Headphone)	0.332	33.59				
Side , Top Channel(Face to Bottom)	0.273	33.59				

#### Table 5: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band), Measured against the body

Table 6: SAR Values (PCS1900 MHz Band), Measured against the body

Temperature: 21.0~21.9°C, humidity: 48~58%.						
L imit of SAD (W//kg)	1 g Av	1 g Average				
Limit of SAR (W/kg)	g) 1.6					
	Measurement	Result (W/kg)				
Test Case	1 g Average	Power level				
	(W/kg)	(dBm)				
Side, Bottom Channel	0.243	31.23				
Side, Mid Channel	0.150	30.00				
Side , Top Channel	0.104 29.02					
Side , Bottom Channel(with Headphone)	0.245 31.23					
Side , Bottom Channel(face to bottom)	0.088 31.23					

#### 7.3 Conclusion

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.2 of this report. Maximum localized SAR is **below** exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.1 of this test report.



## 8 Measurement Uncertainty

No	Uncertainty Component	Туре	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	Ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) <i>Ui</i> (%)	Degree of freedom V <sub>eff</sub> or v <sub>i</sub>
	Measurement System							
1	-Probe Calibration	В	3.6	N	1	1	3.60	×
2	—Axial isotropy	В	4.23	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{1-cp}$	0.00	×
3	-Hemispherical Isotropy	В	10.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√cp	6.18	×
4	-Boundary Effect	В	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.98	×
5	-Linearity	В	2.98	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.69	×
6	-System Detection Limits	В	1.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.60	×
7	-Readout Electronics	В	1.00	N	1	1	1.00	∞
8	-Response Time	в	0.80	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.50	∞
9	-Integration Time	В	2.60	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.50	∞
10	-RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.70	×
11	-Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	В	1.14	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.33	×
12	<ul> <li>Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell</li> </ul>	В	2.86	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.83	×
13	-Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	в	3.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.08	×
	Uncertainties of the DUT							
14	-Position of the DUT	А	2.90	Ν	1	1	2.90	0
15	-Holder of the DUT	А	3.60	Ν	1	1	3.60	0
16	<ul> <li>Output Power Variation –</li> <li>SAR drift measurement</li> </ul>	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	×



	Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
17	<ul> <li>Phantom Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)</li> </ul>	В	1.43	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.83	ø
18	-Liquid Conductivity Target - tolerance	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	2.02	8
19	<ul> <li>Liquid Conductivity –</li> <li>measurement Uncertainty)</li> </ul>	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.81	8
20	<ul> <li>Liquid Permittivity Target</li> <li>tolerance</li> </ul>	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.73	8
21	<ul> <li>Liquid Permittivity –</li> <li>measurement uncertainty</li> </ul>	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.35	8
Com	Combined Standard Uncertainty RSS ±8.95%							
1	Expanded uncertainty (Confidence interval of 95 %)K= 2.003935±17.9%							

### 9 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

No.	EQUIPMENT	ТҮРЕ	Due Date
1	E-Field SAR Probe	IXP-050 (SN 0177)	2007-03-28
2	Six-axis AC Servo industrial robot	RV-2A (SN AN406018)	2007-03-28
3	Mobile Phone Tester	4405 (SN 0811211)	2007-03-28
4	System Validation Dipole 2450MHz	IXD-245 (SN 0104)	2007-03-28
5	System Validation Dipole 1900MHz	IXD-080 (SN 0112)	2007-03-28
6	System Validation Dipole 850MHz	IXD-090 (SN 0093)	2007-03-28
7	Probe Amplifier and PC Interface	IFA-010 (SN 0027)	2007-03-28
8	SAM Head Phantom	SN 0380 SH	2007-03-28
9	SAM Head Phantom	SN 0381 SH	2007-03-28
10	Box Phantom	IXB-070	2007-03-28



## ANNEX A

of

## **ShenZhen Electronic Product Quality Testing Center**

## CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SAR07-006

Qingdao Haier Telecom Co., Ltd.

## 850/1800/1900 Tri-band Handset

## **Accreditation Certificate**

This Annex consists of 2 pages Date of Report: 2007-01-29











ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE OF CHINA NATIONAL ACCREDITATION BOARD FOR LABORATORIES (No.L1659)

This is to certify that

Shenzhen Electronic Product Quality Testing Center Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Xili, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAL/AC01: 2003 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 1999 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories). Accreditation scope of the laboratory is listed in the attachment.

Date of Issue: 2004.10.09 Date of Expiry: 2009.10.08

Wei Hao Secretary General of CNAL



## ANNEX B

of

## **ShenZhen Electronic Product Quality Testing Center**

## **CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR**

## HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SAR07-006

## Qingdao Haier Telecom Co., Ltd.

### 850/1800/1900 Tri-band Handset

Type Name: HG-E30

Hardware Version:V2.0Software Version:MAUI.05C.W06.28

### **TEST LAYOUT**

This Annex consists of 6 pages Date of Report: 2007-01-29











Fig.1 SARA2 System Test Layout

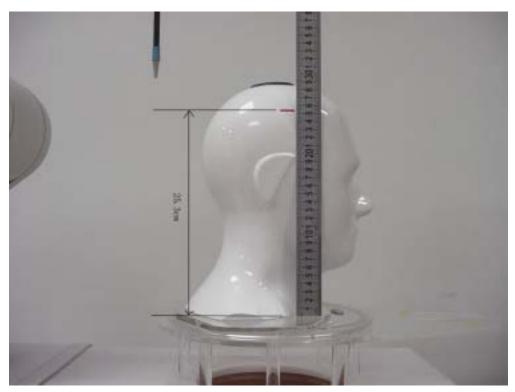


Fig.2 The depth of head tissue in SAM





Fig.3 EUT Left Head Touch Cheek Position



Fig.4 EUT Left Head Tilt15 Position





Fig.5 EUT Right Head Touch Cheek Position



Fig.6 EUT Right Head Tilt15 Position





Fig.7 spacer 1.5cm

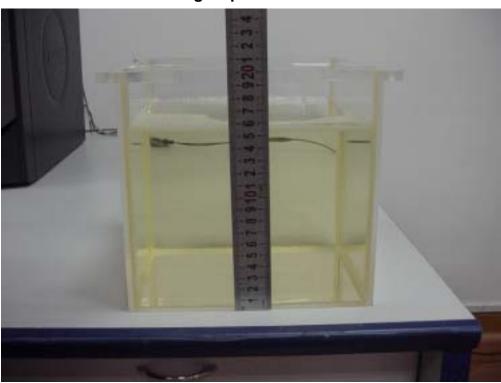


Fig.8 the depth of body tissue





Fig.9 Side Position



## ANNEX C

of

## **ShenZhen Electronic Product Quality Testing Center**

## **CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR**

## HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SAR07-006

Qingdao Haier Telecom Co., Ltd.

850/1800/1900 Tri-band Handset

Type Name: HG-E30

Hardware Version: V2.0 Software Version: MAUI.05C.W06.28.

**Sample Photographs** 

This Annex consists of 5 pages Date of Report: 2007-01-29









Photograph of the Equipment under Test1. 1. Appearance of the EUT





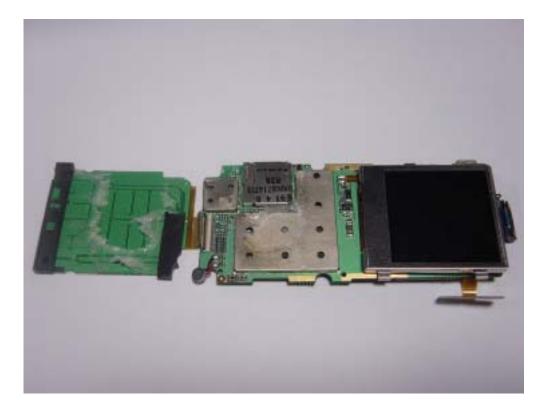
#### 2. Inside of the EUT



















# ANNEX D

of

# **ShenZhen Electronic Product Quality Testing Center**

## **CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR**

# HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SAR07-006

Qingdao Haier Telecom Co., Ltd.

## 850/1800/1900 Tri-band Handset

**Type Name: HG-E30** 

Hardware Version:V2.0Software Version:MAUI.05C.W06.28

**Graph Test Results** 

This Annex consists of 35 pages Date of Report: 2007-01-29





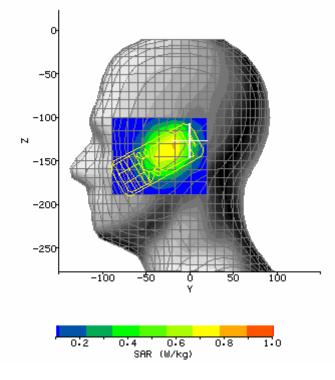






System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.0	01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 16:32:33	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 01	77
	E30_GSM850_LH_TO		
	UCHCHEEK_B.txt		
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C	Liquid Simulant: HE	EAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 41	.47
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: .90	02
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 20	).7°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis -24	4.00 mm
		Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM850_LH_TOUCHC	Max SAR Z-axis -13	37.50 mm
	HEEK	Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 33	3.15 V/m
Configuration:			
Test Frequency:	850MHz	<b>SAR 1g:</b> 0.9	951 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	<b>SAR 10g:</b> 0.6	661 W/kg
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start: 0.5	533 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End: 0.5	524 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: -1.	.70 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20	)/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:	
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation: po	oly4

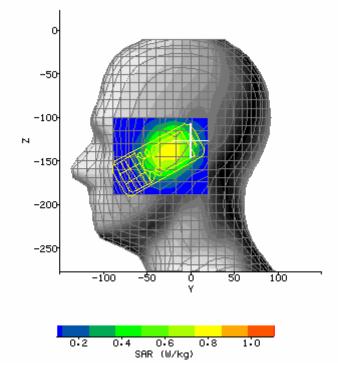
# SAR Test GSM 850 LH\_TouchCheek (Bottom Channel)





SAR Test GSM 850 LH_TouchCheek (Middle Channel)
---

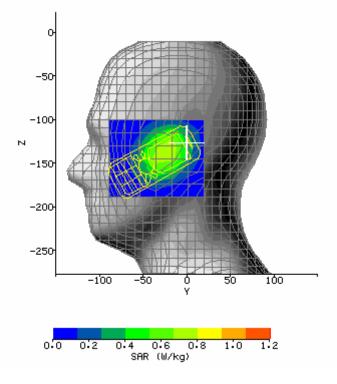
SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
2007-1-25 16:43:35	DUT Battery Model/No:	
HG-	Probe Serial Number:	0177
E30_GSM850_LH_TO		
UCHCHEEK_M.txt		
20.6°C	Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:	41.47
50%	Conductivity:	.902
Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature:	20.7°C
0°	Max SAR Y-axis	-24.00 mm
	Location:	
GSM850_LH_TOUCHC	Max SAR Z-axis	-139.00 mm
HEEK	Location:	
BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field:	34.24 V/m
850MHz	SAR 1g:	0.992 W/kg
417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g:	0.708 W/kg
.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start:	0.562 W/kg
GMSK	SAR End:	0.572 W/kg
8	SAR Drift during Scan:	1.74 %
20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last	20/05/05
	changed:	
33dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4
	2007-1-25 16:43:35   HG- E30_GSM850_LH_TO UCHCHEEK_M.txt   20.6°C   HG-E30   50%   Head_380SH.csv   0°   GSM850_LH_TOUCHC   HEEK   BUILD INSIDE   850MHz   417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8   .287 / .287 / .287   GMSK   8   20 / 20 / 20	2007-1-25 16:43:35Implete one bintHG- E30_GSM850_LH_TO UCHCHEEK_M.txtProbe Serial Number:20.6°CLiquid Simulant:HG-E30Relative Permittivity:50%Conductivity:Head_380SH.csvLiquid Temperature:0°Max SAR Y-axis Location:GSM850_LH_TOUCHCMax SAR Z-axis Location:BUILD INSIDEMax E Field:850MHzSAR 10g:417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8SAR 10g:.287 / .287 / .287SAR SAR I:20 / 20 / 20Probe battery last changed:





SAR	Test GSM 850 LH_	Γοι	ichCheek (Top Chai	nnel)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM		Input Power Drift:	0.02dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 16:54:40		DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-		Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM850_LH_TO			
	UCHCHEEK_T.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C		Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30		Relative Permittivity:	41.47
Relative Humidity:	50%		Conductivity:	.902
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv		Liquid Temperature:	20.7°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°		Max SAR Y-axis	-24.00 mm
			Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM850_LH_TOUCHC		Max SAR Z-axis	-137.50 mm
	HEEK		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE		Max E Field:	36.03 V/m
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	850MHz		SAR 1g:	0.919 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8		SAR 10g:	0.645 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.287 / .287 / .287		SAR Start:	0.510 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK		SAR End:	0.522 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8		SAR Drift during Scan:	2.29 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20		Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):			changed:	
Input Power Level:	33dBm		Extrapolation:	poly4

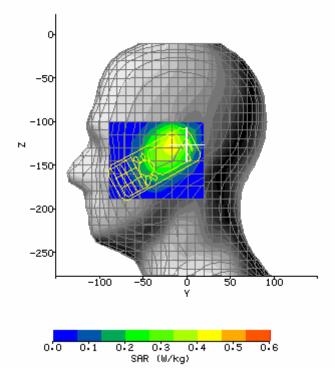
### SAR Test GSM 850 LH TouchCheek (Top Channel)





5A	R Test GSM 850 LH	_Tilt15 (Bottom Chanr	nei)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 17:28:09	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM850_LH_TILT		
	15_B.txt		
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C	Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:	41.47
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity:	.902
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature:	20.7°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis	-18.50 mm
		Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM850_LH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis	-128.50 mm
		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field:	24.96 V/m
Configuration:			
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g:	0.497 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g:	0.361 W/kg
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start:	0.292 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End:	0.287 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan:	-2.18 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:	
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4

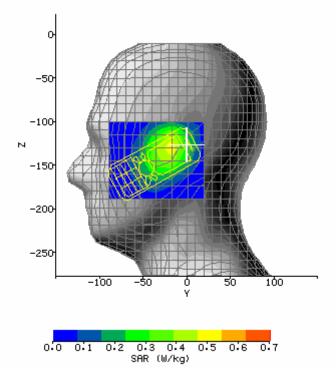
#### SAR Test GSM 850 LH Tilt15 (Bottom Channel)





5A	R Test GSM 850 LF	I_IIt15 (Middle Channel)	
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.02dB	
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 17:17:09	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177	
	E30_GSM850_LH_TILT		
	15_M.txt		
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue	
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 41.47	
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: .902	
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C	
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis -20.33 mm	
		Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM850_LH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis -131.50 mm	
		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 25.94 V/m	
Configuration:			
Test Frequency:	850MHz	<b>SAR 1g:</b> 0.562 W/kg	
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	<b>SAR 10g:</b> 0.398 W/kg	
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start: 0.327 W/kg	
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.336 W/kg	
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 2.57 %	
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05	
Factors (V*200):		changed:	
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation: poly4	

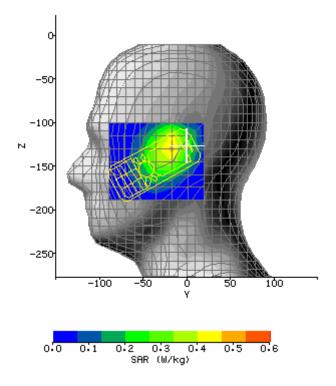
#### SAR Test GSM 850 LH Tilt15 (Middle Channel)





S	AR Test GSM 850 L	_Tilt15 (Top Channel)	
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.01	dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 17:06:03	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177	7
	E30_GSM850_LH_TILT		
	15_T.txt		
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C	Liquid Simulant: HEA	AD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 41.4	.7
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: .902	2
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 20.7	л°С
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis -18.	50 mm
		Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM850_LH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis -128	3.50 mm
		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 25.3	31 V/m
Configuration:			
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g: 0.52	26 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g: 0.38	31 W/kg
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.287 / .287 / .287	<b>SAR Start:</b> 0.30	95 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.31	0 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 1.80	) %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/0	05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:	
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation: poly	4

### SAR Test GSM 850 LH Tilt15 (Top Channel)







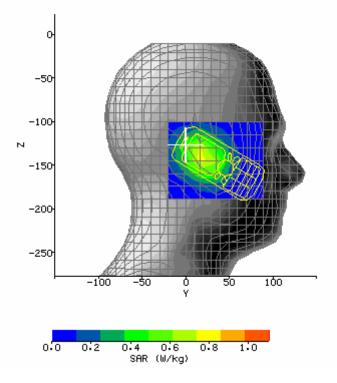
SAR Te	SAR Test GSM 850 RH_TouchCheek (Bottom Channel)			
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.02dB		
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 15:20:50	DUT Battery Model/No:		
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177		
	E30_GSM850_RH_TO			
	UCHCHEEK_B.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue		
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:         41.47		
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: .902		
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C		
Phantom Rotation:	180°	Max SAR Y-axis 24.00 mm		
		Location:		
DUT Position:	GSM850_RH_TOUCH	Max SAR Z-axis -142.00 mm		
	CHEEK	Location:		
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 34.72 V/m		
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g: 1.025 W/kg		
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g: 0.720 W/kg		
Conversion Factors:	.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start: 0.586 W/kg		
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End: 0.567 W/kg		
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: -3.28 %		
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05		
Factors (V*200):		changed:		
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation: poly4		

### o -50 -100ы -150 -200--250 100 -100 Ó Y -50 50 0¦6 SAR (W∕kg) 1.0 0.2 0.4 0.8



SAR T	est GSM 850 RH_To	ouchCheek (Middle Channel)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 15:32:43	DUT Battery Model/No:
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177
	E30_GSM850_RH_TO	
	UCHCHEEK_M.txt	
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 41.47
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: .902
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C
Phantom Rotation:	180°	Max SAR Y-axis 20.33 mm
		Location:
DUT Position:	GSM850_RH_TOUCH	Max SAR Z-axis -140.50 mm
	CHEEK	Location:
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 33.43 V/m
Configuration:		
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g: 0.927 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g: 0.634 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start: 0.502 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.510 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 1.57 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation: poly4

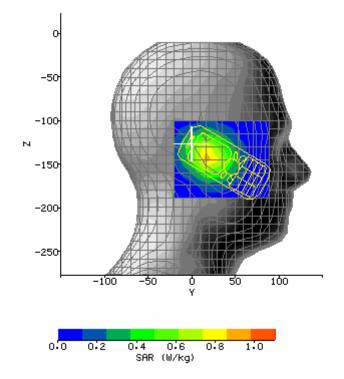
#### SAR Test GSM 850 RH TouchCheek (Middle Channel)







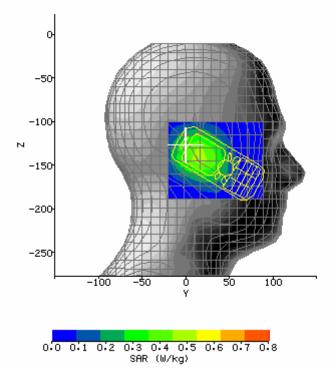
SAR	Test GSM 850 RH_1	ouchCheek (Top Channel)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 15:45:03	DUT Battery Model/No:
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177
	E30_GSM850_RH_TO	
	UCHCHEEK_T.txt	
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 41.47
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: .902
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 20.7°C
Phantom Rotation:	180°	Max SAR Y-axis 20.33 mm
		Location:
DUT Position:	GSM850_RH_TOUCH	Max SAR Z-axis -140.50 mm
	CHEEK	Location:
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 34.81 V/m
Configuration:		
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g: 0.977 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g: 0.684 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start: 0.552 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End: 0.557 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 0.86 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation: poly4





SA	R Test GSM 850 RH	_Tilt15 (Bottom Chanr	nel)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 16:18:04	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM850_RH_TIL		
	T15_B.txt		
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C	Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:	41.47
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity:	.902
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature:	20.7°C
Phantom Rotation:	180°	Max SAR Y-axis	16.67 mm
		Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM850_RH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis	-139.00 mm
		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field:	28.94 V/m
Configuration:			
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g:	0.627 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g:	0.424 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start:	0.353 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End:	0.354 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan:	0.25 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:	
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4

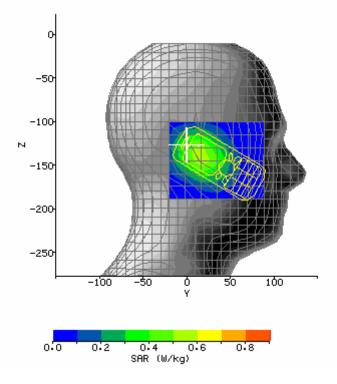
#### SAR Test GSM 850 RH Tilt15 (Bottom Channel)





5A	R Test GSM 850 RH	_Tilt15 (Middle Channe	el)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 16:07:23	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM850_RH_TIL		
	T15_M.txt		
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C	Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:	41.47
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity:	.902
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature:	20.7°C
Phantom Rotation:	180°	Max SAR Y-axis	16.67 mm
		Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM850_RH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis	-139.00 mm
		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field:	30.61 V/m
Configuration:			
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g:	0.693 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g:	0.474 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start:	0.389 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End:	0.394 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan:	1.23 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:	
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4

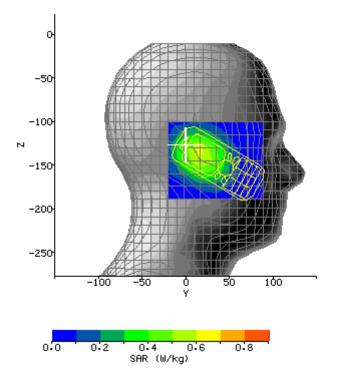
#### SAR Test GSM 850 RH Tilt15 (Middle Channel)





SAR Test GSM 850 RH_Tilt15 (Top Channel)					
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM		Input Power Drift:	0.01dB	
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 15:56:21		DUT Battery Model/No:		
Filename:	HG-		Probe Serial Number:	0177	
	E30_GSM850_RH_TIL				
	T15_T.txt				
Ambient Temperature:	20.6°C		Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue	
Device Under Test:	HG-E30		Relative Permittivity:	41.47	
Relative Humidity:	50%		Conductivity:	.902	
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv		Liquid Temperature:	20.7°C	
Phantom Rotation:	180°		Max SAR Y-axis	16.67 mm	
			Location:		
DUT Position:	GSM850_RH_TILT15		Max SAR Z-axis	-137.50 mm	
			Location:		
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE		Max E Field:	31.30 V/m	
Configuration:					
Test Frequency:	850MHz		SAR 1g:	0.754 W/kg	
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8		SAR 10g:	0.516 W/kg	
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.287 / .287 / .287		SAR Start:	0.445 W/kg	
Type of Modulation:	GMSK		SAR End:	0.437 W/kg	
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8		SAR Drift during Scan:	-1.75 %	
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20		Probe battery last	20/05/05	
Factors (V*200):			changed:		
Input Power Level:	33dBm		Extrapolation:	poly4	

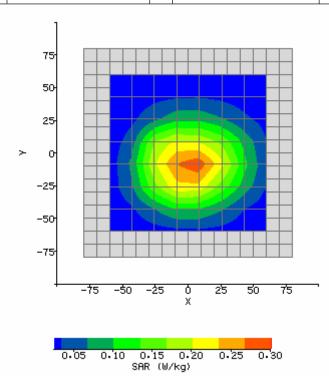
#### SAR Test GSM 850 RH Tilt15 (Top Channel)





	SAR Test GSM 850	Side (Bottom Channel)	
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.02dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-26 11:13:59	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM850_BODY_		
	B.txt		
Ambient Temperature:	20.0°C	Liquid Simulant:	BODY tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:	55.32
Relative Humidity:	51%	Conductivity:	.966
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature:	20.0°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR X-axis	1.71 mm
		Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM850_BODY	Max SAR Y-axis	-10.29 mm
		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field:	17.42 V/m
Configuration:			
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g:	0.316 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g:	0.244 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.271 / .271 / .271	SAR Start:	0.147 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End:	0.143 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan:	-2.51 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:	
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4

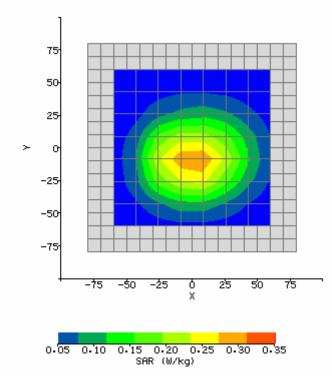
#### SAR Test GSM 850 Side (Bottom Channel)





	SAR Test GSM 850	Side (Middle Channel)	
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.00dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-26 11:24:05	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM850_BODY_		
	M.txt		
Ambient Temperature:	20.0°C	Liquid Simulant:	BODY tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:	55.32
Relative Humidity:	51%	Conductivity:	.966
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature:	20.0°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR X-axis	1.71 mm
		Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM850_BODY	Max SAR Y-axis	-10.29 mm
		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field:	18.37 V/m
Configuration:			
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g:	0.356 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g:	0.267 W/kg
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.271 / .271 / .271	SAR Start:	0.161 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End:	0.159 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan:	-0.96 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:	
Input Power Level:	33dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4

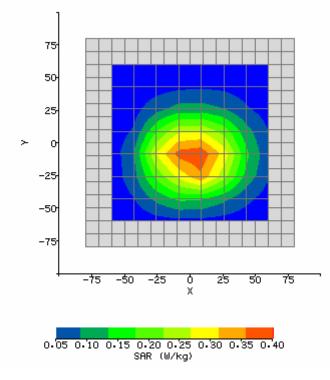
#### SAR Test GSM 850 Side (Middle Channel)





System / software:         SARA2 / 2.40 VPM         Input Power Drift:         0.02dB           Date / Time:         2007-1-26 14:02:44         DUT Battery Model/No:	
Date / Time: 2007-1-26 14:02:44 DUIT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:         HG-         Probe Serial Number:         0177	
E30_GSM850_BODY_	
T.txt	
Ambient Temperature:20.0°CLiquid Simulant:BODY tiss	ue
Device Under Test:HG-E30Relative Permittivity:55.32	
Relative Humidity:51%Conductivity:.966	
Phantom S/No:HeadBox75mm.csvLiquid Temperature:20.0°C	
Phantom Rotation:0°MaxSARX-axis3.43 mm	
Location:	
DUT Position:         GSM850_BODY         Max         SAR         Y-axis         -12.00 mm	l
Location:	
AntennaBUILD INSIDEMax E Field:19.87 V/m	
Configuration:	
Test Frequency:         850MHz         SAR 1g:         0.421 W/kg	g
Air Factors:         417 / 368 / 414         SAR 10g:         0.321 W/kg	g
Conversion Factors:         .271 / .271 / .271         SAR Start:         0.187 W/kg	g
Type of Modulation:         GMSK         SAR End:         0.182 W/kg	g
Modn. Duty Cycle:8SAR Drift during Scan:-2.76 %	
Diode         Compression         20 / 20 / 20         Probe         battery         last         20/05/05	
Factors (V*200): changed:	
Input Power Level: 33dBm Extrapolation: poly4	

#### SAR Test GSM 850 Side (Top Channel)



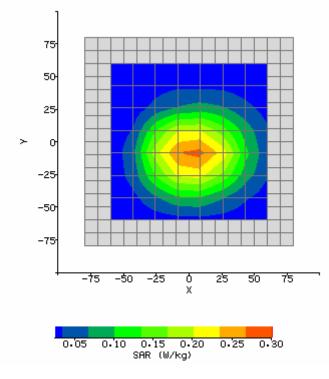


Input Power Level:

33dBm



SAR Test GSM 850 Side (Top Channel, With Headphone)					
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.00dB			
Date / Time:	2007-1-26 14:13:08	DUT Battery Model/No:			
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177			
	E30_GSM850_BODY_				
	T_HEADPHONE.txt				
Ambient Temperature:	20.0°C	Liquid Simulant: BODY tissue			
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 55.32			
Relative Humidity:	51%	Conductivity: .966			
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature: 20.0°C			
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR X-axis 3.43 mm			
		Location:			
DUT Position:	GSM850_BODY	Max SAR Y-axis -8.57 mm			
		Location:			
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 17.36 V/m			
Configuration:					
Test Frequency:	850MHz	<b>SAR 1g:</b> 0.332 W/kg			
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g: 0.244 W/kg			
Conversion Factors:	.271 / .271 / .271	SAR Start: 0.136 W/kg			
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.136 W/kg			
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: -0.30 %			
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05			
Factors (V*200):		changed:			



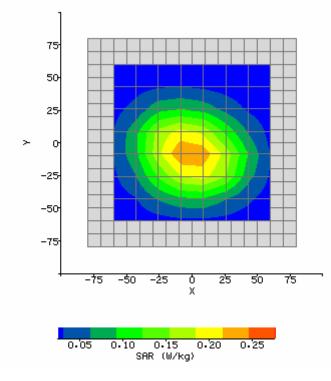
Extrapolation:

poly4



SAR Test GSM 850 Side (Bottom Channel, Face To Bottom)					
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM		Input Power Drift:	0.02dB	
Date / Time:	2007-1-26 14:23:09		DUT Battery Model/No:		
Filename:	HG-		Probe Serial Number:	0177	
	E30_GSM850_BODY_				
	T_FACETOBOTTOM.tx				
	t				
Ambient Temperature:	20.0°C		Liquid Simulant:	BODY tissue	
Device Under Test:	HG-E30		Relative Permittivity:	55.32	
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	51%		Conductivity:	.966	
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv		Liquid Temperature:	20.0°C	
Phantom Rotation:	0°		Max SAR X-axis	-1.71 mm	
			Location:		
DUT Position:	GSM850_BODY		Max SAR Y-axis	-8.57 mm	
			Location:		
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE		Max E Field:	16.31 V/m	
Configuration:					
Test Frequency:	850MHz		SAR 1g:	0.273 W/kg	
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414		SAR 10g:	0.206 W/kg	
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.271 / .271 / .271		SAR Start:	0.125 W/kg	
Type of Modulation:	GMSK		SAR End:	0.121 W/kg	
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8		SAR Drift during Scan:	-3.02 %	
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20		Probe battery last	20/05/05	
Factors (V*200):			changed:		
Input Power Level:	33dBm		Extrapolation:	poly4	

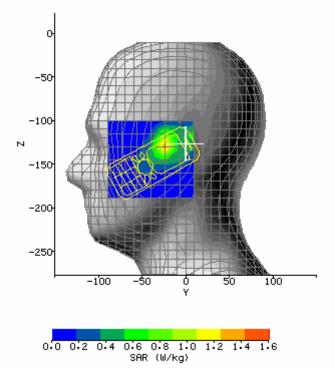
# SAR Test GSM 850 Side (Bottom Channel Face To Bottom)





SAR Test GSM 1900 LH_TouchCheek (Bottom Channel)				
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.02dB	
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 10:04:32	DUT Battery Model/No:		
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number:	0177	
	E30_GSM1900_LH_TO			
	UCHCHEEK_B.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C	Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue	
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:	39.98	
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity:	1.401	
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature:	19.8°C	
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis	-23.33 mm	
		Location:		
DUT Position:	GSM1900_LH_TOUCH	Max SAR Z-axis	-128.50 mm	
	CHEEK	Location:		
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field:	33.77 V/m	
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g:	1.416 W/kg	
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g:	0.827 W/kg	
Conversion Factors:	.325 / .325 / .325	SAR Start:	0.736 W/kg	
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End:	0.767 W/kg	
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan:	4.18 %	
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last	20/05/05	
Factors (V*200):		changed:		
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4	

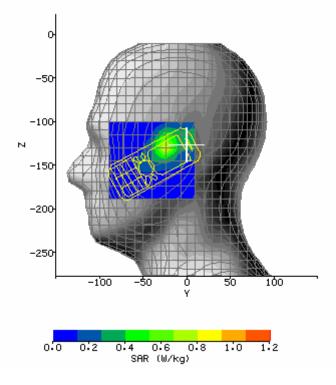
#### SAR Test GSM 1900 LH TouchCheek (Bottom Channel)





SAR Test GSM 1900 LH_TouchCheek (Middle Channel)				
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.0	02dB	
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 9:52:43	DUT Battery Model/No:		
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 01	77	
	E30_GSM1900_LH_TO			
	UCHCHEEK_M.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C	Liquid Simulant: HE	EAD tissue	
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 39	.98	
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: 1.4	401	
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 19	0.8°C	
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis -23	3.33 mm	
		Location:		
DUT Position:	GSM1900_LH_TOUCH	Max SAR Z-axis -12	28.50 mm	
	CHEEK	Location:		
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 28	3.50 V/m	
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	<b>SAR 1g:</b> 0.9	967 W/kg	
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g: 0.5	547 W/kg	
Conversion Factors:	.325 / .325 / .325	SAR Start: 0.4	466 W/kg	
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End: 0.4	489 W/kg	
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 4.8	84 %	
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20	/05/05	
Factors (V*200):		changed:		
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation: po	ly4	

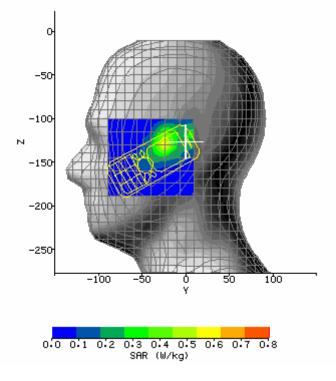
#### SAR Test GSM 1900 LH TouchCheek (Middle Channel)





SAR Test GSM 1900 LH_TouchCheek (Top Channel)				
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM		Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 10:17:37		DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-		Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM1900_LH_TO			
	UCHCHEEK_T.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C		Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30		Relative Permittivity:	39.98
Relative Humidity:	50%		Conductivity:	1.401
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv		Liquid Temperature:	19.8°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°		Max SAR Y-axis	-23.33 mm
			Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM1900_LH_TOUCH		Max SAR Z-axis	-128.50 mm
	CHEEK		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE		Max E Field:	23.80 V/m
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	;	SAR 1g:	0.722 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	;	SAR 10g:	0.413 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.325 / .325 / .325	:	SAR Start:	0.365 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	;	SAR End:	0.374 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	:	SAR Drift during Scan:	2.32 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20		Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):			changed:	
Input Power Level:	30dBm		Extrapolation:	poly4

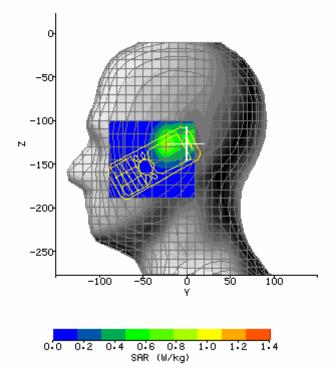






SAR Test GSM 1900 LH_Tilt15 (Bottom Channel)					
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.02dB			
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 10:51:58	DUT Battery Model/No:			
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177			
	E30_GSM1900_LH_TIL				
	T15_B.txt				
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue			
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:         39.98			
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: 1.401			
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 19.8°C			
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis -20.00 mm			
		Location:			
DUT Position:	GSM1900_LH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis -127.00 mm			
		Location:			
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 31.29 V/m			
Configuration:					
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g: 1.141 W/kg			
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g: 0.626 W/kg			
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.325 / .325 / .325	SAR Start: 0.438 W/kg			
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.456 W/kg			
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 4.06 %			
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05			
Factors (V*200):		changed:			
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation: poly4			

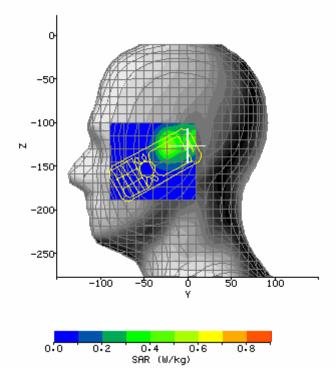
#### SAR Test GSM 1900 LH Tilt15 (Bottom Channel)





SAI	R Test GSM 1900 LH	_Tilt15 (Middle Channel)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.02dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 10:40:24	DUT Battery Model/No:
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177
	E30_GSM1900_LH_TIL	
	T15_M.txt	
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:         39.98
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: 1.401
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 19.8°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis -20.00 mm
		Location:
DUT Position:	GSM1900_LH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis -127.00 mm
		Location:
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 24.13 V/m
Configuration:		
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g: 0.717 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g: 0.408 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.325 / .325 / .325	SAR Start: 0.298 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End: 0.305 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 1.87 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation: poly4

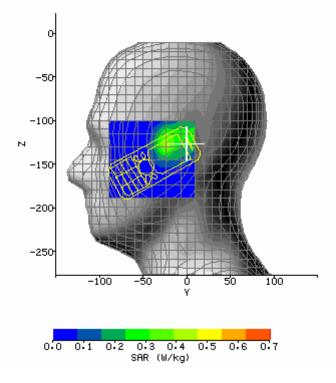
#### SAR Test GSM 1900 LH Tilt15 (Middle Channel)





5/	AR Test GSM 1900	LH_	Ilit15 (Top Channe	el)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM		Input Power Drift:	0.02dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 10:29:09		DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-		Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM1900_LH_TIL			
	T15_T.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C		Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30		Relative Permittivity:	39.98
Relative Humidity:	50%		Conductivity:	1.401
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv		Liquid Temperature:	19.8°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°		Max SAR Y-axis	-20.00 mm
			Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM1900_LH_TILT15		Max SAR Z-axis	-125.50 mm
			Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE		Max E Field:	21.57 V/m
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	1900MHz		SAR 1g:	0.563 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414		SAR 10g:	0.315 W/kg
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.325 / .325 / .325		SAR Start:	0.225 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK		SAR End:	0.231 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8		SAR Drift during Scan:	2.35 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20		Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):			changed:	
Input Power Level:	30dBm		Extrapolation:	poly4

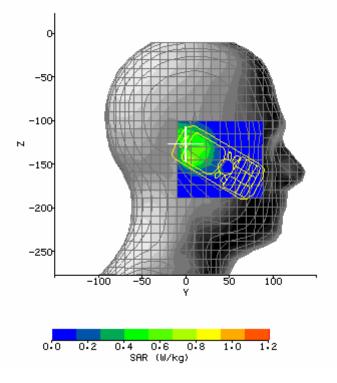
#### SAR Test GSM 1900 LH Tilt15 (Top Channel)





SAR Test GSM 1900 RH_TouchCheek (Bottom Channel)				
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.01dB		
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 13:56:13	DUT Battery Model/No:		
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177		
	E30_GSM1900_RH_T			
	OUCHCHEEK_B.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue		
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:         39.98		
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: 1.401		
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 19.8°C		
Phantom Rotation:	180°	Max SAR Y-axis 11.67 mm		
		Location:		
DUT Position:	GSM1900_RH_TOUCH	Max SAR Z-axis -137.50 mm		
	CHEEK	Location:		
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 28.83 V/m		
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	<b>SAR 1g:</b> 1.008 W/kg		
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	<b>SAR 10g:</b> 0.584 W/kg		
Conversion Factors:	.325 / .325 / .325	SAR Start: 0.444 W/kg		
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.454 W/kg		
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 2.25 %		
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05		
Factors (V*200):		changed:		
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation: poly4		

#### SAR Test GSM 1900 RH TouchCheek (Bottom Channel)







SAR Test GSM 1900 RH_TouchCheek (Middle Channel)				
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Ir	nput Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 14:14:11	D	OUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	P	Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM1900_RH_T			
	OUCHCHEEK_M.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C	L	₋iquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	R	Relative Permittivity:	39.98
Relative Humidity:	50%	С	Conductivity:	1.401
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	L	_iquid Temperature:	19.8°C
Phantom Rotation:	180°	N	Max SAR Y-axis	11.67 mm
		L	_ocation:	
DUT Position:	GSM1900_RH_TOUCH	N	Max SAR Z-axis	-137.50 mm
	CHEEK	L	_ocation:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	N	Max E Field:	22.18 V/m
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	S	SAR 1g:	0.587 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	S	SAR 10g:	0.351 W/kg
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.325 / .325 / .325	S	SAR Start:	0.272 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	S	SAR End:	0.280 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	S	SAR Drift during Scan:	2.82 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	P	Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		c	changed:	
Input Power Level:	30dBm	E	Extrapolation:	poly4

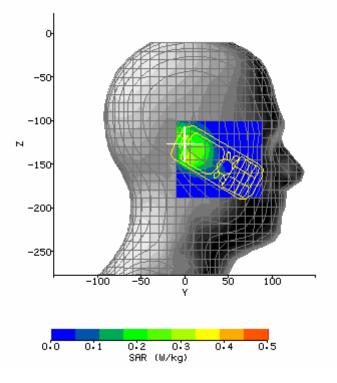
# o -50 -100ы -150 -200--250 100 -100 -50 Ó Y 50 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 SAR (W/kg)

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SAR Test GSM 1900 RH_TouchCheek (Top Channel)				
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM		Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 14:26:06		DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-		Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM1900_RH_T			
	OUCHCHEEK_T.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C		Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30		Relative Permittivity:	39.98
Relative Humidity:	50%		Conductivity:	1.401
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv		Liquid Temperature:	19.8°C
Phantom Rotation:	180°		Max SAR Y-axis	11.67 mm
			Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM1900_RH_TOUCH		Max SAR Z-axis	-137.50 mm
	CHEEK		Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE		Max E Field:	18.71 V/m
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	1900MHz		SAR 1g:	0.433 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414		SAR 10g:	0.261 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.325 / .325 / .325		SAR Start:	0.209 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK		SAR End:	0.211 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8		SAR Drift during Scan:	0.62 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20		Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):			changed:	
Input Power Level:	30dBm		Extrapolation:	poly4

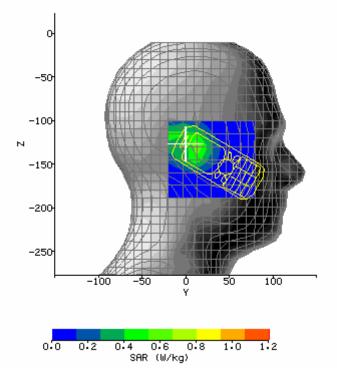






SAR	SAR Test GSM 1900 RH_Tilt15 (Bottom Channel)					
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.01dB				
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 15:03:30	DUT Battery Model/No:				
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177				
	E30_GSM1900_RH_TI					
	LT15_B.txt					
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue				
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 39.98				
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: 1.401				
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 19.8°C				
Phantom Rotation:	180°	Max SAR Y-axis 13.33 mm				
		Location:				
DUT Position:	GSM1900_RH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis -131.50 mm				
		Location:				
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 27.32 V/m				
Configuration:						
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g: 0.868 W/kg				
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g: 0.495 W/kg				
Conversion Factors:	.325 / .325 / .325	SAR Start: 0.315 W/kg				
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.312 W/kg				
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: -1.03 %				
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05				
Factors (V*200):		changed:				
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation: poly4				

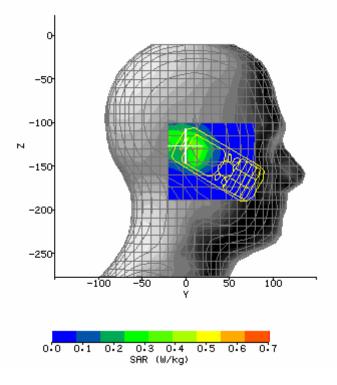
#### SAR Test GSM 1900 RH Tilt15 (Bottom Channel)





SAI	R Test GSM 1900 RF	H_Tilt15 (Middle Channel)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 14:51:56	DUT Battery Model/No:
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177
	E30_GSM1900_RH_TI	
	LT15_M.txt	
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:         39.98
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: 1.401
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 19.8°C
Phantom Rotation:	180°	Max SAR Y-axis 13.33 mm
		Location:
DUT Position:	GSM1900_RH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis -131.50 mm
		Location:
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 22.25 V/m
Configuration:		
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g: 0.557 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g: 0.315 W/kg
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.325 / .325 / .325	SAR Start: 0.201 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.203 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 0.86 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation: poly4

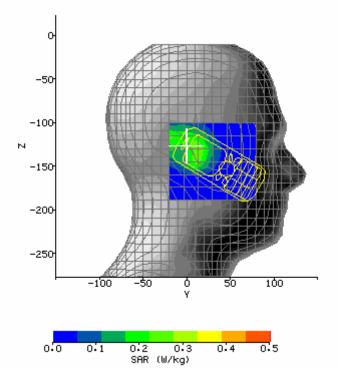
#### SAR Test GSM 1900 RH Tilt15 (Middle Channel)





54	AR Test GSM 1900 F	H_Tilt15 (Top Channel)
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.02dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 14:41:03	DUT Battery Model/No:
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177
	E30_GSM1900_RH_TI	
	LT15_T.txt	
Ambient Temperature:	19.7°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 39.98
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity: 1.401
Phantom S/No:	Head_380SH.csv	Liquid Temperature: 19.8°C
Phantom Rotation:	180°	Max SAR Y-axis 11.67 mm
		Location:
DUT Position:	GSM1900_RH_TILT15	Max SAR Z-axis -133.00 mm
		Location:
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 18.33 V/m
Configuration:		
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g: 0.415 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g: 0.234 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.325 / .325 / .325	SAR Start: 0.144 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.149 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 3.04 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation: poly4

#### SAR Test GSM 1900 RH Tilt15 (Top Channel)





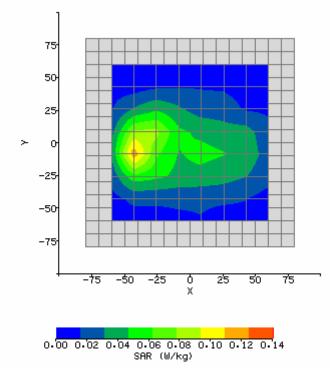
SAR Test GSM 1900 Side (Bottom Channel)				
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.01dB		
Date / Time:	2007-1-26 9:59:41	DUT Battery Model/No:		
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177		
	E30_GSM1900_BODY			
	_B.txt			
Ambient Temperature:	18.6°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue		
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity: 53.28		
Relative Humidity:	51%	Conductivity: 1.517		
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature: 18.7°C		
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR X-axis -42.86 mm		
		Location:		
DUT Position:	GSM1900_BODY	Max SAR Y-axis -8.57 mm		
		Location:		
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 11.45 V/m		
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g: 0.243 W/kg		
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g: 0.140 W/kg		
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.356 / .356 / .356	SAR Start: 0.024 W/kg		
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.024 W/kg		
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 1.82 %		
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05		
Factors (V*200):		changed:		
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation: poly4		

## SAR Test GSM 1900 Side (Bottom Channel)



AR Test GSIM 1900	Side (Middle Channel)	
SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
2007-1-26 10:16:04	DUT Battery Model/No:	
HG-	Probe Serial Number:	0177
E30_GSM1900_BODY		
_M.txt		
18.6°C	Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:	53.28
51%	Conductivity:	1.517
HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature:	18.7°C
0°	Max SAR X-axis	-36.00 mm
	Location:	
GSM1900_BODY	Max SAR Y-axis	-3.43 mm
	Location:	
BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field:	9.25 V/m
1900MHz	SAR 1g:	0.150 W/kg
417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g:	0.087 W/kg
.356 / .356 / .356	SAR Start:	0.029 W/kg
GMSK	SAR End:	0.030 W/kg
8	SAR Drift during Scan:	0.63 %
20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last	20/05/05
	changed:	
30dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4
	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM         2007-1-26 10:16:04         HG-         E30_GSM1900_BODY         _M.txt         18.6°C         HG-E30         51%         HeadBox75mm.csv         0°         GSM1900_BODY         BUILD INSIDE         1900MHz         417 / 368 / 414         .356 / .356 / .356         GMSK         8         20 / 20 / 20	2007-1-26 10:16:04DUT Battery Model/No:HG- E30_GSM1900_BODY _M.txtProbe Serial Number:18.6°CLiquid Simulant:HG-E30Relative Permittivity:51%Conductivity:HeadBox75mm.csvLiquid Temperature:0°Max SAR X-axis Location:GSM1900_BODYMax SAR Y-axis Location:BUILD INSIDEMax E Field:1900MHzSAR 1g:417 / 368 / 414SAR 10g:.356 / .356 / .356SAR Start:GMSKSAR Drift during Scan:20 / 20 / 20Probe battery last changed:

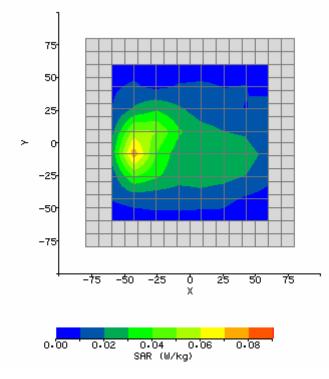
#### SAR Test GSM 1900 Side (Middle Channel)





SAR Test GSM 1900 Side (Top Channel)					
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift: 0.02dB			
Date / Time:	2007-1-26 10:25:44	DUT Battery Model/No:			
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number: 0177			
	E30_GSM1900_BODY				
	_T.txt				
Ambient Temperature:	18.6°C	Liquid Simulant: HEAD tissue			
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	Relative Permittivity:         53.28			
Relative Humidity:	51%	Conductivity: 1.517			
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature: 18.7°C			
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR X-axis -37.71 mm			
		Location:			
DUT Position:	GSM1900_BODY	Max SAR Y-axis -3.43 mm			
		Location:			
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field: 7.49 V/m			
Configuration:					
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g: 0.104 W/kg			
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g: 0.060 W/kg			
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.356 / .356 / .356	SAR Start: 0.018 W/kg			
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	<b>SAR End:</b> 0.019 W/kg			
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan: 3.33 %			
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last 20/05/05			
Factors (V*200):		changed:			
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation: poly4			

### SAR Test GSM 1900 Side (Top Channel)

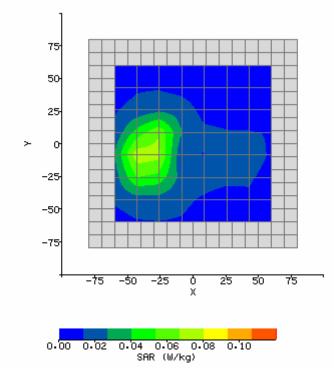






#### SAR Test GSM 1900 Side (Bottom Channel, With Headphone)

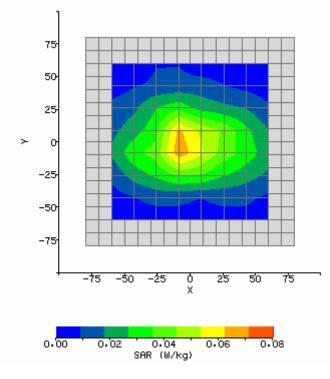
			• •
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-26 10:48:02	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM1900_BODY		
	_B_WITHHEADPHONE		
	.txt		
Ambient Temperature:	18.6°C	Liquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	<b>Relative Permittivity:</b>	53.28
Relative Humidity:	51%	Conductivity:	1.517
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature:	18.7°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR X-axis	-34.29 mm
		Location:	
DUT Position:	GSM1900_BODY_HEA	Max SAR Y-axis	-6.86 mm
	DPHONE	Location:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	Max E Field:	8.35 V/m
Configuration:			
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g:	0.245W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g:	0.143W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.286 / .286 / .286	SAR Start:	0.023 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	SAR End:	0.023 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	SAR Drift during Scan:	-0.39 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		changed:	
Input Power Level:	30dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4





SAR Test GSM 1900 Side (Bottom Channel, Face To Bottom)				
System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	li	nput Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-26 10:58:36	0	OUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	HG-	F	Probe Serial Number:	0177
	E30_GSM1900_BODY			
	_B_FACETOBOTTOM			
Ambient Temperature:	18.6°C	L	₋iquid Simulant:	HEAD tissue
Device Under Test:	HG-E30	F	Relative Permittivity:	53.28
Relative Humidity:	51%	C	Conductivity:	1.517
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	L	_iquid Temperature:	18.7°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Ν	Max SAR X-axis	-5.14 mm
		L	_ocation:	
DUT Position:	GSM1900_BODY_FAC	Ν	Max SAR Y-axis	-1.71 mm
	ETOBOTTOM	L	_ocation:	
Antenna	BUILD INSIDE	N	Max E Field:	6.94 V/m
Configuration:				
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	S	SAR 1g:	0.088 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	S	SAR 10g:	0.057 W/kg
<b>Conversion Factors:</b>	.286 / .286 / .286	S	SAR Start:	0.019 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	GMSK	S	SAR End:	0.019 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	8	S	SAR Drift during Scan:	0.73 %
Diode Compression	20 / 20 / 20	F	Probe battery last	20/05/05
Factors (V*200):		c	changed:	
Input Power Level:	30dBm	E	Extrapolation:	poly4

#### SAR Test GSM 1900 Side (Bottom Channel, Face To Bottom)





# ANNEX E

of

# **ShenZhen Electronic Product Quality Testing Center**

# **CONFORMANCE TEST REPORT FOR**

# HUMAN EXPOSURE TO ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

SAR07-006

Qingdao Haier Telecom Co., Ltd.

850/1800/1900 Tri-band Handset

Type Name: HG-E30

Hardware Version:V2.0Software Version:MAUI.05C.W06.28

System Performance Check Data

This Annex consists of 5 pages Date of Report: 2007-01-29



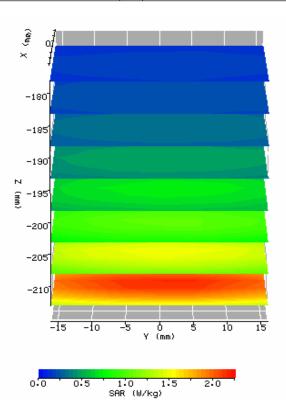






System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	-0.02dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 8:25:14	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	System Cheek_Head _850MHz.txt	Probe Serial Number:	0177
Ambient Temperature:	23.4°C	Liquid Simulant:	Head tissue
Device Under Test:	IXD-090antenna (250mw)	Relative Permittivity:	41.47
Relative Humidity:	50%	Conductivity:	.902
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature:	20.1°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis Location:	5.35 mm
DUT Position:	850_Head	Max SAR Z-axis Location:	-213.02 mm
Antenna Configuration:	IXD-090antenna	Max E Field:	47.03 V/m
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g:	2.651 W/kg
Air Factors:	417.2 / 368.0 / 414.8	SAR 10g:	1.812 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.287 / .287 / .287	SAR Start:	0.625 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	1	SAR End:	0.619 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	1	SAR Drift during Scan:	-0.98 %
Diode Compression Factors (V*200):	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last changed:	20/05/05
Input Power Level:	24dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4

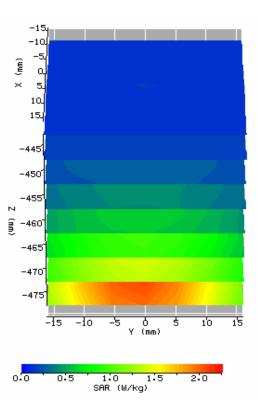
# System Cheek Head 850MHz





System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-26 08:01:34	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	System Cheek_Body _850MHz.txt	Probe Serial Number:	0177
Ambient Temperature:	23.2°C	Liquid Simulant:	Body tissue
Device Under Test:	IXD-090antenna (250mw)	Relative Permittivity:	55.32
Relative Humidity:	55%	Conductivity:	.966
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature:	23.0°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR X-axis Location:	0.00 mm
DUT Position:	850_Body	Max SAR Y-axis Location:	0.00 mm
Antenna Configuration:	IXD-090antenna	Max E Field:	44.80 V/m
Test Frequency:	850MHz	SAR 1g:	2.594 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g:	1.702W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.271 / .271 / .271	SAR Start:	0.571 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	1	SAR End:	0.565 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	1	SAR Drift during Scan:	-1.06 %
Diode Compression Factors (V*200):	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last changed:	20/05/05
Input Power Level:	24dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4

# System Cheek Body 850MHz

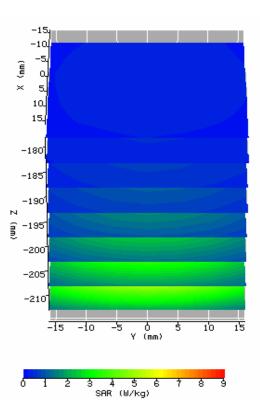






System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	-0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 08:15:10	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	System Cheek_Head _1900MHz.txt	Probe Serial Number:	0177
Ambient Temperature:	23.6°C	Liquid Simulant:	Head tissue
Device Under Test:	IXD-080antenna (250mw)	Relative Permittivity:	39.98
Relative Humidity:	56%	Conductivity:	1.401
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature:	23.1°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR Y-axis Location:	0.00 mm
DUT Position:	1900_Head	Max SAR Z-axis Location:	-213.09 mm
Antenna Configuration:	IXD-080antenna	Max E Field:	76.86 V/m
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g:	10.285W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g:	5.716W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.325 / .325 / .325	SAR Start:	1.612/kg
Type of Modulation:	1	SAR End:	1.610
Modn. Duty Cycle:	1	SAR Drift during Scan:	-0.59 %
Diode Compression Factors (V*200):	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last changed:	20/05/05
Input Power Level:	24dBm	Extrapolation:	Poly4

# System Check Head 1900MHz





System / software:	SARA2 / 2.40 VPM	Input Power Drift:	0.01dB
Date / Time:	2007-1-25 07:45:55	DUT Battery Model/No:	
Filename:	System Cheek_Body _1900MHz.txt	Probe Serial Number:	0177
Ambient Temperature:	23.6°C	Liquid Simulant:	Body tissue
Device Under Test:	IXD-080antenna (250mw)	Relative Permittivity:	53.28
Relative Humidity:	57%	Conductivity:	1.517
Phantom S/No:	HeadBox75mm.csv	Liquid Temperature:	23.0°C
Phantom Rotation:	0°	Max SAR X-axis Location:	0.00 mm
DUT Position:	1900_Body	Max SAR Y-axis Location:	0.00 mm
Antenna Configuration:	IXD-080antenna	Max E Field:	73.06 V/m
Test Frequency:	1900MHz	SAR 1g:	10.085 W/kg
Air Factors:	417 / 368 / 414	SAR 10g:	5.482 W/kg
Conversion Factors:	.356 / .356 / .356	SAR Start:	1.563 W/kg
Type of Modulation:	/	SAR End:	1.572 W/kg
Modn. Duty Cycle:	1	SAR Drift during Scan:	1.08 %
Diode Compression Factors (V*200):	20 / 20 / 20	Probe battery last changed:	20/05/05
Input Power Level:	24dBm	Extrapolation:	poly4

# System Check Body 1900MHz

