

MET Laboratories, Inc. Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation

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March 15, 2017

TrackMan A/S Stubbeled 2 Vedbæk, DK-2950

Dear Claus Nilsson,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the TrackMan A/S, TMA4A as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.407, Subpart E (UNII 1).

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,

MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Joel Huna

Documentation Department

Reference: (\TrackMan A/S\ EMC88710-FCC407 UNII 1 Rev. 4)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

TrackMan A/S Model TMA4A

Tested under

The FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR 15.407 Subpart E

MET Report: EMC88710-FCC407 UNII 1 Rev. 4

March 15, 2017

Prepared For:

TrackMan A/S Stubbeled 2 Vedbæk, DK-2950

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 West Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21230



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

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Tested under

The FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR 15.407 Subpart E

Djed Mouada, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab Joel Huna

Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Parts 15B, 15.407, of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa,

Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision			
Ø	December 6, 2016	Initial Issue.			
1	February 2, 2017	FCC ID			
2	February 28, 2017	Customer Corrections			
3	March 2, 2017	Engineer corrections.			
4	March 15, 2017	Engineer corrections.			



Table of Contents

I.	Executive Summary	1
	A. Purpose of Test	2
	B. Executive Summary	
II.	Equipment Configuration	
	A. Overview	
	B. References	
	C. Test Site	5
	D. Description of Test Sample	
	E. Equipment Configuration.	
	F. Support Equipment	
	G. Ports and Cabling Information	
	H. Mode of Operation	
	I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation	
	J. Modifications	
	a) Modifications to EUT	
	b) Modifications to Test Standard	
	K. Disposition of EUT	
III.	Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators	
	§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement	
	§ 15.403(i) 26dB Bandwidth	
	§15.407(a)(1) Maximum Conducted Output Power	
	§15.407(a)(1) Maximum Power Spectral Density	
	§15.407(b) & (6 - 7) Undesirable Emissions	
	§ 15.407(b)(6) Conducted Emissions	
	§ 15.207(c) Automatic Discontinue of Transmission	62
IV.	Test Equipment	63
V.	Certification & User's Manual Information	65
	A. Certification Information	66
	B Label and User's Manual Information	70



List of Tables

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.407 Compliance Testing	
Table 2. EUT Summary	
Table 3. References	
Table 4. Equipment Configuration	
Table 5. Support Equipment	
Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information	
Table 8. Power Table, UNII 1	
Table 9. Power Spectral Density Table	
Table 10. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)	
Table 11. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120VAC)	
Table 12. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120VAC)	
Table 13. Test Equipment List	
List of Figures	
Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration, Ethernet	6
Figure 2. Block Diagram of Test Configuration, WiFi	
List of Photographs	
Photograph 1. Undesirable Emissions/Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup, Below 1GHz	
Photograph 2. Undesirable Emissions/Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup, Above 1GHz	
Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup	61
List of Plots	
Place 1, 000% Occasional Children Proc. Inc.	12
Plot 1. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results	
Plot 2. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 1	
Plot 4. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 1	
Plot 5. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 6. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 1	
Plot 7. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 8. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 9. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 10. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 1	
Plot 11. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 1	17
Plot 12. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 1	17
Plot 13. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 14. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 16.8471M, a mode, Port 1	
Plot 15. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 16. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 17. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 18. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 19. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 20. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 21. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 23. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 24. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 25. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 2	
=	



Plot 26. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 27. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 28. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 29. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch.5220M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 30. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 31. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 32. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 2	24
Plot 33. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 34. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a Mode, Port 1	
Plot 35. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 36. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 1	
Plot 37. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 38. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 1	
Plot 39. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 40. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 41. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 42. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 43. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 51801M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 44. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 45. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 46. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 47. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 48. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 49. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 50. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a Mode, Port 1	
Plot 51. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 52. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 1	
Plot 53. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 54. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 1	
Plot 55. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 56. Power Spectral Density, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 57. Power Spectral Density, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 1	
Plot 58. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 59. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 60. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 61. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 62. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 2	
Plot 63. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 65. Power Spectral Density, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 2	
Plot 66. Undesirable Emissions, 30MHz-1GHz, Radiated Spurious Worst Case	
Plot 67. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode	
Plot 69. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode	
Plot 70. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode	
Plot 71. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode	
Plot 73. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5190M, n mode	
Plot 74. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 40W, Ch. 5180M, a mode	
Plot 75. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180W, a mode	
Plot 76. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode	
Plot 77. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode	
Plot 78. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode	
Plot 79. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode	
Plot 80. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode	
Plot 81. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode	
Plot 82. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode	
,,,	



Plot 83. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode	46
Plot 84. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5180M, a mode	
Plot 85. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode	
Plot 86. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5220M, a mode	47
Plot 87. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5240M, a mode	47
Plot 88. Peak Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode	48
Plot 89. Peak Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode	48
Plot 90. Peak Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 52240M, n mode	48
Plot 91. Peak Spurious Emission, 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5180M, a mode	
Plot 92. Peak Spurious Emission, 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode	49
Plot 93. Peak Spurious Emission, 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5220M, a mode	
Plot 94. Peak Spurious Emission, 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode	50
Plot 95. Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 18-40GHz, Peak (worst case)	50
Plot 96. Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 18-40GHz, Avg (worst case)	50
Plot 97. Spurious Emissions, 50 GHz – 75 GHz Average	51
Plot 98. Spurious Emissions, 50 GHz – 75 GHz Peak	52
Plot 99. Spurious Emissions, 75 GHz – 110 GHz Average	53
Plot 100. Spurious Emissions, 75 GHz – 110 GHz Peak	54
Plot 101. Spurious Emissions, 33GHz – 50 GHz average	55
Plot 102. Spurious Emissions, 33 GHz – 50 GHz peak	56
Plot 103. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot	59
Plot 104. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot	60



List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
d	Measurement Distance
dB	D eci b els
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
Н	Magnetic Field
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	H ert z
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	Kilohertz
kPa	Kilopascal
kV	Kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μΗ	Microhenry
μ	Microfarad
μs	Microseconds
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the TrackMan A/S TMA4A, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.407. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the TMA4A. TrackMan A/S should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the TMA4A, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.407, in accordance with TrackMan A/S, purchase order number KO4331. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2014.

FCC Reference	Description	Results
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.403(i)	26dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.407 (a)(1)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.407 (a)(1)	Maximum Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.407 (b)(1)& (6 - 7)	Undesirable Emissions	Compliant
§15.407(b)(6)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
§15.407(c)	Automatic Discontinue of Transmitter	Compliant
§15.407(f)	RF Exposure	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.407 Compliance Testing



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by TrackMan A/S to perform testing on the TMA4A, under TrackMan A/S's purchase order number KO4331.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the TrackMan A/S TMA4A.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	TMA4A			
Model(s) Covered:	TMA4A			
	Primary Power: 19VDC			
	FCC ID: SFX-TMAN4			
EUT	Type of Modulations:	WiFi, 5GHz 802.11 a/n/ac		
Specifications:	Equipment Code:	UNII		
	Max. RF Output Power:	16.9232		
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	5180-5240MHz		
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.			
	Temperature: 15-35° C			
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%			
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar			
Type of Filing:	UNII			
Evaluated by:	Djed Mouada			
Report Date(s):	March 15, 2017			

Table 2. EUT Summary



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart E	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices (UNII)		
ANSI C63.4:2014	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz		
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories		
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices		
789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01	Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part 15, Subpart E		

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 West Patapsco Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

D. Description of Test Sample

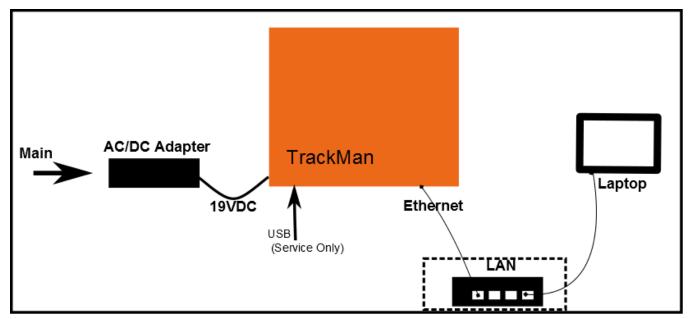
The TrackMan A/S TMA4A, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is an all-in-one complete dual radar system intended to measure the path and trajectory of golf clubs and balls.

The only peripherals required in order to operate the TrackManTM, is a Smart Phone (iOS) with suitable app installed, a Tablet or a standard computer with wireless connectivity and a standard web-browser.

In order to provide auto alignment the radar is equipped with motorized legs. A 2-axis inclinometer provides angle data which are transmitted to an embedded microcontroller which in turn controls the motor driver circuit.

A software servo loop controls the motorized legs until perfect leveling is obtained. The servo loop is only active during TrackMan[™] set-up and installation





N.B. The LAN and Laptop is not part of the product. (LAN and Laptop is however supplied by TrackMan for the METlabs test.)

Main

AC/DC Adapter

TrackMan

WiFi

Smart Phone
/Tablet or laptop

Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration, Ethernet

 $N.B.\ The\ Laptop\ is\ not\ part\ of\ the\ product.\ (Laptop\ is\ however\ supplied\ by\ TrackMan\ for\ the\ METlabs\ test.)$

Figure 2. Block Diagram of Test Configuration, WiFi



E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration, Ethernet and Figure 2. Block Diagram of Test Configuration, WiFi. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Slot #	Name / Description	Model Number	Part Number	Serial Number	Rev. #
1	TRACKMAN 4	TrackMan4	TMA4A			

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	*Customer Supplied Calibration Data	
1	AC/DC ADAPTER	FSP GROUP INC.	FSP065-RECN2	100-240AC INPUT 19VDC, 3.42A OUTPUT	

The 'Customer Supplied Calibration Data' column will be marked as either not applicable, not available, or will contain the calibration date supplied by the customer.

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port name on EUT	Cable Description or reason for no cable	Qty	Length as tested (m)	Max Length (m)	Shielded? (Y/N)	Termination Box ID & Port Name
1	USB	USB MICRO	1	1	3	YES	PC USB PORT
2	ETHERNET/LAN	CAT 5 LAN CABLE W. RJ45	1	5	100	YES	ROUTER
3	POWER PLUG IN	DC	1	1	N/A	YES	AC/DC ADAPTER

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information



H. Mode of Operation

The TMA4A comprises both a single frequency X-band radar (10GHz) and a dual frequency K-band radar (24GHz). The X-band Radar comprises 3 Receiver channels and the K-Band Radar comprises 5 receiver channels. The Radar transmitters continuously illuminates the "target, and "target" reflects the signal which is received by the receiving antennas. The received signals are down converted to base band in a mixer utilizing a LO signals which are coherent with the transmitted signals (Zero-IF principle).

Frequency stabilization is provided by means of PLL controlled microwave oscillators. The reference for the PLL (and thus for the microwave oscillators) is a high performance crystal controlled oscillator providing better than ±25ppm overall frequency stability during normal operating conditions.

The base band signals are amplified and synchronously digitized in a 16channel, 24bit analog-to-digital converter. The digitized signals are routed to the embedded PC board (SMARC Module from ADLink) piggybacked on the EU33 4002 where data are processed in real-time.

The analyzed data are then routed to the GUI device (Smart phone, Tablet or PC with WLAN of similar) over the WiFi connection. The GUI shows the relevant data and results for the user.

For normal operation the TrackMan[™] is powered by an internal SMART battery Li-ION battery. During normal operation, no external power supply is required, but charging of the battery is provided by means of an external +19VDC supply.

The antennas used for transmitting and receiving are identical. The antenna pattern is shaped to maximize the overall loop gain of the TrackManTM system for golf ball trajectories, where the golf ball is launched a couple of meters in front of the radar.

An embedded digital camera (Global Digital Star) is used to point out the horizontal reference line from a picture. The camera is only used during setup of the $TrackMan^{TM}$ Radar Unit.

During operation, video is streamed to the user through the WiFi channel.

The build-in GPS receiver and integrated antenna provides location coordinates for data processing and location tracking purpose.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

The normal mode of operation of the TrackManTM system is the following:

- The TrackManTM embedded application software establishes wireless communication with the configuration memory, camera, inclinometer sensor and RF- sampling circuit.
- The inclinometer servo loop is initialized and the motorized legs are activated until perfect leveling is obtained.
- The camera is activated to take a picture. From the picture a desired horizontal reference line is defined.
- The application software continuously analyses the received signal form a golf club movement. Once a club
 movement together with a ball movement from the same position takes place, the signal will be tracked until
 loss of signal. Immediately after the tracking is completed, key results will be calculated and transmitted to
 GUI device (PC and Smart Phone) and then the application software will start looking for another club
 movement.
- 1. A solid green LED on the front will indicate error-free boot and Radar ready to be operated
- 2. Any other LED status besides the solid green LED (i.e. red LED) will indicate an error-situation



J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to TrackMan A/S upon completion of testing.



III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. EUT has integral antennas..

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

Test Date(s): November 07, 2016



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15. 403(i) 26dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.403(i): For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by

measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under

measurement.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to low, mid, and high operating frequencies at the highest output power

and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 26 dB Bandwidth was

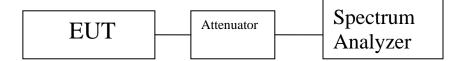
measured and recorded.

Test Results The 26 dB Bandwidth was compliant with the requirements of this section. No anomalies

detected.

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada.

Test Date(s): November 7, 2016





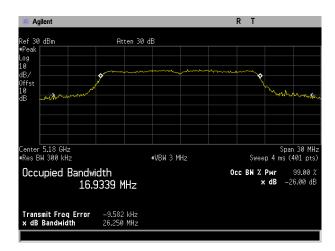
OBW					
Channel	Port 1 (MHz)	Port 2 (MHz)			
BW 20M_Ch 5180M_a_Mode	26.25	24.595			
BW 20M_Ch 5180M_n_Mode	29.176	28.231			
BW 20M_Ch 5220M_a_Mode	25.985	24.5			
BW 20M_Ch 5220M_n_Mode	26.513	28.171			
BW 20M_Ch 5240M_a_Mode	26.663	23.206			
BW 20M_Ch 5240M_n_Mode	29.144	28.327			
BW 40M_Ch 5190M_n_Mode	59.239	54.873			
BW 40M_Ch 5230M_n_Mode	51.393	59.898			

Table 7. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

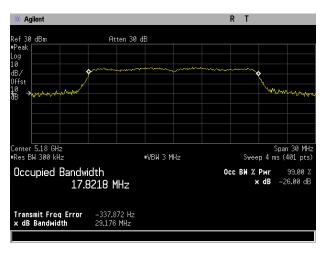
99%OBW					
Channel	Port 1 (MHz)	Port 2 (MHz)			
BW 20M_Ch 5180M_a_Mode	16.7524	16.7415			
BW 20M_Ch 5180M_n_Mode	17.7101	17.7119			
BW 20M_Ch 5220M_a_Mode	16.6318	16.7202			
BW 20M_Ch 5220M_n_Mode	17.6854	17.747			
BW 20M_Ch 5240M_a_Mode	16.8471	16.7616			
BW 20M_Ch 5240M_n_Mode	17.6703	17.7144			
BW 40M_Ch 5190M_n_Mode	36.0472	36.3662			
BW 40M_Ch 5230M_n_Mode	36.4464	36.068			

Plot 1. 99% Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

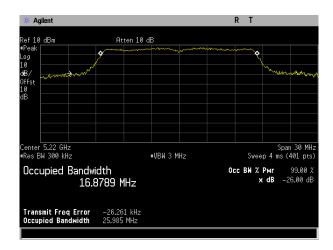




Plot 2. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 1

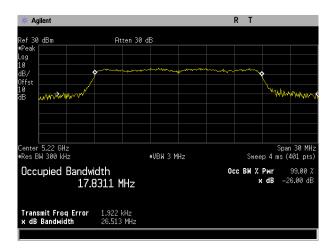


Plot 3. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 1

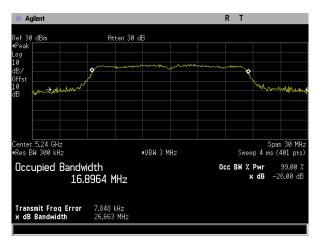


Plot 4. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 1

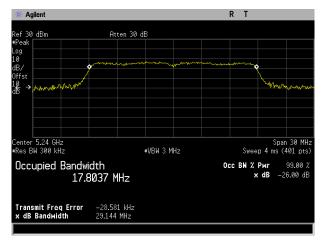




Plot 5. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 1

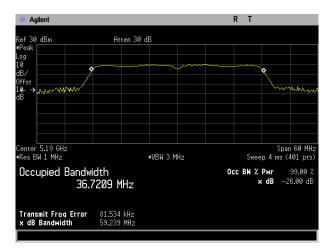


Plot 6. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 1

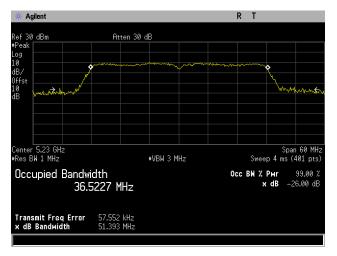


Plot 7. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 1

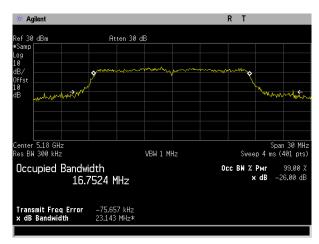




Plot 8. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 1

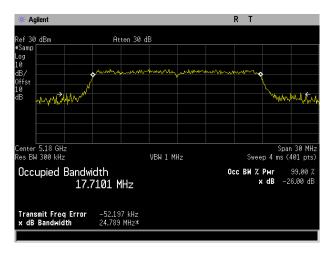


Plot 9. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 1

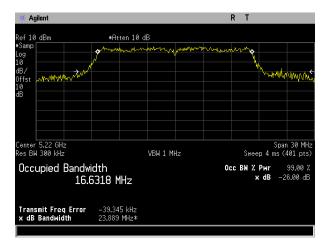


Plot 10. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 1

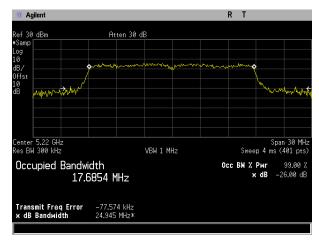




Plot 11. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 1

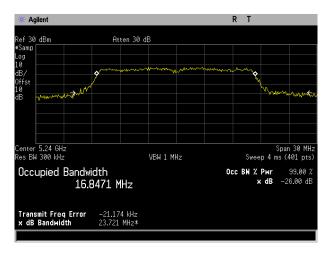


Plot 12. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 1

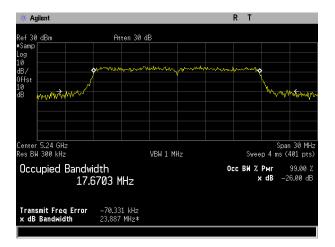


Plot 13. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 1

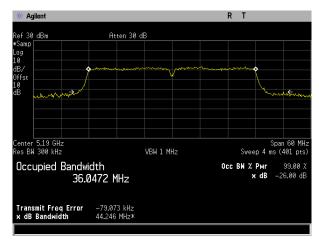




Plot 14. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 16.8471M, a mode, Port 1

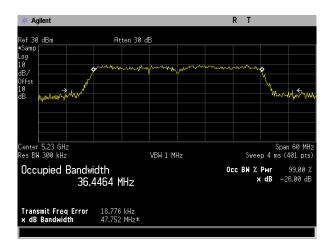


Plot 15. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 1

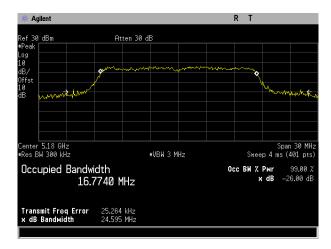


Plot 16. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 1

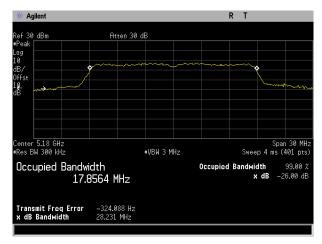




Plot 17. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 1

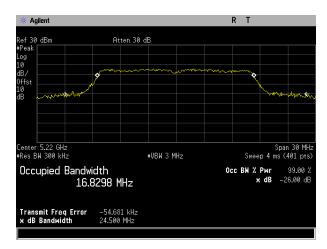


Plot 18. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 2

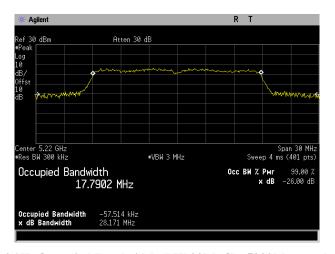


Plot 19. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 2

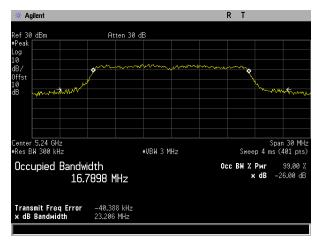




Plot 20. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 2

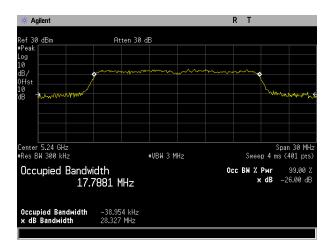


Plot 21. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 2

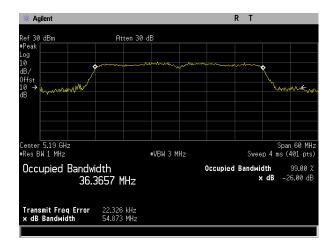


Plot 22. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 2

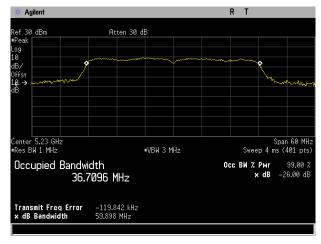




Plot 23. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 2

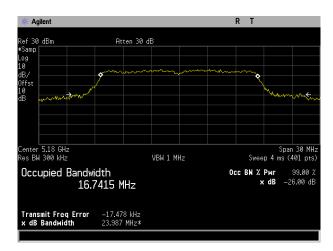


Plot 24. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 2

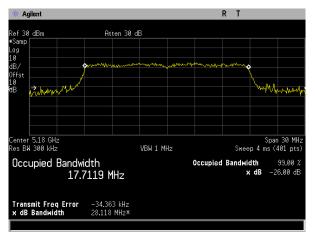


Plot 25. 26dB Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 2

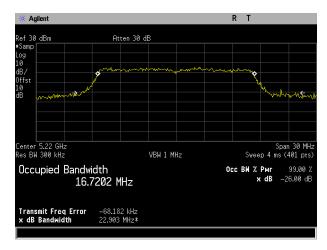




Plot 26. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 2

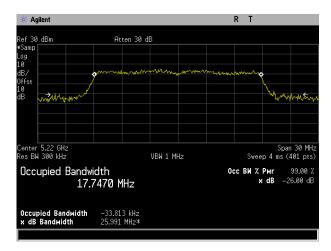


Plot 27. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5180, n mode, Port 2

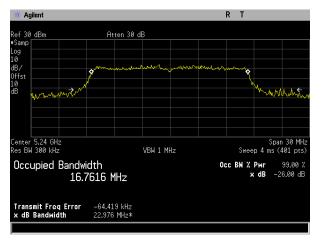


Plot 28. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 2

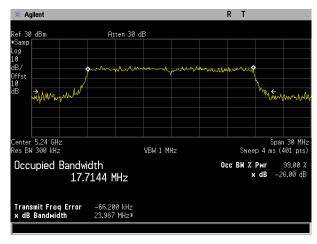




Plot 29. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch.5220M, n mode, Port 2

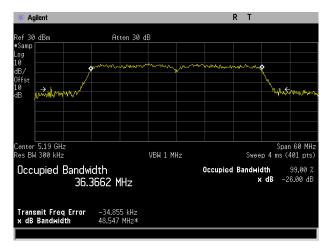


Plot 30. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240, a mode, Port 2

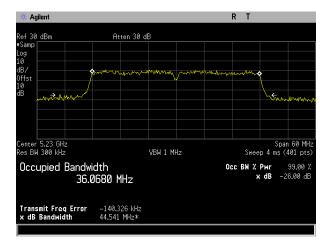


Plot 31. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 2





Plot 32. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 2



Plot 33. 99 percent Occupied Bandwidth, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 2



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§15. 407(a)(1) Maximum Conducted Output Power

Test Requirements:

§15.407(a)(1)(i): For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

§15.407(a)(1)(ii): For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

§15.407(a)(1)(iii): For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.

Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.

§15.407(a)(1)(iv): For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test Procedure:

The EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through a cable and attenuator. Measurements were taken with the EUT set to transmit continuously on its low, mid, and high channels. Its power was measured according to measurement method SA-1, as described in 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures v01.

Test Results:

The EUT as tested is compliant with the requirements of this section.

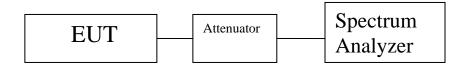
No anomalies detected...

Test Engineer(s):

Djed Mouada

Test Date(s):

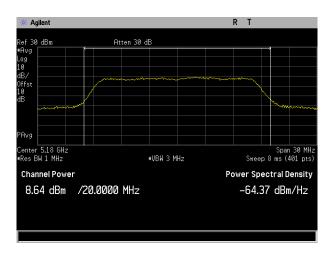
November 07, 2016



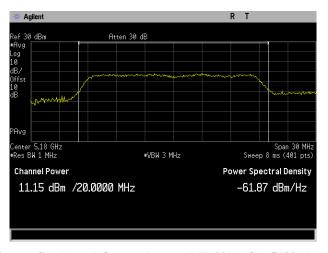


Channel	Port 1 (dBm)	Port 2 (dBm)	Sum (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin
BW 20M_Ch 5180M_a_Mode	8.64	10.55	12.709	24	11.291
BW 20M_Ch 5180M_n_Mode	11.15	10.07	13.654	24	10.346
BW 20M_Ch 5220M_a_Mode	15.08	9.33	16.105	24	7.895
BW 20M_Ch 5220M_n_Mode	14.48	10.83	16.038	24	7.962
BW 20M_Ch 5240M_a_Mode	15.09	12.32	16.932	24	7.068
BW 20M_Ch 5240M_n_Mode	14.28	12.04	16.313	24	7.687
BW 40M_Ch 5190M_n_Mode	6.18	6.24	9.22	24	14.78
BW 40M_Ch 5230M_n_Mode	11.78	11.78	14.79	24	9.21

Table 8. Power Table, UNII 1

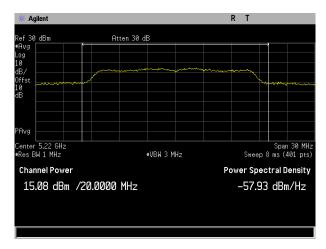


Plot 34. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a Mode, Port 1

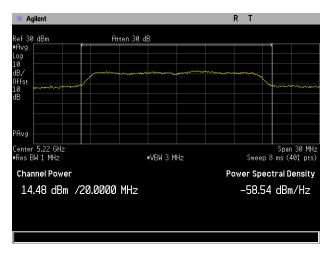


Plot 35. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 1

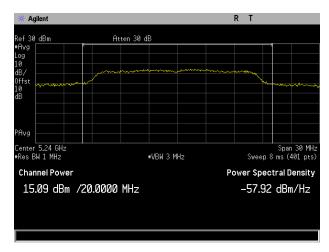




Plot 36. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 1

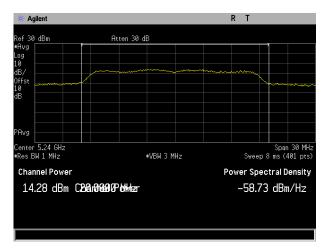


Plot 37. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 1

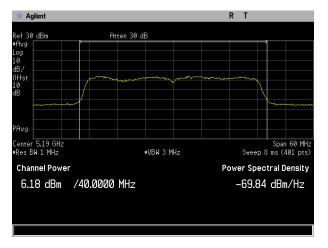


Plot 38. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 1

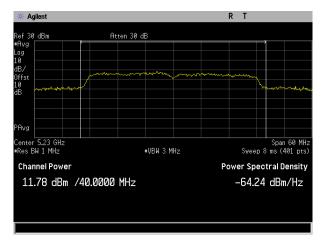




Plot 39. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 1

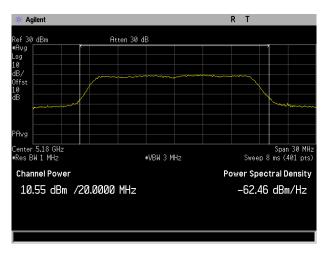


Plot 40. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 1

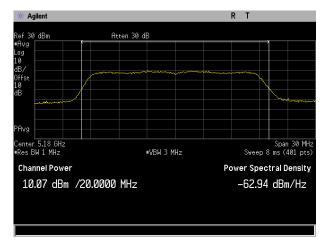


Plot 41. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 1

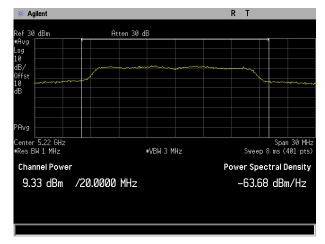




Plot 42. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 2

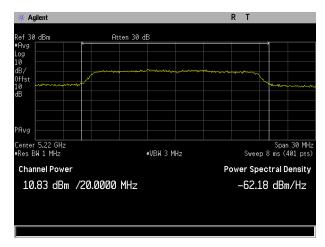


Plot 43. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 51801M, n mode, Port 2

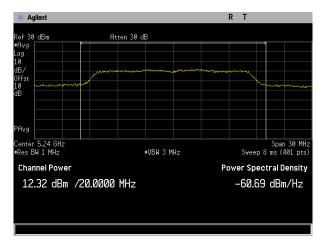


Plot 44. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 2

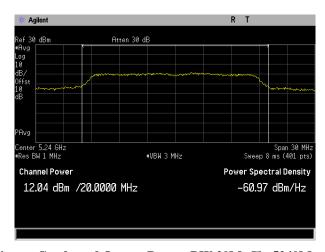




Plot 45. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 2

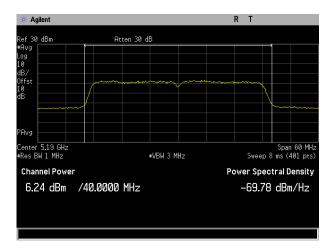


Plot 46. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 2

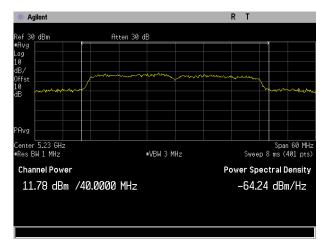


Plot 47. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 2





Plot 48. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 2



Plot 49. Maximum Conducted Output Power, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 2



§15.407(a)(1) Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements:

§15.407(a)(1)(i): In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

§15.407(a)(1)(ii): In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi..

§15.407(a)(1)(iii): In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.

§15.407(a)(1)(iv): In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test Procedure:

The EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through a cable and attenuator. Measurements were taken with the EUT set to transmit continuously on its low, mid, and high channels. Its power was measured according KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures v01.

Test Results:

The EUT as tested is compliant with the requirements of this section.

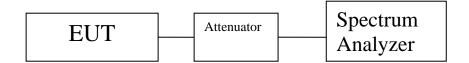
No anomalies detected..

Test Engineer(s):

Djed Mouada

Test Date(s):

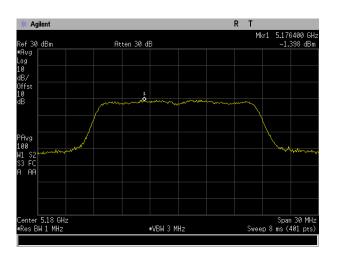
November 7, 2016



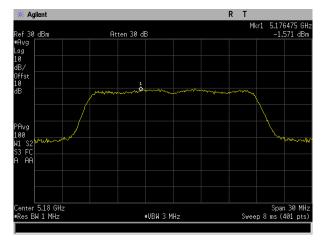


PSD Table								
Channel	Port 1 (dBm)	Port 2 (dBm)	Sum (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin			
BW 20M_Ch 5180M_a_Mode	-1.398	-0.51	2.079	11	8.921			
BW 20M_Ch 5180M_n_Mode	-1.571	-2.335	1.074	11	9.926			
BW 20M_Ch 5220M_a_Mode	3.916	1.347	5.829	11	5.171			
BW 20M_Ch 5220M_n_Mode	3.527	1.006	5.457	11	5.543			
BW 20M_Ch 5240M_a_Mode	3.29	2.466	5.908	11	5.092			
BW 20M_Ch 5240M_n_Mode	3.881	0.621	5.56	11	5.44			
BW 40M_Ch 5190M_n_Mode	-6.274	-8.295	-4.158	11	15.158			
BW 40M_Ch 5230M_n_Mode	-2.588	-2.954	0.243	11	10.757			

Table 9. Power Spectral Density Table

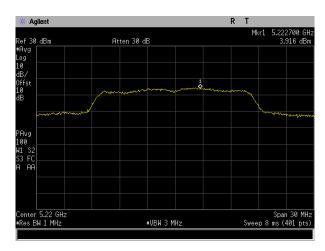


Plot 50. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a Mode, Port 1

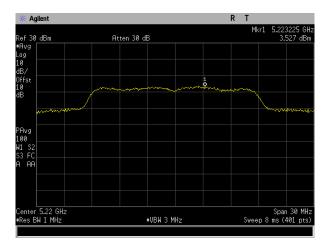


Plot 51. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 1

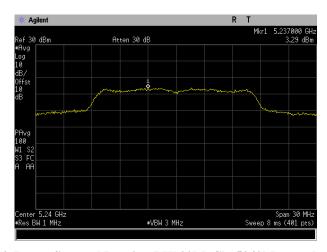




Plot 52. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 1

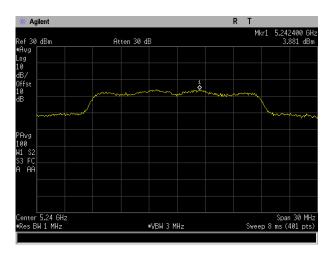


Plot 53. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 1

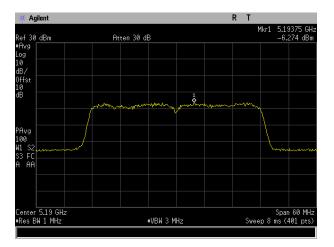


Plot 54. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 1

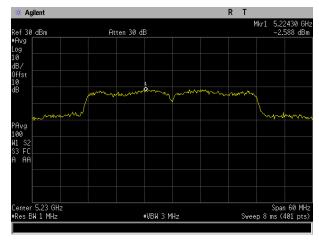




Plot 55. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 1

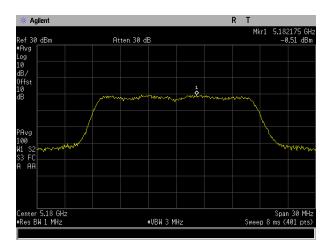


Plot 56. Power Spectral Density, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 1

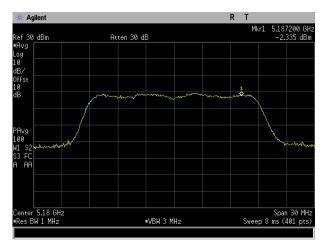


Plot 57. Power Spectral Density, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 1

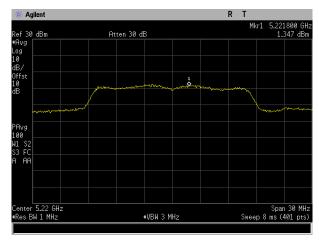




Plot 58. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode, Port 2

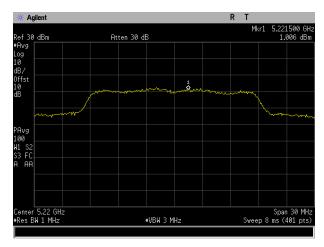


Plot 59. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode, Port 2

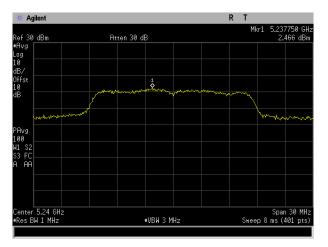


Plot 60. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode, Port 2

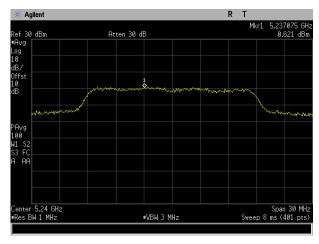




Plot 61. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode, Port 2

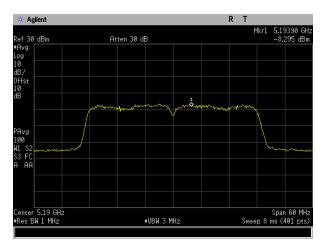


Plot 62. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode, Port 2

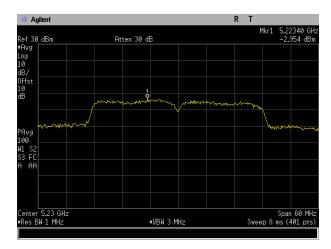


Plot 63. Power Spectral Density, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode, Port 2





Plot 64. Power Spectral Density, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode, Port 2



Plot 65. Power Spectral Density, BW 40M, Ch. 5230M, n mode, Port 2



$\S15.407(b)(1) \& (6-7)$ Undesirable Emissions

Test Requirements:

§ 15.407(b)(1): For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.

§ 15.407(b)(6): Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in Section 15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in Section 15.207.

§ 15.407(b)(7): The provisions of Section 15.205 of this part apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a non-conducting stand on a turntable in a chamber. To find the maximum emission the EUT was set to transmit on low, mid, and high channels. Additionally, the turntable was rotated 360 degrees, the EUT was oriented through its three orthogonal axes, and the receive antenna height was varied in order to maximize emissions.

For frequencies from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, measurements were first made using a peak detector with a 100 kHz resolution bandwidth. Emissions which exceeded the limits were re-measured using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz resolution bandwidth.

Above 1 GHz, measurements were made pursuant the method described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v01.

For emissions above 1 GHz and in restricted bands, measurements of the field strength were made with a peak detector and an average detector and compared with the limits of 15.209.

As an alternative, according to FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedure New Rules v01, all emissions above 1 GHz that comply with the peak and average limits of 15.209 satisfy the requirements of unwanted emissions in 15.407.

Test Results:

For below 1 GHz, the EUT was compliant with the requirements of this section. Measured emissions were within applicable limits.

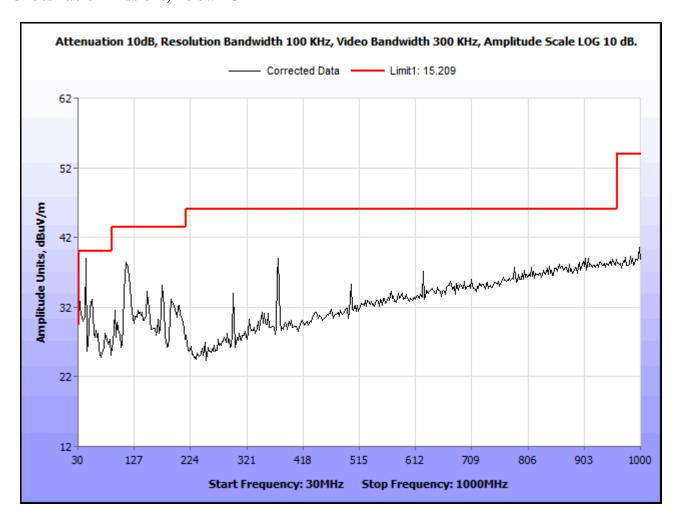
For above 1 GHz, the EUT was compliant with the requirements of this section. Measured emissions were within applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

Test Date(s): November 7, 2016



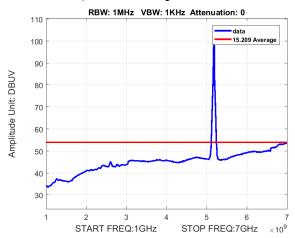
Undesirable Emissions, Below 1GHz



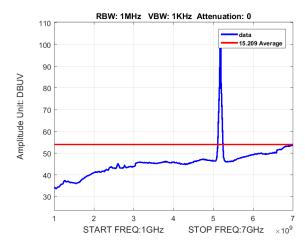
Plot 66. Undesirable Emissions, 30MHz-1GHz, Radiated Spurious Worst Case



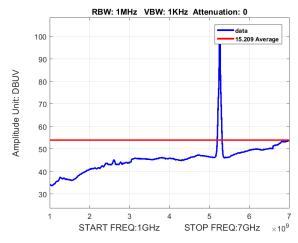
Undesirable Emissions, Above 1GHz, Radiated Spurious Emissions



Plot 67. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode

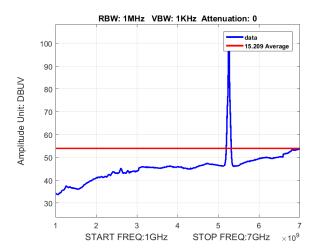


Plot 68. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode

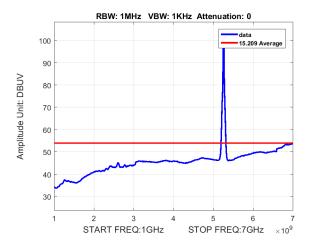


Plot 69. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode

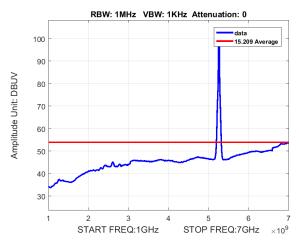




Plot 70. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode

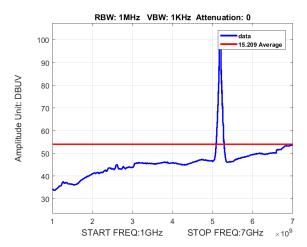


Plot 71. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode

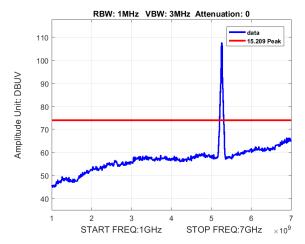


Plot 72. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode

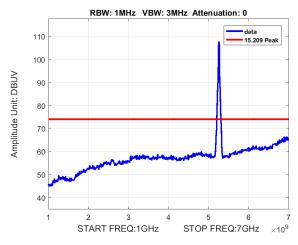




Plot 73. Average Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode

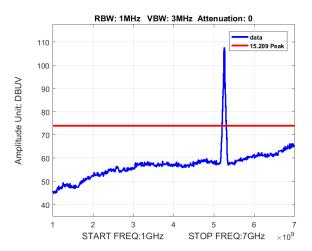


Plot 74. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, a mode

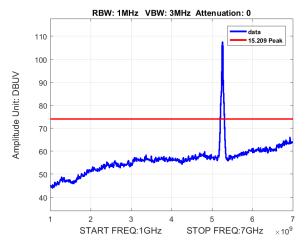


Plot 75. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, a mode

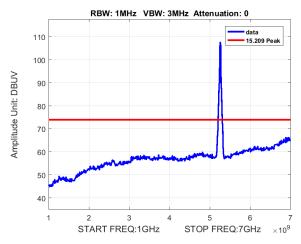




Plot 76. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode

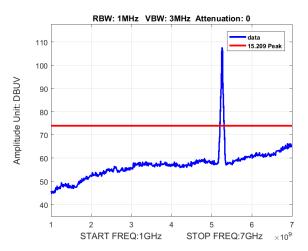


Plot 77. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode

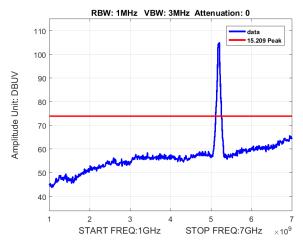


Plot 78. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode

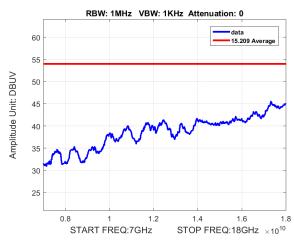




Plot 79. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode

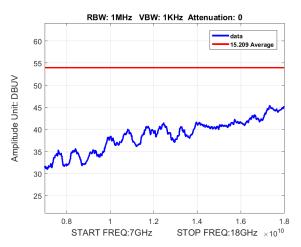


Plot 80. Peak Spurious Emission 1-7GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode

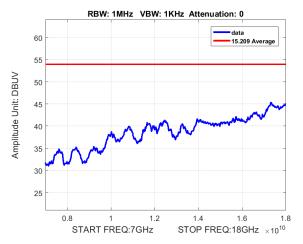


Plot 81. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode

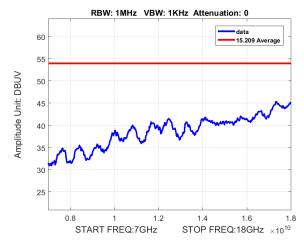




Plot 82. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode

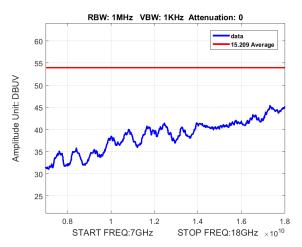


Plot 83. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, n mode

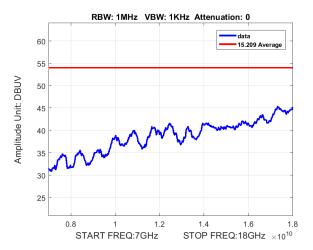


Plot 84. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5180M, a mode

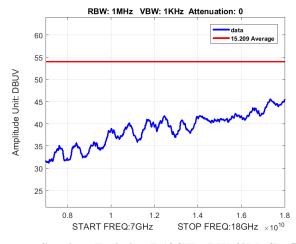




Plot 85. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode

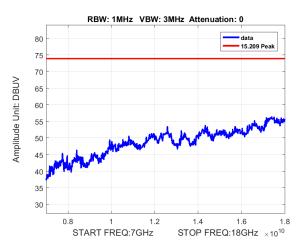


Plot 86. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5220M, a mode

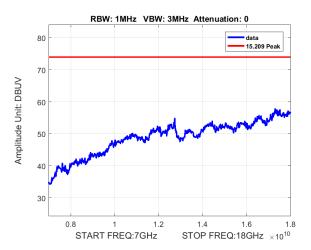


Plot 87. Average Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5240M, a mode

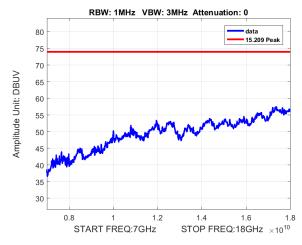




Plot 88. Peak Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5180M, n mode

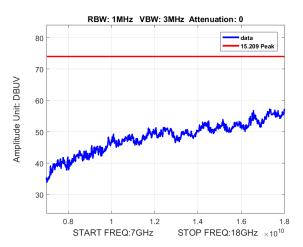


Plot 89. Peak Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5220M, n mode

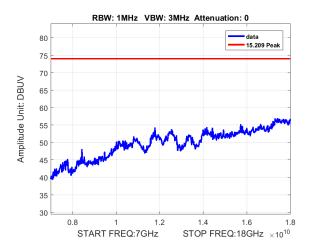


Plot 90. Peak Spurious Emission 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 52240M, n mode

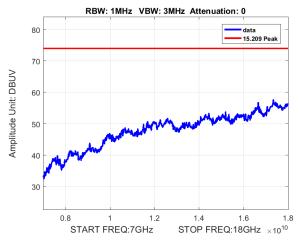




Plot 91. Peak Spurious Emission, 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5180M, a mode

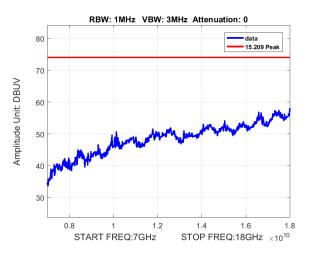


Plot 92. Peak Spurious Emission, 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5190M, n mode

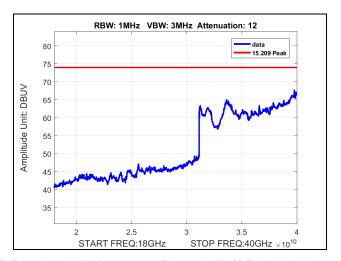


Plot 93. Peak Spurious Emission, 7-18GHz, BW 40M, Ch. 5220M, a mode

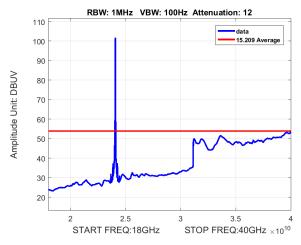




Plot 94. Peak Spurious Emission, 7-18GHz, BW 20M, Ch. 5240M, a mode

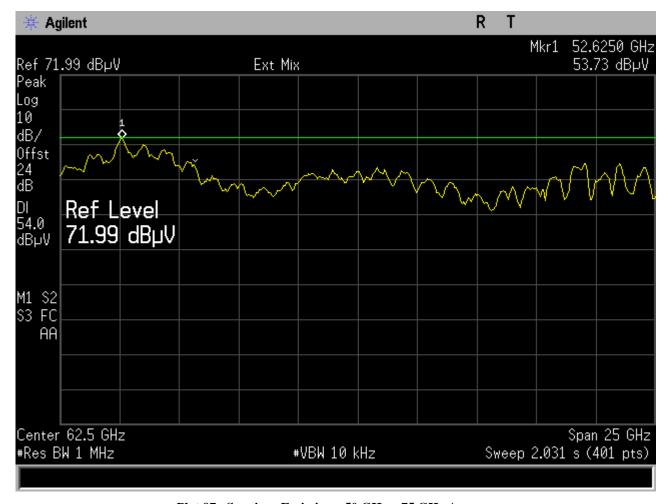


Plot 95. Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 18-40GHz, Peak (worst case)



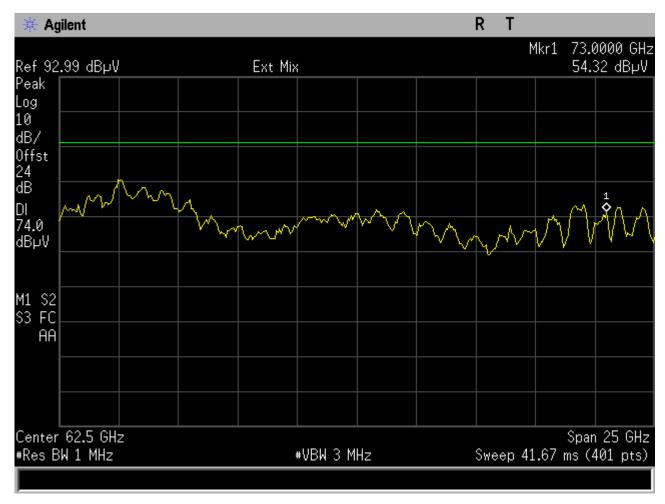
Plot 96. Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 18-40GHz, Avg (worst case)





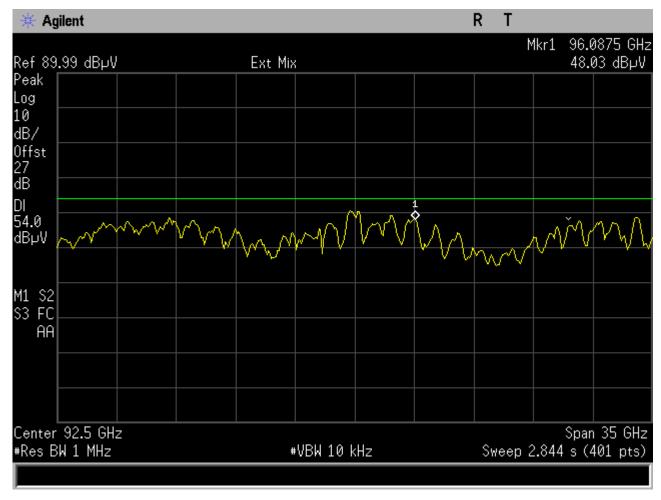
Plot 97. Spurious Emissions, 50 GHz – 75 GHz Average





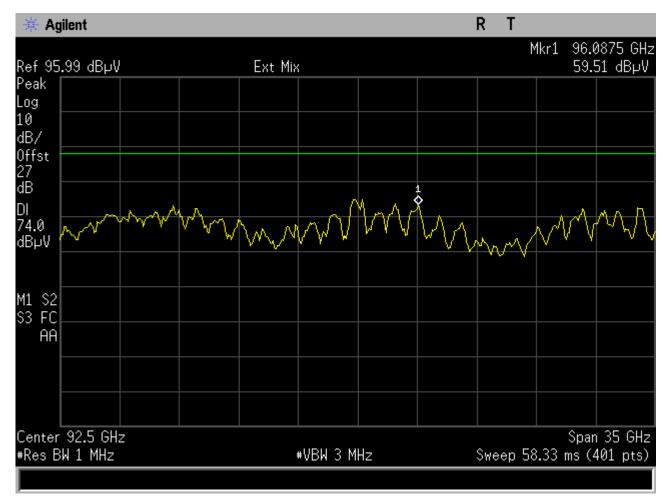
Plot 98. Spurious Emissions, 50 GHz – 75 GHz Peak





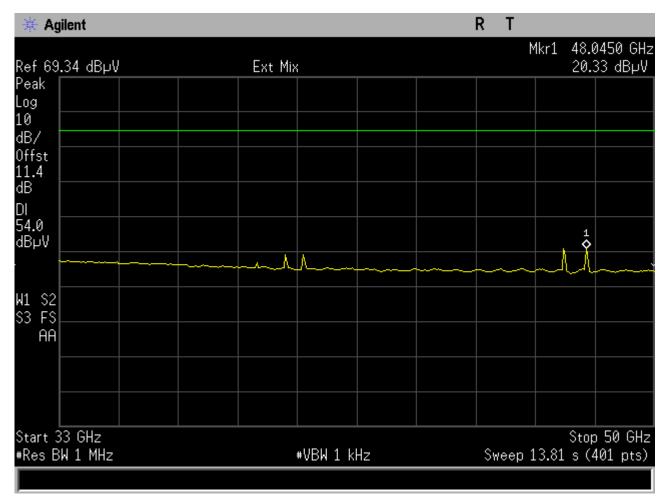
Plot 99. Spurious Emissions, 75 GHz – 110 GHz Average





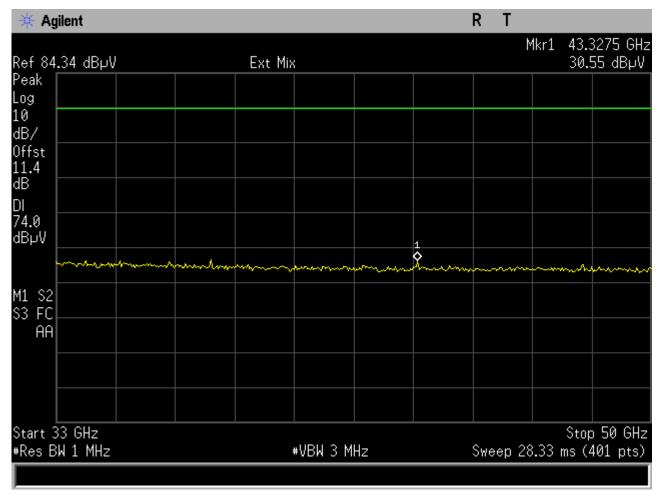
Plot 100. Spurious Emissions, 75 GHz – 110 GHz Peak





Plot 101. Spurious Emissions, 33GHz – 50 GHz average





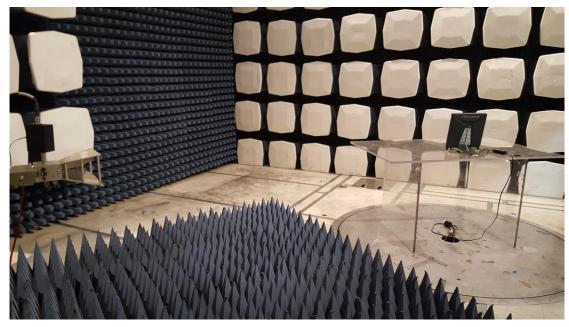
Plot 102. Spurious Emissions, 33 GHz – 50 GHz peak



Undesirable Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 1. Undesirable Emissions/Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup, Below 1GHz



Photograph 2. Undesirable Emissions/Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup, Above 1GHz



§ 15.407(b)(6) Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement(s):

§ 15.407 (b)(6): Any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

§ 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBµV)					
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average				
* 0.15- 0.45	66 – 56	56 - 46				
0.45 - 0.5	56	46				
0.5 - 30	60	50				

Table 10. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2014 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with requirements of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

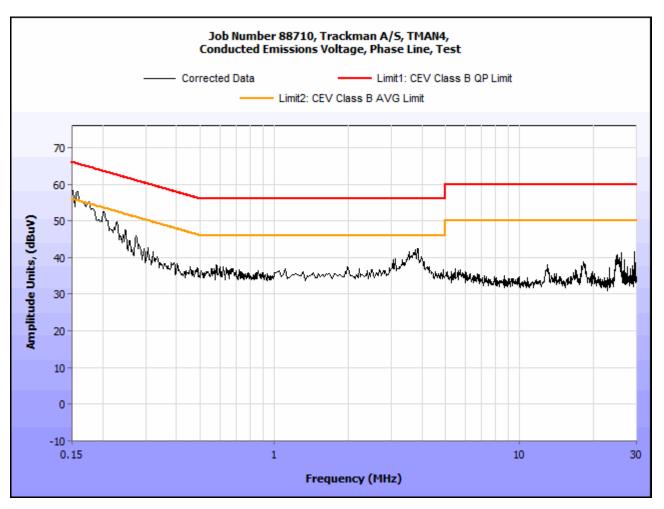
Test Date(s): October 26, 2016



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120VAC)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.157	37.96	0	37.96	79	-41.04	27.65	0	27.65	66	-38.35
0.365	35.15	0	35.15	79	-43.85	31.57	0	31.57	66	-34.43
7.324	34.16	0	34.16	73	-38.84	31.66	0	31.66	60	-28.34
2.668	22.82	0	22.82	73	-50.18	19.87	0	19.87	60	-40.13
14.39	36.35	0.12	36.47	73	-36.53	30.9	0.12	31.02	60	-28.98
20.2	32.75	0.16	32.91	73	-40.09	27.47	0.16	27.63	60	-32.37

Table 11. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120VAC)



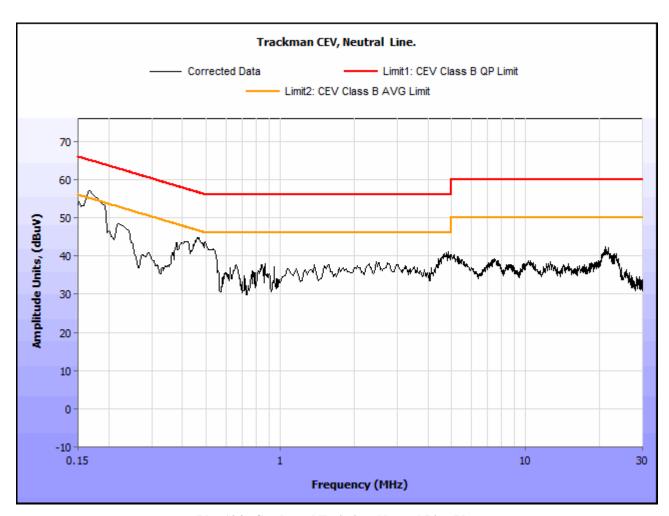
Plot 103. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120VAC)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBuV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.26	43.22	0	43.22	61.43	-18.21	19.18	0	19.18	51.43	-32.25
0.574	42.17	0	42.17	56	-13.83	40.26	0	40.26	46	-5.74
1.287	29.4	0	29.4	56	-26.6	29.24	0	29.24	46	-16.76
13.2	29.17	0.11	29.28	60	-30.72	19.16	0.11	19.27	50	-30.73
15.97	32.15	0.12	32.27	60	-27.73	32.49	0.12	32.61	50	-17.39
20.322	32.95	0.17	33.12	60	-26.88	27.14	0.17	27.31	50	-22.69

Table 12. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120VAC)



Plot 104. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot



Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup



§ 15.407(c) Automatic Discontinue of Transmission

Test Requirement(s): § 15.207 (c): The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence

of information to transmit or operational failure. These provisions are not intended to preclude the transmission of control or signaling information or the use of repetitive codes used by

certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the requirement of this section.

The customer was made aware of this requirement.

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

Test Date(s): October 26, 2016



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date	
1T6658	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4407B	12/09/2015	10/22/2017	
1T4497	SIGNAL GENERATOR	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4432B	10/06/2014	2/10/2018	
1T4483	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	10/08/2015	04/08/2017	
1T4771	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	11/25/2014	05/25/2016	
1T4300B	SEMI-ANECHOIC 3M CHAMBER # 1 D (2043A-1) (IC)	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	01/11/2015	01/11/2018	
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	10/29/2014	10/29/2016	
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	2/26/2016	8/26/2017	
1T4666	HARMONIC MIXER	HP	11970Q	11/3/2016	5/3/2018	
1T4745	ANTENNA, HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3116	1/21/2017	7/21/2018	
1T4752	PRE-AMPLIFIER	MITEQ	JS44- 18004000- 35-8P	SEE NOTE		
1T4855	WR-06 HARMONIC MIXER WITH HORN ANTENNA	OML, INC.	M06HWD	SEE NOTE		
1T4853	WR-15 HARMONIC MIXER WITH HORN ANTENNA	OML, INC.	M15HWA	SEE NOTE		
1T4854	WR-10 HARMONIC MIXER WITH HORN ANTENNA	OML, INC.	M10HWA	SEE NOTE		
1T4857	DIPLEXER	OML, INC.	DPL26 DIPLEXER	SEE NOTE		
1T4666	HARMONIC MIXER	HP	11970Q	11/3/2016	5/3/2018	
331T4442	PRE-AMPLIFIER, MICROWAVE	MITEQ	AFS42- 01001800- 30-10P	SEE NOTE		

Table 13. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





L. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio-frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements provided that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated. In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

(a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.

(b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.